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1861

1865

THE
THIRD
NEW HAMPSHIRE
AND ALL ABOUT IT.

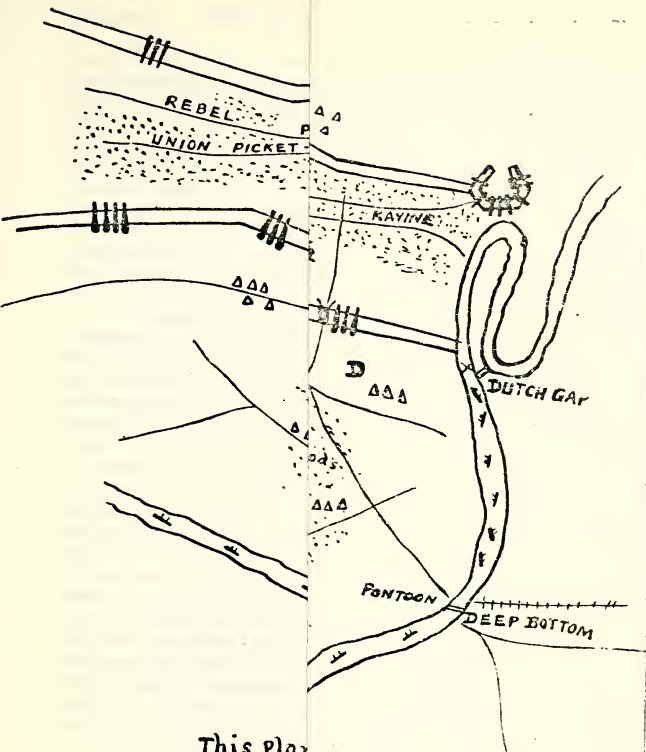
pl. 2
BY D. ELDREDGE,

CAPTAIN THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOL. INF.

BOSTON, MASS.:
PRESS OF E. B. STILLINGS AND COMPANY.

1893

563



This plan
drawn to
nor is it
DRAWN IN
from me

by

C.D.

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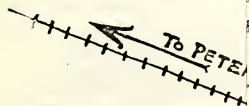
(APPROXIMATELY)

DIFFERENT

OF THE

H.V.

Hundred, Va.



move without at once becoming almost invisible. There were three or four regiments in all in our succoring force. Our associates were all placed in front; and we (poor Third New Hampshire!) were placed in the rear of the moving columns, so that we had to "take their dust" as well as our own. Patter, patter went the feet, and the clouds of dust were well-nigh intolerable. The writing of this almost causes a sense of suffocation. Not many rods did we go ere every man looked every inch a rebel. At every convenient place we halted for a breath of air. To add to our discomfort, dead and dying horses were encountered at intervals of a few rods. The stench and the dust formed such a horrible combination that no attempt will be made at description.

We marched in this way say about four miles inland, when we reached a small earthwork thrown up by our forces, and there halted. Firing was heard in the distance, gradually coming nearer and nearer, and continuing for about an hour. In about another hour the advancing cavalry of Sheridan came in sight as we lay in the woods, and the dust-covered cavalymen rode past us like so many spectres. Each was the exact counterpart of the other,—horses and men too,—and all covered completely with fine dust. It was the most forlorn looking lot of troops the writer ever saw. Men and beasts were equally and fully tired out. The riders sat mechanically in their saddles; the horses moved as if by machinery. Sad, sad, they all looked, as they rode by us! and the many "led" horses spoke of the numerous fatalities to comrades. During the passage of these troops the writer had laid aside his blouse, and had quite a search to find it, it being so thickly covered with dust. After the passage of this force, we were ordered to the landing and "home." If the dust had been troublesome before, it was doubly so now, after the passage of this army of horsemen. We returned by the same steamers, arriving at our camp same night, about 9 o'clock. A diary says only the Sixth Connecticut went with us.

All day of the 25th and 26th, there was heavy firing in the direction of Petersburg. The 26th was Sunday; but we had no services, the larger part of regiment going on picket. A shower about 5 P.M., the first for a long time, was very much appreciated.

Two men are credited (?) with having deserted the Third New Hampshire on the 28th. The deserters were substitutes of Co. H. and took informal leave of their comrades while on the picket line. A diary records the seeing of very large droves of beeves moving toward Richmond, all day long.

Our dead and buried serenade band was dug up,—exhumed in part, as it were,—and comprised the following:—

Orderly Sergt. Chase of A	Banjo.
Sergt. Hammett of A	Tamborine.
Sergt. Woodburn of C	Bones.
Musician Spencer of K	Violin.

They played very sweetly and softly before the tent of Lient. Woodbury on the evening of the 27th, and the instruments showed no ill effects from the long burial.

Troops, troops, again, and fresh arrivals, too. The Nineteenth Army Corps, or portions of it, arrived on the 29th, and were put at once *en route* for Petersburg.

What of the Department of the South? On the 29th a transport arrived at the fleet from Hilton Head, having on board five rebel generals and forty-five field officers, who were to be held as hostages for the proper treatment of a like number of our officers, whom the rebel authorities at Charleston were to place under our fire; and this precious freight was anchored under the guns of our old friend the *Wabash*. There were at that date about 7,000 men in the Department, under Gen. Foster.

The firing near Petersburg continued all day of the 29th. We were mustered for pay on the 30th, and also treated to a dose of picket. June 1864 is brought to a close with the regiment decimated in numbers, not many men or officers being on duty.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT ORDERS OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

General Order 206, of the 3d, said that General Orders 76 (of 26 Feb.) and 196 (May) were not intended to remit the Dry Tortugas sentences, but to add thereto (see the Order).

General Order 213, of the 18th, provided that all absent officers (sick and wounded) not fit for field duty, but able to sit in general court-martial, should report their names to the Adjutant-General's Office.

General Court-Martial Order 173, of the 18th, furnished a curiously-worded sentence of a deserter from a Michigan regiment. He was to forfeit pay, etc., and be sent "to his regiment for duty in irons." (?)

General Order 216, of the 22d (Act of Congress), provided that after 1st May 1864 the pay of infantry be as follows:—

Sergeant-Majors	\$26.00
Quartermaster Sergeants	22.00
Commissary "	22.00
First Sergeants	24.00
Sergeants	20.00
Corporals	18.00
Privates	16.00
Principal Musicians	22.00
Leaders of Regimental Bands	75.00
Musicians	16.00
Hospital Stewards. 1st Class	33.00
" " 2d "	25.00
" " 3d "	23.00

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

(The orders for June 1864 are culled more closely than heretofore. A large majority of them concern the decisions of general courts-martial and are unimportant in this connection.)

General Order 82, of the 6th, directed the enlisting and organizing of white troops in Florida, to be called the "Florida Volunteers," and who were not to do duty out of the State, except in an emergency. The order directed the enrollment and organization of all white males in the Department, between the ages of 18 and 50, to be known as militia.

The Department of the South Statistics for June 1864 are: Total troops, 10,125; cases sick, 2,357; died, 16; cases wounded, 63; died, 2.

The Monthly Return shows:—

Field and Staff	6 men,	8 officers.
Co. A	81 "	3 "
B	83 "	3 "
C	87 "	2 "
D	76 "	2 "
E	81 "	3 "
F	76 "	3 "
G	78 "	3 "
H	80 "	3 "
I	80 "	3 "
K	76 "	3 "
Present aggregate	804	36 840
Aggregate last report	837	32 869

On detached service: 1 field officer, 1 officer of C and one of H. Missing in action: 1 (A. E. George of A).

Promoted to 2d Lieutenant: Geo. H. Giddings, 1st Sergeant of B; John S. James, Sergeant of D; Joseph Ackerman, Sergeant of F; James E. McCoy, 1st Sergeant of F.

Promoted to 1st Lieutenant: 2d Lieuts. Dodge, Hazen, White, Morrill and Hitchcock.

Promoted to Captain: 1st Lieuts. Wadlia and Kirwin.

Assignments to companies of the officers promoted: Giddings, to A; Dodge, to B; Wadlia, to E; Hazen, to F; Ackerman, to F; White, to G; Kirwin, to H; Morrill, to H; McCoy, to H; Hitchcock, to I; James, to I. (Morrill is the only one promoted, who is detached.)

Joined from "desertion": C, 3; D, 1; H, 1: total, 5.

Gain by error: One man of Co. I, dropped last month (see last month).

Maj. Randlett is detached as Provost Marshal, Tenth Army Corps. 1st Lieut. Woodbury of C is detached as Ordnance Officer, at Department Headquarters. 1st Lieut. Morrill is on duty in the Signal Corps.

Officers wounded in action: Capts. Maxwell and Libby, Jr., and 2d Lieuts. Tredick and McCoy.

On daily duty: 2 wagoners and 34 privates.

Absent men: 7 sergeants, 21 corporals, 3 artificers, 218 privates.

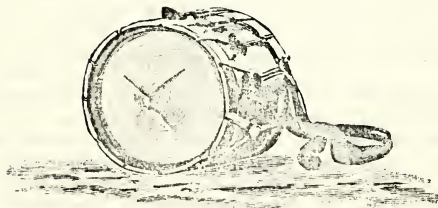
Prisoners of war: E, 3; H, 1: total, 4.

Absent with leave: E, 1.

Absent in arrest: B, 1; G, 1: total 2.

C and D have no 2d lieutenant.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	K	Totals.
Sergeants	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Corporals	8	8	8	7	8	6	8	6	8	8	
Wagoners	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Musicians	2	2	1	2	2	2	0	2	2	2	17
On duty	38	43	50	42	37	32	39	51	48	42	422
Wounded in action	2	2	2	5	6	5	5	4	6	1	38
Absent sick	24	14	22	19	26	17	29	13	15	19	198
Killed in action	1	2	2	4	3	3	1	1	2	1	21
Died of disease	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	3
Discharged for disability	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
Deserted	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	0	0	7



JULY, 1864.

JULY did not open with much ceremony, though its first day was warm — decidedly so. War matters were very quiet. The chief item of the day was the order of Gen. Butler, repeating that of Gen. Grant, prescribing the means of transportation of the Armies in the Field operating against Richmond. We were much interested in that portion which provided for a regiment of infantry: 2 wagons, 3 wall tents for field and staff, 1 other tent for each other officer, 1 shelter tent for each two non-coms., soldiers, servants, or camp followers. This order meant much, though providing for a little. It meant more war and less fuss and feathers — more exposure, more fighting, more marching, more bivouacs.

The two lines of pickets were getting very familiar. Exchanging papers and trading tobacco and coffee were being carried on to a greater extent than was considered prudent by conservative officers; and yet it went on day by day, increasing rapidly in volume. A little set-back in this line occurred in the Seventh New Hampshire (on our right). Two of that regiment were gobbled up, on the 1st; and, as if to repay the loss in part, one rebel deserted to that regiment later in the day.

We got occasionally some of the goods distributed by the Sanitary Commission, and always through the efforts of our Chaplain.

We were approaching the Fourth: and gloriously we could celebrate it if we could celebrate peace that day; but there was no peace. Every man in the regiment was on duty the 3d.

In the Department of the South on the 3d, a boat expedition went from Morris Island at 2 A.M. to capture Forts Johnson and Simpkins; but failed through mismanagement. The troops were Fifty-second Pennsylvania, One Hundred and Twenty-second New York and 60 men of Third Rhode Island. Gen Foster's censure fell most heavily on the Fifty-second Pennsylvania.

The "Glorious Fourth," upon its dawn found us in the trenches. Every gun (cannon), from the James River on the right to Petersburg on the left, was loaded during the forenoon: and at mid-day they sent our iron compliments to the rebel lines, causing momentary consternation. The troops were paraded behind our works, and all the bands played "Yankee Doodle" and "Hail Columbia." The rebels,

fearing an attack, were kept under arms nearly all the afternoon. The only celebration was in a quiet way, by individuals, who drew the designated allowance of "Diamond B," and — put it where they thought it would do the most good. At nightfall an artillery duel occurred, continuing so late that we could see the fuses and trace the shells through the air, thus giving us pyrotechnics not entirely harmless, but intensely interesting.

Our regiment furnished a detail of choppers on the 5th, to cut a road from Gen. Brooks' to Gen. Butler's Headquarters, for facilitating signalling by the Signal Corps. The entire regiment went on picket at night, not however including the field and colors.

Our time was now fully occupied in guarding the fortifications, picket duty and fatigue details. Our works were being rapidly strengthened, a 100-pounder being mounted near the river on the 6th. We began to draw rations of whiskey on the 7th, for the excessive duty, though strange to say no mention is made in the Chaplain's diary of this important event. There was quinine with the whiskey; but that made no appreciable diminution in the quantity swallowed. Several diaries mention blackberries about this time, and it may be assumed that they grew near by and were gathered and consumed by our men as opportunity offered.

It pleased our Chaplain, and us too, on the 10th, to have services; and there was heavy firing towards Petersburg during the forenoon. We went again on picket at night.

About this time the writer, being on picket and opposite the "Ravine," so called, near the James River, undertook to exchange papers with the rebels on the opposite side of the ravine. He was unwilling to take any chances whatever (being an officer), and proceeded very cautiously, attempting to arrange all preliminaries by motions. He instructed two of his men to cock their pieces and be ready to shoot at the least and first sign of treachery. He proceeded into the bushes a little way, and waited and watched, being fully in sight of his two men. No one appeared; but instead the rebel had come out on the trunk of a fallen tree and, advancing to near the top of it, peered out and down upon the writer as he stood there waiting. He noted that the writer had not come out unarmed, and at once moved back and out of sight, the writer doing the same. The attempt thus failed; and it would have been surprising indeed had it succeeded. One of his men then arranged for and exchanged papers, without the slightest difficulty; and the writer at once sent the papers to the *Boston Herald* and the *Boston Journal*, with his name on the margin.

Our daily routine continued, and the war, too. A new arrangement of duties began on the 13th, a picket detail (additional) going out for three days and taking post considerably to the left (say four miles or more) of our camp. The first detail numbered 100. Our regular picket duty appears on this date to have been established by men detailed in specific numbers, rather than, as before, by regiment or by companies.

A Richmond paper of the 13th, which fell into our hands, mournfully predicted the early fall of Atlanta, and other evils.

The excessive duty, bad climate and poor quality of rations, was using up our men very appreciably. As evidence of the truth of the last statement, a diary says: "Living very poor—hungry all the time. Hope they will pay us off soon. Hav'n't lived so poor since I enlisted."

For a little change, we had a midnight alarm on the night of the 17th, and turned out, lying in the trenches till morning.

Gen. Terry, our Division Commander, on the 18th relieved Gen. Brooks of the command of the Tenth Corps. For several days about this time we had sent 250 men on picket. We were blessed with an early rain on the 19th, the first for many weeks, bringing a drouth to an end.

At Sumter, on the 20th, the commanding officer, Capt. John C. Mitchell, was mortally wounded while in the act of looking through a telescope in the southwest angle of the fort.

The Nineteenth Corps, or a part of it, landed on the 20th; and we had a pleasant meeting with some of the Fourteenth New Hampshire.

We were considerably elated on the 22d, by despatches announcing Sherman's successes at Atlanta.

Maj.-Gen. D. B. Birney took command of the Tenth Corps on the 23d, relieving Gen. Terry.

We had a dress parade and services on the 24th; but it was not a very large affair, there being only about 200 men in camp. Our corps badge was designated on the 25th by Gen. Birney, and was to be "the trace of a four-bastioned fort, to be worn on the top of the cap or the side of the hat. The badge to be cut from red cloth for First Division, from white for Second Division and from blue for Third Division." The baggage was to be marked same colors, by stencil.

Of the three days' tour, on picket, to the left, a writer says: "They were long, weary days. I wrote, read, sang, walked, sat, slept—anything to fill in the time. The line commanded by me was like a horseshoe or crescent, and did not connect with any other line, thus leaving two gaps for rebels to enter by. The left gap was a meadow, and supposed to be impassable for troops. The right gap was a deep and rough ravine, through which none would ever think of passing except with a gun in his hand and war in his heart. The various posts were so situated that it was impossible to visit them during the night. An attempt to do so would have been equivalent to a through ticket to rebelldom. On the second day, I sent out a reconnoitring party, which soon returned with the joyseome intelligence that a heifer and a few sheep were not far away, and were susceptible of capture if a little strategy was resorted to. We performed a strategic movement, losing the sheep, but bringing about the destruction of this trusting and rustic heifer. We 'dressed' this heifer in true soldier style, and cut the carcass into convenient pieces, distributing a portion among the various posts; and the balance was sent to camp, to the Colonel and other officers, with our compliments.

Later a few porkers were seen, but were so coy we did not succeed in decoying them to a shootable spot; and they hastened back to their friends."

About this time, we heard rumors of a mine at Petersburg: of the immense size of it and the immensity of the damage it was to do when exploded. Some of the rumors were that the city of Petersburg was wholly undermined, and would be utterly destroyed. We could only pity the boys at work in the mine, and thank our stars we were at Bermuda Hundred doing picket duty and living on hard-tack and coffee.

The great explosion took place on the 30th. The troops all along the line were under arms nearly all day, not knowing what the result might be. As this mine explosion was an important affair, the reader is referred to accounts of it in the press of the period, it being too voluminous to repeat here.

The month passed out on a Sunday, during which day we were inspected by Lieut.-Col. Plimpton, and had no services, the Chaplain being quite ill. During the month that portion of the regiment not already provided were armed with Spencer rifles.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

General Order 225, of the 7th, provided that all the troops serving with the Army of the Potomac, under Gen. W. F. Smith ("Baldy"), be severed from the Department of Virginia and North Carolina and constitute the Eighteenth Army Corps, and that Gen. Butler remain in command of the balance of the troops, with Headquarters at Fort Monroe.

General Order 226, of the 8th, referred to rations (see "Rations").

General Order 227, of the 9th (Act of Congress), said it would be lawful for the Executive of any State to send recruiting officers into any of the States in rebellion except Arkansas, Tennessee and Louisiana, to recruit volunteers.

General Order 231, of the 18th, provided that Hospital Matrons be paid \$10 per month and one ration.

General Order 232, of the 19th, was a call for 500,000 men (see "Calls for Troops").

General Order 233, of the 19th, directed that Kentucky be added to the list of States where the writ of *habeas corpus* shall be suspended.

General Order 235, of the 26th, provided that on and after that date volunteers serving in three-years' regiments, who may have at date of re-enlistment less than 60 days to serve, may re-enlist in their own companies or regiments, for one, two or three years, the new

term to begin with re-enlistment. They to be paid bounties as follows: One year, \$100; two years, \$200; three years, \$300: one-third to be paid at re-muster, and no furloughs to be promised.

General Order 236, of the 28th, was the approval by the President of Gen. Grant's order of 21st, assigning Maj.-Gen. D. B. Birney to the command of the Tenth Army Corps, relieving Brig.-Gen. A. H. Terry, temporarily commanding it.

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

General Order 108, of the 14th, authorized the issue of whiskey with quinine, in *prophylactic doses*, to enlisted men during the warm months, particularly to men in malarious districts or after excessive fatigue.

General Order 112, of the 31st, relieved Brig.-Gen. Wm. Birney, U. S. Volunteers, from the command of District of Florida, and assigned Brig.-Gen. J. P. Hatch to its command. Gen. Birney was ordered to report to Gen. Butler at Fort Monroe, in accordance with the order from the General-in-Chief of the Army. Gen. Hatch was relieved from District of Hilton Head by Gen. E. E. Potter, who thereafter commanded that as well as his own District of Beaufort.

The Department of the South Statistics for July 1864 are: Total Troops, 9,859; cases sick, 2,879; died, 54; cases wounded, 105; cases died, 10.

The Monthly Return shows:—

Field and Staff	6 men,	8 officers.	
Co. A	80 "	3 "	
B	82 "	3 "	
C	86 "	3 "	
D	74 "	2 "	
E	79 "	3 "	
F	72 "	3 "	
G	74 "	3 "	
H	78 "	2 "	
I	78 "	3 "	
K	76 "	2 "	
Present aggregate	785	35	820
Aggregate last report	804	36	840

No wounded, no deserters, no recruits reported.

Joined from desertion: F, 1; G, 1.

Died of wounds: A, D, E, F, H and I, each 1.

Discharged for disability: F, 1.

Missing in action: G, 3.

On detached service: 1 field officer; B, C, and D, 1 officer each.

Absent sick: 1 officer of G.

Absent on leave: B, C, and D, 1 officer each.

Each company reports 2 cooks on daily duty; and otherwise on daily duty: A, 2; B, 3; C, 1; D, 1; F, 1; G, 1; H, 1; I, 3.

On leave of absence: Dr. Burnham. Capt. Dow of B, Capt. Trickey of C, Capt. Maxwell of D.

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Joined from desertion: F, 1; G, 1.

Died of wounds: A, D, E, F, H and I, each 1.

Discharged for disability: F, 1.

Missing in action: G, 3.

On detached service: 1 field officer: B, C, and D, 1 officer each.

Absent sick: 1 officer of G.

Absent on leave: B, C, and D, 1 officer each.

Each company reports 2 cooks on daily duty; and otherwise on daily duty: A, 2; B, 3; C, 1; D, 1; F, 1; G, 1; H, 1; I, 3.

On leave of absence: Dr. Burnham, Capt. Dow of B, Capt. Trickey of C, Capt. Maxwell of D.

Lieuts. Parker and Donley are sick in regimental hospital.

Sick in quarters: Adj. Copp, Capt. Wadsworth and 1st Lieut. Hazen of F, 2d Lieut. James of I.

1st Lieut. Trickey has been promoted to Captain (Co. C), and 2d Lieut. Eldredge to 1st Lieutenant (Co. E).

Co. D has no 2d lieutenant, Co. H has no 1st lieutenant, and Co. K has no 2d lieutenant.

2d Lieut. Atherton of E is on duty in D.

Capt. Houghton of I is serving on a general court-martial.

Capt. Libby, Jr., of G is absent wounded.

Capt. Dearborn of A and 1st Lieut. Woodbury of C are still detached as Ordnance Officers.

In command of: B, 1st Lieut. Dodge of B; C, 2d Lieut. Connelly of B; G, 1st Lieut. White of G; D, 1st Lieut. Edgerly of D.

Capt. Allen has been discharged for disability.

1st Lieut. Morrill and 2d Lieut. Tredick have died of wounds.

1st Sergt. Donley of E and 1st Sergt. Atherton of I have been promoted to 2d Lieutenants and assigned: Donley to C, and Atherton to E.

Died of disease: Thomas Burke of Co. C.

Missing in action: G, 3 (all 16 May).


Discharged for disability: J. B. Douglass of F.

Gained from desertion: Geo. W. Emerson of F and John Graw of G. The former is found to be on detached service at Morris Island, and the latter turned up in Philadelphia in a general hospital, wounded.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	K	Totals.
Sergeants	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	5	
Corporals	8	8	8	7	8	6	8	8	7	8	
Musicians	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	2	2	2	
Wagoners	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
On duty	37	49	55	43	37	40	37	47	46	37	428
Died of wounds	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	6
Transferred to Veteran Reserve }	0	1	0	1	0	3	2	1	0	0	8
Corps											
Absent with leave — } furloughed probably }	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	3
Absent in arrest	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Prisoners of war	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	4



AUGUST, 1864.

N a Port Royal item of the 1st is noted the receipt by Admiral Dahlgren of a Confederate letter, saying that Farragut was soon to report to him for duty, for purpose of giving the impression that Charleston was to be attacked, while the real point of attack was to be Cape Fear. Another item (of the 2d) was that arrangements had been completed for an exchange of the 50 officers placed under fire (both sides). This exchange took place on the 3d, the Naval Band playing, the men—army and navy—cheering, etc. There were 80 men marked “off duty” on the 3d. On the 4th a diary said: “All in camp for first time for months.”

THE MUSTER-OUT.

Lient.-Col. Plimpton wrote Gen. Hawley on the 4th that the original term of the 1861 men would expire on the 23d, and gave the following data: Whole number on the roll now, 784; present (all), 540; absent sick, 189; on detached service or prisoners of war, 55; present for duty (men), 453. Of those whose terms expire, he gave the whole number as 271: now present, 191; on detached service, 17; all others, 63. Deducting all whose terms expire, leaves 513. After the expiration of term and muster-out, there will be present 349. All officers, present and absent, 35: present, 27; absent sick, 3; absent with leave, 2; detached, 3. Only 3 of the 35 hold the grade they entered with. Two of the 35 have received new commissions, but are not yet mustered into the new grade. Substantially, Lient.-Col. Plimpton asked for instructions as to muster-out, not only of the men, but of the officers, and of the status of the regiment, etc.

This communication passed through the various military channels and was referred, on Aug. 7th, by Gen. Birney, to the Commissary of Masters of the Tenth Army Corps. He replied the 8th as follows:—

Respectfully returned. In accordance with Circular No. 36, W.D., A.G. O., of May 2d, 1864, where less than three-fourths of a regiment have re-enlisted, the re-enlisted men and all recruits (drafted and volunteers) who have joined the regiment since the date of its original muster-in, will be formed into one or more companies of the legal maximum standard and officered by such officers as may be selected by the Department or Army Commander. Officers who have never been re-mustered, but have held one grade from the organization of the regiment, can at the expiration of their term of three years' service be mustered out.

W. R. HOWE.

Capt. and A. A.-G., Com. Masters, Tenth Army Corps.

Col. Hawley, Commanding Second Brigade, First Division, endorsed as follows: "Respectfully forwarded, approved. It seems to me for the good of the service *decidedly* that the organization of the Third New Hampshire be preserved entire, and the vacancies be filled by the new levy [draft]. As a regiment it has fully earned a high reputation in all respects. I sincerely hope that its companies may not be consolidated, and that as few changes as possible be made."

Gen. Terry, Commanding First Division, endorsed as follows: "Respectfully forwarded. I entirely concur in the recommendation of Col. Hawley. This regiment is one of the best I have ever seen; and I most earnestly recommend that the entire organization be preserved, in order that it may be filled up from the draft."

Gen. Birney, Commanding Tenth Army Corps, approved and added: "The officers think they can fill up the regiment."

Gen. Butler, Commanding Department, directed that the regimental organization be preserved.

One of the most terrific artillery duels we had ever witnessed occurred on the 5th, in the afternoon. Each side must have held its breath. A deal of dodging and skipping about to avoid the shells and fragments.

The appearance of fever among us was noted on the 6th. On the same day one wrote thus of the approaching muster-out: "Our terms of service most expired. In seventeen days more I shall have completed the three years for which I enlisted. We are expecting to be mustered out on the 23d; and that little interesting ceremony should be performed in Concord. To make that possible, we must leave here by or before the 20th. The thought of going home and seeing our friends again, after three long, dismal and bloody years, makes us fairly shiver with pleasureable anticipation. The exciting idea almost drives us mad with joy." This was the general feeling; and coupled with it was a corresponding distaste for military life. It may with truth be added that as the day approached there was an increasing yet secret desire that no battle should intervene. But there did!

We had a very tempting offer about the 7th, which was of extra pay and rations of whiskey for "volunteers to dig and remove earth." The names of several willing ones were sent in; but the detail was never made, so far as we were concerned. This was the forerunner of the Dutch Gap Canal project (see separate account of it). Three other important items of the 7th were: first, a guard mount by division for first time; second, we began to drill twice daily; third, the making out of the discharges for the '61 men. Some men were painfully explicit in their diaries; for instance, one said: "Some better today. I want to go home." He was really getting childish as the day approached.

We were saddened on the 8th by the execution of a deserter in the Twenty-fourth Massachusetts, not far from our camp. Such incidents cast a gloom extending for miles.

A terrible accident occurred at City Point on the 9th, a barge loaded with ammunition exploding, killing and wounding about 200 men. About this time our duties were made somewhat lighter, owing to the sickening of the men and perhaps to the approaching fractional muster-out. In proof of this a diary said, under date of the 9th: "We are having less duty and more dress parade and prayers."

As we hadn't heard from or seen our "Second Brigade Band" for some time, it may be well to say that the band was at Hilton Head. Band Master Ingalls was in Boston on the 23d, on a 30 days' trip, to recruit for the band.

A Confederate telegram of the 10th (Lee to Ewell) says: "On supposition that the force at Dutch Gap is marines, ask if Capt. Mitchell could n't shell it, while Pickett opened on land batteries, and Ewell attacked it."

A detail of 250 men for picket on the night of the 10th took nearly every available man. Sickness was increasing, but no fatal cases had yet occurred.

One of our officers visited friends in front of Petersburg, and thus describes the trip: "I rode out nearly to the front line of works in front of Petersburg: but the whizzing of bullets reminded me that I was too conspicuous for safety. I rode through camp after camp, inquiring for regiments and friends. None seemed to know their right-hand neighbor from their left-hand neighbor. By much persistent inquiry I found the regiments and persons desired. Many a regiment I passed through had no more than about 50 guns, the rest of the regiment being wounded, killed, sick, etc. What havoc, and among human beings, too! I looked through a telescope to see the time of day in the Cockade City. It was 9.45 A.M. I rode that day over the same ground as our regiment passed on the 9th of June last, and was saddened by the thought that since that day thousands of lives had been sacrificed upon that identical ground, and as yet without capturing the city of Petersburg. The Army of the Potomac had advanced two miles beyond that particular front without the success desired. Perhaps I took a grain of comfort in the thought that what Butler had scolded Gillmore for not doing, had not been since accomplished with many times the number of troops then engaged. Before returning to my regiment, I obtained a few delicacies of the Sanitary Commission, and distributed them to my sick and wounded friends in the hospital."



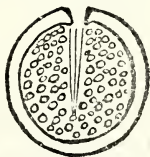
A BULLET PROOF.

The 13th of August marks the beginning of a series of active operations, resulting in many fatalities. Orders to pack up — heavy marching order — came to us without warning. We started about

11 P.M., and marched to the river near Deep Bottom, where we crossed on pontoons to the north side. The river was full of steamers, gunboats and transports, laden with troops and war material. Their presence was a *ruse* of Gen. Grant, and the story is too long for insertion here. We marched about a mile and halted for the night. A large force had been concentrated here, and small intrenchments had already been begun. The place of our halt was said to have been near Malvern Hill and Charles City Cross Roads. We had three days' rations with us and the usual number of rounds. We passed several cavalry regiments; and as they lay at our very feet as we passed, we took special notice by the dim light of the moon that rider and horse were almost one, lying together, the rider partially upon the horse, his arm through the bridle rein. We were marched outside of and considerably beyond the intrenchments. The moon had disappeared, and the night became intensely dark and black. Our march had been a very tedious one, and many had fallen out, completely exhausted. At one time we were cut in twain by a company of light artillery, and it was with difficulty we all got together again. At the halt each man looked out for his bed, but not far. We were tired enough to not be fastidious.

We were up early (and perhaps bright, too) on the morning of the 14th, which was pleasant though warm. Our advanced troops met the enemy early in the day, and the killed and wounded were conveyed on stretchers through our bivouac — not a very pleasant reminder of us, and soon.

About 9 o'clock we went to the front, and arrived to see the coat tails of the a little at the retreating result we did not know. kept up for some time, having made a stand in the woods. A few were wounded at this time, and only a few, as we were protected in part by a slight elevation on our immediate front.



SHRAPNEL SHELL

were ordered up to there just in time to other chaps. We fired forms, but with what A straggling fire was the rebels replying,

Our regiment finally came to a stand in an open field, facing the woods in which the rebels were located, though out of sight. Our position substantially remained the same during the day, the changes being of minor importance. Fighting was going on all around us apparently, and the import or importance of it all was unknown to us. At night we moved a little to the right, the left wing getting into the woods as skirmishers. The right wing and a part of Co. I were ordered on picket. To add to our discomfort, it began to rain soon after dark; and before long we had absorbed a deal of water. The night was very dark, and the picketing was done under peculiarly trying circumstances. The account of one officer will give the reader an idea as to the night and its perils: —

While proceeding to my post it began to rain, and soon it fell in torrents. Matters were so mixed up that night. I was obliged to post my own pickets after getting a general idea as to what was wanted. I posted my men in the edge of a wood, bordering upon a cornfield which alone separated

us from the rebels, who occupied a battery. The darkness was intense. We knew not the points of the compass even, and had we been obliged to retreat would have been uncertain as to which direction to take. My men were so worn out that nothing could have kept them awake, except the imminent danger we were in, both of attack and possible capture. The smallness of my detail rendered it absolutely necessary for every man to be on the alert. The rain ceased about 10 o'clock, and then the darkness was relieved of its intensity and I was enabled to visit the posts with considerably lessened danger. Once only during the rain did I visit the posts, and then only by an impelling sense of imperative duty. Upon leaving one post, and supposably nearing another, I would proceed in as catlike a manner as possible, and, halting, whisper the name of one of my men; and receiving no response, repeating the forward movement till successful. What if upon advancing in response to my whispered call, a stalwart rebel had embraced me! [The thought makes the cold chills run up and down my spinal column even now, in 1889, as I write it.—D.E.]

Soon after the rain had ceased we heard the rebels at work upon their battery. The peculiar sound of a shovel could not be misinterpreted. We were familiar with it. About midnight I discovered that my right did not connect with any other force. Here was a gap through which the rebels could come and "gobble up" the whole of my men. I scarcely knew what to do; but do something I must, and at once. I could not withdraw, and I dared not change the line even by lengthening it. All I could and did do was to send word along to my left that my right flank was exposed. The reply, if such it can be called, reached me about half-past one, in the shape of an order to withdraw and abandon the whole line. This was done with as much haste as consistent with safety and secrecy.

Before daylight of the 15th we reached the spot where we thought our regiment was; but it had gone—somewhere. Our guide took us on again; and by daylight we had reached a point near Deep Bottom. There, inside the intrenchments, I halted the men. We rested till after breakfast, when we became anxious to find our regiment; but not so anxious that we did not endeavor to nap a little after our morning meal. Asleep; ah, yes! sweet sleep, but not for long, as we were rudely awakened by a cry of "Fall in, Third New Hampshire detail!" We [the reader must not forget this is a part of our picket detail actually separated from the regiment.—D.E.] marched on to and crossed the pontoon at Deep Bottom, to the southerly side of the river. Then down the river bank to another pontoon, and recrossing it, were again on the north side; and then were marched to Strawberry Plain and given an hour to rest, during which many of us bathed in the river. A little later, and a march of about two miles brought us to the regiment. Our comrades were glad to see us, having heard we were all captured.

The regiment itself had marched from the picket position direct to Strawberry Plain, without crossing and recrossing the river, reaching the new position before daylight.

The 15th was a hard day. Firing was going on at the front; but our regiment did not advance much until about noon. By appearances we inferred that the (our) troops had been concentrated at Strawberry Plain and that a battle was imminent. We marched about five miles, toward Malvern Hill, and through a considerably wooded tract, and then into an open field, and beyond which—obliquely on our right—the rebels were located, they being in the woods. The open field was an unfortunate position for us, as there was no protection whatever from the rays of an unmerciful sun. Many were prostrated by the excessive heat, while yet others were actually sunstruck. We were, it was said, supporting a battery, and must remain, though many a protest was offered. Late in the after-

noon, our artillery opened severely upon the rebels in the woods, and by so doing learned the location of a rebel battery, which made itself manifest later on. During the afternoon we changed position several times, but substantially did not leave the open field. Quite late in the afternoon we were moved forward into the edge of the woods. Both Grant and Hancock were seen by us during the day, the latter with a part of Second Corps. Among the captures of the day by our forces was one of Gen. Hill's Staff. Malvern Hill was said to be about three-fourths of a mile from us as we lay in the open field. The troops about us appeared to be of our own division and a part of Hancock's Second Corps. Our division was under Gen. Terry; and our brigade under Col. J. R. Hawley. The troops of the brigade were the Third and Seventh New Hampshire, Sixth and Seventh Connecticut. On being ordered to the woods we dragged our weary limbs thither with willing spirits; for we preferred the shells of the enemy (and got them, too) rather than the rays of old Sol. Near where we picketed for the night was a dwelling and a barn, the former being occupied by an aged and infirm lady. No one disturbed her; and her well was not left dry, as was usually the case. Though the Third New Hampshire had not yet been actually engaged with the enemy, it had suffered much decimation by straggling.

The 16th dawned upon us: fatal day! Before its sun had set, many of the regiment were sent to their long homes or the hospital. We were engaged on that 16th of August—very much engaged, as will be seen.

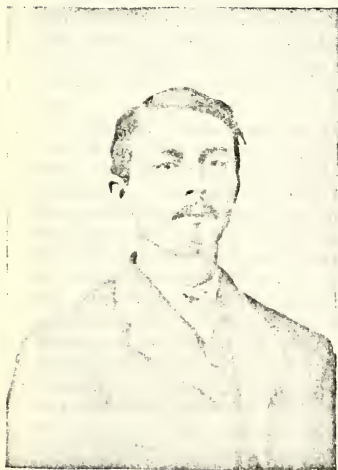
Gens. Grant and Hancock, with a troop of orderlies, passed us early in the morning. We were satisfied that it meant battle. Not long after their passage to the front, we were put in motion and marched through the woods by ways and paths and roads we knew not of. Fighting had begun; and we momentarily expected to strike the fighting zone. We were marched and countermarched, filed and flanked so many times in those woods that we could n't actually tell whether the enemy was in front or rear. We got very near the "other fellows" about 10 A.M., who had been met face to face with our advance line (not Third New Hampshire) and had been repulsed. We passed over the abandoned rifle-pits of our enemy, in which were some of the guns so recently fired at our forces, and not yet cooled. On, on, we passed, through briar and brake, through bush and over logs and fallen trees, through bush and tangled brush, tearing our clothes, scratching our faces and hands, rattling our tempers, with the excitement each moment increasing, as each of said moments brought us nearer the foe. The line, of which the Third New Hampshire was but a small part, was so long that it was managed with great difficulty and danger. Occasionally a "break" occurred; and then we must be halted and deployed in order to fill the gap. As we were not in the advance, full particulars of the fight as a whole cannot be given. Appearances indicated that the rebels had been driven back to their main line of works. Our first intimation that the rebels were coming, was an order to lie down. Down



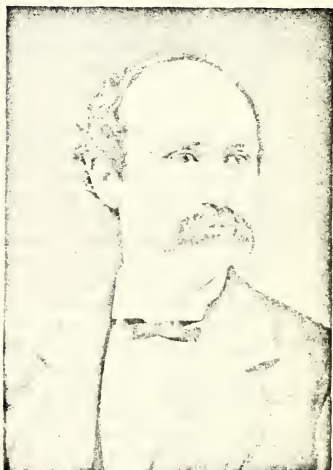
GEORGE W. HEALEY
Co. B (War).



GEORGE W. HEALEY,
Co. B (Peace).



JOHN G. GRAHAM,
Co. B.



CYRUS GORMAN,
Co. A.

totally oblivious of the fact that the rebels were coming. The writer being anxious to communicate the fact, waved his handkerchief as a signal to this regiment to warn them; but no sooner had he done so than he received—from the skirmishers probably, for they were then in sight in the edge of the wood—a gunshot wound in the left forearm. The wound was an exceedingly painful one, hitting both bones and passing between them, fracturing both. The first pain of the wound over, Lieut.-Col. Plimpton, who was standing very near, at the writer's request tied the handkerchief around the arm above the wound. The writer then, being quite weak from loss of blood and the battle well begun, passed slowly along the rear of the regiment to the left, where he, by advice of Lieut. Edgerly, laid down for a few minutes, to see the result of the furious firing then going on. The seven-shooters were worked to their full capacity; and the regiment stood its ground for the time being. The battery before named was pouring in a heavy fire, and the rebel infantry had arrived in large numbers, but were unable to advance in face of our seven-shooters. A little lull in the fire gave the writer an opportunity to pass to the rear, which he did, assisted by a man who had been slightly wounded. A little way back Dr. Kimball and Hospital Steward Kittredge were found; and they gave temporary dressing and some whiskey (first he ever drank in the service); and he was then taken by two men, in a blanket, farther back. Soon a stretcher was discovered, on its way to the front. This was seized in the name of the Government, and the writer was then conveyed to a point in the woods where a field hospital had been established; and the ghastly array was almost enough to unnerve the bravest. Here more or less attention was paid to the suffering; and later in the day they were conveyed by ambulances, over rough roads, say five miles, to the bank of the James River, at Deep Bottom, where the hospital department was in better shape, in large tents and with nurses and surgeons.

For fear of being too personal, the writer will bring this part of the narrative to a close, by stating that during the night he was put on board a steamer, with others, and sent next morning to Hampton: the officers to Chesapeake Hospital, and the men to the McClellan Hospital, near by. Whatever else of a personal nature is to be written will be found in a personal sketch. Suffice it is to say right here that the wound of the writer was received about mid-day; and that event separated him forever from the regiment. For whatever occurred afterward he is entirely dependent upon what others say, upon diaries, orders, letters, etc., and is therefore unable to write of some phases which would perhaps be of interest.

To return to the battle and the Third New Hampshire. But a brief space was left Lieut.-Col. Plimpton after he tied up the writer's wound. It is said he was within a few minutes thereafter shot dead. The wounded were numerous. Lieut. White was shot, apparently, through the body, and was considered as mortally wounded. Capt. Wadlia was hit by a ball which went through the calf. Lieut. Lamprey was shot through the body. He was in the boat with the writer, *en route* to hospital, and raved all the way down. He died in the

ambulance before reaching the hospital. Adj. Copp was hit in the side. Lieut. Atherton was shot through the body and arm and was left on the field as dead. He survived (see his Personal). Lieuts. Ackerman and Donley were wounded, as was also Lieut. Giddings.

It was not long after the writer left that the regiment (and line) was directed to fall back. This was after they had been charged repeatedly. A diary says our loss was 90 out of 225. The prisoners captured earlier in the day were said to have been of the Twenty-second Georgia.

A shower came up soon after, and put a stop to proceedings, temporarily, and also cooled off the atmosphere. After the shower, we were again ordered up as support, and went to very near the same spot where the prisoners were taken. We found the Second Corps there, already intrenched, and formed on their right. Some part of the regiment went on picket during the night; but during their tour, they discovered that there were two lines of pickets, they being on the inner; and in consequence, they relaxed their vigilance. A part of the regiment worked with spade and shovel during a portion of the night. Regiment very small indeed, and very few officers. A letter to the *Manchester Mirror* said: "Ten officers and eighty-three men killed and wounded."

Of 16 August, a writer whose time had nearly expired said: "The severity of the encounter, or series of encounters, is best shown in the losses Lieut. White was wounded and left the field, but afterward returned to the regiment and was again wounded The Third had less than 200 men in the battle fit for duty, and one-half of these were put *hors de combat*. We captured and took to the rear 300 prisoners. The regiment never conducted itself better, notwithstanding the fact that the terms of enlistment of many had already expired. [He refers to date of *enlistment*, and not of *muster*, which latter is the proper basis. — D.E.] Among those who fell were some who had really served more than three years, and who should have been on their way to New Hampshire; but when called upon they entered the conflict without a murmur. The most pathetic as well as the most disagreeable act of this campaign was the collection and burial of the dead. At the close of the fighting, the bodies of those who fell were brought together at the edge of the wood and laid side by side in a row which extended for at least a hundred yards. Then a shallow trench was dug in which the bodies were buried. There was no ceremony of any kind; but there was no want of compassion for the dead and pity for the living who were waiting expectantly for those who were so soon expected home."

The official report of the operations of the 14th, 15th and 16th was not made till the 27th of Sept., and then by Maj. Randlett, who succeeded to the command. It was as follows:—

HEADQUARTERS THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLS.,

27 Sept. 1864.

Capt. ADRIAN TERRY, Asst. Adj.-Gen., First Division, Tenth Army Corps.

Captain: In accordance with instructions received this date from the Brevet Major-General Commanding Division, I have the honor to submit the following report of the part taken by this command in operations north of James River, from Aug. 14 to 17, 1864.

The regiment moved with column, Second Brigade, First Division, Tenth Army Corps, at midnight, Aug. 13th. Crossed the James about daylight. 14th; participated in reconnaissance of that date. On morning of 15th recrossed the river to Jones Landing, in column, which again crossed below Deep Bottom. Marched to Deep Run on 16th, about noon. Charged with Second Brigade, First Division, the enemy's works at Flussell's Mills, carrying his line and capturing a large number of prisoners. Advanced by order of Col. J. R. Hawley, Commanding Brigade, about 300 yards beyond the captured line, and there met the enemy in force. Made another desperate charge through open field under a galling fire from the enemy, toward another angle of the same line as mentioned as taken. At the moment it was discovered as impracticable to advance on account of the fire of the enemy and his secure position, a retreat was ordered; the command fell back to that portion of the line first taken. The enemy pursued and made three successive attempts to dislodge us, but were handsomely repulsed. After holding this position for more than an hour, orders were received to move to the rear. Thus ended the engagement.

Our losses in killed and wounded (including 1 officer killed and 9 wounded) was 93. Lieut.-Col. Josiah I. Plimpton, commanding the regiment, fell in the open field in the advanced position, at the moment orders were received to fall back. He was shot through the heart and expired immediately, while actively engaged in moving his command in order. Of the conduct of the officers and men of this command during the above-named operation, I need not comment, as the General Commanding Division was present, and did not fail to notice the gallantry of all.

Very respectfully, etc.,

JAS. F. RANDLETT,

Major, Third New Hampshire Vols., Commanding Regiment.

An account given by Lieut. Dodge furnished several additional particulars and is as follows:—

The morning of Aug. 16, 1864, found the Third New Hampshire Volunteers between the Charles City Cross Road and the Newmarket Turnpike, about a mile to the west of Malvern Hill. After a quick breakfast the regiment pushed through a cornfield westward and halted; the right wing was detached and sent to a position further to the right and north. *With Lieut.-Col. Plimpton, reconnoitered the ground in our front. Found a mill-pond, the dam being the only approach to the further side, upon which was a good line of rifle-pits and having a gun in position covering the road. Gen. Terry soon came up, and ordered that at a given signal we were to charge and drive the enemy from the works which they held. Col. Plimpton asked if he knew the lay of the land. He replied, "No"; and upon that was told the result of our investigations. He then, with Adrian Terry, his A. A.-G. and an artillery officer of rank belonging to the Second Corps, started out with me to see for himself. The Second Corps officer soon returned; but, with Gen. Terry alone, went to the bluff, from which we had a good look at the enemy and his position; but not quietly enough to prevent a few stray bullets, to answer to the rustling leaves caused by our motions. Result: that intended move was not made. Plimpton kept moving between our right

*NOTE.—It appears that Lieut. Dodge went with Lieut.-Col. Plimpton to the front as far as to see Flussell's Mills, the pond, etc., and were the only members of the Third New Hampshire who did see those points. The above two again went to the front with Gen. Terry, again seeing the pond, etc. This was verified in 1892 by the writer, Lieuts. Bowen and Parker—a party of three, who visited this spot in September and located the various points, passed over the dam, and actually found Mr. Flussell himself (*i.e.*, a son of the one whose name attached to the mill). Mr. Flussell (the son) was a rebel officer; and he stated to the party that he was at Drewry's Bluff (Woodbridge's Hill) on 13 May 1864, and thinks his legs made better time then than at any other time during his life. He commanded a company that day. He also was in front of our lines 16 May 1864.



and left wings, which were well detached. About noon the firing commenced to increase, both in noise and nearness, until we could finally hear the cheers of those engaged. We were suddenly ordered to the right and front, joining the right wing. Continued a rapid movement in no apparent direction, unless crookedness can be called one, until we found ourselves upon the left of the Sixty-seventh Ohio, belonging to the First Brigade of our corps. We covered in echelon their left wing, and were told to remain fast; and if the Sixty-seventh were repulsed they were to retreat over us and we hold the enemy. They started, after all upon their right had; and had proceeded but a little way when Col. Plimpton said, "Third New Hampshire: forward!" The men had many of them not recovered from the heat and sweat of the march made to get into position; but went forward down into the valley through a bad amount of slashing and to the earth-works, taking position so quickly that they succeeded in bagging the Twenty-second Georgia regiment, which had but just arrived at the works and had not had time to get into position. Not satisfied with turning the enemy's work, we pushed on to the woods, into which the enemy had retreated and which were parallel with the work where we had entered. Our left being uncovered, and they seeing it, our regiment changed front to protect the army and to repel their attack upon our left flank. But they soon saw our mistake in pushing so far away from the earthwork, and that our flank was in reality uncovered. To save our ammunition, the Sixth Connecticut advanced to our front, and we laid down behind them—they with their Enfields not using so much ammunition as we with Spencers. One of my men told me that the Johnnies were surrounding us. Stepped back to a knoll; and right before my sight could see the game being played. Without waiting for orders, gave word for Third New Hampshire to fall back; and told Gen. J. R. Hawley the condition, which he soon realized upon looking, and ordered a general backward movement. Col. Plimpton had not heard the order, only seen the backward movement of the troops; and while trying to rally them was shot dead, and his body left.

We succeeded in getting back to the intrenchments, the right wing going in one direction and the left with the colors, to the place where we had made the charge. The rebel line at this point was in the general direction of a circle, they being upon the inside of it. We found the works manned, but by a set of men poorly officered. It was not long before they were called away, and we felt in this case their room worth the most. Part of the Twenty-fourth Massachusetts regiment remained upon the extreme left in a hollow. The enemy now made several attempts to drive us from our position, but our "coffee grinders" were too much for them; but that enfilading fire was getting too much for us. Sent back several times for reinforcements; but excepting one regiment that went in on the extreme-left and went out quicker than they went in, no help came. We were being fast mowed down; and when the order came to fall back we had no fool's job to go down into that valley of death and up on the other side, the whole place being well filled with slashing and underbrush. But we did in part, leaving upon the field—dead, dying and wounded—some of the best men that ever faced an enemy. After forming what there was of us, with colors in front, we asked Gen. Wright, who was in command, in what direction we should go; and those there will all remember his reply, when pointing, he said, "In that direction; but be careful for surprises." And we did feel our way that hot, dry, dusty afternoon—tired, footsore, hungry, weary mortals; but the cheers that greeted us when we found the rest of the Third told us how we were loved as well as missed. The heat soon brought on a shower, and we were well wet. Without a chance to ration or eat, soon returned to where we had lately been engaged; but during our absence the Second Corps had thrown up a line of breastworks, from which they repelled several charges during the afternoon and early evening. We were put upon the extreme right, at right angles to the main line, to cover the flank. Excepting a picket of about 50 men, the line there rested during the 16th, a date that has always been eventful in our career.

CROSSING A PONTOON.

The crossing of troops over a pontoon bridge on the 16th is thus described by the Historian of the Thirteenth New Hampshire:—

The army here presents a most magnificent spectacle those of us who are able can see it all—a last grand view of war to many a poor fellow on the Union side. . . . Reviews are shows this is business, in all the push, stir and energy of war. A living panorama, a vast army in motion—long lines of cavalry, generals with their staffs, infantry in long, dense columns, with all their mounted officers, furled battle-flags, knots of camp-followers and teams, wagons, cannons, flying artillery, heavy guns, bands, hundreds of ambulances and countless army gear: all moving rapidly, swiftly over the low, level, floating bridge, in grand procession, and all seeming to be, as it were, down upon the very surface of the water itself.

All day long, and in the hours of the night, the bridge, nearly half a mile in length, is full—an unceasing tramp, no break in the column; but steadily, speedily, the great host forges on, as if every organization in it were a huge link in some immense drawing chain, that the God of War was now sweeping irresistibly into place as an impregnable cordon around the Confederacy. Squadron after squadron, regiment after regiment, brigade after brigade, division after division, battery after battery, train after train, corps after corps—each with all the appliances, ensigns, flags, arms, paraphernalia and material of real and tremendous war: all lines and files in perfect order, place and time, moving under the control of the monster mind of that one greatest of American men and captains—Lieut.-Gen. Ulysses S. Grant. . . . Constantly, for hour upon hour, appears this unbroken stream of men, bursting into full and sudden view from an unseen source in the dense woods on the northern shore, entering low down upon the bridge, crossing with quick route-step the wide level to the southern shore, ascending the river bank and instantly disappearing as they came, we cannot see whither; apparently inexhaustible in numbers and invincible in power

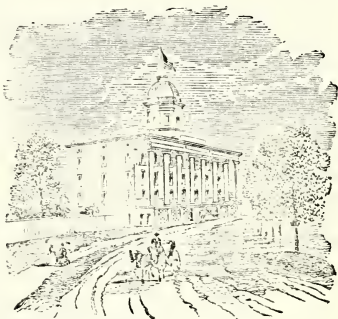
The 17th found us on the line, with a part of our men off on picket under Lieut. Dodge. He was relieved during the evening by a detail from the Seventh New Hampshire, who were afterward captured (18th). A flag of truce (17th) resulted in receiving about 40 recognizable bodies, including Lieut.-Col. Plimpton. The Chaplain's diary said, "Sixty, and mostly stripped of their clothing." The body of Lieut.-Col. Plimpton was buried by the Chaplain. The regiment moved a little to the right early in the morning. Capt. Dow returned on the 17th and assumed command of the regiment, by virtue of his rank.

The regiment moved a little to the left on the 18th, taking position in rear of the Sixth Connecticut. We began to move again, when it commenced to rain. Simultaneously our picket line was attacked, and was being driven in. We returned and gave the Johnnies a taste of our seven-shooters. They evidently didn't like that kind, and soon withdrew. One diary says the rebels met with a terrible repulse today, at our breastworks; for while we only lost about 20 killed and wounded, they must have lost hundreds. About 10 A.M. there was apparently a movement set on foot for evacuation in favor of the rebels, and soon all the troops were in motion. After about three miles of rearward march, our regiment became the rear guard, and so remained. We did some good travelling that day,

until we arrived at Gen. Birney's Headquarters, and then by turnpike to Gravel Hill, where we closed in mass by brigade and rested for the night. One of our men—an attendant in the hospital temporarily, for he was of the color guard—wrote in his diary: "We break up the hospital today on this side, and I am detailed to go with some of the hospital teams. We go over near Jones' Landing."

The 19th was a quiet day, with nothing of importance going on. We remained at Gravel Hill all day—a privilege we appreciated. There was rain and a mail, however: both valuable in their way.

A movement of the troops on the 20th, rearward, proved to be the move which took us back to our old camp at Bermuda Hundred. We started about 10 A.M.; but the roads were very bad indeed—mud, mud, everywhere, and slippery as only Virginia mud could be. We crossed on pontoon below Jones' Landing, and arrived at our camp. The regiment got divided in some unaccountable manner, and the rear portion did not arrive till a few hours later, say about 3 A.M., 21st. A more weary and dirty lot of men could scarcely be found than we on that morning of the 21st, after about eight days of hard work. The usual fixing up of the camp occupied our men during the day. In this work the '61 men took no interest whatever!



CHESAPEAKE HOSPITAL (for Officers only),
NEAR FORT MONROE.

The 22d marked the beginning of preparations for mustering out the '61 men, as rolls were begun that day. The men who were to be mustered out were in high spirits, notwithstanding that some of them, at least, have passed through fire and water within the past eight days. We learned (see 4 Aug.) that the regimental organization was to be kept up, and no officers to be mustered out except those whose terms will have expired. This came officially later in an order by Gen. Birney, Commanding Corps, who issued his Special Order 102, of 21 Aug., repeating substantially the directions of Gen. Butler. Before the day was out, we were startled and somewhat "broken up" by a rumor that we were to be ordered away at once on active service again. The '61 men looked aghast. The rumor did not take shape, and happy we (and they) in consequence. The preparations for muster-out began the 22d, by the turning in of the guns and equipments, and the hastening of work on the rolls, etc. The Fourth New Hampshire Band came over at night and enlivened us a little.

In the Department of the South, today (22d Aug.), Admiral Dahlgren arranged with Gen. Schimmelfennig, Commanding at Mor-

ris Island, for the erection of a new battery on Morris, from which to begin afresh the bombardment of Sumter. This battery was to be armed as follows: the army to place and man 1 300-pounder, 3 200-pounders and 1 100-pounder, rifled, 2 10-inch Columbiads, 12 10-inch mortars and 2 13-inch mortars; the navy to furnish and man 4 11-inch guns. We of the Third New Hampshire, though we were in Virginia, wished them success on learning later of the facts.

It was a wet and dirty day; but the blanks were being rapidly filled and the final preparations going on, which would permit many of our number to see the granite hills of New Hampshire within the week. A wakeful, restless night was passed by the '61 men; but as "time and tide wait for no man," the 23d Aug. 1864 dawned in the usual manner. The '61 veterans had already turned in their guns and equipments, their precious shelter tents, and all that belonged to their dear Uncle Samuel, who was about to kiss them good bye. It is said that some ludicrous mistakes were made, in turning in the property, the most laughable one being a case where a veteran whose mind was so entirely filled with New Hampshire and home that he actually turned in his pocket-handkerchief for a shelter tent, while another turned in his towel!

The ceremony of muster-out began with the non-commissioned staff; then the companies, by the alphabet, A, B, C, etc. The men were sent to the landing, most of them departing from camp the same day — preparatory to embarking for home.

Capt. Dow was in command of the regiment; and he sent with the detachment the following letter, which explains itself:—

[Capt. Dow to Adjt.-Gen. Head.]

HEADQUARTERS THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLUNTEERS.

BERMUDA HUNDRED, VA., Aug. 23, 1864.

Gen. NATT HEAD, *Adjutant-General of New Hampshire.*

General: I have the honor to transmit to you, by Capt. R. W. Houghton, Commanding Detachment Third New Hampshire Volunteers, the old battle-flag of the regiment. Its worn and tattered folds render it unserviceable as a proper regimental stand of colors — yet the old flag is loved all the more; for there will ever remain in the memories of all its brave defenders who now survive the most profound admiration. The old Third has fought beneath its folds; and I believe the honors won have been great and immortal. At *James Island, Morris Island, Fort Wagner* and its siege, *Dreary's Bluff, Half-Way House, Bermuda Hundred and Deep Run*, have fallen many noble sons of the "Old Granite State." I most sincerely desire that this flag may be preserved by the State authorities, where in future years its defenders may have the pleasure of looking upon it, remembering their service in defence of our glorious Nation's honor. Lieut.-Col. Plimpton would have sent this flag had he lived, and I desire to carry out his plan so far as possible. The original members are being mustered out today here. I regret exceedingly that they were not allowed to proceed to New Hampshire previously, in order to be mustered out there. They will probably arrive in New Hampshire on Monday next. The organization of the Third Regiment will be continued by virtue of *Special Order 102, Headquarters Tenth Army Corps, dated Aug. 21, 1864, a copy of which I herewith transmit.

Very respectfully, etc.,

HENRY S. DOW,

Captain, Commanding Third New Hampshire Volunteers.

*NOTE. — Referred to elsewhere.

The detachment, said to number about 260, went in charge of Capt. Houghton, he being accompanied by Lieut. Hazen and Lieut. Hitchcock. These officers went home under orders, but substantially on leaves of absence. Chaplain Hill (whose term had expired) was the only officer mustered out; and it is safe to say that the absence of no one of the number who left us was more keenly felt. The vacancy created was never filled; and the regiment was without a Chaplain during the remainder of its service.

Three deserved promotions occurred in consequence of the muster-out. There were many others, of course; but these three are particularly worthy of mention. A. D. Scovell, who had long been a faithful nurse, etc., in the regimental hospital, was promoted to Hospital Steward, *vice* Perry Kittredge, mustered out. Perry, as we almost always called him, was a general favorite and had done efficient service. Geo. B. Bingham, who had also been of great and varied service in our regimental and other hospitals, was promoted to Commissary Sergeant, *vice* Geo. H. Miner, mustered out. Miner, who had dealt out our grub (*alias* "rations") so long, and so much of it, too, will long be remembered. The third promotion was that of Marquis L. Holt of Co. E to Sergeant-Major, *vice* John H. Thing, mustered out.

In the evening the Seventh Connecticut band came over, accompanied by Gens. Terry and Hawley; and we had music and speech-making for an after-supper pastime. Those of us who remained behind could n't help wishing, between the speeches, that *we* had been mustered out. A diary says, "A punch for the band!" This may mean much or little; but it is inserted at its face value.

We were ordered to and started about 2 P.M. for Petersburg, on the 24th. What a close shave for the '61 men! As we then understood it, our division was the force ordered away, and the Third New Hampshire took post at head of column. What roads, what mud, what holes! Teams stuck, everywhere. Where was the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals? Where ditto, cruelty to human beings? Alas! 'twas too early: those societies had not yet been called into being. A pontoon was crossed near the Point of Rocks. Many fell out,—worn out,—totally unable to go another step. Result: when we reached the Petersburg & Norfolk R.R., at which point we halted, the regiment was a very small one—looked more like a company.

We relieved the One Hundred and Forty-eighth New York in the advanced trenches. These are large figures, reader; but New York is a large State. Our stragglers came up during the night. The delights and responsibilities of picket duty were ours that night.

We found ourselves, on the morning of the 25th, again facing war and danger, the enemy and perhaps death. Fighting was going on, to our left, not far distant. We laid in the trenches all day, but in momentary expectation of being ordered to some point to discharge our pieces enemy-ward.

We began to feel a little more at home by the 26th, and made required reports, and began the making of muster rolls (for 31st).

We were relieved from the dangerous front trench that night about 9 o'clock by the Sixty-seventh Ohio, and we then moved to a position in rear of the Sixth Connecticut.

Though away from the immediate front, we were so near the active operations that we were in constant expectation of being ordered to participate. The firing on both sides was kept up; but we slept and rested nevertheless, some with one eye open.

Maj. Randlett assumed command of the regiment on the 27th, coming to us from detached service (Provost Marshal, Tenth Army Corps).

A very lively cannonade, on the same day, lasting about four hours and extending into the evening, was very interesting, especially the latter part of it. This gave each side to understand something of the strength of the other. From our position we could see no other advantage.

The men were getting sick from exposure and fatigue, and many such were noted in diaries on the 28th. We got a good mail that day, and found ourselves connected with a well-regulated system of mail collection and delivery.

We were turned out at 4 on the morning of the 29th. We had hardly any semblance of a camp: it was more like a picnic party, with here and there a tent. The work on the rolls occupied the officers' time. Lieut. Davis was ordered to duty in the Ambulance Corps about that time, but declined to serve for some reason not apparent, and Lieut. Giddings was substituted. Another artillery duel on the 29th, similar to that of the 27th, but apparently with a greater number of guns on both sides, and covering substantially the same hours. We furnished a fatigue detail of fifty on the 29th; and though the number was small, we missed them.

We furnished 90 men for picket on the night of the 30th; and one diary says we moved camp, and into the woods, where we built (dug) a trench, to which place the regiment came, having been at the forefront for four days. Another diary said, "We can be shelled here," and adds, "The brigade baggage lies near by. Griggs has charge of the musicians."

We were mustered for pay on the 31st, and were informed that we must go into the trenches next morning, relieving the Seventh Connecticut. Notwithstanding our breastwork, the Johnnies could shell us by a cross-fire, and also reminded us of their continued existence by frequent bullets, which went "zipping" all about us, semi-occasionally passing through an arm or leg. Capt. Trickey went in charge of the picket detail (to trenches). Officers were very scarce.

August passed out, leaving us very near the danger line between the two forces and "In front of Petersburg," as the whole line was termed. (See the '61 men's movements in "Miscellaneous Subjects.")

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

(None appear of sufficient value to record.)

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

General Order 116, of the 10th, said the Major-General Commanding (Foster) learned with regret that leaves of absence and furloughs were being considered as commencing and ending in New York, and forbade a further misinterpretation of the time.

General Order 18, of the 13th, directed a salute of 35 guns that day from the Saluting Battery, in honor of Farragut's victory at Mobile.

General Order 119, of the 16th, directed a draft of able-bodied negroes. Deserters from regiments organized in the Department to be pardoned if they return on or before 10 September.

General Order 120, of the 18th, directed (in accordance with Act of Congress) that measures be taken to ascertain who among the colored troops were freemen on or prior to 19 April 1861. All such to have their pay made equal to white soldiers to 1 Jan. 1864, from time of entry into service.

General Order 122, of the 22d, betrayed the fact that the Department was overrun with adventurers, etc., of both sexes and colors, and measures for their reduction in numbers was ordered.

Department of the South Statistics for August 1864 are: Total troops, 7,619; cases sick, 1,717; died, 31; cases wounded, 40; died, 3.

The Monthly Return shows:—

Field and Staff	4 men,	7 officers.
Co. A	44 "	3 "
B	46 "	3 "
C	43 "	3 "
D	51 "	2 "
E	53 "	2 "
F	38 "	3 "
G	48 "	3 "
H	61 "	2 "
I	55 "	3 "
K	41 "	1 "
Present aggregate	484	32
Aggregate last report	785	35
		516
		820

This falling off in numbers is because the '61 men who did not re-enlist have been mustered out.

Absent sick, wounded, on duty, in arrest, etc.: A, 17; B, 27; C, 19; D, 21; E, 32; F, 21; G, 32; H, 29; I, 20; K, 20: total, 238.

Died of disease, 1 (Joseph Ely, Co. C).

No lieutenant-colonel or chaplain: the former killed, the latter mustered out for expiration of term.

Co. D has no 2d lieutenant; Co. H has no 1st lieutenant; Co. K has no 1st or 2d lieutenant.

Discharged for disability, 1 (Geo. A. Ellis, Co. G).

Following is a list of promotions, to positions which were vacated by "expiration of term":—

1st Sergt. M. L. Holt	of E . .	to Sergeant-Major.
Private Geo. B. Bingham	" F . .	" Commissary Sergeant.
" A. D. Scovell	" I . .	" Hospital Steward.

Private Lewis Kimball of F has been promoted out of the regiment, to 2d Lieutenant Fourth U. S. Colored Troops.

One man has "joined from desertion": Peter Pelky of C.

Maj. Randlett is commanding regiment, and is sick in quarters.

Dr. Buzzell is detached. Dr. Burnham is sick in quarters. Dr. Kimball is on duty. Adj. Copp is absent wounded. Quartermaster Hynes is on duty. 1st Lieut. Dodge is Acting Adjutant.

Capt. Dearborn and 1st Lieut. Woodbury are still detached. 2d Lieut. Giddings is detached in Ambulance Corps. Sick in quarters: Capt. Stearns, Capt. Wadsworth, Capt. Kirwin, 1st Lieut. Edgerly, 2d Lieut. Connelly of B, 2d Lieut. Davis, 2d Lieut. McCoy. Absent wounded: Capt. Wadlia (since 16th), Capt. Libby, Jr., 1st Lieut. White (since 16th), 1st Lieut. Eldredge (since 16th). Absent sick: Capt. Maxwell, 1st Lieut. Parker of A. Absent on leave (20 days): Capt. Houghton, 1st Lieut. Hitchcock, 1st Lieut. Hazen. 2d Lieut. Ackerman, commanding Co. G. 2d Lieut. J. S. James, commanding Co. I.

Col. Bedel is taken up on rolls (previously dropped by error). Lieut.-Col. Plimpton, 1st Lieut. Lamprey and 2d Lieut. Atherton were all reported killed in action. The first was actually so; the second lived till the next forenoon, till nearly arrived at Chesapeake Hospital, Hampton; the third was wounded and taken prisoner (afterwards exchanged).

The ranks are shattered, not only by muster-out, but by battle. Absent with leave: G, 1; H, 2. Prisoners of war: E, 3; H, 1; and Col. Bedel. Absent in arrest: B, 1.

There are 165 men present for duty.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	K	Totals.
Sergeants	4	3	4	4	3	4	3	4	4	4	
Corporals	6	4	4	5	5	5	5	8	6	3	
Musicians	2	1	2	2	1	1	0	2	2	1	14
Wagoners	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	8
Absent sick and wounded)	17	22	14	19	26	13	28	22	16	14	191
For duty	17	8	22	19	13	9	9	23	29	16	165
Killed in action or died of wounds)	3	3	0	4	1	3	1	0	1	3	19
Terms expired	32	30	41	18	24	27	19	15	21	28	255
Missing in action	1	1	2	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	11
Deserted	0	2	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	3	9

SEPTEMBER, 1864.



As per instructions of the last of August, we went into the trenches at 2 A.M. on the 1st, and staid there all day. Musician Griggs was that day appointed mail carrier (to and from Brigade Headquarters). Considerable difficulty was encountered in the making out of muster rolls; and as nearly as can be determined from references, they were not completed for the regiment and the men actually mustered till 1st September, instead of last day of August.

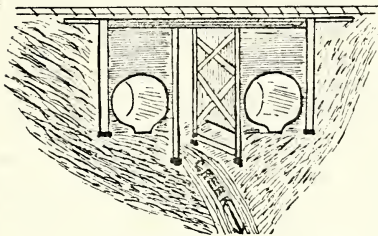
Nothing of importance transpired on the 2d; but the 3d brought the average up, at least from that day, as our (Hawley's) brigade was all turned out to see John Rowley, Private Co. D, Seventh Connecticut, hung for murder. It was a sad sight, and need not here be described, as the reader has already been indulged with a recital of the details in a similar case. It was said that this man's crime was that he shot and killed a fellow soldier during the battle of Olustee, Florida, 20 February 1864.

Lieut. Dodge was relieved on the 4th as Acting Adjutant, by Lieut. Edgerly; and he (Dodge) was then assigned to command of Co. A, which had had no officer for several days, though nominally in charge during that time of Lieut. Dodge. A salute was fired the morning of the 4th from our batteries, presumably for the good news of recent victories elsewhere. The rebels were alarmed, and fired back. This little gun play lasted over an hour. The same day, also, a printed circular was distributed on both sides.

The 5th day of September was a pleasant day — a little better than usual. A bomb-proof was begun for the whole regiment, allowing 20 feet to each company and having a company street opposite each "home," as the boys called them.

Notwithstanding the labors of the day on this bomb-proof, the regiment went into the trenches at night, after furnishing a picket detail. Our line of advanced trenches was being straightened and otherwise improved. It looked as if we had "come to stay." Near us and at our rear two large, new batteries were being built. The military railroad was mentioned by one writer thus: "It is a great affair, branching off from City Point Road, and running to our left — no grading — runs up hill and down — crooked or otherwise, as it happens; saves horsesflesh." Our lines were being constantly extended, principally in the left direction, and were then said to have

been nine miles in extent. The fall of Atlanta, and of Forts Morgan and Gaines (Mobile), were announced to us, and created a deal of enthusiasm. "Now," said we, "is the time for Grant to strike." But Grant evidently knew what he was about, and would strike as his judgment dictated, and not because we wished it. 'T was well.



R.R. BRIDGE, NORFOLK & WESTERN R.R.
3d N.H. V. DID PICKET DUTY AT AND NEAR IT
AUG.-SEP. 1864.

The 6th, 7th and 8th showed no circumstance worthy of note; but on the 9th a diary said we had orders from Grant to cheer all along the line at 7 P.M. and did so, and all because of Atlanta and other victories.

We were somewhat entertained on the 10th by the "drumming out" of a Sixth Connecticut man. who had the significant word, "coward," on a card, attached to his back. Again we were startled by the news that the Sixty-seventh Ohio sutler was to be our sutler, too. Can a man serve two masters? Go to—that is, go to the sutler and buy something. We did; and the very first article was for internal consumption and not for external exposure.

The writer finds mentioned under date of the 12th, that a certain 13-inch mortar, fired by our troops at Petersburg, acquired the honorable title of "The Petersburg Express." The name was very appropriate, as the mortar was expressly used for the benefit of Petersburg inhabitants, military and civil. Our pioneers began a new bomb-proof for themselves on the 12th.

Col. J. C. Abbott of Seventh New Hampshire (Hawley absent) was in command of our brigade on the 14th; for on that day he appointed Wm. Henderson of Co. E as Brigade Postmaster. Not only were stray bullets getting so thick that "stray" was a strained term, but shells were likewise gently dropping, dropping, all around us—every day.

The drum corps, though usually excused from any duty of a servile nature, were obliged about this time to assist in several ways, and made themselves very useful. Latterly, they had policed our little camp.

We were much pleased about this time to hear that Gen. Terry had been brevetted a Major-General. He was a general favorite, a very efficient officer, and his men would go wherever he said.

The rebels had a splendid range on us and were not bashful about making the most of said range. The usual daily happenings filled in the time. We furnished a fatigue party on the 17th, under Capt. Stearns and Lieut. Dodge, of 70 men, to complete a new breast-work in front of our brigades. They had to work rapidly, and were "on one hour, and off one hour," till finished.

A big mortar mounted on a platform car was mentioned in a diary as firing nightly, alternating between a point near us and at another more distant.

Rumors reached us on the 19th that new recruiting parties were to be sent North, and recruiting was to be pushed again with renewed vigor. Capt. Dow was ordered North and proceeded in that general direction on the 20th, after recruits. He never returned.

Our calls were at this time blown on a bugle, and at night they sounded dismal indeed.

At 5 A.M. on the 21st a salute was fired, almost along the entire line, for recent victories in the Shenandoah Valley. The rebels didn't like those salutes very well, and almost invariably fired back defiantly.

Changes were occurring constantly in our officers, as well as our men. Lieut. Parker returned on the 20th, and assumed command of Co. A, relieving Lieut. Dodge, who had both A and B. Lieut. Kirwin was sick and had gone to hospital. Lieut. James was transferred to D. Quartermaster Hynes had gone on short leave. Capt. Wadsworth had resigned. Lieut. Hitchcock had returned. Lieut. Davis had been discharged. Capt. Houghton and Lieut. Hazen had sent certificates of their inability to return at present (they went home with the '61 men). These were the changes and officers' data, all of recent date.

On the morning of the 21st the big mortar fired several times in rapid succession, and then the whole line took it up as if by common consent; and such a banging as followed for about an hour seldom occurs in war, except in actual fighting or a regular bombardment. The earth trembled, and so did the Johnnies; for they thought it was simply announcing an intended attack. How they sprang to their guns at the first sign of cessation, and how quickly and fiercely they replied!

Singularly fortunate were we on the night of the 22d — not a man on duty away from camp. It must have been a mistake; but we found no fault. Dr. (Asst. Surgeon) C. A. Burnham got his discharge on the 23d. We had to send fifty men on fatigue, and the rest of us went into the trenches.

We moved camp again on the 24th, back out of range; and we appreciated it much. "The screeching shell will not now cavort through our camp, and laugh when our fear cometh." Our new position was in the rear of our Corps Headquarters. Another salute by our fiery-mouthed guns for victories. The rebels were not blamable for getting mad at those frequent salutes. Quartermaster Hynes got back from leave on the 25th.

A great move was in contemplation, without doubt, as everything looked like it; but for some reason the "move" didn't get into motion. A camp story that we were to be paid off soon for six months had a peculiar effect on us. Those who had a little of the needful left, released the hitherto rigid grasp on it and visited the sutler.

The companies began to drill on the 26th, and new bugles for our musicians came to hand, or rather to mouth. On the 27th, we had squad, company and battalion drill. The companies (only 6)

presented an appearance on drill which would hardly strike terror to a rebel. They were of only 10 or 12 files each. The paymaster was at work near us; but we did not apprehend any danger. The Sixteenth New York Heavy Artillery entertained him the 27th.

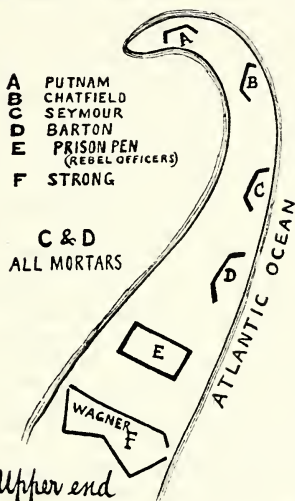
We were stirred to our very foundations on the 28th by an order which could not be mistaken, to get ready at once for a move, taking two days' rations. What a pity that we were not permitted to

see the paymaster before we went. At 3 p.m. we were off, going to the right and reaching the Appomattox, crossing it at Broad Landing, and proceeding to the vicinity of Deep Bottom. We reached there about midnight, having crossed the pontoons, with only three halts since starting. A hard march. The following general item will aid the reader to trace movements: "28th Sept., p.m., the Tenth Army Corps (Birney) moved, and at midnight crossed the James to north side at Deep Bottom. Gen. Ord, with Eighteenth Corps, crossed at Aiken's Landing, eight miles above. Both corps ready at daylight next morning."

We rested as much as possible till morning, when, having gotten our breakfast, all the troops (there were a lot of 'em) were put in motion.

A diary says: "29 Sept. 1864. Up early. Broke camp. Went out into the old road and halted in rear of a ravine, and

soon after crossed it — a very rough place, with thick undergrowth and a mill-stream. We then went on the skirmish line, with the Seventh Connecticut, and soon after advanced to the turnpike; but the Johnnies left, and we were glad. The Third continued to advance to the right and up a hill, and found four guns, which the Johnnies had been using on us, still hot. We captured a team having one man and two women — one of the latter a young woman and with a child. The owner of this turnout was a Mr. Libby, the owner also of a large tobacco building in Richmond. We changed positions again, up the road to the left, in a westerly direction, and closed up in columns of regiments by brigades. We lay there a short time only, when we again proceeded against Richmond, our (Second) brigade being ahead and our division following the cavalry. We got within say three and one-half miles of Richmond, then faced about and back to rear



A-B-F NAMED BY G.O. 94 of '63 D.S.

C-D NAMED BY G.O. 102 of '63 D.S.

without a halt till well to rear. After resting a little, we were moved to a new line, farther to the right, where we turned in [into what?] and rested our weary bodies till morning."

There was much fighting during the 29th, but considerably to our left, and by other brigades of our division. We were informed that Chapin's (probably "Chaffin's") Bluff and Fort Harrison had been taken, also that the Eighteenth Corps was heavily engaged, and that the colored troops suffered severely. One writer has it that the colored troops protected our flank and were in a charge for that purpose. Other histories record the fact that Gen. Butler afterward awarded medals to a large number of colored soldiers for valor shown that day. The Thirteenth New Hampshire Historian says: "Gen. Birney, with the Tenth Corps and a body of colored troops of the Eighteenth Corps, carried everything before him at Deep Bottom before 9 A.M., and before noon swept around upon the New Market Road, advanced and established communication with the right of Gen. Stannard's Division, north of Fort Harrison, as had been arranged. Gen. Birney could not, however, dislodge the enemy on his front, though his troops—especially the colored troops, who made the assault—behaved with great gallantry. Their charge was witnessed by us [Thirteenth New Hampshire] from Fort Harrison."

Another writer says we bivouacked at night near Laurel Hill. Still another writer says: "This was the great move on the north of the James River, in which Fort Harrison was captured, etc. The line was about ten miles long, and we [Third New Hampshire] on the extreme right. On our left were the colored troops, and the fighting was very severe and the casualties great; and the same still further to the left. Gen. Donohoe (formerly Capt. Co. C, Third New Hampshire), commanding a brigade, charged and took the fort. He was wounded; also Gen. Stannard, who lost an arm; and Gen. Burnham was killed. It was in consequence of this latter that Gen. Donohoe commanded the brigade."

This feint on Richmond accomplished its purpose, viz.: to stop Hoke's (rebel) corps from going to Petersburg, as they engaged us instead.

[Gen. Grant to Gen. Halleck.]

CHAPIN'S FARM, 10.45 A.M., 29 Sept. 1864.

... Ord's corps advanced this morning and carried ... strongly fortified long lines of intrenchments below Chapin's Farm ... fifteen pieces artillery and ... 200 to 300 prisoners ... Ord wounded ... Birney advanced at same time from Deep Bottom ... carried New Market Road and intrenchments ... scattered enemy in every direction ... captured but few. Birney now marching toward Richmond ... whole country filled with field fortifications thus far.

Further information of the operations of the 29th may be gleaned from the report Maj. Randlett made 13 Oct. 1864, as follows:—

To Lieut. E. L. MOORE, A. A.-G.,

13 October 1864.

Second Brigade, First Division, Tenth Army Corps.

On Sept. 29th moved at 4 A.M., with Second Brigade, in First Division column, from Deep Bottom toward New Market Road before the Heights. Was ordered by Col. J. C. Abbott, Commanding Brigade, to throw my regiment forward to join the Seventh Connecticut Volunteers, skirmishing, and command the skirmish line. Advanced about 200 yards across ravine and light woods; came to an opening from which I discovered the enemy's

position to be in continual line of breastworks and rifle-pits, at foot of the hills, and running with New Market Road. Col. Abbott instructed me to advance my lines as rapidly as possible, reporting success to him, exercising my own discretion. When in full view of the enemy and his works, 500 yards across the opening, I advanced a light line and drew from the enemy the disposition of his forces. Finding my line flanked on the left by works similar to those in my front, and discovering that he was reinforcing the flank, I ordered my men to lie down, the advantage of the rolling ground being such as to entirely protect them from his infantry, while his artillery ploughed over us into the ravine. I then sent a messenger to Col. Abbott, informing him of the disposition of my command, respectfully suggesting that a force be sent to relieve my left flank. I was informed that Gen. Terry had sent a detachment of colored troops to that duty. As soon as those troops advanced, I pushed forward my first line of skirmishers and, finding but a small force in my front, ordered my whole command to charge. The enemy, discovering the success of the colored troops on my left, gave us their works without much of a struggle. Finding my way clear, I determined to gain possession of the heights, before the enemy should discover the actual strength of my force. He had already started with his guns. Leaving the Seventh Connecticut, Capt. Atwell, in charge of the works on the road, I advanced with the Third New Hampshire and took possession of the heights. Immediately pushing out a few skirmishers, they captured a Mr. Libby, owner of the farm we occupied, and said to be of Libby Prison notoriety. This gentleman was in his loaded wagon, started for Richmond. From him and the negroes of the place captured, I learned that the enemy's battery consisted of 8 guns. I judged from my own observation of the enemy that his force was about 600 infantry, 200 cavalry and the battery. The cavalry advanced at one time as if to charge; but seeing the remainder of Col. Abbott's command advancing, retired. My own force was less than 300. In this operation, so remarkably successful, I am much indebted to Capt. Atwell and his command (Seventh Connecticut) for the cheerful and gallant manner in which they obeyed my orders, as I am quite positive that had the enemy discovered my real force, or seen the least spirit other than determined bravery, they would not have given us the position. Occupying this position, in half an hour I received orders to rejoin the brigade. Afternoon of same day marched with First Division on reconnoissance to within two miles of Richmond to our intrenched lines same evening. During the day, the officers and men of my command behaved in a manner creditable to themselves and to my perfect gratification.

Very respectfully, etc..

JAMES F. RANDLETT,

Maj., Third New Hampshire Vols., Commanding Regiment.

A hasty breakfast on the morning of the 30th, and we were again on the move. The troops formed in column by divisions. The doings of that day as recorded are not really at variance; but being written from different standpoints, apparently differ. One says: "Marched and countermarched all day, and at last went into the trenches. The rebels came down on our troops on the left, at Fort Harrison, and got whipped three times." Another says: "Considerable skirmishing during the day, and was attacked by enemy about 3 p.m. They were repulsed. They then attacked our cavalry, but were again repulsed. The cavalry captured about 300 prisoners and several battle-flags." Still another says: "Turned out at 4 a.m., and moved into the trenches to the left before noon. The rebels charged our position on the left this afternoon and were repulsed. Rations issued at midnight tonight."

By another diary, it would appear that our regiment was a very slim affair so far as numbers went. This diary says in substance that Capt. Stearns with 75 men went on picket, and grammatically

construed, the writer says that detachment constituted one of the wings of the regiment. If true, then we had about 150 men there. Soon after nightfall it began to rain, and we all had a very unpleasant night. We were in momentary expectation of an attack, or to be an attacking party ourselves. Not much sleep was possible under such circumstances.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

(There appear to be none of special interest.)

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

General Order 131, of the 8th, ordered a salute throughout the Department for Sherman's victories, and the Northern District to fire shotted guns.

General Order 132, of the 8th, announced the establishment of a Depository for soldiers' savings (!), and appointed Paymaster R. J. Stevens in charge. Deposits to be called for at pleasure.

General Order 139, of the 26th, changed the names of certain forts, in honor of fallen and brave officers. The work within the intrenchment at Hilton Head to be called Fort Sherman (after Gen. T. W. Sherman). The work at Mitchellville to be called Fort Howell (after Gen. J. B. Howell, formerly Colonel of Eighty-fifth Pennsylvania). The work at Beaufort to be called Fort Stevens (after Brig.-Gen. Isaac I. Stevens). The work at Spanish Wells to be called Battery Holbrook (after Lieut. Henry Holbrook, Third Rhode Island).

Department of the South Statistics for September 1864 are: Total troops, 6,643; cases sick, 1,679; died, 25; cases wounded, 28; died, 4.

The Monthly Return shows:—

Field and Staff	4 men,	5 officers.
Co. A	43 "	3 "
B	46 "	3 "
C	41 "	3 "
D	49 "	2 "
E	51 "	3 "
F	40 "	2 "
G	48 "	2 "
H	58 "	2 "
I	54 "	3 "
K	42 "	1 "
Present aggregate . . .	476	29 505
Aggregate last report . .	484	32 516

The companies are so reduced that they are only having one cook each as a rule. H and I are the only exceptions this month.

Killed in action or died of wounds: C, 1; E, 2; I, 1: total, 4.

Missing in action: 1 (M. Hennessy of H, since 16 Aug.)

Died of disease: C, 1; H, 1.

OCTOBER, 1864.

WE were rudely and early awakened on the first day of October by War's alarm. The wet of the previous night had not dampened anybody's ardor, so far as could be seen. Though the air was well charged with moisture, an occasional odor of burned gunpowder was wafted about us. The day had advanced to about 9 o'clock ere we were put in motion, the direction being toward the front. On we went, up the Darbytown Road, to its junction with the Richmond Central, and still beyond, a distance of nearly a mile. This march was peculiarly hard, exhausting and annoying. Everything was damp, sticky, clingy, and we perspiring at every pore. It was said we were then within two and one-half miles of Richmond. How aggravating to be so near and yet so far—from its capture. Several diaries called it as near as two miles. One diary says: "Our brigade deployed as skirmishers and within sight of Richmond, advancing within rifle shot of the enemy's battery, under a heavy artillery fire. From diaries it is learned that the regiment was commanded that day by Lieut. Edgerly.

The official report of the day's movements, made on the 15th by Maj. Randlett, explains itself:—

HEADQUARTERS THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLUNTEERS,
LAUREL HILL, BEFORE RICHMOND, VA., 15 Oct. 1864.

Lieut. E. LEWIS MOORE, A. A. A.-G.

Second Brigade, First Division, Tenth Army Corps.

Lieutenant: I have the honor to make the following report of the part taken by my command in reconnaissance of First Division, Tenth Army Corps, before Richmond, on the 1st day of October, 1864:—

Left intrenched position at 9.30 o'clock A.M., and marched up Darbytown Road to junction of Richmond Central Road. After proceeding about one and three-quarters miles on this road, my regiment was deployed as skirmishers, with Sixth and Seventh Connecticut and Seventh New Hampshire Volunteers, under Col. Rockwell of Sixth Connecticut Volunteers. Advanced to within sight of rebel capital. Met no infantry opposition to within seven hundred yards of its fortifications. The artillery fire was very heavy from every point of the enemy's front.

Losses of command: wounded, 1; missing, 1; total, 2. In this day's duty the regiment was under command of Lieut. J. Homer Edgerly, whose conduct was reported by all to have been extremely praiseworthy. The command returned to our intrenchments at about 10 o'clock P.M.

I was absent from my command, as "Division Officer of the Day"; and by order of Maj.-Gen. D. B. Birney, Corps Commander, accompanied Tenth Connecticut Volunteers in a movement to the left of the division column, to divert the enemy's attention, which was very successful.

I am, Lieutenant, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAMES F. RANDLETT,

Major, Third New Hampshire Vols., Commanding Regiment.

An account by Lieut. Dodge furnishes additional and interesting particulars of the doings of Saturday, 1 Oct. 1864: "After a wet night we started in middle of the forenoon. It was a disagreeable day—cold, wet, nasty, as well as bad under foot. Maj. Randlett was Division Officer of the Day; and as Stearns, who was next in command, was on picket with 75 of the Third, the command devolved upon Lieut. J. Homer Edgerly, with Lieut. Wm. Ladd Dodge second in command. Pushing out towards the Richmond Turnpike, found the Sixth Connecticut, Seventh Connecticut, Seventh New Hampshire and One Hundred and Forty-eighth New York, of our brigade, with a flying battery, two brigades of cavalry and the First Brigade of our division. Our brigade deployed facing Richmond, Sixth Connecticut on the right, then the Third New Hampshire, followed by Seventh Connecticut, the Seventh New Hampshire and One Hundred and Forty-eighth New York being in reserve. Our flanks were covered by the cavalry and the battery, going free and easy.

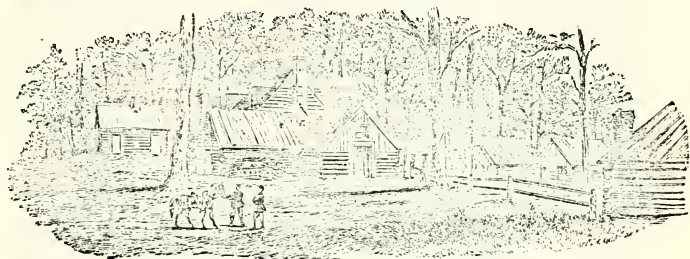
"In this manner we advanced to within 1,000 yards of the outer works of Richmond, nearer than any infantry had been during the war. Johnnies opened at short range and did much damage, having an enfilading fire on us. Their cavalry was in plain sight, and many houses were set on fire by them to prevent falling into our hands. But our movement was, it turned out, only a reconnaissance in force to see the country; and in due time we started for home. The First Brigade covered our retreat. We had not proceeded far before it rained, and quite hard, the troops marching on one side of the road and artillery and cavalry on the other. The roads in many places were filled with water, and from the sounds we all knew the rebel cavalry were hanging on the flanks; so on we pushed, so tired, so hungry, but with not a word of complaint, each straining to keep in place, knowing full well that to halt was to be captured. But when we reached our pickets there was something very comical in the way some made a dive head first into the mud and bushes outside the road; and many did not report until the next day. It was long after dark when we arrived back at point of starting. Then a detail for Lieut. Edgerly, leaving the regiment in command of Lieut. Dodge until return of picket the following morning. For several days the regiment remained in this place, homeless, without knapsacks, and ready for any adventure."

We were kindly permitted on the 2d to "dry off," but not to the entire completion of that enjoyable diversion. About ten o'clock we were put *en route* again; and though not actually engaged ourselves, were moved about somewhat, but finally halted nearly in front of our Division Headquarters, and, later, bivouacked for the night. A rebel skirmish line was reported to have surrendered to our forces that day, and was said to have belonged to Pickett's division.

The important items of the 3d—a quiet day for us—were as follows: “The drying off” was substantially completed; the sutler arrived; the paymaster was getting conveniently nearer to us; and a rumor that certain officers were to be permitted to be mustered out under some peculiar and recent decision or order of the War Department. At night we were again moved, and to the left, to a large knoll in the rear of the Twenty-fourth Massachusetts. Though a knoll, the place was damp, and we lost by exchange of spots.

Matters were apparently at a standstill: for on the 4th, 5th and 6th, we laid around in a rather loose manner, filling in the time by swapping camp rumors and speculating on the probability of being paid off.

The morning of the 7th ended our inactivity. The whole day was full of the opposite; and when the Third New Hampshire was not actually in full activity, it was in the very midst of it, and in some cases we had hard work to keep our little body together as a



GEN. BUTLER'S HEADQUARTERS, NEAR DUTCH GAP, VA.

whole. The accounts are various, and each of interest. One says: “New Market Road: right wing forward as skirmishers, left connecting with detachment of Kautz’s cavalry, and right connecting with skirmishers of Third Brigade. Cavalry fell back without warning. We at once deployed to cover the ground. Got short of ammunition. In response for more, got 75 men of Seventh Connecticut, with their Spencers. Enemy charged and overpowered us, but were at once driven back by our main line.” Another says: “Rebels attacked at daylight. Our regiment ordered to right flank. They charged and were repulsed. Our loss was 1 killed, 11 wounded, 13 taken prisoners.” The Thirteenth New Hampshire Historian says: “The enemy attempted to turn the right flank of the Army of the James, but was repulsed with severe loss near New Market. Union loss about 500. Enemy’s loss much greater, and he abandoned his central road. The part of line attacked was held by Kautz’s cavalry, who are said to have been surprised at daylight. Kautz met with a severe loss—nearly all of his artillery and many men.” Another says: “Fell in and took position on the right of our works . . . the rebels charged . . . we followed them about a mile,

and stopped till 9.30 p.m., when we returned to our position on the right [where the rebels were repulsed in the morning.—D.E.], and staid there all night." Another says: "We moved to the road and formed a line of battle; all in confusion, our brigade advances, our left wing is put out as skirmishers, and we advanced to meet the enemy. Didn't go far, nor the rebels either; for we drove them back in a hurry."

The regiment went into this fight with pay-rolls signed, but not actually paid. The official account, made the 16th, is as follows:—

HEADQUARTERS THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLUNTEERS,
LAUREL HILL, BEFORE RICHMOND, VA., 16 Oct. 1864.

Lieut. E. LEWIS MOORE, J. A. J.-G.,

Second Brigade, First Division, Tenth Army Corps.

Lieutenant: I have the honor to make the following report of the part taken by my command in the action of 7 Oct. 1864:—

Broke camp within intrenched line, Laurel Hill, about 8.30 o'clock A.M. Moved toward right of our line, in column of Second Brigade, First Division, Tenth Army Corps. Formed part of line of battle with that brigade on New Market Road. Here learned the enemy were advancing, driving our cavalry force. Col. J. C. Abbott, commanding brigade, ordered me to advance the right wing of my regiment as skirmishers to meet the enemy. Advanced as directed; met the enemy in force, about seven hundred yards from New Market Road, in line of battle running parallel with the same. The right of my line was soon after connected with skirmishers from Third Brigade; my left connected with a detachment of Gen. Kautz's cavalry. These cavalry skirmishers had been driven by the enemy and claimed position in the opening. I did not deem it prudent to advance further, as the enemy's line of battle was within one hundred yards, his skirmishers being driven handsomely by my men a few moments after gaining this position; and I discovered, from the bristling bayonets of the enemy and his quiet yet exposed deportment, that he was determined to advance. At this critical moment my orderly reported to me that the cavalry had fallen back, leaving me no word and my left flank entirely exposed. I immediately faced my command by left flank and covered the ground so unceremoniously left by the cavalry. The enemy advanced steadily at this point to within eighty yards of my line, and were handsomely repulsed by my skirmishers. At this time my men began to complain that their ammunition was getting short, which I reported to Col. Abbott, who informed me he could not replenish it, but gave me seventy-five men from the Seventh Connecticut Volunteers, armed the same as my own men (Spencer repeating carbines). With these few men (not over one hundred and fifty in all) I succeeded in keeping the enemy back for more than half an hour, when he advanced in bayonet charge in two lines of battle. My men were confident they could repulse them; and as my orders had been "to hold them as long as possible," there was no chance for those on the left of the line to escape; and nobly they contested the ground with the formidable force within fifteen yards of my line, some of them destroying their arms before surrendering. Thirteen of these brave fellows fell into the enemy's hands, I trust unharmed prisoners. There was no possible chance for escape, for our main line opened fire on the enemy before the left of my line began to give way. I attach no blame to any one for this; for had my men returned to the line it must have been with the enemy. I immediately joined my left wing, which was in the main line of battle, second battalion, from the left of the brigade line. The enemy must have been punished severely, as on my left the distance was less than one hundred yards and the enemy stood a long time in full view in line of battle and received a terrible fire from the seven-shooters. Those of my men who were secreted beneath logs when the enemy charged over them, captured thirty-one of the enemy as they fell back, one man capturing six prisoners.

Afternoon of the same day, advanced with division column in pursuit of enemy; but he would not receive battle. Returned and took position on ground contested with the enemy.

Of the conduct of the men and officers of this skirmish line I make no comment; but I trust the importance of the repeating rifle or carbine for skirmishing will be fully appreciated, as I do not believe the same number of men armed with any other piece would have held the enemy in check for a moment.

My loss in Third New Hampshire Volunteers: 1 man killed, 11 wounded and 13 taken prisoners: total, 25.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant.

JAMES F. RANDETT,

Major, Third New Hampshire Vols., Commanding Regiment.

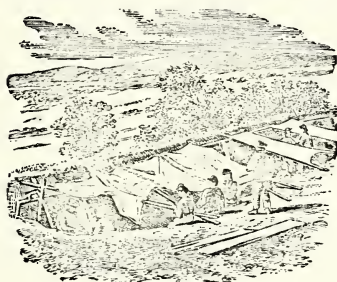
Several additional points concerning the affair of 7 October are contained in an account by Lieut. Dodge, as follows:—

The night of the 6th October 1864 found the Third as the relief or reserve regiment of the brigade. After breakfast on the 7th, and before the dishes were washed, we were alarmed and annoyed by riderless horses and army wagons passing over and around our camp ground. What did it mean? No one knew,—but we soon had the order to fall in in a hurry. As we had but a small kit of goods, the operation of falling in consisted in getting into a perpendicular position, hanging on the trappings and forming into line. This was soon done, and we started for the rear at right angles to our front. Soon Adrian, that ever-present shadow of Gen. A. H. Terry, put in an appearance,—and Maj. Randlett was ordered to take his right wing as skirmishers and let left wing follow as support. But as usual, instead of skirmishing for only its own front, it did more, and they proceeded until they met the Johnny skirmishers, which they soon drove back upon their main force, and waited for further orders; but it was too late. The rebel hosts advancing bagged the most of them; and part—the larger part—never returned to the regiment again, but died in prison. On they came. The remainder of the regiment were stationed between One Hundred and Forty-eighth New York on their right and Seventh New Hampshire on their left, in the woods. Firing became quite general by both of our flanking regiments; but our men were peacefully sitting on the ground, in best of spirits, joking and having a real good time, some telling stories. Others poking fun at the heavy artillery regiment on the right, where the file closers were trying to make the rear rank men step off with their right feet when they fired; but that season soon ended. Firing became oftener and nearer, when we found the Johnnies in our very front stealthily progressing, thinking there might be a break between the two regiments that had been firing. But they found out the “error of their belief” in short metre; for the “coffee-grinders” worked off over 40 rounds apiece before they stopped firing, for the firing and charge became general. Defeat was their reward. Four rebels lay dead within twenty feet of our front, and a large number besides at a further distance. They had received enough of it, and left their dead and dying in most cases. In prospecting after the lull, captured because he could not run or use his arms, a rebel Captain, belonging to a South Carolina regiment, pleasantly, with an oath, asked what kind of weapon “we” used. He had been through the Peninsula and always at the front; but for pure and undiluted storm of lead had never seen the equal of our fire. Poor fellow was wounded several times in legs, also in his arm. After reasonable waiting we calmed down and ate our lunch; and it was not until late in the afternoon when we moved from that position to advance and “look the land-scape o’er.” We returned there to sleep, and soon after built a formidable breastwork and made home under the “shadow of its wing.”

The morning of the 8th told us that the enemy had decided to stay near us; and during the day our forces began the erection of works to protect our right flank. Substantially nothing was done

during the day in the line of offensive measures. Our hearts and stomachs too were both gladdened (one by lightness and the other by heaviness) on the 9th by the arrival of a load of sutler's goods, which the kind-hearted (!) man sold us on trust. He was "subtle-er" than we knew. He knew the paymaster was coming on the morrow to pay us off for six months. Can one wonder at his prodigious kindness and trusting simplicity? The work was quite well advanced by night, and we were moved up to it in our proper place. The work had an abattis in front.

We were paid off the 10th, for six months, by Maj. O. W. Donovan, who tendered us all the 7-30 notes we wanted. Some of the men used up the day in hunting up their creditors and settling their indebtedness. Creditors also anxiously looked for debtors; and many made a break for the sutler's tent, and ended the day in inward pain. Canned goods were the great desideratum, and the empty cans lying about would rejoice the heart of a goat, broncho or mule, all of whom are reported to thrive on such diet.



RIFLE-PITS.

The quietness of our vicinity was in some degree attributed to the fact that

Gen. Birney had been taken quite ill and had gone away, leaving Gen. Terry in temporary command of the corps. He probably felt delicate about active operations during his chief's temporary absence. Gen. Ames was commanding our division.

The 11th was entirely devoid of event worthy of record. An attack on our pickets about 3 A.M. on the 12th turned us all out lively. Later we got orders for "three days' rations and light marching order," and at 3 P.M. we were off again, we knew not where or for what. At night we were sent back to our camp, arriving there in a drizzling rain. During the afternoon the whole division had been massed, presenting a solid frontage of about half a mile. On arriving at camp, we were directed to retain the rations, as we were liable to be ordered away at any moment.

The 13th marked active operations, and we got our full share. Our division went on a reconnoissance. We started very early, and were a support, in a charge, to the First Brigade, and also covered that brigade's retreat. One account says: "Formed line at 4.30 A.M., and marched on same route as started on last night. Crossed the Darbytown Road and massed. Advanced to the woods and found the enemy strongly intrenched on the other side. In reserve and skirmish all day to 3 P.M., when we were support to First Brigade in an unsuccessful assault. Then fell back and formed line in open field. The whole force then withdrew from the woods, which

were then shelled by our artillery for an hour, after which the whole force returned to camp." One puts it that we marched out about five miles. Another says: "The First Division moved at 4 A.M., followed by the Third Division. Struck enemy's skirmish line at sunrise. Skirmished till 2 P.M."

The official report of today's doings, made the 21st, is as follows:—

HEADQUARTERS THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLUNTEERS.

LAUREL HILL, BEFORE RICHMOND, VA., 21 Oct. 1864.

Lieut. E. LEWIS MOORE, A. A. A.-G.,

Second Brigade, First Division, Tenth Army Corps.

Lieutenant: I have the honor to report the following as the part taken by my command in reconnoissance of 13 October 1864:—

Left camp at four o'clock A.M. Marched in column, Second Brigade, First Division, Tenth Army Corps. On meeting enemy was ordered to deploy my command in rear right wing, brigade line, as reserve. Soon after was ordered to right of division line in rear of First Brigade, to communicate with Col. Pond, commanding that brigade. Col. Pond ordered me to form column in rear of his command, which I did by deploying in column by wing right in front. After lying in this position for more than an hour, orders were received to charge the enemy's works in our front. Col. Pond's brigade, reinforced by the Tenth Connecticut Volunteers, formed in battalion line in double column closed in mass. My command formed thirty yards in rear of battalion of direction. The line advanced steadily at command forward for about two hundred yards, when the command to charge was given. We dashed forward about two hundred yards further. A yell given by the charging column seemed to inspire hope of success, but proved to give the concealed enemy the position of our forces and drew a terrific fire, under which Col. Pond's brigade retired in confusion. My command retained their position, not a man leaving the ranks. Col. Pond soon rallied a portion of his brigade. Orders were received to retire, and I covered the retreating column.

I cannot refrain from comment on this charge, after stating so much relating to the conduct of this brigade. It appears to me that our advance was made too far to the right, as nearly all the fire from the enemy came across from enemy to left of our flank. I do not think the position could have been carried with the force of our command; but I cannot refrain from stating that it is my belief that the ground was not thoroughly skirmished before the charge was made.

On retiring I was ordered to join the Second Brigade, and with them returned to camp. Of the conduct of my officers and men in this unhappy affair I am truly proud, as none but true soldiers would have withstood the demoralizing shock of the retiring force.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAMES F. RANDLETT,

Major, Third New Hampshire Vols., Commanding Regiment.

One event of the day must not be overlooked. Gen. Butler, in an order of the 13th, said that, having learned that Union prisoners in Confederate hands had been set at work in the trenches in our front at Chapin's Farm (about 150 men), he directed a like number of their prisoners in our hands, and preferably the Virginia Reserves, be treated likewise, with same rations—one pound flour, one-third pound bacon daily—ten hours' work, and in the Dutch Gap and other works. (See *Army and Navy Journal*, 22 Oct. 1864.)

The line of our works was undergoing a change, and the new line to be run right through our camp.

We moved camp again on the 14th, to conform to the new line of works. The labor of the new protective work, though great, progressed very favorably. Dr. Buzzell returned 14th. He had been to Philadelphia with Gen. Birney (see 10th). Matters were quieting down, and apparently we were to stay where we were for awhile. The best indication of that was that the sutler had got a larger tent, and filled it with all that goes to make the soldier happy. He was a subtle man. The proximity of a well-balanced sutler results in an unbalancing of other people. Several chastisements for minor offences were recorded about this time.

The 15th marked the completion of a well; and 'tis well 'twas so, because the sutler had been supplying something else. This well was equivalent to finding a gold or silver mine — 'twas money in the boys' pockets. If one felt an aching void, he could distend the walls of his stomach without breaking a five dollar bill and finding himself unable to gather up the fragments after a little.

The writer finds one little word entered up in a diary that is truly a *multum in parvo*. The word is "loused," and it is a verb, expressing, as the grammarians say, "something done or performed." Any war history lacking this word is incomplete, and a soldier's individual diary without it is a barren waste. It is said that a certain Irishman, who was having a good time at the above-named game, — for it's really a game, — was approached by an officer of rank, who thought he would have a little sport with Patrick. The player of the little game was seated upon the ground, his back bare, his shirt spread flat upon the earth in his immediate front. Patrick was leaning lovingly over this nether garment, and possibly may have been counting the stitches; yet his frequent convulsive movements could hardly be said to be accounted for in that way. About once in thirty seconds he suddenly placed his two thumb nails together with a sort of rolling motion. The officer approached. Patrick looked up. "Good morning, my man!" said he of the ranky strap, and added, without giving Patrick a chance to reply, "I see you are picking them out." Patrick was alive in a minute, and the reply set the officer in motion at once. "Begorra, no; Oi'm taking 'em as they come!"

In this work of trench-making and changing lines, it must be understood that the Third New Hampshire had to furnish details who put in many a weary hour with shovel and pick.

NOTE.—Lieuts. Bowen and Parker, with the writer, visited Laurel Hill in September, 1892; and under the guidance of Lieut. Bowen, the old camp-ground of the Third New Hampshire was located, and in rear of the extreme left of a line of works ending in a crescent-shaped battery. A dwelling, say half a mile rearward, was still visible. The party also visited Fort Gilmer and other rebel works.

On Sunday, the 16th, the day was almost entirely devoted to drawing clothing, fixing up our camp a little and buying sutler's goods. Several officers were expecting to be mustered out under a decision referred to several days ago, and the order for their muster-out arrived on the 17th. Adj't. Copp, Lieuts. Dodge and Connelly

were the lucky ones. Adj. Copp was absent and Lieuts. Dodge and Connelly got final muster-out on the 19th, both starting "for America" next day.

The 18th marked the commencement of log houses.

Maj. Randlett got his commission as Lieutenant-Colonel on the 19th, and we received news of Gen. Birney's death. He was much respected and died regretted by us all. As a sequel to the order of Gen. Butler of the 13th (which see), Gen. Lee notified Gen. Grant the 9th in substance that he had relieved the (our) men who had been placed at work in the trenches.

We were turned out bright and early on the morning of the 20th, to hear and see a shotted salute all along our lines in honor of a recent victory by Sheridan. The rebels tried to duplicate our cheers. Every man on duty. Gen. Butler announced Gen. Birney's death on the 31st by General Order 135.

The 22d recorded a snow squall. Think of that, ye well-housed men and women at home! Lieut. Edgerly received a Captain's commission on the 22d—well deserved, too, for he was the most popular officer in the regiment. Matters were quiet, but so quiet that they portended a storm; and it came.

On the 26th we were ordered to be ready to move at 4 A.M. on the morrow. Under this date the Thirteenth New Hampshire Historian says: "Tomorrow the whole Union Army is to be set in motion and, leaving only a small garrison along its thirty miles of fortifications, is to make the most powerful demonstration yet attempted on the enemy's present lines,—if possible, to turn his right flank south of Petersburg, and gain possession of the southern railroads. The purpose of our force now on Cox's farm (he means the corps in which the Thirteenth New Hampshire was) is to gain the nearest possible point to Richmond and to prevent the transfer of Lee's troops from there toward his Petersburg lines; and, if his left wing can be turned, to march into Richmond. . . . The Tenth Corps, Gen. Terry, is to make a demonstration on the Charles City and Darbytown Roads, while Gen. Weitzel's force of the Eighteenth Corps is to push through the White Oak Swamp at Hobson's Crossing, move up to the Williamsburg turnpike, and then attack. Consequently the Eighteenth Corps will post to the rear of the Tenth Corps and along to the right of it, then face to the left and advance."

We had a heavy fatigue detail during the day, and the large majority of the regiment thus became practically unfitted for the sore trials which so soon followed. Records of early turnouts have probably become rather insipid to the reader; but to us they were a living reality, full of meaning. This time (27th) it was about 2 A.M., and our line was ready to start before 4. We traversed substantially the same ground as on the 13th, and with three days' rations in our haversacks. A diary says: "Deployed as skirmishers [his company was E.—D.E.] and advanced under a brisk fire to the enemy's works, where we halted for an hour, and then moved from the left of our division to the right. Then formed a skirmish line again and advanced on the enemy's skirmishers, and drove them back. Held our position till night, under musketry and artillery fire."

Of the operations of that day (27 Oct.) the *Army and Navy Journal* of 5 Nov. says:—

At daybreak of Thursday, Terry's Tenth Army Corps moved out along the Darbytown Road and threw itself out in the direction of the Charles City Road, occupying the country between these two, nearly on the same ground as in the late reconnoissance in force by the same corps. Terry's First Division (now under Ames) held the right; Turner's Second (now under Foster) held the center, and Birney's Third (colored, now under Hawley) held the left. Being well deployed in this order near the hamlet known as Darbytown, about four and one-half miles from Richmond, Terry then threw a skirmish line forward; and a sharp encounter took place, commencing first with Gen. Ames, and continuing down to the left where Gen. Hawley was engaged west of the Darbytown Road, and toward the New Market Road . . . about noon, the main advance was ordered . . . driving the enemy inside his intrenchments . . .

We found ourselves on the skirmish line again on the 28th and soon engaged. For reliable data concerning the movements of both days (27th and 28th) see Col. Randlett's official report, which follows:—

HEADQUARTERS THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLUNTEERS,
LAUREL HILL, BEFORE RICHMOND, VA., 30 Oct., 1864.

Lieut. FERDINAND DAVIS, A. A. A.-G.,

Second Brigade, First Division Tenth Army Corps.

Lieutenant: I have the honor to forward the following report of the part taken by my command Oct. 27th and 28th, in skirmish on Darbytown and Charles City Roads:—

Marched from camp at Laurel Hill at 3.45 o'clock on morning of the 27th in column Second Brigade, under command of Col. Abbott. Reached Darbytown Road 5.30 o'clock. Received orders to deploy my command in advance of Second Brigade, and move forward as skirmishers towards enemy's works, my left resting on Darbytown Road, my right connecting with skirmishers of Third (Col. Plaisted's) Brigade. Met the enemy's skirmishers in rifle-pits before his works, and succeeded in driving them from their position to behind their main line of outer defences of Richmond. My loss in this operation was 3 killed and 3 severely wounded.

At ten o'clock received orders to move to the right of division line, the division being right of Tenth Corps. Moved to this position by facing my line by right flank and passing in rear of skirmishers of First and Third Brigades. There I was reinforced by Seventh Connecticut, Capt. Atwell commanding. In my new line the left of Seventh Connecticut connected with right of Sixty-seventh Ohio from First Brigade, the right of the Third New Hampshire resting on Charles City Road. Received orders to advance towards enemy's works and ascertain his force and position. Assured that the line in advance of First Brigade would move forward at the same time, I advanced through woods about one hundred yards and came to an opening. In attempting to cross the corn-field I found the enemy posted the same as I had encountered him on the left—in pits. The skirmishers of First Brigade failed to advance, and consequently a terrific fire from the enemy in our front and on the left flank made it impossible for us to advance more than one hundred yards into the field without great sacrifice of men. My command laid down, holding every pace of ground over which we had advanced. I then attempted to have the First Brigade line advance; but to no purpose. Finding it impracticable to advance the left of our line, for the reason that there were none to engage the enemy who gave us such heavy flank fire, I extended with my reserve my lines further to the right of Charles City Road: drove the enemy's skirmishers in the woods from my front, and succeeded in gaining a position where my fire flanked his pits and drove all before my regiment to behind his works, thus gaining a fine view of the Charles City Road and the line of works generally.

During this advance a continual artillery and infantry fire played upon us, whose effect ceased as soon as his skirmishers were driven in. The distance was so short from the pits that their aim was almost certain; and although but eight men were hit by the enemy's fire, four were killed instantly.

I have to regret the loss of one valuable soldier on the morning of the 28th, shot by our cavalry, who fell back the evening previous; and on their advance in the morning new men did not know our position. My total loss: 7 killed, 8 seriously wounded. At 2 o'clock p.m., 25th, I received orders to assemble my command and join brigade on Darbytown Road, having been on skirmish line thirty-two hours.

Of the conduct of the officers and men under my command, I feel I am justly proud. Each officer did his whole duty, each enlisted man stood nobly by his comrade; and although the night was cold and rainy, not a grumble or complaint at hardship or suffering was heard. My wounded were safely brought in, my dead carefully buried.

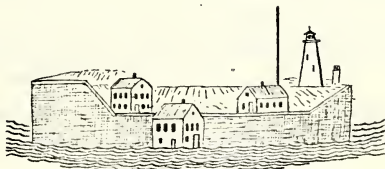
I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAMES F. RANDLETT,

Lieut.-Col., Third New Hampshire Vols., Commanding Regiment.

The 29th did not witness so lively scenes as those of the two days prior. We were in the trenches, but not engaged. The rebels drove in the pickets a little way, on our right; but a cavalry charge regained the lost position.

Not a single detail was made from our shattered ranks on the 30th; and we rested. The 31st arrived with its usual muster for pay, and the month ends, leaving us in a quiescent state, but so near the enemy that five minutes might change the scene and conditions entirely.



FORT SUMTER 1892

NO GUNS WEST OR SOUTH FACE

FLAG STAFF - NO FLAG FLYING

(VIEW FROM THE SOUTHEAST SEP 24 1892)

NOTE.—The above was sketched from a sailboat, in which were Lieuts. Bowen and Parker, the writer, and two others, en route from Sullivan's Island to Morris Island—lower end.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

General Order 265, of the 1st, made regulations for soldiers voting in the field, in cases where States had authorized their absent soldiers to do so. Each political party to have an agent for each corps, and inspectors for each brigade. No speeches or canvassing.

General Order 271, of the 15th, said if officers have no money to pay board (see General Order 127) they may give certificates of indebtedness (due bill).

General Order 272, of the 15th, provided that no more details for recruiting service (recruiting parties) be made except by the War Department (and so amended General Order 80 of 1862).

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

General Order 143, of the 3d, placed Brig.-Gen. E. P. Scammon in command of the Northern District, relieving Gen. Saxton, who then assumed command of Department of Beaufort.

General Order 145, of the 12th, discontinued the "Depository for Soldiers' Savings" (see General Order 132), and Paymaster Stevens was directed to turn over the deposits to their proper owners.

General Order 146, of the 12th, directed that all prisoners at or ordered to Fort Clinch by general court-martial be transferred to Fort Marion, at St. Augustine. Thereafter all sentences to hard labor, if for more than two months, to be made to Fort Marion.

General Order 150 of the 28th forbade officers, soldiers or civilians bringing their wives or other females to the Department without special permit from Department Headquarters or from Secretary of War.

[NOTE.—At this period there appears to have been several general and staff officers sent to the Department by orders from War Department; but whether out of pity for those officers, or for those who were relieved thereby, does not appear.—D.E.]

Department of the South Statistics for October are: Total troops, 6,574; cases sick, 2,063; died, 18; cases wounded, 43; died, 1.

The Monthly Return shows:—

Field and Staff	4 men,	5 officers.
Co. A	33 "	2 "
B	45 "	0 "
C	37 "	3 "
D	46 "	3 "
E	51 "	3 "
F	39 "	3 "
G	41 "	1 "
H	53 "	1 "
I	53 "	3 "
K	40 "	2 "
Present aggregate	442	26 468
Aggregate last report	476	29 505

1st Sergt. Burbank of G has been promoted to 2d lieutenant (muster afterward revoked), and Sergt. Eugleblam of G has been promoted out of the regiment to 2d lieutenant, Seventh U. S. Colored Troops.

Missing in action: A, 9; C, 1; F, 1; G, 3; H, 2: total, 16 (nearly all 7 Oct., at Laurel Hill, Va.)

One recruit has been received: Albert George, Co. A. One man has been gained from finding him to be a prisoner of war (John McGinness of Co. H).

Four men have deserted: D, 2; E, 1; H, 1.

The following table will show the duties and whereabouts of the officers of the regiment:—

Col. Bedel	Still a prisoner of war.
Lieut.-Col. Randlett (late Major)	Comdg. regiment.
No Major.	
Dr. Buzzell	Detached.
Dr. Kimball	On duty.
Adj. Copp	Absent wounded.
No Regtl. Q. M.	
A. Capt. Dearborn	Detached.
1st Lieut. Parker	Comdg. A and Acting Regtl. Q. M.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
B. Co. B has no officers belonging to it.	
C. Capt. Trickey	On duty.
1st Lieut. Woodbury	On leave.
2d Lieut. Donley	Comdg. Co. E.
D. Capt. Maxwell	Detached, Hart's Id., N.Y. Harbor.
1st Lieut. McCoy	Comdg. Co. H.
2d Lieut. Burbank	Absent wounded.
E. Capt. Wadlia	Absent wounded.
1st Lieut. Eldredge	Absent wounded.
2d Lieut. Atherton	Prisoner of war.
F. Capt. Edgerly	On duty.
1st Lieut. Hazen	Absent sick (extension of leave).
2d Lieut. Ackerman	Comdg. Co. G.
G. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. White	Absent wounded.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
H. Capt. Kirwin	Absent sick.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
I. Capt. Houghton	Absent sick (extension of leave).
1st Lieut. Hitchcock	Comdg. Co. I.
2d Lieut. J. S. James	Comdg. Co. D.
K. Capt. Stearns	Sick in quarters.
1st Lieut. Giddings	Detached.
No 2d Lieutenant.	

Officers—losses: Capt. Dow has been discharged on account of expiration of term; also 1st Lieut. Dodge and 2d Lieut. Connelly: all under a liberal construction of the terms of Circular 75 of the War Department. Capt. Jonah Libby, Jr., has been discharged for disability.

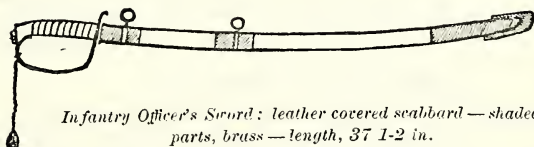
Officers—gain: 2d Lieut. Burbank, to 2d Lieutenant Co. D (muster revoked by the War Department).

Commissions : 2d Lieut. Giddings of A, to 1st Lieutenant Co. K.
2d Lieut. McCoy of H, to 1st Lieutenant Co. D. Burbank, as above.
1st Lieut. Edgerly of D, to Captain Co. F. Maj. Randlett, to
Lieutenant-Colonel.

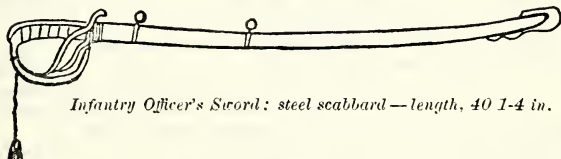
Prisoners of war : Officers — Lieut. Atherton and Col. Bedel.
Men — E, 3 ; F, 1 ; H, 2 ; K, 1 : total, 7.

Officers detached : A, 1 ; D, 1 ; K, 1 ; Field and Staff, 1 : total, 4.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	K	Totals.
Sergeants	4	4	4	5	4	3	1	3	4	4	
Corporals	4	4	2	4	4	4	4	8	6	4	
Musicians	2	1	2	2	2	0	1	2	2	1	
Wagoners	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	
Died of disease	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	3
For duty	8	16	14	19	19	15	8	16	30	15	160
Absent, sick or wounded	14	19	18	22	24	10	27	22	11	14	181
Absent, all other causes	6	5	5	3	6	10	4	10	4	7	60
Joined from desertion .	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3
Killed or died of wounds	2	2	3	0	0	0	1	3	1	1	13



*Infantry Officer's Sword : leather covered scabbard — shaded
parts, brass — length, 37 1-2 in.*



Infantry Officer's Sword : steel scabbard — length, 40 1-4 in.

NOVEMBER, 1864.



THE first day of November did not announce itself with any sort of event or with any degree of enthusiasm. Here we were, just as October left us, in the forefront, ready for emergencies; but the emergency did not seem to be a specially dangerous one.

On the 2d day, matters appeared differently. We were directed to get ready to go away. A diary says, "At 10 P.M., ordered to pack up." Although 'tis early, the writer will let the reader into a little secret. We are going to New York to protect the American citizen while he exercises his right of suffrage. Having divulged our destination and purpose, please watch us and see us go; and stay there, and see us come back. See how much sadder and wiser men we were on our return, etc. As we had men on picket (Co. I, under Lient. Hitchcock), they were relieved to go with regiment.

EXPEDITION TO NEW YORK.

At 5 A.M. on the 3d we were on the move down the New Market Road, to Deep Bottom. There we staid till 4 P.M., when the swift river Steamer *Thomas Powell* took us down to City Point, where we anchored till morning. We arrived at Fort Monroe about 3 P.M. on the 4th; thence to Norfolk, where we were transferred to the Steamer *United States*. On same steamer were the Seventh New Hampshire, Seventh Connecticut and Thirteenth Indiana. As evidence of the ignorance at the front as to the "why and wherefore" of this movement of troops North, a diary, written in the Eighteenth Corps, says: "Many troops are being sent North to protect the frontier." The writer has never heard New York called "the frontier," either before or since.

We left Norfolk at daylight on the 5th, passing Fort Monroe, thence by sea to New York, arriving on the 6th, about noon. Anchored in the North River until about 3 P.M. About 10 P.M. we were taken ashore at Fort Richmond, Staten Island, by the Steamer *Houston*. Being in a land of plenty and peace, and houses, etc., we were somewhat surprised to find we'd got to bivouac right there, in front of barracks, too. It was Sunday, or we might have said cuss-words. Having no Chaplain, it is presumable that a limited number

of condemnatory adjectives were uttered in an undertone. Here was a United States fort. We were in it. There was shelter. We were not permitted to use it. Who blames us if we did make hasty and inelegant selections from the vocabulary and fire them off? We were there to protect the ballot! Oh, yes, no doubt of it! and the reader will see how gallantly we fought for the same, and how magnificently we were entertained during that gallant fight—how sumptuously we fared every day and all that goes with it. We munched our hard-tack and drank our coffee, taking a bite now and then off a cross-cut of boiled pork, “’im as divides the ’oof and cheweth not the end.” The many glances cast by us at the great metropolis, with its myriads of lights and immensity of wealth and population, did not serve to appease our indignation, but rather increased it. We crawled into our shelter-tents as at the front, and were just too mad for anything!

As nearly as we could tell the time, it began to rain at 4 A.M., Monday morning (7th). Did we get up? Yes, and stayed up, too; for we had either to stand up or lie down, rain or no rain. Rigorous military usage required that we should go through the form of an inspection and parade at 8 A.M. This we did in as dignified a manner as possible. Somebody was able to break or bend the stiff military red tape, and at 10 A.M. it was kindly suggested that we might move into the stone casemates. We gladly obeyed the semi-order. About 1 P.M. Lieut.-Col. Randlett was directed to proceed with 100 men to New York on Steamer *Westfield*, taking with him 5,000 rounds and two days' rations of “sol-toss'n'ardtak,” he to be accompanied by Light Battery M. Capt. Langdon. We will now omit much of the minor details, finding the important points all contained in Lieut.-Col. Randlett's report, dated the 18th, and practically covering operations from 2d to 18th. It was while the 100 men were up at New York that the several desertions took place noted under “Desertions,” or a similar title.

Following is Lieut.-Col. Randlett's report:—

HEADQUARTERS THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLUNTEERS,
BEFORE RICHMOND, 18 Nov. 1864.

Brig.-Gen. NATT HEAD, *Adjutant-General of New Hampshire*.

General: I have the honor to transmit herein a record of events of my command since 3 Nov. 1864. Received orders at 9 P.M. 2 Nov. to put my command in order for march immediately; two days' rations, “cooked or uncooked,” all camp and garrison equipage and regimental teams to be taken along. My regiment was at this time in picket line, but were relieved and returned to camp at 2 A.M. 3 Nov. At 4 A.M., two hours later, moved with column of Second Brigade, First Division, Tenth Army Corps, to Deep Bottom. The night had been cold and rainy, and the march, though short, was rough on account of the mud. About 5 P.M. went on board transports, and arrived at Fort Monroe about 3 P.M. 4 Nov. There were transferred to the Steamer *United States*. On this transport were four regiments—Thirteenth Indiana, Seventh Connecticut, Seventh and Third New Hampshire. The accommodations for the men were insufficient, and as a consequence they were literally packed, many being obliged to stand or sit up for want of room to lie down. On the morning of the 5th we got under way at daylight, arriving in New York Harbor at 1 P.M. Sunday, the 6th. At 9 P.M. we disembarked at Fort Richmond on Staten Island and marched to the barrack streets; but as the rooms of the houses were taken up, my command was

ordered to bivouac in the streets. My men found a wood-pile near, and soon had fires and hot coffee. At 4 A.M., the 7th, to add to our discomfort, a smart rain storm commenced. At 8 A.M., inspection; at 10 A.M., quarters were found for us inside Fort Richmond, in the stone casemates. These, being almost entirely open at the sides, served only as protection against the rain, but were even colder than the street bivouac.

At 1 P.M. I received orders to move immediately, with 100 men of my command, on board transport *Westfield*, with Light Battery M, Capt. Langdon, First U. S. Artillery, taking with me 5,000 rounds extra ammunition. Arrived at dock, two days' rations of coffee, hard bread and pork were issued to the command. Judging from the order received, that I was immediately to participate in active operations preserving law and order in the city of New York, the purpose for which we had been ordered from our position before Richmond, I moved my command to meet the emergency, not even taking time to direct my servant to take rations for me, or as much as a towel of my personal baggage.

On board the *Westfield* we lay off Fort Hamilton until dark, when we again crossed to Staten Island, taking on board the One Hundred and Twelfth New York, Thirteenth Indiana and Eleventh Maine, and were immediately ordered to the pier at foot of 42d Street, to await further orders. All day of the 8th we lay at this point. My books, papers and regimental and all officers' baggage had been left at Fort Richmond, and I found myself lying idle with nothing to do except to overawe with our presence those disposed to riot in the city, with the strictest orders not to leave my position without orders. It was a day of sore disappointment to us all, who had anticipated the privilege of adding our votes to the loyal majorities in favor of and confidence in the present administration of our country.

At 4 P.M. Brig.-Gen. Hawley, commanding the forces from the Tenth Army Corps, came alongside and proposed to take an officer on board his flag-ship and send him to Fort Richmond for my election papers. I detailed Capt. W. H. Trickey to go. We waited very patiently for his return till dark; but Gen. Hawley was called in another direction, and took Capt. Trickey with him. The captain returned to me about noon next day. I have to regret very much that my men were not allowed to express their confidence in the Government by their votes to sustain the present administration, but am happy to enclose the accompanying certificate from the officers of the command, relieving me from all responsibility of the denial. We remained on the *Westfield* till afternoon of the 11th, when we disembarked at Fort Richmond.

On the 14th we again embarked on the *United States*, for the Army of the James, arriving at our old camp-ground before Richmond on the evening of the 17th, having been gone fifteen days.

Of this expedition I have only to state that we have never endured more hardships before the enemy. We have no casualties to mourn; but hunger, cold and inconveniences generally characterized the whole expedition. I believe I am not disposed to grumble at sacrifices; but I do think it hard to live in New York Harbor three days on raw salt pork and hard bread. This was the extent of my feed and that of my command, and short at that. I have not written the above as a complaint—such conduct would be unmilitary; but for the purpose that you may have a correct record of the history of the command.

Very respectfully, etc.,

JAMES F. RANDLETT,

Lieut.-Col., Third New Hampshire Vols., Commanding Regiment.

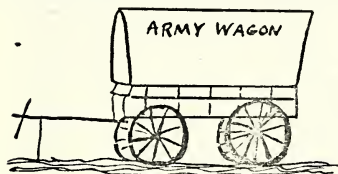
NOTE (1887).—The *Westfield* is a double-ender ferry boat, and plies regularly between New York city and Staten Island. (This is also true in 1892.)

On the 7th of November, in Richmond, the rebel congress assembled. President Jefferson Davis sent in a message. It was read. It contained a recommendation that 40,000 (forty thousand)

slaves be employed in the army; but not as soldiers, except as a last extremity, and that after the war they be emancipated. This proposition was strongly denounced by the *Richmond Examiner*.

THE ELECTION EXCITEMENT.

On the morrow (the 8th) was to be the Presidential election in New York. And now that we are on the eve of it, we may investigate a little to ascertain why we were there, as a part of an armed force, ready to be ordered ashore. We find the following facts: Gen. Dix, Commanding Department of the East, with Headquarters in New York, issued his order on the 4th (his General Order 86), saying that Gen. Butler had been assigned to duty in his Department, and would take command of the troops arriving and to arrive, all for duty in the State of New York, to meet existing emergencies. This order was followed next day (5th) by Butler's general order,



saying that in obedience to orders of the President, he assumed command of the troops arriving, etc. He then went on to say: "To correct misapprehension; to soothe the fears of the weak and timid, the nervousness of the ill-advised; to silence all false rumors

circulated by bad men for wicked purposes, and to contradict once and for all false statements adapted to injure the Government in the respect and confidence of the people—the Commanding General takes occasion to declare that troops have been detailed for duty in this district sufficient to preserve the peace of the United States, to protect public property, to prevent incursions into our borders and insure calm quiet. . . . The soldiers of the United States are specially to see to it that there is no interference with the election unless the civil authorities are overcome with force by bad men . . . They can be a terror to evil doers . . ." He then went on to promise protection to every man in voting as his conscience dictated.

This is why we were there. It was surmised and practically expected that there would be rioting in New York and the election interfered with. The precaution, although an extraordinary move, of sending troops for use in case of necessity, was a wise one. They were kept in the background, however; and that means, we were kept on our vessels, ready to be landed at once if circumstances so required; but the exigency did not arise.

Why were we there? We were on the eve of a Presidential election. The two candidates for the people to choose from were Lincoln and McClellan. We were in the midst of war. Each candidate was surrounded by his admirers and supporters. The coming contest was a bitter one. There were many who believed Lincoln to be just a little too forbearing in his attitude toward the erring ones on the

other side, and thought he ought to "brace up" at once or give way to some other man. Scarcely one could be found who doubted his sincerity or honesty of purpose; but they wanted more vigor and wanted it right off. On the other hand, McClellan had many admirers; and a very large class of what might be termed "sympathizers," who, still remembering that he had been removed from the command of the army, when in their opinion he ought not to have been, thought to place him in the Presidential chair as a sort of vindication or reward for his valor; and this, too, without considering his fitness for the position. The war between these factions waxed hot, and friends were pitted against each other. It was "*my* candidate" — none others to be considered. The soldiers' vote, too, was to be a factor. They were permitted to vote in the field, through State Commissioners. Those on furlough, or officers on leave, had their furloughs and leaves extended to cover election day. Those in hospital were granted furloughs, and their transportation, both ways, was furnished by the Quartermaster's Department. The way to fraud, and the temptation to do such, was an inviting one. The agents representing New York State got into some kind of difficulty, either by themselves or through some sub-agent, as there were charges of fraud (bogus votes) and arrests. A military commission in Washington (Gen. Doubleday, President) began the trial on 3d November of the implicated parties. The State Commissioners asked in vain to have the seized votes turned over to them; and failing in that they also petitioned in vain for a postponement of the trial till after election.

Another phase of the times was a threatened incursion into our borders, or rather a series of them. One, the "St. Albans raid," had already taken place, and others were threatened. It was this Gen. Butler meant in using the word "incursion" in his order assuming command in New York. Among the other points so threatened were Detroit, Mich.; Cleveland, O.; Buffalo and Ogdensburg, N. Y.; Castine, Me., and other important points on and near the border. As a sample of the despatches sent over the country, one will suffice here: —

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., 5 P.M., 3 Nov. 1864.

Threatened raid. A large number of armed men are on the island above and below the place. Many strangers have been in town all day. A raid on the town is feared. Business has been suspended. Everybody is arming. A tug has gone to reconnoitre. Three men have been arrested for firing in the streets. Men and arms have been sent for.

This sort of thing was keeping the people constantly stirred up. Still another cruel rumor was that on election day the principal cities of the North were to be simultaneously fired and destroyed, and that an armed force was coming over the border to release all the rebel prisoners in our hands, notably at Fort Johnson. The Secretary of State telegraphed Mayor Gunther of New York, as follows: —

WASHINGTON, 2 Nov. 1864.

This department has received information from the British Provinces to the effect that there is a conspiracy on foot to set on fire the principal cities in the Northern States on the day of the Presidential election. It is my duty to communicate this to you.

To this the Mayor replied that he had no fears, but would take precautions; and if Federal assistance was necessary, he would invoke it without delay. On that same day Gov. Seymour of New York issued a proclamation, saying "There are no well-grounded fears that the rights of the citizens of New York will be trampled upon at the polls . . . the power of the State is ample . . . it is the duty of the sheriffs that no military or other organized forces shall be allowed to show themselves in the vicinity of the polls with any view of menacing or intimidating citizens in attendance."

Does the reader again ask why we were there? Again, let us see another phase of the election. On the 1st of November there was held an immense mass meeting of War Democrats in the Cooper Institute, New York, at noon. Gens. Dix and Sickles were present and participated to the extent of making speeches. Still another and final sample showing the troublous times: "29 Nov. 1864. U.S.S. *Onondaga*, James River." In a letter thus dated, Lieut.-Comdr. Cushing said he objected to the Navy being used by either party as a political measure. He said commissioners for votes had been on board, but representing only one political party — the Union party; and if the Democrats had not voted, it was because their party had not given them (the sailors) equal facilities. That quite recently, however, the Democrats had sent their agents on board with ballots; but the latter were printed on the outside, "Union Soldiers' Vote."

Why were the troops at New York? The writer has attempted to tell why, but possibly has n't made it clear, and perhaps has n't done it in a way to avoid offence; but, like Lincoln, he has "malice toward none."

Having gotten back to our base again, after an absence of 15 days, we on the 18th began anew to fix up camp; and as it seemed to be generally understood that we were to stay there during the winter, measures were instituted at once for getting logs and lumber, to build semi-houses for ourselves. These measures meant labor, and a deal of it too, and continued for several days.

The War Department ordered on the 22d (reaching us probably three or four days later) that officers in the field be permitted to dispense with shoulder straps — the designation of rank, however, such as stars, eagles, leaves and bars to be worn; and they were also permitted to wear overcoats like enlisted men. On the night of the same day (Ugh! it makes one shiver to recall it) water froze to the depth of half an inch, and we had a snow squall!

Thanksgiving arrived (24th — one ordered by the President, for mercies); but no celebration for or by us. Work, work; chop, chop (strictly American chops, served on axes); build, build; — and the day passed and was gone. Every man who was able to go, was sent out at night on picket. We had anticipated something out of the usual course during the day for our stomachs; but fate was against us. The "goodies" arrived next day (25th), and we ate turkey meat and chicken ditto, and fruit, and so on on the 26th. It is hardly necessary to state that these good things were sent us by friends at the North.

The Ninth Maine, near us, had a shooting match, on the 25th; but the shooting was done in a very methodical manner, resulting in the death of a member of that regiment, who had been sentenced thus by a court-martial.

A diary says: "Sunday (27th): rain; in the woods getting out logs for our house."

Had we been able to see as far as Folly Island on the 28th, our risibilities would have been on an ascending scale. Fact is, we should have laughed, and all over, too. The sailors and marines—a detail from the naval squadron—scampered over the sand hills and through the underbrush, "on drill." They were practicing in anticipation of real service of the same kind soon to take place, perhaps. Troops embarked at Hilton Head, and a movement up Broad River was on the tapis; but a fog nearly spoiled the whole project. They went up the river, however, on the 29th, and landed at Boyd's Neck, the object being to cut the railroad at Pocotaligo (as was also attempted 22 Oct. 1862, the Third New Hampshire being present). The scheme was partially successful. The engagement took place on the 30th at Honey Hill, and the battle takes that name. Honey Hill is about three miles from Grahamville. The troops were the Thirty-second, Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth and One Hundred and Second U. S. Colored Troops; Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Massachusetts (colored); Fifty-sixth, One Hundred and Twenty-seventh, One Hundred and Forty-fourth and One Hundred and Fifty-seventh New York; Twenty-fifth Ohio; 2 companies Fourth Massachusetts Cavalry; 2 batteries of Third New York Artillery. The navy furnished boats, boat-howitzers, sailors, marines, etc., forming a naval brigade.

Confederate papers say our force was 5,000 and 16 pieces artillery. The known loss was 740 killed, wounded and missing. Lieut. S. M. Smith, formerly of the Third New Hampshire, was an officer in the Thirty-second U. S. Colored Troops. Full particulars of this battle may be found in the *Army and Navy Journal* of 10th and 17th December 1864. Gen. John G. Foster was in command of the Department.

The only incident worthy of mention, ere we part with November, was the receipt of new drums on the 30th; and no doubt they got a beating soon after.



SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

General Order 279, of the 10th, directed that all leaves of absence and furloughs (the order called both "furloughs") expire on the 14th, and all holding such to report at nearest Draft Rendezvous; and the Provost Marshal-General was directed to enforce the order.

General Order 282, of the 11th (of historic value), was the acceptance, by the President, of Gen. McClellan's resignation of the 8th (and received the 10th), as of the 8th. [It will be noted that the date "8th" is same date as the Presidential election. — D.E.] The same order appointed Gen. Sheridan as Major-General (as of the 8th), for gallantry, etc., of himself and troops at Cedar Run 19 Oct.

General Order 286, of the 22d, permitted officers in the field to dispense with shoulder straps and wear in place of them the particular marks of rank; and to wear the overcoats (like) of enlisted men, and no ornament required on hat, overcoat, or forage cap; and may dispense with sashes and epaulettes.

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

General Order 152, of the 5th, made the following changes: Brig.-Gen. E. P. Scammon, from Hilton Head District to District of Florida; Brig.-Gen. J. P. Hatch, from District of Florida to Northern District; Brig.-Gen. E. E. Potter, from Northern District to Hilton Head District.

General Order 153, of the 7th, appears to be the result of an investigation as to the conduct of an unsuccessful expedition on the 3d of the previous July, having for its object the capture of Forts Johnson and Simkins. The forces were: The Fifty-second Pennsylvania, Col. Hoyt; the One Hundred and Twenty-seventh New York, Maj. Little; and 60 men of the Third Rhode Island Artillery. The censure of the Commanding General (Foster) fell heaviest on the Fifty-second Pennsylvania. Col. Gurney, One Hundred and Twenty-seventh New York, was commanding at Morris Island at the time and had charge of getting up the expedition. (The order is too lengthy for insertion.)

General Order 154, of the 9th, ordered a census of all persons in the Department, and revoked the prophylactic doses of whiskey and quinine (General Order 108).

General Order 155, of the 11th, established a free market for the sale of fruit and vegetables at each post, and a guard to be in attendance to keep order. The sales to be from boats and wagons.

General Order 157, of the 15th, authorized the building of huts, size of wall tents, for the troops during the coming winter, and to be covered with rough split shingles or old canvas or shelter tents.

Department of the South Statistics for November 1864 are: Total troops, 7,535; cases sick, 1,972; died, 19; cases wounded, 314; died, 0.

The Monthly Return shows:—

Field and Staff	4 men,	5 officers.	
Co. A	30 "	1 "	
B	39 "	1 "	
C	35 "	3 "	
D	44 "	2 "	
E	49 "	3 "	
F	35 "	2 "	
G	40 "	1 "	
H	50 "	2 "	
I	51 "	2 "	
K	31 "	1 "	
Present aggregate	408	23	431
Aggregate last report	442	26	468

No recruits during the month.

Gain from "missing in action," 1 (D. S. Webster of G, now a prisoner of war).

Joined from desertion: 2 (E, 1; F, 1).

Capt. Geo. Stearns and 1st Lieut. Parker have been discharged on account of expiration of term.

2d Lieut. Burbank has been dropped (as an officer), there having been no official information of his muster.

Promotions: 2d Lieut. J. S. James of Co. I, to 1st Lieutenant (H); 2d Lieut. J. Ackerman of Co. F, to 1st Lieutenant (B).

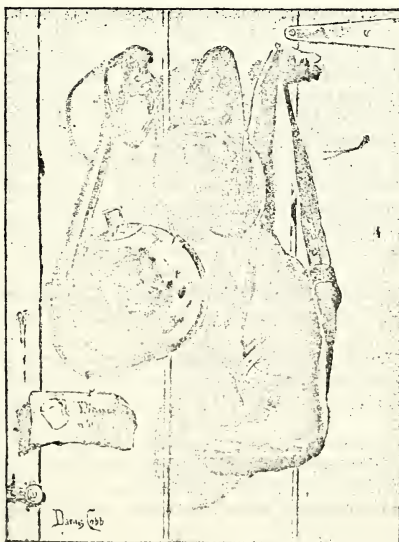
The following table will show the duties and whereabouts of the officers of the regiment:—

Col. Bedel	Still a prisoner of war.
Lieut.-Col. Randlett	Comdg. regiment.
Dr. Buzzell	Detached.
Dr. Kimball	On duty.
Adj't. Copp	Absent, wounded.
A. Capt. Dearborn	Detached.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
B. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. J. Ackerman	Comdg. Co. G.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
C. Capt. Triekey	Act'g Major.
1st Lieut. Woodbury	Detached.
2d Lieut. Douley	Comdg. Co. E.
D. Capt. Maxwell	Detached.
1st Lieut. McCoy	Acting Adjutant.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
E. Capt. Wadlia	Absent, wounded.
1st Lieut. Eldredge	Absent, wounded.
2d Lieut. Atherton	Absent, prisoner of war.
F. Capt. Edgerly	Absent, on leave.
1st Lieut. Hazen	Sick, in quarters.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
G. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. White	Absent, wounded.
No 2d Lieutenant.	

- H. Capt. Kirwin Absent, sick.
 1st Lieut. James (J. S.)
 † No 2d Lieutenant.
 I. Capt. Houghton Absent, sick (beyond his leave).
 1st Lieut. Hitchcock Comdg. company.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
 K. No Captain.
 1st Lieut. Giddings Comdg. Co. B.

[NOTE.—No data shows K to have any officer in command of it, unless, by inference, Giddings; and no officer commanding A, even by inference.—D.E.]

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	K	Totals.
Sergeants	3	4	4	5	5	3	1	3	4	4	
Corporals	4	3	0	4	3	4	4	7	6	4	
Musicians	2	1	2	2	2	1	0	2	1	1	
Wagoners	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	
Deserted	3	4	1	1	2	4	1	1	2	9	28
Discharged for disability	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	4
Killed or died of wounds	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	5
Absent in arrest	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Prisoners of war	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	2	0	1	7
Absent sick or wounded	14	18	17	21	25	9	26	20	12	16	178
All others absent	5	4	6	3	4	8	4	8	8	6	56



DECEMBER, 1864.



DECEMBER did not make much of a mark on its initial day. Simply a mail: only this, and nothing more. Our houses (!) were quite well advanced, — in fact, nearly completed; and there being no special resting-time for a truly willing soldier, we began to have dress parades and all that sort of thing.

The Tenth and Eighteenth Corps were ordered discontinued on the 3d; but we didn't get the order till the 5th, when we found the Tenth (our) Corps merged into the Twenty-fourth, a new corps; and the Twenty-fourth on the extreme right of the line. (See General Order discontinuing Tenth and Eighteenth Corps.)

Gen. Butler did not mean that the morals of the officers should fall off. On the 5th he ordered that no officer should borrow money of an enlisted man, and that all such debts be paid at next pay day; and furthermore, should a new offence be committed, it would probably result in his dismissal. The idea of abridging any man's right to borrow money! Why not say, "He has no rights at all — to breathe, to swear, to trade, to think"? The writer has in mind now an officer of the Third New Hampshire, who, when with that noble body, said to one of his men, who tremblingly said, "I think" so and so: "Think! think!! why, man alive, what right have you to think? I am hired expressly to think for you!" We'll return to our story. The borrowing went right on just the same, only more covertly.

Our regimental baggage arrived from Norfolk on the 6th (probably what was sent there when we started on our Virginia campaign, in May last).

In the Department of the South, on the 6th and 7th, further efforts were made to cut the railroad communications; and there appears to have been an action at Tulifiny Cross Roads; but it was almost wholly a naval movement.

On the 7th, also, was received the first intimation of the approach of Sherman. Admiral Dahlgren, in his Memoirs, says: "Cut the bridge, and can see and hear cars. Rockets seen last night, in the direction of Savannah, and hope it was Sherman answering rockets sent up."

We got orders to move on the 7th, with two days' rations, in light marching order. Those of us who were not on picket on the previous night had to go on that duty at night.

On the 10th we had a novelty for a sensation. Corpl. Gammon of Co. K captured, alive, a rebel lieutenant, who had accidentally wandered into our lines while scouting. For this piece of gallantry, Gammon was permitted to keep the crestfallen rebel's sword and belt. The enemy pressed our lines all day and drove in the cavalry. Our regiment was in the trenches, ready to fight or run, as occasion required.

The writer finds himself irresistibly drawn toward the Department of the South, looking after Sherman; and at the risk of the reader's censure, will again fly South. A message received the 12th, from the right wing of Sherman's army, signed by Gen. O. O. Howard, and written in pencil on a scrap of paper, dated the 9th, near Savannah Canal, said: "We have met with perfect success thus far. Troops in fine spirits, and near by." This was received by Gen. Foster and Admiral Dahlgren, in Foster's steamer, a little while after breakfast. One can hardly write of these matters and be calm. Sherman came. Fort McAllister was captured on the 13th.

We must hasten back to the red soil of Virginia. On the 13th is found the first mention of a Fort Fisher movement. Under that date the Thirteenth New Hampshire Historian says: "Gen. Butler is on his way, with Gen. Weitzel in immediate command, to attack Fort Fisher . . . by some considered the strongest fort the enemy has . . . the Army of the James furnished . . . Gen. Ames' division of the Twenty-fourth Corps, and Gen. Paine's division of the Twenty-fifth Corps (colored), or 6,500 in all. Admiral Porter goes with 37 vessels,—500 guns,—the most formidable fleet assembled for any special expedition during the war." This refers to the first attack, an account of which is given elsewhere.

Let us fly again to the Department of the South, and see what's going on there. At 8 A.M. on the 14th, Admiral Dahlgren received the following:—

U.S.S. DANDELION, OGEECHEE RIVER, 10.30 P.M., 13 Dec.

We carried Fort McAllister by assault this 5 P.M., and I came down to this boat expecting to meet you. I want the army rations sent up Ogeechee to Kings Bridge, and will try to meet you before assaulting Savannah. I have possession of all roads and the river above the city, and Savannah is our game. I want ten 50-pounder Parrotts and ammunition, good charts, and Gen. Foster to simply prevent the escape of the garrison and inhabitants of Savannah from getting away. If occasion offers, let the authorities know that my army is fat and happy and in fine order, having eaten all the turkeys, chickens, sweet potatoes, etc., in Georgia. We have lost only a few and have some 700 prisoners. All well.

W. T. SHERMAN,

Major-General.

Dahlgren, Foster and Sherman met the same day. An inspection of Fort McAllister was made on the 15th, and shells were found in front of it, buried in the ground and made into torpedoes. Several men were killed thereby. Sherman made the rebels dig up their own mechanisms.

Again we return to Virginia. The fleet sailed on the 18th for its rendezvous, 25 miles east of Fort Fisher. Same day Capt. Trickey caught a deserter (James F. Brown of G.), who was once of our regiment, was an original man, and then named James Blanchard.

He was discharged in May 1862 for deafness (supposably feigned), and 21 Dec. 1863 came to the regiment at Morris Island as a substitute recruit. He was known at once. He deserted at Wilcox Landing, Va., 25 June 1864, while on detail after water. He was discovered to have again enlisted, and in the Forty-seventh New York, where he was found.

South Carolina again. Sherman and Dahlgren conferred as to pushing Foster to the railroad, while the navy pitched into Savannah. There were five men shot for desertion on the 21st, in our Corps; but we are glad to record, not of our regiment. They were shot simultaneously, and were buried where they fell, and without coffins. This is war; but we are fortunately nearing its close. The grip that Sherman had got was causing a choking sensation, and was the beginning of the end.

Our forces in South Carolina again were considerably shaken up on the 21st, by a painful rumor that the rebel Commodore Tatnall (we heard of him in Nov. 1861 at Port Royal) was to attempt to run out from Savannah. There was a gale blowing; but the *Nantucket*, *Pawnee* and *Winona* were sent into the Savannah River. As Dahlgren's flagship, the *Harrest Moon*, had got into the mud in Warsaw Sound, Dahlgren and Sherman took barge to Ossabaw Sound, there meeting a tug with dispatches — Savannah abandoned.

Again Virginia. Lieut.-Col. Randlett, with a few men to assist, went to where the body of Lieut.-Col. Plimpton was first buried, and took it up. He started North with the body on the evening of the 25th, leaving Capt. Trickey in command of the regiment.

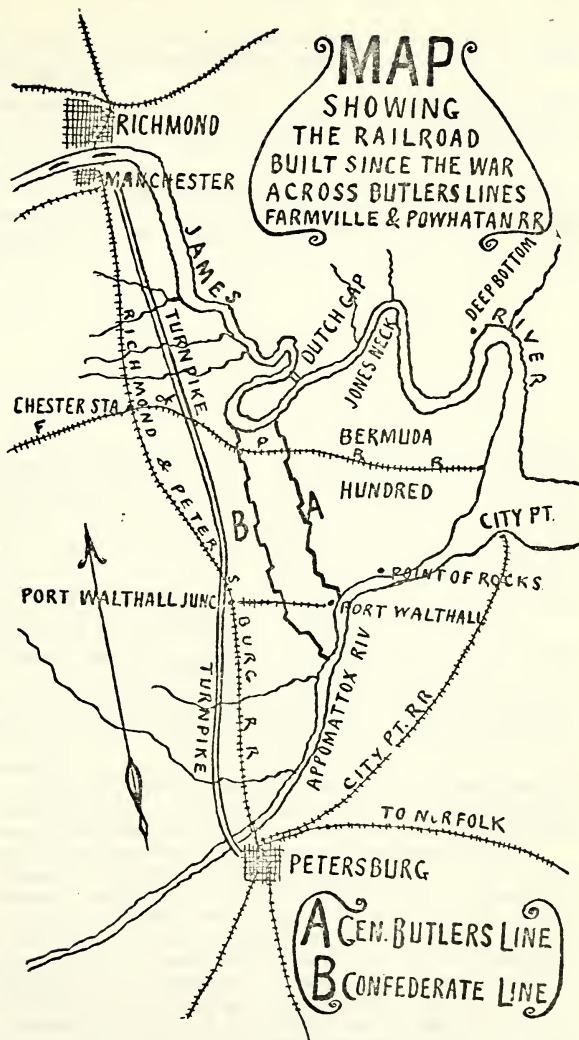
Admiral Dahlgren went up the Savannah River with the *Wissahickon* and *Winona* and the tugs, and anchored near and below the obstructions, about 4 p.m. on the 22d. On the 23d they went up to the city in a tug, Sherman having entered promptly with troops. Sherman was at the private house of a Mr. Green.

On Christmas Day we were visited by Gen. Natt Head, Adjutant-General of New Hampshire; and glad we were to see him. He was a very popular man with all New Hampshire soldiers. He was accompanied by Geo. Hutchins and others of Concord. Our camp was near the New Market Road. The order of several days ago, to be ready to move, was undoubtedly in anticipation of sending us with the expedition to Fort Fisher. We had no special celebration of Christmas, but did have a very pleasant time with our Concord visitors. One diary has it that this party was the "Governor's Staff."

The deserter referred to the 18th was shot for the offence on the 26th. Brown was his name; an account of his crime, etc., will be found elsewhere.

The glorious news of the fall of Savannah reached us the 26th; and such shouting, such antics, such cap-throwing, etc., never was before heard or seen.

Admiral Dahlgren and Gen. Sherman consulted at Savannah on the afternoon of the 26th. Sherman's plan was to fortify the city, and to draw well back from the seacoast and pounce upon the interior; but not before New Year's. Dahlgren received notice from the fleet



[NOTE.— The above map is the result of a personal visit to Bermuda Hundred, Sept., 1892, by Lieuts. Brown and Porter and the writer.— D. E.]

off Charleston that the rebel iron-clads were about to make a little run down to the fleet; and Dahlgren went up, getting there the 29th, at 7 A.M.

On the evening of the 29th a lot of raw recruits were received from New Hampshire—123 was said to have been the number. During the 29th the *Nantucket* and *Passiac* arrived off Charleston, making 7 monitors in all.

The troops were arriving back from Fort Fisher on the 30th. The month and the year also pass out without incident, except such as is attached to the Fort Fisher matter; and that has separate treatment.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

General Order 297, of the 3d, made the following important changes in the Army of the James: Tenth Army Corps and Eighteenth Army Corps to be discontinued. The white infantry of the Tenth and Eighteenth to be the Twenty-fourth Army Corps. The colored troops to be the Twenty-fifth Army Corps. The Corps Staff and artillery of the Eighteenth to belong to the Twenty-fourth Army Corps; and the Corps Staff and artillery of the Tenth to belong to the Twenty-fifth Army Corps. Maj.-Gen. E. O. C. Ord assigned to command of the Twenty-fourth Army Corps, and Maj.-Gen. Godfrey Weitzel to the Twenty-fifth Army Corps.

General Order 299, of the 7th, provided for distributing articles of clothing and other necessities issued by the Government, or contributed to prisoners of war, through Col. John E. Mulford, Agent of Exchange of Prisoners of War, at Fort Monroe. The order appointed two officers, with alternates, then prisoners of war, to act for the Government.

General Order 301, of the 19th, said every officer and man able to do duty was wanted at once in the field, “. . . and thus fill up the ranks, strengthen the armies and aid the patriotic and gallant troops, now smiting the reeling enemy with victorious blows.”

General Order 302, of the 21st, was a call for 300,000 men.

General Order 305, of the 27th, directed that a paymaster be stationed at each draft rendezvous. All money exceeding \$20.00 to be taken from recruits when they arrived. Balance to be drawn when they arrived at regiment. At small rendezvous an officer may be detailed to act as paymaster in such cases. A pass-book to be given the soldier, representing the amount taken from him.

General Order 306, of the 27th, placed all the U. S. General Hospitals under the Surgeon-General, and directed that no enlisted man fit for field service be detailed for duty in any capacity in such hospitals; but men of the companies of the Second Battalion of the

Veteran Reserve Corps to be detailed for guards, attendants, nurses, cooks, etc., at such hospitals, either with or without officers (of the Veteran Reserve Corps) accompanying.

General Order 307, of the 29th, directed the Quartermaster to furnish collins and other reasonable and proper facilities for burial of officers who died in hospitals, upon requisition of the medical officer in charge.

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

(The orders are mostly promulgations of General Court-Martial cases.)

Several staff officers reported at various times during the month, from other Departments, being ordered to the Department of the South by War Department Orders or from Headquarters of the Army.

Department of the South Statistics for December 1864 are: Total troops, 6,715; cases sick, 1,423; died, 49; cases wounded, 288; died, 13.

The Monthly Return shows:—

Field and Staff	4 men,	5 officers.									
Co. A	29 "	1 "									
B	40 "	1 "									
C	34 "	3 "									
D	45 "	2 "									
E	49 "	3 "									
F	34 "	2 "									
G	41 "	1 "									
H	48 "	2 "									
I	51 "	1 "									
K	31 "	1 "									
Unassigned Recruits . . .	123										
Present aggregate . . .	529	22							551		
Aggregate last report . .	408	23							431		
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	K	Totals.
Sergeants	3	4	4	5	4	4	2	3	4	4	
Corporals	3	3	1	4	3	3	3	6	6	4	
Musicians	2	1	2	2	2	1	0	2	1	1	
Wagoners	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	8
Deserted	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
Absent in arrest	1	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	6

Prisoners of war: E, 1; Col. Bedel.

Died of disease: H, 1. Executed: G, 1.

Discharged for disability: F, 2. Term expired: A, 1.

Corp. Chas. H. Berry of Co. H has been promoted to Commissary Sergeant, *viz* Com.-Sergt. G. B. Bingham, commissioned as Regimental Quartermaster.

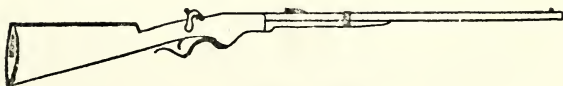
One man of D (James Powers), previously reported as "killed in action," proves to be alive and now in Camp Parole, Annapolis, wounded. Another man (Geo. W. Atwood of G), previously reported as "missing in action," is found to be at Camp Parole, sick.

Five have joined from desertion: A, 1; B, 1; F, 2; G, 1.

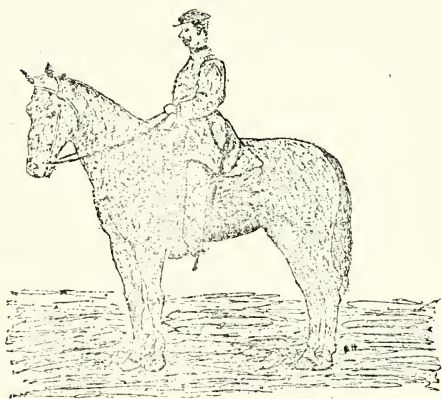
The following table will show the duties and whereabouts of the officers of the regiment:—

Col. Bedel	Still reported as prisoner of war (paroled this month).
Lieut.-Col. Randlett	On a 25 days' leave.
Dr. Buzzell	Detached.
Dr. Kimball	On duty.
No Adjutant.	
Lieut. Bingham	On duty (Regtl. Quartermaster).
A. Capt. Dearborn	Detached.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
(Apparently no officer in command.)	
B. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. Ackerman.	Sick in quarters.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
C. Capt. Trickey	Comdg. regiment.
1st Lieut. Woodbury	Detached.
2d Lieut. Donley	Comdg. Co. E.
D. Capt. Maxwell	Detached.
1st Lieut. McCoy	Acting Adjutant.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
E. Capt. Wadlia	Absent, wounded.
1st Lieut. Eldredge	Detached service, Concord, N.H.
2d Lieut. Atherton	Paroled, at Camp Parole [actually in Officers' Hospital, Annapolis.—D.E.]
F. Capt. Edgerly	On duty.
1st Lieut. Hazen	Absent (ordered to appear before Military Commission at Washington).
No 2d Lieutenant.	
G. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. White	Absent, wounded.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
H. Capt. Kirwin	Absent, sick.
1st Lieut. J. S. James	Sick in quarters.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
I. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. Hitchcock	Comdg. company.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
K. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. Giddings	Comdg. Co. B.
No 2d Lieutenant.	

Losses: Officers—Adj. Copp discharged on account expiration of term; Capt. Houghton, dismissed (and same revoked. See explanation in his Personal).



SPENCER CARBINE.



[NOTE.— The mounted officer should have appeared in March or April, 1864, while the regiment was mounted.— D. E.]

CALENDAR, 1864.

	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
JAN.....						1	2	JULY.....						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31								31						
FEB.....	1	2	3	4	5	6		AUG.	1	2	3	4	5	6	
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29							28	29	30	31			
MARCH.....			1	2	3	4	5	SEPT.					1	2	3
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	27	28	29	30	31				25	26	27	28	29	30	
APRIL.....					1	2		OCT.							1
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
									30	31					
MAY.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	NOV.		1	2	3	4	5	
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JUNE.....				1	2	3	4	DEC					1	2	3
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CALENDAR, 1865.

	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
								JULY							1
JAN....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
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FEB....				1	2	3	4	AUG....			1	2	3	4	5
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	26	27	28						27	28	29	30	31		
MARCH				1	2	3	4	SEPT.						1	2
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	26	27	28	29	30	31			24	25	26	27	28	29	30
APRIL							1	OCT...	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
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MAY....		1	2	3	4	5	6	NOV....				1	2	3	4
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JUNE					1	2	3	DEC....						1	2
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JANUARY, 1865.

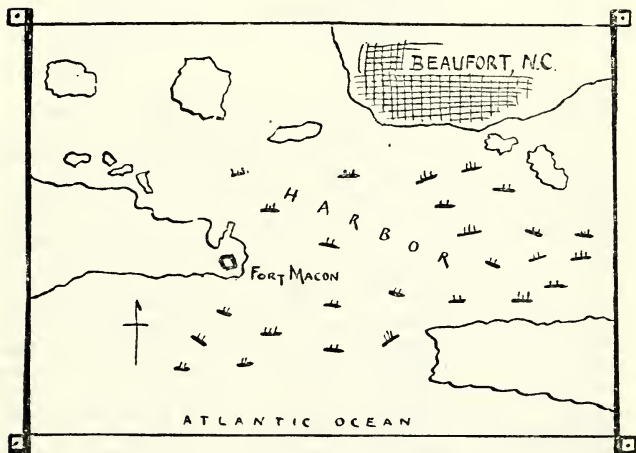
NEW YEAR'S DAY again — our fourth one in the army; and still the rebels had their arms in their hands. Fort Fisher news reached the Department of the South on that day, to the effect that the fort had been silenced; but the army, having deemed it too strong to assault, had gone back to Hampton Roads. Fleet Capt. Breeze was the conveyor of this bit of news. Sherman and Dahlgren consulted about it, and the subject of a part of Sherman's army being sent up at once to take the fort was discussed; but finally Sherman decided he would not divide his army.

Our recently-arrived recruits (substitutes) knew that it was New Year's, and also meant that the rest of us should know it. Several of these interesting chaps got fighting drunk, and made things lively till overpowered by military rules and orders.

About 11 A.M., on the 3d, we got marching orders. The order for our departure stipulated that we should take only efficient men. The last lot of recruits had not yet received arms, and they and the non-combatants and sick were left behind. The effective force consisted of about one hundred men only, with about six officers, and was commanded by Capt. Trickey (Lieut.-Col. Randlett being absent on leave). The headquarters of the regiment was considered as having departed, and those left behind were considered a detachment and were so reported. They were commanded by 1st Lieut. John S. James. After the capture of Fort Fisher, this detachment was moved to North Carolina and joined the regiment, as will be shown in its proper place.

By noon we were off — we had n't much to pack; and by night we found ourselves at Bermuda Landing, having crossed the pontoon at Deep Bottom. We were marched into the woods in a driving snow-storm, for shelter. Bivouacked for the night — and 't was cold, very cold, that night. How we did wish the war was over and we at home! The weather did not deter us from querying as to where we were going. We found that the Second Division of the Twenty-fourth Corps (which included us) was to go to Fort Fisher, if we could get there. We had five days' rations. We also learned that Hoke's (rebel) division, which had been to Fort Fisher to repel Butler, had returned and were now in our front again, before Richmond. The fact that it snowed all night must not be lost sight of. During the 4th the troops began to embark.

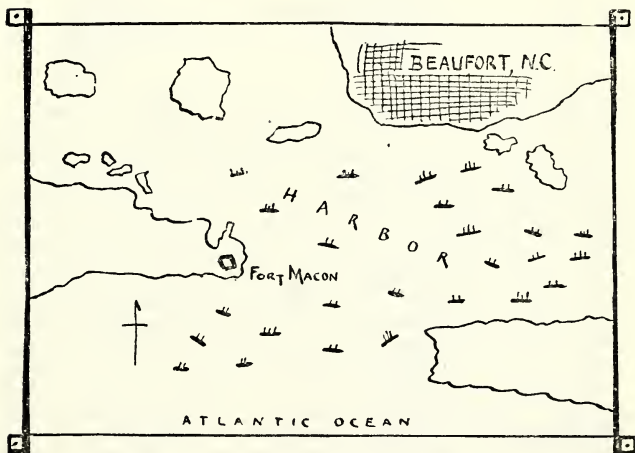
The Third New Hampshire was turned out about 2 A.M. on the 5th, to embark on the Steamer *Gen. Lyons*. Our companions on the steamer were the Seventh New Hampshire boys, and we enjoyed each other's society very much. By 5 A.M. we were all on board, and the *Gen. Lyons* pulled out into the stream and anchored, with other transports, to give room for others at the wharf. At sunrise we were off for Fort Monroe, arriving there about 5 P.M., and anchored. We lay there about twelve hours, during which great activity was manifest on all sides. Gen. Terry was in command. We were pleased at that, and were ready to go wherever he said. Our confidence in him was unbounded. The fleet was an enormous one, and every kind of a vessel was in it—large and small, steam and sail, armed and unarmed, side-wheelers, propellers and tugs.



We were off very early on the 6th, steaming out to sea and in a southerly direction. Cape Henry was passed at 7.30. The sea was very rough and rapidly growing more so. We were apparently going right into a storm. The wind was practically dead ahead, and the gale got its high heels on during the night. Next morning (7th) we were still heading the same way, but apparently not gaining much. Sea-sickness prevailed during the night to an alarming extent. No attempt will here be made to describe the scenes on board. The gale continued, but not so forcibly; and we continued our course and with greater success. During the night of the 9th the gale got on its high heels again, and kicked over the stove in the cabin.

On the morning of the 8th, fortunately perhaps, we arrived off Beaufort, N. C., the appointed rendezvous. The sea was so rough we could not anchor, but cruised about, laying off and on all day,

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waiting for orders. We were in sight of Porter's fleet (naval). There seemed to be no controlling the gale, for it continued obstreperous. We did n't anchor till the next night (the 9th).

On the 10th Gen. Terry ordered the plan of proceeding to the place where we were to take a hand in something or other. We did n't know exactly what that was—except, in a general way, we knew that Fort Fisher was the plum we were to pick if we were able. He directed that the transports follow the naval vessels as follows:—

GUNBOATS	TRANSPORTS
<i>McClellan</i>	by the <i>Enterprise</i> .
<i>Livingstone</i>	" " <i>Atlantic</i> .
<i>Verona</i>	" " <i>Prometheus</i> .
<i>Tonawanda</i>	" " <i>Gen. Lyons</i> (3d and 7th N. H.)
<i>De Molay</i>	" " <i>California</i> .
<i>Thames</i>	" " <i>Weybosset</i> .
<i>Champion</i>	" " * <i>North Point</i> .
<i>Com. DuPont</i>	" " <i>Russia</i> .
<i>Montank</i>	" " * <i>Blackstone</i> .
<i>Idaho</i> .	

* Hospital vessels.

The gale started in afresh on the 10th—early, too—and the transports were obliged to put to sea for safety, and cruised about. The sailors prophesied a regular "norther."

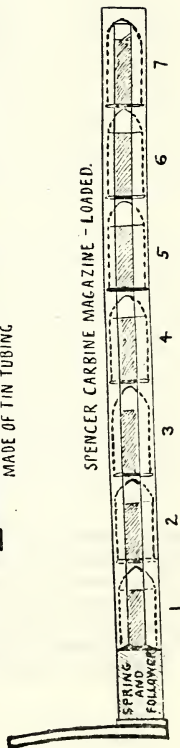
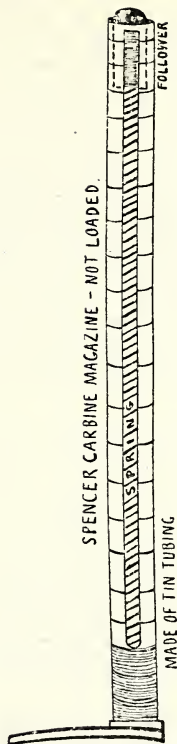
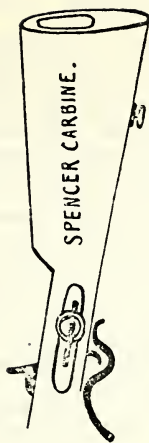
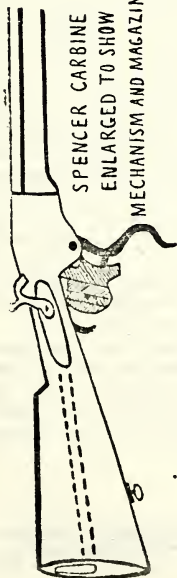
Moved about all night: and a rough night it was. One unfortunate man (Charles Brown of Co. D, a substitute recruit), lost his life. He was on guard, and the probability is that a sudden lurch of the vessel threw him bodily overboard. No one was with him; but some one saw him disappear; and that was the end of poor Brown. It is said that he had a very large sum of money upon his person, in a money belt—perhaps a thousand dollars. The cry of "Man overboard!" resounded throughout the ship at half-past two, making the cold chills go up and down one's spinal column in a fearfully rapid manner: and 'twas only when they finally took refuge in one's marrow that he could rush to the deck, to find that a comrade had gone and was beyond human help. We could do but little else till morning than talk about the sad occurrence. To be sure, the vessel was turned about, and a semi-search made; but 'twas of no avail, and under the circumstances could not have been otherwise.

In the morning (11th), we ran in near the shore and anchored, the storm having sufficiently abated. Three days' rations were issued to us during the afternoon, and we were ordered to be ready to go ashore at a moment's notice. The boys fretted and worried about the storm a great deal. "The delay," said they, "gives them rebels a chance to reinforce, which we can't do."

On the morning of the 12th we started (that is, the fleet) and off we went in high spirits, the navy leading and the transports following, our brigade bringing up the rear.

A peep at the Department of the South that day showed the Secretary of War there on the *Nevada* (arrived 9th); and with him, for conference and a lunch (with fixin's, of course), Gens. Sherman, Meigs, Foster and Barnard, Admiral Dahlgren, Col. Townsend and others.

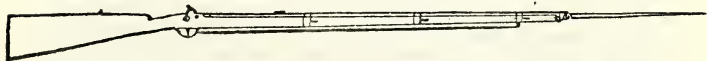
SPENCER REPEATING CARBINE — SEVEN ROUNDS.



We return to North Carolina and the fleet. The day was fair. The fleet of transports arrived near the place of operations during the night, the fleet of gunboats already there having hammered away at Fort Fisher during the previous day. At daybreak (13th) our gunboats began shelling the woods and shore north of the fort, to clear those places of rebels, if any there. The landing began after the shelling had continued about an hour. We were in plain sight of the fort, which presented an appearance never before seen by us. In general appearance it resembled a long row of immense haystacks. The landing of the troops occupied the time and attention of everybody while it was in process. This operation was completed about 5 o'clock, after which the gunboats devoted their undivided attention to the fort, pitching in their shells and other missiles of death till long after dark. The Third New Hampshire was desired to go on picket, and the boys consented. They were on dangerous ground, although out of range of the common, ordinary gun, to be sure; but who knew that we were not walking over torpedoes, or that a masked battery, or a dozen of them, might not open on us during our tour of duty and annihilate us, or worse? We did n't take many naps that night.

The 14th was occupied by the navy in shelling the fort; and the Terry wing was busy landing artillery, mules, teams and other warlike playthings. A diary says: "We had an abundance of captured meat today. Drove the enemy away from some houses this forenoon, where they were troubling the men on the beach, and silenced them this afternoon, wounding some. Orders tonight to withdraw the brigade down the beach, but only moved a little way and then on picket again." Another diary says: "We arrived within a mile and a half of the fort today." Still another diary says: "The enemy tried to kick up a muss with our pickets; but we soon silenced them with our seven-shooters." That night, Gen. Terry was said to have gone on board the flag-ship, the *Malvern*, to arrange full details for the fight which we all felt certain was to come off the next day.

The 15th of January, 1865, arrived. The writer finds himself confronted by a plethora of data as to the doings of that memorable day. It is a great story—that of Fort Fisher—and needs careful selection, judicious pruning and a peculiar skill for presenting the various parts and parcels in a readable, truthful, fairly stated, reliable story. The writer finds himself a little short of thus being fully endowed. He is, however, in for it, and will say in brief that the matter has been carefully prepared.



FORT FISHER.

A cursory description of the fort, and its value to the Confederacy, will first be of interest. It was located on the southerly end of a long and narrow spit of land, lying on the easterly side of the entrance to Cape Fear River, the latter being the highway, by water, to Wilmington. There was a pretence, to be sure, of blockading this port, but to no purpose. It was notoriously true that blockade-runners went in and out, almost at will, with the result to be expected: the rebels traded all they chose, and Wilmington was their chief port of entry.

In general shape, looking at it from a more southerly point, the fort looked like an immense figure 7; while a view from the other point—say from the point of attack—had one been “up in a balloon,” the appearance would have been like a huge letter L. The fort was not a continuous work, but rather a series of works, and a bird’s-eye view resembled a row (shaped as described) of immense hay-cocks. The top of the 7—or the bottom of the L—formed the land face, which was the point of approach and attack, while the longer remaining part formed the sea face. Along the land front (which practically extended from Cape Fear River to the sea) was a strong palisade (some call it a stockade), extending from water to water, near the center of which was a sally-port. At the extreme point of the spit of land was Fort Buchanan, a strong work; while opposite to it (across the mouth of the river) lay Fort Caswell, of no mean calibre. At the extreme southerly point of the fort itself was an extra large work called the Mound Battery. With this general description, the reader must for the present be content, as he will obtain further descriptions in the account itself at various points of its narration.

It is next to impossible to write a chapter on Fort Fisher, and not include in it both attacks, Gen. Butler, the powder-boat, Admiral Porter and Gen. Terry (and the Third New Hampshire, of course).

THE POWDER-BEAT.

Whenever Fort Fisher is mentioned, as a war matter, there seems to be inseparably connected with it that ghoul of a powder-boat, which has caused so many blessings (!) to be rained down on Gen. Butler’s head. But how many know the facts? Not one in a hundred, probably—and never will unless they investigate. The simple and really lonesome fact that he tried to take Fort Fisher by blowing up a boat near it, filled with powder, is simply accepted instantaneously as an evidence that Gen. Butler was a fool. But he was n’t. Why should he think that such an explosion would dismount the guns of Fort Fisher, and that result be tantamount to taking the fort? He had very good reasons, as will be shown. Right here let it be

understood, the writer is not attempting to take care of Gen. Butler. Gen. Butler always did and always will take care of himself. The cause for his opinion as to the effect of a powder explosion occurred on the 1st day of the previous October, at Erith, England. On that day there were two barges, presumably side by side, laden with powder—one hundred and fifty thousand pounds; and it accidentally exploded, with fearful effect. The noise was heard for over ninety miles, and people over twenty-five miles distant thought it was an earthquake. Grant's mine at Petersburg had only fourteen thousand pounds of powder—less than one-tenth of the quantity at Erith. His explosion blew up a regiment of infantry and a battery of artillery. At Erith, twelve persons were killed and over twenty wounded. The embankment of the river (artificial in part) was blown away for the space of one hundred yards; but the tide being fortunately low at the time, repairs were quickly made and the submersion of the adjacent country averted. Buildings that covered acres were blown down, and became heaps of brick, dirt and timber. The estimated value of the buildings and other property destroyed was five millions of dollars. At Woolwich, four miles off, a shower of letters came down. Animals and birds were seriously affected, being struck motionless, and then on recovering becoming almost wild with frenzy. A human finger fell at Deptford, about three miles off; and in the Crystal Palace, in London, many paintings were thrown down and several doors forced open.

Can any one wonder that, if powder exploded by accident caused such injury, that Gen. Butler or any one else should arrive at the conclusion that the same effect substantially would be produced if any large quantity of powder should be exploded intentionally? We trow not. The information of that famous explosion was heralded all over the world, and commented on by all, more particularly by scientific men. Is it strange that any man with common sense—and Gen. Butler has been considered so endowed—should wish to experiment where the chances of success were almost certain? He talked the matter over with men of sense,—men of war, with Grant himself,—and was permitted to try it. It failed; but why? Let us see, and at same time see whether the Government was committed to the experiment.

23 Nov. 1864, there assembled, in the evening, at Washington, at the residence of Capt. Wise: Gen. Dyer, Col. Maynadier and Maj. Benton, of the U. S. Army; Lieut.-Comdr. Aulick, Lieut.-Comdr. Jeffers and Lieut.-Comdr. Ives, of the U. S. Navy. They discussed the powder-boat proposition; and it was unanimously decided that, taking into consideration the great importance of the question, and the advantage to be derived from a successful result as compared with the outlay of means necessary to make the experiment, the effort should be made by exploding a mass of 300 tons of gunpowder in a vessel as near the earthworks on Federal Point as it might be possible to go. Powder for the boat was brought from as far away as Boston, Mass., on the Steamer *George Shattuck*, which stopped at

Brooklyn to take an additional supply. From reading the various telegrams for supply of powder, the writer has fully ceased to doubt that the Government was in earnest about getting it ready.

[NOTE.— 10 Jan. 1893: At this point in the reading of the *printer's proofs* by the writer, the press announces the sudden death of Gen. Butler. This particular story of Fort Fisher was written some three years ago and prior to the announcement by Gen. Butler that he would soon issue a book containing the story of his life. That book the writer has not yet read. — D. E.]

The powder-boat left Beaufort Landing the morning of 18 Dec. 1864; but although ready 24 hours before, she had been delayed by a heavy swell, etc., and arrived off Fort Fisher just after dark of the 18th. The boat was known as the *Louisiana*, and was an iron propeller of 295 tons, 150 ft. long, 22 ft. beam, 8 to 8½ ft. draught when laden, and was formerly in the Atchafalaya cotton trade. The masts were removed. There were three clocks and six slow matches arranged in nine different places. The officer who arranged the fuses and clocks (Lieut.-Comdr. Jeffers) said that results of no value would be obtained by an explosion primarily caused by setting the vessel on fire; and he is of the opinion that the explosion was so caused, and argues that the three successive explosions heard were those of the deck-house, the after holds, and, lastly, the berth deck. He also says a part of the programme was to have the vessel grounded; but it was at anchor. It must be borne in mind that those who prepared the vessel did not have charge of the explosion of it — in fact more powder was put in after the exploding preparations were completed. Lieut.-Comdr. Jeffers met the other party; and the whole arrangement was explained and drawings furnished. The vessel had 185 tons on board when it left Norfolk; but more was added at Beaufort. Maj. T. J. Rodman, of the Ordnance Department, who had charge of the slow matches, fully agrees with Lieut.-Comdr. Jeffers in his theory and explanation of the three explosions.

The "Gomez" fuse was used: a thin tape-like strip, through which it was calculated fire would pass with the rapidity of lightning, say a mile in four seconds, so as to explode the whole mass at once, by clock-work, etc. It was said that the whole cargo of 215 tons was not exploded at once, but by successive discharges, and a large proportion blown away without actually igniting, and that the fire set to the vessel actually set off the powder, instead of the nicely-arranged clock-work and fuse.

As to the explosion, the officer in charge of it said the explosion took place 22 minutes after the time had expired for the clock to set it off, and that he heard four distinct explosions, while another officer (Capt. Breeze) says he heard but two.

If one desires to see a list of the volunteer crew of the *Louisiana* he may find it in "Porter's Naval History," page 695.

Fort Fisher was the subject of Congressional investigation, being referred to the Committee on the Conduct of the War, 12 Jan. 1865. They were to "inquire into the causes of the failure of the late expedition," etc. At that date, reference could only be as to what

was known as the first expedition, under Gen. Butler. The Committee, however, could not have got to work ere the second expedition had been successful (15th); and as the two expeditions were so closely connected as to almost defy any attempt to set aside particulars as to the latter, the Committee embraced both and so reported.

The Committee gathered and, later, diffused a deal of valuable information, obtained as testimony. It appears that the scheme of capturing Fort Fisher was talked of as early as 1862, by the Navy Department; but the military authorities did not think the army in such condition as would warrant the sparing of the necessary troops, until the summer of 1864. Gen. Grant thought he would be able by the first of October to furnish whatever was necessary. Vice-Admiral Farragut was selected for the naval force, but his ill-health prevented; and Rear Admiral Porter was substituted, being transferred from the Mississippi squadron to the North Atlantic blockading squadron for that purpose. Gen. Gillmore was the first choice of the War Department; but Gen. Grant objected; and Gen. Weitzel was assigned to the command of the army force.

The original intention was to assemble the fleet and forces at Port Royal, to deceive the rebels into a belief that the force was aimed at Charleston; but that intention never took form, as the entire assembling was done at Hampton Roads. They remained there so long that even the rebels themselves knew all about it, and the "surprise" that Gen. Grant desired was wholly out of the question.

The Committee, after hearing the testimony of Gen. Butler himself, that of Gens. Grant, Comstock, Weitzel, Admiral Porter, Fleet-Capt. Breeze and others, said: ". . . . In conclusion, your Committee would say, from all the testimony before them, that the determination of Gen. Butler not to assault the fort seems to have been fully justified by all the facts and circumstances, then known or afterwards ascertained."

Gen. Weitzel appears to have differed with Gen. Butler in only one particular, and that was that had he seen the instructions sent to Gen. Butler by Gen. Grant, he would have so construed them as to be required to remain on shore and intrench. Gen. Butler, on the other hand, says he effected no landing. He considered the landing of a part of his troops was not in effect a landing, as they could have very easily been driven off, or in the event of a storm his source of supply would have been driven to sea. In his official report he says Gen. Grant's instructions did not contemplate a siege, as his force was not supplied either with siege trains or supplies for such a contingency.

Gen. Butler attributes the non-success of the expedition chiefly to the delay of the navy, and consequent opportunity to reinforce by Hoke's division from Bermuda Hundred, the unsuccessful explosion of the powder-boat, the declination of Porter to run a gunboat or two by the fort and up into the river, *a la* Mobile, *a la* New Orleans. Even Gen. Weitzel says Gen. Grant said to him, that it was to be another Mobile affair.

GEN. WHITING'S ANSWERS.

Gen. Butler's twenty-four questions to Gen. Whiting, and the replies thereto, are so valuable that, at the risk of being considered prolix, the writer gives below the substance of the more important replies. Gen. Whiting was mortally wounded, in hospital at Fort Columbus, N. Y., and nigh unto death, passing away a few days later. His letter is dated 28 Feb. 1865. Gen. Butler obtained these replies for a purpose, and that purpose was to prove himself justified in not staying on shore and intrenching. Lieut. Davenport of his Staff was the medium of correspondence. These questions and answers were submitted to the Committee, and in their report they quoted freely from them.

The force in the fort on the 16th, 17th and 18th December consisted of five companies of the Thirty-sixth North Carolina and Adams' Light Battery: 667 in all. The other five companies of the Thirty-sixth North Carolina had been sent South. There were about 800 reserves at Sugar Loaf, five miles away. Hoke's division arrived at Wilmington and pushed on to Sugar Loaf during the (first) attack.

The casualties (Confederate) were as follows: First day—killed none; wounded: 1 mortally, 3 severely, 19 slightly: total, 23. Five gun carriages disabled. Second day—killed, 3; wounded: 9 mortally, 6 severely, 28 slightly: total, 46. The damage done was but slight, including 1 10-inch, 1 8-inch and 2 32-pounder carriages and 1 10-inch gun disabled, all of which were repaired during the night. The garrison was in no instance driven from its guns, and fired slowly 662 shot and shell. Was able to rest and recruit at night by cessation of bombardment. Reinforced on 23d by 110 veteran artillery men of the Tenth North Carolina, 50 sailors, and the Seventh Battalion, Junior Reserves: in all about 250.

When Union skirmish line was in front (under Curtis) the guns and defences of the land front were in perfect order, except two guns disabled on the left; nineteen guns were in position, the palisade in perfect order, and the mines the same, the wires not having been cut. It was not possible for a force of 3,000 or 6,000 men to take the fort by assault. The garrison was in good spirits and ready, and would have had no difficulty in reinforcing or provisioning by the river.

The force of second assault was nearly double that of the first, but not of so good material. It is a matter of grave charge against Gen. Bragg that he did not capture the whole landed force on 26th Dec.

The difference between the two bombardments was that the first was a general bombardment not calculated to effect particular damage. The second had the definite object of destroying the land defences, and the ships were so placed as to destroy by direct and enfilading fire. On that front and the northeast salient the whole enormous fire was poured without intermission, until the slope of the northeast salient was practicable for assault. Not a gun re-

maintained in position on the approaches, the whole palisade was swept away, communication with the mines cut off, rendering them useless, and the men unable to stand on the parapet during the fire. In the second attack, the fire was continuous through the night, though not so heavy as during the day; but enough to prevent repairs and keep the garrison from rest and food. The land guns were all disabled, and the field pieces, only, were left to depend upon.

Neither attack was practicable in the presence of the supporting force, provided that force had been under a competent officer. The first force landed ought to have been captured entirely. As for the second, although deriving much greater advantages from the different mode of attack, by the fleet, and though pressed with great vigor, it is due to the supineness of the Confederate general [he refers to Bragg] that it was not destroyed in the act of assault.

It will be remembered that Admiral Farragut had originally been selected to command the naval force in this expedition. His instructions were given him 5 Sept. 1864; but on account of his illness, the same instructions were transferred to Porter. The preparations went on so far as the navy was concerned, and under date of 10 Sept. Gen. Grant wrote Asst. Sec. Fox of the Navy Department that he would, as soon as could be spared and the navy ready to co-operate, send a sufficient force silently down the coast, not even allowing the command, except the commanding officer, to know where they were going.

On the 19th Sept., having been North a few days to New Jersey, Gen. Grant writes again to Asst. Sec. Fox that he has heard that an expedition is being fitted out, that Gillmore is to command it, and thinks it very strange. Also says he learns that the rebels know more about the expedition than he does, or the North either. Says he will be ready for 15 Oct. (high tides and full moon).

Gen. Weitzel, on being informed by Gen. Grant that he had been selected to command the expedition, in place of Gillmore, went down to Fort Fisher about the 27th or 28th of Sept. in the army gunboat *Chamberlain*, and lay off there about three days with the blockading fleet, studying the location and getting information.

Sec. Welles addressed the President, 28 Oct., concerning the delay, saying, among other things, that the autumn weather, so favorable for such an expedition, was fast passing away, that the public expected the attack, and the country will be distressed if it be not made. To procrastinate longer, said he, will be to imperil its success.

THE FIRST ATTACK.

We are about to set before the reader the particulars of the first attack, on Christmas Day, 25 Dec. 1864. The forces were as follows:—

First Brigade, Brevet Brig.-Gen. N. M. Curtis: On the Steamers *C. Thomas* and *Weybosset*. Of this brigade there landed first, say 500 precipitately, and the rest later and more deliberately. The

500 consisted of the One Hundred and Forty-second New York, and about 50 of the One Hundred and Twelfth New York. It was a portion of this brigade that was left on shore till the 27th. The landing was made about three miles north of Fort Fisher, and was under charge of Brig.-Gen. Graham's Naval Brigade.

Second Brigade, Col. Galusha A. Pennypacker: On Steamers *Perrit L. Moore* and *Idaho*. Landed.

Third Brigade, Col. Louis Bell: On Steamers *Baltic* and *Haze*. Landed.

Sixteenth New York Battery, Capt. Lee: On the *Starlight*.

THE OFFICIAL REPORTS.

We now give the reader the official reports of this first attack; and as Gen. Butler has been assailed, we give him the first place in the list of such reports.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA.

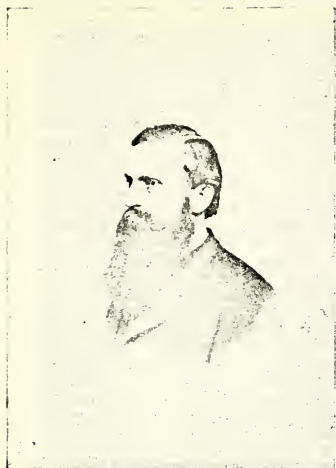
ARMY OF THE JAMES, IN THE FIELD, Jan. 3, 1865.

General: On the 7th Dec. last, in obedience to your orders, I moved a force of 6,500 efficient men, consisting of Gen. Ames' division of the Twenty-fourth Corps, and Gen. Paine's division of the Twenty-fifth Corps, under command of Maj.-Gen. Weitzel, to an encampment near Bermuda. On the 8th the troops embarked for Fortress Monroe. On the 9th (Friday) I reported to Rear Admiral Porter that the army portion of the conjoint expedition directed against Wilmington was ready to proceed. We waited there till Saturday the 10th, Sunday the 11th, and Monday the 12th. On the 12th, Rear Admiral Porter informed me that the naval fleet would sail on the 13th, but would be obliged to put into Beaufort to take on board ammunition for the monitors. The expedition having become the subject of remark, and fearing lest its destination should get to the enemy, in order to divert from it all attention, on the morning of Tuesday the 13th, at 3 o'clock, I ordered the transport fleet to proceed up the Potomac during the day to Matthias Point, so as to be plainly visible to the scouts and signal men of the enemy on the northern neck, and to retrace their course at night and anchor under the lee of Cape Charles.

Having given the navy 36 hours' start, at 12 o'clock noon of the 14th, Wednesday, I joined the transport fleet off Cape Henry and put to sea, arriving at the place of rendezvous off New Inlet, near Fort Fisher, on the evening of the 15th, Thursday. We then waited for the navy Friday the 16th, Saturday the 17th and Sunday the 18th, during which days we had the finest possible weather and the smoothest sea. On the evening of the 18th Admiral Porter came from Beaufort to the place of rendezvous. That evening the sea became rough, and on Monday the 19th the wind sprang up freshly, so that it was impossible to land troops; and by the advice of Admiral Porter, communicated to me by letter, I directed the transport fleet to rendezvous at Beaufort. This was a matter of necessity, because the transport fleet, being coaled and watered for 10 days, had already waited that time, to wit: from the 9th, the day on which we were ready to sail, to the 19th.

On the 20th (Tuesday), 21st (Wednesday), 22d (Thursday), and 23d (Friday), it blew a gale. I was occupied in coaling and watering the transport fleet at Beaufort. The *Baltic*, having a larger supply of coal, was enabled to remain at the place of rendezvous with a brigade on board of 1,200 men; and Gen. Ames reported to Admiral Porter that he would co-operate with him.

On the 23d I sent Capt. Clark of my Staff from Beaufort on the fast-sailing armed Steamer *Chamberlain*, to Admiral Porter, to inform him that on the evening of the 24th I would again be at the rendezvous with the



CAPT. HENRY C. HANDERSON.



LIEUT. MARQUIS L. HOLT.



LIEUT.-COL. JOSIAH I. PLIMPTON.



LIEUT. LEMUEL N. JACKMAN,
Adjt.

transport fleet, for the purpose of commencing the attack, the weather permitting. At four o'clock on the evening of the 24th I came in sight of Fort Fisher, and found the naval fleet engaged in bombarding it, the powder vessel having been exploded on the morning previous, about one o'clock. Through Gen. Weitzel I arranged with Admiral Porter to commence the landing under cover of the gunboats as early as eight o'clock the next morning, if possible, as soon as the fire of the Half Moon and Flag Pond Hill batteries had been silenced. These are up the shore some two or three miles above Fort Fisher. Admiral Porter was quite sanguine that he had silenced the guns of Fort Fisher. He was then urged, if that were so, to run by the fort into Cape Fear River; and then the troops could land and hold the beach without liability of being shelled by the enemy's gunboats (the *Tallahassee* being seen in the river). It is to be remarked that Admiral Farragut even had never taken a fort except by running by and cutting it off from all prospect of reinforcement, as at Fort Johnson and Fort Morgan, and that no casemated fort had been silenced by naval fire during the war. That if the Admiral would put his ships in the river, the army could supply him across the beach, as we had proposed to do Farragut at Fort St. Philip. That, at least, the blockade at Wilmington would be thus effectual, even if we did not capture the fort. To that the Admiral replied that he should probably lose a boat by torpedoes if he attempted to run by. He was reminded that the army might lose 500 men by the assault, and that his boat would not weigh in the balance, even in a money point of view, for a moment with the lives of the men. The Admiral declined going by, and the expedition was deprived of that essential element of success.

At 12 o'clock, noon, of the 25th (Sunday), Capt. Glisson, commanding the covering division of the fleet, reported the batteries silenced and his vessels in position to cover our landing. The transport fleet, following my flag-ship, stood in within 800 yards of the beach and at once commenced debarking. The landing was successfully effected. Finding that the reconnoitring party just landed could hold the shore, I determined to land a force with which an assault might be attempted. Brevet Brig.-Gen. Curtis, who deserves well for his gallantry, immediately pushed up his brigade within a few hundred yards of Fort Fisher, capturing the Half Moon Battery and its men, who were taken off by the boats of the navy. This skirmish line advanced to within 75 yards of the fort, protected by the glacis, which had been thrown up in such form as to give cover, the garrison being completely kept in their bomb-proofs by the fire of the navy, which was very rapid and continuous, their shells bursting over the work with very considerable accuracy. At this time we lost ten men wounded on the skirmish line by the shells from the fleet. Quitting my flag-ship I went on board the *Chamberlain* and ran in within a few hundred yards of the fort, so that it was plainly visible. It appeared to be a square-bastioned work of very high relief, say 15 feet, surrounded by a wet ditch some 15 feet wide. It was protected from being enveloped by an assaulting force by a stockade which extended from the fort to the sea on one side, and from the marshes of Cape Fear River to the salient on the other. No material damage to the fort as a defensive work had been done. Seventeen heavy guns bore up the beach, protected from the fire of the navy by traverses 8 or 10 feet high, which were undoubtedly bomb-proof shelters for the garrison. With the garrison kept within their bomb-proofs, it was easy to maintain this position; but the shells of the navy, which kept the enemy in their bomb-proofs, would keep my troops out. When those ceased falling, the parapet was fully manned. Lieut. Walling, One Hundred and Forty-second New York, pressed up to the edge of the ditch and captured a flag which had been cut down by a shell from the navy. It is a mistake, as was first reported to me, that any soldier entered the fort. An orderly was killed about a third of a mile from the fort and his horse taken.

In the meantime the remainder of Ames' division had captured 218 men and 10 commissioned officers of the North Carolina Reserves, and other prisoners. From them I learned that Kirkland's and Hagood's brigades of Hoke's division had left the front of the Army of the James, near Richmond,

and were then within two miles of the rear of my forces, and their skirmishers were then actually engaged, and that the remainder of Hoke's division had come the night before to Wilmington, and were then on the march, if they had not already arrived. I learned also that these troops had left Richmond on Tuesday, the 20th. Knowing the strength of Hoke's division, I found a force opposed to me, outside of the works, larger than my own. In the meantime the weather assumed a threatening aspect. The surf began to roll in so that the landing became difficult. At this time Gen. Weitzel reported to me that to assault the work, in his judgment, and in that of experienced officers of his command, who had been in the skirmish line, with any prospect of success, was impossible. This opinion coincided with my own; and much as I regretted the necessity of abandoning the attempt, yet the path of duty was plain. Not so strong a work as Fort Fisher had been taken by assault during the war; and I had to guide me the experience of Fort Hudson, with its slaughtered thousands in the repulsed assault, and the double assault on Fort Wagner, where thousands were sacrificed in an attempt to take a work less strong than Fisher, after it had been subjected to a more continued and fully as severe fire. And in neither of the instances I have mentioned had the assaulting force, in its rear, as I had, an army of the enemy larger than itself. I therefore ordered that no assault should be made, and that the troops should re-embark. While superintending the preparation for this, the fire of the navy ceased. Instantly, the guns of the fort were fully manned, and a sharp fire of musketry, grape and canister swept the plain over which the column must have advanced and the skirmish line was returning. Working with what diligence we could, it was impossible to get the troops again on board before the sea ran so high as to render further re-embarkation, or even the sending of supplies on shore, impossible. I lay by the shore until 11 o'clock the next day (Monday the 26th), when, having made all proper dispositions for getting the troops on board, I gave orders for the transport fleet, as fast as they were ready, to sail for Fortress Monroe, in obedience to my instructions from the Lieutenant-General.

I learned from deserters and prisoners captured, that the supposition upon which the Lieutenant-General directed the expedition, that Wilmington had been denuded of troops to oppose Gen. Sherman, was correct: that at the time when the army arrived off Wilmington, there were less than 400 men in the garrison of Fort Fisher, and less than 1,000 within 20 miles. But the delay of three days' good weather,—the 16th, 17th and 18th,—waiting for the arrival of the navy, and the further delay of the terrible storm of the 21st, 22d and 23d, gave time for troops to be brought from Richmond, three divisions of which were either there or on the road. The instructions of the Lieutenant-General to me did not contemplate a siege. I had neither siege trains nor supplies for such a contingency. The exigency of possible delay, for which the foresight of the Commander of the armies had provided, had arisen, to wit: the larger reinforcement of the garrison. This, together with the fact that the navy had exhausted their supply of ammunition in the bombardment, left me with no alternative but to return with my troops to the Army of the James.

The loss of the opportunity of Friday, Saturday and Sunday, the 16th, 17th and 18th, was the immediate cause of the failure of the expedition. It is not my province even to suggest blame to the navy for their delay of four days at Beaufort. I know none of the reasons which do or do not justify it. It is to be presumed they are sufficient. I am happy to bring to the attention of the Lieutenant-General the excellent behavior of the troops, both officers and men, which was all that could be desired. I am under special obligations to Capt. Glisson of the *Santiago de Cuba*, for the able and efficient manner in which he covered our landing; to Capt. Alden of the *Brooklyn*, for his prompt assistance and the excellent gunnery with which the *Brooklyn* cleared the shores of all opposers at the moment of debarkation. Lieut. Farquhar of the navy, having in charge the navy boats which assisted in the landing, deserves great credit for the energy and skill with which he managed the boats through the rolling surf. Especial commendation is due

Brig.-Gen. Graham and the officers and men of his naval brigade for the organization of his boats and crews for landing, and the untiring energy and industry with which they all labored in re-embarking the troops during the stormy night of the 25th and the days following. For this and other meritorious services during the campaign since the 1st of May, which have heretofore been brought to the notice of the Lieutenant-General in my official reports, I would respectfully but earnestly recommend Gen. Graham for promotion. The number of prisoners captured by us was 300, including 12 officers; also 2 heavy rifled guns, 2 light guns and 6 caissons. The loss of the army was one man drowned, two men killed, one officer captured, two accidentally wandered through our pickets, and ten men wounded while upon the picket line by the shells of the navy. Always chary of mentioning with commendation the acts of my own personal Staff, yet I think the troops who saw it will agree to the cool courage and daring of Lieut. Sidney B. DeKay, Aide-de-Camp, in landing on the night of the 25th and remaining aiding in re-embarkation on the 27th.

For the details of the landing and the operations, I beg leave to refer you to the reports of Maj.-Gen. Weitzel, commanding the division landed. Trusting my action will meet with the approval of the Lieutenant-General, the report is respectfully submitted.

To Lieut.-Gen. U. S. GRANT,

Comdy. Armies of the U. S.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

Major-General.

Inasmuch as Admiral Porter didn't seem to like Gen. Butler very well, we give his reports (24th and 26th Dec., 1864) the next place.

NORTH ATLANTIC SQUADRON,

U. S. S. MALVERN, OFF WILMINGTON, N.C., Dec. 24, 1864.

Sir: I have the honor to inform you that I attacked the forts at the mouth of the Cape Fear River this morning at 12.30, and after getting the ships in position silenced them in about an hour and a half. There being no troops here to take possession, I am merely firing at them now to keep up practice. The forts are nearly demolished, and as soon as troops come we can take possession. We have set them on fire—blown some of them up; and all that is wanted now is troops to land to go into them. I suppose Gen. Butler will be here in the morning. We have had very heavy gales here, which tugs, monitors and all rode out at their anchors. The transports have all gone into Beaufort, N.C.

I am, sir, etc., DAVID D. PORTER,

To Hon. GIDEON WELLES.

Secretary of Navy, Washington, D.C.

Rear Admiral.

FLAG-SHIP MALVERN,

OFF NEW INLET, N.C., Dec. 26, 1864.

Sir: I have the honor to forward to you a somewhat detailed report of the two engagements with Fort Fisher and the surrounding works. We attacked with the whole fleet on the 24th inst., and silenced every gun in a very short time. On the 25th inst., we again took up our position, within a mile of the fort (the iron vessels within 1,200 yards), without a shot being fired at us. Shelled it all day, with now and then a shot from the rebels, and stopped firing after sunset. The army landed, and re-embarked, considering it impracticable to assault the place. I shall remain and keep shelling the enemy's works on every occasion when the weather will permit.

I am, etc., DAVID D. PORTER,

To Hon. GIDEON WELLES.

Secretary of Navy, Washington, D.C.

Rear Admiral.

FLAG-SHIP MALVERN,

OFF NEW INLET, N.C., Dec. 26, 1864.

Sir: I was in hopes I should have been able to present to the Nation Fort Fisher and surrounding works, as a Christmas offering; but . . . it has not been taken yet. I attacked it on the 24th inst., with the *Ironsides*,

Canonicus, Mahopac, Monadnock, Minnesota, Colorado, Mohican, Tuscarora, Wabash, Susquehanna, Brooklyn, Pochatan, Juniata, Seneca, Shenandoah, Pautaret, Ticonderoga, Mackinnon, Maumee, Yantic, Kansas, Josco, Quaker City, Monticello, Rhode Island, Sassacus, Chippewa, Osceola, Tacony, Pontonsuc, Santiago de Cuba, Fort Jackson and Vanderbilt, having a reserve of small vessels consisting of the *Aries, Hovquah, Wilderness, Cherokee, A. D. Vance, Anemone, Eglus, Gettysburg, Alabama, Keystone State, Burshee, Emma, Lillian, Tristan Shandy, Britannia, Gor. Buckingham* and *Nausomond*.

Previous to making the attack, a torpedo on a large scale, with an amount of powder on board supposed to be sufficient to explode the powder magazines of the fort, was prepared with great care and placed under the command of Commander A. C. Rhind, who had associated with him in this perilous service Lieut. S. W. Preston, 2d Asst. Engineer A. T. E. Mullan of the U. S. S. *Agawam*, and Acting Master's Mate Paul Boyden and seven men. So much had been said and written about the terrible effects of gunpowder in an explosion that happened lately in England, that great results were expected from this novel mode of making war. Everything that ingenuity could devise was adopted to make this experiment a success. The vessel was brought around from Norfolk with great care and without accident in tow of the U. S. S. *Sassacus*, Lieut.-Comdr. J. L. Davis, who directed his whole attention to the matter in hand; and though he experienced some bad weather and lost one of his rudders, he took her safely into Beaufort, where he filled her up with powder and perfected all the machinery for blowing her up. Gen. Butler had arrived at the rendezvous before us; and I hastened matters all I could so that no unnecessary delay might be laid to my charge.

On the 18th inst., I sailed from Beaufort with all the monitors, *New Ironsides* and small vessels, including the *Louisiana* (the powder-boat) disguised as a blockade runner, for the rendezvous, 20 miles east of New Inlet, N. C., and found all the larger vessels and transports assembled there, the wind blowing light from the northeast. On the 20th inst., a heavy gale set in from the southwest; and not being able to make a port without scattering all the vessels, I determined to ride it out, which I did, without accident of any kind, except the loss of a few anchors, the monitors and all behaving beautifully. Only two vessels went to sea to avoid the gale, and fared no better than those at anchor. The transports being short of water, put into Beaufort, N. C., and were not suitable for riding out at anchor such heavy weather.

. . . . On the 23d I directed Commander Rhind to proceed and explode the vessel right under the walls of Fort Fisher, Mr. Bradford, of the Coast Survey, having gone in at night and ascertained that we could place a vessel of 7 feet draft right on the edge of the beach. Lieut. R. H. Lamson, commanding the *Gettysburg*, volunteered to go in the *Wilderness*, Acting-Master Henry Avey in command, and tow the *Louisiana* into position, having assisted in the gale in taking care of the *Louisiana* after she and the *Nausomond* (the vessel having her in tow) had lost all their anchors. At 10.30 P.M. the powder vessel started in toward the bar, and was towed by the *Wilderness* until the embrasures of Fort Fisher were plainly in sight. The *Wilderness* then cast off and the *Louisiana* proceeded under steam until within 200 yards of the beach and about 400 yards from the fort. Commander Rhind anchored her securely there, and coolly went to work to make all his arrangements to blow her up. This he was enabled to do, owing to a blockade runner going in right ahead of him, the forts making the blockade runner signals, which they also did to the *Louisiana*. The gallant party, after coolly making all their arrangements for the explosion, left the vessel, the last thing they did being to set her on fire under the cabin. Then taking to their boats they made their escape to the *Wilderness*, lying close by. The *Wilderness* then put off shore with good speed to avoid any ill effects that might happen from the explosion. At 1.45 A.M., the 24th, the explosion took place, and the shock was nothing like so severe as was expected. It shook the vessel some and broke one or more glasses, but nothing more.

At daylight on the 24th the fleet . . . stood in line of battle. At 11.30 A.M., the signal was made to engage the forts, the *Ironsides* leading and the *Monadnock*, *Canonius* and *Mohopae* following. The *Ironsides* took her position in the most beautiful and seamanlike manner, got her spring out, and opened deliberate fire on the fort, which was firing at her with all its guns, which did not seem numerous, in the northeast face, though we counted what appeared to be 17 guns; but four or five of these were fired from that direction, and they were silenced almost as soon as the *Ironsides* opened her terrific battery. . . . In one hour and fifteen minutes after the first shot was fired, not a shot came from the fort. Two magazines had been blown up by our shells and the fort set on fire in several places. . . . Finding the batteries completely silenced, I directed the ships to keep up a moderate fire in hopes of attracting the attention of the transports and bringing them in. At sunset Gen. Butler came in his flag-ship, with a few transports, the rest not having arrived from Beaufort . . . [Of the bursting of 100-pounder Parrott guns he says]: One burst on the *Ticonderoga* — 6 killed, 7 wounded. Another on the *Yantic*, killing one officer and two men. Another on the *Juniata*, killing and wounding 12. Another on the *Mackinnon*, killing and wounding 6. Another on the *Quaker City*, wounding 2 or 3 [these were the only casualties of the day].

. . . . On the 25th (Christmas) all the transports had arrived, and Gen. Butler sent Gen. Weitzel to see me and arrange the programme for the day. It was decided that we should attack the forts again, while the army landed and assaulted them, if possible, under a heavy fire . . . At 7 A.M., 25th, I made signal to . . . form in line of battle. . . . I suppose about 3,000 men had landed, when I was notified they were re-embarking . . . we drew off at sunset . . . I received word from Gen. Weitzel . . . that it was impracticable to assault. . . . The army commenced landing about 2 P.M., and began re-embarking about 5 P.M. . . . about a brigade were left on the beach during the night, covered by the gunboats. As our troops landed 65 rebel soldiers hoisted the white flag and delivered themselves up, and were taken prisoners by the seamen landing the troops and conveyed to the *Santiago de Cuba*; 218 more gave themselves up to the reconnoitring party. I do not pretend to put my opinion against that of Gen. Weitzel, who is a thorough soldier and an able engineer, and whose business it is to know more of assaulting than I do; but I can't help thinking it was worth while to make the attempt after coming so far. . . .

Until further orders I shall go on and hammer away at this fort, hoping in time that the people in it will get tired and hand it over to us. . . . There are about a thousand men left on the shore by the army who have not been got off yet, on account of the surf on the beach. These will be got off in the morning, and the soldiers will then be sent home. . . .

I am, etc.,

DAVID D. PORTER,

To Hon. GIDEON WELLES,

Rear Admiral.

Secretary of Navy, Washington, D.C.

FLAG-SHIP MALVERN,

OFF NEW INLET, N.C., Dec. 27, 1864.

Sir: My despatch of yesterday will give you an account of our operations, but will scarcely give you an idea of my disappointment at the conduct of the army authorities, in not attempting to take possession of the forts which had been so completely silenced by our guns. They were so blown up, burst up and torn up, that the people inside had no intention of fighting any longer. Had the army made a show of surrounding it, it would have been ours; but nothing of the kind was done. The men landed, reconnoitred, and hearing the enemy was massing troops somewhere, the order was given to re-embark. They went away as soon as a majority of the troops were on the transports; and it coming on to blow rather fresh, about 700 were left on shore. They have been there ever since, without food or water, having landed with only 24 hours' rations. I opened communication with them this morning, and supplied them with provisions. To show that the rebels have no force here, these men have been on shore two days without being molested. I am now getting them off; and it has taken half the

squadron, with the loss of many boats, to assist. I can't conceive what the army expected when they came here. It certainly did not need 7,000 men to garrison Fort Fisher. It only requires 1,000 to garrison all these forts, which are entirely under the guns of Fort Fisher. That taken, the river is open. Could I have found a channel to be relied on in time, I would have put the small vessels in even if I had got a dozen of them sunk; but the channel we did find was only wide enough for one vessel at right angles, and we were not certain of soundings. There never was a fort that invited soldiers to walk in and take possession more plainly than Fort Fisher; and an officer got on the parapet even, saw no one inside, and brought away the flag we had cut down. A soldier goes inside, through a sally-port, meets in the fort, coming out of a bomb-proof, an orderly on horseback, shoots the orderly, searches his body and brings away with him the horse and communication the orderly was bearing, to send up field pieces. Another soldier goes into the fort and brings out a mule that was stowed away; and another soldier, who went inside while our shells were falling, shot his musket into a bomb-proof, where he saw some rebels huddled together, and was not molested. Ten soldiers who went around the fort were wounded by our shells. All the men wanted was an order to go in . . . we have been shown the weakness of this work. It can be taken at any moment, in an hour's time, if the right man is sent with the troops. They should be sent here to stay—to land with a month's provisions, intrenching tools, guns and Coehorn mortars. Ten thousand men will hold the whole country. The rebels have been able to send here all told about 4,000 men—75 of them . . . gave themselves up to the navy; 218 . . . gave themselves up to the reconnoitring party. . . . If I can't do better, I will land the sailors, and try if we can't have full credit for what we do . . . If Gen. Hancock, with 10,000 men, were sent down here, we could walk right into the fort.

I am, etc., DAVID D. PORTER,

To HOB. GIDEON WELLES,

Rear Admiral.

Secretary of Navy, Washington, D.C.

CONFEDERATE ACCOUNTS.

From the report of Maj.-Gen. W. H. C. Whiting, who was sent down to Fort Fisher as a witness or counselor (not to take command, the fort being in charge of Col. Lamb), we glean the following:—

Received the information at 1 p.m. on the 24th that the fleet was getting into position. I ordered a steamer and proceeded to the point of attack, reaching Federal Point just before the close of the first day's bombardment, which lasted four and a half hours. The second day, firing began at 10.20 A.M. and lasted till dark, from fifty ships. During the day the enemy landed a large force, and at 4.30 p.m. advanced a line of skirmishers on left flank of sand curtain, the fleet firing at curtain . . . At dark the enemy withdrew . . . a heavy storm set in. At 8 A.M. on the 20th, a reported advance in boats was opened on with grape and shell. Tuesday morning, relieved by supports of Maj.-Gen. Hoke.

Then follows commendation of certain officers, as is usual in such cases, whether Union or Confederate.

Gen. Whiting says he had 667 men on the 18th December, and was reinforced the 23d by 410 men; that on the 24th the fleet disabled five guns, and on the 25th four guns, two of the latter being on the left looking up the beach, leaving nineteen in position. The mines were undisturbed.

In a report, later (30th Dec.), Gen. Whiting says he had to coax the Junior Reserves (250 men) to come out from the bomb-proofs, to repel a possible assault; and that the heavy weather of Wednesday and Thursday, after the arrival of the fleet, was the fort's salvation.

Another account reads as follows: "The Federals began the attack at 1 p.m. Dec. 24th, and kept up an average of 30 shots per minute till night. Our loss, 23 wounded. Renewed at 10 a.m. on the 25th. Col. Lamb replied slowly and deliberately. Enemy landed about three brigades two and one-half miles above fort. Engaged by a smaller force. Enemy held ground at night. 26th: The enemy's infantry attacked fort late last night and were repulsed. Heavy rain and wind all night. Prisoners report Twenty-fourth Army Corps of Yankee army, under Butler."

[Gen. Bragg to Jeff. Davis.]

27 Dec., 6 p.m.: Enemy has re-embarked. I have visited Fort Fisher, and find damage slight. Gen. Whiting and Col. Lamb deserve much credit, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

A naval officer states that the *Rhode Island* (a wooden side-wheel gunboat) had the monitor *Saugus* at her stern, by hawser, as the latter was unable to lie at anchor during the storm. After the gale, two or three of the lightest boats were sent in search of those scattered by the storm, and rally them, preparatory to another attack. He says Gen. Butler left nearly a regiment on shore. They intrenched with hands, knives, forks, spoons and bayonets; were there nearly three days. Several sailors and boats were lost in trying to relieve them. Rations were sent on shore to them on a line. The captured rebels were with them, and were mostly young men and boys. He further says that a New York regiment was provided with launches for landing, each with a howitzer, and quite large. These were left on the shore — abandoned, say a dozen or more of them.

The *Army and Navy Journal*, 24 Dec. 1864, gives the following statement of the naval force present: —

1st Division	16 ships,	164 guns.
2d "	14 "	152 "
3d "	11 "	119 "
4th "	16 "	165 "
Iron-clads	6 "	30 "
Flag-ships	2 "	9 "
Tugs	7 "	14 "
Tender	1 "	2 "
Totals	73	655

Tugs: *Clinton*, *Heliotrope*, *Unit*, *Poppy*, *Clematis*, *Begonia*, *Young America*, with two guns each.

Hospital Fleet: *Florida*, *Rhode Island*, *Fort Jackson*, *Keystone State*, *Alabama*, *Santiago de Cuba* and *Quaker City*.

Gen. Weitzel testified before the Congressional Committee that the troops he found opposing him were the Thirty-fourth North Carolina, of Kirtland's brigade of Hoke's division, which "we had been fighting in Virginia since last May."

A part of the garrison were quartered outside, on the edge of the wood, there not being room for them in the bomb-proofs: and these were nearly all captured.

The tug *Berberry*, Ensign Roundtree, of the Volunteer Service, towed the powder ship out from Beaufort, N. C., across the bar, where the *Sassacus* took it in tow to Fort Fisher.

[Gen. Butler to Admiral Porter.]

25 Dec. 1864: Upon landing the troops and making a thorough reconnaissance of Fort Fisher, both Gen. Weitzel and myself are fully of the opinion that the place could not be carried by assault, as it was left substantially uninjured as a defensive work by the navy fire. We found seventeen guns, protected by traverses, two only of which were dismounted, bearing up the beach, and covering a strip of land, the only practicable route, not more than wide enough for 1,000 men in line of battle . . . I shall therefore sail for Hampton Roads as soon as the transport fleet can be got in order. . . .

The Sixth Connecticut history says Butler had 6,500 men; and Porter had 73 vessels, with 655 guns.

At this bombardment, about 15,000 shots were fired by the fleet.

Commander Thatcher of the *Colorado* says he fired on first day (24th) 1,569 shots, and on the next day (25th) he planted 230 shots and exploded 996 shells in the works.

The troops had quite an advantage in being landed by the naval brigade—a well-drilled and disciplined number of sailors under Gen. Graham. The troops of the second attack were not landed by this brigade, though landed by naval boats and crews.

The rebel flag captured, of which so much has been said, was captured by Lieut. Walling of the One Hundred and Forty-second New York, who crept up on his hands and knees to the place where he had seen it fall; and stealthily creeping through an aperture in the palisading, made by a shot from the navy, he took it and silently crept away. It would hardly have paid the rebels to man their works, to oppose this little movement, though this is not said to belittle the courage and audacity of Lieut. Walling; for he is really deserving of great credit.

Col. Daggett of the One Hundred and Seventeenth New York, with his regiment, captured about 200 prisoners.

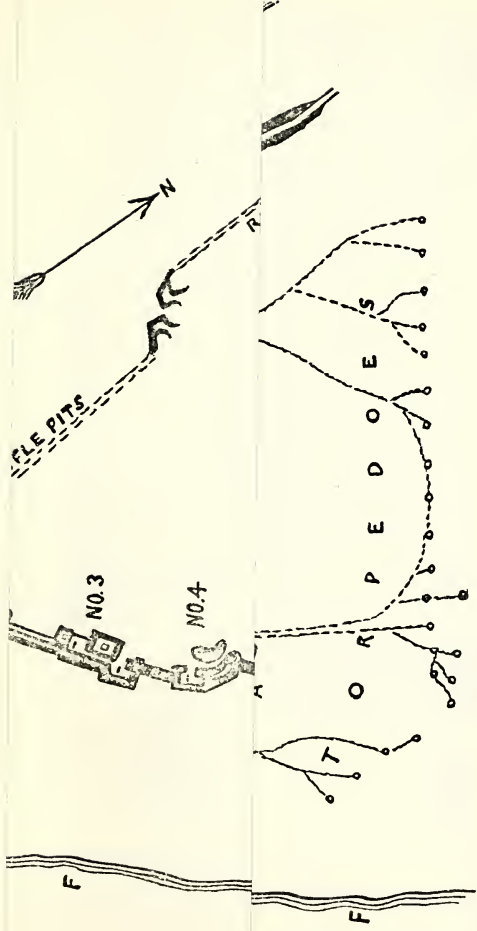
A 200-pounder Parrott burst on the *Yantic* at 3 p.m. on the 24th, doing considerable damage. This gun had only been fired 19 times in all. The *Yantic* at once pulled out of the fight, and was useful next day in landing the troops.

The last of the men left on shore were taken off about noon of the 27th by the boats of the *Britannia*. They had been ashore two nights.

The *Nansemond* did not participate, being used as a despatch boat during the 25th.

An Ensign from the *Britannia* received the surrender of Flag-Pond Hill battery, and planted the stars and stripes there 25 Dec. When the white flag was displayed, there was a race between the boats to get there first.

About 4 p.m., 26th Dec., Lieut.-Comdr. MacDiarmid, of the *Gov. Buckingham*, received word from Gen. Curtis (on shore) through Lieut. DeKay of Gen. Butler's Staff, to fire over the woods to pro-



DISTANT VIEW OF INTERIOR OF FORT FISHER, AFTER CAPTURE.

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ARMAMENT OF FORT FISHER.

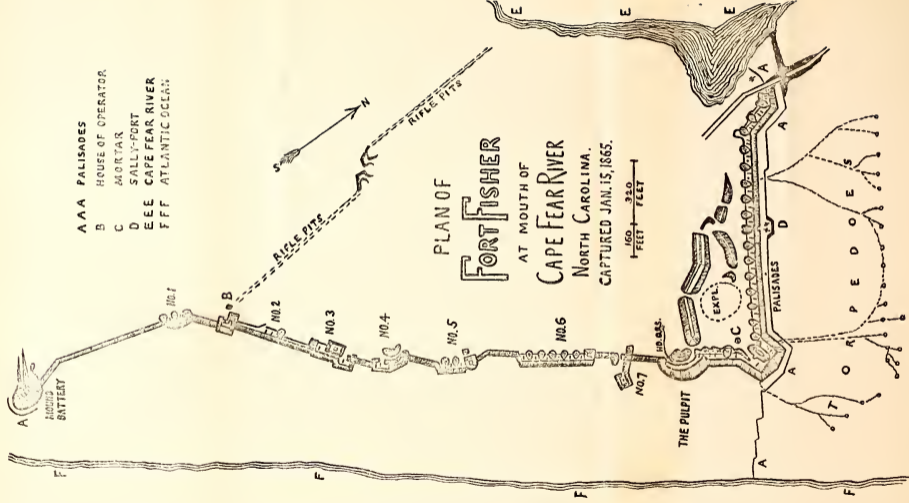
LAND FORCE.

1. Field Piece.
2. 10-inch Columbiad.
3. 6½ " Rifle.
4. 8 " Smooth Bore.
5. 8 " Columbiad.
6. 8 " Rifle Parrott.
7. 4½ " Smooth Bore.
8. 6½ " Smooth Bore.
9. 5½ " Smooth Bore.
10. 6½ " Smooth Bore.
11. 5½ " Mortar.
12. 6½ " Smooth Bore.
13. 5½ " Mortar.
14. 6½ " Smooth Bore.
15. 8 " Smooth Bore.
16. 6½ " Smooth Bore.
17. Field Piece 1 (Sally-Port.)
18. Field Piece 2 (Sally-Port.)
19. 6½-inch Smooth Bore.
20. 6½ " Smooth Bore.
21. 6½ " Rifle.
22. 7 " Brooks Rifle.
23. 6½ " Rifle.
24. 6½ " Columbiad.
25. 10 " Smooth Bore.

SEA FORCE.

27. 84-inch Blakely Rifle.
28. 8 " Mortar (rear of 26 and 27)
29. 10 " Columbiad.
30. 6½ " Rifle.
31. 10 " Columbiad.
32. 10 " Columbiad.
33. 10 " Columbiad. (No. 7.)
34. 8 " Columbiad.
35. 8 " Columbiad.
36. 8 " Columbiad.
37. 8 " Brooks Rifle.
38. 7 " Brooks Rifle.
39. 8 " Columbiad.
40. 6½ " Rifle. } (No. 5.)
41. 6½ " Rifle. } (No. 4.)
42. 8 " Rifle. } 150 pdr. Armstrong.
43. 10 " Columbiad. } (No. 3.)
44. 10 " Columbiad. } (No. 2.)
45. 7 " Brooks Rifle. } (No. 2.)
46. 6½ " Rifle.
47. 10 " Columbiad. } (No. 1.)
48. 10 " Columbiad. } (No. 1.)
49. 10 " Columbiad.
50. 6½ " Rifle. (Mound Battery.)

The Northeast Traverse was 28 ft. high above the parapet and 43 ft. above the beach. The Mound Battery was 52 ft. 9 in. high above the beach. A flagstaff and flag was located at Hornum's (the Pulpit), and another flagstaff and flag on the Mound Battery. The latter was landed down by Capt. Edgerly, Third New Hampshire.



DISTANT VIEW OF INTERIOR OF FORT FISHER, AFTER CAPTURE.

tect him from the enemy, which was massing on his front and flanks. Shots were fired every 15 minutes during the night, aimed at a point a little to the left of our troops.

The rebel flag was shot away at 4.20 P.M. 25th Dec., by a shot from a monitor.

The northern or land face of the fort, covering 480 yards, had 21 guns; the sea face, 1,300 yards, 17 guns. The parapets were 25 feet thick and averaged 20 feet high; while the traverses were higher by about 10 feet and sloped back to about 8 or 12 feet thick. There were 30 bomb-proofs, with a floor area of 14,500 feet.

THE SECOND ATTACK.

The account of the first attack, with its results, such as they were, has been given, and the troops have returned to Virginia; and the reader must be gently led, by ways that he knows not, to the second and, happily, the successful assault which gave us the fort, the river, Wilmington, and cut off the only substantial means of supply of the Confederacy. Admiral Porter, after the capture, very feelingly wrote the Department that all he'd got to do now was to lay there, off the Inlet, and see the Confederates starve.

Secretary Welles of the Navy Department telegraphed Gen. Grant on 29 Dec., urging him to furnish a sufficient force to insure the fall of Fort Fisher, and says that the telegram "is sent at the suggestion of the President." Says finally, "if the requisite force cannot be furnished, the fleet will have to disperse and cannot be again assembled."

On the 29th, Admiral Porter wrote the Navy Department that he had sent most of his fleet, for deceptive purposes, to Beaufort, one or two at a time, to look as if going away for repairs. Says, further, could he depend on the sailors, he would ask no army force. Says a large part of the crews are green, and that sailors cannot stand the concentrated fire of regular troops. He refers to his original proposition for 12,000 men. In concluding, he begs that the fleet be not broken up, but permitted to remain till found impossible to take the fort.

Saturday, 31 Dec., Secretary Welles informed Admiral Porter that a competent force, properly commanded, was to be sent immediately by Grant, and would probably be ready to leave Hampton Roads the following Monday or Tuesday.

THE SUCCESSFUL ASSAULT.

The universal regard for Gen. Terry, shared in by the writer, induces him to insert Gen. Terry's report as a leader—for he was a leader in every sense of the word:—

General: I have the honor to submit the following detailed report of the operations which resulted in the capture of Fort Fisher and the recapture of Fort Caswell and the other works at the mouth of Cape Fear River.

On the 2d inst. I received from the Lieutenant-General, in person, orders to take command of the troops destined for the movement. They were: 3,300 picked men from the Second Division of the Twenty-fourth Army

Corps, under Brig.-Gen. (now Brevet Maj.-Gen.) Adelbert Ames; the same number from the Third Division of the Twenty-fifth Army Corps, under command of Brig.-Gen. Chas. J. Paine; 1,400 men from the Second Brigade of the First Division of the Twenty-fourth Army Corps, under Col. (now Brevet Brig.-Gen.) J. C. Abbott, Seventh New Hampshire Volunteers; the Sixteenth New York Independent Battery with 4 3-inch guns; and Light Battery E, Third United States Artillery, with 6 light 12-pounder guns. I was instructed to move them from their positions in the lines on the north side of the James River to Bermuda Landing, in time to commence their embarkation on transport vessels at sunrise on the 4th inst. In obedience to these orders, the movement commenced at noon of the 3d inst. The troops arrived at the landing at sunset, and there bivouacked for the night. The transports did not arrive as soon as they were expected. The first of these made its appearance late in the afternoon of the 4th. One of them, the *Atlantic*, was of too heavy draught to come up the James. Curtis' brigade, of Ames' division, was therefore placed on river steamboats and sent down the river to be transferred to her. The embarkation of the remainder of the force commenced at sunset of the 4th, and was completed at noon of the 5th inst. Each vessel, as soon as it was loaded, was sent to Fort Monroe, and at 9 p.m. of the 5th the whole fleet was collected in Hampton Roads. The troops were all in heavy marching order, with four days' rations (from the morning of the 4th inst.) in their haversacks and 40 rounds of ammunition in their boxes. No horses, wagons or ambulances were taken and the caissons of the artillery were left behind; but in addition to the ammunition in the limber chests, 150 rounds per gun in packing boxes were embarked.

I went down the river personally with the Lieutenant-General, and on the way received from him additional instructions and the information that orders had been given for the embarkation of a siege train, to consist of 24 34-pounder Parrotts and 20 Coehorn mortars, with a detail of artillerymen and company of engineers, so that in case siege operations should become necessary, the men and materials for it might be at hand. These troops, under command of Brig.-Gen. H. L. Abbott, were to follow me to Beaufort, N. C., and await orders. It was not until this time that I was informed that Fort Fisher was the point against which we were to operate. During the evening of the 5th, orders were given for the transports to proceed to sea at 4 o'clock next morning; and accompanying these orders were sealed letters to be opened when off Cape Henry, directing them to rendezvous, in case of separation from the flag-ship, at a point 25 miles off Beaufort, N. C. The vessels sailed at the appointed hour. During the 6th inst. a severe storm arose, which so much impeded our progress that it was not until the morning of the 8th inst. that my own vessel arrived at the rendezvous. All the others, excepting the flag-ship of Gen. Paine, were still behind. Leaving Brig.-Gen. Paine to assemble the other vessels as they should arrive, I went to Beaufort harbor to communicate with Rear Admiral Porter, commanding the North Atlantic Blockading Squadron, with whose fleet the forces under my command were destined to co-operate.

During the 8th inst., nearly all the vessels arrived at the rendezvous: some of them required repairs to their hulls, damaged by the gale; some repairs to their machinery; others needed coal or water. These vessels were brought into the harbor or to the outer anchorage, where their wants were supplied. All the others remained, until the final sailing of the expedition, some 20 or 25 miles off the land.

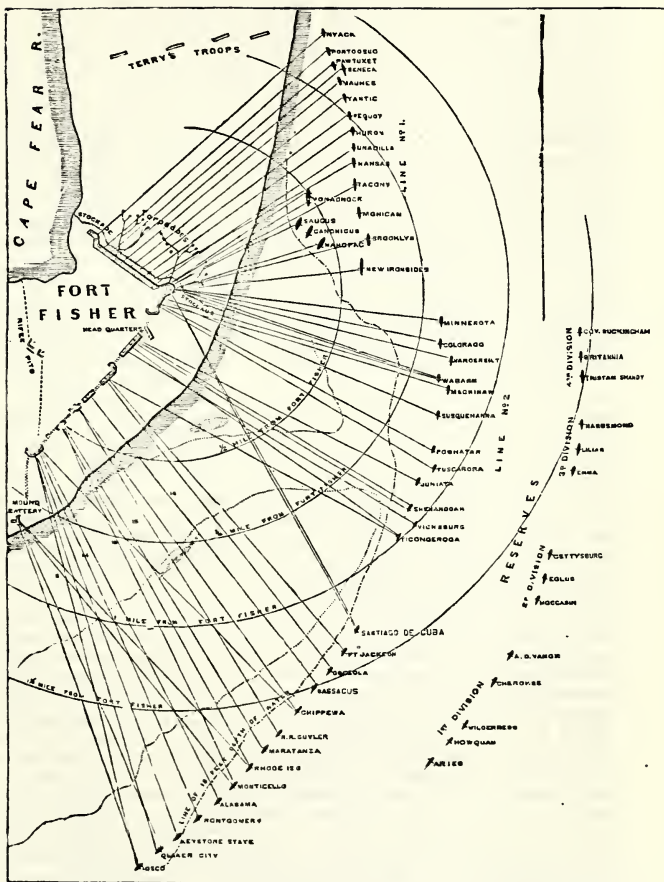
The weather continued so unfavorable as to afford no prospect that we would be able to make a landing on the open beach of Federal Point until Wednesday, the 11th inst. On that day Admiral Porter proposed to start; but at high water there was still so much surf on the bar that the iron-clads and other vessels of heavy draught could not be gotten over it. Our departure was therefore delayed till the next day. On the morning tide of the 12th, the vessels in the harbor passed out, and the whole fleet of naval vessels and transports got under way for this place. As we were leaving, the vessels of Gen. Abbott's command came in sight, and orders

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were sent to them to follow us. We did not arrive off Federal Point till nearly nightfall; consequently, and in accordance with the decision of the Admiral, the disembarkation of the troops was not commenced until the next morning. Our subsequent experience fully justified the delay. It would have been extremely difficult to land the men at night.

At 4 A.M. of the 13th, the inshore division of naval vessels stood in close to the beach to cover the landing. The transports followed them, and took position as nearly as possible in a line parallel to and about 200 yards outside of them. The ironclads moved down to within range of the fort and opened fire upon it. Another division was placed to the northward of the landing, placed so as to protect our men from any attack from the direction of Masonboro Inlet. At 8 o'clock nearly 200 boats, beside steam-tugs, were sent from the navy to the transports; and the disembarkation of men, provisions, tools and ammunition simultaneously commenced. At 3 P.M., nearly 8,000 men, with 3 days' rations in their haversacks and 40 rounds of ammunition in their boxes, 6 days' supply of hard-bread in bulk, 300,000 additional rounds of small arm ammunition and a sufficient number of intrenching tools, had been safely landed. The surf on the beach was still quite high, notwithstanding the weather had become very pleasant; and owing to it some of the men had their rations and ammunition ruined by water. With this exception, no accident of any kind occurred. As soon as the troops had commenced landing, pickets were thrown out. They immediately encountered outposts of the enemy, and shots were exchanged with them; but no serious engagement occurred. A few prisoners were taken, from whom I learned that Hoke's rebel division, which it was supposed had been sent further South, was still here, and that it was his outposts which we were meeting.

The first object I had in view after landing was to throw a strong defensive line across the peninsula from the Cape Fear River to the sea facing Wilmington, so as to protect our rear from an attack while we should be engaged in operating against Fisher. Our maps indicated that a good position for such a line would be found a short distance above the head of Myrtle Sound, which is a long, shallow piece of water separated from the ocean by a sand-pit of about 100 yards in width, and communicates with it by Masonboro Inlet. It was supposed that the right flank of a line at that point would be protected by the Sound; and being above its bend, that we should be able to land supplies in quiet water there. Our landing place was selected with reference to this idea. An examination made after we landed showed that the Sound for a long distance above its bend was so shallow as to offer no obstacle to the passage of troops at low tide; and, as the further down the peninsula we should go the shorter would be our line across it, it was determined to take up a position where the maps showed a large pond occupying nearly one-third of the width of the peninsula, at about three miles from the fort. Shortly before 5 o'clock, leaving Abbott's brigade to cover our stores, the troops were put in motion for the last-named point. On arriving at it, the "pond" was found to be a sand-flat, sometimes covered with water, giving no assistance to the defence of a line established behind it. Nevertheless it was determined to get a line across at this place, and Paine's division, followed by two of Ames' brigades, made their way through. The night was very dark. Much of the ground was a marsh, and ill adapted to the construction of works, and the distance was found to be too great to be properly defended by the troops which could be spared from the direct attack upon the fort. It was not until 9 P.M. that Paine succeeded in reaching the river. The ground still nearer the fort was then encountered and found to be much better adapted to our purposes; and accordingly the troops were withdrawn from their last position and established on a line about two miles from the work. They reached their final position at 2 A.M. of the 14th inst. Tools were immediately brought up and intrenchments were commenced. At 8 o'clock a good breastwork, reaching from the river to the sea, and partially covered by abattis, had been constructed and was in a defensible condition. It was much improved afterwards; but from this time our foothold on the peninsula was secured.

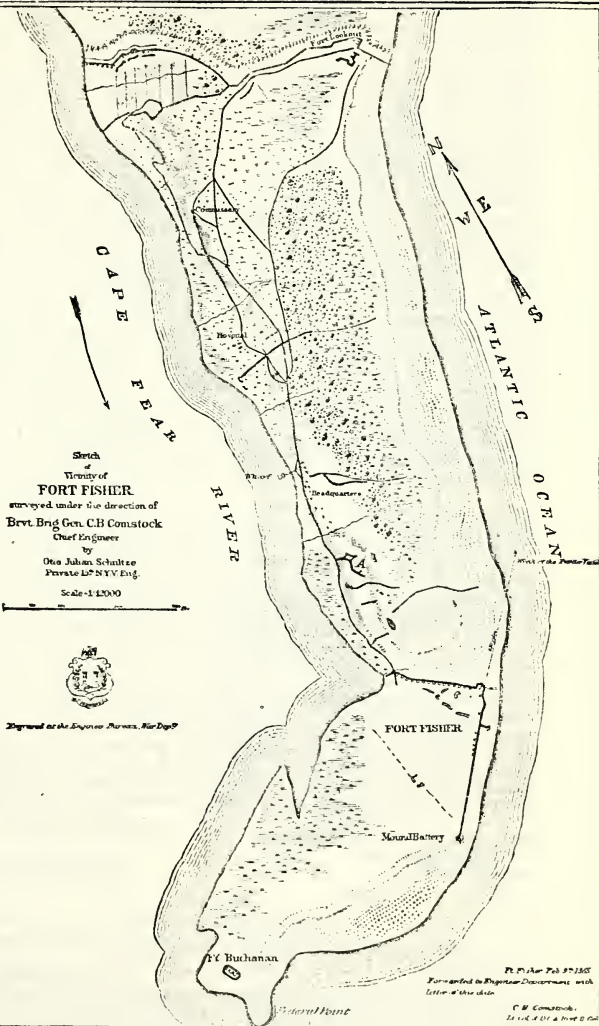
Early in the morning of the 14th the landing of the artillery was commenced, and by sunset all the light guns were gotten on shore. During the following night they were placed in the line, most of them near the river, where the enemy in case he should attack us would be at least exposed to the fire of the gunboats. Curtis' brigade of Ames' division was moved down toward Fisher during the morning; and at noon his skirmishers, after capturing on their way a small steamer which had come down the river with shells and forage for the garrison of the fort, reached a small unfinished outwork in front of the west end of the land front of the work. Gen. Curtis, Lieut.-Col. (now Brevet Brig.-Gen.) Comstock, the Chief Engineer of the expedition, and myself, under the protection of the fire of the fleet, made a careful reconnoissance of the work, getting within 600 yards of it. The report of Gen. Comstock, which, with its accompanying map, is appended hereto, gives a full description of it and its condition at that time. As a result of the reconnoissance, and in view of the extreme difficulty which might be expected in landing supplies and the material for a siege on the open and often tempestuous beach, it was decided to attempt an assault the next day, provided that in the meantime the fire of the navy should so far destroy the palisades as to make one practicable. This decision was communicated to Admiral Porter, who at once placed a division of his vessels in a position to accomplish this last-named object. It was arranged, in consultation with him, that a heavy bombardment from all the vessels should commence early in the morning and continue up to the moment of the assault; and that even then it should not cease, but should be directed from the point of attack to other parts of the work. It was decided that the assault should be made at 3 p.m.; that the army should attack on the western half of the land face, and that a column of sailors and marines should assault at the northeast bastion. The fire of the navy continued during the night.

At 8 A.M. of the 15th, all of the vessels except a division left to aid in the defence of our northern line, moved into position, and a fire, magnificent alike for its power and accuracy, was opened. Ames' division had been selected for the assault. Paine was placed in command of the defensive line, having with him Abbott's brigade in addition to his own division. Ames' first brigade (Curtis) was already at the outwork already mentioned, and in trenches close around it his other two brigades (Pennypacker's and Bell's) were moved at noon to within supporting distance of him. At 2 p.m. preparations for the assault were commenced. Sixty sharpshooters from the Thirteenth Indiana Volunteers, armed with the Spenceer repeating carbine, and forty others, volunteers from Curtis' brigade, the whole number under command of Lieut.-Col. Lent of the Thirteenth Indiana Volunteers, were thrown forward at a run to within 175 yards of the work. They were provided with shovels and soon dug pits for shelter, and commenced firing at the parapet. As soon as this movement commenced, the parapet of the fort was manned and the enemy's fire, both of musketry and artillery, opened. As soon as the sharpshooters were in position, Curtis' brigade was moved forward by regiment at the double-quick into line at about 475 yards from the work. The men there laid down. This was accomplished under a sharp fire of musketry and artillery, from which however, they soon sheltered themselves by digging shallow trenches. When Curtis moved from the outwork, Pennypacker was brought up to it. Bell was brought into line 200 yards in his rear. Finding that a good cover for Curtis' men could be found on the reverse slope of a crest 50 yards in the rear of the sharpshooters, they were again moved forward, one regiment at a time, and again covered themselves in trenches. Pennypacker followed Curtis and occupied the ground vacated by him, and Bell was brought up to the outwork. It had been proposed to blow up and cut down the palisades. Bags of powder with fuses attached had been prepared, and a party of volunteer axemen organized; but the fire of the navy had been so effective during the preceding night and morning that it was thought unnecessary to use the powder. The axemen, however, were sent in with the leading brigade and did good service by making openings in portions of the palisading which the fire of the navy had been unable to reach.

At 3.25 p.m. all the preparations were completed, the order to move forward was given to Ames and a concerted signal was made to Admiral Porter to change the direction of his fire. Curtis' brigade at once sprang from their trenches and dashed forward in line. Its left was exposed to a severe enfilading fire, and it obliged to the right so as to envelop the left of the land front. The ground on which it moved was marshy and difficult; but it soon reached the palisades, passed through them and affected a lodgment on the parapet. At the same time the column of sailors and marines, under Fleet-Capt. K. R. Breeze, advanced up the beach in the most gallant manner and attacked the northeast bastion; but, exposed to a murderous fire, they were unable to get up the parapet. After a severe struggle and a heavy loss of valuable officers and men, it became apparent that nothing could be effected at that point, and they were withdrawn. When Curtis moved forward, Ames directed Pennypacker to move up to the rear of the sharpshooters, and brought Bell up to Pennypacker's last position; and as soon as Curtis got a foothold on the parapet, sent Pennypacker in to his support. He advanced, overlapping Curtis' right, and drove the enemy from the heavy palisades, which extended from the west end of the land face to the river, capturing a considerable number of prisoners. Then, pushing forward to their left, the two brigades together drove the enemy from about one-quarter of the land face. Ames then brought up Bell's brigade and moved it between the work and the river. On this side there was no regular parapet, but there was abundance of cover afforded to the enemy by cavities from which sand had been taken for the parapet, the ruins of barracks and storehouses, the large magazines, and by traverses, behind which they stubbornly resisted our advance. Hand-to-hand fighting of the most desperate character ensued, the huge traverses of the land face being used successively by the enemy as breastworks over the tops of which the contending parties fired in each other's faces. Nine of these were carried, one after the other, by our men.

When Bell's brigade was ordered into action, I foresaw that more troops would probably be needed, and sent an order for Abbott's brigade to move down from the north line, at the same time requesting Capt. Breeze to replace them with his sailors and marines. I also directed Gen. Paine to send me one of the strongest regiments of his own division. These troops arrived at dusk, and reported to Gen. Ames. At 6 o'clock Abbott's brigade went into the fort. The regiment from Paine's division — the Twenty-seventh United States (Colored), Brevet Brig.-Gen. A. M. Blackman commanding — was brought up to the rear of the work, where it remained under fire for some time and was then withdrawn.

Until 6 o'clock the fire of the navy continued upon that portion of the work not occupied by us; after that time it was directed on the beach, to prevent the coming up of reinforcements, which it was thought might possibly be thrown over from the right bank of the river to Battery Buchanan. The fighting for the traverses continued till nearly nine o'clock, two more of them being carried. Then a portion of Abbott's brigade drove the enemy from their last remaining stronghold, and the occupation of the work was completed. The same brigade, with Gen. Blackman's regiment, was immediately pushed down the Point to Battery Buchanan, whither many of the garrison had fled. On reaching the battery, all of the enemy who had not been previously captured were made prisoners. Among them were Maj.-Gen. Whiting and Col. Lamb, the commandant of the fort. About 4 p.m. Hoke advanced against our north line, apparently with the design of attacking it; but if such was his intention, he abandoned it after a skirmish with our pickets. During the day Brevet Brig.-Gen. H. L. Abbott, Chief-of-Artillery, was busily engaged in landing artillery and ammunition, so that if the assault failed, siege operations might at once be commenced. Consequent to the fall of Fort Fisher, the enemy during the night of the 16th and 17th blew up Fort Caswell and abandoned both it and their very extensive works on Smith's Island, at Smithville and Reeves Point, thus placing in our hands all the works erected to defend the mouth of the Cape Fear River. In all the works were found 169 pieces of artillery, nearly all of which are heavy, over 2,000 stands of small arms, considerable quantities of commissary stores and full supplies of ammunition. Our prisoners numbered 112 commissioned officers and 1,971 enlisted men.



I have no words to do justice to the behavior of both officers and men on this occasion: all that men could do they did. Better soldiers never fought. Of Gen. Ames I have already spoken in a letter recommending his promotion. He commanded all the troops engaged, and was constantly under fire. His great coolness, good judgment and skill were never more conspicuous than in this assault. Brig.-Gen. Curtis and Col. Pennypacker, Bell and Abbott, the brigade commanders, led them with the utmost gallantry. Curtis was wounded, after fighting in the front rank, rifle in hand. Pennypacker, while carrying the standard of one of the regiments, was the first man in a charge over the traverses. Bell was mortally wounded near the palisades. Brig.-Gen. Paine deserves high praise for the zeal and energy displayed by him in constructing our defensive line, a work absolutely essential to our success. Brevet Brig.-Gen. Blackman deserves mention for the prompt manner in which he brought his regiment up to the work and afterwards followed up the retreating enemy. To Brevet Brig.-Gen. Comstock, Aide-de-Camp on the Staff of the Lieutenant-General, I am under the deepest obligations. At every step of our progress I received from him the most valuable assistance. For the final success of our part of the operations, the country is more indebted to him than to me. Col. Geo. S. Dodge, Chief Quartermaster, Army of the James, accompanied me as Chief Quartermaster of the forces under my command. His able and energetic performance of his multifarious duties was all that could be wished for and reflect the highest honor upon him. Surgeon Norman S. Barnes, U.S.V., Medical Director, and Surgeon A. J. H. Buzzell, Third New Hampshire Volunteers, Medical Inspectors of the expedition, discharged their laborious duties on the field and in the hospital in a manner most creditable to their ability and humanity. I desire to express my highest appreciation of the services of these officers. I shall have the honor to submit a supplementary report in reference to those subordinate officers and enlisted men who distinguished themselves on this occasion.

I should signally fail to do my duty were I to omit to speak in terms of the highest admiration of the part borne by the navy in our operations. In all ranks, from Admiral Porter to his seamen, there was the utmost desire not only to do their proper work, but to facilitate in every possible manner the operations of the land forces. To him and to the untiring efforts of his officers and men, we are indebted that our men, stores, tools and ammunition were safely and expeditiously landed and that our wounded and prisoners were embarked for transportation to the North. To the great accuracy and power of their fire it is owing that we had not to confront a formidable artillery in the assault, and that we were able with but little loss to push forward the men, preparatory to it, to a point nearly as favorable for it as the one they would have occupied had siege operations been undertaken and the work systematically approached. The assault of the sailors and marines, although it failed, undoubtedly contributed somewhat to our success; and certainly nothing could surpass the perfect skill with which the fleet was handled by its commander. Every request which I made to Admiral Porter was most cheerfully complied with, and the utmost harmony has existed between us from the outset to the present time. I herewith submit Gen. Ames' report.

I have the honor to be, General, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ALFRED H. TERRY,

Brig.-Gen. J. A. RAWLINS,

Chief of Staff, City Point, Va.

Major-General.

GEN. AMES' REPORT.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND DIVISION, TWENTY-FOURTH ARMY CORPS,

FORT FISHER, N.C., 18 Jan. 1865.

Capt. A. TERRY, A. A.-G.:

I have the honor to submit the following report of the late movements and operations of this division. On the night of the 2d the division, which had just returned to its camp from a demonstration against this point, received orders to prepare for a second expedition. It left camp on the 3d

and embarked on ocean transports at Bermuda Hundred, between the hours of 7 and 9 P.M., on the 4th inst. The transport fleet sailed from Fortress Monroe on the morning of the 6th, and the troops disembarked some 4 miles north of Fort Fisher on the 13th inst. At 3 P.M. on the 15th we stormed Fort Fisher. Brevet Brig.-Gen. N. M. Curtis' brigade (the First) made a lodgment in the northwest angle of the fort. I immediately ordered up Col. G. A. Pennypacker's brigade (the Second). The enemy was at once driven from behind the palisading, extending from the fort to the river, and about one-third of the work — its northwest angle — occupied by us. I then ordered up Col. Bell's brigade (the Third), and moved it forward against and in rear of the sea face of the work. The ground being much obstructed by the ruins of the barracks, lumber and other rubbish; the enemy being protected by traverses, and taking advantage of the cover afforded by magazines, etc., checked our advance. Fighting of a most obstinate character continued till after dark, during which time we made considerable advancement on the left and captured about 400 prisoners. About 8 P.M. Col. Abbott with his brigade completed the occupation of the face of the work, extending from ocean to river. A general advance was now made, and the fort occupied without opposition.

The conduct of the officers and men of this division was most gallant. Aided by the fire of the navy and an attacking column of sailors and marines along the sea beach, we were able to pass over the open ground in front of the fort through the gaps in the palisading in the ditch made by the naval fire, and finally to carry the work. Where the name of every officer and man engaged in this desperate conflict should be submitted, I shall at present only be able to give a few of those most conspicuous. It is to be hoped they may all be properly rewarded. Brevet Brig.-Gen. N. M. Curtis, Commanding First Brigade, was prominent throughout the day for his bravery, coolness and judgment. His services cannot be over-estimated. He fell a short time before dark seriously wounded in the head by a canister shot. Col. G. A. Pennypacker, Commanding Second Brigade, was seriously wounded while planting his colors on the third traverse of the work. This officer was surpassed by none; and his absence during the day was most deeply felt and seriously regretted. Col. Louis Bell, Commanding Third Brigade, was mortally wounded while crossing the bridge in advance of the palisading. He was an able and efficient officer — one not easily replaced. I here submit the names of the regimental commanders; and in connection with the brigade commanders is the credit due them for the heroic conduct of their men: —

First Brigade:	142d N.Y. — Lieut.-Col. A. M. Barney.
Brev. Brig.-Gen. N.M. Curtis.	117th N.Y. — Lieut.-Col. F. H. Meyer.
	112th N.Y. — Col. J. F. Smith.
	3d N.Y. — Lieut. E. A. Behna.
	48th N.Y. — Lieut.-Col. W. B. Coan.
Second Brigade:	76th Penn. — Col. J. S. Littell.
Col. Galusha A. Pennypacker,	47th N.Y. — Col. J. M. McDonald.
97th Penn.	203d Penn. — Col. J. W. Moore.
	97th Penn. — 1st Lieut. J. Wainwright.
Third Brigade:	169th N.Y. — Col. Alonzo Alden.
Col. Louis Bell,	13th Ind. — Lieut.-Col. S. M. Lent.
4th N. H.	4th N.H. — Capt. J. H. Roberts.
	115th N.Y. — Lieut.-Col. N. J. Johnson.

Col. J. W. Moore, Two Hundred and Third Pennsylvania, behaved with the most distinguished gallantry. He was killed while passing the second traverse of the fort, in the advance of his regiment, waving his colors. Few equalled, none surpassed, this brave officer. Lieut.-Col. S. M. Lent, Thirteenth Indiana, with 60 men of his own regiment and a detachment of volunteers from the First Brigade, numbering in all 100 men, deployed within 200 or 300 yards of the fort, and by their fire materially aided our advance. Maj. J. R. Lawrence, Thirteenth Indiana and Lieut.-Col. J. A. Colvin, One Hundred and Sixty-ninth New York, also behaved in the most

gallant manner and rendered efficient service in collecting and organizing the troops, which had become separated from their commands in the charge, and in leading them to positions where important advantages were gained. Capt. G. W. Hucksins, Fourth New Hampshire, and First Lieut. J. Konig, Seventh U.S. Colored Troops, Aides on the Staff of Col. Louis Bell, Commanding Third Brigade, were untiring in their labors and rendered valuable services in the absence of my Staff officers, who had been stricken down in the early part of the engagement. Privates Ulric Chapin and James Spring, Co. G, One Hundred and Forty-second New York; D. C. Hotchkiss, Co. A, and O. R. Kingsland, Co. D, One Hundred and Twelfth New York, volunteered to approach to a point considerably in advance of our skirmish line, which they did. By this step valuable information with reference to the ditch was gained. Privates James Cadman (wounded) and Wm. Cabe, Co. B; Geo. Hoyt and S. R. Porteous, Co. C; D. H. Morgan and Edward Petue, Co. E; E. H. Cooper (wounded), Co. G; Silas Baker, missing, Co. H; Geo. Merrill and Wm. J. McDuff, Co. I; Z. C. Neahel and Bruce Anderson, Co. K: One Hundred and Forty-second New York—volunteered to advance with the head of the column and cut down the palisading.

Copies of the reports of the brigade commanders will be forwarded. In these will be found lists of officers and men who particularly distinguished themselves. It is recommended that medals be bestowed upon all enlisted men mentioned. To my Staff officers I am particularly indebted for their zeal and gallantry throughout the day: they were constantly passing to and fro, and exposed to the hottest fire. I would respectfully recommend that they be brevetted for their services: Capt. Chas. A. Carlton, A. A.-G.; Capt. A. G. Lawrence, Act'g. A.-D.-C.; Capt. H. C. Lockwood, A.-D.-C.; Capt. R. W. Dawson, Asst. Insp.-Gen.; Capt. J. S. Matthews, Provost Marshal; Capt. B. B. Keeler, Mustering Officer. Capt. Lawrence was the first man through the palisading: and while extending his hand to receive a guidon which he intended to place on the parapet of the work, a shell exploded near him, taking off his left arm and seriously injuring his throat. He was afterwards shot in the right arm. For his services on this occasion, as well as those in a former one, I most earnestly urge his promotion. Capt. Dawson was disabled by a wound in the left arm. To Capt. Lockwood, General Whiting and Col. Lamb surrendered with the garrison at Fort Buchanan.

I am, etc.,

ADELBERT AMES,
Brig.-Gen. Vols.

GEN. COMSTOCK'S REPORT.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,
FORT FISHER, N. C., 27 Jan. 1865.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of engineer operations in connection with the capture of Fort Fisher, together with a sketch of that work and another of the county in the vicinity. Fort Fisher is situated on the peninsula between Cape Fear River and the Atlantic Ocean, about a mile and a half northeast of Federal Point. This peninsula is sandy and low, not rising more than fifteen feet above high tide, the interior abounding in fresh water swamps, often wooded and almost impassable; while much of the dry land, till one gets within half a mile of Fort Fisher, is covered with wood or low undergrowth, except a strip about 300 yards wide along the seashore. The landing of the troops composing the expedition was effected on the sea beach about five miles north of Fort Fisher on Jan. 12th. Paine's division was at once pushed across to Cape Fear River, with instructions to take up a line to be held against any attack from the direction of Wilmington. This line on the morning of Jan. 13th was already defensible, and was further strengthened during the day; while on the 14th a second line was laid out and begun under charge of Lieut. J. H. Price in rear of its left. Pioneer companies were organized in Ames' and Paine's divisions; and as during the 14th the fire of the rebel gunboat *Chickamauga*

killed and wounded a number of our men, Lieut. O'Keefe, with his company of the Fifteenth New York Volunteer Engineers, was directed to build a battery for two 30-pounder Parrotts on the bank of the river to keep her off. On the afternoon of Jan. 14 a reconnoissance was pushed under the direction of the Major-General Commanding to within 500 yards of Fort Fisher, a small advanced work being taken possession of. This was at once turned into a defensive line, to be held against any attack from Fort Fisher. The reconnoissance showed that the palisading in front of the work had been severely injured by the navy fire. Only nine guns could be seen on the land front, where sixteen had been counted on Christmas Day. The steady though not rapid fire of the navy prevented the enemy from using either artillery or musketry on the reconnoitring party. It seemed probable that troops could be got within 200 yards of the work without serious loss; and it was a matter of grave doubt whether the necessary ammunition could be supplied by the open beach, if regular approaches were determined upon.

It was decided to assault; and the assault was made on the 15th at 3.30 P.M., after three hours of heavy navy fire, by three deployed brigades, following one another at intervals of about 300 yards, and each making its final rush for the west end of the land face, from a rough rifle-pit about 300 yards from the work. At the point attacked, the palisading was less injured than elsewhere, it being partially hidden; and it was necessary to use axes to cut and timbers to batter it down, in order that troops might pass rapidly through it. Powder sacks for blowing these palisades down had been prepared, but were not used. After some heavy fighting, gaining traverse by traverse, the work was won.

Fort Fisher consists of two fronts: the first or land front, running across the peninsula,—at this point 700 yards wide,—is 480 yards in length; while the second or sea front runs from the right of the first parallel to the beach to the Mound Battery, a distance of 1,300 yards. The land front is intended to resist any attack from the north; the sea front to prevent any of our naval vessels from running through New Inlet or landing troops on Federal Point.

1. Land Front.—This front consists of a half bastion on the left, or Cape Fear River, side, connected by a curtain with a bastion on the ocean side. The parapet is 25 feet thick, averages 20 feet in height, with traverses rising 10 feet above it and running back on their tops, which were 8 to 12 feet in thickness, to a distance of 30 or 40 feet from the interior crest. The traverses on the left half bastion were about 25 feet in length on top. The earth for this heavy parapet and the enormous traverses at their inner ends—more than 30 feet in height—was obtained partly from a shallow exterior ditch, but mainly from the interior of the work. Between each pair of traverses there was one or two guns. The traverses on the right of the pond were only partially completed. A palisade, which is loop-holed and has a banquette, runs in front of the face at a distance of about 50 feet in front of the foot of the exterior slope, from the Cape Fear River to the ocean, with a position for a gun on the left of the front and the river, and others between the right of the front and the ocean. Through the middle traverse on the curtain was a bomb-proof postern whose exterior opening was covered by a small redan for two field pieces, to give flank fire along the curtain. The traverses were generally bomb-proofed for men or wagoners. The slopes of the work appeared to have been revetted with marsh sod or covered with grass and to have had an inclination of 45 degrees or a little less. On these slopes most exposed to navy fire, revetment or grassing had been entirely destroyed and the inclination reduced to 30 degrees. The ends of traverses as they rise above the parapet are very ragged. Still all damage done to the earth-work can be readily repaired, its strength being about the same as before the bombardment. The damage done by the navy fire was: first, to the palisades, which were so injured as in most places to be little obstacle to assaulting troops; second, to guns and carriages. There were originally on the front 21 guns and 3 mortars. Of these three-fourths were rendered

unserviceable by injuries to either gun or carriage. The gun in the right bastion, the field pieces in front of the postern, and one or two mortars, were used against the assaulting troops. There was a formidable system of torpedoes 200 yards in advance of this front, the torpedoes being about 80 feet apart and each containing about 100 lbs. powder. They were connected with the fort by three sets of wires. Fortunately the set leading directly to those over which the army and navy columns moved had been cut by shells and no torpedo was exploded.

2. Sea Front. — This front consists of a series of batteries, mounting in all 24 guns, the different batteries being connected by a strong infantry parapet, so as to form a continuous line. The same system of heavy traverses for the protection of the guns is used as on the land front, and these traverses are also generally bomb-proof.

Capt. N. Adams, Fourth New Hampshire Volunteers, and 1st Lieut. J. H. Price, Fourth U. S. Colored Troops, commanding pioneer companies of Ames' and Paine's divisions, and 1st Lieut. K. S. O'Keefe, commanding a company of the Fifteenth New York Volunteer Engineers, have with their commands been of great service in the construction of batteries and defensive works. 1st Lieut. A. H. Knowlton, Fourth New Hampshire Volunteers, has rendered valuable assistance in making sketches of Fort Fisher, as also Private Schultz, Fifteenth New York Volunteer Engineers.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. B. COMSTOCK,

Lieut.-Col. and Brevet Brig.-Gen., Chief Engineer.

Maj. A. TERRY adds: It may be added that in 30 bomb-proofs and magazines and their passages there were 14,500 feet of floor space, not including the main magazine, which was exploded and whose dimensions are unknown.

C. B. C.

THE NAVAL COLUMN.

The following are extracts from the landing orders: —

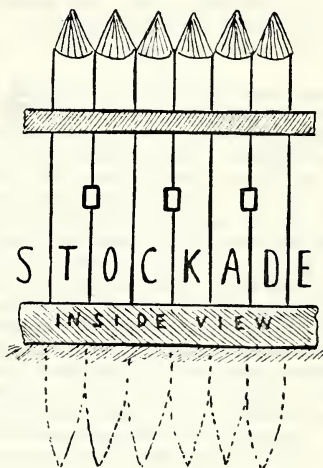
Land out of gunshot of fort. Boats when unloaded to be pulled off and hung to stern of the *Naussemond* (anchored). Lieut. Preston to have charge of the men with shovels; he to run up as near fort as can without risking a single man, then rapidly throw up rifle-pits, three and a half feet deep, same height in front (7 feet in all). The marines then to go into them in three squads. Advance again, dig another trench, while another line of sappers reaches the first line and digs it deeper; and so on, alternating. These trenches to flee to in case of grape and canister by enemy. No move forward to assault till army moves to assault. The sailors to go on parapet with a rush, cutlass and revolver in hand: marines to follow closely; and when reach parapet, lie down and pick off the enemy. The sailors then to charge the field pieces and kill the gunners. Sailors to then secure the mouths of the bomb-proofs, giving no quarter if the enemy fires after they get into the fort. Flags to be kept rolled up till parapet is reached. If the Mound Battery fires into Fisher after the sailors get in, every three men will seize a prisoner, pitch him over the walls [!], and then get into bomb-proofs or behind the works for protection.

The naval column was made up of small squads of men from a number of the war ships, under command of their own officers (see elsewhere).

Admiral Porter says he "detailed 1,600 sailors and 400 marines to accompany the troops, the sailors to *board* the sea face, while the troops assaulted the land side . . . the sailors went to the attack by the flank, along the beach, while the troops rushed in at the [rebel's] left, through the palisades that had been knocked away by the fire of the fleet . . . they succeeded in getting up to within a short distance of the fort, and lay securely in their ditches, with but

few killed or wounded up to this time. The marines were to have held the rifle-pits and cover the *boarding party*, but failed to do so . . . some reached the parapet, and some the ditch. The advance was swept from the parapet like chaff . . . the soldiers had gained two traverses, and the *Ironsides* fired upon the others. Four, five, six, were carried in an hour. These traverses were immense bomb-proofs, about 60 feet long, 50 feet wide and 20 feet high: seventeen of them on the land face. Between the traverses, heavy guns. The fort was captured about 10 o'clock (evening)."

The landing of the marines and sailors to attack the fort — a novelty in itself, — must have a place, as it is inseparable from the general whole, and in fact proved to be an important factor in the fight. Lieut. S. W. Preston had a force of about 10 men from each ship, armed with shovels and picks. The marines, as skirmishers, to follow, were under 2d Lieut. L. E. Fagan of the U.S. Marine Corps.



The assaulting column was as follows: First Line, marines, — Capt. L. L. Dawson, U.S. Marine Corps. Second Line, composed of the landing party of the First and Fourth Divisions of the squadron, under Lieut.-Comdr. C. H. Cushman. Third Line, composed of the landing party of the Second Division of the squadron, under Lieut.-Comdr. James Parker, who waived his seniority in favor of Capt. Breeze, who represented Admiral Porter and was in charge of the whole. Fourth Line, composed of the landing party of the Third Division of the squadron, under Lieutenant-Commander. T. O. Selfridge. The second, third and fourth lines were of about equal strength.

The naval column landed about a mile from the fort. Lieut.-Comdr. Parker formed the men, pending the arrival of the officer who was to command. He formed them in three companies, which he himself designated as —

Van.	(Right) — Comdr. C. H. Cushing.
Center.	— Lieut.-Comdr. James Parker.
Rear.	— Lieut.-Comdr. T. O. Selfridge.
(Left) —	

The column had actually begun to move forward (under fire at that time) before the officer appeared who was to command.

This was Lieut.-Comdr. K. R. Breeze, the junior of Parker; but as Breeze represented the Admiral on shore, Parker waived his own seniority. Breeze carried the Admiral's blue flag, and had just come from an interview with Gen. Terry. "The sand-beach over which we marched," says Parker, "was as level as a floor. The march was by the left flank in column, and close to the shore, which afforded a little protection." Col. Lamb says the sub-terra mines were capable of blowing up the beach from river to sea for 100 yards in front.

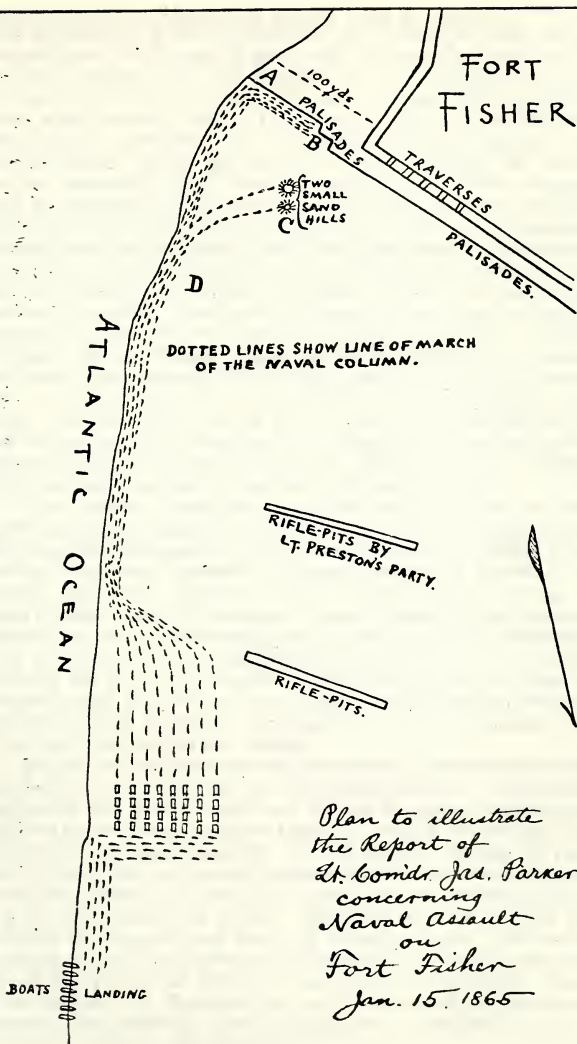
When within assaulting distance, the sailors lay down, waiting for the army to assault. When the army assaulted, the naval column sprang to their feet, and rushed forward to obey Porter's order to "board the fort in a seamanlike manner." Says Parker: "This was impossible. The rush was gallantly made; but the walls were 40 feet high and nearly perpendicular. Jack," says Parker, "after finding it impossible to board the fort, did the next best thing — to 'git out o' that'; and they scudded away like ships before the wind, as fast as their legs would carry them. They were not in a panic, but knew that nothing but flight could save them from annihilation. I had reached the opening in the palisade [see "A" on plan] made by our shells. The parapet swarmed with men who dared us to come in. I started through the opening, and then started to see if the men were following, but saw them scudding away. Those of us who were left (about 60 in all) thought it safer to remain than retreat, and we took refuge behind [really in front of] the palisades from the fire of the Johnnies on the parapet."

Parker says of Porter's report, that "'the sailors reached the parapet, and were swept away like chaff,' was a fine figure of speech; but as a matter of fact only one man got any nearer the fort than myself, and he was killed. His name was James Tallentyne, a Quartermaster from the *Tacony*. The squad of 60 remained near the palisades till the surrender of the fort." After the capture he made it a point to climb the side of the fort, which he accomplished with great difficulty, albeit there were none to oppose.

Lieut.-Comdr. Parker's force in part reached the point marked "B" on the plan, and there remained, sheltered by the palisades, until darkness permitted their retreat. Only five of Parker's force advanced a few paces beyond "B" (see plan).

Lieut.-Comdr. Breeze, after trying in vain to rally the retreating sailors and marines, returned almost alone to the two sand hills marked "C" on the plan, where he remained but a short time, and then coolly followed the retreating naval force. He says that prisoners told him the rebels thought the naval contingent was the main assaulting column.

It was intended the men should assault in line, the marines acting as sharpshooters; and the different lines were to charge over them. It was also intended that the attack of the naval force and the army force should be simultaneous, the former taking the cue from the latter. When the army was found to be moving to the



Plan to illustrate
the Report of
Lt. Comdr Jas. Parker
concerning
Naval Assault
on
Fort Fisher
Jan. 15. 1865



assault, the naval column was too far away to reach the works as early as the army, if the original plan was pursued, so Capt. Breeze ordered them to advance by flank; and they were so advanced, in a compact column, and they assaulted up to within fifty yards of the parapet, which was lined with the garrison, who played sad havoc with the navy boys. The marines failed to take the positions and parts assigned. The few sailors with their Sharpe's rifles and the marines opened fire, but of no avail. Finding the rear of the line retreating, Capt. Breeze hastened toward them to direct them to cover, and from there use their rifles; but they were too rapid and distant, and he then returned to the other, near the works, reaching which, all fled precipitately, except about sixty, among whom were Lieut.-Comdrs. Parker, Cushman, Selfridge and Sicard, and Lieuts. Farquhar and Lamson and others. These men sought the best cover available, and there remained till dark, when a demonstration was made on them and they rushed to the rear, nearly all escaping. Lieuts. Preston and Porter were killed early in the assault, the former being occupied in carrying orders from Capt. Breeze, after he had served with the men with shovels and picks. Capt. Breeze says the failure of the naval column was principally due to lack of organization, formation, etc. They had never been so organized before, and therefore had never drilled: and this condition led to confusion and was not indicative of want of valor.

Capt. Breeze thinks the enemy was entirely thrown off their guard, and quite disconcerted, at this assault, on the supposition that it was the main assault. They rushed their men to meet it, when, looking back, they discovered the army coming in to assault in another and distant quarter. Capt. Breeze estimates his loss at about 65 killed and 200 wounded. Lieut. Cushing rallied and commanded the men who occupied a part of Terry's line in the evening. Capt. Breeze landed with the sailors and marines about 10 A.M., within a mile of the fort, and intrenched. The arrangement was that the marines should take the advance (Porter differs from him in this), clear the parapet by the fire of musketry, and then the sailors were to rush up with revolver and cutlass.

The reports and statements all substantially agree that the sailors and marines were "done up" in about fifteen minutes. One account says about 200 of them staid near by and dug holes, remaining till darkness covered their complete retreat. About 3 o'clock this force moved up nearer, say within 600 yards of the fort. Seeing the army moving (both were to move at the same time), Capt. Breeze says he moved the sailors up to within 50 yards; but the marines failed to keep up and protect the sailors. Many, he says, were killed and wounded on the spot, and finally all turned and ran. He further says that in the evening some of the sailors and marines served on a part of Terry's line of pickets, at his request, temporarily. Some of the sailors had Sharpe's rifles, and others had well-sharpened cutlasses and revolvers. Porter says there's no stopping a sailor if he does n't succeed at the first rush.

THE DEFENCE.

From Col. Lamb's statement we learn that he got about 350 men as reinforcements on the 15th Jan. from Bragg, of Col. Graham's brigade, *via* Battery Buchanan, where they landed from a steamer. He had about 1,550 before. At 6 p.m., Friday the 13th, his losses to that time were 2 killed and 41 wounded. On the 14th the casualties were more than double the previous day; and more than ten per cent of his garrison had been killed or wounded by 2 p.m., Sunday the 15th. He wired Bragg at 1.30 p.m., Saturday the 14th, that he (Bragg) ought never to have allowed the enemy to extend his lines to the river bank; and if permitted to remain there the reduction of the fort was only a question of time. Before the assault, every gun save one 10-inch Columbiad was destroyed, the use of all but one Napoleon rendered impracticable, every wire leading to the mines ploughed up, and the palisade such a wreck as actually to offer a protection to the assailants. On the 13th he had 20 guns bearing on the beach, supplemented by one mortar and four Napoleons; a pali-



INTERIOR OF FORT FISHER.

sade in front, pierced for musketry and constructed in irregular lines, and numerous sub-terra mines capable of blowing up the beach from river to sea for more than a hundred yards in front of the works. At 1.25 p.m. 15th Jan., Col. Colquitt was assigned to the command of Fort Fisher; and "will go there tonight," said the dispatch order. Gen. Whiting was ordered to report in evening to Bragg's headquarters for conference. Colquitt, according to reports, arrived within one mile of Fisher at 10.30 p.m., and says he found everything in confusion; hundreds of men without arms, and many of them drunk, etc. This is all denied by Col. Lamb, who says he had no liquor at the fort except what was in the hospital; and that was captured by sailors from the fleet, who got drunk and wandered into the reserve magazine the morning after the battle: and they caused the explosion. Col. Lamb says Colquitt reported after the fort had been taken; and he (Lamb) told him even then the fort could be re-taken if Bragg could land a fresh brigade, as the enemy was more or less demoralized by the resistance they had met. Colquitt immediately withdrew.

Previous to the attacks Col. Lamb's command extended 20 miles, from New Inlet to Masonboro, and had been noted for sobriety. He took command of the works 4 July 1862. When he fell he

turned the command over to Capt. Munn. "The reinforcements of the 15th were of the Twenty-first and Twenty-fifth South Carolina, who arrived just previous to the assault. They were placed in a bomb-proof 100 feet to rear and left of the central sally-port. When the steam-whistle sounded for the charge, he ordered the reserves to man the parapets, and the South Carolina regiments (reinforcements) to double-quick to rear of left salient, between which and the river shore there was a space of some 60 feet, protected only by a shallow ditch, the remnants of a palisade and one Napoleon gun. I went to meet the column assaulting my northeast salient, the success of which would have been fatal, as it would capture the center of my work; and I sent my Aide, Capt. Blocker, with the South Carolina regiment to report to Maj. Riley on my left . . . I had about 500 men with me on and near the redan on northeast salient, repulsing the sailors and marines. This heroic column from the fleet struggled with us full thirty minutes or more, and did not retreat till about 300 were killed and wounded. There were in the western salient (which was an unenclosed battery) about 250 men. The South Carolina men would have made 600; but they did not move up promptly, and did not reach the work. The 250 had to withstand the shock of Ames' two brigades, say ten to one."

Col. Lamb's officers claim they twice repelled the assault on the parapet, and that all the original detachment at the Napoleon were killed or wounded, and that Capt. Brady detailed men from his company to take their places. These were killed, wounded or captured at the gun, whose carriage was riddled with bullets. When Capt. Melvin surrendered, the survivors, some 200, were enveloped by Curtis' brigade in front, and Pennypacker's brigade in the rear; and besides, the two guns at Battery Buchanan had begun to fire at this salient, killing and wounding friend and foe. "There were three lines of mines in front of the work; and I intended at the moment of assault to explode one of them, and thus paralyze the assailants, giving me time to man the parapet with all my reserves. At the final rush I gave the signal; but there was no response, the tremendous fire of the fleet having ploughed up all the connecting wires and rendered the mines harmless. As that was their main defence, and it failed, I rather expected the men would be disheartened; but they fought with redoubled vigor. As soon as the sailors and marines retreated, I moved the whole of my available infantry, some 800 men, to dislodge the enemy, who had captured the left salient, two gun chambers adjoining, and were busy intrenching inside my work. The heroic Whiting [General] who had rushed to the parapet and encouraged the troops to repel the naval brigade, now led the van; and receiving two wounds in endeavoring to reach a Federal standard bearer, was carried to the rear. A hand-to-hand fight on the parapet and over a traverse ensued; while in the work, from behind everything that would yield the slightest protection to my men, a rapid fire was poured into the advancing three brigades. The enemy halted in the face of our desperate assault. I then had the two heavy guns on the mound, and two from another battery on the sea

face, turned on this column; and these, with the two guns of Battery Buchanan, seemed to have a demoralizing effect, as their fire slackened and their flags disappeared from the tops of the traverses Believing that Gen. Bragg would now attack, I felt that a determined charge on our part would cause a retreat by the enemy and we could regain the work. I passed down the lines, and officers and men, with the wildest enthusiasm, promised to follow me. As I sprang forward to lead them I was shot down, several of my gallant officers falling with me. The forward movement stopped with my fall, and afterward, the enemy, having been strongly reinforced, began an advance, which though stoutly and even recklessly resisted for five hours (until all the ammunition had been expended), resulted in the capture of the whole work my appeals to the officers and men to continue the struggle after I had fallen was because Gen. Lee had sent me word that the fort was necessary to keep open the gateway to supply his army with food and clothing from abroad; and I desired to prolong the resistance so long as there was any chance for Bragg to come to our assistance and recall the enemy to its own defensive line."



MOUND BATTERY—PART OF FORT FISHER.

Gen. Whiting and Staff arrived at the fort on Friday afternoon, the 13th, in the midst of a terrific bombardment. To the charge of Bragg, that the garrison of Fort Fisher had a pecuniary interest in the blockade running business, Col. Lamb, after denying the charge, says at one time he was notified that ten bales of cotton was at Liverpool subject to his order, and he immediately ordered it sold and the proceeds to be used in buying two 130-pounder Whitworth rifled guns, and ammunition for same, for Fort Fisher. He got part of the ammunition; but the guns only got as far as Nassau. After the repulse of Butler, he asked Bragg for hand grenades, and for submarine torpedoes to place where the fleet had anchored, neither of which he ever got. During the sixty hours of continuous battle his men were unable to provide a single meal, but subsisted on uncooked rations and corn-meal coffee. They had lost their blankets and overcoats at the Butler attack, by the destruction of their quarters, and requisitions for their replacement were unheeded.

THE FORCES ENGAGED.

3,500 from Second Division, Twenty-fourth Army Corps, under Gen. Ames.
3,300 from Third Division, Twenty-fifth Army Corps, under Gen. Paine.
1,400 from Second Brigade, 1st Division, Twenty-fourth Army Corps, under Col. Abbott. (Third and Seventh New Hampshire and Sixth and Seventh Connecticut.)

The Sixteenth New York Independent Battery, with 4 3-inch guns.
Light Battery E, Third U.S. Artillery, with 6 light 12-pounders.

Ames' division was selected for the assault. Paine's division and Abbott's brigade were with the defensive line. (Abbott's brigade was withdrawn from defensive line and put into the fight at the critical moment and completed the victory.)

The assaulting column was as follows: 1. Curtis' brigade; 2. Pennypacker's brigade; 3. Bell's brigade; skirmishers: 60 of Thirteenth Indiana and 40 of Curtis' brigade, under Lieut.-Col. Lent of the Thirteenth Indiana.

One account says: "About the time that it was evident that the naval attack was not to succeed, there emerged from the scrubby wood north of the fort the troops destined to assault the place. These were veterans from the Army of the James. Rough looking, with frowzy clothing and dishevelled hair and beards, after long and hard experience on the transports, these soldiers had their arms clean and bright and cartridge boxes filled with forty rounds, while they aligned and dressed in line of battle as coolly and precisely as if on parade. Probably not a man among them who had not been 'in' a dozen times before. There was but little fuss about it, and no noise of either bugling or verbal commands. Then suddenly, at a 'right shoulder shift' and a 'double-quick,' the line swept across the sandy plain."

The Third New Hampshire was commanded by Capt. Wm. H. Trickey, in this memorable fight of 15 Jan. 1865. The following is a synopsis of his official report sent to the Adjutant-General of New Hampshire, written within a few days after the fight: "The Third New Hampshire had 6 officers and 80 men. Started about 4.30 p.m., arriving in front soon after dark; fired an hour; with 20 men by orders took and held a traverse, then the others took two more. While holding these three, the Sixth and Seventh Connecticut came and took the others. Casualties: 1 killed, 5 wounded." (For full report see his Personal Sketch.)

As Capt Trickey elaborated upon the above, and the same has fallen into the hands of the writer, it is here given: —

CAPT. TRICKEY'S ACCOUNT.

Landed say 8,000 troops Jan. 13th. On the 14th our brigade formed on the right of Paine's division, next the beach. Gen. Curtis' brigade moved past us to the front, toward Federal Point and Fort Fisher, capturing a small steamer, lying at Craig's wharf on the Cape Fear River and within 900 yards of Fort Fisher. Then Curtis' men pushed on to within 500 yards of the fort, taking possession of an outer work. Gen. Terry, with two Aides and Col. Comstock of Gen. Grant's Staff, then made a thorough

reconnaissance 200 yards in advance of the point held by Gen. Curtis. As that *beau ideal* of a soldier (Terry) obtained a full view of the gigantic proportions of that, the strougest work the world has yet recorded as taken by direct assault, what must have been his feelings as he made his decision! It is his own decision, as the question of assault is not mentioned in Grant's instructions — indeed, a siege was to be inferred. Gen. Beauregard, perhaps the ablest engineer in the Confederate army, inspected the work ten days previous, and pronounced it absolutely impregnable. Terry kept his own council. Late that night he met Porter on board the flag-ship. The next day, 15th, was Sunday; but not for us, as early we see portentous signs, and soon know the day is big with fate to all that is human on Federal Point.

For forty-eight hours the navy had been engaged in such a bombardment as the world had never before known. It was a grandly magnificent spectacle at night, to witness that continuous line of fiery meteors from the mouths of 400 cannon on the ships, to that one doomed spot on shore. When the firing was the fiercest, more than 200 shells per minute were hurled into as brave a garrison as ever attempted the defence of an unrighteous cause. And yet the fort itself was not seriously injured. We learned here, as at Wagner, that a sand fort cannot be demolished: it must be dug into or climbed over. The parapets of Fort Fisher were 20 feet high and 25 feet thick.

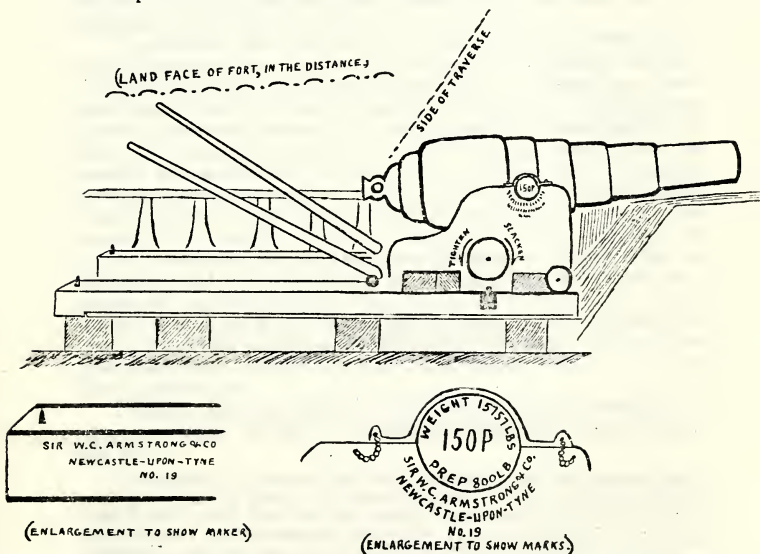
The hour for the assault — 3 P.M. — has arrived. The navy is signalled to change the direction of its fire. Curtis' brigade bounds forward with a rush and a cheer. Coming up to the moat, those on the left of the bridge leading to the sally-port find it (the moat) impassable, and are obliged to change line of battle to column of fours. They impetuously crowd over the bridge against the stockade, under a most terrific fire, both direct and enfilading. In the stockade, which they expected to find battered down, they only find jagged holes, made by our shells. Through these, though it seemed certain death, Curtis struggled with a few daring ones: others soon followed and took possession of the west traverse. But a mere foothold is gained, however, and the brigade halts. Leading officers are struck down, and the men falling fast around them. Immediate help, or annihilation will result. At this critical moment, with the force and rush of a cyclone, the chivalrous and noble-hearted Pennypacker, with his invincible brigade, swarms through the stockade, sweeping the enemy from it to the river, capturing 200 prisoners and getting possession of the sally-port and opening it from the inside. The two brigades then move along eastward along the land face, carrying each traverse against desperate opposition. A hand-to-hand fight stops them at the eighth traverse. In the meantime the gallant Col. Louis Bell, with his veteran brigade, cross the bridge, enter the fort through the sally-port and charge down toward the sea face and to the left on the reverse to the land face.

Thus the fighting went on, with the ferocity of gladiators. Both were of the same blood and equal in valor. Night was now closing around them. Curtis, Pennypacker and Bell have fallen — the latter died next morning; the others are thought to have received their mortal wounds. The commander of nearly every regiment is killed or wounded. The desolation among the heroes in the ranks is frightful. Fighting ceases for a moment from mere exhaustion. Reinforcements are now the one thing needful, and speculation as to the result without that important element will do no sort of good. Terry is equal to the emergency. With the sailors and marines, he relieves on the right of Paine's line his old brigade, veterans of twenty bloody battles and four desperate assaults [the brigade referred to is composed in part of the Third New Hampshire]. This brigade enters the fort by the postern gate just as darkness is shutting down. The Third New Hampshire is ordered to the extreme front traverse held by our men, to reach which position we crawl through bomb-proofs and traverses, clambering over the dead, wounded and dying, — literally piled one upon another, — and arriving there we open fire at once with our Spencers [seven-shooters], soon silencing the enemy in our immediate front. We then charged and drove them from one traverse to another.

until nine more are in our possession. The brigade was now placed in proper positions and charged the whole line, with a momentum no power could stop. Gen. Ames' whole force, cheered by the presence of fresh troops, rallied once again, made a general advance, and the stronghold was ours, with 2,000 prisoners and 85 guns. The stars and bars go down, and the stars and stripes are raised on high. At ten o'clock Terry signalled Porter the glorious news, and

"The rockets' red glare
And bombs bursting in air,
Gave proof thro' the night
That our flag was still there."

Capt. Trickey mentions seeing in the armament of the fort an elegantly mounted Armstrong gun, the gift of merchants of London, the carriage being of rosewood and mahogany. The Captain soon after this memorable fight received a commission as Major. His official report will be found in full in his Personal.



THE 150 PDR. ARMSTRONG GUN CAPTURED AT FORT FISHER.

THIS GUN WAS 2200 FEET FROM POINT REACHED BY NAVAL COLUMN.

When the Third New Hampshire arrived near the palisades, they were at once ordered by Col. Abbott to the extreme front, to occupy the most easterly traverse then in our possession. The process of getting there has been fully described by Capt. Trickey, their brave commander. Having arrived there with his handful of men, he at once ordered them to open upon the enemy, firing

sufficiently slow after the first few minutes as not to actually waste ammunition. This continued for some little time, when Col. Abbott appeared and asked Capt. Trickey whether he could n't make a forward movement,—a fierce onslaught,—and thus create a diversion; and by so doing assist the other regiments of the brigade to gain advantage of time and position. To this Capt. Trickey replied that his little band was ready to obey orders, whatever they were; but incidentally mentioned that the men were running short of ammunition and their Spencers were bayonetless. The forward movement was ordered and executed. Capt. Trickey and his men bravely climbing up the traverse in their immediate front and thence down its opposite side, pouncing upon the enemy and driving them out, over and around the next traverse, behind which they again took refuge and made another stand, only to be driven again to the next; and so on. This process continued substantially to the end, the other regiments of the brigade joining.

In summing up, it may be said of the Third New Hampshire: That it belonged to a fighting brigade, and that brigade had as a rule been successful; that the brigade had to be brought say a mile and a half to the fort; that its special mission was to reinforce completely exhausted troops; that the regiment was immediately put into the fore-front, grappling at once with the enemy; that the assault and successful advance of the regiment had a potential influence upon the assaulting column, which at once moved forward with renewed courage and enthusiasm, and with an impetus that carried it to complete victory. And who shall say that, had the heroic remnant of the old Third New Hampshire failed to drive the enemy, or had themselves been driven back, that the assault as a whole may not have failed? The influence of the regiment's successful work at Fort Fisher is beyond estimate. The survivors are proud today that they were in the fore-front of the particular battle that practically decided the contest between the United States and the Confederates.

Another account, by M. L. Holt, Sergeant-Major, written in a diary soon after the fight, is of sufficient value to be inserted herein. He says:—

Immediately on entering the fort, marched to the last traverse taken, and opened on the enemy. I stopped with the colors. Had not been there long when a shell from the navy struck the parapet in the center of our regiment and demoralized the boys badly. I was immediately sent by Capt. Edgerly to Col. Abbott, with orders to have him if possible cause the fire of the navy changed to a point further to the left so as not to injure our own men. I failed to find Col. Abbott, but delivered the message to Gen. Ames and returned to the regiment. Was soon sent again by Capt. Edgerly with word that our cartridges were giving out, and to find out what could be done. After searching for some time and failing to find Col. Abbott, I again returned to the regiment. Upon this return, I found my brother, for whom I had searched, to be all right. He had just stopped firing, as his gun had given out and he had given his cartridges all away. Laid in this traverse till the firing ceased, when we gave three cheers for the capture of the fort, and three for Gen. Terry, who just at this moment came up to the regiment. After this we formed the regiment and marched down into the fort and went to collecting the prisoners and driving them out of the

bomb-proofs. After assembling about 150, we marched them off. Myself, with Capt. Trickey and the colors, besides a few men, stopped in the fort. Not much of interest occurred here except a little brush. Capt. Trickey had with a rebel captain, in which Capt. Trickey threatened to split the rebel open . . . Gen. Terry rode into the fort with the flag of Fort Buchanan [he should have said Mound Battery.—D.E.] wound around his body . . . We gave him three cheers, when he made this remark: "Boys, rather than that you should cheer for me, I ought to cheer for you." He was attended at this time by only one of his Staff. . . . both mounted on captured horses. About 2 A.M. [16th] I started to look around the fort. Commenced with the sea face, and went till I reached the center of the land face, when the sight of the dead which strewn the parapet was too appalling for me to witness, and I returned to the regiment, to find them all ready to move. We marched to our camp inside the works [defensive line], facing Wilmington, and laid down for a few hours' rest.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

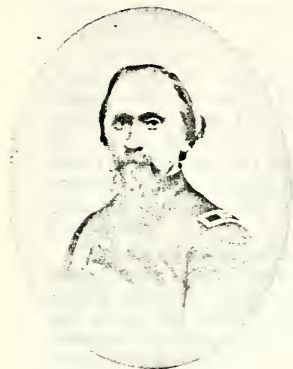
The second expedition was originally ordered to report to Sherman at Savannah, for deceptive purposes; but was changed when the transports were on their way down the river, passing City Point (Gen. Grant's Headquarters).

Porter said the fleet fired about 50,000 shot and shell, and had as many more on hand. His source of supply was Beaufort, which could be reached both ways in ten hours. He says he was very short of coal, and had he not been supplied by the army the expedition would have been a failure. Nearly every rifled gun in the fleet burst. Two 15-inch guns burst on the monitors. He says about 50 of the sailors got on the parapet, but were swept away in a moment. He was in Fort Malakoff a few days after its surrender to the combined armies of the French and English, which they had been months in capturing, and it was not to be compared with Fort Fisher. The *Ironsides* did the most accurate firing.

The vessels to land the provisions and stores for the army were the *A. D. Vance*, *Fort Donelson*, *Aries*, *Emma*, *Lilian*, *Tristram Shandy*, *Britannia* and *Wilderness*, under Lieut.-Comdr. Upshur. The *Nansemond*, *Moccasin* and *Little Ada* were messenger boats.

Eleven of the gunboats were directed to greatly elevate their guns so as to drop shells into the river, beyond the fort, to prevent reinforcing.

There were several lines upon which the landing of the troops was effected, say about 20. At one time a transport, probably the *Geo. C. Leary*, had two lines running ashore directly from the sides of her bow, which were used as tow lines for boats laden with troops and munitions of war. The mules were dumped overboard, being blindfolded during the process. They were then towed ashore, a decoy mule first having been landed and tied to a tree in sight of the shore. It is related of the mules that no sooner did their feet touch the bottom than "one couldn't hold 'em more'n he could *greased lightning*." The troops on landing immediately double-quickened into the woods and were soon out of sight of the navy. The officer who furnished the foregoing details of landing says he had charge of a boat which finally landed Gen. Terry and Staff after being "soused" and grounded on the sand bar.



GUSTAVUS W. INGALLS,
Band Master.



CAPT. WELBEE J. BUTTERFIELD.



MAJ. WILLIAM H. TRICKEY.

The naval force formed a semi-circle around the transports, and then used their boats to land the troops.

Steamer *McClellan* served as flag-ship for Gen. Terry; the *Atlantic* for Gen. Ames (Second Division, Twenty-fourth Army Corps); the *Champion* for Gen. Paine (Third Division, Twenty-fifth Army Corps).

Considerable difficulty was experienced in landing, owing to the roughness of the surf, nearly all getting wet—Gen. Curtis being pitched “end over end.” The Second Brigade, First Division, Twenty-fourth Army Corps, Col. Abbott commanding, occupied the right of the line on the beach, extending to an evacuated battery. After dark (13th) the several brigades of the Third Division took different positions, Curtis’ brigade forming on the right of a part of Paine’s (colored) troops. The line extended from the Atlantic to Cape Fear River.

On the morning of the 14th, Curtis’ brigade was relieved by Pennypacker’s, and Curtis moved his troops nearer Fort Fisher, passing along the beach and then forming a line from river to beach and about 400 yards in front of the fort. This line was almost identical with the one on first expedition. Near this line was a rebel graveyard and a few houses, one of which had been used as a hospital.

On the 14th a rebel supply steamer came down to the wharf, and was at once captured at the dock by some of Paine’s colored men.

On 17th January the Navy Department directed a salute to be fired from every navy yard in honor of the capture of Fort Fisher.

On the night of the 19th January, two blockade runners—the *Stag* and the *Charlotte*, both from Bermuda—loaded with arms, blankets, shoes, etc., were decoyed into Cape Fear River and captured.

The army and the navy vied with each other, after the capture, to see which should first (earliest) convey the glad tidings North. Terry sent the Steamer *Atlantic* (not then Capt. Eldridge, but Gray), and Porter sent the *Vanderbilt*. Both were staunch ships and good sailers; but the *Atlantic* reached Fort Monroe fully four hours ahead, with every flag it could muster flying, creating a great sensation.

The *New York Herald* says: “At dusk Col. Abbott’s brigade, owing to the awful nature of the contest, was sent to reinforce our forces within the area of the fort. Approaching the fort, Col. Abbott’s brigade entered it on the double-quick, under a very heavy fire. All the troops were at once engaged in intrenching themselves within the fort, where the main body of the enemy then was, as well as from the enemy near the river, *en route* to reinforce. At time of surrender the moon was shining brightly.”

Of Fort Fisher, Col. Lamb says: The plan of the fort was his own and was approved by Beauregard, Whiting, Longstreet and

others. The total length was 2,350 yards or $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles: land face, 682 yards; sea face, about 1,898 yards. The land face included Sheppard's Battery, which was doubled in strength during the fight. The weak point was the left salient. The land face extended from the Battery (Sheppard's) to the Northeast Redan, the line being a series of isolated gun chambers, with revetments 5 feet 9 inches high, parapet 30 feet thick, and traverses 60x50 feet and 25 feet high at the gun chamber, and connected by covered galleries. From the Northeast Salient the work extended to the Pulpit Battery, at the elevation of nearly 40 feet. Next to the Pulpit, came the Meade Casemates. From the Meade Casemates to the Mound he constructed a series of strong batteries, connected by a heavy curtain. The Mound was 60 feet high and mounted two heavy guns, which had a plunging fire on the channel. A palisade line (pierced for musketry) was erected to prevent a sudden landing and assault by a boat party. Battery Buchanan was a mile away from the Mound.

As showing how closely the government tried to keep the facts connected with the Expedition: a correspondent of the *English Army and Navy Journal* was arrested in New York for furnishing details to the public press and requesting their publication, "thereby causing the enemy to reinforce at Federal Point," and was thrown into the old Capitol Prison at Washington. How he came (or got) out the writer is unable to say.

[Comstock to Terry.]

After a careful reconnoissance on the 14th, it was decided to risk an assault. . . . Paine's division and Col. Abbott's brigade [Third New Hampshire in it] to hold our lines, already strong across the peninsula and facing Wilmington, against Hoke, while Ames' division should assault at the west end. After three hours of heavy navy firing the assault was made at 3 P.M. on the 15th, Curtis' brigade leading; and as soon as it got in on the west end of the land front, it was followed by Pennypacker's, and the latter by Bell's brigade. After desperate fighting, gaining foot by foot, and severe loss, at 5 P.M. we had possession of about half of the land front. Abbott's brigade [Third New Hampshire in it] was then taken from our line facing Wilmington and put into Fort Fisher; and on pushing it forward, at 10 P.M., it took the rest of the work with little resistance, the garrison falling back to the extreme of the peninsula, where they were followed and captured, among others, Gen. Whiting and Col. Lamb, both wounded . . . the land front was a formidable one . . . the parapet being 14 or 15 feet high . . .

GEN. TERRY'S STAFF.

Col.	Geo. S. Dodge	Chief Quartermaster.
Surg.	Norman S. Barnes	Medical Director.
"	A. J. H. Buzzell (Third N.H.)	Medical Inspector.
Capt.	Adrian Terry	Assistant Adjutant-General.
"	Charles M. Sampson	Assistant Quartermaster.
"	Charles H. Davis	Chief Commissary.
"	Charles H. Graves	Aide-de-Camp.
"	Geo. F. Towle	Act'g Ass't Insp.-General.
"	A. E. Smith	Aide-de-Camp.
"	R. W. Woodbury (Third N. H.)	Acting Ordnance Officer.
Lient.	F. E. Beardslee	Signal Officer.
"	J. M. Bradley	Chief Ambulance Officer.

To which add Brevet Brig.-Gen. C. B. Comstock, of Gen. Grant's Staff, as Chief Engineer.

'Twas currently reported at the time that Private Miles O'Reilly was in New York city when the good news reached there. He was a citizen, but full of the military spirit—and possibly of other kinds. He at once courted the muses and produced a quantity of poetry apropos to the occasion:—

SHERRY — TERRY — PORTER.

Let us drink in golden sherry,
As we oft have drank before;
Let us drink to General Terry,
Long of head and body — very:
To our own dear Alfred Terry,
Of the old Tenth Army Corps.

Fill to Porter and to Terry —
They are names that we adore;
From Connecticut to Kerry,
Some in grog and some in sherry —
"To the Admiral and Terry!"
Deep libations let us pour.

Private Miles O'Reilly led a large crowd of adherents into a convivial place; and though the police had been sent for, they kindly permitted him to repeat his poem, treat his personal admirers; and then, forming a procession, they (and he) marched to the police station!

GEN. GRANT'S REPORT.

We are approaching the end of the Fort Fisher tale; yet there is much to be told. Gen. Grant's official report, written in the following July, of both attacks, will be interesting, and is inserted at this point because of the fact that it embraces the two actions and furnishes additional and valuable data. It was made 22 July 1865 and embraced the operations of the whole army. It is known as "Doc. 42." The essential portions relating to the two attacks on Fort Fisher are as follows:—

Wilmington, N. C., was the most important seacoast port left to the enemy, through which to get supplies from abroad and send cotton and other products out by blockade runners, besides being a place of great strategic value. The navy had been making strenuous exertions to seal the harbor of Wilmington, but with only partial effect. The nature of the outlet of Cape Fear River was such that it required watching for so great a distance that without possession of the land north of New Inlet, or Fort Fisher, it was impossible for the navy to entirely close the harbor against the entrance of blockade runners. To secure possession of this land required the co-operation of a land force, which I agreed to furnish.

I immediately commenced the assemblage in Hampton Roads, under Admiral D. D. Porter, of the most formidable armada ever collected for concentration upon one given point. This attracted the attention of the enemy as well as that of the loyal North; and through the imprudence of the public press, and very likely of officers of both branches of service, the exact object of the expedition became a subject of common discussion in the newspapers, both North and South. The enemy, thus warned, prepared to meet it. This caused a postponement of the expedition until the latter part of November, when, being again called upon by Hon. G. V. Fox, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, I agreed to furnish the men re-

quired at once, and went myself in company with Maj.-Gen. Butler to Hampton Roads, where we had a conference with Admiral Porter as to the force required and the time of starting. A force of 6,500 men was regarded as sufficient. The time of starting was not definitely arranged, but it was thought all would be ready by the 6th of December, if not before. Learning, Nov. 30, that Bragg had gone to Georgia, taking with him most of the forces about Wilmington, I deemed it of the utmost importance that the expedition should reach its destination before the return of Bragg, and directed Gen. Butler to make all arrangements for the departure of Maj.-Gen. Weitzel, who had been designated to command the land forces, so that the navy might not be detained one moment.

Dec. 6th, the following instructions were given:—

CITY POINT, VA., Dec. 6, 1864.

Gen. Butler: The first object of the expedition under Gen. Weitzel is to close to the enemy the port of Wilmington. If successful in this, the second will be to capture Wilmington itself. There are reasonable grounds to hope for success, if advantage can be taken of the absence of the greater part of the enemy's forces, now looking after Sherman in Georgia. The directions you have given for the numbers and equipments of the expedition are all right except in the most unimportant matter of where they embark and the amount of intrenching tools to be taken. The object of the expedition will be gained by effecting a landing on the mainland between Cape Fear River and the Atlantic, north of the north entrance to the river. Should such landing be effected while the enemy still holds Fort Fisher and the batteries guarding the entrances to the river, the troops should entrench themselves and, by co-operating with the navy, effect the reduction and capture of those places. These in our hands, the navy could enter the harbor, and the port of Wilmington would be sealed.

Should Fort Fisher, with the point of land on which it is built, fall into the hands of our troops immediately on landing, then it will be worth the attempt to capture Wilmington by a forced march and surprise. If time is consumed in gaining the first object of the expedition, the second will become a matter of after consideration. The details for execution are entrusted to you and the officers immediately in command of the troops. Should the troops under Gen. Weitzel fail to effect a landing at or near Fort Fisher, they will be returned to the armies operating against Richmond without delay.

U. S. GRANT.

Maj.-Gen. B. F. BUTLER.

Lieut.-General.

Gen. Butler commanding the army from which the troops were taken for this enterprise, and the territory in which they were to operate, military courtesy required that all orders and instructions should go through him. They were so sent; but Gen. Weitzel has since officially informed me that he never received the foregoing instructions, nor was he aware of their existence until he read Gen. Butler's published official report of the Fort Fisher failure, with my endorsement and papers accompanying it.

I had no idea of Gen. Butler's accompanying the expedition until the evening before it got off from Bermuda Hundred; and then did not know but that Gen. Weitzel had received all the instructions and would be in command. I rather formed the idea that Gen. Butler was actuated by a desire to witness the effect of the explosion of the powder-boat. The expedition was detained several days at Hampton Roads, awaiting the loading of the powder-boat. The importance of getting the Wilmington expedition off without delay, with or without the powder-boat, had been urged upon Gen. Butler, and he advised to so notify Admiral Porter.

The expedition finally got off Dec. 13th, and arrived at place of rendezvous off New Inlet, near Fort Fisher, on the evening of the 15th. Admiral Porter arrived on the evening of the 18th, having put into Beaufort to get ammunition for the monitors. The sea becoming rough, making it difficult to land troops, and the supply of water and coal being about exhausted, the transport fleet put back to Beaufort to replenish; this, with the state of the weather, delayed the return to the place of rendezvous until the 24th.

The powder-boat was exploded on the morning of the 24th, before the return of Gen. Butler from Beaufort; but it would seem, from the notice taken of it in the Southern newspapers, that the enemy were never enlightened as to the object of the explosion until they were informed by the Northern press.

On the 25th a landing was effected without opposition, and a reconnoissance under Brevet Brig.-Gen. Curtis pushed up toward the fort. But before receiving a full report of the result of the reconnoissance, Gen. Butler, in direct violation of the instructions given, ordered the re-embarkation of the troops and the return of the expedition. The re-embarkation was accomplished by the morning of the 27th. On the return of the expedition, officers and men — among them Brevet Maj.-Gen. (then Brevet Brig.-Gen.) N. M. Curtis, 1st Lieut. G. W. Ross, Vermont regiment, 1st Lieut. Geo. Walling and 2d Lieut. Geo. Simpson, Forty-second New York Volunteers — voluntarily reported to me that when recalled they were nearly into the fort, and in their opinion it could have been taken without much loss.

Soon after the return of the expedition, I received a despatch from the Secretary of the Navy, and a letter from Admiral Porter, informing me that the fleet was still off Fort Fisher, and expressing the conviction that under a proper leader the place could be taken. The natural supposition with me was that when the troops abandoned the expedition, the navy would do so also. Finding it did not, however, I answered on the 30th December, advising Admiral Porter to hold on and that I would send a force and make another attempt to take the place. This time I selected Brevet Brig.-Gen. (now Maj.-Gen.) A. H. Terry to command the expedition. The troops composing it consisted of the same that composed the former, with the addition of a small brigade numbering about 1,500 and a small siege train. The latter it was never found necessary to land. I communicated direct to the commander of the expedition the following instructions: —

CITY POINT, VA., Jan. 3, 1865.

General: The expedition entrusted to your command has been fitted out to renew the attempt to capture Fort Fisher, N. C.; and Wilmington ultimately, if the fort falls. You will then proceed with as little delay as possible to the naval fleet lying off Cape Fear River, and report the arrival of yourself and command to Admiral D. D. Porter, Commanding North Atlantic Blockading Squadron. It is exceedingly desirable that the most complete understanding should exist between yourself and the naval commander. I suggest, therefore, that you consult with Admiral Porter freely, and get from him the part to be performed by each branch of the public service, so that there may be unity of action. It would be well to have the whole programme laid down in writing. I have served with Admiral Porter, and know that you can rely on his judgment and his nerve to undertake what he proposes. I would therefore defer to him as much as consistent with your own responsibilities.

The first object to be attained is to get a firm position on the spit of land on which Fort Fisher is built, from which you can operate against that fort. You want to look to the practicability of receiving your supplies and to defending yourself against superior forces sent against you by any of the avenues left open to the enemy. If such a position can be obtained, the siege of Fort Fisher will not be abandoned until its reduction be accomplished or another plan of campaign is ordered from these headquarters. My own views are that if you effect a landing, the navy ought to run a portion of the fleet into Cape Fear River, while the balance of it operates on the outside. Land forces cannot invest Fort Fisher or cut it off from supplies or reinforcements while the river is in possession of the enemy. A siege train will be loaded on vessels and sent to Fortress Monroe, in readiness to be sent to you if required. All other supplies can be drawn from Beaufort as you need them. Keep the fleet of vessels with you until your position is assured. When you find they can be spared, order them back, sending such of them as you can spare to Fortress Monroe to report for orders. In case of failure to effect a landing, bring your command back to Beaufort, and

report to these headquarters for further instructions. You will not debark at Beaufort until so directed. Gen. Sheridan has been ordered to send a division of troops to Baltimore and place them on seagoing vessels. These troops will be brought to Fortress Monroe and kept there on the vessels until you are heard from. Should you require them, they will be sent to you.

U. S. GRANT.

Brevet Maj.-Gen. A. H. TERRY.

Lieut.-General.

Lieut.-Col. C. B. Comstock, Aide-de-Camp (now Brevet Brig.-Gen.), who accompanied the former expedition, was assigned in orders as Chief Engineer to this. It will be seen that these instructions do not differ materially from those given for the first expedition, and that in neither instance was there an order to assault Fort Fisher. This was a matter left entirely to the discretion of the commanding officer.

The expedition sailed from Fortress Monroe on the morning of the 6th [Jan.], arriving on the rendezvous off Beaufort on the 8th, where, owing to the difficulties of the weather, it lay until the morning of the 12th, when it got under way and reached its destination that evening. Under cover of the fleet, the disembarkation of the troops commenced on the morning of the 13th, and by 3 p.m. was completed without loss. On the 14th a reconnoissance was pushed to within 500 yards of Fort Fisher and a small advance work taken possession of, and turned out a defensive line against any attempt that might be made from the fort. This reconnoissance disclosed the fact that the front of the work had been seriously injured by the navy fire. In the afternoon of the 15th the fort was assaulted, and after most desperate fighting was captured, with its entire garrison and armament. Thus was secured, by the combined efforts of the navy and army, one of the most important successes of the war. Our loss was: killed, 110; wounded, 536. On the 16th and 17th the enemy abandoned and blew up Fort Caswell and the works on Smith's Island, which were immediately occupied by us. This gave us entire control of the mouth of the Cape Fear River. At my request, Maj.-Gen. B. F. Butler was relieved, and Maj.-Gen. E. O. C. Ord assigned to the command of the Department of Virginia and North Carolina.

U. S. GRANT.

Lieut.-General.

Of this famous case the *Army and Navy Journal* says:—

. . . . At 7.30 A.M. (13th) the fort opened on them (the navy) as they approached; but they quickly took up their positions within 1,000 yards of Fort Fisher and began to fire about 8.30 A.M. . . . The inner division had meantime been shelling the woods (without provoking a reply) near the point selected for landing the troops, about $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles above the fort, near the deserted Half Moon Battery . . . the boats of the fleet were then called away for landing the troops, and, starting simultaneously at 9 o'clock from all the transports, soon carried them through the surf, some of the men eagerly jumping into the water waist deep. The first boats to reach the shore contained a part of the One Hundred and Sixty-ninth New York; and Bell's Third Brigade of Ames' division was soon ashore, followed quickly by the First. In about an hour enough troops were landed to push out a skirmish line, and all the force designed for attack was ashore before 3 p.m. The proper line was now formed and our troops retook possession of Half Moon Battery. Before 4 p.m., the troops started down the beach toward Fort Fisher, with skirmishers out . . . Col. Curtis (15 Jan.) led . . . with his brigade . . . and effected a lodgment on the west end of the land front (next Cape Fear River); Pennypacker next, with his brigade; then Bell with his . . . lastly (about dark), Abbott's brigade came up from the defensive line, the marines taking its place.

The following letter, from Lieut.-Col. Lamb, the Confederate officer in command of Fort Fisher, to Capt. James Parker of the Union navy, will be of interest:—

NORFOLK, VA., Jan. 15, 1879.

To Capt. JAMES PARKER:

. . . . I was in command 14 years ago today the attacking column of the army was hid and protected by the river bank as it approached the left flank of the work, but the naval column came up the open beach upon our center. As its success would have been disastrous, I concentrated all available guns upon this column, and met its assault with the larger portion of my men, posting them upon the ramparts so as to fire down upon the sailors and marines. I particularly noticed in the assault an officer who seemed to lead the column and who was almost recklessly brave, and directed my men to pick him and other officers off, to discourage the assailants. When we afterward met on board the Steamship *California* at Old Point Comfort (where you had come to see if you could be of any service to me in my wounded condition), you can imagine my surprise, after I had described this officer's dress to you, to learn that you were he, and the pleasure it gave me to know that so brave and gallant a foe had escaped

WM. LAMB.

This chapter lacks one essential to make it complete, and that is the recording of the fact that Gen. Butler was peremptorily relieved from his command (Department Virginia and North Carolina) on 8 Jan. 1865, by order of Gen. Grant. This, Gen. Butler says, was wholly without warning; and he had, he says, the privilege (!) of learning of it through other sources before he received it. He says that up to that day he had every reason to believe that his course had been approved, and that he was also to take charge of the second assault. Gen. Butler expresses the opinion that one of the reasons of his removal was that he was the only officer of any considerable rank, from civil life, then in the army. On the day of his removal he issued his farewell order to the Army of the James. Extracts from it will be found in his Personal Sketch.

This recital of the capture of Fort Fisher is brought to a close by recording the terrible explosion in the fort early on the morning following the capture. Probably over a hundred lost their lives (of Bell's brigade) and many were buried never to be exhumed. There were also about 30 wounded rebels. Beside these there were about 90 wounded by the explosion, not buried by it. The One Hundred and Sixty-ninth New York was the greatest sufferer, losing about 40 killed and 60 wounded. Cause unknown; but it was surmised that some indiscreet soldier or sailor lit a match in one of the magazines. If he did he never can be held accountable on earth for the indiscretion.

Though the story of Fort Fisher has been told, yet there are a few new points gathered by examining the diaries of that 15th day of January:—

One diary says: "The Third New Hampshire was in the advance when the fort was taken and gave the first shout of victory."

Another says: "At 10 a.m., off picket, and marched down the beach to a line of trenches facing Wilmington. . . . At 6, we marched up as reinforcements, and finished the work already begun, capturing the fort at 10 p.m. After collecting a number of prisoners and marching them to a place of safety, we left the fort and returned to the trenches at 4 a.m. (16th), feeling much rejoiced over the great victory." Luckily, they left prior to the explosion.

A diary says: "Two of our men (Third New Hampshire) got blown up in the fort this morning." They probably were asleep when the regiment came away. Poor fellows! 'twas their last sleep on earth, and their death and burial were simultaneous. It has been reported, though probably untrue, that the fort's magazine was blown up by galvanic wire from Fort Caswell.

We remained in the trenches all day of the 16th. The troops in Virginia heard of the fall of Fort Fisher on the 17th, and a salute was fired all along the line. The wounded and prisoners were put on transports the 17th and following days to be sent North. We lay quiet in our trenches nearly all that day, but furnished a fatigue detail in the afternoon; and later a reconnoissance by our brigade (by details from each regiment) at night resulted in capturing an entire picket line of 66 men and 2 officers.

The *North Point* (one of several) was laden with Confederate prisoners, and started for Point Lookout on the 18th, under charge of Capt. Edgerly, he having as a guard a detail from the Sixteenth New York Heavy Artillery (see his Personal for particulars). Many of our men, on the 18th, were permitted to visit the captured works; and as a result each had a wonderful story to tell of what he saw. We were turned out about midnight, and nearly all had to go on picket to relieve the Sixteenth New York Heavy Artillery (to go with prisoners).

On the afternoon of the 19th, a scouting party was organized (Third and Seventh New Hampshire and Seventh Connecticut), with Capt. Trickey in command of the skirmish line. He was slightly wounded in his finger. We flanked and captured about 50 men of a North Carolina regiment, and they were taken to Gen. Terry's Headquarters. But few of the Third New Hampshire were with this party, because the larger part of the regiment was on picket. In the evening, it began to rain. Did we go into our houses? No; we had n't any, of any description. The rain (a cold one, too) continued all night, and without substantial intermission, for about two days.

The regiment came off picket on the morning of the 20th, having been on 48 hours. We were set at work improving the trenches on the 21st, and labored all day at that pleasant duty. This duty continued on the 22d; for a diary discloses the fact that even the drummers were obliged to work, and on that day "lugged" in branches of trees for an abattis. Appearances indicated that our officers expected an attack from the rebels and made preparations to resist it. A picket detail was called on toward night, and was promptly furnished.

The drummers (poor fellows!) were "lugging" abattis again on the 23d, and we sent a few men to our old camp and comrades in Virginia to assist in the removal of both to this spot.

Will the reader lie with the writer to Virginia for a brief survey of the scene there on the 21th? It was early morning; but it was very evident that the rebels meant to attack the Army of the James. The rebel iron-clads, *Virginia*, *Fredericksburg* and *Richmond*, came boldly down the river to a point near Dutch Gap. Our batteries

opened on them. The rebel gunboat *Drury*, accompanying the iron-clads, was run ashore, scuttled and sunk, rather than allow it to fall into the hands of Union troops. The three iron-clads retreated. The rebels did not attack the Army of the James, though they were quite ready to do so.

Let's back to North Carolina. The Third New Hampshire, at Federal Point, was still working in and on the fortifications, for that was the name properly belonging to what were once called "trenches."

The writer has refrained of late from distracting the reader's attention by calling him from the recital of highly important matters near by to a distant point, namely: the Department of the South. It was fairly well understood at that time that Sherman had reached the sea, and was moving slowly and cautiously, yet fearlessly, northward. Sherman, on the 24th, notified Dahlgren to keep his gunboats active, and added that he (Sherman) would start soon, menacing Charleston, but not attacking it.

The right wing of our regiment had to move on the 25th, to give place and position for two captured field pieces, they having been mounted and to be operated by the First Connecticut Heavy Artillery.

In the Department of the South, on the 26th, the gunboat *Dai Chang*, which fought at Fort Fisher on the 15th, was disabled by the rebels on the Combahee River, and was fired by the officers and crew, who escaped. The Steamer *Gen. Lyon* arrived at New York with 501 of the Fort Fisher prisoners. Fort Delaware was the destination; but large quantities of ice prevented, and New York was substituted. Capt. M. T. Shepard, Co. H, Sixteenth New York Artillery, had charge. The principal occupation during the day was turfing the works. We furnished a small picket detail at night.

We got a big, big mail on the 27th, the first in about four weeks and first since we left Virginia. It was cold and windy. If we only had our Virginia houses! During the evening we moved into the former camp of the Sixth Connecticut.

There was no event worth relating till the 30th, when there appears to have been a reconnoissance during the afternoon, the troops being wholly from the colored division. During this little episode our gunboats shelled the woods directly in front of the party.

Capt. Edgerly returned (30th) from his trip to Point Lookout, and we sent 30 men out on picket. To our surprise, and pleasure too, fresh fish was issued to us same day.

A painful (!) rumor reached us on the 31st that the paymaster was reconnoitring our position, and was liable to attack us in force, led by himself in person. Horrors! is there no let up to this war?

The price of flour in Richmond the day before Fort Fisher's capture was \$1,000 per barrel! This had advanced to \$1,250 on the 18th, while gold was \$70, and calico was \$25 per yard.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

General Order 1, of the 7th, relieved Gen. Butler from command of the Department of Virginia and North Carolina (see Gen. Butler's Personal).

General Order 3, of the 14th (Resolution of Congress), presented the thanks of the people and Congress to Gen. Sherman and his troops for the "March to the Sea," though not by that name.

General Order 7, of the 12th, extended the Department of the South to include North Carolina, the Headquarters to remain at Hilton Head, and the Department to be under control and orders of Gen. Sherman (see General Order 12).

General Order 10, of the 26th (Resolution of Congress), *Resolved*, etc., "that the thanks of Congress are hereby presented to Brevet Maj.-Gen. Alfred H. Terry, and to the officers and men under his command, for the unsurpassed gallantry and skill exhibited by them in the attack upon Fort Fisher, and the brilliant and decisive victory by which that important work has been captured from the rebel forces and placed in the possession of and under the authority of the United States, and for their long and faithful services and unvarying devotion to the cause of the country in the midst of the greatest difficulties and dangers"

General Order 12, of the 31st, made North Carolina a separate Department, detaching it from the Department of the South (see General Order 7) and assigning Gen. Schofield to its command, though still under Sherman.

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

Circular No. 1, of the 4th, forbids further enlistments in the Department from the employees of the Quartermaster, Commissary or Ordnance Departments until further orders.

General Order 4, of the 16th, assumes command of the added territory of North Carolina (see War Department Order), and designates it as the "District of North Carolina, Department of the South."

General Order 5, of the 17th, levies a military tax of one per cent on all goods brought to the Department, for purpose of trade (except District of North Carolina), the value to be determined by the invoices passing through the Custom House at Hilton Head. This tax to be devoted to providing steam and other fire engines, repairing wharves, roads, public buildings and other necessary civil expenses, for the several cities and towns in the Department.

General Order 6, of the 17th, revokes all of General Order 119 (of 1864) relating to draft and conscription of negroes in the Department. The previous orders of like tenor are all revoked.

General Order 7, of the 21st, says the city of Savannah and dependencies, having been turned over to him (Foster) by Sherman, he assumes command, and designates it as the District of Savannah (the limits include Fort Pulaski and the adjacent islands). Brevet Maj.-Gen. C. Grover assigned to the command.

General Order 8, of the 21st, announces that Gen. Saxton has been appointed by Gen. Sherman as "Inspector of Settlements and Plantations," and is placed in charge of everything pertaining to the well-being of the negroes. Brig.-Gen. Potter to relieve Gen. Saxton in commanding the District of Beaufort, and that district is enlarged so as to include the intrenched camp near Pocotaligo.

Department of the South Statistics for January, 1865 are: Total, troops, 11,151; cases sick, 1,861; died, 35; cases wounded, 72; died, 1.

The Monthly Return shows:—

Field and Staff	4 men,	5 officers.	
Co. A	28 "	1 "	
B	48 "	1 "	
C	34 "	3 "	
D	44 "	1 "	
E	49 "	3 "	
F	90 "	1 "	
G	41 "	1 "	
H	87 "	2 "	
I	87 "	1 "	
K	31 "	1 "	
Unassigned recruits	123 "	[In Va.—D.E.]	
Present aggregate		20	
Aggregate last report	529	22	551
	A B C D E F G H I K	Totals.	
Sergeants	3 4 5 5 4 5 3 5 4 4		
Corporals	2 3 1 4 3 5 3 7 6 3		
Musicians	2 1 2 2 2 1 0 2 1 1		
Wagoners	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1		
Recruits	0 8 2 0 0 57 0 46 38 0	151	
Absent in arrest	1 1 0 0 1 3 1 0 1 0	8	
Deserted	0 0 0 0 0 2 1 7 1 1	12	
Wounded in action	0 1 2 0 0 2 0 0 1 0	6	
Prisoners of war	0 0 0 0 3 0 1 2 0 1	7	

The recruits were not the 123 reported at end of December or end of this month as unassigned, but were of another lot apparently arriving on or soon after 1st Jan. The 123 are apparently with the balance of the regiment left in Virginia (and joined, see 17 Feb.) This report says: "Recruits absent with leave: B, 4; C, 1; F, 43; H, 32; I, 28: total, 108." Why these recruits should be so reported does not appear.

	A B C D E F G H I K	Totals.
Absent	23 34 27 32 37 83 36 70 66 23	431
Absent sick	17 20 20 25 27 30 31 25 20 17	232
Detached	5 9 6 7 6 7 3 11 17 5	76

One man lost by expiration of term (Leavitt of A). One man lost overboard (D).

1st Sergt. Burbank of G is taken up on the rolls, his muster on his commission having been revoked by the War Department.

Two men of C were killed in the explosion of the 16th, and one man (Hoyt of Co. I) was killed in the assault, 15th.

One man of F (Chamberlin) has joined from desertion.

The following table will show the duties and whereabouts of the officers of the regiment: —

Col. Bedel	Paroled and on leave.
Lieut.-Col. Randlett	On leave.
Dr. Buzzell	Detached.
Dr. Kimball	On duty.
No Adjutant.	
Quartermaster Bingham	On duty.
A. Capt. Dearborn	Detached.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
B. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. Ackerman	Act'g Adjutant.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
C. Capt. Trickey	Comdg. Regiment.
1st Lieut. Woodbury	Detached.
2d Lieut. Donley	Comdg. Co. E.
D. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. McCoy	Sick, in quarters.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
E. Capt. Wadlia	Absent, wounded.
1st Lieut. Eldredge	Absent, wounded (really detached), Concord.
2d Lieut. Atherton	Detached (General Court-Martial), Alexandria.
F. Capt. Edgerly	On duty.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
G. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. White	Absent, wounded.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
H. Capt. Kirwin	Absent, sick.
1st Lieut. James	Absent, sick (with balance of regi- ment at Laurel Hill, Va.)
No 2d Lieutenant.	
I. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. Hitchcock	Detached (with prisoners to N.Y.)
No 2d Lieutenant.	
K. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. Giddings	Comdg Co. B.
No 2d Lieutenant.	

Officers' loss: Capt. Maxwell discharged (expiration of term); 1st Lieut. Hazen dismissed (revoked: see his Personal).

A memorandum says: "Recruits arrived 1 Jan.: B, 1; F, 11; H, 6; I, 10: total, 28," and that these 28 were borne on the rolls with the 123 who arrived 30 Dec. As a matter of fact, four squads left Concord during December, 1864: 64 the 15th, 2 the 17th, 90 the 19th and 80 the 29th. The latter arrived at regiment 2 March 1865. The three others probably became one at Galloupe's Island, and got divided in a complex manner *en route* to regiment.

FEBRUARY, 1865.



THIS first day of this second month of the new year is the date affixed to a circular issued in New Hampshire, by our esteemed Secretary of State Tenney. [1889: He is at Norwich, Conn., occupying several responsible positions, and is highly esteemed.—D.E.] In this circular he said that the Supreme Judicial Court had decided that the act of the Legislature relative to voting in the field was constitutional and binding. This bill provided for an election on 14 March 1865, for electors for President and Vice-President, and for Representatives to Congress. [Of this later, if aught is found.—D.E.]

On that day, too, we were anxiously waiting for and expecting the balance of the regiment, with our baggage and Col. Bedel, whom we heard had been exchanged. We also expected Lieut.-Col. Randlett, who went home in December with Lieut.-Col. Plimpton's body. These, and more, were needed, as our officers for duty had been hard worked. The works were completed on the 2d, and glad were we to hear the announcement, "It is finished."

Lieut. Hitchcock and his detail got back the 4th from New York, where he had been with rebel prisoners. We heard rumors of propositions of peace on the 5th. Peace, blessed peace! How heartily we would welcome thee—*i.e.*, provided the other fellows ask for it. Why not? On that same day, singularly too, it appeared that our boys were turned out under arms in response to a false alarm—the first time for several days. Notwithstanding the "peace" rumor, we sent 40 of our boys out at night to do valiant picket duty, peace or no peace. Same day, our gunboats shelled the rebels a little: they were in the woods, up the beach, some distance off. We got a mail on the 6th, direct from the North. In it, of course, all the controversy in the press about the Butler-Porter-Fort Fisher-Powder Boat imbroglio; and we had a great time over it, discussing it pro and con long after the military rules required us to be asleep.

Same day, also, Gen. Gillmore arrived at Port Royal to relieve Gen. Foster in command of the Department of the South. The latter was said to be still suffering from an old Mexican war wound. The mail "direct from the North" gave us other matters to discuss as well as Fort Fisher, for it brought in its interior "A list of recent promotions in the Third New Hampshire." Was there any "kicking" at the list? Yes; and very, very high, too; but such kicking only exhausts one without changing the list one iota.

The transports of Gen. Schofield's corps (the Twenty-third) arrived on the 7th, laden with the veterans of that command. On that day, also, something rather funny occurred in the Department of the South. Gen. Gillmore had gotten out a book on the siege of Charleston. Dahlgren saw a copy for the first time; and in about a dozen glances he took in, as he thought, the whole of it, and at once sent request to his Department to be relieved.

The Twenty-third Corps was still arriving on the 8th, and to all appearances we were getting ready to advance on Wilmington. This massing of forces was not without a purpose.

We began to see the preparations take shape on the 9th, when we were ordered to take three days' cooked rations and be ready to march in the morning (10th). During the 9th, the Twenty-third Corps landed. They were said to be from Gen. Thomas' army. Gen. Schofield, being a Major-General, outranked Terry and assumed command of all the forces in this vicinity. Our order to move was countermanded about midnight.

Again, on the 10th, we were ordered to be ready to go at 7 A.M. on the 11th. A diary of that date says: "Windy and pleasant. Inspection at 2 P.M. The pickets have been firing, and the gunboats opened up the Cape Fear River and down to the Half Moon Battery." The colored troops went on another reconnoissance.

The 11th arrived in due time; and off we went at 8 A.M., as we fully believed, bound for Wilmington. We had lain around the coast (near Fort Fisher) long enough; and it was a relief to start now for the interior, for the purpose of taking something. We were full of life and big with hope, superinduced perhaps by the fact of the large force of which we were a part. Our first opposition was at Half Moon Battery, approaching which our regiment deployed as skirmishers and charged our erring brothers' picket line, consisting of 54 men of the Seventeenth North Carolina, capturing it almost entire. This elated us to a point where some came near losing their heads. After our little mid-day lunch, we made another advance, and succeeded in driving the enemy back to his works. A diary says we lost that day one killed and five wounded; another says, two killed and four wounded. The captured referred to exceeded in numbers those of the entire attacking party. At night we fell back, as a precautionary measure, to our rifle-pits and established a picket line in front. "Our forces have been fighting all around today; and now that the river is open to us, we have quite an advantage, as both flanks of the enemy can be (and were) shelled by the gunboats." We had a night of constant alarm, with not much sleep for anyone.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLS.,

FEDERAL POINT, N. C., 12 Feb. 1865.

E. LEWIS MOORE, *Capt. and Asst. Adj.-Gen.*,

Second Brigade, First Division, Twenty-fourth Army Corps.

Captain: I have the honor to herewith submit a report of the part taken in the reconnoissance of the 11th inst. by the Third New Hampshire Volunteers. I broke camp about 8 o'clock A.M., and moved with the other regiments of the Second Brigade. Marched up the beach about one mile,

when I was directed by Gen. Abbott, Commanding Brigade, to move my command to the front and deploy a skirmish line. I deployed the right wing, holding the left in reserve. Capt. J. H. Edgerly, commanding skirmish line; and Lieut. G. H. Giddings, reserve.

Gen. Abbott wished me to use my own discretion in manœuvering, and engage the enemy when I found them; but requested me not to press them so closely as to bring on a general engagement, and also to be careful, if I crossed the Lagoon near the head of Myrtle Sound, of our right flank, as the enemy might have a force in Half Moon Battery, about half a mile further up the beach. Moved forward: and when near the Lagoon, no force appearing in the battery, we crossed by making a left half wheel, then moving a short distance by the left flank. I then halted the line and, with Capt. Edgerly, personally reconnoitred, and found the enemy in some force behind the same rifle-pits captured from them on the 19th January, with additional work on their left and abattis in front.

We decided to strengthen the skirmish line, by sending Lieut. Ackerman with twenty men to our left flank, which would enfilade the enemy on their right, and move forward. Did so, and when within a few yards of the pits discovered they were very well manned, but thought the firing was not very severe. I was undecided for a moment what further course to pursue, as my directions were not to bring on a general engagement. But I knew if we remained as we were in an open field, within thirty yards of an enemy well protected, we must suffer severely; and having entire confidence in the men, and knowing Capt. Edgerly would do his work, I decided to charge the pits. Within perhaps three minutes we had possession of the work and (64) sixty-four prisoners, which was nearly the number our line consisted of.

The promptness of Lieut. Ackerman in enfilading the left, and Capt. Edgerly in moving to the right on gaining the work, rendered it impossible for the greater portion of the enemy to retreat. Lieut. Giddings promptly moved up the reserve and planted our colors on the work, sent the prisoners to the rear, threw out videttes, and proceeded to learn our casualties, which, to my surprise, I found to be only (1) one man wounded in the head. This slight loss cannot be attributed to anything but the extreme promptness and good conduct of the men in getting possession of the work after the order was given.

The brigade now moved up, and I was again ordered to advance. We were now in plain view of the enemy's works. Moved a little to the right, and across an open field, and there met a severe fire; but moved rapidly and obtained cover in the edge of a belt of woods, not more than (60) sixty yards from the enemy's works, which we found to be well manned. Here the undergrowth and swamp rendered it impossible for a further advance with anything like concert or safety. I therefore halted and reported circumstances. The position was looked over by staff officers of Gen. Abbott and Gen. Ames. It was, I believe, decided that a further advance with a skirmish line was impracticable; and the object of the reconnaissance having, I think, been accomplished, the line was withdrawn about sunset. I returned with my command to the rifle-pits, and was ordered to remain on picket, the other four having been withdrawn. My casualties in the second advance were (1) one man killed and (4) four wounded.

I beg leave to further say that, in my opinion, too much credit cannot be given Capt. Edgerly and Lieut. Ackerman, for their conduct throughout the day, though I believe all did their duty.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

WM. H. TRICKY,

Captain, Third New Hampshire Vols. Commanding Regiment.

We were relieved from our picket duty by the Fourth New Hampshire about 10 A.M. of the 12th, and to our regret were marched down the beach about a mile and directed to establish camp with our brigade. This was probably a *ruse*. At night—everything having been quiet during the day—the Twenty-third Corps moved forward as if for action; but soon after returned.

The same day; the Twenty-fourth Corps, in Virginia, including the boys we left behind of course, had a review on the New Market Road, Generals Ord and Gibbons looking them over a little to see what force they had.

At night we got orders to move over to the left and into the woods, in the main line of works, and did so, relieving some colored troops on duty there. The change was a pleasant one.

We drew rations again on the 13th—several had n't a single "hard-tack" left—and rested. We were within a quarter of a mile of the enemy's works, and everybody expected an advance.

On the 14th our men, finding no advance ordered, began to fix up the camp; but later in the day this work was stopped, as we got orders to march on the morrow at daylight with three days' cooked rations. There was a movement of the troops up the beach during the evening, but without result. Probably the idea was to be in an advanced position for early work on the following day. A storm was rapidly approaching, and we feared it might delay the expected movement.

¶ An item of news from our old Department said Gen. Sherman was at Medway on the 7th, on the railroad between Augusta and Branchville, and was to break up 50 miles of railroad toward Augusta; that Slocum's wing was not yet up. Roads so bad by freshets he (Sherman) might have to turn on Charleston, and asked Gillmore to go up the Edisto (for a demonstration, probably).

The expected storm arrived during the night of the 14th: raining very hard and delaying operations. It afterward appeared that the contemplated movement embraced the use of one or more pontoon bridges. The storm made the water of Cape Fear River too rough for pontoon laying, and the proposed movement was temporarily abandoned.

The rain continued nearly all day of the 15th, and we had nothing to do but wait. We kept our household furniture packed, however, ready to be moved at a moment's notice.

The 16th was nearly a repetition of the 15th, excepting that we heard Schofield was moving his left wing (it was his right wing that moved the other night without result) on pontoons across the river. On the same day our hearts were gladdened by the report that our regimental baggage and the boys from Virginia had arrived and would be with us on the morrow. It and they arrived as expected, reaching us about night of the 17th. Lieut.-Col Randlett came in charge, but no Col. Bedel. We were now a united regiment again, in one sense. This arrival was of about 300 in all, by the Steamer *California*. Other officers (not heretofore named) with them were Lieuts. James and Mellish (the latter newly-commissioned, though not mustered), and our newly-appointed Adjutant, L. N. Jackman. The arrival included the recruits we left behind in Virginia, then unarmed (see 18th).

The 17th marked a turning point in the history of the city of Charleston. The people of that famous city decided it to be best for them and Charleston to part company. Acting upon that decision,



FORT SUMTER: View of the South-western Angle and the Gorge, February, 1865.
(The shoal in the foreground is covered at high water.)

the people got themselves out. There was no mistaking the reason. Sherman, who had marched "From Atlanta to the Sea," was uncomfortably near the doomed city.

An officer, Lieut. C. H. Williams, of the Third Rhode Island Artillery, on duty this day in Fort Strong (formerly Wagner), thus writes of the "Last Tour of Duty at the Siege of Charleston":—

[Extract.]

17 Feb. 1865.

Fort Strong (formerly Wagner) had a garrison of a single company of the Third Rhode Island Artillery. There was a stockade on Morris Island, in which had been Confederate prisoners, guarded by the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts (colored). A few days prior to above date, a battery of 11-inch Dahlgren guns had been planted in the open space between Wagner and Cumming's Point. Fire opened from all our Morris Island batteries at about 8 P.M. (17th), to which the rebels replied a little before midnight. About that time a fire was seen in the city which increased rapidly; and soon seven distinct fires were visible, and one ship was burned. This was followed by a terrific explosion, heard on Morris Island. The next morning (18th), about 5 o'clock, Battery Bee, on Sullivan's Island, blew up. The rebels evacuated. Then came a race between two of our boats for Moultrie: Lieut. Hackett, Third Rhode Island Artillery, with crew from Wagner; and the other boat from a monitor. Lieut. Hackett arrived first, and pulled down the flag, ran ours up, and put out the fuse left to blow up the magazine.

Fort Anderson, up the river, midway between Fort Fisher and Wilmington, was the special object of our gunboats. Porter's fleet (i.e., the part sent into the river) bombarded, and it was expected Schofield's troops would charge it; but for some reason not apparent that movement did not occur.

During the day we got a renewal of marching orders. We were moved a little rearward on the 18th, to a dryer spot, and pitched our camp. The fighting by the fleet and Twenty-third Corps continued all day; but it was across the river from us. It must be borne in mind that the Third New Hampshire and the brigade, and substantially all of the troops that came with Terry, were yet on the east side of the Cape Fear River.

Our recruits received arms and equipments on the evening of the 18th, and were then ready to do some service. Charleston was occupied that day by our troops, after so many long and weary months of waiting and watching. The *Canonius* fired two shots in the morning at Fort Moultrie—the last shots of the siege. No reply, the garrison having evacuated during the night. At 9 A.M. the old flag was again flying over Sumter!

To return to North Carolina. Fort Anderson was reported as having ceased to fire about 3 P.M. and at night was abandoned. The bombardment ceased about 3 A.M. of the 19th. A little after 8 A.M. we were set in motion, and soon found the enemy's works on our front evacuated; and we lay there inactive for about an hour. Soon after dinner we marched down the Masonboro Sound Road, and the colored troops took the military road, thus beginning our onward march for our objective point, Wilmington. We marched about six miles, meeting no opposition and seeing no enemy. Halted and bivouacked for the night. We were then said to have been about nine miles from the city. That nine miles might cost many a fellow his life; but traverse it we must, as we had no balloons.

A diary of the 20th says: "The Second Division crossed the river last night to reinforce us. We marched about two or three miles further on the Sound Road, and then crossed over to the Military Road, and marched in rear of the Second Division. The colored troops (in the advance) had a little encounter with the rebels' rear guard. About two miles more, and we halted and bivouacked in the woods. Our advance got shelled a little just before sunset." We were then within about three miles of the prize. Would we obtain it with, or without, bloodshed? Time alone would tell. Admiral Ammen's book says: "The rebels sent down the river tonight about 200 floating torpedoes, to destroy our gunboats." No record appears of any being blown up; therefore it is proper to say they all miraculously escaped destruction.

The 21st dawned upon us, pleasant but rather windy. We got news of the evacuation of Charleston. Didn't we cheer and shout, and didn't we dance about? Only those persons who were present and now alive can testify on that point. About 9 A.M. we were put forward into the trenches, which had been hastily constructed during the night at the extreme front, relieving the Second Division; and we staid there all day. The Second Division on being relieved were sent to the left and across the river. Several of our regiment were sent out scouting to find the enemy. They found them and reported them alive and numerous. The few shots from their artillery settled the only remaining question, as to exact location.

In Virginia that day, they had a good time all along our lines, firing salutes, cheering, etc., over the victory at Charleston. The navy stretched fish nets across Cape Fear River to catch torpedoes.

The 22d, Washington's Birthday, arrived. Fitting day to capture Wilmington. At Concord, N. H., at the camp there, a salute of 34 guns was fired in honor of the restoration of the old flag to Sumter. Little did they know what was then transpiring in North Carolina, which would be worthy of another such salute. It was a day of value to every Third New Hampshire man, surely. The tale of the day's doings is of thrilling interest. The following, by Sergt.-Maj. Holt, is presented to the reader as being one of the best descriptions obtainable by the writer:—

Col. Randlett went out this morning, and came back with word that the enemy had evacuated. Fell in and marched to the front, the Third New Hampshire in advance. Marched without opposition over the nearer line of works around Wilmington. Assembled the skirmishers, and took the advance through the city. Halted an hour and then marched down the pike. Skirmished with the enemy about two miles, and ended the day's work by saving the pontoon over the North River. Was bivouacked inside our works within about four miles of the city, the morning of the 22d. At daylight, Col. Randlett (Lieut.-Col., commanding regiment) went out scouting, and we lay quietly inside the works preparing our breakfast. Soon the Colonel came back as fast as his horse would carry him, and reported that the enemy had gone, and ordered us to get ready to follow them. We left our breakfast and were soon on the trail. We marched over the first line of works, then deployed 40 men as skirmishers, and advanced without halting to a pond just outside their main line of works. We then marched by the left flank and crossed this pond, over a road, and then skirmished up to the works. Our colors were up and were soon floating

over this almost impregnable line of works. At this time Gen. Terry came up and ordered our skirmishers assembled, which was done; and led by Gen. Terry and Staff, were marched through the city of Wilmington, bearing the tattered colors, beneath which so many brave men have fallen. . . .

The Third New Hampshire was the first to enter the city. Many incidents occurred while marching through the city worthy of notice. . . . A lady, on seeing our column approach, rushed into the house and brought out a new American flag [see plan. — D.E.], at the sight of which the regiment cheered, and each regiment in turn . . . when nearly through the city [this point was really beyond the thickly settled portion of the city — really the suburbs; see plan. — D.E.], one of our escaped Union prisoners came rushing out of a cotton barn, having lain hidden in the cotton nearly two days . . . at this time we saw coming towards us Tom Entwistle of Co. D, who was captured at Drewry's Bluff, 16 May 1864. He also had escaped, and luckily fell in with his own regiment. The joy of these men was inexpressible. [See his story. — D.E.]

After marching through the city and halting about an hour, firing commenced on the skirmish line, when we fell in and took up line of march . . . our skirmishers had discovered the enemy's rear guard on a bridge [Smith's Creek. — D. E.] and attempting to burn it. They were driven off. We then rushed on the bridge to save it, and had to tear up burning planks, and crossed through the flames. The men then put out the fire with their tin cups. The bridge was of no small value. Had it been destroyed, considerable time would have been lost in constructing another.

We then went a quarter of a mile beyond and lay there two hours: and advanced, our regiment still in the skirmish line. Had advanced but a few rods when I, while carrying orders to the right of the line, fell in with five of our prisoners secreted in the swamp, where they had lain for two days, receiving rations from a negro who lived near by. These men would hardly believe they were once more with friends. I then went with them to the rear, with Gen. Terry. Returning to the regiment, found that the skirmish line had been relieved by the Sixth Connecticut and Seventh New Hampshire. Several rebel stragglers were picked up and a horse confiscated. About 8 miles from the city our skirmishers fell in with the enemy's rear guard, of about 50 cavalry. Fifteen men of Third New Hampshire were sent to reinforce the skirmish line. Our Spencers soon told on them, and we again advanced, skirmishing all the way for about two miles, when we succeeded in driving them across the North [East. — D.E.] River, and saving a new pontoon, which had, however, been cut loose from our side of the river and swung over to the other side [see plan], and tied there. Skirmishing was kept up till 9 P.M., . . . when we bivouacked. Our loss [Third New Hampshire] today, one man wounded.

Tom Entwistle was known to everybody in the regiment. Some men are built that way: others are hardly known beyond the company to which they belong. Everybody knew Tom; and it is probably true that, in 1889, everybody in Portsmouth, N.H., knew this same Tom. When he and the regiment fell in sight of each other, after almost a year of separation, the scene immediately following cannot be fully described. The boys cried — actually cried ("weeping" is too tame a word and sounds too funereal) — and danced and fell on one another's necks, and all that sort of thing. The writer deemed it judicious to get Tom's story while he yet lived (the story of his captivity), and here it is: —

During the foggy morning of the 16th of May 1864, I was struck with a spent ball in my right leg, completely benumbing it, so I could not walk; and while being helped from the field by Hugh McGroty of my company, we were both captured by the enemy and taken to Richmond. We were placed in Libby Prison, after being searched. I had a nice pair of boots, having just returned from a veteran furlough. They took them, and I went

barefooted. We were kept there about three weeks, when they started about five or six hundred of us off for Andersonville, arriving there about the 18th of June. [He doesn't mention McGroty again. — D.E.] Remained there about seven months. Our food consisted of a pint of corn meal each day. The water we had to cook with ran through the center of the stockade and was perfectly filthy. During the months of July and August there were between 30,000 and 40,000 prisoners in the pen, covering a 16-acre lot, with no shelter but the heavens; and the death rate was fearful. While there, a comrade of the Sixteenth Connecticut Band and one of the Twelfth New York and myself tunneled out. We got about ten miles from the pen, when we were recaptured by the hounds and a few cavalry and returned to the old pen. We left Andersonville about the last of December, for purposes of exchange, — so the Johnnies told us, — and went to Florence, S. C. Staid there about six weeks, then started for Wilmington, N. C. On the way several of us jumped from the cars and escaped, taking to the woods. We were nearly naked and quite exhausted. We travelled altogether by night, invariably obtaining our food from the colored people, who proved to be our friends indeed.

Upon reaching Wilmington, three of us secreted ourselves under a barn with a couple of hogs, and there remained till the 22d February. A colored man came to feed the hogs. I spoke to him about something to eat. He secreted a large corn-cake for us, and I tell you it tasted good, having been without food for 24 hours. He told us the Yankees had been bombarding Fort Fisher, and they (the rebels) were going to retreat and leave the city. This was joyful news to us. We remained secreted till our troops came into the city; and when we saw the Union troops marching up, we came out. Strange to say, the first regiment we met was my own regiment, the Third New Hampshire; and it seemed as if the boys would eat me.

THOS. EXTWISTLE.

The diary of Hospital Steward A. D. Scovell discloses a good story of the 22d and also furnishes additional items: —

Wednesday, 22 Feb. 1865.

The old Third skirmished up to outer works of Wilmington, and found the city was evacuated and the white flag hoisted. The Third headed the column through the city, colors flying and band playing. Found the government property all in ashes. The Third continued to advance as skirmishers, and found a small force of the enemy at a bridge which they attempted to burn; but the fire was soon extinguished and the bridge repaired, when the line of march again commenced, the Third New Hampshire in advance as skirmishers. No great resistance was made till about dark and ten miles out from the city, between the railroad and river. The enemy was driven across the river, when our boys intrenched themselves on this side. Only one man wounded in the Third, though we did the most of the fighting. Great praise is due Col. Randlett for his conduct of the skirmish line.

He adds, later, and without date, the following: —

A flag of truce was received — to exchange prisoners, which begun on the 26th: 10,000 in all. Their condition, treatment and suffering is beyond the power of man to picture, unless the pen be dipped in blood and written on parchment made of human flesh.

The diary of Drummer W. H. Mills says: "As we marched into the city the Sixth Connecticut drum corps was playing. Our brigade were the first troops to enter the city, and the Third New Hampshire was at the head of the column."

Here is a rather frigid statement: "The Third New Hampshire occupied the city after it had been evacuated by the rebels. After passing through the city, had a running fight to North East Ferry, saving a bridge and capturing a pontoon ten miles from the city. Went into camp at North East Ferry." Surely there is no poetry in the man who wrote that.

troops and the entrance of our enemies." It really required about two or three days to get out a paper in those troublous times. An editorial in the same paper said: "The circumstances under which we labor now renders it necessary that we should say as little as possible. Our readers will therefore excuse the lack of editorial matter in today's *Journal*."

The writer felt impelled to examine still farther, and did find a few more points worth inserting here. On 20 January 1865 the editor said: "The port of Wilmington is already gone. That has gone cheap. The Confederacy has lost its best port. The men of Wilmington must now defend their homes. We think they can do so. We think they will do so. Let us all try. The truth is, every tolerably decent white man who does not want to be a slave must take his position, willing to give up his life for the cause in which he is engaged . . ."

On 23 January 1865, the Mayor had an "ad." on the first page: "It is important that every place should be kept open at which provisions are for sale, as the urgent necessities of our citizens must be supplied.—JOHN DAWSON, Mayor."

The same paper said editorially: "We learn that news-boys get one dollar each for our paper; and it is an imposition. Fifty cents is the price until further orders." On 30 January 1865 the paper gives a complete list of the Confederate officers captured at Fort Fisher—159 in all, noting those who were wounded.

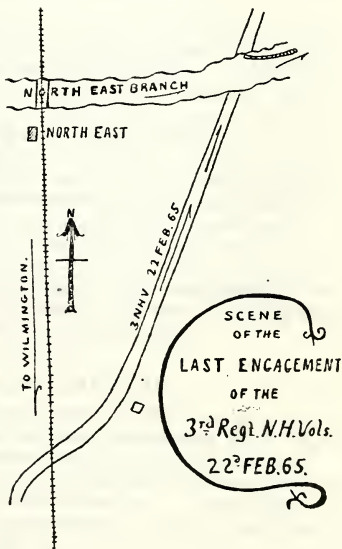
The Wilmington Daily Journal resumed publication 28 September 1865.

The fleet off Charleston celebrated the Birthday of Washington by flying all their flags during the entire day and a fireworks display in the evening. They were doubly inspired, of course, by the recent event of so much importance in their immediate vicinity.

We arose from our beds (?) on the 23d somewhat refreshed; and no sooner had we got the breakfast dishes fairly cleaned up, when we were directed to intrench ourselves. That meant work. It meant pick and shovel, and much else—not expressed, but implied. We were near the river.

We were told that an extensive exchange of prisoners was to be effected at once; and the men were to come near us, and there were to be ten thousand.

Ten thousand! just think for a moment what these two words meant. That number of men who have been in rebel hands, the Lord knows how long, were to be liberated—were to come back to their own again. By a diary the writer opines that our hospital was established in a convenient church, hard by.



The rebels came with a flag of truce from Gen. Bragg (23d) desiring to exchange prisoners. Gen. Terry declined. An hour later, a deserter came in and reported the rebels had left (see end of this month). Then some of our men went across in a boat, hitched a rope to the end of the pontoon and hauled it over to our side of the river and fixed it so our pickets could go over. This pontoon had been swung over to their side of the river; but all this was changed. The conditions, too, had changed.

A diary of the 25th says: "Policing camp. Guard mount. 135 gone on picket. Pontoon train arrived this afternoon, and a company of Engineers has gone across logging."

A diary of the 26th says: "The rebel cars fetched our prisoners (for parole) down from Goldsborough. They marched by our camp. The sick ones went down by steamer. They are in the most deplorable condition."

These men, who were exchanged or paroled, did not remain in our vicinity; for on the 27th a diary says: "Forty-five detailed to Wilmington with our released prisoners."

On the 24th and 25th it rained; and a diary says the rebels took advantage of it and increased the distance between the two lines.

On the 26th, the diary of Hospital Steward Scovell says: "Still storming. Received and fed sixteen hundred prisoners. They are objects of pity." He repeated the same next day: "1,500 men passed our camp today. It was an almost heart-rending sight." On the 28th another diary says: "1,500 came in today, including two of our regiment, one of whom was Sergt. Albert Van Munster of Co. G, captured at Laurel Hill, Va., 7 Oct. last." It was the end of the month, and we were mustered for pay — six months (and one instalment of bounty, \$50, for the veterans), and were mustered without rolls, there having been no opportunity to make them.

Our Quartermaster, Bingham, entered in his diary, 28th: "Sent portion of baggage to the front and stowed the rest in a storehouse." This meant that he was in Wilmington, a few miles south of the regiment, attending to his part of the play. He had arrived the day previous, on the Steamer *Hancox*, from Federal Point.

PRISONERS AT WILMINGTON.

It appears the rebels had concentrated at Wilmington a large number (several thousands) of our men, transferring them from prison pens further south, on account of the advance of Sherman.

The rebels sent a flag of truce to Terry just before evacuation of Wilmington, offering to *exchange* a few hundred. Terry supposed it a *ruse* to gain time, not knowing there were any there; and, acting on that belief, he declined to negotiate.

On the advance of our forces, all who could walk were started further north, and the others (about 300) were in hospitals or cared for by citizens. Gen. Schofield made arrangements to exchange 10,000, and appealed to the Sanitary Commission and others North to prepare for them.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

General Order 16, of the 8th, amended Par. 158 of Art. 18 of the R. A. R., so as to require deserters to make good the time lost by desertion, unless discharged by competent authority.

General Order 18, of the 8th, forbade that hospital transports and boats be diverted to other purposes after being properly assigned to that service.

General Order 20, of the 11th (Resolution of Congress), thanked Gen. Sheridan for services in the Shenandoah Valley, and especially for Cedar River, 19 Oct.

General Order 22, of the 17th, promulgates the report of a Special Commission, convened by direction of the President, 6 Feb. 1865, to investigate and report on the alleged unfairness of the draft for the 300,000 call of 19 Dec. 1864. The commission reported that the draft was fairly levied and apportioned.

General Order 24, of the 21st, directed a national salute at noon (22d), in honor of the restoration of the flag of the Union upon Fort Sumter.

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

General Order 14, of the 7th, was an announcement by Gen. Foster, that he was obliged to relinquish the command of the Department for the present, owing to wounds, and thanked various officers for gallantry, etc., in actions 30 November (Honey Hill), 6 December (Devereaux Neck), 9 December (place not stated), and movements in connection with Sherman's movements.

General Order 15, of the 9th: Foster turned over the command to Gen. Gillmore.

General Order 16, of the 9th: Gillmore assumes command of the Department.

General Order 17, of the 9th: Gillmore's Staff announced (16 in all).

General Order 20, of the 14th, announced Gen. Saxton as Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service in the Department.

General Order 26, of the 24th, promulgated Sherman's order relating to commerce within the Department; and under that order authorized the establishment of trading stores at Beaufort, Hilton Head, Savannah, Fernandina, St. Augustine, Jacksonville and Charleston. They might trade in all articles of food, clothing, groceries, ladies' and children's goods generally, and articles not contraband of war. Hilton Head (Port Royal) and Fernandina were relieved from the effects of the blockade.

The Department of the South Statistics for February, 1865, are :
Total troops, 11,502; cases sick, 1,683; died, 12; cases wounded,
115; died, 1.

The Monthly Return shows: —

Field and Staff	4 men,	7 officers.	
Co. A	27 "	1 "	
B	46 "	1 "	
C	33 "	2 "	
D	46 "	1 "	
E	49 "	3 "	
F	88 "	1 "	
G	41 "	1 "	
H	87 "	2 "	
I	80 "	1 "	
K	29 "	1 "	
Present aggregate	530	21	551
Aggregate last report	542	20	562
	A B C D E F G H I K		Totals.
Sergeants	3 4 5 5 3 5 3 5 4 4		
Corporals	2 3 1 5 4 5 4 7 6 3		
Musicians	2 1 1 2 2 1 0 2 1 1		
Wagoners	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1		
Detached	3 1 1 2 2 6 0 4 4 2		25
Absent sick	12 14 16 21 27 20 28 21 15 11		185
Absent on furlough	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0		1
Absent without leave	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0		2
Extra duty	1 1 1 1 1 4 1 2 2 0		14
For duty	6 25 15 19 16 55 8 53 54 12		263

Killed in action or died of wounds: B, 1; F, 1; K, 1. Died of disease: A, 1; C, 1. Discharged for disability: B, 1; I, 1 (both for wounds). Deserted, 6 (all in Co. I).

Gain from "missing in action": D, 2. One of these was Corpl. Entwistle, found to have been captured 16 May 1864; and he rejoined regiment 22 Feb. (see his statement). The other, Thos. Ridden, 13 Oct. 1864, was found to have been sick in hospital at Fort Monroe.

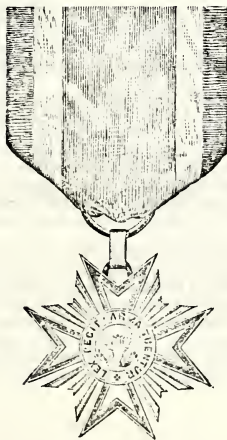
The following table will show the duties and whereabouts of the officers of the regiment: —

Col. Bedel	Paroled and now on leave.
Lieut.-Col. Randlett	Comdg. regiment.
Maj. Trickey	On duty.
Dr. Buzzell	Detached as before.
Dr. Kimball	On duty.
Adj. Jackman	On duty.
Quartermaster Bingham	On duty.
A. Capt. Dearborn	On duty.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
B. Capt. Woodbury	Detached as before.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
C. Capt. Ackerman	On duty.
1st Lieut. Donley	On duty.
No 2d Lieutenant.	

- D. No Captain.
 1st Lieut. McCoy Comdg. Co. H.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
- E. Capt. Wadlia Absent wounded.
 1st Lieut. Eklredge Absent wounded (really detached,
 Concord).
 2d Lieut. Atherton Detached (G. C.-M., Alexandria).
- F. Capt. Edgerly On duty.
 No 1st Lieutenant.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
- G. No Captain.
 1st Lieut. White Absent wounded.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
- H. Capt. Kirwin Absent sick.
 1st Lieut. James Comdg. Co. D.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
- I. No Captain.
 1st Lieut. Hitchcock Absent sick (Wilmington).
 No 2d Lieutenant.
- K. No Captain.
 1st Lieut. Giddings Comdg. Co. B.
 No 2d Lieutenant.

The following were promoted: —

- Capt. Wm. H. Trickey, C Major.
 1st Lieut. J. Ackerman, B Captain, C.
 2d Lieut. M. P. Donley, C 1st Lieutenant, C.
 1st Lieut. R. W. Woodbury, C . . . Captain, B.
 Sergt. L. N. Jackman, F 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant.



BADGE OF THE MILITARY ORDER OF THE LOYAL LEGION
 OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE STAR-SPANGLED BANNER.

Oh say, can you see, by the dawn's early light,

What so proudly we hailed at the twilight's last gleaming?
Whose broad stripes and bright stars, thro' the perilous fight,

O'er the ramparts we watched, were so gallantly streaming;
And the rockets' red glare, the bombs bursting in air,

Gave proof through the night that our flag was still there.
Oh say, does that star-spangled banner yet wave,

O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave?

On the shore, dimly seen thro' the mist of the deep.

Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes,—

What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering steep,

As it fitfully blows, half conceals, half discloses?

Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam,

In full glory reflected, now shines in the stream:

'Tis the star-spangled banner, Oh, long may it wave,

O'er the land of the free, and the home of the brave!

And where is that band who so vauntingly swore,

'Mid the havoc of war and the battle's confusion,

A home and a country they'd leave us no more?

Their blood has washed out their foul footsteps' pollution;

No refuge could save the hireling and slave

From the terror of flight or the gloom of the grave.

And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave,

While the land of the free is the home of the brave.

Oh, thus be it ever where freemen shall stand,

Between their loved homes and the war's desolation!

Blest with vict'ry and peace, may the heavens resound—

Praise the Power that hath made and preserved us a nation.

Then conquer we must when our cause it is just,

And this be our motto, "In God is our trust."

And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave,

While the land of the free is the home of the brave.

When our land is illum'd with Liberty's smile.

If a foe from within strike a blow at her glory:

Down, down with the traitor that dares to defile

The flag of her stars and the page of her story.

By the millions unchained who our birthright have gained,

We will keep her bright blazon for ever unstained!

And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave.

While the land of the free is the home of the brave.

MARCH, 1865.



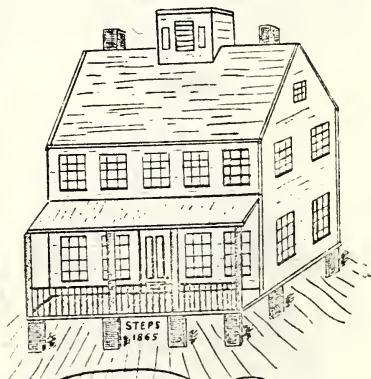
THE event of the first day was the arrival of about 600 officers, exchanged, among them our own Varnum H. Hill, formerly our Quartermaster-Sergeant, who was glad to find, among the first Union soldiers he had seen for months, his old comrades of the Third New Hampshire.

The pleasure was a mutual one; and we turned out and cheered him, elevating his spirits, no doubt, as they had never been elevated before.

The balance of our baggage came up from Wilmington, and we got orders to be ready to go to that city. We heard sung today the since famous song, of Sherman's "March to the Sea," said to have been composed by the Adjutant of the Fifth Iowa. The country is indebted to the composer, be he black or white, bond or free, and will pay tribute to him for many, many years.

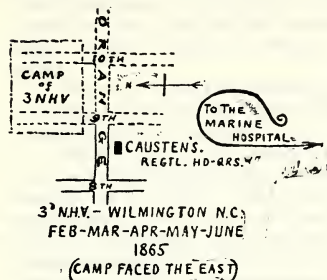
As indicated, we went to Wilmington on the 2d, arriving there about 11 A.M., pitching camp on the southeast side of the city. Our brigade was there; and judging from their several camping-grounds, in appearance it nearly surrounded the city, apparently for a purpose.

The events of the day included the appointment of Lieut.-Col. Randlett as Provost Marshal of Wilmington. About one-half of the regiment was detailed with him as provost guard, the balance being left under Maj. Trickey. About 100 recruits arrived. We were well satisfied with our camping-ground, and it seemed likely that we were to stay there.



CAUSTEN'S HOUSE
WILMINGTON N.C.
REGTL. HEAD-QUARTERS 1865.
ORANGE ST

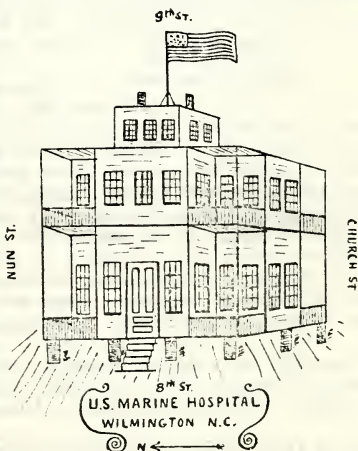
Appearances indicated that the only fighting of any consequence would take place very soon, if at all, and would all be done by Sherman when he got his hand on the throat of Secession and slowly but surely strangled it: then there would be a little fighting, — a sort of death struggle, — and all would be over. We hoped and prayed that it might be so. We had no extreme desire to fight more, and would be content if we never fired our guns again, except to clean them preparatory to turning them in.



On the 3d, Capt. Edgerly was appointed Assistant Provost Marshal. As a regiment, we did not make much of a show, so far as numbers were concerned, with about half on provost duty, and several details for various purposes out of the remainder. The Twenty-third Corps moved from the city to the outskirts on the 5th, and their several duties devolved upon Terry's troops.

Our Hospital Steward, Scovell, was placed in charge, on the 6th, of his particular department in the Marine Hospital, now used as a General Hospital. This hospital was formerly the U. S. Marine Hospital, and was a large and substantial brick building. Dr. Kimball of our regiment was in charge, having about six other surgeons assisting. Steward Scovell was Chief Hospital Steward. At one time during its occupation, the small-pox appeared there. The boys enjoyed their leisure in strolling about the city, on passes obtainable for the asking, and frequently attending the theatre in the evening. A soldier at the theatre! How, in time of war, in the actual midst of war, can a soldier and a theatre be in juxtaposition? They were, and we had a good time.

Wilmington, N. C., will long be remembered. To be sure there was a military guard present every night to see to things; but their presence was no damper on the boys' enthusiasm when they saw or heard a really good thing. In



case our enthusiasm should reach a point where there was liable to be a rush for the stage, to embrace the actors for some pleasant thing they had done, or to throttle one if he had n't been quite satisfactory — then the presence of a guard would have had a deterring effect. The Union people of the city were getting waked up; and on the evening of the 14th they held a mass meeting to discuss the situation. A large number of refugees came in same day from Fayetteville.

We were forcibly reminded of Sherman and his large army, on the 15th, by the passing through the city of an immense quantity of provisions *en route* to him.

The 17th of March, usually observed by our boys as St. Patrick's Day, came and passed; and no diary at hand records any notice of any fun on that day. Were the boys getting sedate, or were the attractions of a city too much for them? It is well here to note, by way of compliment, that certain diaries reveal the fact that some of the Third New Hampshire attended divine service quite regularly, sometimes a single individual attending three different churches on the same Sabbath!

As a sort of "refresher," the writer here takes the liberty to record that on the 21st the play of "The Hidden Hand" was performed at the theatre, by Mr. and Mrs. Harry Watkins.

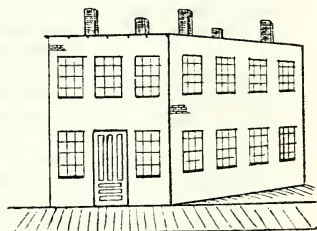
Union refugees in large numbers came in on the 22d and 23d, from Sherman's Army.

There was firing up the river on the 24th; but whether it signified Sherman was near, or a sortie by one side or the other, we had no means of learning. Firing was so infrequent at this period, that it was noticeable when it did occur. We had firing of another kind about midnight, the city being wildly excited by a fire of considerable magnitude, principally upon and confined to the corner of Market and Front Streets. Such was the excitement, that we all turned out about 2 A.M. (25th), and permitted ourselves to be gradually drawn toward the spot. There were fears entertained that this fire was really an attempt to destroy the city. There was no proof of this ascertainable by the writer.

Two steamers laden with exchanged prisoners left Wilmington the 25th for the North; and on the 26th another steamer departed, with our own sick and wounded (some from Third New Hampshire on board).

A part of the Thirteenth Corps (of Sherman's Army) arrived from Hilton Head on the 27th, and immediately left for the interior, on their rebellion-crushing errand.

A sad occurrence—more sad than usual—took place in the evening of the 28th. Dr. Buzzell, our beloved, esteemed, respected



OLD COURT HOUSE
WILMINGTON, N.C.

(IN 1892 HAS TWO FRONT WINGS)

and talented surgeon, died of disease about 10 o'clock. It was a great loss (see his Personal, for particulars). The event cast a great gloom over the regiment. The month closes without further notable event.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

General Order 31, of the 8th (Resolution of Congress), provided that all persons of color who were enlisted and mustered by Gen. Hunter and Gen. Saxton, under authority of Secretary of War, 25th Aug. 1862, be paid, with their officers, same as other troops of same arm of service from date of enlistment.

General Order 35, of the 11th (Act of Congress), was a proclamation by the President, directing all deserters to return on or before 10 May and be pardoned, and serve out their terms and make good the time lost by desertion.

General Order 37, of the 15th, fixed commutation price of rations of prisoners of war at twenty-five cents while confined, and to be paid at any point where the account might be presented.

General Order 39, of the 15th, forbade the embalming or removal of bodies of deceased officers or soldiers except by permission of the Provost Marshal of the District. Permits to disinter to be restricted to proper seasons, and the Provost Marshal to fix prices and require bonds.

General Order 49, of the 27th: "... all other troops in North Carolina not belonging to Corps in Gen. Sherman's Army will constitute the Tenth Army Corps, of which Maj.-Gen. A. H. Terry is assigned to the command." (The Tenth Army Corps had lost its identity when merged with other troops to make up the Twenty-fourth Army Corps. This order revived the Tenth Army Corps.)

General Order 50, of the 27th, directed a public celebration at Fort Sumter, 14 April next at 12 noon, Gen. Anderson to be present and have the old flag in its place. The flag to be saluted by 100 guns from Sumter and a National salute from every rebel fort and battery that fired on Sumter in April, 1861. The celebration to be in charge of Gen. Sherman or (in his absence) Gen. Gillmore (the latter had charge). An address by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

General Order 52, of the 30th, directed the Subsistence Department to issue tobacco at cost, not exceeding 16 oz. per month, to any officer or man, and price of same to be deducted from pay, same as clothing. [No such issue to Third New Hampshire. — D. E.]

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

General Order 31, of the 8th, fixed prices for travelling between Hilton Head and other points, on Government transports: Charleston, \$3.50; Savannah, \$2.50; Fernandina, \$4.50; St. Augustine or Jacksonville, \$5.50; Beaufort or Fort Pulaski, .75; St. Helena, .25. Free to Government employes on business, and Sanitary and Christian Commission, destitute refugees, etc.

The Department of the South Statistics for March are: Total troops, 10,033; cases sick, 1,622; died, 20; cases wounded, 63; died, 0.

The Monthly Return shows:—

Field and Staff	4 men,										6 officers.
Co. A	28	"									1 "
B	43	"									1 "
C	82	"									2 "
D	45	"									0 "
E	46	"									2 "
F	85	"									1 "
G	41	"									2 "
H	82	"									2 "
I	80	"									0 "
K	50	"									1 "
Unassigned recruits	3	"									
Present aggregate	589										18 607
Aggregate last report	530										21 551

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	K	Totals.
Sergeants	3	4	5	5	3	5	3	5	5	4	
Corporals	3	3	4	5	5	8	4	7	8	6	
Musicians	2	1	1	2	2	2	0	2	1	1	
Wagoners	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	
Recruits	0	0	55	0	0	0	0	0	4	23	82
Deserted	1	3	6	1	1	1	2	5	5	3	28
Term expired	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
For duty	8	27	51	19	19	52	10	38	52	28	304
Daily duty	1	2	2	1	1	4	2	2	2	2	19
Absent sick	11	12	20	19	19	20	23	21	12	12	169
Detached	4	1	6	4	3	6	1	7	7	4	48

Nearly all the "daily duty" were company cooks.

Discharged for disability: E, 1 (Chas. H. Westcott).

Four have "joined from desertion": A, 1; H, 1; I, 1; K, 1. Six have joined from "missing in action": A, 2; D, 1; G, 2; H, 1. They were all paroled prisoners, brought in at North East Ferry. Two had died of disease (D, 1; F, 1), and one (F) has died of wounds.

One recruit proved to be a deserter (Charles Gibson, Co. H) from Tenth New York Light Battery; and the Third New Hampshire lost this valuable (!) man in consequence. The long list of deserters was somewhat startling, the greatest number being from the camp of the regiment at Wilmington.

The return shows that George W. Owen, reported in last return as a recruit for H, was so reported by error, as he is now reported in C. (This man was billed to start from Concord 19 Dec. 1864, but for some reason not apparent did not arrive at regiment until 2 March 1865.

The following table will show the duties and whereabouts of the officers of the regiment:—

Col. Bedel	Paroled, and on leave.
Lieut.-Col. Randlett	Detached (Provost Marshal, Wilmington.)
Maj. Trickey	Comdg. regiment.
Dr. Kimball	Sick at Marine Hosp., Wilmington.
Adj. Jackman	On duty.
Quartermaster Bingham	On duty.
A. Capt. Dearborn	Detached.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
B. Capt. Woodbury	Detached.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
C. Capt. Ackerman	Detached (Assistant Provost Marshal, Wilmington).
1st Lieut. Donley	Comdg. Co. E.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
D. No Captain.	
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
E. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. Eldredge	Detached (Commissary of Recruits, Concord, N. H.)
2d Lieut. Atherton	Detached (as before).
F. Capt. Edgerly	Detached (Assistant Provost Marshal, Wilmington).
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
G. Capt. White	Detached (Gen. Terry's Staff).
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
H. Capt. McCoy	On duty.
1st Lieut. J. S. James	Comdg. Co. D.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
I. No Captain.	
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
K. Capt. Giddings	On duty.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	

The following were promoted:—

1st Lieut. Giddings, K.	Captain, K.
1st Lieut. McCoy, D	Captain, H.

Officers' loss:—

Dr. Buzzell	Died of fever, at Wilmington, 28 Mar.
Capt. Wadlia	Discharged for disability (wounds).
Capt. Kirwin	Term expired.
1st Lieut. Hitchcock	Dismissed.

APRIL, 1865.



ALL Fools' Day again, the fourth we had seen since the birth of the regiment. The day was warm and pleasant. The arrivals were two "boat loads" of rebels and a generous and welcome mail. Hospital Steward Scovell was ordered North with (our) Dr. Kimball, who was sick; but the order was revoked before sunset. To show the reader that there were some things real, it will be confidentially stated that on this day the rebels had on hand the following realities:—

At Richmond	300,000 rations of bread and meat.
Danville	500,000 rations of bread, 1,500,000 rations of meat.
Lynchburg	180,000 rations of bread and meat.
Greensborough and vicinity	1,500,000 rations of bread and meat.

This was no joke, and it was hoped that those rations would be issued freely while the rebellion lasted.

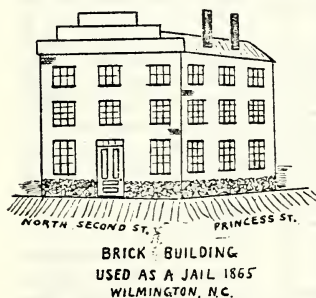
There was another arrival, on the 2d, of a portion of Sherman's Army, from Hilton Head. Like the previous arrival, it pushed out into the country at once. We were paid off on the 4th for four months, though our dear Uncle Sam was owing us for six. The usual result followed paying off, and perhaps a little intensified by our proximity to a city. Of course the boys wouldn't drink river water to the health of our paymaster—indeed some were constitutionally averse to water for any sort of purpose except bathing and coffee. Did the boys kick up a row? Yes, they did; but we drop the curtain.

We received the glorious news on the 6th of the fall of Richmond; and salutes were fired, and all that went with it, to give vent to our jubilant spirits. Truly the war must be nearly if not quite over, argued we; but notwithstanding the argument and the fact of Richmond's fall, we were quite astonished on the next day (7th) to get an order to provide ourselves with three days' rations and be ready to move at early morning of the 8th. As if to harass us, this was countermanded during the forenoon of the 8th, the regiment being at the moment all ready to obey. (By "the regiment" is really meant a very small body, hardly deserving the name.) In the afternoon, having in the meantime considered the summons for moving entirely "off," we were again roused into activity by a renewal of the order

to go. We went down to the cars; but only part of the regiment embarked, the rest returning to camp. A diary says: "All came back except 42 men." The men designated as "the rest of the regiment" started early on the 9th. It should be understood that at this time the regiment was cut up into details for various purposes, some of which were at stations or bridges on the lines of railway; and in many cases almost the entire regiment was thus away from its camp at Wilmington.

A salute of 100 guns was fired at Fort Fisher today in honor of the fall of Richmond. How it must have grieved the hearts of every rebel within hearing distance; for each must have known what it was for.

Col. Bedel and Lieut. Atherton arrived on the 11th, both having been in rebel prisons. Their personal sketches furnish interesting particulars. Same day, Gen. Schofield directed that on the 14th a



salute of 100 guns be fired,—and from rebel guns, using rebel ammunition, too,—in honor of the restoration of the old flag to Sumter. Gen. Hawley, Commanding District, promulgated the order, detailing Capt. A. C. Harvey to carry it into execution.

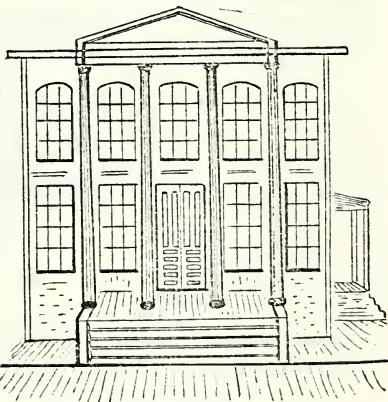
A general court-martial was ordered on the 12th, at Wilmington, by Gen. Hawley. Among the officers detailed were Col. Bedel, Maj. Trickey and Lieut. Atherton. The court was directed "to meet at the Court House, on the 14th, for the trial of Private John

Harrington, Co. A, Third New Hampshire, and such other persons as may be brought before it." A benefit was given that evening in the theatre, in behalf of the sick and wounded soldiers.

The 14th was a day to be remembered, though we did not know at the time that so many important events were transpiring. It was the day for the old flag to be hoisted over Sumter, and salutes were fired. We heard of Lee's surrender. There was great rejoicing throughout the city and all through the various camps. Alas, one other thing happened during the evening, while we were rejoicing. Our beloved President, at Washington, the Capital of the Nation, while attending Ford's Theatre, was shot and mortally wounded by an assassin, who accomplished this fearful act before it was possible to prevent it. He escaped for the time being. The dying President was conveyed by tender hands to the White House; and while we at Wilmington were celebrating the glorious victories, the life-blood of the President was fast ebbing away. This assault on the President was but one of a series of assaults (really intended murders) upon several members of the Cabinet. It was a deep-laid plot. The assaults were made, but were only successful in the President's case. Wash-

ington was thrown into a fever of excitement bordering on frenzy. The telegraph quickly carried the news all over the country, and by morning light of the 15th the whole nation knew of it. (The news did not reach Wilmington till the afternoon of the 18th.) The murdered President died about 9 o'clock next morning. The writer was at Concord, N. H., on duty at the Draft Rendezvous there.

Concord was, like all the rest of the country, terribly excited. It was known that it was a political murder; and woe be to the man who should talk Secession then. A large number of people assembled as if by one common impulse, right in the street. Strong men wept. There was much sorrow. The first pangs of grief over, and there came another feeling — of indignation; and men who had been known to be lukewarm or worse were called upon to come out and state their position. Others were forced to hang out the Stars and Stripes. A large party went down Main Street and called on ex-President Franklin Pierce; and he very kindly obliged them by coming right out into the open air and making a decidedly Union speech, full of sorrow, of course, at the sad, sad event. The reader will pardon the writer for digressing; but the remembrance of those days and those events sends the blood coursing through his veins with a speed far above the normal.



CITY HALL
WILMINGTON N C

We return to Wilmington in one stride.

Another event of the day was the sitting of the court to try such men as had been naughty — perhaps wilfully misappropriated a beautifully-proportioned specimen of hen-fruit, or had knocked their brother soldier down — just in sport, you know.

Many of our men returned on the 15th from up the railroad, whither they went on the 8th and 9th.

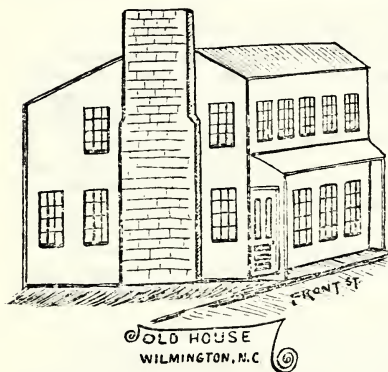
On the 16th we got news of the capture of Jeff. Davis, and that Hoke was disbanding his army, permitting them to go home. It did indeed seem to us that the war was about over. Gen. Ord was ordered that day to relieve Gen. Gillmore, in command of the Department of the South.

The sad news of the assassination of our beloved President reached us the 18th, in the afternoon, and cast a gloom like a pall over all of us.

The officer in command at Concord was instructed, 18th, by telegram from the War Department, to send no more men forward to regiments in the field. [This was countermanded, but only to permit the sending off of the odds and ends to clear up the camp and get it ready to receive returning troops. — D. E.]

News of cessation of hostilities between Sherman and Johnston reached us the 19th, and we greatly rejoiced.

We armed the remainder of the recruits on the 20th, and were thus able to get a little guard duty out of them. The citizens of



Wilmington held a meeting on the 21st, to express their sympathy and sorrow at the death of President Lincoln. In the Department of the South the announcement of the assassination was made public by a General Order.

We were getting so much good news of late, and were so much elated thereat, it is possible the reader may infer that the boys had forgotten the murdered President; but not so: they talked of it every day, and it was scarcely out of their minds.

We were again elated on the 22d by receiving the *New York Herald Extra*, announcing the fall of Mobile. On that same day, Attorney-General Speed gave his opinion as to certain matters, requiring no comment by the writer: —

... 3d. Rebel officers certainly have no right to be wearing their uniforms in any of the loyal States. It seems to me that such officers, having done wrong in coming into the loyal States, are but adding insult to injury in wearing their uniforms. They have as much right to bear the traitor's flag through the streets of a loyal city, as to wear a traitor's garb. The stipulation of surrender permits no such thing, and the wearing of such uniforms is an act of hostility against the Government.

We were cast down in our spirits, on the 24th, by hearing there was some hitch in the negotiations between Sherman and Johnston. The times were stirring, each succeeding day bringing some reminder of the approaching close of the unhappy struggle. On the 27th, the colored people of the city held obsequies and indulged in a procession, in memory of "Massa Lincoln," as they called him.

Gen. Schofield, on the 28th, issued an order declaring absolutely free all persons heretofore held as slaves: and this, he says, is "to remove all doubts in the minds of the people of North Carolina."

Gen. Sherman passed through Wilmington the 28th, and there was a great rush to see the hero. He simply came through to take passage for Charleston.

We were mustered on the 30th for four months' pay (and one instalment of bounty, \$50, so a diary says). Sergt.-Maj. Holt had been commissioned; and Corpl. Smith, 2d, has been appointed to act in that capacity till further orders. Quartermaster-Sergt. James was also commissioned, and Corpl. Swallow of Co. F was promoted to the vacant place.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

General Order 58, of the 7th, required that all over \$100 of Company Fund be turned over to the Subsistence Department. [The order fails to state whether for safe keeping or forfeited to the United States. — D.E.]

General Order 64, of the 13th, established the Headquarters of the Army at Washington, D. C.

General Order 65, of the 16th, directed Gen. E. O. C. Ord to relieve Gen. Gillmore in the Department of the South. (This was revoked by General Order 71.)

General Order 77, of the 28th, ordered the discharge of certain troops, and directed all Bureaus of the War Department to reduce expenses.

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

General Order 40, of the 5th (by Gillmore), was about the celebration to take place the 14th, at Sumter, simply repeating in full General Order 50 of the War Department.

General Order 41, of the 10th, prescribed the details for the 14th, naming the particular forts (rebel) to fire National salutes. The order assumed that Gen. Anderson was to raise the identical flag which he pulled down in 1861.

General Order 43, of the 13th, amended somewhat a previous order about levying a military tax on goods for sale.

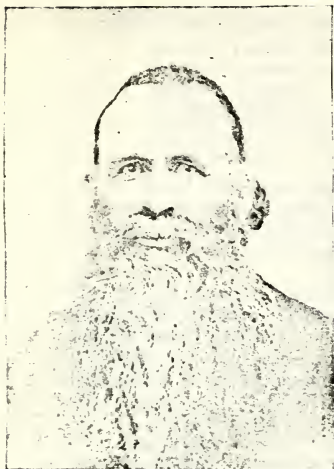
General Order 44, of the 14th, announced that until further orders the Headquarters of the Department would be at Fort Sumter. The order was dated "On board U. S. S. *Diamond*, off Charleston Bar."

Two days after (16), by General Order 45, the Headquarters was returned to Hilton Head.

General Order 46, of the 17th, assigned Gen. Vogdes to the District of Florida [the order fails to state whether he relieved any one. — D.E.]

General Order 47, of the 20th, promulgated a certain general court-martial case, and in it was developed the fact that the Judge Advocate-General of the Army had decided that a non-commissioned officer is not a "superior officer" within the meaning of the Articles of War.

General Order 48, of the 21st, announced the assassination of the President.



LIEUT. JOHN H. THOMPSON.



CAPT. ARLON S. ATHERTON.



LIEUT. EDWIN N. BOWEN.



LIEUT. JOHN M. PARKER.

The following were promoted: —

2d Lieut. Atherton, E	1st Lieutenant, G.
1st Sergt. Plaisted, D	1st Lieutenant, D.
1st Sergt. Tuttle, K	1st Lieutenant, F.
1st Sergt. Mellish, I	2d Lieutenant, F.
1st Sergt. Hammett, A	2d Lieutenant, H.
Q.M.-Sergt. Geo. R. James	2d Lieutenant, I.
Corpl. Swallow, F	Quartermaster-Sergeant.

“Joined from desertion”: C, 1 (James Welch).

One unassigned recruit (Joseph Dickett) has been transferred to Fourth New Hampshire.

One man died of wounds (J. W. Perkins of D). Terms expired: F, 1; D, 1.

The 12 deserters were all reported as having deserted from the camp at Wilmington. [The temptations of a great city were probably too much. — D.E.]

The following table will show the duties and whereabouts of the officers of the regiment: —

Col. Bedel	Rejoined 11th.
Lieut.-Col. Randlett	Detached (as before).
Maj. Trickey	On duty.
Dr. Kimball	Absent sick (sent North).
Adj. Jackman	On duty.
Quartermaster Bingham	On duty.
A. Capt. Dearborn	Detached.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
B. Capt. Woodbury	Detached.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
C. Capt. Ackerman	Detached (as before).
1st Lieut. Donley	On duty.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
D. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. Plaisted	On duty.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
E. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. Eldredge	Detached (Commissary of Recruits,
No 2d Lieutenant	Concord, N.H.)
F. Capt. Edgerly	Detached (as before).
1st Lieut. Tuttle	On duty.
2d Lieut. Mellish	On duty.
G. Capt. White	Detached (as before).
1st Lieut. Atherton	On duty (joined 11th).
No 2d Lieutenant.	
H. Capt. McCoy	On duty.
1st Lieut. J. S. James	On duty.
2d Lieut. Hammett	On duty.
I. No Captain.	
No 1st Lieutenant.	
2d Lieut. G. R. James	On duty.
K. Capt. Giddings	On duty.
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	

MAY, 1865.

WE were getting short of officers—shorter than ever before. In proof of this the following were ordered on the 3d to act as lieutenants: Sergt.-Maj. Holt (commissioned, but not yet mustered), 1st Sergt. Bryant of B and Sergt. Quinlan of C. Holt had earlier in the day assumed charge of Co. C; but this order directed him to F. Almost everything in the property line of little or no real value, was condemned on the 4th by an officer specially charged with the duty. And on the same day we had a fresh supply of shelter tents issued to us.

By an order of the 15th, it appeared we were in the "Department of North Carolina, Army of the Ohio." On that day Gen. Schofield republished Gen. Grant's order (No. 215) of 8th May, directing that paroled officers and men whose homes were at date of joining in States never in rebellion, and who were not excepted from the benefits of the President's Amnesty Proclamation (see 11 March), be permitted, on taking the oath of allegiance, to return to their former homes.

The same day (15th), at Concord, N.H., there was a general muster-out of whatever men were there. Several of the details of men on the railroads in the vicinity of Wilmington were relieved about that time. On the 20th, the camp at Concord was directed to be held in readiness to receive the mustered-out troops of the State. Orders were received at the regiment to grant furloughs. A letter dated Wilmington, 21 May, says: ". . . very healthy . . . fighting all over . . . men sick in hospital are being discharged if able to go home . . . Atherton is commanding G and E, and has been relieved from general court-martial . . . just beginning to give furloughs in the regiment."

The 25th, Gen. Schofield promulgated a War Department order that troops ready to be mustered out rendezvous as follows:—

Military Division of the James . . .	At Richmond and Old Point Comfort.
Department of North Carolina . . .	At Newberne and Wilmington.
Department of the South . . .	At Charleston and Savannah.

The following instructions as to details will be of value: Muster-out rolls and all other papers and records to be *boxed up* and placed in command of an officer, who shall attend the boxes to place of discharge at State rendezvous, and there deliver them to the mustering officer of that place.

The month passed away without further incident, the regiment being considerably decimated—so far as “present for duty” as a regiment was concerned—by the large demands upon it for provost and post guards and as safe guards on the railroad trains running between Wilmington, Goldsborough and other points.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

By General Order 79, of the 1st, the President directed that resignations be received till 15th, of general, field and staff officers, and after that date the Adjutant-General to begin mustering out those unemployed or not needed.

General Order 82, of the 6th, directed the muster-out on the 15th of all company and staff officers of volunteer regiments then on leave (after return from captivity), if the leave was granted for disability.

General Order 84, of the 8th, defined what bounty was due at muster-out.

General Order 86, of the 9th, required a complete list of all officers of volunteers, for the use of the Adjutant-General, U. S. A.

General Order 88, of the 10th, fixed price of rations (commutation) at 25 cents while on furlough.

General Order 90, of the 11th, said all forces east of the Mississippi have surrendered, and directed that any one found in arms against the United States after 1 June be regarded as a guerrilla and punished with death.

General Order —, of the —, offered volunteers who enlisted in the Regular Army within ten days after discharge from volunteers, a 30 days' furlough.

General Order 94 (date uncertain), specified at what point the troops were to concentrate for final muster-out.

General Order 98, of the 29th, directed that all sentences of military tribunals to imprisonment during the war be remitted, and the prisoners be discharged.

General Order 101, of the 30th, directed that discharged soldiers (volunteers) may retain their arms and accoutrements by paying for them.

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

General Order 56, of the 5th, apparently organized an Ambulance Corps in the Department, and Capt. F. Bell, Veteran Reserve Corps, was assigned to its command. Lieut.-Col. M. Clymer was Medical Director of the Department.

General Order 57, of the 6th, referred to instructions from the Provost Marshal-General of the 29th April, in substance: Having directed the cessation of recruiting in the loyal States for the volunteer forces, now directs that all recruiting for volunteers, of all persons, including colored men in all States, be stopped.

General Order 61, of the 13th, consolidated the Districts of Hilton Head and Beaufort, to be called the District of Port Royal, and Gen. E. E. Potter was assigned to its command.

General Order 62, of the 15th, republished General Order 73 of the War Department, dated 24 April, in which we learn that three particular questions have been referred to the Attorney-General (James Speed), and by him answered. They are of great historic value and are here inserted:—

1. Whether rebel officers, who once resided in Washington, can now reside there under the terms of capitulation.

Answer: No: they have no homes in the loyal States.

2. Whether those in civil service of the rebellion, not officers or soldiers, have right to now reside in Washington.

Answer: No.

3. Whether the rebel officers have a right to wear their uniforms.

Answer [this is in full.—D. E.]: Rebel officers certainly have no right to wear their uniforms in any of the loyal States. It seems to me that such officers, having done wrong in coming into the loyal States, are but adding insult to injury in wearing their uniforms. They have as much right to bear the traitor's flag through the streets of a loyal city, as to wear a traitor's garb. The stipulations of surrender permit no such thing, and the wearing of such uniform is an act of hostility against the Government.

General Order 63, of the 15th, declared null and void the proclamation of one A. G. Magrath of May 2, styling himself the Governor of South Carolina; likewise of one Joseph E. Brown, styling himself the Governor of Georgia; likewise another, by one A. K. Allison, of 8th April, styling himself as Acting Governor of Florida. Magrath had directed that all Confederate subsistence stores be turned over to the State, for the use of the people. Brown had called an extra session of the General Assembly, for 22 May; and Allison had ordered an election to be held the 7th of June. The order (by Gillmore) went on to say that no attention must be paid to the proclamations, and ended by saying, "The black race are free citizens of the United States."

Department of the South Statistics for May are: Total troops, 10,641; cases sick, 2,457; died, 25; cases wounded, 74; died, 3.

The Monthly Return shows:—

Field and Staff	4 men,	7 officers.
Co. A	28 "	1 "
B	41 "	1 "
C	72 "	2 "
D	43 "	2 "
E	44 "	2 "
F	82 "	3 "
G	39 "	2 "
H	77 "	3 "
I	80 "	2 "
K	62 "	2 "
Unassigned recruits	1 "	"
Present aggregate	573	27
Aggregate last report	582	22
		600
		604
	A B C D E F G H I K	Totals.
Sergeants	3 3 5 5 3 5 5 5 5 4	
Corporals	3 4 4 5 5 8 4 5 8 5	
Musicians	2 1 1 2 2 2 0 2 2 1	
Wagoners	0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1	
Detached	2 12 8 6 4 10 1 7 7 7	64
Absent sick	11 11 19 20 17 18 17 23 16 16	168
Absent in arrest	1 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 4 0	8
Prisoners of war	2 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 2 1	9
Recruits	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 2	6
For duty	10 13 38 13 18 44 19 39 49 30	273

Two men have "joined from desertion": A, 1; K, 1. Gain from missing in action: A, 1 (Brelsford). He escaped from the rebels, being a prisoner of war. H gained 1 (dropped last return).

John Wilson, an unassigned recruit, has been transferred to the Fourth New Hampshire. David Pettengill of E, transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps.

Discharged for disability: E, 1; I, 1.

Died of wounds: A, 1; B, 1; G, 1 (the first, at Richmond).

Died of disease: H, 3; I, 1. Deserted: C, 2; H, 1.

The following were promoted:—

1st Lieut. M. P. Donley, C . . .	Captain, E.
1st Lieut. J. S. James, H . . .	Captain, D.
1st Sergt. J. S. Bryant, B . . .	1st Lieutenant, B.
Sergt. James Quinlan, C . . .	2d Lieutenant, F.
1st Sergt. Jesse C. Pushce, F . .	1st Lieutenant, I.
1st Sergt. Edwin N. Bowen, I . .	1st Lieutenant, K.
Sergt.-Maj. Marquis L. Holt . .	1st Lieutenant, C.
Corpl. Thos. Smith, H	Sergeant-Major.
Dr. Kimball, Asst. Surgeon . . .	Surgeon.
Geo. W. Manter	Asst. Surg. (<i>vice</i> Kimball).
(Dr. Manter appointed from civil life).	

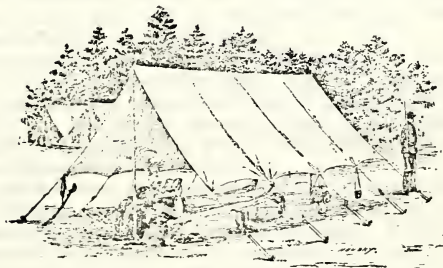
The following table will show the duties and whereabouts of the officers of the regiment:—

Col. Bedel	(Probably off duty; see Maj. T.)
Lieut.-Col. Randlett	Detached (as before).
Maj. Trickey	Comdg. regiment.
Dr. Kimball	Detached (now Surgeon, Post Hospital, Wilmington).
Dr. Geo. W. Manter	On duty.
(Assistant Surgeon)	

THEORY OF THE



- Adj. Jackman On duty.
 Quartermaster Bingham On duty.
 A. Capt. Dearborn Detached.
 No 1st Lieutenant.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
 B. Capt. Woodbury Detached.
 No 1st Lieutenant.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
 C. Capt. Ackerman Detached.
 1st Lieut. Holt On duty.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
 D. Capt. J. S. James Detached (City Jail Wihnington).
 1st Lieut. Plaisted On duty.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
 E. Capt. Douley On duty.
 1st Lieut. Eldredge Detached (Commissary of Recruits.
 No 2d Lieutenant. Concord, N. H.)
 F. Capt. Edgerly Detached.
 1st Lieut. Tuttle On duty.
 2d Lieut. Quinlan On duty.
 G. Capt. White Detached.
 1st Lieut. Atherton On duty.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
 H. Capt. McCoy On duty.
 1st Lieut. Mellish On duty.
 2d Lieut. Hammett On duty.
 I. No Captain.
 1st Lieut. Pushee On duty.
 2d Lieut. G. R. James Detached (Military Prison).
 K. Capt. Giddings On duty.
 1st Lieut. Bowen On duty.
 No 2d Lieutenant.
 1st Lieut. Bryant Died 23 May, in camp, of cholera
 morbus.



A DAY OFF—UNDER A FLY.

JUNE, 1865.



THE first June item, notable or otherwise, found recorded was the making of the lists on the first day of all men whose terms were to expire before 30 Sept. following. The same day an order was received to at once muster out all of the men who enlisted in 1862.

The honored veteran, the Secretary of the Navy, Gideon Welles, arrived at Wilmington on the 2d, receiving marked attention. Though really a valuable officer, yet there was a tendency to joke about him. Of course we landsmen did n't know anything about things afloat; but we did appreciate a current joke about Gideon, which runs something like this: A new and swift rebel privateer was discovered to be out on the raging deep, over which deep our own Gideon presided. "How swift is she?" said he, stroking his immense beard, and chuckling. "Twenty-four knots," was the reply; "and she's a regular flyer and an out'n outer, sir." The redoubtable Secretary was silent a moment, and one could see with half an eye that he was making mathematical calculations. Suddenly brightening up, he said: "We have five swift and light gunboats, well armed, which can easily make six knots each; and I'll send them after the privateer at once."

The regiment was ordered to Goldsborough on the 3d (Saturday), and to go on Sunday morning; but that order was modified, and we started in the afternoon, leaving Wilmington by the railroad about 6 P.M. We arrived about midnight at Goldsborough, and marched to the camp of the Fifth United States Colored Troops, where we bivouacked till morning.

On the 5th, Gen. Schofield directed that all orders from Department of Virginia and North Carolina be superseded by his own from Department North Carolina, Army of the Ohio. In the same order he repeated the instructions of the Secretary of War, to the effect that all returned prisoners of war (enlisted men) who had endured the hardships of rebel prisons, be mustered out at once and be paid three months' extra pay.

As to our new camp,—the colored soldiers' old one,—a diary says: "We took the camp and began fixing up our tents. We had to tear down their tents. They had left in too much haste to take them."

We found Goldsborough in a very bad condition, so far as sanitary matters were concerned. In some cases dead horses had been left in door-yards for more than a week.

Col. Bedel was placed in command of the Post of Goldsborough, and Adj. Jackman became Post Adjutant. Lieut. Holt was appointed Acting Adjutant of the regiment. Capt. Donley was made Provost Marshal of the Post; and (on the 6th) Lieut. Atherton was appointed Assistant Provost Marshal, to report to Capt. Donley.

The 1862 men were anxious to be off for home; and the men whose names had been handed in for furloughs were likewise anxious to go along with the 1862 men; but the machinery, they thought, moved terribly slow.

Large numbers of officers and men came up from Wilmington on the 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th, having been relieved at that place from various duties. The remainder of what might have been called our brigade arrived from Wilmington during the dates named,—the Sixth Connecticut, Seventh Connecticut and Seventh New Hampshire.

With the arrival of Gen. Hawley, our brigade commander, on the 11th, Adj. Jackman was relieved as Post Adjutant, and Lieut. Holt relieved as Acting Adjutant of the regiment. Our worthy Hospital Steward, Scovell, departed on a well-earned furlough on the 11th. Several furloughs were granted about that time.

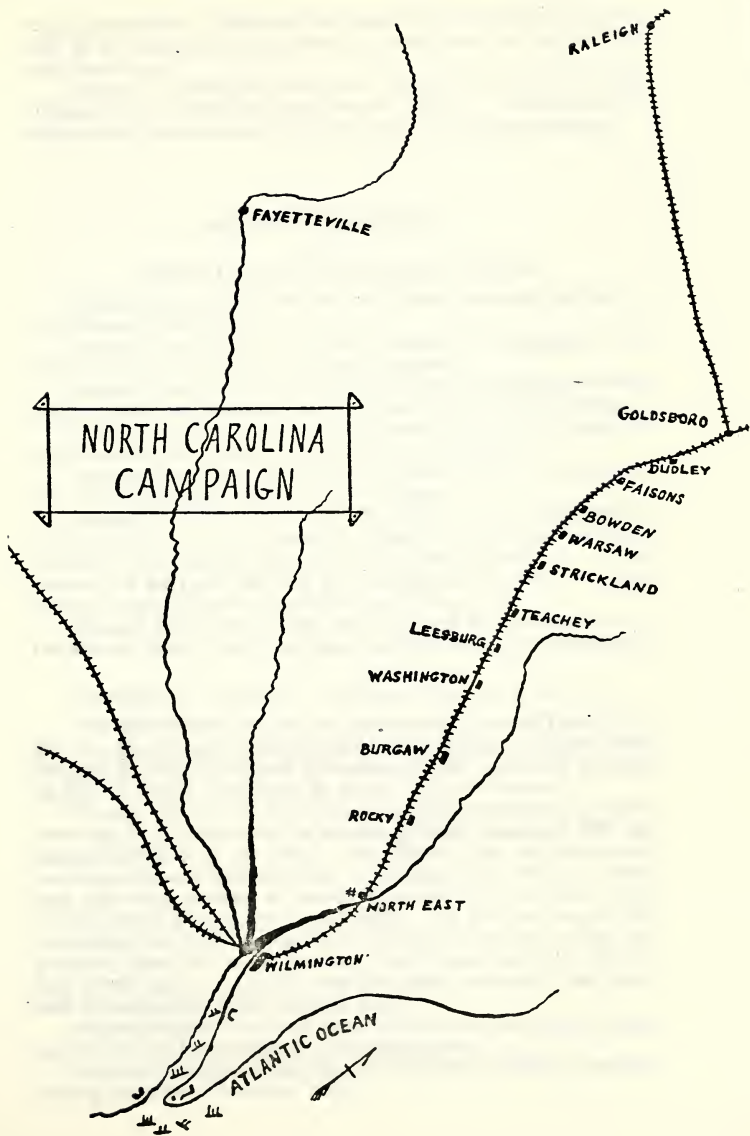
Private Geo. Beultner of Co. F was detailed to act as Hospital Steward on the 12th, till Scovell's return. Lieut. Holt was appointed a "military conductor" on the 13th, on the railroad trains between Goldsborough and Wilmington.

The 14th of June marked the day when a considerable quantity of the liquid called whiskey was stolen and completely hidden from view in a very short time. That is, the boys who had it had it internally, but with external manifestations. It was a gala day, and a few reductions to the ranks followed, where such a punishment fitted.

The duties about that time were not quite up to the true military standard. The fact was, the war was over, and we were going home; and what was the use of so much fuss and parade? Notwithstanding this, we went through the solemn farce of an inspection on the 16th; and on the 18th we performed that beautiful act called "dress parade."

The 1862 men were mustered out on the 20th. Some practical jokes fairly set us all by the ears by an apparently authentic rumor that we were to be consolidated with the Fourth and Seventh New Hampshire, and continue in the service for a while longer. On St. John's Day (24th) the Freemasons of Goldsborough had a big time and a still bigger dinner, several of our regiment participating. Our 1862 men left the regiment for home on the 25th, Adj. Jackman accompanying them (in charge). They departed with our best wishes, and the injunction, "Don't hurry home, boys; perhaps we'll overtake you."

We had another lot of what a diary calls "stuff" arrive from Norfolk on the 28th; and it was probably some of the baggage sent to Norfolk early in May, 1864, when we were about to enter the



Virginia campaign. This was the second lot from there and probably all we would ever lay our eyes or hands upon; for the war was over, you know.

Lieut.-Col. Randlett returned to regiment on the 29th, from Wilmington, where he had been Provost Marshal. On the 30th he mustered us for six months' pay and a \$50 instalment of bounty.

SUPPLEMENT.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

General Order 108, of the 2d, was a congratulatory address by Gen. Grant to the Army.

General Order 109, of the 6th, directed the discharge of all rebel prisoners of war, with but few exceptions.

General Order 114, of the 15th, permitted discharged soldiers to retain their knapsacks, haversacks and canteens without charge.

General Order 115, of the 15th, directed that all U. S. bounties cease on and after 1 July, in case of new enlistments.

General Order 116, of the 17th, referred wholly to muster-out of V. R. C. men (see Veteran Reserve Corps).

General Order 118, of the 27th, made a new arrangement of Departments: . . . Department of South Carolina (State of South Carolina), Gen. Gillmore, Headquarters at Hilton Head. . . . Department of the East (the New England States, New York and New Jersey), General Hooker, Headquarters at New York. . . .

General Order 120, of the 29th, ordered a discontinuance of the whiskey ration, and all on hand was ordered to be sold at once.

IMPORTANT ORDERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

General Order 88, of the 9th, promulgated General Order 93 of the War Department, requiring that tents, clothing, hospital furniture and all other stores used in the treatment of contagious diseases, be burned, and in no instance be turned into store or sold.

General Order 94, of the 16th, promulgated telegrams and orders from the War Department on various subjects connected with the changes occurring in the army. One directed that all prisoners of war then returned, who had been at Andersonville, Florence, Salisbury and other prisons, be mustered out at once and given three months' extra pay (enlisted men only). All enlisted men of the volunteers, who wish to enlist in the Regular Army, under War Department Order 99, to be mustered out at once and not wait till their terms expire. All men who have been prisoners of war to be paid for commutation of rations at once.

General Order 95, of the 19th, relieved from duty every officer and man in the Department on recruiting service.

General Order 99, of the 25th, provided for an elaborate celebration on the coming Fourth of July.

General Order 101, of the 26th, reported General Order 111, of the War Department, referring to opinion of Attorney-General about bounties, the most important of which was that all bounty due at "end of term" or "close of war" were due and payable when any were mustered out because their services were no longer required, which really meant "end of term" or "close of war" so far as they were concerned.

General Order 102, of the 27th, directed that the Districts of the Department be divided into sub-districts, each of one or more counties, parishes or Congressional districts. Each to have an officer with a suitable force, an Assistant Provost Marshal and an Assistant Provost Judge, and establish a permanent Provost Guard. The order went on to provide for courts, judges, trials, appeals, etc., as a whole establishing a semi-military and semi-civil government.

[NOTE. — This is the latest General Order of the Department of the South which has come into my possession or been seen by me. — D.E.]

Department of the South Statistics for June, 1865 : Total troops, 18,906; cases sick, 3,873; died, 4; cases wounded, 134; died, 5. [This is the latest date of such statistics found by me. — D.E.]

The Monthly Return shows : —

Field and Staff	3 men,	7 officers.
Co. A	24 "	2 "
B	30 "	1 "
C	56 "	2 "
D	35 "	2 "
E	37 "	2 "
F	62 "	3 "
G	37 "	2 "
H	65 "	3 "
I	70 "	2 "
K	51 "	2 "
Present aggregate	471	28 499
Aggregate last report	573	27 600

(The 471 men include one unassigned recruit omitted in the column by error. This was John Dougherty, absent sick. No further data concerning him is at hand.)

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	K	Totals.
Sergeants	3	4	4	5	3	5	4	5	5	5	
Corporals	2	4	4	3	3	7	2	8	8	5	
Musicians	1	0	1	2	2	2	0	2	1	1	
Wagoners	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	
Detached	5	2	7	2	3	4	2	6	7	3	
Absent sick	9	9	9	13	13	9	16	16	15	14	123
Absent in arrest	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	5	1	10
Daily duty	1	1	3	1	1	4	2	2	2	2	19
For duty	5	17	32	18	15	37	15	33	39	26	237

No recruits received this month.

Discharged : A, 2; B, 9; C, 2; D, 3; E, 6; F, 8; G, 1; H, 0; I, 7. These were almost wholly discharged under Provisional Order No. 73, from Headquarters District of North Carolina. There may also

be added one of D (Hugh McGroty), discharged at Concord by expiration of term, in March, but not dropped till this month. Also add Quartermaster-Sergt. Swallow.

Discharged for disability: B, 2; C, 3; D, 4; E, 1; H, 7; K, 6: total, 23.

Promoted: 1st Sergt. Dustin Marshall, C, to 1st Lieutenant of A.

Transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps: A, 1; I, 1: total 2.

Died of disease: A, 1; D, 1; F, 1; G, 1: total, 4. Deserted: B, 1; C, 9; F, 10; G, 1; H, 4; I, 3; K, 6: total, 34. A large proportion of these deserters never saw the regiment.

Gain from "missing in action": B, 1 (A. French). Joined from desertion: D, 1; I, 1; K, 1.

The following table will show the duties and whereabouts of the officers of the regiment:—

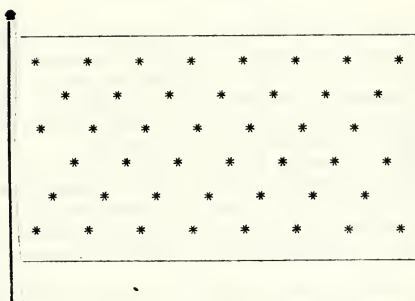
Col. Bedel	Detached (Comdg. Post of Goldsborough).
Lieut.-Col. Randlett	Comdg. regiment.
Maj. Trickey	On duty.
Dr. Kimball	Detached (Marine Hospital, Wilmington, N. C.)
Dr. Manter	On duty.
Adjt. Jackman	Detached (sent home with discharged men).
Quartermaster Bingham	Absent on leave.
A. Capt. Dearborn	Detached.
1st Lieut. Marshall	On duty.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
B. Capt. Woodbury	Detached (on leave).
No 1st Lieutenant.	
No 2d Lieutenant.	
C. Capt. Ackerman	On duty.
1st Lieut. Holt	Acting Adjutant.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
D. Capt. J. S. James	Absent on leave.
1st Lieut. Plaisted	On duty.
No 2d Lieutenant.	
E. Capt. Donley	On duty.
1st Lieut. Eldredge	Detached (Concord, N.H.)
No 2d Lieutenant.	[NOTE.— D.E. had actually been discharged, to accept appointment in Veteran Re- serve Corps; but notice had not been received.]
F. Capt. Edgerly	Detached.
1st Lieut. Tuttle	Detached (Asst. Commissary of Musters).
2d Lieut. Quinlan	On duty.
G. Capt. White	Detached.
1st Lieut. Atherton	Detached (Asst. Provost Marshal, Goldsborough).
No 2d Lieutenant.	
H. Capt. McCoy	On duty.
1st Lieut. Mellish	On duty.
2d Lieut. Hammett	On duty.
I. No Captain.	
1st Lieut. Pushee	On duty.
2d Lieut. G. R. James	On duty.
K. Capt. Giddings	On duty.
1st Lieut. Bowen	On duty.
No 2d Lieutenant.	

NOTE.— This is the last Monthly Return made by the regiment.

ARRANGEMENT OF THE STARS

IN THE "FIELD" OF "OLD GLORY,"

1892-3.



States.	Admitted.	States.	Admitted.
1. <i>Delaware</i> . . .	7 Dec. 1787	23. Maine . . .	15 Mar. 1820
2. <i>Pennsylvania</i> . .	12 Dec. 1787	24. Missouri . . .	10 Aug. 1821
3. <i>New Jersey</i> . . .	18 Dec. 1787	25. Arkansas . . .	15 June 1836
4. <i>Georgia</i> . . .	2 Jan. 1788	26. Michigan . . .	26 Jan. 1837
5. <i>Connecticut</i> . . .	9 Jan. 1788	27. Florida . . .	3 Mar. 1845
6. <i>Massachusetts</i> . .	16 Feb. 1788	28. Texas . . .	29 Dec. 1845
7. <i>Maryland</i> . . .	28 Apr. 1788	29. Iowa . . .	28 Dec. 1846
8. <i>South Carolina</i> . .	23 May 1788	30. Wisconsin . . .	29 May 1848
9. <i>New Hampshire</i> . .	21 June 1788	31. California . . .	9 Sept. 1850
10. <i>Virginia</i> . . .	25 June 1788	32. Minnesota . . .	11 May 1858
11. <i>New York</i> . . .	26 July 1788	33. Oregon . . .	14 Feb. 1859
12. <i>North Carolina</i> . .	21 Nov. 1789	34. Kansas . . .	29 Jan. 1861
13. <i>Rhode Island</i> . . .	29 May 1790	35. West Virginia . .	19 June 1863
14. Vermont . . .	4 Mar. 1791	36. Nevada . . .	31 Oct. 1864
15. Kentucky . . .	1 June 1792	37. Nebraska . . .	1 Mar. 1867
16. Tennessee . . .	1 June 1796	38. Colorado . . .	1 Aug. 1876
17. Ohio . . .	29 Nov. 1802	39. North Dakota . .	3 Nov. 1889
18. Louisiana . . .	30 Apr. 1812	40. South Dakota . .	3 Nov. 1889
19. Indiana . . .	11 Dec. 1816	41. Montana . . .	8 Nov. 1889
20. Mississippi . . .	10 Dec. 1817	42. Washington . . .	11 Nov. 1889
21. Illinois . . .	3 Dec. 1818	43. Idaho . . .	3 July 1890
22. Alabama . . .	14 Dec. 1819	44. Wyoming . . .	11 July 1890

NOTE. — The Thirteen Original States are in italics.

JULY, 1865.



We were nearing the end of our military life, and therefore the end of this story, which has already, perhaps, become too lengthy. A sad event of the first day of this summer month, was the amputation of the leg of Lieut. Dustin Marshall (see his Personal Sketch).

On the 2d and 3d there were several promotions to fill vacancies caused by the discharge of the 1862 men, chief among which was that of Sergt. John Clark of Co. F to Quartermaster-Sergeant, *vice* Swallow, discharged. The boys got very much elated on the night of the 3d by a riot and fire in Goldsborough, the church occupied by the colored people being burned by the rioters.

The glorious Fourth, the fourth we have passed in the army, dawned upon us. The excitement of the previous night had not passed away. There was no formal celebration by us, though we had a few fireworks in the evening.

Capt. Edgerly returned on the 5th from Wilmington, where he had been Assistant Provost Marshal.

Gen. Abbott, and Staff, arrived and assumed command same day (5th); and we were thrown into joyful convulsions at a rumor that all hands were to be discharged at once. The arrival of Gen. Abbott relieved our Col. Bedel from command of the post (Goldsborough), and he assumed command of the regiment, relieving Lieut.-Col. Randlett (6th).

We were nearly transfixed on the 6th by an order for battalion drill twice a day! Having "freed the country," as some of the boys expressed it, what the dence should we drill for: the next war, or what?

We had on the 6th what we had n't had for a long time, *i. e.*, three field officers on duty with the regiment: Col. Bedel, Lieut.-Col. Randlett and Maj. Trickey.

The preparations went steadily on for mustering out; but that did n't prevent a series of battalion drills, beginning on the 7th and ending on the 19th. We had an order read to us on the 8th, stating the order in which the various regiments were to be mustered out.

That distasteful battalion drill still went on: 5 to 6 A.M., and 5.30 to 6.30 P.M.

All the clerical force of the regiment was taxed to its utmost on the rolls, and the rest of us looked on with anxious eyes as the work progressed. There was vastly more "red tape" to get a man out of the service, than to get him in. Our anxious hearts were set in a flutter on the 15th by the arrival of Nixon's Circus; and for the day, at least, we forgot all about muster-out—and, in fact, those who were permitted to attend forgot themselves, yielding an entire surrender to the occasion.

It was duly announced to us on the 17th that the rolls had been completed; and on the 18th we were told that the rolls and the prepared discharges had all been examined by the proper authorities and had been officially approved. Surely that battalion drill ought to cease now, thought we; but it didn't give up its ghost till the 19th.

Capt. White returned to us on the 17th from staff duty with Gen. Terry (Commissary).

That last battalion drill of the 19th was a farcical farce of the most pronounced type. As there had been none on the 18th, some of the boys entered in their diaries, "Had our last battalion drill yesterday;" but the monster was not dead, only stunned a little. It aroused sufficiently to give an expiring kick on the 19th, and then and there ignominiously died. The boys had no heart in it. Their bodies were there, to be sure; and as the commands fell upon the unwilling ear, they were simply telegraphed to the various anatomical stations, and they moved our bodies about in a mechanical manner. We were mere automatons.

The 20th of July—the day that marked the mustering out of what was then left of the gallant old Third New Hampshire—duly arrived. It was a gala one, and lingers in our memories. That 20th day of July 1865 is indelibly fixed on our minds; and that date will more readily be given than almost any other, save that of our enlistment or birth.

The day was occupied in mustering out, in taking down our cloth homes ("two towels buttoned-together," one has it), and turning in to our dear Uncle Sam, through his representatives on the spot, all the property belonging to him which he had so kindly permitted us the use of. It was said that in the haste which naturally occurred in connection with turning in our tents, etc., that one man couldn't find his tent, even after he had "struck" it. It was discovered on the way home that he had inadvertently put it in his pocket, as his 'kerchief, on the false assumption that it was a piece of his dirty linen and he'd probably get a chance somewhere on the way North to wash it, so as to enter New Hampshire with a clean bill of health. The opportunity to wash it was also the opportunity to find what had become of the missing tent.

After our muster-out, which occurred in the afternoon, we paraded, and for the last time in Secessia. Good bye, drill and dress parade; good bye, tent and gun; adieu, ye knapsack and ye canteen, ye cartridge and ye cracker; farewell, ye shining brass and ye polished steel!

"A most affectionate adieu
We say to all of you.

For I'll go on my way,
And no rebel bold shall hinder me;
For I'm journeying to Concord,
To a land of liberty."

At noon on the 21st we made the start which landed us in Concord. By cars to Raleigh, arriving there at dark, and marched over to the Gaston depot, where we bivouacked in a field near it. We there remained all night of the 21st and all day of the 22d. There was at this point an apparent hitch in matter of transportation. The *Army and Navy Journal* of the 22d gives an item in which we were all interested. It says, in substance: Gen. Terry's Headquarters are at Richmond. Foster's First Division of the Twenty-fourth Army Corps has been reduced to two brigades, commanded by Osborne and Dandy. Osborne's brigade consists of Second New Hampshire, Fifth Maryland, Nineteenth Wisconsin and Ninety-sixth New York; Dandy's brigade: Eleventh Connecticut, Eighty-first New York, Ninety-eighth New York, Eighth Connecticut, Fifty-eighth Pennsylvania and One Hundred and Eighty-eighth Pennsylvania. It further says that by reductions in North Carolina, the force will be reduced to twenty-three regiments, or about 13,000 men, and will probably comprise the following: Tenth Army Corps, including Third, Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth New York, Fourth New Hampshire, Ninety-seventh Pennsylvania and Thirteenth Indiana; Twenty-third Army Corps, including Twenty-eighth Michigan, One Hundred and Twentieth, One Hundred and Twenty-third, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth, One Hundred and Twenty-eighth, One Hundred and Twenty-ninth, One Hundred and Thirtieth New York, Fifth Ohio Cavalry, Second Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Twenty-seventh, Thirty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, One Hundred and Seventh, and One Hundred and Thirtieth United States Colored Troops.

We were off at 5.30 A.M. on the 23d, and arrived at Gaston about noon, where we crossed the Roanoke River in flat-boats, taking the cars again on the other side about 7 P.M. These cars were remarkably poor, being old, dirty and in bad condition otherwise. A poor train as a whole, for we had to "fall to" and cut wood for the locomotive. Willing hands we had, for were not we on our way home? We were soon off for Petersburg. We had tried heretofore to go there, and more than once; but how changed the conditions!

We arrived at Reams' Station about 4 A.M. of the 24th. The rails had been torn up between this point and Petersburg, and we must "frog it." It was only a matter of 15 miles or more. From Reams' we marched to Petersburg, arriving at the line of the main works (of the rebels) about 10 A.M., where we stopped and rested for an hour and speculated and philosophized and prospected.

We arrived at Petersburg about noon, and went direct to the northern depot and bivouacked for the night. It rained all the time we were marching through the city, so we did not see much of it. The evidences of war were, however, plenty and conspicuous.

We were conveyed by cars on the 25th to City Point, after a run of about an hour, arriving there at 9, and were at once put on board the Steamer *Lady Lang*, and thence without delay down the river, arriving off Fortress Monroe about 4.30 P.M. Here we laid for about an hour, and then up the Chesapeake to Baltimore.

As we lay at Fortress Monroe, and as we steamed up the Chesapeake, our thoughts were backward turned to the events of October, 1861, when the fleet was concentrated at Fortress Monroe for the Port Royal expedition. We had time now for calm reflection. We look now backward upon it. Then we were a part of it, and did not view matters so calmly. We have experienced much since that beautiful October morning, when the great fleet set sail for the unknown port—alas! 'twas an unknown port for many a poor sailor during that terrible storm.

We were *en route* for home, and must forget the past in the pleasure of the present.

Baltimore was reached at 9 A.M. 26th; and we landed and were marched to the Soldier's Rest, where we breakfasted. This was Baltimore. How changed. In September, 1861, nearly four years ago, we passed through this city with loaded guns and nerved up to do something rash if required. Now we pass through without much notice, excited by no other feelings than those incident to a person who has been absent a long time and is now going back to the old homestead. We ate our pork and beans with serenity, *sans* ceremony and *sans* dignity. At 11 A.M. we took cars for Philadelphia, arriving there about 4.30 P.M., and were marched to the Union Refreshment Saloon, that noted food dispensary, where we were well served with supper. Many of our boys were observed to be very busy in Philadelphia, and when questioned said they were looking for those dear girls who gave them pincushions, courtplaster, kisses and "God bless you" in September, 1861. They did not materialize. The war was over, and those little Quaker ladies—God bless them—had done their work, and had done it well. Can anyone say that the presence of those demure, yet beautiful, Quaker girls, with their words of cheer, on that bright September Sunday morning in 1861, as we stood in the streets of Philadelphia at stacked arms, did not yield good results? We trow not. Peace to their ashes, if any of those dear creatures have been cremated. After supper, we tried our level best to entertain our entertainers by melodious songs, such as "John Brown's Body Lies," "We'll Hang Jeff. Davis," "Johnny Comes Marching Home," "Dear Mother, I've come Home to Eat," etc. We had great confidence in our ability to entertain. We had the elements of success within ourselves. Supper had been eaten. We were returning from the war. We had among us a plentiful sprinkling of bassos and tenors, of dulcets and sopranos, of baritones and semi-tones, of accelerators and retardos, and we had the champion "bar-soap-pro-fundo" of the old brigade. We dispensed the music, giving ourselves wholly up to the occasion. It was at once soul-stirring and heart-rending. The result was not so apparent as to render a description of it practicable.

About 10 p.m. we bade adieu to the good people of the truly good city, and took the ferry across the river, and thence by cars at midnight for New York *via* South Amboy, N. J., at which latter place we were delayed from about 3.30 A.M. (27th) till 8, when we took steamer to New York, arriving there about 11 o'clock. Went at once to the barracks, at the lower end of the city, near Bowling Green and the Battery. There we got dinner. Adj. Jackman joined us at this point, having been home with the 1862 men and was on his return trip.

Left New York at 5.30 p.m. by the Norwich Line, on Steamer *City of Norwich*. Arrived at Norwich at daylight of the 28th, and took cars at once for Concord, *via* Worcester and Nashua, arriving about noon.

Here we were, on the very spot where we first embarked for the war. Here was the spot where the "thousand strong" bade adieu to their Concord admirers. We were here, but few in numbers. The war is over—our work is done, and we have returned to receive the salutation "Well done, thou good and faithful servant," etc.

On our arrival at Concord, we found that our coming had been heralded, and there were many people at the depot to receive us. We at once went to the hotels (having a sort of free entry everywhere) and cleaned up a little and had our dinner promptly at 3, after which we formed in line and marched to the State House, where we were formally received and welcomed by Governor Frederick Smyth and Adj.-Gen. Head, State Treasurer Sanborn, and other State officials; also by Brig.-Gen. M. T. Donohoe (our old Capt. Donohue).

Being formed in line in a formal manner, probably for the last time, let us examine the rolls to find out how many and who have reached the State Capital as representing the gallant old Third. The muster-out rolls show as follows:—

Field and Staff: Col. John Bedel, Lieut.-Col. James F. Randlett, Maj. Wm. H. Trickey, Adj. Lemuel N. Jackman, Surgeon Franklin B. Kimball, Asst. Surg. Geo. W. Manter, Quartermaster Geo. B. Bingham, Sergt.-Maj. Thos. Smith, Com.-Sergt. Chas. H. Berry, Hospital Steward A. D. Scovell, Quartermaster-Sergt. John Clark (lacking, 1, assistant surgeon and 1 chaplain).

Co. A: Capt. (none), 1st Lieut. Dustin Marshall, 2d Lieut. (none), 1st Sergt. Wm. H. Bigley, Sergts. John M. Evans and Wm. Coffee, Corpls. James G. Fernald and A. D. Abbott, Musician Matthew Storin, Wagoner Geo. H. Webster, 15 privates.

Co. B: Capt. R. W. Woodbury, 1st Lieut. (none), 2d Lieut. (none), 1st Sergt. J. W. Leavett, Sergts. T. H. B. James, Andrew Jackson and W. B. Perkins, Corpls. A. C. Moody, John McClusky, Lewis Army and Wm. Bennet, Wagoner Wm. West, 20 privates.

Co. C: Capt. J. Ackerman, 1st Lieut. M. L. Holt, 2d Lieut. (none), 1st Sergt. J. Sullivan, Sergts. James Thenev, James Wilson and Patrick Morrissey, Corpls. David Moore, John Curran, Thos. Haggerty and David Keefe, Musician B. Quinn, 46 privates.

Co. D: Capt. John S. James, 1st Lieut. J. W. Plaisted, 2d Lieut. (none), 1st Sergt. G. W. Odiorne, Sergts. G. T. Crane, Robert Williams, Nath'l Shorey and Thos. Entwistle, Corpls. W. R. Knowles, G. A. Whittaker and G. E. Watson, Musicians F. E. Gerald and G. H. Mills, Wagoner John A. Tucker, 24 privates.

Co. E: Capt. M. P. Donley, 1st Lieut. (none), 2d Lieut. (none), 1st Sergt. A. York, Sergts. R. Scales, Jr., H. G. Brown, H. J. Pettigrew and R. W. Burdick, Corpls. Samuel Small, J. M. Dickey and Alfred E. Frydenland, Musicians C. H. Gove and J. A. Flanders, Wagoner D. W. Shaw, 25 privates.

Co. F: Capt. J. Homer Edgerly, 1st Lieut. Fred H. Tuttle, 2d Lieut. James Quinlan, 1st Sergt. Thos. Price, Sergts. J. E. Day, P. Courtney, James Davis and C. Armstrong, Corpls. J. D. Butler, J. Gleeson, J. O'Brien, H. McTavish, A. J. Austin, J. Reilly, H. Ingram and J. Jones, Musicians J. B. F. Towns and R. Bernasconi, Wagoner F. J. Grimes, 42 privates.

Co. G: Capt. Chas. A. White, 1st Lieut. A. S. Atherton, 2d Lieut. (none), 1st Sergt. W. H. Burbank, Sergts. Albert Van Munster, J. F. Brown and J. H. Cameron, Corpls. W. H. Emery and W. J. McCaffrey, Wagoner H. Joslin, 30 privates.

Co. H: Capt. James E. McCoy, 1st Lieut. Walter H. Mellish, 2d Lieut. Wm. Hammett, 1st Sergt. Walter J. Richards, Sergts. L. McDuffee, D. A. Page, J. Real and G. R. Clifton, Corpls. J. Roberts, David N. Bush, Donald Smith, Wm. Hern, F. Thomas, James Norton, James Weed and D. N. Atwood, Musicians J. H. Griggs and Wm. Gracey, Wagoner Lanson Blake, 48 privates.

Co. I: Capt. (none), 1st Lieut. J. C. Pnshee, 2d Lieut. Geo. R. James, 1st Sergt. H. P. Murphy, Sergts. G. H. Davis, W. H. Wright, D. S. Rice and A. Hammond, Corpls. Geo. French, Wm. Williams, E. F. Hall, A. A. Lewis, D. McLeod, James Smith and Otis J. Ricker, Musician E. W. Richardson, Wagoner D. G. Blaisdell, 54 privates.

Co. K: Capt. Geo. H. Giddings, 1st Lieut. E. N. Bowen, 2d Lieut. (none), 1st Sergt. Geo. H. Way, Sergts. Woodbury Blye, Chas. Gammon, C. W. Moulton and C. J. Parker, Corpls. Edgar Clifford, Edwin Brackett, E. T. Rooney, Thos. Smith, E. W. Newbold and Jeremiah Hall, Musician C. W. Fanton, Wagoner Wm. Brock, 36 privates.

Co. F is the only company with full complement of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians and wagoner. All the companies save C have a wagoner. As to musicians, A, C, I and K have only one each, and B and G none. Only F and H have three officers, while Cos. A, B and E have only one each, and the others (C, D, G, I and K) have two each. Co. I has the largest number of privates (54), and Co. A boasts of the smallest number (15). The average number of privates to a company is exactly 34. Having examined the rolls for muster-out, which includes all who were to be mustered out, we find that several of the men were absent for various reasons, and were therefore not present to be mustered out, but were mustered out wherever they chanced to be, whether in hospital, or on detached service or otherwise. Therefore it follows that our investigation reveals the fact that the actual number present for muster-out was far less than the number borne upon the rolls, probably by 10 to 15 per cent.

Speeches were made, the flags turned over to the State, and there was much rejoicing and congratulating. As we were the first to arrive, of the returning troops, it is fair to assume that we received fully as much attention as any subsequent arrivals. Col. Bedel and Lieut.-Col. Randlett responded to the speeches for the regiment, and did themselves and the regiment great credit, both in the manner of delivery and the matter of which their responses were composed.

Our rolls and records and all that pertained to the recorded history of the regiment, by companies or otherwise, were duly turned over to Maj. A. B. Thompson, U. S. A., Mustering Officer, by Capt.

C. A. White, who had special charge of them from time of leaving North Carolina to place of final discharge. A small guard had the boxes in charge all the way home. We then marched to the Draft Rendezvous camp at the south end of the city, where we were to nominally stay till final discharge. Here we deposited what little baggage we didn't wish to encumber ourselves with in the barracks, and were then given permission (verbal) to go home. "Go home!" Could it be true we were so near and yet so far? Why, some of the boys actually dropped a silent tear as they departed from the camp, and no grass grew beneath their feet ere the depot was reached; and the several departing trains of that afternoon conveyed the boys — none too rapidly, however — to their various homes.

The Third New Hampshire had arrived, and it had gone — none knew whither. All this was on Friday, 28 July 1865. By Monday, the 31st, the men began to return to Concord; but the Paymaster was not quite ready to pay us off.



COMMANDERS UNITED STATES ARMY.

NAME.	TIME OF SERVICE.		RANK.
Geo. Washington,	1775 to	1783	Major-General.
Henry Knox,	1783	1784	Major-General.
Josiah Harner,*	Sept. 1788	4 March 1791	Lieut.-Col. Infantry.
Arthur St. Clair,	4 March 1791	5 March 1792	Major-General.
Anthony Wayne,	5 March 1792	15 Dec. 1796	Major-General.
James Wilkinson,	15 Dec. 1796	3 July 1798	Brigadier-General.
Geo. Washington,	3 July 1798	14 Dec. 1799	Lieut.-Gen. and Gen.
James Wilkinson,	15 June 1800	27 Jan. 1812	Brigadier-General.
Henry Dearborn,	27 Jan. 1812	15 June 1815	Major-General.
Jacob Brown,	15 June 1815	24 Feb. 1828	Major-General.
Alexr. Macomb,	24 May 1828	25 June 1841	Major-General.
Winfield Scott,	25 June 1841	1 Nov. 1861	Major-General.
Geo. B. McClellan,	1 Nov. 1861	11 March 1862	Major-General.
Henry W. Halleck,	11 July 1862	12 March 1864	Major-General.
Ulysses S. Grant,	12 March 1864	4 March 1869	Lieut.-Gen. and Gen.
Wm. T. Sherman,	4 March 1869	8 Feb. 1884	General.
Philip H. Sheridan,	8 Feb. 1884	5 Aug. 1888	Lieut.-Gen. and Gen.
John M. Schofield,	1888	(present incumbent)	Major-General.

* Was General-in-Chief by brevet.

ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY, 1892.

	OFFICERS.	ENLISTED MEN.	AGGREGATE.
10 Cavalry Regiments	428	5,645	6,073
5 Artillery "	287	3,310	3,597
25 Infantry "	867	11,356	12,223
Engineer Battalion, recruiting parties, Ordnance Department, Hospital Service, Indian Scouts, West Point, Signal Department, and general service	557	4,399	4,956
Totals	2,139	24,710	26,849

AUGUST, 1865.

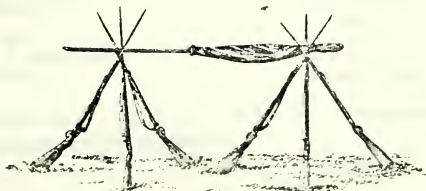
WE were yet nominally in the service, though mustered out the 20th of the previous month, and were waiting for our final discharge and payment. We had not been paid for a long time, and there was considerable money due us, not only of our pay proper, but the final instalment of bounty.

On Wednesday, the 2d day of August, the men had all returned. The paying off was begun on that day at about 11.30 A.M., at the office of Paymaster Maj. C. O. Benedict, on Main Street, and continued all day and on the 3d, and was finished, so far as the men were concerned, shortly before noon. Each departed his way (first having his discharge delivered to him), but not without grasping his comrades' hands in farewell. The payment of the officers began about 3 P.M. and was completed same day.

The Third New Hampshire: where is it? Scattered to the four winds of heaven, residing in every quarter of the globe — largely in New England, however. Very many are located in the towns and cities in the State they went to represent, assimilated to the walks and methods of peace. The many strong friendships formed at the front will continue on and on, till the great Captain shall sever them, so far as earthly friendships go, in a final muster-out.

The story of the Third New Hampshire is told — not in eloquent language, not with pathos, not with the language of the silver-tongued orator, but in a simple, modest manner, which it is earnestly hoped will inspire the reader with patriotic impulses, and engage his attention from cover to cover.

Third New Hampshire, and reader, adieu!



WEST POINT GENERALS

(UNION AND CONFEDERATE).

1822. David Hunter.	1839. * Isaac I. Stevens. H. W. Halleck. E. O. C. Ord. E. R. S. Canby.
1823. Lorenzo Thomas.	1840. Wm. T. Sherman. Geo. H. Thomas.
1825. § Robert Anderson.	1841. H. G. Wright. Jas. Totten. D. C. Buell. W. T. H. Brooks.
1826. Silas Casey.	1842. W. S. Rosecrans. § Abner Doubleday. Jas. Longstreet.
1828. Jeff. Davis.	1843. W. B. Franklin. J. J. Reynolds. C. C. Augur. U. S. Grant. Rufus Ingalls. Egbert L. Viele.
1829. Robt. E. Lee. J. E. Johnston. O. M. Mitchel.	1844. W. S. Hancock. Alexr. Hayes.
1830. W. N. Pendleton. J. B. Magruder.	1845. † Wm. F. Smith. Gordon Granger.
1831. Henry Clay, Jr. A. A. Humphrey. W. H. Emory.	1846. Geo. B. McClellan. § John G. Foster. Jesse L. Reno. ‡ Thos. J. Jackson.
1833. J. G. Barnard.	1847. Jas. B. Fry. A. E. Burnside.
1835. Geo. G. Meade.	1849. § Q. A. Gillmore. John G. Parke. Rufus Saxton, Jr.
1836. M. C. Meigs. * Thos. W. Sherman.	
1837. H. W. Benham. Braxton Bragg. E. D. Townsend. Jubal A. Early. Jos. Hooker.	
1838. P. G. T. Beauregard. I. McDowell.	

* Port Royal Exp. † "Baldy." ‡ "Stonewall." § Fort Sumter.

NOTE.— The above list is not a complete one.

CALENDAR, 1865.

	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
JAN....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	JULY...	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	29	30	31						30	31					
FEB....				1	2	3	4	AUG....			1	2	3	4	5
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	26	27	28						27	28	29	30	31		
MARCH				1	2	3	4	SEPT....						1	2
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	26	27	28	29	30	31			24	25	26	27	28	29	30
APRIL							1	OCT....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		29	30	31				
	30														
MAY....	1	2	3	4	5	6		NOV....				1	2	3	4
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	28	29	30	31					26	27	28	29	30		
JUNE					1	2	3	DEC....						1	2
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	25	26	27	28	29	30			24	25	26	27	28	29	30
									31						

1865

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

(NAMES ARRANGED ALPHABETICALLY.)

HENRY H. AYER.

Henry H. Ayer was a character in the Third New Hampshire. He was active in getting matters into shape, enlisting eleven men at Fisherville (now Penacook), and bringing them early to camp. Commissioned as Lieutenant in Co. B. with Capt. Wilbur and 2d Lieut. Fogg. He was not only peculiar, but eccentric; and his eccentricity showed itself in numerous ways, and largely in individuality. There could be but one Ayer, and that was Henry H., Third New Hampshire. He was punctilious, exacting; and to one not thoroughly acquainted with him, he appeared cruel and overbearing. These latter disappeared as one became better acquainted with him; and the nearer one got to him the more he was liked. He did not suffer many to approach closely: *i.e.*, he did not take a promiscuous lot into his confidence. He boasted—not unseemly—of his previous service; and this gave him more or less prestige in the regiment. His bravery, his honesty, and his patriotism, were never questioned. Whenever he got in earnest,—and these occasions were not infrequent,—he would begin thus: “Simply—by the gods, man: what are you doing?”

He was, like other lieutenants, sent from one company to another as occasion required. On the Steamer *Atlantic*, Capt. Wilbur being sick almost the entire voyage, Lieut. Ayer was in command of Co. B. He did efficient service in the unloading of vessels and in the building of our fortifications, as he had more influence over a squad of men than many a younger officer, because of his age, firmness and sternness, with all that goes therewith. He was ordered to Co. D. 13 Jan. 1862, Capt. Dunbar being detached temporarily and Lieut. Cornelius being sick. On 12 Feb. he was sent to Co. I, and on 18 March back to his own company (Capt. Wilbur was then in arrest for some naughtiness). On 5 April (regiment going to Edisto) he was relieved from command of B and apparently sick; for on 19 May, Sergt. Head, of his company, wrote a letter saying that “Lieut. Ayer was attacked last Tuesday with pleurisy, and today went to regimental hospital.” The 27th May finds him there at Bailey’s Wharf, Edisto, and also Sergeant Head, both sick. The hospital had been moved to this point, preparatory to removing altogether from Edisto to James Island. Ayer continued sick, and got leave of absence for 40 days by S. O. 116, D. S. He returned from leave 30 July, by *Star of the South*.

On 26 Aug. he was assigned to the command of Co. H. This was immediately after it had been decimated at Pinckney Island by the gobbling process. He took especial pride, on parade and drill and inspection, in being the observed of all observers; for he had but a mere handful of men in line—a squad, in fact.

On the Pocotaligo expedition he had command of Co. B, and presumably H, too, as the regiment was arranged in six companies while at the fight, and Co. H was very small (reduced by capture of many). To show evidence

of his punctiliousness, he, on the eve of going to Pocotaligo, with no knowledge of where we were going or what for, but that we were going forth to battle, wrote this letter:—

HILTON HEAD, 20 Oct. 1862.

Chaplain HILL.

Dear Sir: This envelope contains \$135.00, \$114.18 of which belongs to my company as its Company Fund; \$4.75 belongs to the heirs of Frank Halliday, late of Co. H; and the balance, \$16.07, belongs to me. If I should not return, I want you to send to Mrs. Jane B. Ayer, Medfield, Mass., my two trunks, containing all my effects. Subtract the pay for your trouble from money enclosed.

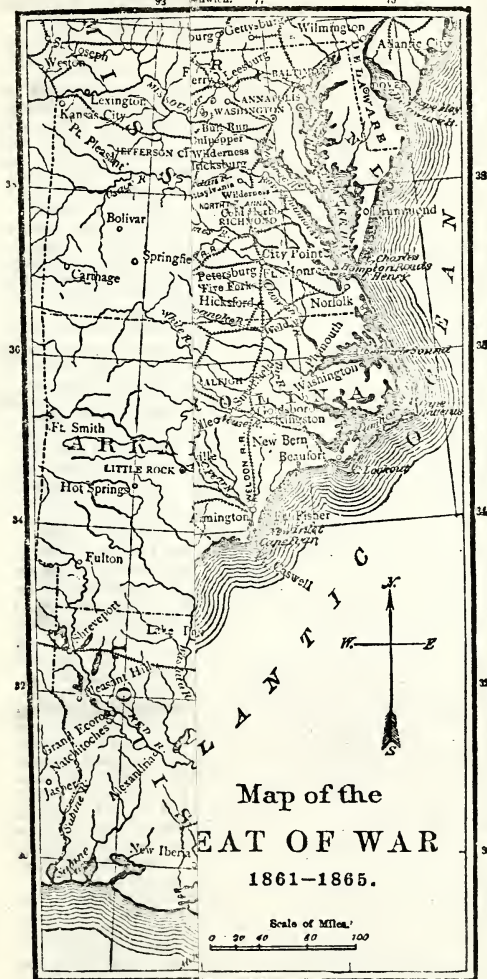
H. H. AYER.

The writer will here remark that Ayer was a good and faithful correspondent, as his letters will show. He made up his budget of items, keeping the letters unsealed to add a postscript if necessary, as a final act before consigning it to the mail, just prior to some (really, every) movement. Many of these letters were kindly loaned to the writer. As to the battle of Pocotaligo, and to show how scrupulously honest our hero was. It may be here related that sometime after the battle he learned that Capt. Wilbur had "sworn off" several rifles on that battle. It roused his ire: for he could not "endure" such people; and he at once (17 Jan. 1863) wrote to the War Department, asking for certified copies of Wilbur's returns to be sent him, that he might see whether the rumors were true, and stating in language plain: "Wilbur was n't there, and no rifles were lost from his company; because I commanded it, and know whereof I assert." Whether the War Department sent certified copies is not known. A letter of his shows that he was on the Steamer *Burnside* while sick (June—July), as he wrote 7 Nov. 1862, thanking Capt. Wilcox for his great kindness while on board.

In February, 1863, when a squad of Co. H (captured previous August) returned, exchanged, Capt. Ayer had quite a circus with some of them, because they did n't come down handsomely to the regulation discipline. Since their capture, they had done no duty whatever and had been having a free and easy time generally; and Capt. Ayer had hard work to induce the proper authorities to order them back to their company. "But now you are here," says Capt. Ayer, "you must come down." Coercion had to be resorted to in some cases; but this is not an opportune place to minutely detail all the little annoyances to which our friend Ayer was subjected to. After the first brush, those men would have died for Capt. Ayer. When the regiment was separated, immediately after, Cos. G and H were left on the old camp-ground; and when that famous night alarm came, these two companies fell in, and formed upon another regiment encamped to their left, and stood there in line long after we at Pinckney Island (the fore-front) had turned in. When the regiment reunited in April, and went to Edisto Inlet, finally landing at Botany Bay Island, Ayer was on hand. He participated in the lumber expeditions from that point inland, notably all over Edisto Island, and did valiant service in the matter of producing lumber, etc., even borrowing lighters from Capt. Hutchins. Quartermaster of another brigade across the river, to transport it upon.

It was at Botany Bay that something happened to our hero; and though the writer has been unable to obtain the particulars, he is satisfied it was a frivolous case that brought Capt. Ayer into temporary trouble. Somebody complained of something to the Colonel Commanding, and Ayer was the party complained of. The shape it took left the commanding officer where he could not evade his duty; and he directed the Adjutant to take Capt. Ayer's sword. This was humiliating; but Capt. Ayer never flinched. Four officers were detailed at once to investigate; and they did so, reporting that a gentle reprimand was sufficient to satisfy all parties. The Colonel gave him the reprimand and his sword at the same time; and the whole occupied not much more time than is required to write it.

About this time, Capt. Ayer resigned; but there is no apparent connection between that and the reprimand. It was not accepted. He wrote, 5 May 1863, prior to the case noted, to his wife, saying: "I am glad you



Map of the
EAST OF WAR
1861-1865.

Scale of Miles.
0 20 40 60 80 100



take a common-sense view of the matter of my resigning. I shall not resign at present if my health continues good; but if I am sick I may be obliged to in order to get home."

On 11 June (from St. Helena), he wrote he had been defeated in his attempts to resign, but didn't care very much about it, for his health was improving.

On 23 June, at St. Helena Island, he entertained some of the officers of the *Weehawken* (monitor). When the regiment was on board at St. Helena, morning of 4 July, for Folly Island, Capt. Ayer ventured ashore to look after his company property, and got left behind. Those who know him can imagine how excited he must have been at seeing the steamer move off. He succeeded in getting on board the *Cossack*, with the Seventy-sixth Pennsylvania, and finally reached the regiment about 11 P.M., 5 July, finding Lieut. Place in charge and everything all right.

Capt. Ayer did good service at the taking of Morris Island, and in the charge and subsequent operations, up to date of his ugly wound. In the charge on Wagner, 18 July, he was struck with a spent ball. He says he and his company succeeded in reaching the inner works of the fort (he was mistaken); and in a letter he describes going over a small work close to the fort: which probably means that he descended to the moat or ditch.

On 26 Aug., while the Twenty-fourth Massachusetts was making its grand sortie, supported by the Third New Hampshire, and while Capt. Ayer was in the trenches, in passing a loop-hole a bullet (probably from a sharp-shooter) came whizzing through and struck Capt. Ayer in the side of the neck, passing completely through. An inch, or perhaps half an inch, variation would probably have ended his career. He was at first thought to be killed; but was carried back tenderly to the rear, and every attention shown him by the surgeons and his comrades. Capt. Ayer didn't propose to die then, and so stated it, and in his emphatic way, too. The bullet passed near the spinal cord and below the base of the brain. He went to the regimental hospital till 3 Sept., and then back to his company. On the 19th he went North on the *Fulton*, on leave of absence, per S. O. 534, D. S., after turning over the company to 2d Lieut. Morrill.

On 10 Sept. his company made up a purse and bought a sword and belt for their gallant Captain (\$80.00). It is related that on the Steamer *Fulton* were several rebel prisoners, taken at Morris Island, going North. One day, when they were out for an airing, Capt. Ayer strode among them, as only Capt. Ayer could stride, and said with a fierce look before which they quailed, "Which of you d—d rascals was it shot me?" The answers were all negative. He returned to his company 9 Nov., relieving Lieut. Edgerly, who had taken the company from Lieut. Morrill, the 10th.

About the first of December, when the regiment was paid off, Capt. Ayer received another wound; but this time it affected his pocket-book: for by some unaccountable mistake of omission or otherwise, the pay-roll was not satisfactory to the paymaster, and he declined to lavish any of the desirable Treasury notes on our friend Ayer. As a sequel to this, the following letter is found from the Adjutant-General of the Army to the Commanding Officer, Third New Hampshire Volunteers, dated 27 Feb. 1864: "The proceedings of a Military Commission, instituted by S. O. 550, D. S., in case of Capt. H. H. Ayer, have been approved by the Secretary of War, and removes the bar to his pay." There is no doubt that this apparent embargo on his pay was caused by a technical violation of his leave of absence—in overstaying.

Capt. Ayer, on the return of the regiment to Hilton Head, went with it, and was one of the active participants in the beautiful movements which transformed the men into "mounted infantry." He went to Jacksonville in April, 1864, and, with his company, to Palatka (four companies).

On arriving in Virginia (28 April), Capt. Ayer was sick, very sick; and when the troops started, early in May, he was left behind, at a house say one and one-half miles from Gloucester Point (*i.e.*, the landing and fort). There he remained three nights, when he got alarmed and took quarters with the Provost Marshal at the landing.

About the 6th of May, he took the Steamer *Fanny* for Fort Monroe; but before reaching there, and near the Rip Raps, was run into by the iron Steamer *Cambria*; and the *Fanny* sunk in about ten minutes. This was about 9 P.M., and dark. "The crash," says Capt. Ayer, "was terrible." The *Cambria* had army stores and officers' baggage of many regiments, also about 200 men, mostly Thirteenth New Hampshire. Prof. Grant, the inventor of the calcium light, was on board; and he and Capt. Ayer rescued Col. J. D. Rust of the Eighth Maine, who was on his way to Chesapeake Hospital, sick. Capt. Ayer was put on shore by a naval officer, near Fort Monroe, and took quarters in the Chief Quartermaster's office, on the floor. He took passage next day, by a steamer going up the river, and walked to the regiment, say eight or nine miles.

He went to meet his death. On 16 May 1864 he was mortally wounded, and died soon after. He had been in the fight of the 13th, and the movements of the 14th and 15th; but the 16th marked the end of his existence. Lieut.-Col. Plimpton, who was in command, wrote a letter to the bereaved wife, and extracts are made from it: "... an artery being cut, he died in about an hour, from loss of blood . . . was immediately taken to the hospital, but reached there too late to save his life . . . he is buried about six miles outside our lines, and his grave marked."

Further particulars are found in Dr. Buzzell's letter; and it is such a beautiful, though sad letter, it is given below nearly in full.

[Dr. Buzzell to Mrs. Ayer.]

You have doubtless been informed of the death of your husband, late Henry H. Ayer, Captain, of the Third Regiment New Hampshire Volunteers. On Monday, May 16th, this officer was wounded while on duty with his regiment near the first line of intrenchments near Drewry's Bluff. About 8 o'clock in the morning of this date, he received a wound in the fleshy part of the thigh (wounding the femoral artery), and walked to the rear, where temporary dressing was applied; and he was immediately sent to the Corps Hospital in an ambulance, at which place I first saw him. I spoke to him, and he grasped me by the hand and implored me in a feeble voice to give him some opiate. I found him very weak, and ordered stimulants, but without effect, as he died about 10 o'clock A.M., less than thirty minutes after his arrival. The large number of wounded on our hands at the time of our hasty retreat forbade removing his body to the rear. Many of the wounded fell into the hands of the enemy, and the bodies of officers were left upon the ground, as we retired so hurriedly. But it gives me satisfaction to inform you that amid the hurry and confusion and excitement of the hour, I was privileged to have a grave dug, and the remains deposited beside a landmark. The respect and love borne this truly brave officer led me, with three of my hospital attendants, to convey hastily the body of one endeared to a family far away, and rolled in a rubber blanket, consigned it to a rude grave on the sunny slope of a hill beneath the shade of youthful and thrifty forest trees. The thought of leaving the body unburied . . . was intolerable; and although it might be considered at the expense of the living sufferers, the time was afforded for this sad duty. . . .

A. J. H. BUZZELL,

Surgeon, Third New Hampshire Volunteers.

[His body was afterward exhumed and brought North, and buried at Fisherville (now Pennacook), N. H. This service was performed by Geo. Mordough, Co. H, of Manchester, N. H., who was a nurse in our regimental hospital during his term of service.

Of Capt. Ayer's services in the Mexican War, the records at Washington disclose nothing. This must not be set against him, but against the imperfect system of records of that period. He went out on the *Tandalia* (say they who knew him), but in what capacity is uncertain; and this vessel did blockade duty, probably at Vera Cruz. The writer's informant, a thoroughly reliable citizen of Dedham, Mass., and a relative by marriage, says he distinctly remembers that Ayer told him of going ashore many times

after water. Whatever part he took in that particular war, no Third New Hampshire man, at least, will believe that he did a whit less than his whole duty, whatever that may have been.

Concerning his militia service, in 1847-49: Certain it is, that at that period he was distinctively military; for the writer has had the pleasure of seeing four appointments, as follows (all in New Hampshire):—

First, 31 Aug. 1847 . . . Ensign First Co., Eleventh Regiment State Militia.
 Second, 13 Sept. 1847 . . . 2d Lieutenant same.
 Third, 20 July 1848 . . . Drill Master, Third Brigade (rank of Major).
 Fourth, 7 July 1849 . . . Reappointment same.

He also appears to have been temporarily in the Second Massachusetts immediately prior to his service in Third New Hampshire.

J. WARREN AKERMAN.

He was, substantially, our first Color Bearer, and as such will be well remembered. His position in his company (D) was 5th Sergeant (original). He carried the colors till we reached Washington (September, 1861), at which place he was taken sick: and being actually unable to carry them further, he was relieved by Jonathan N. Dow of Co. D. In January, 1862, he was sent North on recruiting service, rejoining with the party 4 May. He was made 1st Sergeant 1 Aug., *vice* J. C. Dunbar, discharged. On 20 Dec., he was ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant, by S. O. 47, R. Hdqrs.

In January, 1863, when the detachment (under Capt. Maxwell) was sent to Florida after lumber, Akerman went with it, Acting 2d Lieut. Co. D. A commission as 2d Lieutenant arrived for him 30 March, at Pinckney Island. He went to Hilton Head 1 April, and was mustered that day as of that day, the commission being dated 7 March: *vice* J. J. Donohoe, promoted and assigned to D.

His health was none of the best. He was granted a leave of absence in April, returning therefrom in June. Later we find him sick on Folly Island, 7 and 8 July. He was discharged for disability, 28 July 1863, by S. O. 442, D. S.

Born in Kensington, N. H., 12 Nov. 1840; died 4 July 1892, at Haverhill, Mass., aged 51 years, 8 months. Left a widow, residing at 5 Elm Place, Haverhill, but no children. Buried 7 July, at Hampton, N. H. Services at Congregational Church. Among the comrades present were nine members of Third New Hampshire, including the writer.

ROBERT H. ALLEN.

Comrade Allen took an active part in the formation of Co. C, and was its original 1st Lieutenant, finally becoming its Captain. His commission was actually written "*2d Lieutenant*," and Cody's "*1st Lieutenant*"; but these were reversed because of dissatisfaction, the commissions themselves being actually amended. He never served with any other company than his own. He was wounded at the battle of Secessionville (16 June 1862), in the right hand, while engaged with his company. This troubles him somewhat to this day (1890). In consequence of this wound, he was sent with others to the General Hospital at Hilton Head, and while there was given leave of absence to go North. During this leave, at Manchester, N. H., he, without orders, but under general authority, recruited eight or nine men, all for his own company. His original leave was probably for 20 or 30 days; but he obtained the usual extensions and remained for 60 days.

On his return trip he was, as a matter of military convenience, placed in charge of squads of recruits for the Third, Fourth and Seventh New Hampshire regiments, all in the Department of the South. On arrival at New York, there was no steamer about to sail; and the recruits were sent to Fort Hamilton, in the harbor, to wait. A small squad of recruits also arrived for the Third New Hampshire, and joined the squads at Fort

Hamilton. The lack of transportation was said to have been caused by McClellan's movements on the Peninsula. The Third New Hampshire squads finally got off on the steamer *Geo. C. Collins*, arriving at Hilton Head on the night of 11 Sept. 1862. Allen had, prior to leaving New Hampshire, received a captain's commission, *vice* Donohoe, same company. During the voyage to Hilton Head, one of the recruits died, and was taken ashore in North Carolina and buried. An account of this will be found elsewhere.

While at Pinckney Island, Capt. Allen accidentally shot himself in the left leg with his own revolver. This was 2 April 1863. The bullet was removed by Dr. Buzzell about two months later. Capt. Allen was at this time at Hilton Head, occupying his own tent, on the old camp-ground in rear of the General Hospital. He had not sufficiently recovered to be able to be with his company, but visited it while it was at Botany Bay Island, and joined it on the reassembling of the regiment (eight companies from Botany Bay, and two from Bay Point) at St. Helena Island. He accompanied to Folly Island, and ventured to go with his company and participate in the capture of Morris Island, 10 July, though this, apparently, was more than his condition warranted. He did not participate in the assault on Wagner (18 July), but viewed the beautiful sight from the sand hills, being on crutches at the time. Immediately following this he obtained a leave of absence and went home, returning therefrom about 1 Oct., to Morris Island, after the evacuation of Wagner and Gregg.

When Cos. A, C and K were sent to Broad Island in December, 1863, to cut fire-wood for the troops, Capt. Allen, by virtue of his rank, commanded the Post, and 1st Lieut. Kirwin the company. The three companies, after cutting all the available wood on Broad Island, removed to Small Island, on same duty, Capt. Allen remaining in command. This service ended 29 Feb. 1864 (see main story). At Jacksonville, Fla., Capt. Allen was on the drum-head court-martial (Miller case: executed).

In Virginia, he participated in the various engagements creditably. He was appointed Chief of the Ambulance Corps of the Tenth Army Corps (Gen. Brooks) 29 June 1864, but did not accept, as he had tendered his resignation, by advice of Dr. Buzzell. He was discharged as of that date, for disability, by S. O. 176, D. Va. and N. C.

Since the war, Capt. Allen was for several years (and is now, 1890) at Rockford, Ill. From 1864 to 1870 he was engaged in the clothing business. From that time and up to within a few years he was a large manufacturer of churns. He attended the reunions at Weirs in 1889 and 1890. Capt. (then Lieut.) Allen advertised in the *Manchester Mirror* in August, 1861, when he was assisting in getting up Co. C, that "\$100 in money and 160 acres of land at discharge" (in large type, too) awaited the patriot who would enlist in his company. This has not been fulfilled; but it is not probable that any survivor of Co. C (original) will ever begin suit for obtaining recruits under false pretences.

Allen's dog "Ned" deserves notice, as they were almost inseparable. He was with the regiment from its organization to his demise. Everybody knew him. Those of us who were able to be on deck during the great storm of November, 1861, will not soon forget that Ned was sick, like unto us. He was a remarkable dog, and his owner was not obtuse in this direction. It was his delight to place Ned on exhibition, just to show how much he knew, you know. It is related that on one occasion, when Ned's master was entertaining several ladies and gentlemen at his quarters at Hilton Head, he directed Ned to go for his slippers. Ned went. Ned returned. But what was it he was dragging along so majestically, but with apparent effort? It was no less than the conventional demijohn; and its ragged handle showed how frequently it had been thus dragged on prior occasions. Ned's master, mastering himself with a masterly effort — surrendered to the occasion: and before the guests departed, the demijohn had become so lightened that Ned returned it to its accustomed repository with great ease. Ned was among the honorably wounded 16 June, 1862, though he was not in the forefront of the battle, but hovering around the outskirts of it with Allen's orderly. A cruel bullet hit his fore-leg. This noble canine departed this life in June, 1863, at St. Helena Island, and was buried without ceremony in the middle of the company street.

ARLON S. ATHERTON.

He enlisted in the usual way and went into the service as a private in Co. I, under Capt. Carlton. In June, 1862, soon after the battle of James Island, S. C., he was promoted to Corporal; and in September, 1863, directly after evacuation of Wagner, was made a Sergeant. The casualties were so numerous that on 21 Nov. 1863 we find him ordered to act as 1st Sergeant. He became infected, early in 1864, with the re-enlistment fever, and succumbed, going home in March with the veterans, on furlough. By the death of Robinson, 2 June 1864, of wounds, Atherton was made 1st Sergeant, serving as such a short time only. During the following month he received a 2d Lieutenant's commission, dated 7 July, and was mustered 16 July, as of 12th, and attached to Co. E. Was promoted to 1st Lieutenant in November, 1864, but not mustered till 30 April 1865, as of 1 April.

In the terrible conflict of 16 Aug. 1864, he was by many thought to have been mortally wounded, and by some said to have been left dead on the field. Both these statements proved false. Letters were written home, giving particulars of his decease. It is related of one who was thus writing, and another who was assisting to furnish the harrowing details, that the former hesitated slightly as he was about closing the letter, and said to the latter: "You are quite sure about it?" The latter at once inferred that his veracity was in question, and, instantly rising to his feet, said: "Good heavens! do you wish me to hold up my right hand and swear, before you believe me?" This is related to show a certain phase not often met. The letters from the regiment and from Lieut. Atherton himself reached home almost simultaneously, so that the suffering caused was of short duration, and was suddenly changed to rejoicing.

His own story is as follows: "I was shot through the right lung, and left for dead [this was a little after mid-day. — D.E.] After lying on the ground till evening of the 18th, I was taken as prisoner to Libby Prison, but had nothing done for my wound, as I was told I could not live till morning. I so far recovered, however, as to be able to be paroled on the morning of 12 Sept., with 33 other officers from the same hospital ward. Steamed down the James River, picking our way through the many obstructions, and arrived at the place of exchange about noon, and were soon transferred to our own steamer. There we found the agents of the Sanitary and Christian Commissions ready to receive us, with food in abundance, which had a very tempting look, but of which we were only allowed to eat very sparingly. They told us 'twas sure death to eat all we desired. Arriving at Annapolis on the morning of 14 Sept., we were at once conveyed to the hospital in the Naval Academy buildings." (The writer was there and saw him same day.)

By the 24th, Lieut. Atherton was able to travel, and received a leave of absence (was entitled to it, as a paroled prisoner) for 30 days, going home to his relatives and friends. His physical condition was such that by special medical examination and report he obtained extension of leave. The legal limit of such was reached, and he returned to the Naval Academy hospital on 26 Nov., and at once asked to be sent to his regiment. This was refused, on basis of inability to perform military duty. In a fortnight more he repeated his request, and this time got ordered on court-martial duty at Alexandria (near Washington). He remained on this duty from 19 Dec. till the following April, when, after repeated requests to be relieved, he was ordered to his regiment, then at Wilmington, N. C. He fortunately fell in with Col. Bedel, then on his way, and they proceeded to the regiment together, reaching it on 11 April 1865. Upon arrival, he was at once ordered on duty upon a court-martial, and also placed in charge of Co. G.

While at Alexandria, he had a ten days' leave of absence to go home to vote (March, 1865). In June, he was appointed Assistant Provost Marshal of Goldsborough, N. C., and was placed in charge of the City Jail. He held this appointment till dual muster-out. He was commissioned as Captain of Co. I (his original company) late in the war, too late for muster-in; but that injustice has been rectified since the war by a special order of the

War Department (1888), and he stands now upon the records as Captain, dating back. In addition to the duties of Assistant Provost Marshal, he had charge of Cos. G and E.

Atherton was in every engagement of the regiment up to the time of his terrible wound, which troubles him very much to this day (1890). He was a genial, whole-souled fellow, who had the happy faculty of making friends. Since the war he has thrice been a member of the lower branch of the Massachusetts Legislature, one year representing the Franklin district and two years from the enterprising town of Wakefield, where he now (1890) resides and carries on a general grocery trade. The town has honored him several times with offices of various kinds.

JOSEPH ACKERMAN.

He was an original man of Co. F (Capt. Randlett's Nashua company), and at muster-in was made 4th Corporal. Promoted to Sergeant, 17 Oct. 1862. Re-enlisted (13 Feb. 1864) and went with that happy body of men called veterans on furlough. After his return to regiment at Gloucester Point, Va., 28 April, he entered upon the Virginia campaign, and continued through the whole of it. On 30 May he was mustered as 2d Lieutenant, as of 6 June, *vice* Dodge, promoted. In July we find him with Co. F; and in August he was sent to Co. G, and commanded it till end of the month. Was slightly wounded 16 Aug., but did not leave the regiment. He remained in command of G till 17 Nov., and on the 18th returned to F. On 24, 25 and 26 Sept. he served on a Board of Survey (with Stearns and Parker). On 28 Nov. he was mustered as 1st Lieutenant, Co. B, as of 17 Nov. Though he belonged to F as a 2d Lieutenant, he was in command of G by the exigencies of the service. At the end of December we find him "sick in quarters." From 3 Jan. to 1 March 1865, he was with G, and from that date to muster-out was Captain of Co. C. During a part of January he acted as Adjutant. On 24 Feb. his commission arrived as Captain of Co. C, *vice* Trickey, promoted to Major. [In justice to himself the writer will here explain that this commission was issued in place of the one he himself declined in January. See his Personal.] On 3 March he was appointed Assistant Provost Marshal of Wilmington (under Lieut.-Col. Randlett), and continued on that duty till relieved in June, when he returned to regiment for muster-out. The saddest part is yet to be told. A memorandum says: "J. Ackerman of Nashua shot himself accidentally and died same day." This was at his place of business in Nashua, N. H., 21 July 1879.

WILLIAM H. BURBANK.

He was the original 7th Corporal of Co. G, Capt. Wiggin. His warrant promotions were as follows: To Sergeant, 11 Dec. 1861; to 1st Sergeant, July, 1863. He re-enlisted in January, 1864. He was wounded at Drewry's Bluff, Va., in May, 1864, and was sent to hospital at Point Lookout. While there he was commissioned 2d Lieutenant, dating 24 May, and was mustered into that grade 4 Oct., at the hospital. His muster appears to have been wholly unauthorized: *i.e.*, it was in violation of existing orders, which forbade the muster of any officer unfit at the time for field service; and Burbank appears to have clearly come under that order. The muster was promptly revoked by the War Department. This proceeding and order may not have been poetic justice: but law and justice are not always synonymous terms. Meantime Burbank had been dropped from the company rolls (18 Nov.), as having been commissioned 2d Lieutenant in Co. D. Orders from the War Department compelled the commander of the company to take up Burbank on the rolls, and he became again the 1st Sergeant of Co. G, and held that rank at the final muster-out of the regiment. He did not rejoin the regiment until its final discharge at Concord.

JOHN BEDEL.

John Bedel was said to have descended from good military stock, his grandfather and father having participated in the War of 1812. Was a private, and afterwards a 1st Sergeant, in Co. H of the Ninth United States Infantry, during the Mexican War; but (possibly fortunately for him) the climate was detrimental to his health, and he was discharged before the more important Mexican battles were fought (see Note 4). The *North Bend*, after a long and stormy voyage, landed the men of Co. H at Vera Cruz 21 June 1847. The troops went into camp about two miles outside the city; but the dreaded and dreadful disease known as vomito raged in the city, and extended to the troops; and though the writer has no positive information as to whether John Bedel suffered from this particular disease, it is fair to presume that he did. We may be sure that a sick man will leave an unhealthy country at first opportunity.

In 1849 he resumed his study of law and also acted as pension claim agent for Mexican War soldiers. From 1853 to 61 he was employed at Washington in one of the sub-departments of the Treasury. This brought him to the opening of the Civil War and to the birth of the Third New Hampshire, in which John Bedel performed a conspicuous part.

At the formation of the regiment, John Bedel was made its Major; and though afterwards promoted, the boys all called him Major, as if no other title would fit him. He was of a peculiar temperament; and having decided to do a thing, it was next to if not quite impossible to change his mind. Of all the officers in the regiment, it may be truly said of Maj. Bedel, that he tried to make himself solid (*i.e.*, popular) with the men; and he succeeded tolerably well in his efforts. At Hilton Head, it was his usual custom to mount a barrel on the parade ground and read aloud to the men the latest war news. At one of those times, when the excitement consequent upon unusually good news ran very high, and the Major was about ready to fly, and his audience ready to ascend with him, an order came to fall in. This was a little too much for the Major; and without the slightest hesitation he shouted, "Whoever that order comes from, I countermand it!" The audience cheered and cheered; but a little reflection on the Major's part and on the part of the men showed the futility of any attempt to subvert military discipline, and they "fell in," and so did the Major. This incident is only given for one purpose, *viz.*: to show the impetuosity of the man; and "no criminality is attached thereto." At another time, when change was very scarce in the Department, feeling that something might be done to relieve the distress, and having been employed in the Treasury Department at Washington, he conceived the idea of sending directly to the Treasury Department for a thousand gold dollars. He at once did so, probably without other thought, or desire than to do good. This letter was of such a singular character, that it was referred through various channels back to Gen. Sherman, for an explanation as to why such a state of affairs existed in his Department without information being sent the authorities at Washington. Rumor says a madder man was never seen than Gen. Sherman. He was almost beside himself; and until he became calmed by reflection and by the friends of Bedel, he insisted that our Major should be court-martialed forthwith. After awhile, through the efforts of Col. Fellows and Lieut.-Col. Jackson, this blew over. The thousand gold dollars didn't come, and the Department moved on as before, with the trifling exception that Gen. Sherman conceived a dislike for the Major, which time did not wholly efface. This is a good example of how an innocent man may suffer by his motives being misconstrued.

About 31 Dec. 1861, the Forty-seventh New York and other troops were sent to Port Royal Ferry on a reconnaissance; and the Forty-seventh, having but one field officer on duty, Maj. Bedel was sent with that regiment. The skirmish they had during the few days they were away from Hilton Head was not of a serious nature.

Upon our arrival at Legareville, in June, 1862, the Major covered himself with glory by shooting an enraged bull, which had been furiously running through the village, threatening injury to the unwary.

On James Island, the Major did efficient service, not only with the regiment on its first baptism of blood (on 16 June 1862, an account of which will be found in its proper place), but on other occasions with reconnoitring parties composed of detachments from various regiments. The resignation and discharge of Col. Fellows raised John Bedel to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel; but the commission was not received until about the middle of October. John Bedel served on a court-martial at Hilton Head during the winter of 1861 and early spring of 1862.

At one time, when there was a great scarcity of money, caused by the long intervals between the paymaster's appearances, he very kindly and generously provided the men with tobacco, and patiently waited till the following pay-day for his money. Though, strictly speaking, this was in violation of the Army Regulations, yet it would have been difficult to impanel a jury that would convict him further than of a technical violation of the Army Regulations.

Nothing of note happened to our hero till the morning of 10 July 1863, after our troops had captured the lower part of Morris Island. We had advanced considerably towards Wagner, and they were firing solid shot, one of which, nearly spent, trundled along, striking him on the side of his calf, contusing but not disabling. He, however, went back with other wounded to Folly Island, from which place he reached the regiment in time to participate in the assault of 18 July, at which time he was taken prisoner. To show the uncertainty in such cases, it need only be mentioned that, on the following day, a letter written in regard to the casualties did not even so much as mention his disappearance, it probably being considered that he had possibly been wounded and would be heard from during the day, located in some hospital near by.

The circumstances attending his capture are not necessarily material to this history; yet there have been so many versions that at least one description will be expected herein. He was taken to and confined in the Penitentiary at Columbia, S. C., with other prisoners. At the time, when it was threatened that captured Union officers should be set up in Charleston where Gillmore's guns could reach them, Bedel was told that he was one of the favored (?) ones. Tradition says he swore some terrible oaths, but did not absolutely decline the favor. Speaking of profanity, leads us to remark that the Major occasionally indulged in the forbidden language, whenever occasion in his judgment required its use. He probably used a maximum quantity when pulled out of the creek. While a prisoner at Columbia, it is said that Bob Toombs, a Confederate General, with whom Maj. Bedel had been acquainted in Washington before the war, called at the prison, having heard that his friend Bedel occupied a room there. He taunted Bedel with his loyalty, etc., and tradition steps in again and says Bedel cursed him roundly — so roundly that he got put on bread and water diet and had closer confinement for a limited period.

Col. Bedel's own story, as related in letter to Capt. Emmons, 4 March 1869, is as follows:—

"I will explain how I was captured . . . soon after we passed the enemy's rifle-pits we came to a creek or the incoming tide from the left; and at that time Jackson ordered me to go forward to see if the creek was passable. I obeyed orders and passed the creek; but, on turning to hail the regiment, it was nowhere to be seen. The tide was rising and the bullets were flying pretty thick. I had no disposition to retreat, and seeing some troops to my right hurrying for the fort, I thought that perhaps the regiment had obliqued to the right and passed around the water, instead of coming through it, or at all events it was some portion of our attacking column making straight for a good place to enter the fort and capture a gun; and I hastened to join them. When near enough to distinguish persons, I found that these troops were rebels running into the fort instead of Yankees. I immediately endeavored to avoid them. When they discovered this they commenced firing upon me, as did also the rebels on the parapet; and I was literally driven into the creek. When they thought they had killed me, or fired enough to do it, they came down and captured me in the

water and took me into the fort, and threatened to kill me as a "d—d nigger officer," as I was taken in front of the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts regiment.

There you have the whole of it. What others said about me I care not. The rebels gave me credit in their next morning paper for being captured while endeavoring to reach and spike a gun."

S. O. 458, W. D., 20 Dec. 1864, mustered him out as a Lieutenant-Colonel, to date from 5 April 1864, and in as a Colonel, to date 6 April 1864.

At one time a fresh arrival of prisoners at the place brought in our old Quartermaster-Sergeant, Varnum H. Hill, then a Captain and Assistant Quartermaster, captured while with some Western troops, to which he had been assigned after promotion. Varnum — as the boys always called him — was very kindly given the privilege of quartering under the stairs in the corridor, the building being crowded. Varnum relates that the next day he heard some one using profanity in larger quantities than is usual or customary; and for want of something more interesting to do, he listened to find the cause, if possible. He suddenly thought the method or style of the sentences were familiar, and paying strict attention resulted in deciding it must be the Major. He called the guard and interrogated him. The guard did n't know the profane prisoner's name, but said in substance that he was a "d—d Yankee Major from New Hampshire." That settled it. "Can I see him?" said Varnum. The guard obtained permission, and the result cannot be described in words. They embraced, they cried, they laughed hysterically, and then repeated. Result: they roomed together during their stay.

Upon being paroled, the Major steered his bark for New Hampshire and his family, not forgetting to call on "Uncle Abe," to lay before him the facts in relation to the manner our men were being treated while prisoners. He was a sort of Committee-in-Chief for that purpose, fully empowered by his comrades in prison; and he promised them faithfully that before he saw his family even, their cases and his should be laid before the President. He faithfully executed this trust, and wore the old straw hat previously mentioned; but before returning to New Hampshire he laid aside all evidence of rebellion, and went home with a brand new uniform and, as the boys put it, "a biled shirt."

He remained at home with his family a part of the time and a part of the time at Camp Parole, until he was declared exchanged. He then rejoined the regiment, reaching it at Wilmington, N. C., on 11 April 1865 (accompanied by Capt. Atherton, who also had been a prisoner), after the capture of Fort Fisher and after the regiment had fought its last fight. He found the regiment in command of Maj. Trickey. Although Bedel (then Colonel) assumed nominal command of the regiment, Maj. Trickey practically remained in command, Lieut.-Col. Randlett being Provost Marshal. At Goldsborough, Col. Bedel was in command of the Post. His parole was dated 10 Dec. 1864, nearly eighteen months after his capture. His commission as Colonel dates 6 April 1864. He was brevetted Brigadier-General of Volunteers for gallant and meritorious services (to date 13 March 1865).

After rejoining the regiment, Col. Bedel busied himself with inquiring into the history of the regiment, particularly that relating to statistics, and, as will be seen elsewhere, made notes of all he learned.

After being mustered out he returned to Bath, where he resided until his decease, 26 Feb. 1875. In 1868 and 1869 he was a member of the New Hampshire Legislature, representing his town. He was buried there, and his widow, with the three surviving children of the seven born to them, still (1889) resides there.

The Adjutant-General's Report (N. H.) of 1868, says, in reference to Mexican services: Sergt. John Bedel was of Bath, N. H., the son of Gen. Moody Bedel. He was born in the Indian Stream Territory (now Pittsburgh) 8 July 1822. Educated at Newbury Seminary, Vermont, and read law with Hon. Harry Hibbard of Bath. Admitted to the bar in 1850. Enlisted as private in the Ninth U. S. Infantry, 25 March 1847. Joined Co.

H and was made 1st Sergeant July, 1847. Discharged for disability at Vera Cruz, 8 Aug. 1847. Was appointed 2d Lieutenant in the Ninth Infantry 30 Dec. 1847. Discharged in August, 1848.

NOTE 1.—In the interim between discharge and appointment, it is said he returned to his home and taught school. He was a clerk in one of the departments at Washington for some years subsequent to the Mexican War.

NOTE 2.—He did not accompany the regiment on the Bluffton reconnaissance, but remained in charge of the camp at Hilton Head. This was in March, 1862. He was in the reconnaissance up the Savannah River, also in March, and at the Pocotaligo affair, in October, accounts of which appear in their proper places.

NOTE 3.—He was Post Commander at Goldsborough only during the temporary absence of Gen. Abbott to attend the funeral of his wife. On 6 July he resumed command of the regiment (Lieut.-Col. Randlett and Maj. Trickey being there and on duty).

NOTE 4.—In October and November, 1862, at Hilton Head, Lieut.-Col. Bedel served on a general court-martial, as president of the court. The order, as printed at the time, read "*Col. J. H. Bedel*," by error. He was also on a general court-martial in January of the same year, at Hilton Head.

NOTE 5.—He was sick upon the arrival of the *North Bend* at Vera Cruz, and was almost immediately placed in hospital, from which he was soon after discharged for disability.

CHARLES F. BRAINARD.

Brainard was the original Quartermaster-Sergeant, and served efficiently in that capacity till his promotion to 2d Lieutenant, 19 Jan. 1863, as of 17 Nov. 1862 (G. O. 3). Again, at St. Helena Island, a commission as 1st Lieutenant arrived, bearing his name, 26 June 1863; and he was duly mustered into his new grade 29 June, as of 23 June, *vice* T. M. Jackson, promoted to Captain. The commission was dated 13 May. He resigned in August, and his discharge was by S. O. 471, D. S., 10 Aug. 1863, for disability.

Since the war his whereabouts has been uncertain. At one time he was in Richmond, Va.; at another at Washington, D. C. (clerk in the Treasury Building), in 1872; and later in the West. He was born in Elizabethtown, N. Y., 11 Sept. 1829; died at Washington, D. C., 13 May 1881, of Bright's disease. Left a wife only, Cornelia A. (1632 Rhode Island Avenue).

JOHN S. BRYANT.

Bryant began his military life as a Corporal in Co. B. He was made Sergeant in December, 1862, and 1st Sergeant about 1 June 1864. From that grade was promoted to 1st Lieutenant, though he did not get mustered into his new grade till 23 May 1865, as of 26 April (his commission bearing date 6 April), *vice* J. Ackerman, promoted. He was ordered to act as Lieutenant 3 May (R. O. 23), and with his own company (B).

It was at Wilmington, N. C., that Bryant fell sick; and he died on the evening of Tuesday, 23 May 1865, in his own tent, of malarial fever. The body was sent home and was buried at Exeter, N. H.

It will be noted that his muster-in as an officer and his death were of the same date. The last act of this soldier on earth, was the raising of his almost powerless right hand toward heaven and taking a solemn oath to defend his country's flag. And almost immediately his light went out.

WELBEE J. BUTTERFIELD.

He was born at Topsham, Vt., 18 April 1828. His experience of several years with the militia, in Vermont, both in infantry and artillery, was of considerable value to him at the outset; for he assisted largely in organizing and drilling Co. K, at Dover, in which he received a 1st Lieutenant's com-

mission. He performed his duties faithfully and acceptably. He was not in the best of health when the regiment reached the South Carolina coast; and little by little he grew worse, though on duty the most of the time.

On the discharge of Capt. Littlefield, he was placed in command of Co. K, 2 April 1862. It was his fortune, by a combination of circumstances, to be spared the dangers of the battle of 16 June 1862. He was Officer of the Day the day and night previous, and Lieut. Scruton was Officer of the Guard; but one of the two was required to go on picket the night of the 15th, leaving the other to fill both positions. Lieut. Scruton chose to go on picket; and it proved a fatal choice, for the pickets (four companies) joined the regiment on its way to the fight.

When Co. K was at upper end of Pinckney Island, about 10 Aug. 1862, his health had become so much impaired that he left the company and went to the regimental hospital, then at Graham's Plantation, where he remained about a week. Feeling somewhat improved, he returned to Pinckney Island, but not for duty. The company soon after left this post for Jenkins Island, practically a part of Hilton Head, and Capt. Butterfield (he had received a Captain's commission, dated 22 June) about the same time went home on a sick leave. He returned 2 Oct., by Steamer *Star of the South*, not much improved, and again took command of Co. K, relieving Lieut. S. M. Smith.

He resigned in March, 1863, after being fully satisfied that to continue longer in the climate would do him permanent injury; and he was honorably discharged by S. O. 128, D. S., 6 March. His company parted with him with regret, and his brother officers all remember him with pleasure. It was the writer's fortune, while he himself was sick, to be called upon for clerical work occasionally by Welbee J. Butterfield, which service brought him into close relationship with his superior officer: and he remembers him as a kind-hearted man, a gentleman and an officer, with all that those terms imply.

He has, since the war, resided mostly in Vermont; but in 1887 was at Dover, N. H.

NOTE.—Capt. Butterfield died at Dover, N. H., Saturday, 28 Nov. 1891, at the residence of his married daughter, Eliza B. George, on St. John Street. The funeral took place Tuesday, 1 Dec. 1891, at the residence of his daughter. Present: Maj. Trickey, who conducted the services, Comrades Hanlon, Richardson, Estes and Eldredge. The four latter (all of Co. K) acted as bearers. The interment was at Pine Hill Cemetery, Dover. Capt. Butterfield's wife died at Boston, Mass., in February, 1887, at the Massachusetts General Hospital, and was buried in the Pine Hill Cemetery. A son, George F., resides in Dover.

EDWIN N. BOWEN.

He was an original man of Co. I (Capt. Carlton), and went out as a private. At his first fight (16 June 1862) he was wounded slightly in one of his ribs. In August, while his company was on outpost, he was promoted to Corporal. We find him sick at Folly Island (and in hospital), and unable to participate in the 10 and 18 July 1863 fights. He rejoined his company some time in the latter part of that month. After the evacuation of Forts Wagner and Gregg, Bowen received a furlough (with others) for good conduct during the siege.

He re-enlisted, and went home again, returning therefrom in latter part of April, 1864. Meantime he had been successively promoted to Sergeant and to 1st Sergeant. At re-enlistment he was a Sergeant. He participated in all the actions in the Virginia campaign where the regiment took part. On 1 Sept. (front of Petersburg), he wrote in substance that he had been promoted to 1st Sergeant. Was then in command of the company and had been so for a week. The 2d Lieutenant had recently got back, but was sick most of the time. There were 55 men in the company—about 30 fit for duty. When the regiment went to Fort Fisher (January, 1865), Bowen, on landing, was, with others (Lieut. Hitchcock in command), put

on picket; and the detail was kept there three days and nights, till after the capture of the fort. When Lieut.-Col. Randlett joined (17 Feb. 1865), with a detachment left behind in Virginia, Bowen was the recipient of a 1st Lieutenant's commission in Co. K, to which he immediately went on duty. He did not get mustered till 6 May (as of 17 Feb.), and his commission was dated 4 Jan. 1865.

On 2 May, we find him on duty at Rose Hill (railroad duty) with about 40 men. Rose Hill is about five miles west of Magnolia. About one-half of the detail was stationed at a trestle two miles nearer Magnolia, under Bowen. He was at this place about six weeks. This substantially ends his service, so far as anything deserving of separate mention. The only important engagements he was not in were 10 and 18 July 1863, and 15 Jan. 1865.

He was born in Richmond, N. H., 14 Nov. 1843. Since the war he has resided at Fitzwilliam, N. H., where he is (1890) engaged in manufacturing. He attends the reunions quite regularly.

NOTE. — In September, 1892, Bowen (with Lieut. Parker and the writer) made a Southern trip, embracing the battle-fields of the regiment. Bowen, on 9 June 1864, when the regiment was near Petersburg, was the scout to survey the rebel line on behalf of the Third New Hampshire. He did so, advancing stealthily to and into an open field, where he crept up to a point from which he could see the rebel battery; and returning, reported to Lieut.-Col. Plimpton that he could see a strong work on very high ground, with five guns in sight. Ever since that time Bowen has had a great desire to stand again upon the same spot and see whether his report had been correct and whether his judgment as to the rebel battery's strength and position was based upon facts. He and the writer walked the parapet of the battery in September, 1892, and the writer made a plan (which see); and they also walked over much of the same ground that the regiment traversed on that day. Bowen is perfectly satisfied that his report and judgment were correct.

ANDREW J. H. BUZZELL.

Dr. Buzzell was born in New York City, 3 March 1831, but passed his boyhood days in Norfolk, Va. We next find him studying medicine, at Dover, N. H., with Dr. L. G. Hill, and graduating at Hanover in 1854. He soon afterward established himself in Dover, and became favorably known, both as an adept in the medical line and as a Christian gentleman.

He came to us in September, 1862, having been appointed to fill a vacancy (see Hospital Department). He was well received at the regiment — indeed, would have been so received anywhere; for in his presence, one felt at once that the Doctor was a superior man — and had plenty to do.

Our Surgeon (Moulton) was absent on sick leave, with indications that he would probably never return, and Dr. Eaton, Assistant Surgeon, was well-nigh worn out. Changes soon occurred by which Dr. Buzzell was made Surgeon of the regiment, ere he had been with us two months — in fact had obtained the position asked for by him (of Gov. Berry) before the Third New Hampshire had assumed shape.

His skill soon became known beyond the limits of our regiment; and if any case requiring consultation occurred, he was sent for, and actually did much service outside of the regiment, as will be seen later on. He was at Pocotaligo (October, 1862), and went to Florida with the lumber expedition (January, 1863). Early in June, 1863, he was appointed a member of a Medical Board (see G. O. 43, D. S.), and did good service upon it.

Upon our arrival at St. Helena, in June, 1863, where Strong's brigade was organized, Dr. Buzzell was appointed Medical Inspector for all the troops there.

In July, 1863, when the troops (Third New Hampshire included) went over to Morris Island, the Doctor was left at Folly Island with the sick (of all the troops). After matters got into shape there, he joined the regiment at Morris Island. Soon after the charge on Wagner, Dr. Buzzell was made Brigade Surgeon. Following closely upon this, he was made Chief Medical Officer of our Brigade (practically same as Brigade Surgeon) under Col. Guss.

Under the multiplicity of his cares and duties, and the unhealthy climate, Dr. Buzzell's health became considerably impaired, and a sick leave was granted him in September, 1863, from Morris Island. This was after the evacuation of Wagner. Previous to this, he had had special and almost sole charge of Gen. Gillmore, through a brief sickness, having one of our own hospital nurses (Murdough) to assist him. The Doctor accompanied the boat expedition to Gregg (5 Sept. 1863), and in fact was in great demand.

Having returned from his leave, we find him next prominent at the execution of Kendall of Co. G, on Morris Island, in December. Early in 1864 we find him busily engaged, in addition to his other duties, in examining those who re-enlisted. He accompanied the regiment to Florida in April, 1864; and with it he went to Virginia. Here his well-known skill was sought for, and he was, as before, in great demand, often having charge of the entire medical department of our corps. At one time he had charge of the Flying Hospital, and was the chief operator. Indeed, at one time during this campaign, he had charge of a hospital where the surgeons under him were his seniors in rank.

In August we find him a Hospital Inspector. Following closely upon the heels of this, we find him ordered North (started 12 Aug. 1864) to inspect the soldiers in hospitals, and order to the front such as in his judgment were fit for field service. While on this service, he made it convenient to meet the original men in Concord, whose terms expired in August, 1864. The meeting was mutually agreeable, for everybody loved the Doctor.

During some portions of the autumn he was Brigade Surgeon as well as Medical Director of the Corps.

Late in September we find him again at the front; and in October he was appointed Medical Inspector of the Tenth Army Corps. This position he continued to hold until the reorganization of the Corps (in December), when he was appointed Medical Inspector of the Twenty-fourth Army Corps. Upon the illness of Gen. Birney, Dr. Buzzell was selected to accompany him to his home in Philadelphia, where the General soon died.

It may be inferred that the duties of these outside positions entirely deprived the Third New Hampshire of his services; but this was not the fact. He found frequent opportunities to visit the regiment and consult with our surgeons and officers. When the second expedition to Fort Fisher was gotten up, in January, 1865, the Doctor was assigned to an important place, in charge of the hospital ship of the expedition. The campaign proved to be too arduous, however; for at Wilmington, N. C., he succumbed, dying at the residence of a Mrs. Walker, 28 March, of typho-malarial fever.

A letter from a lady who was with him during his last illness says: "For ten days he lay on his couch of illness; and from the first he felt that the end would be as it is. He was perfectly resigned. Day after day I took my Bible, at his request, and read to him some of his favorite Psalms."

An officer thus wrote: "Associated with him in the army for a considerable time, I had learned to love him dearly; and when I witnessed his noble, self-sacrificing charity in devoting his energies so earnestly to the welfare of the suffering prisoners who were then upon our hands at this place (Wilmington), I could not help feeling how good a man he was. It was in the discharge of his professional duties that he himself was taken sick. Suffice it to say, at present, that from the first he exhibited the sweetest and most holy trustfulness in God; and although it was painful, yet I could not help thinking how beautiful it was to see the strong man resting with such childlike confidence upon the bosom of his Heavenly Father."

Dr. Buzzell was yet a young man—only 34; and to pass away in the midst of his usefulness—to pass away when honors were actually being thrust upon him; to die when administering to others that they might live—was indeed sad. Our regiment mourned deep and long. His remains were sent to his home in Dover, N. H., where a Masonic funeral was held on 4 April, the ceremonies being very imposing, and the outburst of grief very general. By some singular but untoward circumstance no notice of the Doctor's demise preceded the arrival of the remains.

A fitting tribute to his worth was the conferring of a brevet, as Lieutenant-Colonel, for gallant and meritorious conduct at the storming of Fort Fisher, to rank from 13 March 1865 (Act of Congress).

The writer feels impressed to record one other phase of the Doctor's character. Upon the death of a soldier or officer, it frequently fell to the lot of the surgeon to communicate with the relatives of the deceased. Many a widow will have occasion to remember his letters to them, couched in the most beautiful language, and conveying a degree of sympathy and Christian consolation only such as he could thus convey.

EUGENE J. BUTTON.

He started as the 2d Corporal in Co. F. We find him promoted to Sergeant in July, 1862; and to 1st Sergeant 17 Oct., *vide* Stearns, commissioned. In anticipation of the receipt of his commission as 2d Lieutenant, to which he had been recommended, we find him acting as 2d Lieutenant and in charge of the guard, 1 June 1863, at Botany Bay Island. His commission arrived 26 June, at St. Helena; and he was mustered on the 29th, as of 24th, and assigned to his own company (F).

In the charge on Wagner, 18 July 1863, he received a severe wound in the hand. This wound was at the hands of some Regular artillerymen, while they were vainly attempting to prevent a retreat. He served through the siege, and in a creditable manner. On 25 Nov. he was appointed Boarding Officer in Light-House Inlet by the then Provost Marshal of Morris Island (Capt. Randlett, of our regiment). In January, 1864, he was again promoted, being mustered as 1st Lieutenant 20 Jan., and assigned to Co. I. He commanded Co. I while Capt. Houghton was at home with the re-enlisted men in March and April.

In the Virginia campaign, he was killed outright, during the terrible scenes of 16 May. At that time he had succeeded Capt. Ayer in command of Co. H (Ayer killed) and had only been with the company a short time (some say less than an hour) when he met his fate. (The writer succeeded Button in temporary command of Co. H that day.)

When Button went to war he left a wife (Sarah J.) and infant daughter (Cora L., born 20 May 1860). The widow yet survives, residing at 10 St. Charles street, Boston, Mass. The daughter, an invalid all her life, died 12 May 1880. (See main story, August, 1864, for resolutions on death of Ayer, Ela and Button.)

CHARLES S. BURNHAM.

He was the original 1st Lieutenant of Co. F (the Nashua company), with Capt. Randlett and Lieut. Marsh. He served with credit at James Island, 16 June 1862. About the middle of July, when Cos. E and I were doing provost duty at Hilton Head, he was sent to take command of the last-named company (Capt. Carlton killed; 1st Lieut. Thompson, Commissary; 2d Lieut. H. S. Dow being alone). Later, Lieut. Dow was ordered home on recruiting service. Burnham continued in command of Co. I till his commission arrived, say 16 Oct.; and luckily it was as Captain of Co. I: so he did not have to be shifted about. (No muster then required.) He continued as Captain of Co. I, and served with no other company during his service. He went with the expedition to Pocotaligo, 21 Oct. 1862, and also with the lumber expedition to Florida, in January, 1863. In March we find his company on outpost duty at Pope's Plantation (not Dr. Pope's), on Hilton Head; and the quartermaster and commissary stores were there. In May we find his company (with E) at Bay Point, under Maj. Plimpton. (Balance of regiment at Botany Bay Island.) He was detailed 1 July for general court-martial, to assemble the 3d, at St. Helena; but as the troops left the 4th, it is presumable the general court-martial didn't assemble at all.

Capt. Burnham was lucky enough to obtain a sick leave about this time, and left us 4 July for home, on the *Arago*. (Gen. Hunter and ex-Capt. Wilbur on board.) In this way he escaped the fighting on Morris Island and the siege of Wagner. He arrived back 6 Sept., the very day when the final preparations were made for the forlorn hope of next morning; but his health was such he was not able to go in the line for the expected assault, luckily averted by evacuation.

He resigned soon after this event (say 10 Sept.), though it was not accepted until December; and data shows he received his discharge 6 Dec., per S. O. 633, D. S. His departure from the regiment was regretted by all; for he was popular with officers and men. He has since the war located at Waltham, Mass., and holds an important position in the watch factory there. Capt. Burnham (as Lieutenant) commanded Co. D in the James Island fight (Capt. Dunbar sick), and he thinks he served with Co. F at Daufuskie, Bluffton and Pocotaligo.

CHARLES A. BURNHAM.

Dr. Burnham was an addition to our regiment and to its medical department. He was appointed from without the regiment, and under the W. D. order authorizing two assistant surgeons. We find he was a medical student at Harvard Medical College for two years prior to 1861. He was mustered 5 Nov. 1861, in the Second New Hampshire, as a recruit, and was assigned to Co. C; but was detailed at once for duty in the regimental hospital, where he served till latter part of December, 1862 (after battle of Fredericksburg, 13 Dec.) He was discharged from the Second soon after his appointment in the Third. His appointment dates 18 Nov.; and he was mustered as Assistant Surgeon, Third New Hampshire, 9 Jan. 1863, as of 6 Jan.

Dr. Burnham came to us in February, 1863, arriving at Hilton Head on the *Arago* on the 4th and reaching the regiment next day. (Maj. Randlett and the exchanged men of Co. H on same steamer.) He did efficient service at Morris Island throughout the siege, and accompanied the regiment to Florida in April, 1864. In the Virginia campaign, we find him much broken in health, though generally on duty; and he had plenty to do, as Dr. Buzzell was detached. He was at Chesapeake Hospital, sick, during the Drewry's Bluff battles; but was with us on 16 June. He went from camp 12 May, assisted by the Chaplain, to the landing. He had congestive chills and malarial fever. While at Chesapeake Hospital, Randlett, Copp and others arrived, wounded. On 16 June, though quite ill, he felt the importance of being with the regiment, and went; but did not go on the 9th and 25th. In the early part of July, however, he succumbed to the inevitable, and obtained a sick leave, going home on the 8th. On 15 Aug., at Dover, Dr. Burnham met Dr. Buzzell (on detached duty), and on same day started for the regiment, reaching it at midnight, 16th, after our bloody battle of that day. Dr. Burnham did all that could be done at that time, though all the more seriously wounded had been sent away to the hospitals. His health seemed broken,—at least there seemed no apparent gain in health; and though doing some duty, he was not considered on duty, but "sick in quarters." This state of things continued till the latter part of September, when the Doctor yielded to the advice of friends and requested to be discharged for disability. This was done by S. O. 261, Div. Hdqrs., 22 Sept. 1864, and came to hand next day.

The regiment lost a valuable man when Dr. Burnham left it. Though the connection was officially severed, yet the Doctor has been of great service to the boys since the war, in assisting them to obtain pensions. He has a remarkable memory, and with a few leading incidents as a basis he can recall almost every case of disease or wounds that came under his treatment or observation. This has been made use of in numberless instances; and in many cases where the evidence was supposed to be lost (*i.e.*, beyond proof), the Doctor has readily and cheerfully furnished the requisite link in the chain of evidence desired and required by the Pension Department. Many a pensioner of the Third New Hampshire will have good cause to long remember the genial doctor and his kindly and valuable service, both during and since the war.

Dr. Burnham was born in Pembroke, N. H., 30 March 1830.

He is now a practicing physician in Boston, Mass., and attended Col. Jackson in his last sickness, against which there was no remedy.

NOTE.—When the regiment left St. Helena for Folly, 4 July 1863, Dr. Burnham remained in charge of the sick of our regiment and of other regiments, and did not rejoin till after the charge on Wagner.

GEORGE B. BINGHAM.

Was a volunteer recruit of 1862, joining the regiment in September. He was at once detached as clerk in the General Hospital at Hilton Head and there remained till October, 1863 (regiment then on Morris Island). He was a nurse for part of the time named. He seemed particularly fitted for both positions. On his return to the regiment he was again detailed, and as clerk to the Provost Marshal, Capt. J. F. Randlett, of his own company (F). He continued on this duty till January, 1864, when he went on furlough. On his return he was made clerk at Regimental Headquarters (Maj. Plimpton then in command), and continued same till July, 1864.

When the 1861 men were mustered out (23 Aug.), he was made Commissary Sergeant, *vice* George H. Miner, though, as a matter of fact, Miner was not actually then discharged, but merely dropped from the rolls. Bingham was not long in the line of promotion ere he was commissioned, taking the place of Quartermaster Hynes, who had received an appointment of Captain and Assistant Quartermaster. Though Hynes left in September, Bingham was not mustered on his commission until 30 Nov., as of 16th, and his commission was dated 9 Nov. He continued in this position to the end.

In June, 1865, he had leave of absence by S. O. 84, D. N. C. This was probably about the middle of June, as we find that soon after the arrival of the regiment at Goldsborough (about 4 June 1865) he was appointed A. A. Q. M. and A. C. S. of the Post of Goldsborough (Col. Bedel, Comdr. Post).

Bingham returned from his leave (Scovell with him) 13 July 1865, and was with regiment thenceforward to the end. His whereabouts since the war is unknown, though in the fall of 1866 he was in Boston, with a watch company. He was born in Dunstable (now Nashua) 29 July 1837, and died 28 Jan. 1870, at Lowell, Mass. He left a wife, since re-married to Wm. Fish and (1890) residing at Athol, Mass.

D. ARTHUR BROWN.

Comrade Brown was born in Attleboro', Mass., 14 May 1839. Very early in life he evinced a decided love of music. At the time of his enlistment was Leader of the Fisherville Cornet Band, and with his band furnished the music at several war meetings. At an unusually enthusiastic meeting, addressed by the late Hon. A. S. Marshall, Brown decided to enlist, and did so next day. He was closely followed by six others of his band: H. F. Brown, S. F. Brown, J. C. Linchan (now Insurance Commissioner of New Hampshire), J. C. Mitchell, G. E. Flanders and Carl Krebs. These all became part and parcel of the Third New Hampshire Band.

In the formation of the band for the regiment, he was selected as the Second Leader, the commission reading: "... appoint you, the said David Arthur Brown, Second Leader of the Band in the Third Regiment of Volunteers." The commission was dated 2 Oct. 1861 (see note). He performed excellent service and was very popular.

After the discharge of the band, 1 Sept. 1862, he became the Leader of Brown's Band, and continued in that position for about fifteen years. This band was the finest in the State, and furnished music for New Hampshire Day at the Centennial (Phila., 1876), and for the Governor and Legislature of New Hampshire at the Bennington celebration, in 1877, and on other notable occasions.

In 1864 Brown became a partner in the firm of A. B. Winn & Co., iron founders and machinists. This was changed in 1865 to "D. Arthur Brown & Co.," and continued under that name to 1880, when a corporation was formed under the style of "The Concord Axle Co." Brown was made treasurer, and has so remained to the present time. The office held embraced the general management of the business. The "Concord Axle" is known all over the world. Brown travels among the purchasers of axles all over the United States, and is personally known to the trade from Maine to California. He is a member of the Carriage Builders' National Association.

From 1885 to the present time, Brown has faithfully served the veterans of the old Third Regiment as their secretary and treasurer at the Weirs. He is also the secretary of the First Veteran Band Association (since 1883). When the time seemed ripe for the erection of a building at the Weirs wherein the boys could gather comfortably year by year (instead of in tents), Brown was at the fore-front, acting as secretary and treasurer of the Building Committee. He not only induced others to contribute, but contributed liberally of his own substance. The building, of which Brown is also custodian, was dedicated 26 Aug. 1885. He has faithfully served the veterans; and a reunion without Brown's genial face would cause much comment. He resides in Penacook, formerly Fisherville.

NOTE. — His commission was not issued till after the issue of corresponding ones.

MICHAEL J. CONNOLLY.

He was the original 2d Sergeant of Co. C (Capt. Donohoe's company, Manchester). He was promoted to 1st Sergeant in August, 1863, when Sergt. John Kirwin was promoted to 2d Lieutenant. Early in August, 1863, we find him acting as 2d Lieutenant. He was an active participant throughout the siege of Wagner. In February, 1864, he received a 2d Lieutenant's commission, and was mustered into that grade on the 3d, as of 20 Jan. 1864, and to Co. B. In March, 1864, we find him with Co. C, though reported in B. This continued apparently through April (Florida campaign). At end of May he still appears on the rolls of B. He was in the Drewry's Bluff battles. At the end of July, we find him commanding Co. C, and near the close of August he is reported sick in quarters.

The probability is that the fight of 16 Aug., and the attending exposures, had been too much for his health, though we find him on duty again in and at end of September was commanding Co. C. Apparently he was not engaged in the Laurel Hill fight of 7 Oct.

He was discharged 19 Oct., at his own request, as of 16th, for expiration of (original) term by S. O. 153, C. 11dgrs., and started for home 20th (with Dodge). His failing health would not warrant his continuing in the service. He died at Manchester, N. H., 17 May 1876. He received a Gillmore Medal.

JAMES M. CHASE.

Chase was an original private in Co. B (Capt. Wilbur's company). Was afterward promoted to Corporal and as such re-enlisted for another three years, receiving the usual furlough. On the muster-out of the 1861 men he was made Sergeant.

He was fortunate in receiving a commission as 2d Lieutenant late in the war; but unfortunate as to time; for musters had ceased, the war being over. The commission was dated 15 May, in Co. I. He was discharged 7 July, at Goldsborough, N. C., for disability (epilepsy). He received a Gillmore Medal.

At this writing (1890) he is a resident of Manchester, N. H. He was born in New London, N. H., 19 Feb. 1837.

ELBRIDGE J. COPP.

Was an original private in Co. F, and was apparently one of the youngest in the regiment. In fact his face indicated less years than the registry of his birth. This peculiarity — a happy one, by the way — still follows him. We find him clerking for Adjt. Hill, from Concord to the promotion of Sergt.-Maj. Jackson to 2d Lieutenant, when he was made Sergeant-Major, having learned the duties while clerking. This was in the latter part of January, 1862. In January, 1863, he was promoted to 2d Lieutenant

of B, Dodge of D taking his place. In May we find him Acting Adjutant under Lieut.-Col. Bedel, at Botany Bay Island (Col. Jackson being in command of the Post, and Adjt. Libby, Post Adjutant). On the reuniting of the regiment at St. Helena, he was again Acting Adjutant, *vice* Libby, on Gen. Strong's Staff.

On 2 July 1863 he appears as attached to Co. H, but Acting Adjutant of the regiment; and he continued as such until August, when he was commissioned Adjutant (*vice* Libby, killed 18 July), except at such times as he was too ill to attend to his duties. These were more or less frequent, as his health seemed at this time (*i.e.*, during the summer) almost broken. He was with the regiment, 10 July, at capture of Morris Island, and also on the day of the charge on Fort Wagner, 18 July. On this latter occasion, however, he ought to have been in his tent or at the hospital. He decided to go as long as his legs did not refuse; and he stayed with the regiment that day, behind the sand hills, up to about the middle or latter part of the afternoon, and an hour or two prior to the order to "forward." At this time he "gave out" entirely, and by leave of Col. Jackson returned to the camp, assisted by Woodbury Berry of Co. B; and the regiment, so far as is known, went into this remarkable fight without an adjutant or one acting in that capacity, except that it may be said that Sergt.-Maj. Dodge filled the bill. Copp was brave, plucky and iron-willed; but he had to succumb. He did the very best that any man could do, and got as near the fight of that night as his condition would admit. It may be well to here insert that no one casts the slightest reflection on Copp for that night; for his fighting qualities had been previously determined. Copp continued sick, but did not go to hospital or leave the island all through July.

He got his commission as Adjutant about 21 Aug., and was mustered as of 20 July. He still continued sick; and on 1 Oct. obtained a 20 days' leave, within the Department, and went to St. Augustine, Fla., whither all officers and soldiers were then to go for health. From this leave he returned 19 Oct., reassuming his duties the 21st.

When the re-enlisted men went North on their furloughs, Adjt. Copp was one of the lucky officers to be ordered North with them. From this duty (!) he rejoined at Gloucester Point, Va., 28 April 1864, just prior to the inauguration of the Virginia campaign. At Alexandria, Va., on the way back with the re-enlisted men, Copp was made Acting Assistant Adjutant-General on Col. Louis Bell's Provisional Brigade Staff, temporarily formed there. Copp got hurt the very first day (13 May) of the Drewry's Bluff fights, and was conveyed from the field (Maj. Randlett with him) in an ambulance, driven by a colored man (see Randlett's Personal). He reached Chesapeake Hospital on the 15th, and arrived back 24 June, having had leave of absence 30 days from hospital. He was, apparently, not wholly recovered from his wounds; for at the end of July he was again reported sick in quarters. Copp was again wounded at Flusser's Mills, 16 Aug. (when so many officers were wounded), and was again conveyed to Chesapeake Hospital (Capt. Wadlia, Lieut. White and the writer were there). From the hospital he was granted leave of absence, and while at home received his discharge, for expiration of (original) term, 21 Nov., by S. O. 409, W. D., as of 16 Oct.

Copp is credited with "gallantry" at Bluffton, in that he was of the small party that captured the rebel pickets; and, being a little in advance of his comrades, he shouted the glad tidings of arrival in the words "Halt! Surrender!" It appears that the rebels at first decided to fire and had brought their pieces to their shoulders. Copp was persistent, and even went so far as to aim his revolver at them; and Copp's comrades having raised their pieces, too, in a few minutes they surrendered, without firing a gun. The revolver proved afterwards to have been wet and consequently worthless.

His wound of 16 Aug. 1864 was caused by a ruthless bullet, breaking two of his lower ribs and thence passing through the upper part of his liver and continuing through the lining of the intestines, reaching the open air quite near the back-bone. Copp lay in the hospital tent, on the bank of the James River, among the fatal cases, supposably not worth removing to

hospital. In three days, however, at the solicitation of Capt. Randlett and others, through Gen. Terry, Copp was sent to the Chesapeake Hospital at Fort Monroe, reaching there 20 Aug.

He was born in Warren, N. H., 22 July 1844; and so well has he retained his youth, that a stranger seeing him in 1890 would hardly believe it possible that he "fit in the war."

At the very close of the war, he was tendered a 1st Lieutenant's commission in Hancock's corps of veterans, notice of the same coming to hand on the particular day that Lee surrendered. It was, of course, declined.

Since the war, Adjt. Copp has taken an active interest in the State Militia, and has been (1890) for ten years actively connected with it, being Colonel of the Second Regiment for five years. Since 1879 he has held the office of Register of Probate for Hillsboro' County, and is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. He serves in all these positions with dignity and credit.

RUFUS F. CLARK.

Was born in Dover, N. H., 23 Sept. 1831. When a young man he was attached to the Dover Artillery. There he got his first taste of military life. On removing, later, to Manchester, N. H., he joined the old City Guard, in which he was for several years a Sergeant.

The opening of the war found Clark a mechanical engineer of repute—in fact, he had just returned from China, whither he had been on a special mission. The excitement of the period had its effect, and he enlisted in the Second New Hampshire for three months and was made 1st Sergeant. He went to Portsmouth with the Manchester recruits, say about one hundred. Soon after arrival there, the Second was changed from a three months to a three years regiment; and each of the men already enlisted was given the option, either to enlist for three years or serve out the three months at Portsmouth (presumably at Fort Constitution). Clark decided not to go forward on the three years basis, because the opportunities were at hand for something a little more flattering. Through Gov. Berry, Clark and others were discharged, and Clark returned to Manchester and proceeded to settle his business affairs and to recruit for the Third New Hampshire. On his return from Portsmouth he found the first Abbott Guards had already left for the Second New Hampshire, under Capt. Bailey; and a second Abbott Guards had been formed by John Bixby. The captaincy of the new military company was offered to Clark, and accepted by him; but on the basis, on both parts, that the company was intended for war and at once. There were about 60 in all. Capt. Clark secured a large majority of them as recruits for the Third New Hampshire; and these became Co. A.

He was a happy man when, on that bright day in August, 1861 (the 13th), he reported at the State House, to Gov. Berry, with a full company. "Here we are, Governor. What would 'st thou?" said he, or words to that effect. Well might he be proud; for no other full company thus reported. The company was full then, but never afterward (*i.e.*, in number); though in the vulgar sense of the word it was full many times. In this essential particular it did not differ to any appreciable degree from other companies.

In his great desire to advance the cause and fill up his company, he, like many another recruiting officer of that period, promised more than could be fulfilled, and more than any law warranted. The *Manchester Mirror* of 10 Aug. 1861 contained a flaming advertisement, to which was appended the name of Capt. Rufus F. Clark, offering "160 acres of land and \$100 in money" to recruits! This was simply mistaken zeal, or zeal mistaken. The Captain has long since been forgiven, and also has been absolved from the promise. He was at muster-in made second in rank among the captains, gracefully giving way to Plimpton, who was his senior in years. Having been mustered in, we find the act closely followed (24 Aug.) by the presentation to him of a sword, belt and sash, by his company. This was a pleasant surprise and duly appreciated.

We next note Capt. Clark at Annapolis, where he was appointed Harbor Master by Gen. Sherman in his own handwriting, 14 Oct. The transport fleet was assembling, and it was necessary to coal, etc., for the voyage (duration, destination, purpose, etc., unknown to ordinary mortals). Capt. Clark was assigned one of the smaller steamers as a "flag-ship"; and he steamed hither and thither among the various transports, giving instructions, etc. "This is all very well," thought some of those old salted sons of salted seas; but "we don't take orders from a land lubber." Land lubber, indeed! Capt. Clark's spirit was up in arms at once. Being duly appointed by a real general, and the precious document in his pocket, he did n't propose to arrange for terms. It must be a complete surrender, or nothing. The captain of the — (transport) was one of the demurrers. Capt. Clark concluded he'd see Gen. Sherman, just for a moment, to see how strong a backing could be relied on. Gen. Sherman, with several of his peculiarly arranged oaths as prefixes, said in substance: "Wait a moment, Captain: I'll scratch off a bit of a line to be shown to these sons of Neptune, and bring him [or them] ashore in irons, if they don't then surrender." Capt. Clark steamed away again; and, presenting the letter and the dread alternative as a complement, the desired result was reached. It appears that the Quartermaster of the Expedition, Capt. Saxton, was absent in New York for the time being, and those captains did n't like to take orders from any one else, he having chartered the vessels.

We do not hear from him again till after the regiment was duly installed in its new Southern camp at Hilton Head. There we find (about 16 Dec. 1861) that Co. A again presented Capt. Clark with a sword, the presentation being by Private H. W. Banfill, who was discharged for disability about that date.

On 2 Jan., Capt. Clark was (with others) ordered North on recruiting service, and turned over the company and its property to 1st Lieut. A. H. Libby on that date. The party sailed next day on the *Irago*. Inasmuch as it is the object of the writer to give the reader a slight insight into the various branches of service, the occasion will be made use of to give data concerning the Recruiting Service.

Capt. Clark and party arrived at Concord, 9 Jan. 1862, reporting to Lieut.-Col. Seth Eastman (who had mustered in the regiment), First U. S. Infantry, Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service for New Hampshire. Capt. Clark was at once (same day) ordered to proceed to Laconia, N. H., and open a recruiting office; and Sergt. Morrill and Corpl. Goodwin were ordered to go with him. On 4 Feb. he was ordered to discontinue recruiting for other regiments, but refuse none who offered themselves. On 1 March he was ordered to break up his office at Laconia (it not proving a good field) and proceed to Manchester and open an office there. 3 March, was ordered to recruit no more under 18 years of age, not even for musicians. 3 April, ordered to discontinue enlistments and break up, turning over flag and halliards to Quartermaster at Concord, and report with party and recruits at Concord. 15 April, the party apparently arrived at Concord, as the flags, etc., were turned in on that day. 4 May, the party arrived at the regiment (at Edisto), with 16 recruits (see main story).

Capt. Clark at once relieved Lieut. Maxwell, who had been temporarily in command of Co. A for a few days (since 1st Lieut. Libby went on leave), and received the company's property from 2d Lieut. Hynes, who had had it since Libby's departure.

During Capt. Clark's absence, the regiment had been to Elba and Daufuskie Islands, to Bluffton and to Jehossee Island. When the regiment left Edisto for James Island, 1 June, Capt. Clark was left behind with the other sick (Ayer. T. M. Jackson and others). Lieut. Maxwell was with the company in crossing John's Island. 10 June, Capt. Clark arrived at James Island (with others) from Edisto.

On 15 June (day before battle), he is mentioned in diaries as on picket with four companies, acting as Major. He was in the flight of next morning, in command of his own company, and had 1st Lieut. Hynes with him. He acquitted himself well in his first engagement.

He was ordered on general court-martial duty 24 June, by Gen. Wright's S. O. 27. At Pocotaligo (22 Oct.), he was present with his company and regiment.

At Hilton Head, 7 Jan. 1863, he was ordered on general court-martial duty by Gen. Terry, Commanding Post (S. O. 122), in place of Capt. Randlett, who had, several days prior, gone on leave. From this he was relieved 15 Feb. by the dissolution of the court (S. O. 188, Terry). During January, he served on a Board of Claims (apparently sutlers' cases). The most noted of the cases "tried" was that of Schooner *Jessie A. Woodhouse*, and is worthy of mention here. It appears that this schooner arrived at Port Royal 13 May 1862, and was seized (reason not apparent, but possibly because it was a pirate!) about 29 May. The sales at that time were about \$500 per day, and at a profit of from 100 to 200 per cent. The contestant was—Atwood; and he wanted damages. Result of contest unknown, and not material to this history. When the seven companies were on outpost at Pinckney Island, Spring of 1863, Capt. Clark's wife came to visit him. Indeed, there were several officers' wives about at the same time (see main story).

Capt. Clark went, on 15 March, from Pinckney Island in command of detachments of A and F, in boats, on a reconnoissance up May River. This was probably in search of information. No casualties.

At Botany Bay Island, latter part of May (eight companies there), Capt. Clark engineered the building of a wharf. He occasionally drilled the regiment and occasionally was in command of it temporarily, being the ranking captain. He was with his company in the actions of 10 July 1863 (taking lower end of Morris Island), and in the memorable charge of 18 July, on Wagner. In the latter action, the gallant Captain, while in the thick of the fight, was struck on his belt or belt plate diagonally, facing him about in "one time and one motion."

It is said that he swore some; but the air was so sulphurous and noisy that night, the recording angel could not have distinguished it. A more or less severe pain in his diaphragmic region was the result (lucky dog that he was, to not get killed outright!) Immediately following this, the call for special detail of officers and men to go North for the to-be-conscripted conscripts was made, and Capt. Clark was selected to be one of the party from the regiment (see main story for list). This was 23 July 1863. The party reached Concord about 28 July. As soon as matters were gotten into shape (*i.e.*, the new camp completed), he was placed in command of the various detachments from New Hampshire regiments, called for convenience "Garrison Co. D," and composed principally of sergeants and corporals. The officers of the details were not considered as belonging to this *quasi* company. Capt. Clark had to do for these men just the same as for a regularly organized company in the field. They had to be fed, clothed, armed, paid, tented. The first issue to these men (from Third, Fourth, Seventh, Tenth and Fourteenth regiments), appears to have been on 21 Aug. In August, 1863, he drew 100 rounds of buck and ball cartridges—to pepper the "bounty jumpers" who should have the temerity to climb the high, surrounding fence of law and order and thereby appear to be trying to defraud the government they had sworn to defend.

On 4 Nov. Gen. Hincks, commanding the Rendezvous, by S. O. 75, ordered Capt. Clark, with an officer, two sergeants, two corporals and a guard of 30 men and 20 officers, to proceed at 9 A.M. on the morrow, with 160 recruits for the Seventh New Hampshire, in the Department of the South, *via* Long Island, Boston Harbor, thence by water, etc., and then to return to Concord. Though ordered to return to Concord, he did not do so, and for the following reason: The three detachments of recruits, for Third, Fourth and Seventh New Hampshire, arrived in the Department together (as one), under Col. Donohoe of the Tenth New Hampshire. No sooner did it appear that certain officers were in the Department, belonging to it, than Gen. Gillmore seized (?) them and forbade their return to the North. He contended that he was short of officers, and his action a military necessity. Capt. Clark thereupon took command of Co. A.

When Col. Donohoe (see main story) was relieved of the command of the regiment (28 Nov.), Capt. Clark, being the ranking Captain (not only present but in the regiment), assumed the command (*i.e.* six companies, the others on provost duty under Capt. Randlett), and he thus remained in command till 14 Dec., when he resigned. He was honorably discharged by Maj.-Gen. Gillmore's S. O. 648, D. S. He left the regiment soon after, going home on the *Arago* or *Fulton*.

It would appear that when he went North in July, 1863, there was not sufficient time to turn over the company property to his successor; and he himself had to make returns for the whole period. It also appears that whoever had the actual command of the company during at least a portion of the time was not quite satisfied with that arrangement; and a Board of Survey was ordered, 22 Oct., to make an inventory of the company property, as found to be on hand; and this was used for a basis for "returns" by the actual commander of the company. Thus there were two sets of returns for the same company for a certain period. (This is given to create sympathy for the overworked clerks and auditors at Washington.) This complexity prevented Capt. Clark from receiving, promptly, final pay; and it was not till March or April, 1864, that the Department at Washington became satisfied and removed the embargo.

After the war, Capt. Clark was for the greater part of the time in Boston, Mass. He died at Roxbury, Mass., 19 Oct. 1892, at 8 Elmore Street; and the funeral services were held at that place. The body was sent to Sandwich, N. H., for interment. He left a widow, but no children. The widow resides at 290 Dudley street, Roxbury, Mass. Capt. Clark was a member of Lafayette Lodge, F. and A. M., and of Dahlgren Post 2, G. A. R. of Boston.

WALTER CODY.

He was the original 2d Lieutenant of Co. C, of Manchester. A printed order issued in August, 1861, at Concord, placed him as 1st Lieutenant (see Robt. H. Allen's Personal Sketch). At the battle of Secessionville, 16 June, he served temporarily with Co. G, and was wounded in left thigh. This ended his service with the regiment. He never saw it more. He was sent to Hilton Head, to General Hospital, and a few days later went North, to Bedloe's Island, New York Harbor. Soon as able, he was sent home on sick leave, and there remained till discharge.

He was promoted to 1st Lieutenant in September, 1862, and was assigned to Co. C, though yet absent (wounded). He entered the Massachusetts General Hospital for treatment, 2 Dec. 1862, and was discharged therefrom 14 March 1863. During his stay there in December, 1862, he received his discharge from the service, by S. O. 369, W. D., 29 Nov., to date 15 Nov. (as 1st Lieutenant).

In 1864 we find him as 1st Lieutenant in the Twenty-second Regiment, Veteran Reserve Corps. This was organized at Washington, D. C., 12 Jan. 1864, by consolidating the 74th, 91st, 122d, 126th, 130th, 134th, 175th, 183d, 184th and 192d companies of the First Battalion. He was transferred from this to the 82d Co. of the Second Battalion, 26 March. This company was formerly known as Co. G, Twenty-second Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, and was organized at Washington, D. C., in August, 1863, and was consolidated with the 86th Co. of the Second Battalion on 29 July 1865. Cody was transferred, on 4 May 1864, to the 149th Co. of the Second Battalion. This company was organized 26 Jan. 1864; and the enlisted men were mustered out 30 June 1865 and 29 July 1865. Cody resigned 30 Nov. 1864 (as 1st Lieutenant).

These details are given for a purpose — in the main, to show the vicissitudes of the Veteran Reserve Corps. Walter Cody was beloved and respected by his fellow officers and the men of his company. Cody served in the Veteran Reserve Corps: at Clefbourne Barracks, Washington, D. C.; Fairfax Seminary Hospital, Va.; Nashville, Tenn.

Since the war he has resided at Manchester, N. H., and the larger part of the time in business as a dealer in clothing. He was born in Ireland, 24 Dec. 1837.

WILLIAM H. CORNELIUS.

He started as 1st Lieutenant of Co. D, having earned the position by assisting largely in getting up the company. During parts of March and April, 1862, he had charge of a special detail of men at Seabrook, Hilton Head Island, teaching them the use of boats and how to handle them. The entire detail was relieved 3 April 1862. He participated in the battle of James Island, 16 June 1862, and in a creditable manner. Shortly after, he was sent North with a detail on recruiting service (see Recruiting Service). We find him at his recruiting duties at Claremont, N. H., during August, 1862. On 24 Dec. 1862, he started to return to the regiment (Lient. Place with him) reaching it 9 Jan. 1863, by Steamer *Star of the South*. His health had, however, been very poor all this time, and he did not tarry long, being discharged 14 March 1863, by S. O. 143, D. S. He had made many friends and was missed. We find him as 1st Lieutenant in the Nineteenth Regiment, Veteran Reserve Corps, which was organized at Washington, D. C., 12 Jan. 1864, by the consolidation of the 38th, 72d, 79th, 85th, 108th, 115th, 194th, 196th, 197th and 198th companies of the First Battalion, Veteran Reserve Corps. The enlisted men of this regiment were mustered out at different dates, from 13 July to 16 Nov. 1865. Cornelius (1st Lieutenant) was transferred, 12 April 1864, to the Twenty-third Regiment, Veteran Reserve Corps. The 23d was organized 12 Jan. 1864, by consolidating the 77th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 121st, 125th, 143d, 155th, 162d and 191st companies of the First Battalion. The enlisted men were mustered out at different dates, 1 July to 5 Dec. 1865. His appointment was 23 Oct. 1863. He died in the service as 1st Lieutenant, of disease, at New Orleans, La., 13 Sept. 1867. He was born in Portsmouth, N. H., 21 Aug. 1825. A daughter lives (1890) in that city.

JOHN CLARK.

He was a substitute recruit, arriving at regiment, at Laurel Hill, 1 Jan. 1865. He was assigned to Co. F, and was one of the very few of his class receiving promotions. A Sergeant's warrant was bestowed on him 15 Feb. 1865: so it is to be presumed he was doing well as a soldier. Again, when Swallow, the Quartermaster-Sergeant, was mustered out in June, 1865, Clark was promoted to his place, dating 1 July 1865. This position he held to the end. Whereabouts since war is unknown.

RALPH CARLTON.

He was the first Captain of Co. I.—a fine-looking fellow, with flowing, black beard, clear, black eyes, and black hair. He was about 30 years of age when he entered the army, and was from Farmington, N. H., where he recruited some 25 or more men for the regiment. He was a popular man, not only at home, but in the regiment as well. Was the leader of the Farmington Cornet Band when he left for the war. His military career was short, as will be seen. His 1st Lieutenant (Thompson) did no duty whatever in the company, being detailed to issue the rations to the regiment. The duties of the officers all devolved upon two—Capt. Carlton and 2d Lieut. Smith.

In March, 1862, Capt. Carlton, having become sick, obtained a 60 days' leave (Sherman's S. O. 123, 14 March). He turned over the company property and the command to 1st Lieut. Emmons of Co. G, on the 15th, and next day started for home on the old *Atlantic*. After staying at home, nursing up his health and being somewhat improved, he started back, taking the Steamer *Oriental*, which was shipwrecked off Hatteras. Capt. Carlton and, presumably, all the other passengers were saved by another steamer then bound North; and he concluded to again return home, arriving there the latter part of May. He soon started back and reached the regiment, on James Island, but a short time before the fight of 16 June, and resumed his command, relieving Lieut. Emmons, who returned to Co. G.

It is said he went into the James Island fight with misgivings. Be that as it may, the gallant Captain was mortally wounded in the thick of the fight by a shot, which tore away a part of his thigh and rendered amputation necessary, but of no avail. A memorandum says: "Taken from the field by Atherton and Linchan." The former was of Co. I. and the latter of the Band. The useless leg was amputated at the hip, and everything was done to alleviate his sufferings and save his life; but to no purpose. He died about 11 A.M., and in the arms of John C. Linchan (now, 1890, of Penacook, N. H.), and while the tender-hearted Chaplain (Hill) was bathing his forehead. His body was taken to Hilton Head and buried, and soon afterward exhumed, placed in a metallic casket, and sent North in charge of Musician Flanders of the Band. One account says the body was buried at Hilton Head (if so, in our regimental cemetery) for about two weeks before being sent North, and taken up by A. D. Scovell and three others of Co. I. (Scovell was afterward Hospital Steward, and now, 1890, of Manchester, N. H.)

Sad and solemn were the funeral services, which took place at Farmington, N. H., 6 July. The ceremonies were held in the Freewill Baptist Church. The following organizations were present and participated in the last sad rites: Strafford Guards of Dover; Farmington Cornet Band; Masonic bodies: several representatives of the Grand Lodge; Morning Star Lodge, Wolfboro; Unity Lodge, Wakefield; ——— Lodge, Great Falls; Humane Lodge, Rochester; Strafford Lodge, Dover; Fraternal Lodge, Farmington (of which Capt. Carlton was a member); Firemen: Hercules Co., Farmington; Cochecho, ——— and Tiger Cos., Rochester. These, with the mourners, relatives and citizens, numbering several hundred, formed a procession, led by Hon. James H. Edgerly of Rochester, who acted as Chief Marshal. The services comprised reading and prayer by Rev. J. M. Palmer (Congregationalist), address by Rev. Mr. Trefren (Methodist), benediction by Rev. T. G. Salter (Episcopal) of U. S. Navy. The hymns were read by Rev. Ezekiel True. The Masonic ceremony at the grave was under the direction of Past Master A. M. Wrin. The final prayer was by Chaplain Salter.

These particulars are given for two reasons: First, because of their value for future reference; and second, because they prove the magnitude of the loss and the great respect which those had for Capt. Carlton who knew him best. He left a widow and children.

MICHAEL P. DONLEY.

Donley was one of the original members of Co. E (Capt. Plimpton), and was mustered with that company as its wagoner. He didn't do very much "wagoning": for our teams got only as far as Long Island, and Donley himself was made a Corporal 27 Sept. 1861, at Washington. Changes during the early part of the war among the non-coms. were not very numerous, and Donley didn't get a sergeantcy till November, 1862, though there is no doubt he deserved it. He was on duty every day, almost without interruption. In the Morris Island siege, we find him detailed on special duty with the sharpshooters; and no doubt he made his mark there. On 4 Oct. 1863,—almost a month after the evacuation of Wagner,—the sharpshooters were disbanded, which sent Donley back to his company. He re-enlisted with the others, and had his furlough.

He was a lively participant in the Drewry's Bluff engagements; and, shortly after (20 May 1864), was made 1st Sergeant of his company. The activities of the campaign, with attendant casualties, soon gave Donley another upward movement; and we find him mustered as 2d Lieutenant of Co. C on 16 July, as of 12 July, his commission being dated 21 June. About this time Donley was taken sick, and was sent to the regimental hospital at Bermuda Hundred (a mile in rear of camp). He was treated there by Dr. Buzzell, then on Butler's Staff, and rejoined 1 Aug. He started with the regiment for the August actions against the recommendation of Dr. Kimball. On 16 Aug., when so many officers (as well as men) were killed

and wounded, Donley was struck by a spent bullet in his right side. It is probable that Donley took command of Co. E directly after the 16 Aug. fight, as the three officers of the company—Wadlia, Eldredge and Atherton—were all wounded.

Upon the going home of the 1861 men, Donley was assigned to the command of Co. E, and remained with that company for a considerable time, including the service of the regiment at Petersburg, and the actions at Chatlin's Farm, Darbytown Road, Laurel Hill and New Market Road.

In the Fort Fisher expedition and fight, Donley commanded Co. E (and C), and continued in command (except as noted hereafter) of that company to the end, doing good service at Sugar Loaf Hill (11 Feb. 1865) and Wilmington (22 Feb.). He was mustered on 24 Feb. as 1st Lieutenant Co. C (assigned to E), his commission dating 28 Oct. 1864. Again, he was commissioned as Captain, and mustered 19 May 1865, as of 25 April, his commission dating 6 April, and entered on his duties as Captain 26 April. At Wilmington he was again sick, with chills and fever.

From Wilmington large details were sent out to guard the railroad at different important points. Donley at one time, and for several days, had charge of a detail of about 60 men at Magnolia (Capt. Grant, of and with Sixth Connecticut, detailed there, too).

Upon the removal of regiment to Goldsborough, 4 June, Capt. Donley was appointed Provost Marshal of the Post by Col. Bedel, who commanded the Post by virtue of his rank. In this special duty, Capt. Donley did himself great credit; for the duties were multifarious and perplexing, requiring great and cool judgment; and he possessed the necessary qualifications. Just how long he held the position we are unable to say; but our data places him on duty, 13 July, as General Officer of the Day, showing he had been relieved as Provost Marshal.

He came home with the regiment; and having considerable clerical ability, he assisted largely in making out the final muster-out rolls. As he got his final discharge on 1 Aug. 1865, Capt. Donley claims four years service, having enlisted on that particular date in 1861; and this just claim is far above the average. He was a good soldier, a good officer, brave, popular and a jovial good fellow.

Since the war, we find him at New Ipswich, N. H., where he has been Commander of the Herman Shedd Post, No. 27, G. A. R.; also Chief of Police, and a prominent citizen generally. He goes to nearly all the reunions at Weirs, and not only enjoys himself but contributes to the enjoyment of others. The writer is under obligations to him for assistance in the preparation of this work, in furnishing much important data.

He was born at Trim, County Meath, Ireland, 29 Sept. 1837.

MICHAEL T. DONOHOE.

He was the first Captain of Co. C, recruited at Manchester, and took a prominent part in getting up the company. With the assistance of Lieuts. Allen and Cody, he kept his company well in hand, both as regards discipline and efficiency. Donohoe's company produced more wags than all the rest and residue of the regiment, and Donohoe himself was very near the head of the list. He was also ably assisted by his brother Joe, who was Orderly Sergeant.

We find him, early in January, 1862, sitting on a court-martial at Hilton Head; and it is to be presumed he did not favor quartering a man for some trivial offence. For a short time, say latter part of January and first part of February, 1862, there were 40 of his company detailed as a sort of body-guard to Gen. Sherman. This detail was substantially under Capt. Donohoe's charge, but lasted for a short time only—a few days, really. At Secessionville, 16 June 1862, Capt. Donohoe led his company into this maiden engagement and did himself credit. In July, 1862, while the regiment was scattered among several plantations (Co. C at Spanish Wells), Capt. Donohoe was offered and accepted the position of Colonel of the Tenth New Hampshire, a new regiment then forming and composed wholly of Irishmen. During the latter part of July he left us, resigning for the purpose stated. (Lieut. Fogg of B succeeded him.) He left with many regrets.

His commission as Colonel of the Tenth New Hampshire dates 6 Aug. 1862; and he soon after left New Hampshire with his regiment for Virginia. His regiment being stationed, in September, 1863, at or near Norfolk, Va. [Col. Steere's brigade. — D.E.], and Col. Jackson happening to meet our (now Col.) Donohoe there (Col. Jackson being on duty with conscripts — from Concord to Tenth New Hampshire), he at once enlisted Col. Jackson's kindly offices in obtaining for him what was then hard to secure — a leave of absence. Col. Jackson very kindly presented the claims of Col. Donohoe to Gen. Steere, and the desired leave was obtained. To make sure of it, Donohoe took a small tug and went to Fort Monroe, to obtain the final signatures required. Donohoe was nothing if not full of expedients to accomplish his desires. It is said that at one time (date unknown) he was sent for, to appear at headquarters to be censured for some shortcoming; and no sooner had he got within the tent of his superior, than he began bantering him to trade watches; and ere long actually swapped time-pieces, and had taken leave before the aforesaid superior thought of the reprimand; — but it was then too late.

When his leave expired, having a great desire to stay North for domestic reasons, he was at his own solicitation ordered to duty at the Draft Rendezvous, Concord, N. H.; and being the ranking officer at the camp, he took command, 1 Oct. 1863, relieving Lieut.-Col. Hapgood, Fifth New Hampshire. At this place matters were too tame for Michael T., and he was sent to the front with a detachment of substitute recruits. They happened to be destined for the Third, Fourth and Seventh regiments, Department of the South; and Donohoe and his squad arrived at the Third New Hampshire, on Morris Island, 16 Nov. (Hazen of E, Hitchcock of I, Jackman of F and Capt. Clark were with him). Col. Donohoe was warmly welcomed, by his old comrades in arms; also by Gen. Gillmore, who at once (19 Nov.) put him in command of the Third New Hampshire. It must be remembered that Col. Jackson was in New Hampshire, Lieut.-Col. Bedel was a prisoner of war, and a part of the regiment was on provost duty. The six companies (A, C, D, E, G and K) constituted Donohoe's command. He chafed under it. He wanted to return to his regiment. His orders were to return to Concord after delivering the recruits; but Gen. Gillmore had exercised his military prerogative and *seized* him while within his Department. He not only chafed under this restraint, but got exasperated as well, and went so far as to covertly compare dates of commission with other Colonels on the island, to find a loop-hole. He was finally relieved on 28 Nov., by Capt. Clark, though he did not actually leave the island for the North till 6 Dec. He did but little further service at Concord.

We find him in action with his regiment 29 Sept. 1864. He was wounded and had a horse shot from under him, while in command of the skirmish line. This was at Fort Harrison. Later, on the same day, we find his brigade commander (Gen. Burnham) killed, and our hero succeeding him in this important position. His regiment was armed (as was the Third New Hampshire) with Spencer carbines.

In January, 1865 (dating the 18th), Col. Donohoe was discharged for disability while absent, and (presumably) under authority of the same order which caused the discharges of Capt. Houghton and Lieut. Hazen of Third New Hampshire. The order thus discharging him was revoked by S. O. 100, W. D. A brevet, as Brigadier-General of Volunteers, was conferred upon him by Congress, dating 13 March, 1865, for "gallant conduct in the field."

He was mustered out (as Colonel) 21 June, 1865. Since the war he has been employed by the Concord R.R. as conductor; afterwards by the Boston & Lowell R. R. as Station Agent in Boston. Since then, he has been local agent in Boston for one or more Western railroads.

At this writing (1890) he is Secretary of the Board of Directors of Public Institutions in Boston — a very important position, requiring a high degree of efficiency.

He is highly esteemed as an entertainer at camp-fires, as what he lacks (if any) in imagination is largely recompensed by his unbounded store of wit and his genial manner. He was born at Lowell, Mass., 22 Nov. 1838.

JOSEPH J. DONOHUE.

He was the original 1st Sergeant of Co. C (his brother, Michael T., being Captain). Joe, as he was popularly called, was not far below his Captain in the list of wits, and was really a very bright and pleasant fellow. He was not so punctilious as some, but managed very well to take care of his part of the company duties.

In September, 1862, he was commissioned as 2d Lieutenant, dating back to June, and was again promoted to 1st Lieutenant in March, 1863. He did not remain long thereafter with the Third New Hampshire, but left it on the following month, having been tendered the Adjutancy of the Tenth New Hampshire, the new Irish regiment, of which his brother had been made Colonel. He left us 15 April 1863.

Of his subsequent career, it is sufficient to say that he was appointed Adjutant of the Tenth New Hampshire 7 May 1863; was wounded in action 3 June 1864; and severed his connection with the regiment 28 April 1865.

Born 9 June 1842, at Lowell, Mass. Died of quick consumption, 29 Sept. 1873, at St. John's Hospital, in his native city.

WILLIAM LADD DODGE.

Dodge was technically a recruit for Co. D. He was enlisted and mustered after the formation and muster-in of the company. In a general way, he is almost always classified as an original Co. D man. Being a private, his opportunities for making his mark were somewhat meagre; but none were wholly lost. As a private, his first notoriety was gained by being detailed as clerk in the Adjutant's office. This was on 29 Nov. 1861, and was continued till May of the following year (on Edisto). Here he acted as Sergeant-Major from 1st to 7th May, when he returned to his clerkship, serving till the 12th, afterwards going to his company for duty as a common, ordinary soldier.

He served with his company, participating in the little scrimmage of 16 June; and within a few days thereafter (21st) was detailed as clerk at Headquarters of the Post (James Island), Col. Williams, First Massachusetts Cavalry, Commanding. On the return of the Third New Hampshire to Hilton Head (1 and 2 July), he continued as clerk to Col. Williams, who was placed in command of the Post of Hilton Head on his arrival there. Here Dodge continued to throw military ink from a government pen till even beyond the reign of Col. Williams, which ended 19 Aug., when a portion of the latter's regiment was ordered to Virginia. Col. Guss, Ninety-seventh Pennsylvania, succeeded; but Col. Guss did not depose Dodge, whose service here was varied a little by being (in addition to his clerical position) Acting Post Sergeant-Major. This was an anomalous position, and was required by the presence of a large number of guards for the various headquarters buildings, and were from various regiments. The form of a "post guard mount" was inaugurated; and Dodge filled the position designated above.

All this came to an end on 15 Sept. 1862, when he, with Lient. H. S. Dow and others (see Recruiting Service) were ordered North for recruits. While on this duty (January, 1863), he was appointed Sergeant-Major of the regiment (to date 1 Jan.) Of this good fortune he was apprised, and at the same time the propriety of his returning was quietly broached. He was not obtuse, and returned on the *Arago*, arriving at Hilton Head 9 March, and reaching his post at Pinckney Island next day (seven companies there).

Dodge made rapid strides in acquainting himself with his new duties. A good sergeant-major knows everybody's name in the regiment. Dodge exceeded this: he knew nearly everybody's middle name as well; and as many superfluous names as the party had, Dodge mastered. Arriving at Folly Island, we find Adj. Copp sick, and Dodge acting as Adjutant; and inasmuch as Copp's health was very poor, it frequently fell to the lot of Dodge to act as Adjutant. This condition of things continued till near the first of November, and the records and data show very frequent occurrences of this, and varied by some officer acting instead of Dodge. On 8

Aug., Capt. Randlett, Commanding Regiment, recommended Dodge for 2d Lieutenant, thus: "I would also recommend to fill vacancy in case of Lieut. Trickey's promotion, William Ladd Dodge, the present Sergeant-Major of the regiment. Sergt.-Maj. Dodge has been in his position during the promotion of ten orderly-sergeants, and I believe has won in the late battles and duties of this post the promotion to which he is recommended." This was repeated 15 Sept. (not the words); and Col. Jackson (at Concord himself) recommended him 16 Nov. He received the new commission, and on 3 Feb. 1864 was mustered on it, to date 20 Jan., and was assigned to Co. F (with 1st Lieut. Wadsworth).

When the re-enlisted men went North (March), Wadsworth went with them, thus leaving Dodge the sole officer and in command of the company, from that time till the end of April, when the regiment arrived at Gloucester Point, and Lieut. Wadsworth rejoined. He took the company through the "horse pilgrimage" to Jacksonville, where the whole regiment was shortly dismounted. He served on the drum-head court-martial at Jacksonville which tried and sentenced Miller of F to die by shooting, etc.

On 3 June, he was mustered as 1st Lieutenant, to date 29 May, and was assigned to Co. B. Here we find him Acting Adjutant again, from 21 Aug. to 4 Sept., being relieved by Lieut. Edgerly (Adj. Copp wounded and absent). On this latter date Dodge was assigned to Co. A, the company having no officer, and he having had actual charge of it for several days prior. At this time he was commanding A and B. On 21 Sept. he was relieved of Co. A by Lieut. Parker. He participated in the entire Virginia campaign, up to the date of his discharge, 19 Oct. 1864, by reason of the expiration of his original term, at his own request. His discharge was dated 19 Oct. (S. O. 153, C. Hdqrs.), as of the 16th. He started for home next day, with Lieut. Connolly.

Dodge never had a leave of absence, and never was detached as an officer. He participated in all engagements except Pocotaligo, 22 Oct. 1862 (absent on recruiting service); boat expedition to Sumter, September, 1863; Bluffton; four companies, 2 June 1864 (his company not engaged).

Since the war he has been engaged in various financial enterprises in Boston and vicinity. From 1 Sept. 1867 to 1 July 1890, he was at the Boston Custom House. His residence and address (1891) was Topsfield, Mass.

Born in Boston, Mass., 17 Aug. 1842.

ROBERT C. DOW.

Was instrumental in getting together the men who were mustered in as Co. H (from Manchester); and he was made its first Captain, having with him 1st Lieut. Maxwell and 2d Lieut. Langley. Capt. Dow was successful in bringing his company to a good degree of efficiency for the various duties required of it, and of proficiency in drill. His first special duty was at Edisto Island, in April, 1862, when he was made Provost Marshal of the Post (Fort Edisto was the name), in the absence of Capt. Van Brunt (Wright's G. O. 2, of 22 April 1862). His company was then at the Hopkins Plantation, Eddings Wharf, Edisto, all alone, the rest of the regiment being then on three different plantations, with headquarters at Mitchell's. Capt. Dow commanded the company in a little expedition up the creeks, noted elsewhere, and was reported to have acted wisely and with good judgment. During the battle of James Island (16 June 1862), where he commanded his company, he and Col. Jackson had some little unpleasantness, which resulted in the Captain's resigning soon after. His resignation was accepted 21 June, by S. O. 124, D. S., and he left us on the 22d for home, broken in spirit, so it was said. It is considered by the friends of Capt. Dow that the words uttered by him in the heat of battle were possibly excusable, and that the words of censure in Col. Jackson's official report might have been less severe. Be it as it may, the friends of each are ready to furnish ample proof that each was right, and we dismiss the subject as a painful one. Capt. Dow has resided ever since the war in Manchester, N. H., and is said to be almost hermetically sealed as to talking about the war, and particularly about the Third New Hampshire.

CHARLES F. DUNBAR.

He was the first Captain of Co. D, and an account of Co. D will show what need not here be repeated. We find Capt. Dunbar serving on a general court-martial, which dissolved 24 Jan. 1862. His health was not of the best; and as evidence of this it may be said that when the regiment went on the Savannah River reconnaissance, he started with it, but on reaching Seabrook felt forced to return to camp. His health continued poor all through our Edisto experience, and he did not go with the regiment into its fight of 16 June 1862. Singularly enough, however, though he had been away (sick) on the Steamer *Ironsides*, plying in that vicinity, he landed on James Island during the fight, and was sitting on the veranda of the Grimball's Plantation house while the fight was at its hottest. (Chaplain of Seventh Connecticut on same steamer.) The writer learned these facts from Capt. Dunbar himself, since the war. He resigned in a few days after and was discharged. A diary of 22 June 1862 says, "Dunbar gone."

Capt. Dunbar, after leaving the Third New Hampshire, was for a few months Paymaster's Clerk on the receiving ship *Sabine*, at New London, Conn. His home has been at Hampton, since as well as before the war, and he died there 18 April 1889, of cancer.

WILLIAM DAVIS.

Davis was an original private in Co. H (Capt. Dow's company) of Manchester. Just prior to the breaking out of the war he was engaged in the publication of a newspaper at Littleton, N. H. The following extracts from "The History of Littleton, N. H.," give particulars obtainable from no other source, and are inserted here in justice to Davis, and to the Historian of Littleton, the Hon. A. S. Batchellor, of Governor's Council (1890) and much interested in army matters:—

"In his salutatory, in taking charge of the paper, upon Rowell's retirement, Mr. Davis alluded to the fact that it had hitherto been devoted almost entirely to the dissemination of Republican principles, so that the amount of local intelligence which subscribers derived from its columns had been meagre. This defect he proposed to remedy, and also declared his intention, while advocating the former political sentiments of the paper, to treat the Democratic party with proper and due respect: a politic determination, undoubtedly, since that party was gaining strength, and evidently about coming into ascendancy in town, while the *Journal* was then the only paper here published.

"William Davis continued as publisher of the *People's Journal* about a year. Meantime the war came on. Times were hard, especially for newspapers. Paper stock went up in the market at an enormous rate; patronage lessened, and Davis becoming discouraged, or patriotic, as the case may be, gave up the paper and enlisted in the Union army. The *Journal*, June 28, 1861, passed into the hands of William J. Bellows, Esq., whose name had appeared as senior editor from the 10th of May previous, the office having been removed to Tilton's block. Davis became a private soldier in Co. H, Third New Hampshire Regiment, and served faithfully through the war, or until severely wounded in the assault upon [an advanced work in front of—D.E.] Fort Wagner, Aug. 26, 1863, and incapacitated for farther active duty. He was promoted to the rank of 2d Lieutenant, Jan. 5, 1864.

"The place of Mr. Davis' nativity I have not been able to ascertain; but an obituary notice, published in the *Sanilac Jeffersonian*, at Lexington, Mich., where he died, Jan. 31, 1874, states that he was a native of New Hampshire; that his parents both died when he was a child, and he was taken and reared by a minister of the English church at Sherbrooke, Canada. When he returned to this country cannot be definitely determined; but Phineas R. Gould informs me that he became an apprentice at the printer's trade in the *Republican* office at Haverhill about the same time that he did (in 1857), and served with him there the usual time. At the close of the

war he came back to New Hampshire; but soon went to Michigan, and after a time secured a position as foreman in the *Jeffersonian* office at Lexington. He afterward went to Missouri; but, being disappointed in his expectations there, returned, to Michigan, and was, for a time, foreman of the *Saginaw Courier* office; but, finally, some two years previous to his death, resumed work in the *Jeffersonian* office at Lexington, which he continued as long as failing health permitted and up to within two months of his decease. He left a widow, formerly Miss Sarah Morris of Lexington, and a little son about two years of age. The widow afterwards married I. C. Wheeler, a lawyer of Lexington."

In addition to the information thus given, we would say that on 16 Dec. 1863, Davis was at home (in Littleton), wounded, being furloughed in September from Morris Island for good conduct. He was mustered on his 2d Lieutenant's commission on 23 Feb. 1864 as of 31 Jan. and assigned to G. In March (when regiment was mounted), he appears in H. and was with H through the Florida campaign, going with the four companies (A, D, H and K) to Palatka. He was with the regiment during the Virginia campaign of 1864, though in June, July and August he appears as sick in quarters.

The writer's memoranda says: "Lieut. Davis was detached 28 Aug. 1864 for duty in the Ambulance Corps, and refusing to serve, was sent back to the regiment. The presumption is that his physical condition warranted him in declining the duty assigned. As evidence of this, he was discharged for disability 4 Sept., by S. O. 243, D. Hdqrs., though it does not appear that he received the order till 9 Sept."

The muster rolls of the Third New Hampshire give his native place as Gibraltar, Spain.

HENRY S. DOW.

Dow was the original 1st Sergeant of Co. I (Capt. Carlton's company), and assisted in the formation, by enlisting a few men as recruits. He was an active, ambitious man, and aspired to a commission at the outset; but fate for the time being, and Gov. Berry too, decreed otherwise. On 3 April 1862 (ready to leave for Edisto) he was ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant, anticipating the arrival of his commission. This came to hand 11 April, at Edisto; and he was duly set in motion as a fully fledged 2d Lieutenant. At the end of June, 1862, he was commanding Co. I (Carlton killed, and 1st Lieut. Thompson on other duty), though he was borne on Co. F rolls. In July, 1862, he was ordered North, with others, on recruiting service. In October (the 16th), he was advanced one more step, — to 1st Lieutenant Co. I, — his commission being dated 23 Aug. This was while he was absent in New Hampshire.

In January, 1863, we find him in Concord, N. H., enlisting men for the Second Brigade Band. On 20 Feb. he had started for the regiment, leaving New York on the *Arago*, 5 March, reaching the regiment 10 March. He of course went to Co. I, then at Pope's Plantation, on Skull Creek, Hilton Head Island. On the regiment going to Edisto Inlet and Botany Bay, early in April, Cos. I and E became separated from the regiment, being on a separate steamer (the *Boston*), landing at Hilton Head again and staying there a short time (Maj. Plimpton in command), and then going to Bay Point. These two companies (and our hero) went from Bay Point about 10 June, to St. Helena, whither the other eight companies had removed from Botany Bay.

Dow was again promoted, being mustered 11 June as 1st Lieutenant, dating "way back" to 31 Aug. 1862. We find him on hand in the movement on Morris Island, and that he acted as Adjutant about 15 July, in place of Copp, who was sick and who was acting for Libby, then on Strong's Staff. This continued almost without interruption during the rest of the month. We find him with B on 11 Aug., and in command of that company 21 Aug. From 8 Sept. to about 12 Sept. he was again Acting Adjutant, in place of Copp, sick. On 16 Sept. he was appointed Assistant Provost Marshal of Morris Island (Capt. Randlett was Provost Marshal), S. O. 179, U. S. F. Was again advanced in January, 1864, to Captain of Co. B, and was mustered 20 Jan., as of 1 Jan. He went to Florida with the regiment.

In the Virginia campaign he appears to have been on duty during the early part; but at the end of June, 1864, he is reported as "absent, sick." Was away on leave from 25 July to 17 Aug., the morning after our great fight, and assumed command of the regiment (Lieut.-Col. Plimpton killed, and Dow highest in rank present).

He was in command of the regiment at the time the "old men" were mustered out, 23 Aug. (see his letter to the Governor in the main story). Capt. Dow was restless; and on 20 Sept. he started North again, having obtained an order to go on recruiting service in New Hampshire. Not many moons filled up and shrunk away ere he was discharged at his own request, for expiration of (original) term. This was 7 Oct. 1864, and under Circular No. 75, W. D.

He was a bright, smart, tall and slenderly-built chap, — what is generally called of genteel form, — and in uniform was a striking figure. After the war he went to Michigan, studying law at Ann Arbor. He became slightly deranged, and finally suicided at the Biddle House, Detroit, Mich., 6 Feb. 1875.

ORRIN M. DEARBORN.

He was the original 2d Lieutenant of Co. D (Capt. Dunbar's company). The first item of importance in connection with this officer appears early in January, 1862, when he was sent (with Capt. Clark and others) on recruiting service to New Hampshire, on a six months' tour. He returned, however, with his party and 16 recruits, in May, joining at Edisto. Was within two or three days thereafter appointed Acting Adjutant, relieving Lieut. T. M. Jackson about the 6th (Adj. Hill had recently resigned). He continued on this duty till we went to James Island, in June. About the 5th he was relieved by Lieut. Libby, who arrived from leave and had been commissioned as Adjutant.

About 8 June, Lieut. Dearborn was detailed as an Aide on the Staff of Gen. Stevens (afterward killed at Chantilly, 1 Sept. 1862), who commanded another brigade on the same island. Lieut. Dearborn served thus during the battle of James Island (16 June); and when Gen. Stevens' brigade was ordered to Virginia, he accompanied him. This was soon after the evacuation of James Island.

After the death of Gen. Stevens, the command fell on Gen. Willcox, who continued our hero on his Staff until relieved of the brigade. Gen. Willcox was ordered to command of the Ninth Army Corps, and took Lieut. Dearborn along with him, and made him Aide, and Ordnance Officer of the corps.

In October, 1862, Lieut. Dearborn was advanced to 1st Lieutenant, and placed on the rolls of Co. E, his commission being dated 27 June. In November, Col. Jackson made request for return of Lieut. Dearborn to the regiment. This was endorsed favorably by the Secretary of War and forwarded to Gen. Willcox, who demurred and reported to Gen. Burnside (then Commanding the Army) that he could not spare him. Gen. Burnside then telegraphed the Secretary of War what Gen. Willcox had said; and the Secretary directed Gen. Willcox to hold Lieut. Dearborn. All this time our hero had not received his new commission; but he had heard of its issue, and asked the Governor for a duplicate, thinking the original had been lost. A duplicate was issued. Though absent, Lieut. Dearborn was transferred from company to company, to suit the exigencies of war: 19 Jan. 1863, to C (from E); 30 March, to H. He continued to do duty as Ordnance Officer of the Ninth Army Corps till the latter part of March, 1864, when he was commissioned as Captain of Co. A.

He arrived back 1 April 1864, just in time to be mustered as Captain and join his company, then embarking for Jacksonville. The principal reason assigned for his lengthy detached service was that he made an excellent staff officer, and his services in that special line were invaluable. He was of good address, and his general appearance was certainly in his favor. He was with the four companies (A, D, H and K) on their trip to and from Palatka.

On reaching and entering the Virginia campaign, he was soon detached, and was not with his company and regiment in the Drewry's Bluff fights (13 to 16 May 1861). His position was Ambulance Officer on Gen. Gillmore's Staff, till Gillmore was relieved. Some time during June, he was again detailed, this time as Acting Ordnance Officer, Eighteenth Army Corps. He continued on this duty to the end of his service.

He had leave of absence during September and October, and undoubtedly had another in January, 1865. He never rejoined, being discharged 11 Feb. 1865, presumably on same basis as Lieut. Dodge, Adjt. Copp and others, at expiration of term.

Since the war, Dearborn is reported to have been engaged in trade at Richmond, Va., for a short time, and then to have gone West, where all trace of him was lost. A mother survives him at Hampton, N. H. (Mrs. John Dearborn).

RICHARD ELA.

"Dick," as he was almost universally called, was the original 1st Lieutenant of Co. E (with Capt. Plimpton and 2d Lieut. Geo. W. Jackson). He was born in Concord, N. H., 12 Feb. 1840, and was the son of Geo. W. Ela. He was educated in the schools at Concord, both public and private, and early evinced a tendency toward the law as a profession. He fitted himself for college, though he did not pursue the regulation collegiate course. He studied law in the office of the then well-known Concord attorneys, George and Foster, and simultaneously attended one or more terms at the Cambridge Law School.

On the breaking out of the Civil War, Dick became imbued with a military spirit; and this culminated in his being commissioned in the Third New Hampshire. Dick was a finely-formed fellow, nearly six feet tall, and was, with his uniform on, quite military in appearance, being as straight as an arrow and with a bright, piercing eye that seemed to penetrate anything aimed at. In short, Dick was a fine fellow, making friends of almost everybody, right and left, and was early well planted in the affections of his company and regiment.

His legal tendencies resulted in his early appointment as Judge Advocate of the regiment; and it was before him that many officers and non-coms. have sworn to the faithful discharge of their duty, etc. He was admitted to the bar after his appointment in Third New Hampshire.

When the regiment left Concord, there were in its charge about 100 recruits for the Second New Hampshire; and Lieut. Ela was appointed to look after and be responsible for them while they continued with us. This matter was one of military convenience only, and the recruits left us at New York. At Washington, a letter says: "Richard has thus far acquitted himself with much credit; and his superiors look upon him as one of the most active, efficient and promising officers of the regiment."

Dick accompanied the expedition on a reconnoissance up the Savannah River, in March, 1862, and thus wrote home: "The officer (rebel) in command did me the honor to try the range of his carbine on me; and I returned the compliment by shooting his horse with one of the rebel rifles taken two days before; and on our return I got his blankets and holsters."

On Edisto Island he was promoted to Captain and assigned to K, taking command of that company on the day of the removal to Johns' Island (1 June). He commanded the company in the James Island fight (16th). On the return of the regiment to Hilton Head (1 July) we find his health gradually giving way, though he continued on duty. On 13 Sept. he returned to E. He was appointed, 27 Sept., on the Board of examine officers' cases where they had overstayed their leaves of absence, and was relieved therefrom 20 Oct. This duty, though requiring great judgment, did not demand so much time as to relieve him from the command of his company. The next day (21 Oct.) was the day of the Pocotaligo fight, so called; and the regiment was there, though not breaking its camp, over which Capt. Ela presided as its commandant during the absence of the regiment. It is to be presumed that the state of his health was the main reason why he was selected to remain; and the relieving of him from the Board of Examiners was incidental to that.



CAPT. RICHARD ELA.



CAPT. DANIEL ELDRIDGE,
Historian.



CAPT. J. HOMER EDGERLY
(War).



CAPT. J. HOMER EDGERLY
(Peace).

On 22 Nov. he obtained a sick leave of 20 days within the Department (S. O. 366, D. S.), and went to St. Augustine, Fla., passing nearly his entire leave with friends in the Seventh New Hampshire, stationed there.

On the scattering of the regiment to outposts, early in 1863, Capt. Ela was with his company, at Pinckney Island (seven companies there). He accompanied the regiment when it reunited early in April in a movement toward Charleston, by transports rendezvousing at Edisto Inlet. Cos. E and I became separated from the rest of the regiment [on Steamer *Boston*, I think. — D.E.]; and they were ordered back to Hilton Head almost simultaneously with the landing of the eight companies on Botany Bay Island. These two companies were landed and did some temporary duty (out-post or guard), and were shortly thereafter sent across the harbor to Bay Point, where they manned the works and there remained till after the eight companies had gone to St. Helena (10 June, 1863); and the two companies soon after joined them there.

Capt. Ela continued with his company and regiment to Folly Island (4 July); and in the capture of Morris Island (10 July) he served with gallantry. In the famous charge on Wagner (18 July, evening) he was with his company and came out unscathed.

Early in August (Morris Island) a corps of sharpshooters was organized, Capt. Ela being appointed to the command of it. This was considered quite a compliment, not only to Capt. Ela, but to the regiment as well. As the sharpshooting matter is not well understood, the following is given as explanatory: Capt. Brooks, Aid-de-Camp and Assistant Engineer, on Gen. Gillmore's Staff, early in August called the latter's attention to the importance of such a corps, saying, "The present so-called sharpshooters are inefficient, are not good shots, their arms are not in good condition, they are not sufficient in numbers, and not properly officered." It would seem by this that these were quasi-sharpshooters, picked out offhand and sent to the front. Capt. Brooks wanted something different. He recommended that a suitable officer be placed in command; also that eight per cent of the line officers and two per cent of the rank and file of regimental and battalion commands, who are known to be the best marksmen, be tested by firing at a target. Each to fire five shots; and then select one-third of the whole number to be the corps; the two best shots among the officers to be the appointees. The men to be organized into a company, be encamped by themselves, and be provided with the best arms that could be procured.

This was duly referred to Gen. Terry, and he was directed to organize the corps, of about 50 or 60. It was suggested that preference be given to the Ballard rifle, in use in Col. Montgomery's (colored) regiment; and if found to be the best to take them (*i.e.*, the guns). The Springfield was found to be the best, and was adopted. Capt. Ela was honored in this appointment. But few men of our regiment were detailed; but Capt. Ela was ably assisted during a part of this time by Lieut Edgerly. The sharpshooters' camp was on the west side of Morris Island, in the vicinity of our "left batteries."

Capt. Ela's appointment was dated 13 Aug. 1863, by S. O. 71, D. S. He did himself great credit in this special duty, in which he continued until the corps was discontinued, early in October. This was of course after the evacuation of Wagner and Gregg. After this, and until the regiment went to Hilton Head (29 Feb. 1864), Capt. Ela was in command of the regiment several times, but for short periods.

On 1 Nov. 1863 (S. O. 586, D. S.), he was again ordered to duty on the Board to examine cases of officers who had overstayed their leaves, *vice* Capt. Greenleaf, Fourth New Hampshire, relieved. On 20 Dec., and for several days thereafter, he was Acting Provost Marshal of the island (Capt. Randlett sick). On the return to Hilton Head, 29 Feb. 1864, arrangements for the re-enlisted men to go home on furlough were in active progress, and Capt. Ela was one of the officers who expected to accompany. He even went so far as to partially pack his trunk and prepare the papers for turning over his company to a successor. Fate decreed otherwise. The powers that be selected another in his stead. Poor Dick! how disappointed he was. How his eyes flashed as the truth dawned upon him! Dick was

military—he surrendered; but, oh, how disappointing, how humiliating! We need not look for the cause with any degree of hesitancy; but we draw the curtain, for with causes we have little to do.

Dick didn't go home, but remained and swallowed his bitter pill almost in silence. He amused himself immediately thereafter by drilling his company as cavalry. Dick took to it like a duck to water; and so far as one can imbue others with his own spirit and ideas, Co. E became proficient under his tutelage. He accompanied the regiment to Jacksonville (mounted). He served on the drum-head court-martial of Miller. We have now traced him to where he (and the regiment) leaves for Virginia, arriving at Gloucester Point the latter part of April, 1864. Early in May, as the troops are about to embark for the Virginia campaign, Capt. Ela thus wrote home: "You need not expect to hear from me again until I find an opportunity to write from Richmond or some other equally distant and improbable point." His trunk went at the same time (we were all for "light marching order"). Poor Dick reached the "distant and improbable point" on 13 May, while gallantly leading his company up an incline to attack the enemy in its rear, after we had passed completely around the enemy's right flank.

Lieut.-Col. Plimpton, in a letter of 25 May 1864 to the afflicted parents, said: "It is my painful duty to inform you of the death of your son, Capt. Richard Ela. He was shot through the head on the afternoon of the 13th inst., while gallantly leading his men in an assault on a rebel fortification, and died almost instantly. He was a most excellent officer, and one we could ill afford to lose—one whose death will be regretted by us all; but to you his loss must be still greater. After the action was over, his body was buried, and the grave marked, and he now lies some seven miles within the enemy's lines."

Capt. Dearborn also wrote thus: "Allow me to convey the painful intelligence of the death of your son Richard. He was killed instantly,—has fought his last fight,—falling a true hero amidst the carnage of battle, in defence of his country's flag."

Certain officers were chosen to draft suitable resolutions on the deaths of Capts. Ela and Ayer and Lieut. Button (all killed at Drewry's Bluff); and this was the one specially referring to Capt. Ela:—

"*Resolved*, That to the memory of him who first fell, Capt. Richard Ela, will ever cling many fond recollections; and that his conduct in entering the service of his country, when in the prime of life, just as he had become fitted for his profession, deserves the approbation of his comrades in arms and all his countrymen."

The following extracts from the *Veterans' Advocate* of 7 Oct. 1884, headed "Recollections of a Drummer Boy," will be of interest: "We were poking along . . . came upon Capt. Richard Ela . . . usually full of fun, was looking sad and downcast. Said I, 'Are you sick?' 'No,' said he; 'I had a presentiment of death last night. We are soon to engage in a fierce struggle, and there will be a terrible slaughter, and Dick Ela will be numbered with the slain; and before the sun rises tomorrow it will be over with me.' I laughed at his fears, and jokingly said: 'Dick, if I were you and felt as you say you do, I would not go into action.' 'If it comes to that'—he dashed in the face, straightened to his full height and looked and looked me in the eye, and said with some emphasis: 'Dick Ela never shrank from duty; and though I know this to be my last battle, my duty to my country shall be well done.' He then smiled and conversed in his usual jovial manner until the sharp report of a musket apprized us of the close approach to enemy's lines. The regiment formed in line of battle, and advanced, capturing a small picket post near a church. [Here follow details found in the story proper. — D. E.] We were in possession of the first line of defences around Richmond . . . Capt. Ela was dead . . . killed while desperately fighting within 20 paces of the enemy . . . Co. E fought like demons to recover the body. As I gazed upon the lifeless form, the words, '*My duty to my country shall be well done*,' rang in my ears . . ."

"Rest, soldier brave, in Southern soil:
Done thy strivings, done thy toil!
If God doth mark the hero's life,
Then, sure, not vain the hero's strife."

The writer will add that as the body of Capt. Ela was conveyed past the then re-formed line, in a blanket, passing in review as it were, he well remembers the expressions of sorrow on either hand, and the writer himself shed many a tear at the exceedingly sorrowful sight. As he writes these lines, the same scene is enacted with same results: for the lifeless form of Capt. Ela is seemingly forever photographed upon his memory.

On 24 May, in accordance with the Army Regulations, the personal effects of Capt. Ela were sold at public auction, within the regimental camp. Many officers didn't attend this sale, as they did not fully agree that such a sale could not be avoided. Many of his personal effects reached home.

Dick Ela will long be remembered by his comrades in arms, as one of the best in the regiment—generous, brave, gentlemanly and a thoroughly good soldier.

NOTE 1.—Ezra D. Clark of Co. I, of Pioneer Corps, assisted to bury Capt. Ela.

NOTE 2.—Isaac Walker of Pembroke, N. H., prepared a paper on Capt. Ela, which was published in *The Academician*, Pembroke Academy, in the January, 1885, number. The writer obtained a portion of his data from that source.

J. HOMER EDGERLY.

J. Homer Edgerly was born in Dover, N. H., 5 May 1844. He was the son of Calvin O. Edgerly of Dover, and was therefore a mere boy when the war broke out. In writing of this officer, we shall be governed somewhat by the positions he occupied as he passed from one to the other. We first deal with him as a private; and it may be well to state right here that J. Homer Edgerly was one of the most popular officers in the regiment, and was also popular as a private. The company in which he enlisted was almost wholly from Dover, and was justly entitled to be called the Dover company (K). Upon the promotion of 1st Sergt. Scruton to a 2d Lieutenantcy, the selection of some member of the company must be made to fill the vacancy. The company had its complement of non-commissioned officers, each supposably desirous of promotion; but for some reason best known to those whose duty it became to make the selection, they selected Private J. Homer Edgerly to be made 1st Sergeant. This was so unusual and so unmilitary as to cause considerable adverse criticism, not only from the parties directly interested, but also from others. The decision was final, as such decisions almost invariably are; and Edgerly was duly appointed 1st Sergeant. His warrant dates back to 1 May, while Lieut. Dearborn was Acting Adjutant. He was sworn to the faithful discharge of his duty in his new office, at Edisto Island, on 17 May 1862, before Lieut. Ela, Judge Advocate of the regiment. He entered at once upon his duties, and thus was almost suddenly placed in a position where he had got to "do or die." He was on trial, with a biased jury, and witnesses more or less prejudiced. To say that he acquitted himself and made his mark is, perhaps, a little in advance of the story. We shall see later on. Manfully he struggled with his new duties; and within a month we find him in the regiment's first real action—James Island, 16 June 1862, where he did his full duty. On the afternoon of (about) the 14th, he was sent with a message to some regiment on the right; and in doing so, had to pass an open spot where he was in full view of the enemy. They opened upon him without ceremony, firing several shots from small field pieces, and came very near cutting off our friend, and this narrative too, at this point.

While the regiment was at St. Helena Island, Edgerly received a 2d Lieutenant's commission (in Co. B). The commission dates 13 May 1863. His discharge as enlisted man to accept the promotion was of 27 June, to date 23d; and his muster-in as 2d Lieutenant was on 29 June, to date 23d. His promotion was *vice* Brainard, promoted. These dates are given for three reasons: 1. Because the original papers have been examined personally, and the dates therefore correct; 2. To show how errors occur in making up history; 3. For purpose of preservation.

Lieut. Edgerly participated in the action of 10 July 1863 (the taking of Morris Island, lower end), and on the next morning, when the Third New

Hampshire acted as support to the attacking but unsuccessful column. On 18 July, possibly fortunately for our hero, he was Officer of the Guard, and therefore didn't participate in that memorable and bloody assault on Wagner in the evening. He viewed the battle from the sand hills, where our camp lay. He took part in the siege which followed, resulting as shown elsewhere. After the wounding of Capt. Ayer, he was assigned to the command of Co. H, and so continued till Capt. Ayer's return to the regiment.

Among the commissions brought by Col. Jackson, on his return to the regiment in January, 1864, was one as 1st Lieutenant for Edgerly in Co. D. It bore date 2 Jan. He was mustered as 1st Lieutenant 20 Jan. (as of the 20th).

On 16 Feb. 1864, at Morris Island, Lieut. Edgerly was assigned to duty with the Boat Infantry Picket, a very dangerous service, of which a description will appear elsewhere. In this service he took charge at various times of extra hazardous portions, always with credit to himself. His assignment was by S. O. 49, Hdqrs. U. S. F., M. I., S. C., 16 Feb., by Col. W. H. H. Davis, Commanding Post; and he reported to Capt. John A. Hennessey for duty.

About this time the men were re-enlisting and preparing to go home. The various companies were a little scattered; but were all ordered to Hilton Head, from which place the veterans sailed North on their furloughs. Lieut. Edgerly was one of the officers selected to accompany them. He, and they, thus did not participate in the mounted service of the regiment in Florida, and did not rejoin till the regiment reached Virginia.

In the Virginia campaign we find him on duty and in all the actions of the regiment. On the death of Capt. Ela, killed 13 May, Lieut. Edgerly was assigned to the command of Co E. The casualties among the officers were so many, and occurred so often, that it is quite impracticable to attempt to follow any particular company officer with a view of determining just what company he was with at all times. They were shifted about to meet the exigencies of the service; and Lieut. Edgerly was no exception to this rule. At one time, while in charge of the picket line at Bermuda Hundred, he was informed that Gen. Butler wished to capture a single rebel soldier, for obvious reasons. Lieut. Edgerly performed the difficult and delicate task and delivered the man to Butler. This occurred a few days previous to the mine explosion at Petersburg.

The following data concerning J. Homer Edgerly, gathered from official papers, are here inserted for preservation: 30 Sept. 1863, took command of H, relieving Morrill; made returns for H for October and November. Was on duty with E (Capt. Ela) 20 Jan. 1864; with Boat Infantry Picket 26 Dec. 1863 (and it would appear that he was twice assigned to it). Commanded H, 31 Oct. 1863. To E, 27 June 1863. With E, 10 and 11 July 1863. Made returns for D for June, July, August and September, 1864. Acting Adjutant, 24 Sept. 1864; also 9, 13 and 23 Oct. 1864. Commanded F, 26 Dec. 1864. Had command of D part of second and third quarters, 1864. Had command of F part of third and fourth quarters, 1864, and first quarter, 1865; also for April, May, June and July, 1865. At end of January and end of February, 1865, he appears in command of F, and the sole officer of the company in both cases.

On 24 and 25 Aug. 1864, we find Lieut. Edgerly sick in the hospital at Point of Rocks: and this appears to be his only "off duty" of the kind. On 27 and 28 Oct. 1864, he served as a substitute staff officer on Gen. Abbott's Brigade Staff, and there won new honors. In Gen. Butler's congratulatory order of 11 Oct. 1864, Lieut. Edgerly was mentioned "for gallantry in conducting the skirmish line on 29 Sept., as well as on the reconnaissance towards Richmond, is recommended to His Excellency, the Governor of New Hampshire, for promotion."

A Captain's commission arrived at the regiment for J. Homer Edgerly on the 22d of the same month; but the writer cannot say there was any connection, as the document was dated Oct. 1, and made him Captain of F, *vice* Wadsworth, discharged. His muster-out and muster-in occurred on the 30th, as of the 15th. Capt. Edgerly went on a 30 days' leave Wednesday, 2 Nov. 1864; and we find him at Washington 2 Dec., at expiration of leave, requesting a short extension of three days.

We next note the conduct of Capt. Edgerly at Fort Fisher. The capture of that stronghold was on Sunday, 15 Jan. 1865. A more particular account of the famous action will be found elsewhere. Capt. Edgerly won distinction here by pulling down the Confederate flag which was flying over the Mound Battery, the most southerly of the series which together formed the fort. At this late date it is quite impossible to obtain a minute and exactly correct account of this daring act; but the reader may be assured that the following is substantially correct. There appears to have been two flags flying, at different points, one of which had been probably shot away rather than captured or pulled down by our forces, as the ground where the latter was located was held by our troops at the time of the pulling down of the former; and the writer has seen no account of any capture of a flag at this battle except that from the Mound Battery: and he has read a large number of accounts. It appears that at a slight lull in the fight some one (supposably Gen. Terry) called for volunteers to capture the flag in question. This call was not upon any special regiment, because the several regiments were considerably intermixed at the time; but upon hearing the call, Capt. Edgerly, as he says himself, "Upon the impulse of the moment, and wholly without orders, I called for volunteers to join me in response to the call; and almost before I could realize the situation, I was on the run for the flag with a dozen or more men at my heels. Arriving at the flag-staff, and meeting with no serious resistance, I hastily cut the halliards; and in a twinkling the flag was in my possession, and I and my men on the way back to rejoin the main body." The flag was given to Gen. Terry and by him to Secretary of War Stanton, who arrived within a few days, and by him taken to Washington. One of the rebel officers (Maj. Riley), after his capture, told Capt. Edgerly that he had snapped his revolver three times at him during the engagement. Under date of 26 June 1865, Capt. Edgerly was informed by the Secretary of War that he had been brevetted "for gallant and meritorious services at the storming of Fort Fisher, N. C.," a Major of Volunteers by Brevet, from 13 March 1865.

Soon after the capture of the fort it became necessary to send the prisoners North; and probably out of compliment to Capt. Edgerly, he was selected to go in charge of about 900, to Point Lookout, Md., in the Steamer *North Point*. The order was issued by Gen. Terry, — S. O. 7, 18 Jan. 1865, — and directed Capt. J. H. Edgerly, Lieut. Pierrepont of Seventh Connecticut, and Lieut. Gessner of Sixth Connecticut, with a guard detailed from the Sixteenth New York Heavy Artillery, to take the prisoners to the prisoner's camp at Point Lookout, Md., and then return. During the passage a severe storm was encountered and the prisoners, and guard too, were very sick; and those below suffered untold misery. Here were prisoners of war numbering nine to one of the guard; and it was quite out of the question to permit them, even for humanity's sake, to come on deck in large numbers, lest they rise and overpower the small guard. Capt. Edgerly at once saw this danger upon going on board, and governed himself accordingly. He at once arranged that a certain small number should be permitted to come up on deck forward for half an hour, and then go below aft, and another lot of the same specified number simultaneously come up forward. This operation was repeated, being carefully guarded, and all the requirements necessary to safety rigidly carried out. Much credit is due this officer for so wise an arrangement, and for devising one having as much of the humanitarian element in it as was possible under the circumstances. Notwithstanding all this careful attention, the men below were in a pitiable condition, and some died on the voyage.

Arriving at Point Lookout the men were mustered upon the wharf, surrounded by colored troops, the garrison of the place. This made their Southern blood boil, of course; but their physical condition was weak, and they made no extended show of their feelings. The muster developed a few short of the papers. "How many?" said Capt. Edgerly. "Three men short," was the reply. Capt. Edgerly directed his guards to bring ashore the three dead men; and the whole number was accounted for. Capt. Edgerly then returned *via* Fort Monroe, where he turned over the *North Point* to the Quartermaster Department, himself and guard taking passage to Fort Fisher in the *Gen. McClellan*. Upon reporting back to Gen. Terry, he re-

ceived his verbal thanks for the service just rendered, and was also informed by the General that he had recommended him for brevet for his daring act at Fort Fisher.

While the regiment was at North East, Capt. Edgerly served upon the flag of truce that arranged for the wholesale exchange of prisoners (Lient. Jackman of Third New Hampshire, and Lient. McCabe, Seventh New Hampshire, were his associates), the rebels being represented by Gen. Wade Hampton and Aides.

On 3 March 1865, Capt. Edgerly was appointed Assistant Provost Marshal of Wilmington, N. C., and ordered to report to Lient.-Col. Randlett, Provost Marshal. The order was by Brig.-Gen. J. R. Hawley, S. O. 2. In this position he continued till 22 June 1865, being relieved by Capt. W. S. Marble of Seventh Connecticut, by S. O. 80. As Assistant Provost Marshal, Capt. Edgerly's duties and responsibilities were varied, important and intricate. To go into a recital of them would serve no useful purpose. It is sufficient to say that his services were well performed, and merited and received the commendation of his superiors.

A deal more could be written about this gallant young officer; but the essential parts of his military career are contained in this narrative. He was mustered out with the regiment on 20 July 1865, at Goldsborough, N. C. Not long after this, we find him in the Navy Yard at Charlestown, Mass., where he held the position of Master Painter, say 1870-84. He retired a few years ago. A little later he carried on the business of painting (house, sign and ornamental) in Boston, Mass. He is now an Inspector of Buildings in the employ of the City of Boston.

A letter, almost accidentally in the writer's hands, written by Gen. Abbott in 1875, to Capt. Edgerly, says: "*My Dear Captain* . . . I remember well how you climbed the Mound [Battery] and brought down the Confederate flag, which I gave to Terry, and he to Stanton . . . I can think of no one whom I was more in the habit of trusting in matters which required good judgment, sagacity and presence of mind on critical occasions than yourself." Gen. Abbott commanded the brigade at Fort Fisher.

After so long and faithful service of this officer it may not be amiss to show how ungrateful (!) republics are. In September, 1865, he was notified that in the settlement of his accounts with the Department he appeared to be short "1 ramrod." How the gallant Captain ever successfully struggled with this startling announcement, the writer has no knowledge, nor does he care to investigate. J. Homer Edgerly was never seriously wounded, never had a furlough as an enlisted man, and was very rarely sick.

NOTE.—J. Homer Edgerly was a member of the City Council of the City of Charlestown in 1871, and was a mounted aide to the Chief Marshal at the Centennial Celebration in Boston in 1876 (quite an honorary position). He was an auxiliary delegate from Boston to the National Republican Convention at Chicago (1888).

GEORGE W. EMMONS.

Born at Walpole, N. H., 12 July 1833. He was the original 1st Lieutenant of Co. G. (Capt. Wiggin). The first special service we find him engaged in, was on board the *Atlantic* (Port Royal Expedition), where he was assigned the duty of looking after the cooking and serving of rations. During the temporary illness of Adj't. Hill, early in December, 1861, we find Emmons acting in his place. In March, 1862, he was sent to Co. I, to relieve Capt. Carlton (sick leave). In May, at Edisto, he was made Captain; and although with Co. I, he belonged to Co. G, and took it later (about 15 June) from Lient. Handerson. He thereafter continued as Captain of the company to the end of his service. At James Island he was sick in quarters for several days; and it was on this island that he was prevented from participating in the pleasure of our first violent excursion rebel-ward, 16 June, by being in the peculiar position of having no command or assignment to duty (had only partially turned over Co. I).

Emmons was a wag, but not of the inveterate standard: *i.e.*, he didn't wag incessantly. On one occasion it is related of him that his attention being called to a certain paragraph in the R. A. R., he at once called his company officers together for a meeting, in compliance with this particular paragraph. Having gotten them together, and the hour also having arrived, he called the meeting to order, and the record of that meeting is something like this: "Headquarters Co. G, etc. At a meeting of the officers of this company, held in compliance with Par. —, R. A. R., this — day of —, 18—, there were present Capt. Emmons. Meeting called to order; and there appearing no business to be transacted, on motion, the meeting adjourned, etc."

In October, his health continuing poor, he obtained a 20 days' leave (about the 9th), by S. O. 320, Mitchel, and at once went North on the *Arago*, after turning over his company and company property to Lieut. T. M. Jackson. After obtaining an extension of time, he returned by the *Cosmopolitan*, arriving about 24 Nov. (Quartermaster Nesmith on the same steamer). His health was never fully restored. He was with the regiment at Botany Bay, St. Helena, Folly and Morris Islands.

After the evacuation of Wagner, Capt. Emmons resigned and was honorably discharged by S. O. 533, D. S., 18 Sept. 1863. Next day, by S. O. 20 (Regimental), he turned over the company property to Lieut. Trickey, and on the 23d left Morris Island for home, taking his colored boy (servant) with him, and for whom he was obliged to certify as not being a soldier, etc. (Capt. Handerson accompanied, also discharged.)

Capt. Emmons, like many another, went toward the setting sun, and was for several years in Illinois, and a part of the time was a conductor on the Illinois Central Railroad. Prior to that, however, and immediately following his discharge from service, he was for several months on duty in a clerical capacity at the Provost Marshal's Office, West Lebanon, N. H., under Chester A. Pike.

He has been for several years last past, and is now, a passenger conductor on the Old Colony Railroad at Boston (1890). He makes it a sort of duty, and pleasure as well, to attend nearly all the reunions at Weirs.

BENJAMIN F. EATON.

Dr. Eaton was our original Assistant Surgeon, the laws then only allowing one such officer to a regiment. He was a man of good physique, weighing far above the average; was skilled in his profession, and knew a Dover powder, a dose of quinine, and a sick soldier at sight, and could readily distinguish one from the other should occasion require. In his treatment of the men at sick call or on other occasions, he was gentle, but firm; and when he had decided that John Smith of Co. —, was fit for duty, it was irrevocable.

Dr. Eaton will long be remembered for his untiring energy and his persistent efforts to alleviate the sufferings of the wounded of our first battle (16 June 1862). Surgeon Moulton, his immediate superior, was absent, and Dr. Eaton had to struggle with the fearful conditions of that day, assisted (ably, too) by his nurses and hospital attendants and the members of the band. Practically, the wounded and dead of all the regiments were gathered in one place; and Dr. Eaton went at his work coatless and with his sleeves rolled up. Noble and efficient work he did that day; but 't was his last, so far as duty following a battle was concerned. His duties did not end till near midnight, and then he ceased from sheer exhaustion.

When the regiment was placed on outpost duty, in July, 1862, the Doctor did his full share of visiting, professionally, the various companies at their stations. He did not accompany the expedition to Daufuskie in March, 1862. The Doctor's health rapidly declined after the James Island campaign, and he resigned in the September following. Being accepted, he was discharged 1 Oct. by S. O. 308, Mitchel. He was succeeded by Dr. Buzzell.

Dr. Eaton was born in 1831, at Grantham, N. H.; died at Hartford, Vt., 1 March, 1882. He began the study of medicine about 1852, with Dr. John

Baker of Meriden, N. H., and later with Dr. L. C. Bean of Lebanon, N. H., attending in the meantime a course of medical lectures at Woodstock, Vt. In 1844 he was a clerk in Dr. Smith's drug store at Lebanon, N. H., still keeping up his medical studies, then under the tutorship of Dr. Dixi Crosby. He graduated from Dartmouth College in 1860. He served as Musician in Co. I, First New Hampshire (three months' men).

After his return home, in 1862, he rested awhile from his labors. The next year, however, we find him practicing medicine in Barnet, Vt., and thus continued for about seven years, when he went to Hartford, Vt., remaining there to the end of his life.

He left a widow (no children), residing in 1891 at Meriden, N. H.

DANIEL ELDREDGE.

He was born at Chatham, Mass., 7 July 1841. His infancy was passed in that place, but his boyhood was spent in Dedham, Mass.

The breaking out of the Civil War found him — almost by accident — in New Hampshire. He enlisted at West Lebanon, 2 Aug. 1861. Nathan H. Raulett was the recruiting officer, and secured seven in all for the Third New Hampshire. He drilled them in the Town Hall, and Recruit Eldredge assisted in the drill. Upon arrival in Concord the squad of seven was so small and insignificant that it was attached to and detached from other large squads two or three times before a fit was found. This was in the company from Dover, under Capt. Littlefield, afterward known as K. Being in a Dover company, fully officered from among themselves, the little squad had nothing to hope for, except in the distant future, in the way of promotion.

We find nothing in Eldredge's military career worth noticing till his sickness at James Island in June, 1862, a few days after the fight. The damp ground and the poor water there were too much for him, and he succumbed, as did many another. During the latter part of June, he could do no duty whatever, and on one occasion was thought to be dying. Musters being ordered for the 30th, his services as a clerk were requested by Capt. Ela and rendered. This was the beginning of his clerical duty — the preparation of the muster and pay rolls for 30 June 1862. On the return of the regiment to Hilton Head, 1 July, he was assisted to the General Hospital, where he was booked as a patient (the regiment encamped in rear). His sickness had developed into what is called bloody dysentery, of a malignant type. His comrades called almost daily. During the fore part of August, he convinced the surgeon of his ward that he ought to be sent to his company, then on Pinckney Island (north end), and he was discharged (with Charles Gammon, same company, same time), and proceeded to his company, walking to Seabrook and stopping over night there with Co. G, and crossing to Pinckney Island next day. He was still unable to do duty. The company soon removed to Jenkins Island; and at that place he again "wrote for the Captain." Here, owing to the fact that he had no gun, and did no guard duty, the colored folk of the plantation (Dr. Frank Pope's) undertook to ascertain what position he held; and some facetious person, on the spur of the moment, said he was the "Doctor." From that moment the title stuck to him like a burr. This cue was followed up by Eldredge, who in his spare moments visited the entire double row of negro huts almost daily, inquiring after the health of the occupants. If a negro wench was discovered with a red bandana tied around her head, he at once prescribed some simple remedy, and so on. He carried out the rôle during the pilgrimage of Co. K on that plantation. The boys enjoyed it, and the colored folk believed it; and Eldredge was not indifferent.

After the assembly of the regiment at Hilton Head (*i.e.*, after the outpost duty) in August, 1862, he was still off duty, though assisting in all company matters where pen, ink and paper were concerned. He did not accompany the regiment to Pocotaligo in October, being left behind with the other sick and non-combatants.



CAPT. DANIEL ELDREDGE,
Historian.

On the scattering of the companies again, in the Spring of 1863 (seven companies to Pinckney Island), he was with his company, but still unfit for duty. On the discharge of Capt. Butterfield (Eldredge wrote for him, too), he very considerably mentioned Eldredge's case to Col. Jackson, who chanced to be about making a change in his office. He sent for Eldredge at once, and after obtaining from him a sample of his chirography and composition *a la militaire*, engaged him as his clerk (tenure of office and compensation unfixed). Thereafter, until he severed the clerkship tie, in July 1863, he was very near Col. Jackson. Was there a night alarm, the Colonel and Eldredge were very early on the spot—and simultaneously: for the latter was obliged to write up the particulars next morning, to be sent to Gen. Terry. Eldredge's comrades here honored him with the title, "Chief of Staff." This service did not require special muster or any change on the pay rolls, and was continued (his health improving, too) at Botany Bay Island (where Col. Jackson was commanding post), at St. Helena, Folly and Morris Islands, at which latter place it terminated. At Botany Bay Island the changes in his company made Eldredge anxious to be placed on an equal footing with his comrades. He requested to be relieved, and was seconded in his efforts by Capt. Handerson, commanding Co. K. Repeated efforts did not produce the desired result. Finally, at Botany Bay, Eldredge was made Corporal, 3 May 1863. Presumably it was expected that the Colonel would then relieve him; but he didn't. At St. Helena Island the efforts were renewed by Eldredge and his Captain, looking to his relief; but in vain. Again he was promoted, and to Sergeant, 1 July.

Soon after arrival at Folly Island, in July, it became evident to Eldredge that active operations were about to begin—in fact that battle would soon take place. The placing of the strip of white cloth on the left arms of the men, the ordering of them away, etc., all betokened something serious. Much adverse criticism had been going on in the company, because of his stay with the Colonel, particularly after his promotion. Eldredge consulted the Colonel, and consulted his Captain; for here was an emergency or, rather, a dilemma. The Colonel said: "Certainly, stay right here with my tent, desk, etc.; but I will interpose no objection if you decide to go with us tonight." And the Captain argued thus: "If you go, and get hurt, they'll surely call you a fool; and if you stay, they may look on you as a coward." The Captain and Eldredge thought alike; and being a majority, the case was then decided and on the "fool" basis. Eldredge had no gun or equipments, and borrowed those articles of a sick comrade. He accompanied the regiment in the boats both nights,—8 and 9 July, and participated in the action of 10 July. Was also in the action of the morning of 11 July, the first attack on Wagner (the regiment in reserve).

This practically broke connections with the Colonel; for thereafter it was only at intervals that he did anything in the clerking line, and only by special request for some temporary service. Eldredge was with his company and regiment in the charge on Wagner (18 July, evening), and was slightly wounded in the left foot. This was at a time between two forward movements, while everybody was temporarily at a standstill. Asking Sergt. Smith of his company to examine the wounded foot, and agreeing with him that 't was unwise to remain (the leg being perfectly benumbed and useless), Sergt. Eldredge took a hasty leave of Capt. Handerson and such as stood near (he did n't really expect to see them again) and crawled away to the rear, passing down by the beach and thence along the same till the retreat, when some of his comrades came along and helped him on his rearward journey to camp.

In a few days thereafter, when Gen. Gillmore directed that details be sent North for the conscripts to be raised by an impending draft, and had directed that those slightly wounded be selected, Sergt. Eldredge was one of the fortunate ones. The party left Morris Island about 22 July. Next morning (on the *Arago*) a blockade runner was chased and caught. Sergt. Eldredge was one of the boarding party, of which he has a complete list. The party arrived at Concord about 28 July. He was again taken sick with his old trouble and other complications, resulting in typho-malarial fever. The facilities in the camp were not especially adapted to sick persons, and

Sergt. Eldredge was permitted to be sick at the house of a friend (James M. Otis), on State Street, not far from the camp, and was attended daily by Surgeons Gale and Trask of Fifth New Hampshire, being reported, by courtesy, as "present, sick."

On recovering sufficiently to go to camp daily, he was appointed Orderly Sergeant of (really to do the writing for) Garrison Co. D, Capt. Clark, Third New Hampshire, in command. This was an improvised company, made up from the details from the several New Hampshire regiments in the field, about 80 in all. He reported daily, doing what writing was required, and by permission, coupled with the advice of the Surgeon, sleeping outside of camp.

Meantime, several of the other members of the detail from the Third New Hampshire had gone back to regiment. Some time during the latter part of November, Col. Jackson became commander of the camp; and he at once insisted on having the services of Sergt. Eldredge as chief clerk. Though Capt. Clark had returned to the regiment, Sergt. Eldredge still retained his position as Orderly Sergeant of Garrison Co. D (see Duties at Camp, Concord, N. H.)

Early in January, 1864, he was commissioned as 2d Lieutenant; and some one was found to take his place as "Orderly Sergeant of Garrison Co. D." About 15 Jan. the entire residue of the Third New Hampshire detail (except Lord of B) left Concord for the regiment, *via* Long Island, Boston Harbor and New York. A large squad of recruits was escorted to the Department of the South. Corpl. J. W. Brown of K (left over from recruiting service) accompanied the party. They reached the regiment, 19 Jan. 1864; and Eldredge was mustered as 2d Lieutenant 3 Feb., as of 2 Jan. In the interim he was retained at the headquarters of the regiment, being in an embarrassing position, having all the appearance of an officer, yet not an officer; and it was a serious question as to whether it was well for him to go on duty as such. It was finally decided that during the interim he should act as 2d Lieutenant and do duty near headquarters of regiment. He was thus ordered, and among other duties went on board the *Commander McDonough* in Light-House Inlet, on night picket duty. After muster-in, he at once went to his company (K) on Broad Island, cutting wood (A and C there, too), and found Capt. Stearns in command of the company, and alone.

Upon the re-enlisted men going home (March, 1864), Capt. Stearns accompanied, and thus left Lieut. Eldredge sole officer with the company. It thus devolved on him to not only command his company (K) and be responsible for the company property, but to drill it in the new tactics (as cavalry). Thus it will be seen that about one month only had elapsed ere circumstances placed him in command of a company. When the regiment was ordered to Jacksonville, 1st Lieut. Lamprey was assigned to the company (1 April), and continued in command, to equalize the officers. It being understood that it was a temporary matter, Lieut. Eldredge did not turn over the company property to Lieut. Lamprey at all, though the latter continued with the company till Virginia was reached, when Capt. Stearns rejoined and assumed command. At Florida, Lieut. Eldredge was with his company and the three others (A, D and H) which went to Palatka (see separate account of this trip).

Lieut. Eldredge was in all the four days' fight at Drewry's Bluff, 13-16 May. On the day after the falling back (first time — *i.e.*, after the fog lifted), and after Capt. Ayer and Lieut. Button had been killed while successively commanding Co. H. and while the regiment (and brigade) was reforming for charge, Lieut. Eldredge was directed by Lieut.-Col. Plimpton to take command of Co. H. it having no officer. Why he, the youngest officer in rank, should be thus chosen, at such a time and under such circumstances, and to command a company in what was evidently a forlorn hope, was beyond his comprehension. He did not argue the matter, but proceeded to his post by the most direct route, and took charge without a speech. It was not the time to talk. The rebels were rapidly advancing upon this re-formed line, and in open field. "Charge!" and away went the regiment; and ditto the rebels, though the latter stood their ground well till

our men had nearly reached them, when they broke and ran (see main story). On return to camp (miles away), Lieut. Eldredge turned over the company to Lieut. Davis (ill in camp).

In the latter part of May, Lieut. Eldredge was sick and off duty about a week. On 2 June, when a portion of the regiment retook certain rifle-pits, Lieut. Eldredge was at work with a fatigue detail in one of the redans, and very near the fight. His men had to cease work and lie low during the contest. He accompanied the regiment on 9 June, to the vicinity of Petersburg; 16 June, was with it when it went to the front, after the rebels evacuated their line, and was in the action following. He also went with the regiment down the James River, on 25 June, to cover Sheridan's crossing.

On 12 July he was again promoted, and was mustered that day as 1st Lieutenant and assigned to Co. E, with Capt. Wadlia. His commission was dated 7 July 1864; but his muster did not date backward, and his promotion was *vice* 1st Lieut. Trickey to Captain.

He was in the movements of 14-15 and in the action of 16 Aug. 1864. In the latter, he was shot through the left fore-arm, while in the act of waving his handkerchief to warn the Seventh Connecticut (on the right of the Third New Hampshire) of the approach of the rebels. Though severely wounded, he did not at once leave the field, for certain reasons, chief among which was the fact that the firing was so heavy it was safer to stay. Lieut.-Col. Plimpton tied a handkerchief about the arm, above the wound; and then Lieut. Eldredge moved along the rear of the line (his company was the right company) to the left, where he halted, near Lieut. Edgerly and others, till the fire should slacken. After a few minutes, a man near by was slightly wounded, and he assisted Lieut. Eldredge off the field, to the woods directly in rear, and in the edge of which were Dr. Kimball and Hospital Steward Perry Kittredge, ready to receive and entertain (?) the wounded. Here Lieut. Eldredge, being very faint from loss of blood, was given, and did not refuse, the first and only dose of whiskey which passed his lips in the army. A temporary dressing was given: *i.e.*, a wad of cloth was stuffed into each aperture, and a strip of cloth tied around the whole. Only this and nothing more. After a little delay he was placed in a blanket and carried further to the rear, through the woods, his aching arm, and body too, frequently striking a tree. Ere long, two men with a stretcher were espied going frontwards: and at the mere suggestion, they went rearward with the Lieutenant on the stretcher. He was then carried, say half a mile further, to where the wounded were congregated (see main story). From thence to a field hospital, by ambulance, over a rough road, consisting principally, as he then thought, of roots and stumps, to the bank of the James River at or near Deep Bottom.

Here he was put in a tent by himself, and next to the amputating tent, where the sounds of the battle-field were pleasant in comparison. Shrieks, groans, prayers, curses, followed one another in quick succession; but apparently all to no purpose. He lay there, helpless, and heard all this, expecting his turn next. By a combination of circumstances not necessary to relate here he escaped the amputation tent, and was placed on board the waiting steamer, then being laden with the wounded as fast as they were operated upon. A square and compass engraved on the Lieutenant's belt plate (inside of) was an important factor in the escape from amputation. Singularly enough, the bullet which passed through his arm (his fore-arm horizontal at the time) also passed into his left breast-pocket and penetrated a memorandum book as far as his Masonic diploma, actually stopping against it, and carrying with it several jagged pieces of the bone of the fore-arm. This memorandum book is still retained as a valued memento of the war.

The steamer went to Fort Monroe next morning, carrying the valuable cargo of maimed human beings. They were landed at Hampton, the officers going to the Chesapeake Hospital and the men to the McClellan. On the way down the river, Lieut. Eldredge discovered his clothing to be well filled with — hold your breath, reader — maggots; and they were in no sense dead ones. With assistance, all those parts of his clothing not actually essential to his comfort were cut off with knives and permitted to drop overboard; and the surgeon in charge on board was induced to re-dress the wound. Happily, it was found to be entirely clean and in good condition.

A full new suit awaited Lieut. Eldredge's arrival at the hospital: and that consisted of one garment, put on after a complete bath. After a day or two, he had the courage to sit up and write his relatives and sweetheart all about it. The effort cost him considerable time of quiet repose to recover from its effects. After awhile he was placed in a room with Capt. Wadlia (see Wadlia's Personal). Adj. Copp and Lieut. White were in the hospital at same time. Nearly all the patients procured separate sponges and bowls for the bathing of their wounds. This was to prevent gangrene, so far as was possible. Nothing except cold water was ever used on the Lieutenant's wound.

Early in September Lieut. Eldredge became, as he thought, able to travel, and desired to go home. He found that "leaves" of that kind were rare; and it was said that Gen. Butler (in whose Department this hospital was) would not give any. He noticed several "leaves" arrive, granted direct from Washington. He had no friends there. He requested Gen. Butler to order him to light duty at Camp Parole, at Annapolis, Md. Arriving there, he was ordered at once to the officers' hospital for treatment (arm in sling, wound suppurating). While there Lieut. Atherton came in (14 Sept. 1864), exchanged. On recovering sufficiently, Lieut. Eldredge was granted a 20 days' leave, going home to his relatives and friends. He procured two extensions (20 days each). He reported early in December, at the Draft Rendezvous, Concord, N. H., and was there placed on duty by Maj. Whittlesey, U. S. A., in command, subject to the approval of the Secretary of War. It was approved. His arm was still in a sling and wound unhealed; but his general health had improved. He at once entered on what may be called staff duty, being appointed Commissary of Recruits, under the Major, so long as he remained (following Spring) and with his successor, Maj. Caldwell, U. S. A., until appointed in the Veteran Reserve Corps in June, 1865.

His duty was to receive the recruits and forward them to the various regiments. In the forwarding, several rolls had to be made in each case; and the clerical work at the Rendezvous was something enormous. Lieut. Eldredge had generally a dozen clerks at work. Again, he had the recruits' ambrotypes taken; and each was registered and numbered, and mounted on the walls of his office, so that it became known as the "rogues' gallery" (over 1,800 on the walls). These ambrotypes (paid for by the sitters) were taken to assist in recognizing and identifying bounty jumpers, should they venture to come into the camp as recruits the second time. Many a man has trembled and blanched when marched up to the front of his own picture and asked semi-comically, "Do you know who that is?" Again, in sending off recruits, great care had to be exercised to prevent John Smith of Ireland going in place of John Smith of Skedunk; and Wm. Jones, colored, from going in place of Wm. Jones, white.

During the Lieutenant's stay at Concord, the St. Albans Raiders excitement was on; and at one time it was reported that the raiders were actually in the camp as substitute recruits. This caused a deal of excitement, not only in the city adjacent, but in the camp itself; and a general examination of all on hand was ordered. Several were found who answered the description; but nothing was done about it except to frighten them. A St. Albans man was even sent down to identify, but failed to do so.

In January, 1865, a Captain's commission was issued to Lieut. Eldredge; but the orders from War Department were imperative that no officer should be mustered into a higher grade, if unfit for field service. Lieut. Eldredge's arm was still in a sling, though the wound had healed once and reopened. His choice lay between going to the regiment in North Carolina and being refused muster, or declining the commission. He chose the latter, rather than hold it and not be mustered; and this declination gave the promotion to the next in rank. The commission itself was not surrendered.

During his stay at the Rendezvous, Lieut. Eldredge occasionally took charge of a squad of recruits himself, from Concord to Galloupe's Island, Boston Harbor. He never lost a man *en route*, though it was almost invariably the case that several of each squad escaped, either by jumping from the cars or by suddenly leaving the ranks in the streets of Boston.

Lieut. Eldredge was on duty at Concord when the news of the fall of Fort Fisher, and also of Richmond, was announced. The latter event was publicly celebrated 10 April 1865, by a military and civic procession in Concord, in which our Lieutenant played a part. Again, he was at Concord when the sad news of the assassination of Lincoln was flashed over the wires. He saw the excitement in Concord; saw men forced to hang out the old flag; saw the crowd of excited citizens go to Franklin Pierce's stopping-place on Main Street, and heard his Union speech; and saw much more not down on the bills. At this time, business at the camp had almost ceased. Recruiting had stopped altogether.

Lieut. Eldredge was ordered on the 4th, and proceeded on 5 May 1865, to take to Point Lookout, Md., a squad of men (old soldiers) then at the Webster U.S. General Hospital, Manchester, N. H. They had been transferred (against their wishes) to the Veteran Reserve Corps, and their regiment was at Point Lookout. Why Lieut. Eldredge should be selected to take a lot of men to a place they didn't wish to go, and had thus publicly expressed themselves, was not for him to inquire into. On falling into line, Lieut. Eldredge read his order to the men, and made a few general remarks about obeying orders, applying it to himself and them. He was supplied with a guard, picked by himself, of four men and a sergeant. All started, and all got there. On the way a difficulty arose, in this way: The order and the transportation called for one more man than actually went (one left behind sick); and the Lieutenant was averse to paying fare for more than he had. To New York it worked all right, for he had tickets, in groups and singles. Beyond that point it was not so easy. The Quartermaster declined to make his order for any lesser number than the order specified. The next resort was to the conductor of the train, who had tickets in abundance. He was asked to give a single ticket in return, but flatly refused, at the same time trying to snatch the ticket for the whole from Lieut. Eldredge's hand. Hot blood now arose on both sides. Lieut. Eldredge was firm in his position, not to see the Government defrauded. Conductor equally firm. Lieut. Eldredge and his squad and guards occupied exclusively the rear car. Another Lieutenant, with a similar party, joining at New York, occupied exclusively the next car forward. Conductor threatened to uncouple the car. Forced to desist by cold steel applied to his rear. Lieut. Eldredge, by virtue of his rank, assumed command of both parties, and ordered the Lieutenant of the other squad to not permit his car to be uncoupled without special orders. This attached the two cars to the train, go where it would. Much delay was caused at Newark, by a vain attempt of the conductor to have Lieut. Eldredge arrested. Here the conductor telegraphed back to New York, to Gen. Dix, in substance that his train had been seized by guerillas and his life was threatened; and more, that the aforesaid armed guerillas were detaining the mail of the great United States. How this little episode ended is too long a story for insertion here. The Government was not defrauded.

Months after, and after Lieut. Eldredge had been transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps, a package of official documents came to hand at New Haven, Conn., ordering him to report his conduct forthwith. This had been to the Adjutant General's Office, and to Lieut. Eldredge's corps, division, brigade and regiment; and when it got there it found him transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps. Then it went on its travels back to Washington, to again start from the Provost Marshal General's Office, on its mission. The package was a formidable one, growing as it went along its weary march. It contained copies of the affidavits of the case. Reading them very calmly, our Lieutenant could hardly recognize himself in the picture drawn. He reported fully, and never after heard from it.

In going to Point Lookout, the party went *via* Baltimore and down the Chesapeake, returning *via* Washington. This gave Lieut. Eldredge an opportunity to obtain an examination for the Veteran Reserve Corps, to which he had already requested to be transferred. This he obtained after a short delay, resulting in his transfer to Co. A, Third V. R. C., as 2d Lieutenant, his company being stationed at New Haven, Conn. This appointment was received the latter part of June, 1865, and his discharge from Third New

Hampshire was made to date 21 May, and "to accept commission in V. R. C., 22 May 1865." Maj. Caldwell, of the U. S. A., with whom Lieut. Eldredge was serving at the time this appointment was received, remarked sarcastically when he saw that it was to be *2d Lieutenant*, "Is that the way they reward faithful officers?" It was inevitable. The supply was greater than the demand.

Lieut. Eldredge shortly after joined his new company at New Haven, and was soon thereafter made Adjutant of the camp, under Capt. E. I. Merrill, who, after the war, was made postmaster at Farmington, Me. The war being over, the only practical duty done at Draft Rendezvous was to receive returning regiments and care for them and their arms until paid off and finally discharged. Lieut. Eldredge had charge of escorting the regiments to the camp from the railroad station—a long distance. Of his experience at New Haven, a single item only is worthy of mention. Returned soldiers had a penchant for stealing their arms after turning them in. This got to be something alarming, in quantity and in value. Stringent measures were adopted; but it required a lightning stroke to stop it. It happened in this wise. The guard over the guns turned in had been doubled, pending a threatened and combined attack on the place of deposit. The guards had been directed to load and be ready. It was well known that guard was mounted with loaded guns. Despite all this, the desire for stealing was paramount to everything else. Lieut. Eldredge, as Officer of the Day, had placed his guards at the most advantageous points and duly instructed them. He was the only officer in camp at the time. Clear and sharp rang out the rifle of the guard about nine in the evening. Lieut. Eldredge was quickly on the spot. There lay the result: a mortally wounded man, and his excited companions quickly gathering around. The guard was immediately ordered to the spot (*i.e.*, the off reliefs), and the guard who fired the shot, after a brief explanation, was at once relieved and sent to the guard-house, for protection against possible harm. Lieut. Eldredge and others at once took the unfortunate man to the hospital, where the best possible surgical aid was rendered. He was a Sixth Connecticut man. The ball passed through his right breast, and then through the arm, at short range. He died at 10 A.M. next day. At intervals he cried, "Don't shoot!" It appears that he actually assaulted the guard after repeated warnings, and thus met his death. An investigation was ordered, held, and reported no case against the guard. It was a sad episode; but who shall say it was avoidable?

From New Haven, Lieut. Eldredge was ordered on general court-martial duty at Hartford, in September. Here he served till about the latter part of November, when he was ordered home, to report to the Adjutant-General monthly, awaiting orders. He went as directed, and reported with regularity, but was never ordered to duty. During July, 1866, he was discharged, as of 30 June, because his services were no longer required.

Almost five years of service! Not wholly in the field, to be sure; but quite varied in character, the bitter with the sweet; and he had tasted various kinds of service.

While on "waiting orders," Lieut. Eldredge committed matrimony in the town of Wilmington, Mass., 14 Feb. 1866; and having no fear of being ordered to the tented field, he took his new wife across the border into Montreal. While there he visited the Theatre Royal, and during the play, the whole performance stopped at the entrance of an elderly man and his daughter, the redoubtable Jeff. Davis, late President, etc., etc. Everybody (not including Lieut. Eldredge and wife) arose, and shouted and cheered. Jeff. bowed right and left. The pit called for "Dixie," and the orchestra played it, followed by more cheering, loud clapping of hands, etc. All this was not enjoyed by Lieut. Eldredge; for his blood fairly boiled, and he got himself and his wife out, at the earliest practicable moment. Jeff. was evidently a favorite there.

Lieut. Eldredge has since the war, and for several years, resided in Boston. At this writing, he is the secretary and treasurer of three very successful co-operative banks, in the introduction of which system into Massachusetts he took a leading part. These three banks, combined in one

office, are The Pioneer Co-operative Bank (oldest in the State), The Homestead Co-operative Bank, and The Guardian Co-operative Bank, with combined assets (1893) of a million dollars.

Lieut. Eldredge (he is generally called *Captain* by his friends) was President of the Third New Hampshire Volunteer Veteran Association, 1889 and 1890, and takes great interest in and attends the reunions very regularly. His address is No. 36 Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass.

NOTE 1.—He was in every action of the regiment (except Pocotaligo) up to the time of his wound, 16 Aug. 1864.

NOTE 2.—The excessive length of this personal sketch is almost inexcusable, though written after all the others. The varied services and a desire to describe the same may possibly be mitigating circumstances.

DANIEL FARRAR.

Dr. Farrar's appointment dates 13 Aug. 1862. It should not have been so dated. The fact that a vacancy was imminent was not a sufficient military justification, though it was well in the end. He arrived at the regiment about the middle of September, 1862, soon after it had been recalled from outpost duty. Dr. Buzzell had only preceded him a few days, and had already begun to make his mark. Dr. Moulton was absent at the North, and his discharge was daily expected. Dr. Eaton was well-nigh worn out, and sick besides, and talked resignation, but did not actually resign till the month following.

At the end of September, 1862, we had what might appropriately be termed a "medical muddle." Our rolls bore a surgeon (Dr. Moulton, not yet discharged) and three assistants — Eaton, Buzzell and Farrar. The regulations and orders permitted only three, one surgeon and two assistants. As Dr. Farrar was the surplus, he could draw no pay till the resignation of Dr. Eaton, whose place was filled by Dr. Buzzell; and then Dr. Farrar filled Buzzell's place; and a little later (one month), Buzzell stepped up to Moulton's place (Moulton discharged), and Farrar up to Buzzell's place as 1st Assistant, leaving the 2d Assistant's place vacant. It will be seen that within a brief period we had not only a surplus of doctors, but a deficiency as well. As for the regiment itself, it will be seen that at no time during this muddle did it have actually present more than the regulation number allowed at that period; and it would seem to have been a wise forethought that thus planned it. Dr. Farrar began his duties at once, notwithstanding his anomalous position, and did them well.

In the spring of 1863, when the regiment was again scattered (G and H at Hilton Head, seven companies at Pluckney Island, and one company at Pope's, Hilton Head), Dr. Farrar remained at Hilton Head with G and H.

On 15 April 1863 (after regiment had gone to Edisto Island), Dr. Farrar was ordered to special duty, taking charge of the sick at the outposts of Hilton Head (Seabrook, Fort Mitchel, Pope's, Jenkins Island and Spanish Wells), with headquarters at Pope's. He had scarcely entered upon these duties when he was relieved by an order relieving everybody in the brigade of which the Third New Hampshire was a part. He rejoined the regiment while it lay in Edisto River. On 27 April, the writer's data says: "Dr. Farrar resigned; not accepted"; but this act of his was repeated at once, and he was honorably discharged 4 May, after we had landed on Botany Bay Island.

It would appear that he did not immediately go North; for on 10th May he loaned his horse (at Hilton Head) to Bandmaster Ingalls (then Second Brigade Band) to ride to Drayton's Plantation.

Dr. Farrar was born 29 May 1836, at Troy, N. H. He studied with Dr. A. M. Caverly of Troy (in 1855 and 1856), and graduated from the Harvard Medical School in the spring of 1862, and practiced at Troy, N. H., prior to his entry into the service. Upon his return to civil life he practiced a short time in Troy, and from there went to Boston, Mass., tarrying but a short time at the latter place; and thence to Leominster, Mass., where he died 3 June 1875, leaving a widow and two children. The widow, Mrs. C. A. Farrar, still resides (1890) at Leominster.

ENOCH Q. FELLOWS.

Enoch Q. Fellows was born in Sandwich, N. H., 20 June 1825, and had a military ancestry. He early evinced a desire for connection with military matters, and in 1844 he obtained an appointment to West Point, and entered that noted military academy the same year, making excellent progress with his studies. He there remained until November, 1846, when he voluntarily withdrew, an act he has probably many times since regretted. His school-mates were Gen. Whiting (rebel, of Fort Fisher fame) Gen. W. F. (Baldy) Smith, Gen. Fitz John Porter, Gen. John G. Foster, Gen. Geo. B. McClellan, Gen. John L. Reno, Gen. T. J. (Stonewall) Jackson (rebel), Gen. Truman Seymour, Gen. A. E. Burnside, Gen. Egbert L. Viele, Gen. Q. A. Gillmore, Gen. Rufus Saxton, and many others, both Union and Confederate. From 1847 to 1851 he was regularly appointed drill-master in the New Hampshire State Militia. From 1847 to 1849 was Adjutant of the Nineteenth regiment of militia, and in 1858 was brigadier-general of the brigade composed of the militia of Carroll, Belknap and Strafford Counties. From 1851 to 1854 he was doorkeeper in the State Senate. He was an inspector at the U. S. Custom House, Boston, from 1854 to 1857, and the following four years he might have been found at his home in Sandwich.

This brings him to the very edge of the war; and he appeared, ready, at the first signal. His services were at once in demand in drilling recruits and organizing the First Regiment. Though offered a captaincy in it, he enlisted as a private, and was at once made 1st Lieutenant of Co. K, and then immediately detailed as Acting Adjutant of the regiment, with which he went to the front and honorably served and acquitted himself, returning at the expiration of the term (three months), after having participated in whatever of war was the lot of the regiment to see. (See brief account of First Regiment.) Scarcely had our hero brushed the dust of his journey from his clothes ere he was tendered the Colonelcy of the Third New Hampshire, just organizing at Concord. It would appear that the First Regiment was mustered out on 9 Aug., and that a Colonel's commission was issued to E. Q. Fellows on the following day. Tradition has it that in looking about for a Colonel for the Third Regiment, the position having been tendered to one and declined, Lieut.-Col. Jackson and the Hon. Mason W. Tappan, by some strange coincidence, said to themselves, almost simultaneously upon the arrival of E. Q. Fellows, "Here is the man!" and they at once repaired to Governor Berry and urged his appointment. This was made, our hero being taken quite by surprise, though he surrendered. Col. Fellows, for we must now call him Colonel, did not at once repair to the camp then formed at Concord, but returned to his home for a few days' needed rest. Until his arrival in camp, Lieut.-Col. Jackson looked after the details of organization, etc.

Upon the arrival of the regiment at Long Island, Col. Fellows was in command of the post, the only other force arriving there during our stay being the Eighth Maine. Col. Fellows was summoned to New York City to consult with Gen. Sherman as to details; and during the latter part of our short stay at Long Island, Gen. Viele was in command. At Concord, at Long Island, at Washington and at Annapolis, considerable attention was attracted to the regiment, by the military bearing and fine presence of Col. Fellows, who was a strict disciplinarian, understood military tactics, and also understood his responsible position.

Soon after arriving at Hilton Head he was made Commander of the Post, being the senior Colonel, thus leaving the command of the regiment to Lieut.-Col. Jackson. He also served on a general court-martial at the same post. When the regiment went with other troops to Edisto, in April, 1862, Col. Fellows was directed to accompany and assume command of the Post, which he did, establishing Post Headquarters at the Henry Seabrook plantation, near the northeasterly extremity of the island,—a beautiful place,—and retained our band there for musical services.

During his stay as Commander of the Post, he required the strictest discipline and a report in writing of the minutest details of all that happened at the different posts. Was relieved from this duty by Gen. Wright,

about the 23d of April. He went North on a sixty days' leave of absence, which he had taken the preliminary steps to procure before leaving Hilton Head, but had deferred pushing, as the Edisto movement seemed to require his services. He never returned from this leave, but resigned at its expiration. Was honorably discharged by Gen. Hunter's S. O. 140, dated 26 June 1862. This resignation was a disappointment to the regiment, as he was beloved and respected by all.

Of his firmness and knowledge of tactics, one circumstance is vividly remembered by the writer. It was at Hilton Head. We were forming on the large parade ground (cotton field), for brigade drill. The Third New Hampshire was either a little behind time, or the other regiments ahead of time. At any rate, we were last to reach the field. The other regiments had formed and "dressed." We were on the right. When "dressed" we did not align with the other regiments. Orders came from the brigade commander, for the Third New Hampshire to "dress" on the Eighth Maine. The Colonel sat on his horse, in our immediate front. Though slightly deaf even then, he readily understood matters, and shouted out, "Stand fast! The Third New Hampshire is on the *right*! Stand fast, men!" We did stand fast, and the whole line had to "dress" on the Third New Hampshire.

Again, an instance of determination. One day, at the same place, for some reason the Adjutant was a little behind time, and not for the first time, in getting out to parade. The Colonel was considerably vexed, and shouted so one could hear him nearly half a mile, "Adjutant, mount your horse and come out here!" There was no mistaking his meaning. The Adjutant came right out with his horse under him.

With this ends the record, so far as the Third New Hampshire is concerned; but who of the old Third wishes to drop so valuable an officer in such a summary manner. Let us follow him and his fortunes. Upon his resignation as Colonel of the Third, he was at once made Colonel of the Ninth, in which he served creditably, participating in the Battles of South Mountain and Antietam. The conduct of the regiment and its Colonel in the former battle was commended by Gen. Reno. From the Ninth, Col. Fellows resigned in November, 1862, after unsuccessfully fighting neuralgia and kindred ills.

His campaigns may be summed up as follows: Three months under Gen. Patterson; under Gen. Sherman in the Port Royal campaign; under McClellan in the Maryland campaign. The Governor and Council recommended him to the President for a brigadier-general's commission, in which capacity he served during a considerable part of the time.

While at West Point, the first appearance of the unfortunate malady, deafness, made its appearance; and with its increase, though very gradual, came a desire to retire from activity. To this peculiar feature may be attributed, in part at least, the conspicuous fact that he very rarely attends the annual reunions at Weirs.

In 1863 Col. Fellows went West, remaining there for a few years only, after which he returned to Sandwich and became connected with the Carroll County Savings Bank. He was an assistant assessor from 1869 to 1873, and also a deputy collector of internal revenue for a part of the time in Carroll and Belknap Counties. In the years 1868, 1869 and 1877 he served his town in the Legislature, and was on the Military Committee. In politics Col. Fellows is strongly Republican. He has a son and two daughters. He has substantially retired from all activity, and devotes his time to his family and his books.

NOTE.—The writer is indebted to the *Granite Monthly*, Nos. 11 and 12, of 1885, for a portion of the data concerning Col. Fellows.

DANIEL J. FLANDERS.

Flanders was the original 1st Sergeant of Co. E (Capt. Plimpton); and being the 1st Sergeant of the company having the ranking captain is supposed to be one of the reasons for his early promotion to 2d Lieutenant. The document arrived 31 May 1862, at Edisto, and he was assigned to Co. E. His commission was dated 15 April. In the action of James Island, 16 June 1862, he was with Co. E, which company was commanded by Capt. Maxwell.

After the return of the regiment from James Island to Hilton Head, and after the outpost duty, he, as 2d Lieutenant of Co. F, took Co. E (Capt. Plimpton to Major, and Lieut. Ela to Captain and to Co. K). He accompanied the expedition to Florida, after lumber (January, 1863).

About 19 Jan. 1863, he received a 1st Lieutenant's commission, dated 16 Nov. 1862, *vice* Dearborn, promoted. Without being mustered, he was at once assigned to Co. E (already with it). He did not get mustered into his new grade till 18 April, as of 20 Jan. Co. E being on Provost Guard at Hilton Head, we find him temporarily at Pinckney Island (seven companies there), and probably on a visit and respite on account of his health. He had a leave of absence in May and June, returning 26 June.

Soon after his company's return to St. Helena (really reuniting with the regiment), in June, he was assigned to Co. F. His health being undermined, and no immediate prospect of change for the better, he was discharged at his own request, for disability, by S. O. 387, 2 July. (Regiment then on St. Helena.)

In 1864 he again took up arms, raising Co. F of the First New Hampshire Heavy Artillery. His commission as Captain was 5 Sept. 1864. His muster-out was 15 June 1865. In 1891 we find him in the steam engine works of G. A. Rollins, at Nashua, N. H.

He was born in Wheelock, Vt., 16 Aug. 1834. The war found him working in a machine shop in Nashua, N. H.

ANDREW J. FOGG.

He was the original 2d Lieutenant in Co. B, with Wilbur as Captain and Ayer as 1st Lieutenant. Fogg took an active interest in getting the company into shape and is entitled to credit for it.

He was with his company in the James Island battle (16 June 1862). We find him in command of Co. C from about 27 July to 13 Sept. Capt. Wilbur of B was in arrest, and Lieut. Ayer was with H a part of the time; hence the actual command of B devolved on Fogg in such cases. On 12 Sept. he received a 1st Lieutenant's commission, dated 17 June, and was relieved from C by Capt. Allen and returned to B.

On Botany Bay Island his health grew rapidly worse, the Southern climate not agreeing with him. He resigned, and was discharged by S. O. 258, D. S., 9 May 1863; but he did not receive it, however, till the 12th, on which day he turned over the company to Lieut. Smith. He soon after bade good-bye to his comrades in arms, all regretting his departure, and the cause thereof, as well. He went North on the *Ben Deford* (a number of furloughed men on same steamer).

Lieut. Fogg was born at Epping, N. H., 31 Dec. 1831. He was at Daufuskie, Bluffton and Pocotaligo, but not at Jehossee Island, nor with the lumber expedition to Florida in January, 1863. He has made his home at Exeter, N. H., since the war.

GEORGE H. GIDDINGS.

"Gid," as the boys almost always called him (unofficially, of course), was born at Exeter, N. H., 3 April 1834. He was one of the original corporals in Co. B (Capt. Wilbur's company). For some frivolous reason he was deprived of his warrant while the regiment was at Washington, in September, 1861; but it was restored to him in the following month, at Annapolis.

After the battle of James Island (16 June 1862), he carried the colors for awhile. He also served for a few months in the Signal Corps, being detached for that purpose. In October he was made Sergeant. After the siege of Wagner, in which he took part, he was, with others, granted a furlough for good conduct. On 7 Sept. he was, as Acting 1st Sergeant, in command of his company (B) and was part and parcel of the "forlorn hope."

He was made 1st Sergeant 25 Nov. 1863, *vice* Lamprey, promoted. He re-enlisted in February, 1864, and again had the privilege of going on furlough. Being at home, he did not participate in the Florida campaign of April, 1864.

In Virginia, he was in the Drewry's Bluff fights, 13-16 May 1864, with Co. B. On 6 June he was mustered as 2d Lieutenant, as of 30 May, his commission being dated 24 May, *vice* Hazen, promoted. Regimental order No. 4, issued in July, assigned him to Co. A.

He was engaged on 16 Aug. and was slightly wounded in left leg, but did not go farther than the regimental hospital. On recovering sufficiently for duty, he was detached (29 Aug.) and placed in charge of the Ambulance Corps of the First Division, Tenth Army Corps, by S. O. 111, C. Hdqrs., the position assigned to Lieut. Davis, and declined by him on account of ill health. This duty he continued upon until 18 Oct., on which date he was mustered as 1st Lieutenant (not dating backwards), on commission dated 12 Oct., *vice* Lamprey, died of wounds. He then rejoined his company (now K). In November, apparently, he was in command of K and B.

In December, 1864, and January and February, 1865, he is reported as commanding Co. B. He was with the regiment at Fort Fisher. On 3 March 1865, he was mustered as Captain of Co. K, *vice* Stearns, discharged, his muster not dating backwards and his commission dating 4 Jan. He remained on duty with Co. K to the final muster-out.

Capt. Giddings is now (1890) a resident of Cambridge, Mass. In addition to the actions named, Giddings was at James Island, 16 June 1862; Pocotaligo, 22 Oct.; Bluffton; Daufuskie; Morris Island, 10, 11, 18 July 1863; 2, 9, 16, 25 June 1864. He was not with the Florida lumber expedition.

HENRY C. HANDERSON.

He was the original 2d Lieutenant of Co. G (Capt. Wiggin), which was largely from Ossipee and surrounding towns. At the muster-in of the company Handerson was absent, probably on short leave, and is not borne on the muster-in rolls of the company. On his return, shortly after, he was mustered separately (separate rolls), though no copy is on file at the State House.

In May, 1862, we find him promoted to 1st Lieutenant, at Edisto Island, and in command of Co. G (Emmons in command of I, Carlton on leave). He continued in command of Co. G till about 15 June, when he turned over the company to Capt. Emmons (Carlton of I having returned). Inasmuch as Capt. Emmons was off duty (sick in quarters), Lieut. Handerson commanded G in the James Island fight (16 June). In this battle, Lieut. Handerson received the compliments of the rebels in the shape of a slight bullet wound, which ploughed a furrow from wrist to elbow. This did not prevent his doing duty. About the middle of September, 1862, he was detailed (with others) to go North on recruiting service, from which he returned in January, 1863, joining the regiment at Hilton Head.

He was duly commissioned Captain, the document arriving 30 March 1863 (G and H, at Hilton Head). He was mustered next day, and went to his company (K), then on Pinckney Island (seven companies there). In this he relieved Lient. Smith. He remained as Captain of Co. K to the end of his service. He was with the company in the 10 July 1863 action; also in the assault on Wagner, 18 July. The writer well remembers seeing him, and being very near him in the latter action. The Morris Island campaign made serious inroads upon his health, and to such an extent that he deemed it advisable to resign. This he did during the early part of September, 1863, shortly after the evacuation of Wagner (7 Sept.) It was accepted, and he was honorably discharged 18 Sept., S. O. 533, D. S. Within a few days thereafter he left the island for the North, *via* Hilton Head (Capt. Emmons accompanied, also discharged).

Capt. Handerson was well liked by his men and brother officers. He was of few words, and those were well put together and always meant something. He had a tendency, at times, to be taciturn, though this was wholly unattended by moroseness. After the war, he became postmaster at Keene, N. H. It was while holding this position that he took his own life. This was superinduced by a sunstroke that he received during the summer of 1873, while on a fishing trip on Lake Champlain. This fearful act occurred 12 June 1874, at Keene, where he left a wife and daughter. He was born at Chesterfield, N. H., 4 March 1828.

JOHN H. HITCHCOCK.

He was the original 3d Sergeant of Co. I (Capt. Carlton). He was afterward promoted to 1st Sergeant, and re-enlisted; but his almost immediate promotion to 2d Lieutenant cut him off from the furlough. After the charge on Fort Wagner (18 July 1863), he was sent North with a party after conscripts (Col. Jackson in charge, and the writer one of them). At the capture of the blockade runner off Wilmington, 23 July, Sergt. Hitchcock was one of the boarding party. On arriving at New York, he was also one of the party of twelve sergeants (two reliefs of six each) who bore Gen. Strong (mortally wounded) to his residence in upper New York.

Sergt. Hitchcock, after performing the duties required at Concord, re-joined the regiment 16 Nov., going to it with about 200 recruits, the whole in command of Col. Donohoe (see main story). Within a few days after his return, he was ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant. We find him on 21 Nov. acting as Officer of the Guard. On 3 Feb. 1864, he was mustered as 2d Lieutenant, to date 20 Jan., his commission being dated 6 Jan. He took the place of Parker, promoted to 1st Lieutenant. While assigned to Co. C, in March (re-enlisted men gone), we find him on duty with Co. B. He passed through the Florida campaign (mounted), and was with the regiment when the Virginia campaign was begun, and continued through to 23 Aug. 1864.

In June he was again promoted, being mustered on the 3d to grade of 1st Lieutenant, as of 29 May (commission dated 21 May). *vice* Button, killed at Drewry's Bluff. He went then on duty with Co. I, and was probably with that company in the 16 Aug. engagement. On 23 Aug., when the 1861 men's time expired, Lient. Hitchcock was one of the fortunate officers ordered home with them. This was equivalent to a leave of absence (S. O. 231, D. Hdqrs.) He returned on or before 19 Sept. In December, he had charge of the firing party which executed Brown of G for desertion. He also had charge of firing party in case of Miller of F, at Jacksonville, Fla.

He went to Fort Fisher with the expedition, but was — perhaps fortunately for him — on special duty at the time of the assault on that stronghold, in charge of a detail of about 20 men from the regiment, as guard over a lot of commissary stores near the beach. (Some say on picket.)

Soon after the capture of Fort Fisher he was sent North with prisoners, and had a peculiar experience. As nearly as can be learned, the story is in substance as follows: Of the persons taken at Fort Fisher, 101 officers were placed on board a large steam transport (said to be the *California*); and

our Lieutenant, with a detail of 30 men from the regiment (27 privates and 3 corporals), was placed in command of them. Before the preparations for departure were complete—even before Lieut. Hitchcock was served with an order and instructions—a storm arose, and the steamer was driven out to sea. Here was a dilemma. No rations, no order, no instructions! An insufficient guard, too! Rebel officers to the number of 101, and a guard of 30! They were to be taken North; but where? No communication could be had with the land; so Lieut. Hitchcock directed the Captain to proceed North as rapidly as possible, he agreeing to use the vessel's provisions until relief could be had. Fortress Monroe was the nearest point; and for that they steamed. There they obtained rations and an additional guard (some regulars); and a consultation was also had with officers stationed there. Upon advice, Lieut. Hitchcock steered for Fort Delaware; but was unable to get there, on account of the ice in the bay. Another dilemma, another consultation with the Captain of the steamer, and they started for New York. Lieut. Hitchcock says that in starting on this duty he realized the difficulties and duties he must cope with, aside from those of a maritime nature. Here were 101 rebel officers, and only 30 men for guard duty. Lieut. Hitchcock's good sense and judgment came in play, and successfully. He obtained and retained throughout the voyage complete control over the prisoners. He did this by at once ordering the entire party below, and keeping them there, permitting a very limited number at a time to come on deck for air. Arriving at New York, the prisoners were landed at Fort Columbus; and Lieut. Hitchcock returned, stopping at Fort Monroe to land his borrowed guard. Here his steamer was turned over to the Quartermaster's Department, and he and his guard were furnished transportation to Fort Fisher. He received the personal thanks of his superior officers for his successful management of the affair.

We have now to relate the sad part of his military career. Early in February, 1865, charges were preferred against him by Maj. Trickey, Commanding Regiment, to Gen. Terry; and the *finale* was a dismissal from the service, without trial, by S. O. 20, Hdqrs. Dist. N. C. and Ohio, 3 March 1865, at Wilmington, N. C. During the pendency of these charges, Lieut. Hitchcock did not participate in any engagement. Singularly enough, too, his commission as Captain was issued; but his dismissal cut off any advancement to new grade. It is proper to add to this that there was no personal feeling of enmity in the regiment against Hitchcock, but a general feeling of pity and of sympathy. Neither is there any appreciable amount of adverse criticism upon the action of Maj. Trickey.

Since the war, say in 1888-9, and probably an earlier date as well, Lieut. Hitchcock endeavored, by petition, to have his dismissal revoked, and granted an honorable discharge. This was signed not only by Maj. Trickey himself, but by a large number of other officers as well, but with what result is not known at this writing. It is to be hoped that Lieut. Hitchcock's declining years may be made more peaceful, if possible, by the granting of this great desire of his heart, to which, it is safe to say, few, if any, Third New Hampshire officers or men will make objection.

Hitchcock was born in Sandy Hill, N. Y., 1 April 1827. His residence was, in 1890, at Winchendon, Mass. He was at Bluffton, Daufuskie, Jehossee, Edisto, James Island (but not in the action of 16 June 1862, on account of sickness) and Pocotaligo.

JOHN M. HEAD.

Head started as one of the sergeants in Co. B (Capt. Wilbur). We find him sick at Bailey's Wharf, on Edisto Island, 27 May 1862 (Lieuts. Ayer and Jackson there, too). This was when we were getting ready to go to James Island, *via* John's Island, and the sick were being concentrated at the landing on Edisto. On 30 Aug. (Hilton Head), he was ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant, pending the arrival of his commission as such. This came to hand about 16 Oct., being dated 22 Aug.

In March, 1863, he was transferred to Co. C (Pinckney Island). On 11 June, we find him at St. Helena Island; and a few days later (18 June) detached for duty in the Signal Corps, and stationed at Hilton Head (S. O. 46, D. S.). He served at various signal stations in the Department, and at one time was at Fort Pulaski (Forty-eighth New York there), where he by some unfortunate combination of circumstances was put in arrest by the officer in command of the forces, and so remained for several weeks. He was finally released from arrest and restored to duty, without formality, no charges having been preferred. Signal duty was peculiar; and much friction was caused all over the Department, from the fact that the signal officers and men were not subject to the orders of whoever happened along, holding higher rank. It is related of Lieut. Head that, being on signal station at Folly Island, and in the district presided over by Gen. Vogdes, that redoubtable General undertook to direct our hero just a little at first, only asking what the message was he (Head) was sending. Head's reply was inelegant, but right to the point: "None of your d—d business!" Vogdes was not inside his uniform; but his general's blood was fairly boiling as he squeaked out (his voice was peculiarly squeaky), "Perhaps you don't know who I am. I am Gen. Vogdes." "I don't care a d—n who you are; you can't have this despatch," said Head. "I order you under arrest," said Vogdes. "Order, and be d—d," said the undaunted Head. Meanwhile the signal flag was being thrashed about, conveying war news to Gen. Gillmore on Morris Island. Head declared Vogdes' act to be good war news, and sent it along to Gillmore, who sent a mounted staff officer as quickly as possible and directed Vogdes to let the signal officers and the flaggers alone. On 10 Sept. 1863 he visited the regiment, on Morris Island. On 21 Nov. 1863 he wrote a letter to Capt. Ayer, signing himself "Acting Signal Officer, Department South," and dating it "Lookout Signal Station, Folly Island."

He never returned to the regiment for duty, but resigned in March, 1864, reaching New York on his way home 7 April 1864, on the *Arago*. Head made his home after the war at Exeter, N. H. He became deranged, and suicided 3 Dec. 1884, at Exeter, N. H., at the Granite House. He was born 3 April 1829, at Pembroke, N. H.

ALFRED J. HILL.

He was our original Adjutant. His service in the Mexican War in Co. C, Ninth U. S. Infantry (with Lieut.-Col. Jackson, Maj. Bedel and Capt. Littlefield, of our regiment), pre-eminently fitted him for the position to which he was commissioned. He was born at Durham, N. H., 1 July 1804. At Concord, 24 Aug. 1861, his friends in Portsmouth presented him with an elegant sword, belt, sash, etc.

His health began to fail as soon as we were fully installed at Hilton Head (January, 1862), and prior to our removal to Edisto (April) he tendered his resignation. This was not accepted, probably because Gen. Sherman was very slow to accept resignations and thus decimate his force. Later, after we had removed to Edisto, he again sent in his resignation; and it was accepted (dated 14th; received about 20 April 1862). 2d Lieut. T. M. Jackson was appointed to act in his place temporarily.

He died at Portsmouth, N. H., 1 April 1889, and was buried in the Harmony Grove Cemetery, in that city. Storer Post No. 1, G. A. R., officiated at the last sad ceremony. He was a charter member of that Post. He left a son.

CHARLES S. HAZEN.

Hazen was the original 1st Corporal of Co. E (Capt. Plimpton). Two days prior to the battle of James Island (16 June 1862) he was promoted to Sergeant, going into the fight with that rank. He also was present at the Pocotaligo fight (21 Oct.) He was with Capt. Gray's (Seventh New Hampshire) party, that failed to capture the pickets.

Early in January, 1863, he went to Florida on the "lumber expedition." He was at Bluffton, and was in charge of the rear guard (eight men) when the regiment returned to its boats. He was also at Daufuskie Island, going on the boat with Capt. Plimpton. Was in the actions of 10 and 18 July. Next day he was ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant.

He was one of the detail (Col. Jackson, the writer and others) sent North in July, for conscripts, being stationed at Concord, N. H. From there he went with detachments of recruits to their several regiments, and finally returned to his own regiment (with a detachment — its first), and remained with it. While absent on this duty he received a 2d Lieutenant's commission, and served as such. On 24 Nov. 1863 (a week after his return) he was mustered into his new grade as of 18 Nov. 1863, *vice* Kirwin, promoted. A day or two prior to his departure North, as above related, he was ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant, the regiment being short of officers for duty.

On his muster as 2d Lieutenant he was assigned to Co. D. When the re-enlisted men went North on furlough, Hazen was assigned to duty with E (his original company). He was with the regiment in its mounted experience (though temporarily assigned to A in March), during March and the greater part of April, 1864. He went with the four companies (A, D, H and K) to Palatka, commanding D, Capt. Maxwell of that company being in command of the whole.

In the Virginia campaign, Lieut. Hazen was wounded on 13 May 1864 (first day of the Drewry's Bluff fights). His injury was to his right eye, caused by a comrade firing his gun too closely to his (Hazen's) head. Hazen claims that the injury was permanent, and the sight destroyed. Though able on that night (13th) to assist the surgeons, his disability became quite apparent on the next day, and he started in the morning for Bermuda Hundred, our old camp, and consequently was not in action 14-16 May. Again he was promoted to 1st Lieutenant and mustered 3 June as of 29 May, his commission being dated 24 May, *vice* Wadsworth, promoted, and was assigned to Co. F.

He was in the sortie of 2 June, when our rifle-pits were retaken from the rebels, and was also with the regiment 9 June, near Petersburg, his company (E) being on the skirmish line. He was also with the regiment 23 June (down the river). During the fight of 16 June he was at the camp (wounded, 13 May). When the old 1861 men were mustered out, 23 Aug., Lieut. Hazen was ordered home with them — equal to a leave of absence (S. O. 231, D. Hdqrs., 20 days). While on this leave he was taken sick, obtained a surgeon's certificate and forwarded it to the regiment, where it arrived 15 Sept. This was soon followed by his resignation (received 2 Oct.) Not hearing from this, and having been absent the extreme limit of time permitted under G. O., W. D., he returned to the regiment 18 Nov. At the end of that month he was in command of Co. F, but reported as sick in quarters. In the meantime he had failed to report at Washington, D. C. (from New Hampshire), where all who are absent without leave (this was technical) were ordered to report within fifteen days, or stand dismissed from the service. It is supposable that Hazen did not know of this particular order. This being the situation, he was dismissed for absence without leave by S. O. 166, W. D., 5 Dec. 1864. This order was received at the regiment during January, 1865, and he was accordingly dropped from the regimental returns at the end of January, 1865, as having been dismissed (Co. F). Again, his case was further mixed up by his dismissal being revoked by a War Department order of 3 April 1865, "he having been previously discharged." His actual discharge was by S. O. 64, Army of the James, 17 Dec. 1864, at which time he was with Co. E.

Born in Princeton, Mass., 11 June 1840.

WILLIAM E. HAMMETT.

Hammett was an original Musician of Co. A. At Annapolis, 11 Oct. 1861, he was made Corporal; and on Morris Island, 4 Aug. 1863, he was promoted to Sergeant. He re-enlisted in that grade, receiving his furlough. Again, in August, 1864, he was advanced to 1st Sergeant. After the North Carolina campaign was over, he was commissioned as 2d Lieutenant, *vice* McCoy, promoted, the commission being dated 24 Jan. 1865, and his muster taking place 27 April, as of 1 March. He was mustered for the unexpired term of the regiment, with Co. H, and he so remained to the end.

He was born 13 Jan. 1839, at Manchester, England. Married 19 Nov. 1866, at Manchester, N. H. Died at Boston, Mass., 13 Nov. 1880, and is buried at Forest Hills, near that city. Hammett was a member of the Firemen's Relief Association of Boston, and the Association attended the last sad rites. By trade, Hammett was a cutler, and an expert in his line. He left a widow and three children. In 1892, the widow was at Amoskeag, N. H.

JOHN R. HYNES.

Hynes was one of those peculiarly organized fellows who made few if any enemies. His occupation at the breaking out of the war was that of a reporter (said to have been the chief) on the *Manchester Mirror*, an ably conducted and thriving paper. He is said to have held this position nine years. During the war—at least during his stay with the Third New Hampshire—he was a correspondent, and his letters appeared quite regularly in the *Mirror*.

Hynes was the original 2d Lieutenant of Co. A (Capt. Clark and 1st Lieut. A. H. Libby). When Libby went on sick leave, in the Spring of 1862 (Capt. Clark being absent too, on recruiting service), Hynes took Co. A, being himself relieved by Capt. Clark on his return (5 May, at Edisto).

Meantime 1st Lieut. Maxwell had, a part of the time, been with Co. A; but it would appear that Lieut. Hynes kept charge of the company property, as the returns of Co. A show that he turned over the property to Capt. Clark, 5 May 1862.

Hynes must have been ill or on some special duty, as he did not go to James Island with the regiment, but reached it (the regiment), about 10 June 1862. Was in the James Island fight, 16 June, with his company (A).

We do not find aught about him again till August, 1862, when Lieut. Thompson (who had from the beginning acted as Commissary) died; and Hynes was at once installed into his place. The order in the case was R. O. 60, of 27 Aug. This class of work agreeing with him, he was on 7 Sept. made an Acting Quartermaster, to serve during the absence of Quartermaster Nesmith on sick leave. Hynes seemed well adapted to these two departments, being methodical, careful and trustworthy.

On the discharge of Nesmith, Hynes was made Quartermaster. This did not actually occur till June, 1863. In the meantime Nesmith returned and assumed his position for a very short time. The appointment, however, dated back to November, 1862.

Hynes' busiest time was when the regiment was mounted; and notwithstanding the arduous duties connected with the mounting, maintaining and transporting of this immense body of horse-flesh, and soldier and saddle, he maintained his equanimity and deserved well for so doing.

In Virginia, in September, 1864, he became imbued with a great desire for promotion. Obtaining a leave of absence, he left us about 11 Sept., returning about 25 Sept., having either in his inside pocket or equivalent to it a commission as Captain and A. Q. M. Vols. Hynes was happy; and well he might be. The appointment dated 20 Sept. He left us about the 28th, bearing the good wishes of all. On 29 Sept., Lieut. Parker was Acting Quartermaster. Hynes' discharge from the Third New Hampshire was 28 Sept. His services as a Captain and A. Q. M. are especially noteworthy.

The Army and Navy Journal of 21 April 1866 says: "Capt. J. R. Hynes, who is working under the direction of Col. Ludington of the Quartermaster's Department (at Washington), has been engaged for the last three months in removing the remains of the Union soldiers from the different parts of Virginia to the National Cemetery at Arlington, and has identified and removed about 16,000 bodies. In the neighborhood of 200 graves have been reported to Col. Ludington, which are scattered around Dames-town, Rockville and Poolesville, Md., where men were buried who died of wounds at the houses of citizens in the vicinity of the different battle-fields. Capt. Hynes' force will soon commence the removal of these, either to Arlington or to the nearest cemetery." A memorandum says: "26 May 1866: Hynes has now been ordered to report to Brevet Lieut.-Col. J. M. Moore, A. Q. M., for similar duty in the vicinity of Richmond."

From a book entitled, "Military Record," Vol. I., page 347, it would appear that he was on duty at one time at the Rendezvous of Distribution (*i.e.*, Alexandria, Va.)

He was brevetted Major and Lieutenant-Colonel of Volunteers for faithful and meritorious services during the war, to date 13 March 1865. G. O. 37, Q. M. G., 12 May 1866, ordered Capt. Hynes to proceed to his home, preparatory to muster-out. There is no evidence that he did not obey this order, and patiently wait the result. He was mustered out as of 1 May 1867, under the provisions of G. O. 79, W. D., 1 May 1865; and this was promulgated by S. O. 354, 13 July 1867. This latter was the real order discharging him.

Hynes was apparently a citizen; but go slow, reader, as to inferences. Hynes had, foreseeing the final discharge, put the machinery in motion to continue him in the service. We find him appointed as 2d Lieutenant in the Twenty-fourth U. S. Infantry (in the reorganization of the army), in June, 1867, and ordered to Vicksburg, Miss., as Post Quartermaster. His appointment is apparently 22 June 1867. He was promoted to 1st Lieutenant in same regiment 3 Oct. 1867; and on 25 April 1869, we find him unassigned. It is presumed that in the further reorganization (*i.e.*, reduction and reorganization), Lieut. Hynes was one of the surplus, and was sent home unassigned, to wait awhile to see if wanted; or, later, to be finally discharged. While waiting, Lieut. Hynes died, 31 Oct. 1870, at Manchester, N. H.

The records say: September, 1869, unassigned, but on duty in Fifth Military District; again, in January, 1870, unassigned, but on duty in Fifth Military District. By this it would appear that at least a portion of the time that he waited to see what would be done with him, he was on duty of some kind, probably nominal.

Lieut. Hynes was buried at Manchester, N. H., in Valley Cemetery, within fifty feet of the monument erected to memory of Adj. Libby. The stone is inscribed: "Capt. John R. Hynes. Died Oct. 31, 1870, aged 34 yrs., 5 months. 'Rest, Soldier, rest; thy warfare is over.'"

Hynes' widow, Lucia A., remarried, and in 1890 she resided at Exeter, N. H. She has a daughter, Gertrude Hynes (living at Exeter), who is a member of the Woman's Relief Corps.

VARNUM H. HILL.

Was an original private in Co. K (Capt. Littlefield). He was, with others, put into the company for the purpose of filling it up. He did no duty with Co. K, for the reason that he was at once detailed for duty with the Quartermaster in a clerical capacity, in which line he was very efficient. This continued to 19 Jan. 1863, when he was made Quartermaster-Sergeant (as of 1 Jan.), *vice* Brainard, commissioned.

Hill was destined to rise, and did so. He received a commission as Captain and A. Q. M. of Vols., dated 29 Feb. 1864, and at once proceeded to his new field of labor. This was in a Western department, in which he served with great credit, filling highly important positions of great trust and responsibility. Unfortunately for him, he was taken prisoner, and by the

merest chance was confined at Columbia Jail, S. C., in which was also Lieut.-Col. Bedel. By a curious chain of circumstances, one discovered the presence of the other; and they each fell upon the other's neck, and not only wept for joy, but actually kissed each other like school girls after a vacation.

Another singular circumstance was Hill's exchange, which took place at North East Ferry, N. C., at which place the regiment was on duty, about 1 March 1865. The greetings were most cordial. He was discharged, finally, by S. O. 637, W. D., 13 Dec. 1865. He did not receive his commission till May, 1864, and served with Third New Hampshire till then.

Since the war he has resided for the greater part of the time in Boston, Mass., where he now is (1890).

HENRY HILL.

[To treat of the Chaplain, without treating of chaplains in general, and of Sunday schools, of prayer meetings, of burials and some other subjects, is well-nigh impossible; and hence the following can hardly be called a sketch of Henry Hill, but rather a chapter on Chaplains, etc. — D. E.]

Henry Hill was born 13 Feb. 1819, at Claremont, N. H. We find that for two years prior to the organization of the Third New Hampshire he was Pastor of the M. E. Church on Elm Street, Manchester, N. H. His appointment to the regiment dates 15 Aug. 1861; and he was mustered with the Field and Staff a few days later and given sole charge of the morals of the regiment. The rank of a chaplain was one of those indeterminate matters that was clouded in a sort of halo all through the war.

G. O. 15, 4 May 1861, W. D., decreed that he (*i.e.*, Chaplains) should "receive the pay and allowances of a Captain of Cavalry." G. O. 44, W. D., 13 July, provided that chaplains should be mustered in like common, ordinary mortals; and G. O. 102, W. D., 25 Nov., provided that the uniform of a chaplain should be a plain frock coat, with standing collar, and one row of nine black buttons; plain black pantaloons; plain black hat, or army forage cap without ornament; and on special occasions of ceremony a plain *chapeau debras* may be worn.

Chaplain Hill took hold of the work assigned him, and early reviewed the men to find the material for a nucleus. Before leaving Concord, he had found the men (really officers and men) to aid, assist and give him moral support.

We had only fairly become straightened out at Mineola, L. I., ere he had a prayer meeting (7 Sept.) His heart was gladdened on the arrival of the Eighth Maine, to find that its Chaplain was a Methodist; and they held sweet communion together, not only then, but later, as the regiment was with (or near) us at various times.

At Washington, our Chaplain made his mark: for whenever we had dress parade with services following, a large crowd assembled, in part to see the regiment and in part to hear the Chaplain. It was in Washington that Chaplain Hill's heart was greatly rejoiced by the conversion of several of the men, culminating in their public baptism, on Sunday, 29 Sept. As this was the first and only occurrence of its kind in the regiment, it is given some prominence. At Annapolis, Chaplain Hill strenuously opposed a proposition for the regiment to be stationed there permanently.

It very naturally fell to the lot of the Chaplain to act as postmaster, though there appears no regulation or order requesting it. This condition was found to exist, and a remedy was applied by G. O. 23, Hdqrs. Army, A. G. O., 3 March 1862. This order directed the commanding officer of each regiment or brigade to appoint a trustworthy agent to receive all letters from soldiers containing valuable enclosures. Each to be prepaid by stamps; and also a registration fee of five cents was required. The appointee was to deliver at nearest post-office daily, or as often as the mail was forwarded therefrom. He was to make duplicate lists — one for the postmaster, one for himself: the latter to be receipted by the postmaster, and then retained by the appointee, and the former remained with the postmaster (likewise the registration fee). Chaplain Hill was appointed to the position 2 April.

Chaplain Hill did not accompany the regiment when it went on the reconnoissance to Daufuskie and the Savannah river early in 1862; but remained behind to look after our mail and get it to us. This he did *via* Brad-dock's Point. We had a good mail while on Daufuskie, thanks to his energy. Later in the same month, the Chaplain accompanied the regiment (the larger part went — Co. K did not) to Bluffton, and really having a good time for several days among the several islands lying between our forces and the mainland. The Chaplain enjoyed this; for a diary (not his) says: "Sunday, 23 March 1862 . . . the Chaplain preached and prayed . . . went out and shot some cattle . . ."

Not long after we landed at Hilton Head, the Chaplain undertook the erection of a log church, being willingly assisted by many able hands. A diary says: "1 Jan. 1862, prayer-meeting in our new church in evening." The Chaplain's diary shows that they worked on the new church the next day, thus proving it was not completed.

On Sunday, 12 Jan. 1862, he organized a Sunday school; and a week later there were four classes arranged, the Chaplain taking one, and the other three being in charge of Dr. Moulton, Capt. Plimpton (E) and Capt. Randlett (F).

G. O. 90, W. D., 26 July, provided that all chaplains held as prisoners of war by the United States be immediately discharged, the principle being recognized that chaplains should not be so held. This needs no comment. G. O. 91, W. D., 29 July (really an Act of Congress), provided that no person be appointed a chaplain who is not a regularly-ordained minister of some religious denomination; and must present testimonials of his good standing as a minister, and recommended by some ecclesiastical body, or by not less than five accredited ministers belonging to the particular religious denomination. It further provided that the compensation of all chaplains shall "hereafter" be \$100 per month, and two rations a day when on duty. Another provision was that within 30 days after receipt of the order, an inquiry should be instituted as to the fitness, efficiency and qualifications of chaplains; and all who were not properly appointed, and who have not faithfully discharged their duties, to be at once mustered out. Chaplains were also placed on a par with commissioned officers as to leaves of absence.

A letter of 29 Jan., about the Sunday school, says Capt. Randlett has received about 200 books from Nashua. (This inserted to show the interest taken in the matter, both in and out of the regiment.)

Sometime prior to April, 1862, Chaplain Hill was formally appointed an agent of the Adams' Express Company; and this, with the mail, made him a deal of work. 19 April, he sent off from Edisto 316 packages of money and 116 boxes, the former amounting to over \$20,000.

Another duty of the Chaplain was to visit the sick in the hospital or tent, minister to their spiritual and temporal comfort, and be with the dying, administering such consolation as was in his power. His diary of 27 April 1862 says: "Sunday services: talked and prayed with Mr. Copp (a nurse in the hospital), who died at 9.30 P.M."

On Edisto, our Chaplain was sick, but did not wholly go off duty. His diary of 22 May 1862, says: "Regiment ordered to be ready to move; feel some better; hope I may be allowed to go with regiment." He did go; and during the march across John's Island he, as he says, got immersed with all the others, whether they believed in immersion or not. At James Island his two particular services were in the line of assisting the wounded of 16 June 1862, and in taking our money as express agent (a few days later) while the shells of the enemy were being tossed about with a deal of carelessness, causing considerable anxiety among the express agents. The Chaplain was far from happy during the time (parts of July and August), the regiment was scattered among the outposts. On reuniting, he says (a little later): "13 Sept., put up a place for worship, and spent some time with the new recruits."

Referring to the order to inquire into the efficiency of chaplains (previously noted), the Chaplain entered in his diary: "19 Sept. 1862: Have just learned of a committee to look after chaplains. This committee are three men opposed personally to their own chaplains . . . a fine committee! . . ."

The Chaplain was ill again in August and September 1862, but managed to attend the funerals not only of those in the Third New Hampshire, but frequently in the Eighth Maine.

He was too ill to go to Pocotaligo 21 Oct. On 23 Nov. he preached, for first time in three months. A few days later (27th, Thanksgiving Day) was called upon to officially visit the man (Lunt) about to be executed. This he accepted, declining an invitation to Fort Pulaski (fête and festival).

We have omitted to state in its proper place, that when a small squad of recruits (16) arrived, 4 May, at Edisto, it included the Chaplain's son, James W., who had enlisted as a drummer and was assigned to Co. A. Out of deference to his father, he was placed on duty with him, assisting him in his mail and express matters. He was also able to assist his father materially when ill. This must have been a great comfort to both, and the assignment was duly appreciated.

Early in January, 1863, the Surgeon advised the Chaplain to obtain a sick leave and go North; but later, we find he obtained a sick leave and left Hilton Head, 21 Jan. 1863, for Fernandina, Fla., on the *Delaware*. He returned 8 Feb., after extending this trip as far as St. Augustine.

While the regiment was at Botany Bay Island (April, May and June) the Chaplain had so far recovered his health that he was able to go with the foraging parties; and a most efficient forager he proved.

On 31 May there was a religious field day; for not only did the Rev. Mr. Mattison and Rev. Mr. Wilson of the Christian Commission both preach, but there was also a largely attended Bible class, the Sunday school, and in the evening a prayer meeting.

When at St. Helena, in June, he procured a tent from Quartermaster Elwell for religious meetings; and on the 20th was putting up the frame for his church. At Morris Island, after the taking of the lower end (10 July), the Chaplain was busy for some time in assisting to bring in the dead of both armies.

The Chaplain was sympathetic, and at the same time jealous of the rights of the men. His diary of 14 July says: "Not one night's rest since we left Folly . . . went to Folly after Dr. Buzzell." Again, on the 16th, he says: "The men do well; but for want of sleep and food, many are sick." About this time his health began to wane again, and on 13 Sept. he was "sick abed."

On 11 Nov. he was ordered North by Gen. Gillmore, with despatches, and left Hilton Head on the *Arago* the next forenoon. After delivering his despatches (to whom unknown, or what they were) he proceeded in good order to his home, and enjoyed a brief rest, fairly earned. He rejoined the regiment at Morris Island, 11 Dec. It must not be supposed that during the active service the Chaplain omitted to have religious service of some kind, whenever occasion offered. He surely did not so omit. 27 Dec. he had, as his diary says, a good prayer meeting. Nor must he fail to receive due credit for his exertions for the comfort of the men during the siege, in the line of obtaining and distributing the generous gifts of the Sanitary Commission. In this he was indefatigable. These gifts comprised ice, beef, tea, etc.

On the return of the regiment to Hilton Head, to be mounted (29 Feb. 1864), Chaplain Hill's services were again in demand. It was well known that he was an excellent judge of horses; and he was one of the most conspicuous figures during the selection of our steeds. His opinion, quickly given after putting his eye upon an animal, was of value and hardly ever failed.

His diary of 4 March 1864 says: "Went to corral and looked over the horses." Again, 7 March: "Went to Beaufort for horses; got 30 and returned weary." Again, 8 March: "Got me a horse, and helped officers select theirs. Worked hard in doing for all." Again, 9 March: "Selected 70 horses, and have more than I can do for others." One more will suffice. 10 March: "Aided in selecting, and helped match and fit horses for companies." In the midst of this horse business comes the entry in his diary, 6 March: "Hav n't got prayer meetings a-going yet."

The Chaplain was with the regiment in Florida, where he was considerably exercised about the desertions among the substitutes, and especially so at the execution of one of their number (Miller) caught in the act. Miller did not (*i.e.*, would not) receive any appreciable amount of spiritual consolation during his last hours on earth.

In Virginia, our Chaplain was on hand to attend to the particular duties assigned him, both by order and by custom and prerogative. His diary, from which liberal quotations have been made in the main story, teems all through with sorrow, whenever circumstances were such that no religious services could be held; and he was correspondingly elated at the opposite.

After the action of 16 Aug. 1864 he accompanied Lient.-Col. Plimpton's body to place of burial and assisted in the preparation of the grave. This was his, as well as Lient.-Col. Plimpton's, last fight.

Chaplain Hill was duly mustered out at the expiration of his term, 23 Aug., and, being given his discharge the next day, went home with the other men (mustered out).

He was the only officer who had served continuously for three years without change of grade. No successor was ever appointed — just why, does not appear. Certainly the Chaplain had done his duty and filled an important place, and his presence had been a great good in many ways. He returned to civil life with the proud consciousness of having done his whole duty. There was an application made for the position in November, 1864; but the applicant was not approved. G. O. 158, W. D., 13 April 1864 (really an Act of Congress), provided that "the rank of Chaplain . . . is hereby recognized . . . shall be borne on the field and staff rolls next after the surgeons . . . shall be entitled to draw forage for two horses . . . when absent from duty with leave or on account of sickness or other disability or . . . prisoner . . . shall be subject to no other diminution or loss of pay and allowances than other officers . . . under like circumstances. Absent . . . by wounds or sickness . . . or prisoner . . . to receive full pay without rations during such absence." The same act prescribed that Chaplains' full pension be twenty dollars; that they should make monthly reports to the A. G. O. (not direct), of the moral condition and general history of the regiment; that they should hold appropriate religious services at burial of soldiers; and hold religious services every Sabbath, if practicable.

G. O. 79, D. S., 1 June, refers to the observance of the Sabbath (see June, 1864, supplement). G. O. 247, W. D., 25 Aug. (the very next day after our Chaplain had received his discharge), provided for a change of uniform for Chaplains, the main change being a herring bone of black braid around the (9) buttons and button-holes of the coat, and a gold-embroidered wreath in front of hat or cap, with "U. S." in old English in silver. This order was apparently just too late for Henry Hill; but let us see.

Of his subsequent service it may be said that he was appointed a Hospital Chaplain 12 April 1865, and was on duty at the Webster U. S. General Hospital, Manchester, N. H. This hospital was practically closed about 1 Nov. 1865, but Chaplain Hill and the Hospital Steward were retained till the final closing up and sale of the property.

In the early winter of 1865, when retrenchment was the order of the day, Chaplain Hill was discharged (2 Dec.) During the few previous months nearly 200 chaplains were transformed into civilians by the same process.

Our old Chaplain became quite broken in health and was in that condition for a considerable time prior to his death, which occurred at Chicago, Ill., 1 Sept. 1884, of some spinal affection.

More of his previous history is at hand. He joined the New Hampshire Conference of the M. E. Church in 1844; was ordained a deacon in 1846, by Bishop Hedding; ordained an elder in 1848, by Bishop Waugh. His various pastorates were at Sandwich, Ashland, Bath, Lancaster, Great Falls, Kingston, Rochester, Nashua and Manchester, N. H., and at Amesbury, Mass. After the war, he was in Illinois, in the Rock River Conference, and had pastorates successively at Dunleith, Lockport, Peatons, and at Simpson Street and Halsted Street Churches, Chicago.

At this writing (1890) Chaplain Hill's widow (Sarah A.) resides at Cottage City, Mass., and his son James is in Boston, Mass.

HENRY F. HOPKINS.

He was active in getting up Co. H (Capt. Robert C. Dow), at Manchester, and was duly rewarded by being appointed its 1st Sergeant. Hopkins could not withstand the damaging effect of a Southern climate. Early in 1862 this became manifest to an alarming degree. Notwithstanding his delicate health, he participated in the trips to Daufuskie Island and Bluffton, and was in the James Island fight.

He was with his company on Pinckney Island (on out-post duty — regiment scattered), in August, 1862, but was quite ill with an unknown disease, supposed to be smallpox, or something akin to it. This was probably a fortunate misfortune; for he was removed to Hilton Head Island, to the regimental hospital (Stoney Plantation — Co. F there, too), a few days prior to the capture of the company, 21 Aug. Here he was placed in a tent by himself and "quarantined," and substantially but mentally bade adieu, supposing he would soon be mustered out. Hopkins did not mean to surrender, and didn't. When the regiment re-assembled at its old camp-ground, rear of General Hospital, Hilton Head, immediately after the capture of Co. H, Hopkins was assigned to a cot in the General Hospital. A little later, 12 Sept., he received a 2d Lieutenant's commission (in Co. H), and Col. Jackson took it to him (in the hospital) and administered the usual oath. Later, date unknown, he was mustered (as he says) by Capt. Bryan, Third U. S. Artillery.

Some time in October, he was granted a 20 days' leave and went home. A letter from him, dated Manchester, N. H., 3 Nov., says, "I shall be unable to return in 20 days," thereby showing how ill he then was. He obtained the usual extensions, finally returning to the regiment 25 Dec., by *Star of the South*. In accordance with existing orders, he was ordered to appear before the Board to show cause for overstaying his leave. Hopkins was able to make a satisfactory defence. On his return he was with Co. H for a short time, and then for a brief time with Co. K.

His health was not much if any improved, and after fighting with his silent Southern foe till April, 1863, he beat a retreat. On 6 April, on Steamer *Sentinel*, lying in Stono Inlet, a diary says, "Lieut. Hopkins taken quite ill." He was discharged for disability at his own request, 17 April, and went home on the *Ericsson*.

Hopkins was born in Holland, Vt., 18 July 1827. He is now (1890) and has been for 16 years, Clerk of the Police Court, Lawrence, Mass. Previous to that he practiced law in same place. He is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

MARQUIS L. HOLT.

Holt, as the writer recalls him in the early part of the war, was a short, rosy-cheeked youth, full of vigor, hardy, vivacious, and made an excellent soldier. He began his military career as a private, in Co. E (Capt. Plimpton). On 18 Aug. 1862, he was promoted to Corporal. There were so many above him, that his progress was slow; for no matter how deserving a man may be, he cannot be promoted faster than vacancies occur above him. That is to say, places are not created off-hand, even for deserving soldiers. Holt received a furlough in the fall of 1863, for good conduct in the field. He re-enlisted and went home with the rest, receiving a second furlough.

He was made Sergeant 20 May 1864, at Bermuda Hundred, Va., the Drewry's Bluff fights having decimated the regiment and made several vacancies. 18 July, he was again promoted, and to 1st Sergeant, *vice* Donley, promoted to 2d Lieutenant. The next day, after muster-out of the original 1861 men, he was made Sergeant-Major (24 Aug.) At the assault on Fort Fisher, Holt was one of the very few participating in the capture of the fort. 3 May 1865 (officers being very scarce), he was ordered to act as 1st Lieutenant, and assigned to Co. F, and also to be nominally in command of Co. C. His commission as 1st Lieutenant (he was never 2d Lieutenant) was

received at Wilmington, N. C., 26 April. A muster on this commission was not had till 19 May (*vice* Donley, promoted), being then mustered as of 26 April, his commission being dated 6 April for "the unexpired term of the regiment."

During a portion of May (beginning about the 16th) he did what was termed "railroad duty," escorting squads of men from one point to another, and had charge of the railroad guard between Wilmington and adjacent points reached by rail. He was relieved from this duty 30 May. 5 June, at Goldsborough, N. C., he was ordered to act as Adjutant, in place of Adjt. Jackman, who was made Post Adjutant. From this duty he was relieved 11 June. Two days later he was appointed Military Conductor on the railroad between Goldsborough and Wilmington, but only served two days, being wanted at the regiment.

Holt was again appointed Acting Adjutant, in place of Adjt. Jackman, who was sent home in charge of the discharged men of the Third and Seventh New Hampshire (*i.e.*, the June discharges of those whose terms would expire prior to 1 Sept.) He continued to act as Adjutant to the end, though commanding Co. F a part of the time. His service as Acting Adjutant ended in New York, where the regiment, then on its way home, met Adjt. Jackman, returning to regiment from his special service.

Holt was a man possessed of a fine moral sense, and naturally allied himself with those of a like tendency. After the war, he entered the ministry, and is now (1890) pastor of a Congregational Church, on California Street, Omaha, Neb. This position has been fairly earned. Holt was a worker — an enthusiast, if you please — in whatever he was engaged. For several years he was engaged in pioneer work on the frontier, assiduously striving to introduce and establish the Christian Church. His field was Nebraska; and after years of unremitting labor, in which he was seconded by his noble wife, he established a college at Neligh, Neb., becoming its president and manager, and presiding over its religious and financial matters with credit for a period of five years. Did this college need money, Holt was sent East to obtain it — and returned with it.

He was three years at Racine, Wis., same at Coral, Ill., then five years at Wheaton College, Ill., graduating in 1876. Afterward taught school at St. Charles, Ill., and at Hartford and Viroqua, Wis., at which latter place he was ordained. He preached at Creighton, Neb., for two years, going thence to the Gates College at Neligh, Neb., already noted.

Holt was born at Nelson, Cheshire County, N. H., 30 July 1845. He participated in every action of the regiment except the lumber expedition in January, 1863, in charge on Wagner, 18 July (was on home guard), 14–16 May, 1864 (was in 13th, and sent away 14th in charge of arms, etc., of killed and wounded). He never was in the hospital, never wounded, and was never detached, except as noted in this sketch.

RUTHVEN W. HOUGHTON.

Houghton was born 29 Jan. 1841, at Sharon, Vt. He was the original 1st Sergeant of Co. A (Capt. Clark). He was a well-built fellow and made a soldierly appearance. That he was popular with the company is evidenced by the fact that his comrades presented him with a valuable gold watch on Christmas Day of 1861, at Hilton Head. Houghton says he was almost paralyzed by the complete surprise and ceremonial presentation.

In the James Island fight (16 June 1862) he was conspicuously brave, and was favorably mentioned by Col. Jackson in his official report of that battle (see report). He was duly promoted to 2d Lieutenant, *vice* Hynes, promoted, his commission arriving 15 Oct.; and no muster being required at that date, he was assigned to his own company (A). While the seven companies were on Pinckney Island, in the Spring of 1863 (10 April), he was in receipt of a 1st Lieutenant's commission, dated 15 March (*vice* Cornelius, resigned), and was mustered 15 April, as of 10 April, and assigned to his own company (A).

In May, while at Botany Bay (eight companies), he obtained a 20 days' leave, but got no further than Hilton Head, when all leaves were revoked, and he sadly returned to the regiment, which he found embarked for St. Helena; and he actually joined at that place. On 10 July, during the action, a shell exploded uncomfortably near him and filled his arm with powder.

On the night of 31 Aug., he had command of a vidette of ten men, and crawled out to extreme front, passing over the torpedoes. Whitman of Co. A accidentally exploded one. Result: Whitman killed, three wounded, and all dazed and some unconscious, temporarily. Houghton made a few revolutions, but was practically unhurt. On 1 Sept., he was wounded at the front, in the trenches, by a fragment of a shell hitting him over his right eye.

He was an Aide-de-Camp on Gen. Terry's Staff, at Morris Island, in October, and again after removal of headquarters to Folly Island. 20 Jan. 1864, he was made Captain (*vice* Burnham, resigned), his muster dating 20 Jan., and his commission bearing date 4 Jan. On the day following his muster he was duly installed as the commanding officer of Co. I. When the re-enlisted men went home on furlough (March), Capt. Houghton was one of the fortunate officers to accompany, rejoining in Virginia, latter part of April.

He served creditably in the Virginia campaign. When the 1861 men were mustered out, Capt. Houghton was selected by Capt. Dow (then in command), to go home in charge, and sent by him one of our flags (see letter). While at home on this *quasi* leave, he was taken sick, and sent the required certificate to the regiment (15 Sept.)

Unfortunately for him the W. D. orders were very strict at that particular time, and required all officers who had overstayed their leaves to report at Washington, to a Military Commission, within 15 days, or stand dismissed from the service. It is presumed that Capt. Houghton was either unable to travel or was in ignorance of the order; and the Adjutant-General issued an order, 19 Nov. 1864, dismissing him for absence without leave. This wrong was righted later by a new order, revoking the order of dismissal and honorably discharging him as of 24 Oct.

Capt. Houghton was at Bluffton, Pocotaligo, Danfuskie, and in every action where the regiment was engaged. In 1890 his address was Denver, Colorado.

MARSHALL P. HAWKINS.

Hawkins began his military career as the original 5th Corporal of Co. I (Capt. Carlton). He was a neat, soldierly-appearing fellow, and was gentlemanly in every way.

On 3 April 1862, we find him ordered to act as 1st Sergeant; and on 11 April, he was made 1st Sergeant, *vice* Henry S. Dow, promoted to 2d Lieutenant. He received a 2d Lieutenant's commission 16 Oct., dated 4 July, and was ordered to Co. K. He was detached 4 Feb. 1863 for duty in the Signal Corps (S. O. 46. D. S.) In his new field he performed valuable service at various stations, undergoing privation and danger in many instances.

He resigned in November, 1863, his discharge being by S. O. 528, W. D., A. G. O., 28 Nov. 1863, Ex. 30. He was then Acting Signal Officer, and stationed on Folly Island. He arrived at New York 18 Dec., by the *Arago*.

He served in the Bluffton and Pocotaligo affairs, and was with the regiment at James Island, 16 June 1862. As Signal Officer he was on Folly, Morris and James, and other islands in their vicinity.

He was born at Troy, N. H., 8 March 1839. Has been in Minneapolis, Minn., since the war (1890).

GUSTAVUS W. INGALLS.

He was born in Bristol, N. H., 21 May 1824. He early exhibited a genius for music, and sawed wood for his first instrument—a violin. About 1842 he began organizing brass bands, and a little later he entered into the manufacture of seraphines. He was at one time with the well-known firm of A. Prescott & Co., of Concord, N. H., and was for many years the leader of the Concord Brass Band. In 1859 he went South, locating at Augusta, Ga., remaining there till January, 1861. He found it growing more and more unpleasant for Northern people, and he took steamer for New York (in January) from Charleston. This steamer sailed out of the harbor under a Palmetto flag. In August, 1861, he was commissioned to recruit a band for the Third Regiment, then forming. Of his services in the regimental band and the succeeding bands (formed principally out of it), all the original members of the old Third are practically cognizant.

Mr. Ingalls now resides at Worcester, Mass., and is engaged in the manufacture of organ reed boards, etc. Though he has substantially given up the practice of music, he still remains an enthusiastic lover of it. His mantle is said to have fallen upon his son, Walter G. (See Regimental Band and Second Brigade Band.)

JOHN H. JACKSON.

John H. Jackson was a Portsmouth, N. H., man. Long ago, prior to our Civil War, he was a bearer of arms and participated in several well-fought battles. This was in the Mexican War. The Ninth U. S. Infantry was the regiment recruited in the New England States. John H. Jackson was made a 1st Lieutenant, and was ordered on Recruiting Service at Dover; and he there enlisted our Adj. Hill and Capt. Littlefield. In repairing to Fort Adams, R. I., the place of rendezvous, Jackson by some accident missed his train, and though he had taken leave of his family, returned for the time being to them. His sister presented him with a Bible at this interval; and right well did it serve the recipient, though in a manner unforeseen. The muster-in took place at Fort Adams, near Newport; and the muster-out occurred at the same place after the Mexican War was over, though these men did duty there for some time before the muster-out. The Captain of the company (C) never joined it; and Lieut. Jackson had command through the entire campaign. The movement southward was by transport from Fort Adams to Vera Cruz.

Under the head of "Interesting Incidents," the *American Star*, published in the city of Mexico, dated Thursday morning, 21 Oct. 1847, says: "After the storming and capture of Chapultepec, the gallant Ninth Infantry, under Maj. Seymour (the brave and lamented Col. Ransom having just before fallen on the height of Chapultepec), found itself, with others, at the aqueduct, under the walls of the city . . . Lieut. Jackson, Co. C, of the Ninth, during the melee, received an escopette ball in his breast, which, glancing off, whizzed upon the ground for a great distance, and must have killed him upon the spot, but for a fortunate incident. He carried in his vest pocket a small copy of the Bible, a precious volume, the gift of his sister just before leaving his New England home. The ball struck this book and made a deep indentation in it; but it proved as good a breastwork as the cotton bags did at New Orleans to the troops of Gen. Jackson, and saved the life of its owner . . ."

An examination of the Army Register of that year (1847) shows John H. Jackson, 1st Lieutenant, 9 April 1847, No. 60 (Thos. J. Whipple of N. H. was No. 61). The official list of those officers who participated in the battles of the Mexican War shows that John H. Jackson was in the following: Contreras, 19 Aug.; Churubusco, 20 Aug.; Molino del Rey, 8 Sept.; near Chapultepec, 12 Sept.; Chapultepec, 13 Sept.; Garita de Belin, 14 Sept. For his services on the 19th and 20th of August, John H. Jackson was brevetted Captain.

The Army Register of 1848 shows John H. Jackson, Captain Co. H, 19 Feb. 1848, No. 80. The Ninth Infantry, though composed of New England men, by the changes wrought by the fortunes of war, was at one time under field officers composed wholly of Southerners. Wm. B. Taliaferro (pronounced *Tolliver*), whom we met, or tried to meet, at Wagner, 18 July 1863, was a Captain in the Ninth U. S. Infantry, in Mexico, and was made Major upon the death of Col. Ransom, previously mentioned. With this ends the story of John H. Jackson in the Mexican War. We will not attempt to follow him from his muster-out to the opening of another war, in which he was destined to play so conspicuous a part.

The *Boston Courier* of 3 Aug. 1861, in referring to the Third New Hampshire, then forming, says: "The Lieutenant-Colonel is John H. Jackson of Portsmouth, a gentleman of military experience and education. His grandfathers on both sides fought in the Revolution. His father was killed in the War of 1812, and he himself was an officer in the late war with Mexico . . . was made a brevet Captain for gallant and meritorious conduct . . ."

John H. Jackson soon repaired to the camp at Concord and assisted largely in getting things into shape. These preliminaries fell upon him, as Col. Fellows was not quite ready to buckle on the armor. Five days before the regiment left Concord, Lieut.-Col. Jackson received the handsome gift of a horse and equipments from his friends in Portsmouth.

Upon arriving at Annapolis, Col. Jackson was made Provost Marshal, with headquarters in the Assembly Buildings (State House), and was detached from the regiment temporarily for that duty. His appointment dates 11 Oct., by Gen. Viele's S. O., No. 5. His detail consisted of 1 captain, 1 1st lieutenant, 1 2d lieutenant, 2 sergeants, 3 corporals and 75 men, besides a company of the Forty-seventh New York for guard duty. The Third New Hampshire detail was under Capt. Plimpton of E, with 27 non-coms. and men from E and F, and balance from other regiments. On the 13th, Col. Jackson requested a change of officers and men, to increase the efficiency of the guard. Many who were there and read this will not wonder why the Colonel did so. On the 15th he returned all of the Forty-seventh New York to their regiment, and asked for a relief from the Eighth Maine in their stead. On the 17th he returned two privates of his force to their regiment (Forty-seventh New York), for drunkenness and stealing from citizens. 18 Oct., the provost duty ended at 11.20 A.M.; and the embarkation took place soon after. Though the duty lasted but a few days, it was exceedingly trying, tedious and perplexing. Soon after arriving at Hilton Head, the command of the regiment fell upon Col. Jackson, by the detailing of Col. Fellows as Commander of the Post. Col. Fellows never commanded the regiment afterwards. The work of getting a regiment into shape, of drilling it, of the details of a camp life in an enemy's country, were something enormous; but Col. Jackson accomplished it, and apparently with the least possible friction. He went wherever the regiment went while he was its commander, and present. At Bluffton, at Pocotaligo, on the reconnoissance up the Savannah River, at the battle of James Island, — the regiment's first action, and ever to be remembered on that account, — at the taking of Morris Island, at the memorable charge on Wagner: all these bear silent witness that Col. Jackson was there and did his duty — was willing to and did lead, and his men followed him. Accounts of these will be found in their proper places.

The assault on Wagner proved to be the last action in which Col. Jackson was engaged. He was wounded in the assault, having his breast considerably contused, probably by a fragment of a shell. Within a few days thereafter he, with others of the regiment, was ordered North for duty in conducting drafted men to their regiments, presumably those assigned to the Third New Hampshire; but this did not so prove, as the detailed men were sent hither and thither, and after a while returned to regiment, of which an account will be given.

Col. Jackson, with his detail, repaired to Concord, N. H., arriving there about 27 July 1863. As the writer was one of the detail, he may be pardoned, perhaps, for relating an incident of the voyage on Steamer *Arago* to New

York. Next morning after leaving Morris Island, a blockade runner was discovered dead ahead and running with all speed possible. Cotton bales floated by us, showing that they had lightened a little and what their presumable cargo was. The *Arago* had a mixed passenger list, it being composed of numerous officers and soldiers bound Northward on duty or on furloughs, sick and wounded officers and men, and a large delegation of civilians of both sexes. The Captain of the *Arago* decided to chase the runner, as it was going in his general direction; but later the chase put directly east. Then, as we had considerably decreased the distance, the craft was seen to be denuded of its entire deckload, and the black smoke which rolled from its smoke-stack showed clearly that they were using every means to get away, increasing their fires with parts of the cargo. This made it all the more desirable to capture it; and the Captain directed his course after the runner, directly to sea. An old cannon on board was loaded with blank cartridge and fired; but no notice was taken of it. Then a solid shot was fired which fell a little short; but it was in good range and we were gaining every minute. Another shot went through their rigging, and they "hove to." As we now felt sure of the prize, the reader may be assured that the interest and excitement on board the *Arago* was intense. Field glasses and naked eyes as well discovered arms and other war implements on board the little runner, and great fears were entertained lest at the moment of capture she should send us one and all to "Davy Jones' locker." Meantime Col. Jackson had organized a small force, which stood next the bulwarks, with gleaming bayonets, for boarding, should it be required. About this time the desperate runner started up again, as if for a death struggle; and another shot had to be fired to "bring them to." They made no further effort to escape. We came alongside; and then, how to get possession was the main question. The old *Arago* fairly careened, so heavily was she at that moment laden on one side. The *Arago's* crew declined to go on the perilous mission. Col. Jackson was equal to the emergency. He offered to go with his little squad and seize the steamer, if the *Arago* would simply furnish boat and rowers. The squad was composed in part of the Colonel's own detail from the Third New Hampshire. The writer was of the party and the second to step on board. Col. Jackson found no arms whatever in the craft, but did find a valuable cargo of rosin and turpentine, a part of which had been burned in the attempt to escape. The writer's memory says there was a crew of thirty, and two passengers, bound for Nassau, N. P., from Wilmington, N. C. The captured steamer had already made four trips; and this, the fifth, they calculated would yield profit enough to fully clear the vessel of all claims. After staying on board awhile, she was taken in tow, the crew being transferred to the *Arago*, and a part of the latter's crew being put on the prize; and we started for New York, fairly aglow with pride and enthusiasm. How much prize money? None; for the laws were such that all the prize money went to the *Arago's* crew. We sailed into New York on a Sunday morning, with the *Emma* in tow, with the stars and stripes floating above the English flag. More details could be given, but for obvious reasons are withheld. On the *Arago* were Gens. Seymour and Strong, both wounded at Wagner and the latter lying very low. The writer and others carried him upon a stretcher through the streets of New York to his residence, and bade him a last farewell. He died a few days after.

Col. Jackson arrived at Concord with his detail about the 27th of July, and reported for duty to Brig.-Gen. E. W. Hinks, who had charge of the Rendezvous. For a few days each was allowed to go home. Col. Jackson, whose failing health was quite noticeable, continued on duty at this Rendezvous till the following January, when he returned to the regiment, joining it at Morris Island, where he had left it in July. While at Concord, Col. Jackson was sent in charge of recruits to various regiments, making several trips of this kind. Among the regiments visited in this manner were the Second, at Alexandria, Va., and the Tenth, at Portsmouth, Va. At the Second New Hampshire, the Colonel relates that, having no camp guard, quite a number of the new recruits escaped the first night. At Portsmouth, he very kindly assisted Col. Donohoe (formerly a Captain in the Third) to obtain a leave of absence.

For a short time during the latter part of Col. Jackson's stay at Concord, he was in command of the camp. The writer was on duty in his office, which was a busy one. Very large sums of money, brought in by recruits (substitutes), were left for safe keeping, and there were various other details which required the closest attention and the exercise of good judgment. Col. Jackson's return to the regiment was by way of Long Island, Boston Harbor, to New York by rail, thence by steamer to Hilton Head. A large number of recruits for the various New Hampshire regiments in the Department was under his charge, which having delivered, he rejoined. His health was failing so rapidly and perceptibly that, by the advice of friends, he assented to an attempt to become transferred to the Invalid Corps (afterward called the Veteran Reserve Corps). These efforts began at Concord. He was fully endorsed and his efforts were seconded by Gov. Gilmore, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer and ex-Governors Berry and Goodwin. A special examination at Concord resulted in a proper certificate by Drs. Crosby and Hadden that he was unable to enter active service in the field again, but with proper care might be fit for garrison duty. Gens. Terry, Gillmore and Benham fully endorsed him. Dr. Buzzell, in whom no Third New Hampshire man ever lacked confidence, after examination, certified that he was suffering from chronic bronchitis and feebleness of constitution, which in his opinion disqualified him for performance of the active duties required in the field. This was dated 22 Feb. 1864; and his resignation bears the same date. His discharge was by Gen. Gillmore's S. O. 91, D. S., 24 Feb. 1864: ". . . . The resignation of Col. John H. Jackson, Third New Hampshire Volunteers, tendered on account of physical disability, is hereby accepted, to take effect this date. He is accordingly honorably discharged from the service"

Thus ended John H. Jackson's connection with the Third New Hampshire. He returned to his home in Portsmouth. Of his services, none question the value or length; of his bravery, the survivors of the regiment will abundantly testify. In 1888, Col. Jackson was serving in an important capacity at the Boston Custom House, and had been there over twenty years. Whenever asked (as he frequently was) to assist any of his old soldiers in the matter of evidence to support a claim for pension or otherwise, Col. Jackson was ever ready to render every assistance in his power. Having kept a roll-book of his own, and noted everything of value opposite each name, he was able to render great assistance in the line indicated. He also preserved much of historical value, to which the writer has had free access, for purposes of regimental history, and is entitled to a deal of credit for the same. There are, in the New Hampshire State House Rotunda, certain relics of the Mexican War contributed by *Capt.* Jackson, and they attract much attention.

[Extracts from Adjutant-General's Reports (N. H.), 1868.]

Cos. C, H and I of the Ninth Infantry sailed from Newport, Friday, May 21, 1847, on the transport *North Bend*, landing the men at Vera Cruz, June 21, 1847. Co. C's roll shows John H. Jackson, 1st Lieutenant; Alfred J. Hill, Sergeant; Israel B. Littlefield, Sergeant. John H. Jackson was born in Portsmouth, Oct. 20, 1814. Was 1st Lieutenant of First Co. of Light Infantry, of First Regiment, N. H. Militia, April 22, 1841, and Captain of same, Sept. 19, 1848; and Colonel of the same regiment, Dec. 27, 1848. He was an inspector at the Boston Custom House from 1853 to 1861.

Before the charge at Chapultepec the Ninth's men were addressed by Gen. Pillow, as follows: "Tomorrow, if you say it, the Star Spangled Banner floats up yonder. If New England would place her name in the high page of history, now 's her time. You of the Ninth, if you will, shall lead in the charge. None need volunteer who will not swear to enter that castle yonder or die." The charge took place on the morning of the 12th of Sept.; and in half an hour the stars and stripes waved over the captured spot. The two New Hampshire companies, who behaved with their usual gallantry, were commanded by Lieuts. Bowers and Jackson, who on this, as on other occasions, proved themselves worthy sons of the old Granite State.

Col. Jackson never had a leave of absence, the nearest approach to one being in the Fall of 1862, when he took the preliminary steps to procure one; but the arrival of Gen. Mitchel (in September) changed the aspect of affairs in the Department, and he did not press the matter.

When Col. Jackson entered the army for service in Mexico, he was Captain of the Rockingham Guards of Portsmouth, N. H.

Col. Jackson's connection with the events, as narrated under 7 Aug. 1863 (see main story), was of no small importance. The orders relating thereto were as follows:—

(1.) *S. O. 359.*

Extract No. 1.

HDQRS. OF THE ARMY,

WASHINGTON, D. C., 13 Aug. 1863.

Col. J. H. Jackson, Third New Hampshire Volunteers, will proceed immediately to this city, and report himself in arrest to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

By command of Maj.-Gen. HALLECK.

E. D. TOWNSEND, *Asst. Adjt.-Gen.*

(2.) *S. O. 393,*

Extract No. 6.

HDQRS. OF THE ARMY,

WASHINGTON, D. C., 1 Sept. 1863.

Col. J. H. Jackson, Third New Hampshire Volunteers, is hereby released from arrest and will join his regiment without delay.

By command of Maj.-Gen. HALLECK.

E. D. TOWNSEND, *Asst. Adjt.-Gen.*

(3.) *S. O. 509.*

Extract No. 5.

HDQRS. OF THE ARMY,

WASHINGTON, D. C., 16 Nov. 1863.

So much of S. O. 393 of 1 Sept. 1863 . . . as released Col. J. H. Jackson, Third New Hampshire Volunteers, from arrest and ordered him to join his regiment without delay is hereby revoked, and the following is substituted as of date 1 Sept. 1863: Col. J. H. Jackson, Third New Hampshire Volunteers, is released from arrest and will report in person to Brig.-Gen. Hinks, commanding department for drafted men at Concord, N. H.

By command of Maj.-Gen. HALLECK.

E. D. TOWNSEND, *Asst. Adjt.-Gen.*

Explanation: The order (memorandum) of release said, “. . . return to his duties.” Col. Jackson was not aware at the time that he had been ordered to the *regiment*, but understood that he was to proceed to *Concord*.

The *New Hampshire Statesman* of 11 Sept. 1863 says, in letter from its Washington correspondent, dated 8 Sept.: “Col. Jackson, ordered here under arrest for alleged communication of information of matters connected with the operations at Charleston, to the *Boston Transcript*, was promptly released—the charge proving to be entirely without foundation.”

A detachment of recruits under his charge on Long Island, Boston Harbor, en route to their regiment, presented Col. Jackson with an elegant and costly sword. It bears the following inscription upon the scabbard: “Presented to Col. John H. Jackson, Third New Hampshire Volunteers, by the third detachment of New Hampshire drafted men under his command, at Long Island, Boston Harbor, as a token of their esteem, Oct. 20, 1863.” These men were all *substitutes*.

Col. Jackson was a “Forty-niner.” He went to California with a party of about 25 from Portsmouth, N. H. They went by steamer from Portsmouth to Chagres, thence through the Chagres River by bungoes (boats) to Cruces; thence on foot (25 lbs. on back) to Panama; thence, after about six weeks' delay, to San Francisco on a whaler—the *Gen. Fremont*. Fremont's wife Jessie and other ladies were of the party. He returned home in 1855 or 1856.

Col. Jackson departed this life at Boston, Mass., 10 April 1890, at his residence, 795 Washington Street. The funeral occurred Sunday, 13 April 1890, at his residence. The following notice was hastily sent to all who were conveniently near:—

DIED.**COLONEL JOHN H. JACKSON.**

Captain Co. C, 9th U. S. Inf. (Mexican War).

Colonel 3d Regt. N. H. Vols.

Died, at Boston, Mass., Thursday, April 10, 1890.

Born October 20, 1814.

Services at 795 Washington Street, Boston, Mass., Sunday, April 13, 1890, at 4 P.M.

Comrades and friends will be received at other hours previous, if desired.

Masonic funeral at Portsmouth, N. H., about mid-day Monday.

Nineteen of the old Third were in attendance (contributing a floral pillow marked "Our Hero"), besides the Mexican War veterans, several officers and employees from the Custom House, and many personal friends.

The services at Portsmouth were attended by ten members of his old regiment, including Rev. (Maj.) W. H. Trickey, who spoke many kind and appropriate words over the remains of his former commander.

Appropos of the Testament which (probably) saved his life in the Mexican War, a poetic divine prepared an appropriate poem upon the incident, a single verse of which is as follows:—

"Within his breast the gift he placed —
That guide of youth and age;
A gentle sister's name was traced
Upon its title page."

Col. Jackson left a widow, a son (Thomas M.) and a daughter.

JOHN S. JAMES.

James was the original 3d Corporal of Co. D. Was made Sergeant 6 Nov. 1862. He re-enlisted (as Sergeant) and had the usual furlough, re-joining with the others at Gloucester Point, Va., April, 1864. On 6 June 1864 he was mustered as 2d Lieutenant, as of 30 May, commission dating 24 May, *vice* White, promoted. This took him from Co. D and placed him with Co. I. At the end of June and of July, the returns show him "sick in quarters." At the end of August, he was commanding Co. I. At the battle of 16 Aug., he was fortunate in being sent to the rear with prisoners during the earlier (and lighter) part of the engagement.

On 13 Sept., he was "off duty"; and at end of same month was in command of Co. D, having been sent to it 20 Sept. The end of October finds him still commanding Co. D. He was again promoted in November to 1st Lieutenant, and was mustered 28 Nov. as of 17 Nov., the commission being dated 28 Oct., *vice* Morrill, deceased. This placed him nominally in Co. H; but he continued with D to the end. The closing days of December found him again sick; and in the early days of January, 1865, when the regiment was ordered to Fort Fisher, he was left in command of the detachment remaining in the camp at Laurel Hill. He continued in this command (the sole officer) till the return of Lieut.-Col. Randlett from leave, about the middle of January. The whole detachment rejoined the regiment 17 Feb. near Fort Fisher.

He was again favored with promotion in May, receiving a Captain's commission, dated 6 April, *vice* Maxwell, mustered out. He was mustered 2 May, as of 26 April, for the unexpired term of the regiment. At the end of May (Captain of Co. D) he was in charge of the Military Prison at Wilmington, under S. O. 62, Post Hdqrs. He was relieved from this duty two days after the regiment went to Goldsborough, N. C. (S. O. 93, Dist. Hdqrs., June). At the end of June, he was reported as absent on (20 days') leave.

For a brief period he was Assistant Provost Marshal at Goldsborough, say two days, when he received his leave. Upon his return, say 8 or 10 July, he assumed command of his own company (D), relieving Lieut. Plaisted.

During the Fall of 1863, Sergt. James and another were sent to Alexandria, Va., for Pr. Witham of Co. H, in confinement there. Witham was brought in irons to Hilton Head and turned over to the Provost Guard. (He was one of the three deserters from Co. H, in August, 1862, to the rebels.)

James was born 29 July 1839, in Hampton, N. H., to which place he returned after the war and has since resided.

THOMAS M. JACKSON.

He was the son of the Lieutenant-Colonel, though this did not, of itself or in fact, do him any appreciable good; for on his arrival in camp as a brand-new soldier boy, at Concord, his paternal parent frowned on him and said in substance: "What are you doing here? Don't you know that both my wife and I have serious objections to your being a soldier?" Thomas winced, for his stern father's will had always been law; but things are different now, argued he, and it's a time of war, and I'm of age.

Thomas was given to understand that he need expect nothing because of relationship, and he must use his own oar, and this, too, while sitting in his own dug-out. This is how he started his military career. He of course took the cue given him by his father, and by the use of his oar obtained the best position in the regiment outside of a commission, *i.e.*, that of Sergeant-Major, the highest rank among the non-coms. and the head of the non-commissioned staff, and entitled by rank and custom to the very first vacancy in the rank of 2d lieutenant.

He filled the position assigned him with credit, exhibiting not only order but a good degree of executive ability. He was the link between the Adjutant of the regiment and the commanding officer on the one side, and next to the regiment as a whole on the other.

Did the exigencies of the service require say fifty men for a certain duty, it was the business of the Sergeant-Major, having been directed to do so by the Adjutant, to call upon the orderly sergeants of the ten companies for their proportions of the fifty. In doing this he must exercise good judgment as to the quota to be required from each company, taking into account their number reported "present for duty" that morning and the requirements of other details liable to be called for the same day. In this manner, if properly levied, all the companies were served alike, and the burden equally distributed. Should the Sergeant-Major unequally distribute such burdens, he was at once made aware of it by the orderly sergeants themselves, who were ever on the lookout for over-leaves.

Jackson was a "fluent" writer, and perforce of that and his son-ship, he, as a matter of course, wrote the major part of his father's correspondence and orders. It could hardly be otherwise, though the official wall and line of demarkation was there, and there to stay.

The Colonel and Gov. Berry were very friendly, and the Colonel made every effort to keep the Governor posted fully upon affairs in general in the regiment; and much correspondence was the result. It has been the writer's pleasure to have access to this correspondence since the war; and 'twas interesting in the extreme, treating as it did with the internal affairs of the regiment. The hand-writing of nearly every letter was that of our Sergeant-Major.

Promotion came to Jackson, and came sooner than was really expected; and, singularly enough, it was a Jacksonian matter all around. About the middle of our first December in Dixie, at Hilton Head, 2d Lieut. Geo. W. Jackson of Co. E resigned; and our hero was awarded the vacancy, though the commission did not actually arrive till the latter part of January, 1862; and we do not find Jackson with Co. E till 10 Feb. This was probably owing to some official informality.

On Edisto, we find him with Co. K on 11 April, and with Co. I, 12 April. 16 April, was Acting Adjutant (Adj. Hill had injured his knee, and had resigned. His resignation not yet accepted). Soon after our little sortie to Jehossee Island from Edisto (17 April), Lieut. Jackson was taken sick at Mitchell's Plantation, the headquarters of the regiment, and was confined to his quarters in the Dr. Mitchell house. He was unable to go to James Island with us 1 June, and was left behind with the other sick (Lieut. Ayer, Sergt. Head and others). He was barely able to rejoin with several others two days after the James Island fight (16 June), by Steamer *Boraside* (Dr. Moulton on board; arrived in early evening). Had previously applied for sick leave, which came to hand about 22 June, by authority of S. O. 121, D. S., 21 June, for 60 days. He left Hilton Head 23 June, on the *Eriesson* (Dr. Moulton and others on board). From this leave he returned to regi-

ment on the *Star of the South*, 17 Aug., while the regiment was scattered on out-post duty. During October and November, we find him with Co. G, having received 1st Lieutenant's commission about the middle of October, dated 1 Aug.

About 9 Oct. he had the company property of Co. G turned over to him (this camp was at rear of General Hospital, Hilton Head) by Capt. Emmons, then going on leave of absence; and he continued in command of G until Capt. Emmons' return (30 Nov.)

In January, 1863, we find him in the lumber expedition to Florida and attached to one of the two extemporized companies (not lettered), both under command of Capt. Maxwell as the ranking Captain. Lieut. Jackson was with the company commanded by Capt. Burnham.

On 30 March, we find him transferred to Co. G, on Pinckney Island (seven companies there), though his stay on Pinckney Island was short: for we were ordered away on 3 April. His next move of importance was at St. Helena Island, in June. The arrival of a "whole batch of commissions," long expected, created something of consternation when opened. The proper and only person to open those commissions, and give the first South Carolina gaze on them, was the Colonel (stern parent to T. M. J.) A more surprised, excited and indignant man the writer has seldom seen; for it was the writer's particular business at that date to be very near the Colonel, as he held the position of Colonel's clerk; and the writer, as well as the Colonel's orderly, Woodbury Berry of Co. B, were greatly non-plussed as to what was to be done by us, or either of us, if anything, in the emergency. Whether the Colonel had gone mad, or was about to collapse, we didn't know. While we were deliberating on the spot (*i.e.*, just outside the tent), the Colonel rapidly strode to our immediate vicinity, and ejaculated as best he could between his trembles: "Daniel, er Woodbury, er Daniel: send for Thomas at once!" If the writer's memory serves him, only one went for Thomas, while the other stayed near the Colonel, half expecting he would collapse entirely. It would appear that almost the first new commission opened by the Colonel was one making his son Thomas (then a 1st Lieutenant) Captain of Co. B, "jumping" over Lieut. Smith, who was entitled. Thomas approached his father meekly, humbly, knowing what was the matter, and knowing, too, that the storm would not prove fatal. He knew he had, by other means than through his Colonel commanding, obtained this promotion. We need not dwell upon this picture. The irate father and penitent (?) son had an interview; and in summing up, we would say that the son laughed last, and probably wound up by quoting his father's injunction, given him at Concord in 1861, to "paddle his own canoe." Result: T. M. Jackson was duly mustered as Captain of Co. B, and Lieut. Smith resigned.

Capt. Jackson's company (B) was that formerly presided over by Capt. Wilbur, recently dishonorably discharged. The company was not in the very best condition, so far as *morale* was concerned. They were a good lot of men, but they had been under a captain for whom they had no respect whatever for a long time, and this feeling had had its unhappy results. Capt. Jackson took hold of the company, and endeavored by all that in him lay to make Co. B second to none.

He commanded the company in the attack on and capture of Morris Island, 10 July, and was also in command of his company in the night assault on Fort Wagner, 18 July, in both of which actions he acquitted himself well. In the latter assault, he was slightly wounded in his right arm, but not sufficiently to leave the field. On that morning (18 July) his company had just come off picket. It had rained during the night (17th), and his company was not in the best of condition to go into a fight; but in it went, led by its Captain. All this time, he had never fully recovered from the sickness incurred on Edisto, in June of the previous year. About the first of August he tendered his resignation, on account of sickness, and was discharged for disability 8 Aug., by S. O. 469, D. S. He at once went home, arriving at New York on 13 Aug., on the *Arago*. He soon joined his father there, on detached service at Concord, N. H., and accompanied him to Washington, to see Gen. Halleck (then commanding the Army) about certain matters explained elsewhere and to explain which the Colonel had been ordered to Washington.

After the war Jackson was for several years a salesman for the well-known furniture firm of Haley, Morse & Co., Boston, Mass.; and then for several years of the Boston Chair Co., manufacturers of chairs. He afterward went to Indianapolis, where he was in the walnut lumber business and manufacturing chairs. Later, he was a clerk in the Treasury at Washington, having charge of an important department. In 1890 he was confidential book-keeper of the firm of Pottier & Steymus, one of the largest firms of interior decorators in the country, located near the Grand Central Depot, New York City. In 1888 the writer and Capt. Jackson went together to Mineola, and walked over our old camp-ground, going thereafter to Hempstead, where we met several who well remembered the regiment.

Capt. Jackson was born at Portsmouth, N. H., 27 Jan. 1840. His address in 1890 was No. 2 E. 42d Street, New York City.

GEORGE W. JACKSON.

Jackson went out as 2d Lieutenant in Co. E, with Capt. Plimpton and 1st Lieut. Richard Ela. The writer is not furnished with the circumstances leading to it; but his resignation was the first in the regiment. This may have been from ill health; but certain it is that he did not resign on the eve of battle or in the immediate presence of the enemy. Gen. Sherman accepted the resignation and discharged him by his S. O. 81, Hilton Head, 16 Dec. 1861. Jackson reached New York on the *Marion*, 25 Dec. 1861.

Prior and subsequent to the war he resided in Concord, N. H., where he died 26 July 1890.

LEMUEL N. JACKMAN.

Jackman began his military career as private in Co. F (original). He was diverted at once from the strict military line and detailed (20 Aug. 1861) for duty with Adjt. Hill. He was on the *Belvidere* with the horses during the terrible November storm; and it is chiefly from his diary that the writer was able to prepare a chapter on that subject.

On 15 Jan. 1862, he was ordered to duty in the regimental hospital, where he remained till 21 July, when he rejoined his company, which was then at Stoney's Plantation, Hilton Head. On 30 Aug. he was promoted to Corporal. After the assault on Wagner (18 July 1863), he was one of the fortunate ones to go home after conscripts. This was 22 July. From this duty he rejoined 17 Nov. (Capt. Clark, Serjts. Hazen and Hitchcock, too), with a large detachment of recruits (the first to arrive). When certain companies of the regiment were placed on provost duty at Morris Island, Jackman was for a part of the time Acting Sergeant-Major.

He re-enlisted and went home on furlough. Was promoted to Sergeant 1 March 1864.

During the Virginia campaign he was in the actions of the regiment up to his being detached as Ordnance Sergeant of First Division, Tenth Army Corps, by S. O. 17 (Terry), to report to Lieut. Albert Ordway, Twenty-fourth Massachusetts, Ordnance Officer. This was in May, 1864, after the Drewry's Bluff fights. He was actually in the same actions as the regiment. He continued on this duty till after the Fort Fisher campaign. Meantime he had been commissioned as Adjutant, *cire* Copp, and was mustered into the new grade at Chapin's Farm, Va., on 26 Jan. 1865, for the unexpired term of the regiment. His muster was of 19 Jan., and the commission bore date 4 Jan.

He rejoined the detachment several days prior to muster (then at Laurel Hill), and went with it to regiment in February, reaching it 17th. He temporarily commanded Co. G (as well as being Adjutant) in April, and was relieved by Atherton about 1 May, though the latter had joined prior (11 April), but had been at once placed on general court-martial duty.

When the regiment went to Goldsborough, N. C., Jackman was made (about 4 June) Post Adjutant, and Holt acted as Adjutant of the regiment. When the men were discharged in June, whose terms would expire prior to 1 Sept. (this was a special group for discharge), Jackman was selected to

conduct them (also those of Seventh New Hampshire) to Concord. This order was S. O. 100, Dept. of N. C., Raleigh, 23 June 1865, by Maj.-Gen. J. D. Cox. The next day he was directed to confer with Capt. B. P. Keller, Commissary Musters, at Raleigh, as to the arrangements for muster-out and forwarding of these men. His successor as Post Adjutant at Goldsborough was Lieut. John Green (regiment unknown).

He had 59 men in all (29 of Third and 30 of Seventh); and after disposing of them at Concord, he returned at once to the regiment, which had in the meantime started for home. He met the regiment at New York (27 July), and with it returned to Concord, N. H. When at Concord with the detachment (Third and Seventh New Hampshire) he was presented by them with a money testimonial in appreciation of their kindly regard (7 July).

While at Wilmington, N. C., Jackman served (with Capts. Edgerly and Donley) on the special flag of truce which resulted in the wholesale exchange of prisoners. He was never wounded, except a scratch by a splinter at Drewry's Bluff (May, 1864). He was at the serious skirmish at Wilmington, 22 Feb. 1865.

He was apparently in every action of the regiment except Fort Fisher, Sugar Loaf Battery and the lumber expedition to Florida, January, 1863. Born 21 Feb. 1843. Residence (1890), Elgin, Ill.

GEORGE R. JAMES.

He was the original Wagoner of Co. D. In May, 1864, he was promoted to Quartermaster-Sergeant, *vice* Varnum H. Hill, promoted to Captain and A. Q. M. Previous to this latter event he re-enlisted, and went home with the others on furlough. He continued as Quartermaster-Sergeant till 1865, when he was commissioned as 2d Lieutenant, Co. I, *vice* John S. James, promoted, his muster being 24 April, as of 1 March. The commission bore date 24 Jan. He was mustered for the unexpired term of the regiment, and served with Co. I to the end. During a part of June and July he was Acting Quartermaster at Goldsborough, N. C., Quartermaster Bingham being absent on leave. He received a 1st lieutenant's commission at the very end of the war, but was never mustered into the new grade.

He was never wounded, never detached, and never acted as lieutenant prior to receiving commission. While the regiment was at Botany Bay Island, he remained at Hilton Head, in charge of the horses.

He was born at Hampton, N. H., 1837, and was at New Market, N. H., in 1891.

PERRY KITTREDGE.

Perry Kittredge was, strictly speaking, a recruit for Co. B. He enlisted at Concord next day after the regiment was mustered in. His experience as an apothecary qualified him for the position he ever maintained. It was understood at the outset that he was to go with Dr. Moulton as a nurse in the regimental hospital and his being attached to Co. B was a mere accident of the service. He never was armed and equipped as a soldier, but went on duty at once in the place predetermined. He did good and efficient service and a deal of it.

Soon after the arrival of the regiment at Hilton Head, he was detached (in his line) at the Medical Purveyor's office (Dr. Cooper) at Hilton Head, and there remained till after the regiment had reached James Island (June, 1862). Being relieved, he rejoined the regiment there, prior to the fight of 16 June, and rendered valuable assistance in caring for the wounded of that, our first engagement. When the Hospital Steward, Moody A. Sawyer, was discharged in September, the position was bestowed upon Kittredge, and worthily so. He was appointed 15 Sept., as of the 14th, although Sawyer's discharge dates 9th.

In the latter part of May, 1863, while the regiment (*i.e.*, eight companies) were on Botany Bay Island, Kittredge was favored with a furlough, but got no farther than Hilton Head. (All furloughs revoked.) He rejoined 7 June.

He continued to the end of his enlistment, three years, and was mustered out at Bermuda Hundred, Va., 23 Aug. 1864, with the others.

He did good and faithful service in almost every action of the regiment, being close at hand, with the Surgeon and the Assistant Surgeon, to render temporary aid. The writer well remembers how very near he was to the scene of carnage on 16 Aug., Kittredge's last exposure of that kind. Only a little way back in the woods on that day stood Surgeon Kimball and Hospital Steward Kittredge, with the requisite material for temporary aid, such as bandages, lint, whiskey, etc. The first and last always predominated wherever there was a fight. Whack, whack went the bullets among the trees, and many a shell screeched over their heads, breaking limbs from the forest trees; but these two heroes stood their ground, and ministered to each according to his need and passed him along, rearward, toward the improvised field hospital, a mile or more distant.

Since the war, Kittredge has been a successful apothecary at Concord, N. H., where he now is (1890). He regularly attends the reunions, and the boys are all glad to see him.

FRANKLIN B. KIMBALL.

Dr. Kimball was appointed 2d Assistant Surgeon under date of 3 June 1863, *vice* Farrar, resigned. He arrived at the regiment when it was on St. Helena Island, 25 June (several of the regiment returning from furlough on same steamer), and was mustered 29 June, as of 24th. When he arrived, the regiment was, with other troops, engaged in active preparations for a proposed move on Charleston. Everybody was ordered out at inspection, etc. (fewer exempted than ever, before or after); and when Dr. Kimball appeared, all eyes were instinctively turned to him. He exceeded in size any officer or man in the brigade. By "size," it is intended to convey the idea that height and diameter were both considered. Again, his uniform was new, and he was a new doctor. Yet again, he stood by the side of his co-assistant surgeon, a man as much below the average size as he was above, and the contrast was remarkably noticeable. It was thus he was introduced; and no Third New Hampshire man will be at a loss to know who is meant if the "big doctor" is spoken of; and it follows that this would be true also if the "little doctor" was mentioned.

Dr. Kimball was one of the most expert surgeons in the Department. Though physically large, he was as deft with the instruments of his profession as a girl with scissors and needle. But deft as he was, he was said to be benterly devoid of any super-sensitiveness while disjuncting a finger or sawing off a leg. This was probably because he studiously avoided any exhibition of feeling, on the basis that it would seriously interfere with and undermine his reputation. He was born in Bridgton, Me., 27 March 1829. Was a student at the Harvard Medical School in 1858, and also studied medicine at Dover, N. H., 1855 to 1858. He practiced in Maine (probably Bridgton) and in New York, next prior to the Civil War.

Dr. Kimball was early set at work in his new position (Drs. Buzzell and Burnham his associates), as on the morning of 10 July 1863 his services were especially called into requisition, the wounded being taken back to Folly Island for treatment. Again, on 18 July (charge on Wagner), his services were again proven of value. This latter event showing that a siege must be undertaken (the demand for surgeons elsewhere being great), Dr. Kimball was detached about 23 July and sent to the hospitals at Beaufort, S. C., from which he returned about 25 Dec. (Morris Island).

He went with the four companies (A, D, H and K) to Palatka, from Jacksonville, Fla. In the Virginia campaign, Dr. Kimball performed valuable service, and at one time was on special duty with the Provost Guard of the First Division, Tenth Army Corps. In the memorable 16 Aug. 1864 fight, he, with Hospital Stewart Kittredge, was near by, in the woods, to render temporary aid to the wounded, who were immediately sent farther to the rear, to an improvised hospital. In November he accompanied the regiment in its New York Harbor campaign.

At Fort Fisher, Dr. Kimball operated all night (15 Jan.), indiscriminately, upon all brought to him, no regimental lines being observed. Soon after the occupation of Wilmington, N. C., Dr. Kimball was placed in charge of the Marine Hospital, where he had a corps of surgeons as assistants, and plenty to do, the hospital being a sort of dumping ground for sick and wounded (including rebels). This service proved detrimental to his health; and in March, 1865, he was given a leave of absence. This, the writer is informed, was in the form of an order (S. O. 25, Dist. Hdqrs.) to proceed North on some nominal duty.

On 23 May 1865 he was mustered as Surgeon, *vice* Buzzell, deceased, as of 22 May, his commission being dated 20 April; and he was mustered "for the unexpired term of the regiment." He was at the time of this muster in charge of the Post Hospital (identical with Marine Hospital), by S. O. 60, Dist. Hdqrs. At the end of June, 1865, the regimental return shows him on detached service at Post Hospital. Though the regiment was at that date at Goldsborough, it is presumed that a post hospital had been established there, as the authority is quoted as S. O. 109, Dist. Hdqrs. When Lieut. Marshall was wounded, Dr. Kimball performed upon him what is technically termed "re-section of the shoulder joint." Dr. Kimball accompanied the regiment on its trip home, after its final muster-out.

He practiced his profession after the war, locating in New Hampshire, Maine, and lastly in Andover, Mass. On 8 Nov. 1882, Dr. Kimball met with a sad bereavement, his wife being instantly killed by the cars at Andover.

The Doctor suffered from the close of the war to his death, with sclerosis of the nervous system, and was for several years a helpless invalid. His mental powers, however, continued good to within a short time of his death, which occurred at Andover, 13 Dec. 1889. He left two daughters, who faithfully administered to his every want to the last sad moment.

NOTE. — The writer called on him at Andover about 1887, and was only permitted to see him about five minutes. He then lay helpless upon his couch, and was barely able to articulate, though his mental powers were exceedingly active.

JOHN KIRWIN.

Kirwin was one of the first group of sergeants in C (Capt. Donohoe). While his company was lying on the *Mary A. Boardman*, Edisto Inlet, 10 April 1863, Kirwin received a 2d Lieutenant's commission, being mustered on 16 April as of 15 March, *vice* Houghton, promoted. He was assigned to his own company.

When the regiment left St. Helena, 4 July 1863, to go to Folly Island, Lieut. Kirwin and others got left behind by accident, but soon rejoined by another steamer. On Morris Island, on the night of 28 Aug., Lieut. Kirwin got hit.

On 17 Oct. a 1st Lieutenant's commission arrived for Kirwin, and he was duly mustered in 19 Oct. as of the 17th, the document bearing date 23 July, *vice* Flanders, discharged. He was assigned to Co. B. The precise time when he went back to his own company (C) does not appear, though he was with that company on duty on Broad and Small Islands, in December, 1863, and January and February, 1864, cutting wood (A, C and K).

When the regiment returned to Hilton Head (end of February, 1864) to be mounted, Lieut. Kirwin was lucky enough to be one of the officers to go home with the re-enlisted men (see end). From this delightful duty (!) — equivalent to a leave of absence — he rejoined, with the others, at Gloucester Point, Va., latter part of April. April and May reports show him as 1st Lieutenant Co. B. Again promotion came to Kirwin, to Captain of Co. H, *vice* Ayer, killed 16 May. He was mustered 3 June, as of 29 May, commission being dated 24 May.

The August return shows him sick in quarters; and about 20 Sept. 1864 he went to hospital at Fort Monroe (presumably the officers' hospital, the Chesapeake, at Hampton, Va.)

The regimental return for September says, "Absent with leave in New Hampshire"; and it is to be inferred that he got a "leave" from the hospital and returned to it. He was at the hospital 20 Oct.; for Lieut. Dodge (discharged), on his way home, met him there.

The November return shows him to be absent sick since 21 Sept. Capt. Kirwin was finally discharged, for expiration of original term, 9 Dec. 1894, by S. O. 339, Dept. Va. and N. C. This was not known in the regiment at the time; for the monthly returns carried him through January and February 1865, reporting him as "absent sick, General Hospital."

In April, 1892, he was at Chicago, Ill.

NOTE.—While with the re-enlisted men at Camp Grant, Va., he had charge of the men of Cos. C, E and H, for purposes of drawing rations and clothing.

ISRAEL B. LITTLEFIELD.

He was the original Captain of K. going to Concord with one of the larger detachments of recruits, from Dover and vicinity, to which other small groups were added to fill up the company. Capt. Littlefield was undoubtedly the oldest man in the regiment. He had seen service in the Mexican War in Co. C, Ninth U. S. Infantry (with our Lieut.-Col. Jackson, Maj. Bedel and Adj. Hill). He was in the State Militia for many years prior to the war and commanded the Strafford Guards.

His health was none of the best; and when we came to Hilton Head his eyes were very seriously affected by the sand. He was obliged to resign, and did so, being discharged 1 April 1862, at Hilton Head. His action, as well as the occasion for it, caused much regret in the company, as well as to the Captain himself; for each had become endeared to the other. He turned over the property to 1st Lieut. Butterfield, 1 April, and left for the North, on the *Atlantic*, 4 April, the very day the regiment sailed for Edisto.

The fact that Capt. Littlefield was a Mexican War soldier was a source of great pride to Co. K. He left the regiment respected and regretted by all. He at once returned to his home and family in Dover, where he resided till his death, which occurred 1 Jan. 1889, of heart disease.

GEORGE F. LORD.

Lord excelled as a clerk, writing a clear and concise hand, and was early called upon to serve in that capacity. He was an original private of Co. B. When Col. Jackson and detail were sent North (July, 1863) for conscripts, Lord was one of the detail, being at that time Adjutant's Clerk. In that capacity he was succeeded by John G. Graham, a volunteer recruit of September, 1862, who ably filled the position to June, 1865, when he (Graham) was mustered out.

Lord went with the detail to Concord; and it was not long before his clerical ability became known in the State of New Hampshire. The Adjutant-General needed just such a person to assist in putting into shape the mass of military data at the State House. Lord was detailed, as might have been expected; but it required a special order from the War Department to do it. This was readily obtained by Adj.-Gen. Natt Head, who, in one or more of his annual reports, very favorably mentioned Lord and his efficient service. It follows that Lord did not return to the regiment with that detail (the last of it, in January, 1864), but continued at the State House. In order to get him back to the regiment, the ruse was used of appointing him Sergeant-Major, *vice* Dodge, promoted; but it didn't work. He still remained at Concord, and resigned the warrant 10 March. In this case (the only one of its kind), Lord had been dropped from Co. B, on account of promotion to the non-commissioned staff; and now he had to be dropped from the staff and taken up again by Co. B, as a private.

He was mustered out 26 Sept. 1864, at Concord; and the inference is that he had been continually in the Adjutant-General's office, and was there employed at time of muster-out and later.

His whereabouts since the war is not easily traced. He has been at various times an inmate of one or two National soldiers' homes; so it is presumable that fortune has not smiled on him.

JOHN F. LANGLEY.

Langley was born 21 Aug. 1831, at Nottingham, N. H. He was the original 2d Lieutenant of Co. H, was much interested in the company, and assisted largely in its organization. It was not his fortune to serve with any other company. In the latter part of May, 1862, he received a 1st Lieutenant's commission. When Capt. Dow resigned, in June, 1862, Langley was placed in charge of the company and its property.

He resigned in July, 1862, turning over the company and property to 2d Lieut. J. C. Wiggin (killed 21 Aug.) His discharge was by S. O. 163, D. S.

He soon afterward was a part and parcel of the Twelfth New Hampshire, being commissioned as Captain in that regiment. Later he was promoted to Major. Was discharged from that regiment in September, 1864. Since the war he was for a considerable time in Boston, Mass., and about 1890 was clerk in the post office there. In 1891 we find him at Amherst, N. H., residing with a daughter, and in very poor health.

JONAH LIBBY, Jr.

Libby had originally intended to go to war in a Massachusetts regiment. He was in Boston; and he and T. M. Jackson (our first Sergeant-Major) were intimate friends there, both being prominently connected with the then flourishing temperance movement. When Jonah found Thomas was to go in a New Hampshire regiment, he surrendered and went to Concord, where he enlisted. Capt. Wilbur, then gathering Co. B into shape, at once selected him as the proper man to be Orderly Sergeant of the company, and he was so made. The choice was a wise one, reflecting great credit on the selector and the selectee.

Jonah was short, but did not appear boyish — indeed, he looked and acted beyond his years. He made an excellent 1st Sergeant, and was soon promoted. The commission as 2d Lieutenant arrived 17 Sept. 1862, and he was assigned to duty in his own company (B). The commission was dated 17 June.

His health was very poor about this time, and he succeeded in obtaining a leave of absence (9 Oct.) for 20 days, by S. O. 320, D. S.

He did temporary duty with Co. A, beginning about the middle of January, 1863. On 10 April he was sent to D. He was again promoted (to 1st Lieutenant) and was mustered 15 April, as of 19 Jan., *vice* Cody, discharged, the commission being dated 16 Nov. 1862. On 8 May we find him temporarily in command of D (Botany Bay Island), Capt. Maxwell being absent for some purpose not apparent, at Hilton Head.

On 23 June 1863, at St. Helena Island, he tendered his resignation. This was not accepted, however; but instead he was granted a 20 days' leave, 2 July (from St. Helena Island). He was too valuable an officer to be readily permitted to sever his military connection. From this leave he promptly returned, reaching Hilton Head on the *Fulton*, 28 July. He thus escaped the actions of 10 and 18 July. On his return, still being sick, he was made Acting Adjutant, temporarily (Adj. Copp sick).

During the operations of 7 Sept. (evacuation day) he was slightly wounded in the left breast (contusion) during the advance. At the end of September he was reported as "sick in quarters." On 2 Oct. we find him in command of Co. E (Capt. Ela either in command of the sharpshooters or temporarily in command of the regiment). During the latter part of November (he still continuing sick) a leave of absence was granted him, "within the Department." We find him at St. Augustine, Fla., at the Convalescent Hospital, 1 Dec., on which day he notified the Ordnance Officer at that station that he intended to resign. Apparently he did not do this; or, attempting it, failed: for on 25 Dec. he arrived back at camp on Morris Island.

About this time the excitement was high in regard to re-enlisting; and Jonah being still ill, but yet able to perform certain kinds of duty, was ap-

pointed (January, 1864) to the position of Recruiting Officer, to take charge of all those cases where the re-enlistment fever had proved fatal. The rolls show that during the time he was thus engaged he was promoted, as the first shows him to have been 1st Lieutenant, and the later rolls show his signature as Captain.

Col. Jackson, arriving 19 Jan. 1864, from detached service, had in his pocket a commission as Captain for Jonah; and he was duly mustered next day, as of 20 Jan., *vice* Emmons, resigned, the commission being dated 2 Jan. [considerable lapse here.—D.E.] He was assigned to Co. G and continued attached to that company to the end.

He served with credit through the Florida campaign, and was in the Drewry's Bluff fights. On 16 June, Libby received a severe wound in the thigh. He was at once sent to the General Hospital at Fort Monroe, and soon after was transferred to the officers' hospital at Annapolis, Md. From this latter place he got leave of absence and went home, about 16 Sept.

It is to be assumed that he returned from this leave; for on 19 Oct. he was discharged for disability, by S. O. 354, W. D., Extract 32, on account of wounds received in action.

Libby was born in Danville, Me., 22 Aug. 1830; died at Auburn, Me., 31 March 1877. He left a widow (who afterward married John L. Emery, Eliot, Me.) and one son (Walter A.)

Jonah's colored servant, Mike, was, after service with Jonah, employed by Hynes when he was Captain and A. Q. M.

ALVAN H. LIBBY.

Libby was formerly in the Regular Army, serving five years, three as 1st Sergeant in Co. I, Tenth U. S. Infantry. This is the regiment that went, with others, on the Utah Expedition in 1854, and in which was also our Capt. Maxwell (see his Personal Sketch).

Libby's experience in the Regular Army especially qualified him for service. He was a clean-cut, trim body, of good build and every inch a soldier. He went out with us as 1st Lieutenant Co. A (Capt. Clark). During the winter of 1861-62 (our first winter at Hilton Head) the men of his company presented him with a beautiful and costly watch. When Capt. Clark (and others) was sent home in January, on recruiting service, he turned the company and property over to Libby.

Libby remained in command of the company till a leave of absence was granted him about 1 May, when he turned over the property to 2d Lieut. Hynes and departed, leaving the regiment at Edisto, only a few days prior to arrival of Capt. Clark and others of the recruiting party. He arrived in New York, by the *Oriental*, 9 May.

On 1 June, a commission arrived for Libby as Adjutant, *vice* Hill, resigned; and a memorandum says, "sworn in by Lieut.-Col. Jackson, at James Island." This would tend to prove that no opportunity was afforded for this ceremony till arrival of regiment at James Island, as we left Edisto 1 June, and were in a rough-and-tumble state till we reached Grinnall's Plantation, on James Island (about the 10th). He rejoined 5 June from leave.

Libby was in the James Island fight, and was thus mentioned in Col. Jackson's report: "Adj. Libby . . . rendered me great assistance. The Adjutant was several times much exposed in carrying orders, but came out of the fight unscathed." He was at Pocotaligo (22 Oct.), and accompanied the expedition to Florida for lumber (January, 1863).

When the regiment was reunited at St. Helena Island (June, 1863), and Gen. Strong took command of the troops at that station, he selected our Adjutant as his Adjutant-General, and Libby served thus until his death. On Botany Bay Island, in May, when our Colonel was placed in command of the Post (two regiments there), Adj. Libby was made Post Adjutant. This was a temporary matter, lasting but a few days.

Libby did efficient service at the taking of lower end of Morris Island, 10 July. On the night of 18 July, in the assault on Wagner, our hero was

mortally wounded early in the fight (was on Strong's Staff), and died within an hour, inside the rebel lines. The accounts vary somewhat as to the particulars; but it appears beyond question that he was shot, and that he died. Some aver that he was mounted, and when wounded his horse, unguided, took him within the rebel lines. One account says he was hit while assisting Gen. Strong after he (Strong) was wounded. It is quite possible, and many think it probable, that some former Regular Army officer recognized Libby, or that some brother Mason may have interested himself. Something of the one kind or of the other resulted in the bringing in of his personal effects under a flag of truce next day.

Thus perished a noble man, a gentleman, a soldier. His grave is unknown. He left a widow, since remarried, and now deceased.

The many friends of Libby erected a monument at Manchester, N. H., in the Valley Cemetery, soon after the war. It is inscribed as follows:—

Erected by the Officers
of the
Third New Hampshire Volunteers, as a
token of respect to
Adjt. ALVAN H. LIBBY,
who fell on Wagner,
July 18, 1863,
aged 29 years,
3 months.

Fifty feet away is a marble stone over the grave of John R. Hynes (see his Personal).

Libby was born in Jay, Maine, 14 April 1834.

SIMON N. LAMPREY.

He was one of the original Corporals of Co. B. The records show a promotion to Sergeant 13 Sept. 1862. On 1st Sergt. Libby, Jr.'s, advancement, Lamprey became 1st Sergeant. On 22 July 1863, just after the assault on Wagner (the regiment was short of officers, and to be further decimated by the detail going North for conscripts), Lamprey (then 1st Sergeant), was ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant. He was a faithful and trusty soldier, and had been recommended for a commission, which precious document arrived 17 Oct.; but for some reason not apparent, he did not get mustered until 23 Nov. His muster was of 18 Nov., *vice* Copp, promoted to Adjutant, while Copp's commission was dated 20 July. In the January following, he was again promoted, to 1st Lieutenant, being mustered on 20 Jan. 1864, as of same date, the commission being dated 5 Jan., *vice* Place, resigned. This placed him in K, to which he went, but for a few days only. He was transferred to Co. B. 30 Jan.

When the regiment started for Florida, 1 April, Lieut. Lamprey was assigned to Co. K (with 2d Lieut. Eldredge), to equalize the officers. Though in command he did not have the company property turned over to him by Lieut. Eldredge, the time being considered as very short for his stay in Co. K. He did stay, however, till his death. On the reuniting of the regiment in Virginia, Lieut. Lamprey was superseded in the command of Co. K by Capt. Stearns (end of April).

Lieut. Lamprey was in all the actions of the regiment up to the time of his death, so far as the writer has data. On that fatal day, 16 Aug. 1864, Lieut. Lamprey was shot through the body, being in the thick of the fight. The records show he was *killed in action*; but the writer was with him (both wounded), on the steamer next morning, *en route* to the hospital at Fort Monroe. He was able to walk about the steamer's deck a little at times; but he was wholly "out of his mind," and his ravings were something never to be forgotten. The poor fellow died on the ambulance, between the wharf and hospital (Chesapeake), at Hampton, Va. His body was sent home. He was buried at Hampton, N.H.

JAMES E. MCCOY.

McCoy was mustered as a Corporal (the 5th) in Co. F, at Concord, in August, 1861, and there began his military career. Was made Sergeant 17 Oct. 1862, and held that position till June of the following year, when he was made 1st Sergeant. *vice* Button, promoted. Meantime he re-enlisted, and got his furlough with the others.

In the Virginia campaign he did not escape the enemy's missiles. He was wounded 16 June 1864, though not seriously, and was sent to the Division Hospital. It would appear that he had a commission as 2d Lieutenant, apparently received the day prior to the wound. We find him mustered into the new grade 19 June, as of 15 June, the commission being dated 24 May, *vice* Morrill, promoted.

He was again wounded on 27 Oct. 1864 at Charles City Cross Roads, and similarly situated as before as to new commissions. He was mustered as 1st Lieutenant 30 Oct., as of 20 Oct., the commission being dated 13 Oct., *vice* Edgerly, promoted.

As a 2d Lieutenant he was attached to Co. H, and as a 1st Lieutenant to Co. D. He was one of the very few officers—a mere half dozen or so—who were part and parcel of that famous and successful assault upon Fort Fisher, 15 Jan. 1865. At that time McCoy was Acting Adjutant, and did his whole duty. There was no Adjutant at that time, the position being actually vacant. McCoy continued to go upward in the scale, for we find him mustered 3 March, at Wilmington, as of same date, into the grade of Captain, *vice* Kirwin, discharged. He was now Captain of Co. H, and so continued to the end. His commission as Captain was dated 5 Jan. He acted as Adjutant from some time in November, 1864, up to 17 Feb. 1865, at which time Jackson arrived to take the place, having been commissioned and mustered.

McCoy was last heard from at Orange, Mass., in 1889. He was born in Pelham, N. H., 20 Aug. 1841.

ALBERT A. MOULTON.

He was our original Surgeon, having for his assistant Dr. Eaton. Only one assistant surgeon was allowed at that time. His previous experience as a physician was at Meredith and Concord, N. H. He graduated from Dartmouth Medical College in 1850. He was a man of considerable energy, well educated in his profession and was considered far above the average physician.

Some time in January, 1862, he was appointed Brigade Surgeon. In March (the 31st) his wife and young son came to gladden his heart, though extreme military men said it was unmilitary to have one's heart gladdened that way—that it should only be gladdened by the sight of an enemy.

James Island was reached, and active operations were in progress, though just what day they would culminate no fellow knew or could find out. On 13 June 1862—just three days prior to our little maiden effort to convince the rebels they were wrong—Dr. Moulton got a five days' leave from James Island to—where he pleased. This leave—an unfortunate one—was then and has since been a bone of contention. It took him just two days beyond the fight; and the brunt of the whole hospital service had to rest on Dr. Eaton, the Assistant Surgeon, and was practically all over when Dr. Moulton returned. Col. Jackson severely reflected upon the Doctor in his report of the battle, for leaving without permission; but Gen. Williams, commanding the brigade, entirely exculpates the Doctor by saying he himself granted the permission. The point is in part a technical one; but the fact that the Doctor was absent for his pleasure at so trying a time was not forgotten, though he was no doubt forgiven. Military law and custom covered the case; for he was at the time Brigade Surgeon (Williams').

The Doctor's health declined rapidly; a sick leave was obtained; and he started North about 6 Aug. He got no better; and the time became so prolonged that he was discharged (at home) for disability, by S. O. 369, W. D., 29 Nov., to date 15 Nov.; but this was amended by S. O. 374, W. D., 2 Dec., to date 31 Oct.

After the war Dr. Moulton practiced at Concord and at Tilton, N. H. He resided at the last-named place during the latter part of his life. During these years he became quite unsettled in his mind—to a degree alarming to his friends. He finally ended his earthly career by cutting his throat, 28 April 1890. Dr. Moulton left a son to mourn his loss.

GEORGE W. MANTER.

Dr. Manter was an appointment from civil life. He came to us 22 May 1865, at Wilmington, N. C., being appointed to the place of Asst.-Surg. Kimball, who had been made Surgeon, *vice* Dr. Buzzell, deceased. His commission was dated 24 April, and he was mustered in 23 May, as of 22 May.

Dr. Manter attended to the medical wants of the regiment substantially from the time he joined to muster-out, Dr. Kimball being detached at the Marine Hospital, Wilmington. It will be observed that from the time Dr. Burnham was discharged, forward to final muster-out, the regiment had but one assistant surgeon. This was, as it may be inferred, owing to the depletion of the regiment.

Dr. Manter was educated as a physician at Castleton, Vt., about 1852, and soon after began practice in Manchester, N. H. At the close of his service with the regiment he resumed practice in Manchester. He remained there a short time only, going thence to Wellfleet, Mass., where he died.

He was born at Londonderry, N. H., 22 Aug. 1825, and died 7 July 1870, of paralysis. He left a widow, two sons and a daughter. His widow was in Providence, R. I., in 1891, and the two sons at Wilson's Crossing, N. H. The daughter has since died.

FRANK L. MORRILL.

Morrill was born in East Washington, N. H., 5 Dec. 1841. He was the original 2d Sergeant of Co. A, and was advanced to 1st Sergeant when Houghton was made 2d Lieutenant. We find him Acting 2d Lieutenant (Officer of the Guard) at Botany Bay Island 8 May 1863. He received the commission 25 May. Difficulties arose (not apparent) as to getting mustered, which was delayed till 29 June (regiment at St. Helena), dating back to 28 May. This was by S. O. 376, D. S. His commission was dated 17 April, *vice* Hopkins, resigned. This attached him to Co. H; but it would appear he did not stay with that company, as in the action of 10 July (and probably the 18th, too) he was with Co. B.

On the day following the assault on Wagner, he was in charge of a burial party. He was made an Aide-de-Camp on Col. Guss' Staff (commanding First Brigade, Morris Island) 11 Aug., and there remained till end of same month, when he was relieved by Lieut. Woodbury of our regiment. He then took Co. H (Ayer wounded). During latter half of September, 1863, he is reported as Acting Adjutant (Copp sick). On 30 Sept. he turned over the company and its property to Lieut. Edgerly, having been detached as Acting Signal Officer in the Signal Corps. He continued in this duty to the end of his life. His duty in the Signal Corps took him anywhere in the Department where wanted, and we did not see much of him. When the Tenth Army Corps went to Virginia, Morrill went too, and did efficient service there.

On Dearborn's promotion to Captain (Dearborn was mustered 1 April 1864, so there was a considerable interval between dates), Morrill was advanced to 1st Lieutenant, his commission being dated 24 May; and the muster was 15 June, as of same date.

On 2 July Morrill was shot through the right leg, shattering both bones, and suffered amputation on the field. The accounts vary as to circumstances attending the fatal shot and his death. They all appear well authenticated. One is, that he was wounded while lying close up to the enemy's line, trying to read their signals. Another that he was shot (by minie ball) while crossing a small open field, to save distance, when he might have taken the

precaution to go around, following the edge of a wood. He died of his wounds at Chesapeake Hospital, near Fort Monroe, 13 July. One account gives the cause of his death as gangrene; another that he died of lockjaw. His body was sent home to East Washington, N. H., in accordance with his last expressed wish.

He left a widow and daughter, who have since removed to Claremont, N. H., where they both resided in 1887. The latter married Walter A. Pierce, and the former (Frances M.) remarried (Jones). Lieut. Morrill had a brother, George E., a tax collector, in 1887, at Manchester, N. H.

From Signal Officer T. E. Townes' report it is found that Lieut. Morrill was stationed at Botany Bay Island, 7 Nov. 1863, at one of a series of signal towers; and about 1 Dec. he changed station to near Bay Point (Big Bay Island).

The following extract is of value: "Lieut. Morrill, Third New Hampshire Volunteers, Acting Signal Officer, deserves mention for the efficiency displayed by him in working the station at Big Bay Island. He remained there, alone, six weeks, his men imperfectly armed, and without a boat, depending solely on fighting if attacked no matter by what numbers, and picketed by a force from the Fifty-fifth Massachusetts (colored) whom he frequently found asleep on post, and passed through at night repeatedly, without being challenged by the pickets. Certainly he has not been molested; but it requires some nerve to take a station so undefended, and practicably in the enemy's country, and make it conspicuous by signals so as to tempt the enemy to attack it."

WALTER MELLISH.

Mellish enlisted like other soldiers, and was made part and parcel of Co. I, Capt. Carlton. His rank at muster-in of the company was Private. From this grade he was promoted thus: to Corporal in July, 1863 (on Folly Island); to Sergeant 26 Aug. 1864. As a corporal he re-enlisted, and had the regulation furlough.

When the regiment went to Fort Fisher in January, 1865, Mellish was left in Virginia. He received 2d Lieutenant's commission about 25 Jan. He rejoined with the others (from Virginia) 17 Feb., near Fort Fisher, and went with regiment through to Wilmington. He was mustered as 2d Lieutenant, 25 April, as of 1 March, 1865, *viz* J. Ackerman, promoted, the commission being dated 24 Jan. It is quite apparent, as Ackerman was mustered into his new grade 24 Feb. that the interval of two months was an injustice to Mellish; but historians have no power to right this class of wrongs. He was assigned to Co. F, and the muster was for the unexpired term of the regiment. Very soon again he was promoted to 1st Lieutenant, *viz* John S. James, promoted, being mustered 19 May, as of 26 April, and for the unexpired term of the regiment. The commission bore date 6 April. He was assigned to Co. H and so continued to the end. Mellish, on receiving his 2d Lieutenant's commission (in Virginia), was presented by his comrades there with a sword and straps. He was at Bluffton, Daufuskie, Pocotaligo, Jehossee, Edisto, James Island (but not in the flight of 16 June, being sick in camp). Went to Florida with the lumber expedition, in January, 1863. Was never wounded. Was for some time one of the color-guard.

He was born in Boston, Mass., 16 June 1841. His address, in 1890, was Harvard Square, Cambridge, Mass.

HENRY A. MARSH.

Marsh enlisted with the squad that became Co. F, Capt. Randlett, and was made its original 2d Lieutenant. He was temporarily assigned in April, 1862, to Co. K (Capt. Littlefield discharged, 2d Lieut. Miles resigned, and 1st Lieut. Butterfield being alone). He remained with K a few days only. On the night preceding the James Island fight (16 June), we find him on picket with four companies. He was in the fight, and with F, and was slightly wounded.

After the return of the regiment to Hilton Head, and the companies scattered, to duty on outposts, Lieut. Marsh was granted a leave of absence (20 days) and started North, 6 Aug. 1862, with Dr. Moulton. It would appear that he was either sick prior to or during the leave; for he is reported at ends of August and September as absent with leave. He probably obtained the regulation certificate of inability to travel. He rejoined 13 Oct., and in three days thereafter was promoted to 1st Lieutenant, the document being dated 4 July. The presumption is that Lieut. Marsh's health did not improve, for he was discharged 30 Dec. by S. O., D. S.

He was born in Amherst, Mass., 2 Nov. 1839, and his residence (1890), was Nashua, N. H.

WILLIAM H. MILES.

Miles was the original 2d Lieutenant of Co. K (Capt. Littlefield). He resigned before active operations began, being the second officer in the regiment to sever his military tie. He was discharged 5 Feb. 1862, by Sherman's S. O. 65. He reached New York 22 Feb. 1862, by the *Arago*, from Port Royal, and arrived at Dover N. H., two days later.

He afterward enlisted (30 Aug. 1862) as a recruit in the Seventh New Hampshire, and was assigned to Co. H, and was discharged therefrom 11 May 1865. He was from the town of Madbury, N. H., at which place he resided after the war. The fact that he served so long in the Seventh New Hampshire, and in the ranks, more than offsets any possible discredit attaching to his early resignation from the Third New Hampshire as an officer. He was born in Madbury, N. H., 30 June 1842. In 1892 he was in Haverhill, Mass.

WILLIAM H. MAXWELL.

Maxwell was the original 1st Lieutenant of Co. H (Capt. R. C. Dow and 2d Lieut. Langley).

He served as a soldier prior to the formation of the Third New Hampshire, and we give the fact due notice. It was in the Regular Army. He, with twelve others (among them was Lieut. A. H. Libby, Third New Hampshire), enlisted at Manchester, N. H., 8 June 1855, as recruit for Co. I, Tenth U. S. Infantry, the regiment being at Carlisle Barracks, Pa. The Captain of the company was Jesse A. Gove, commissioned from civil life by President Pierce. After about six months' drilling, the regiment was ordered to Fort Snelling, Minn. About that time Maxwell was made Corporal. After another lapse of about six months, Maxwell and four others were sent to Fort Ridgely, then Minnesota; but now Dakota. The duties at this place was the protection of the settlers from the Indians. This was the winter of 1856, and the snow was deep.

It was here that Maxwell came near losing his life, while trying to save the life of a comrade (Samuel Wallace), who was absent at roll call and supposed to be on a debauch, and liable to perish in the snow. Maxwell found him, and in the condition named, and started to return to camp. The night was dark and stormy. They got lost. Shouts for assistance were unheard. Lost on the prairie! They wandered about till exhausted, the drunken man partially sobering when told they were lost. They buried themselves in a huge drift, hoping the storm would soon abate. They fell asleep, though both realized that wakefulness and activity were essential to life. They waked again, fortunately, and Maxwell thrust his arm through the drift and was gladdened by the moon's rays, and by its welcome light he could see the fort, fortunately quite near. They were saved; but Wallace died two days later from the effect of that night's debauch, with its terrible accompaniments. Maxwell himself (his left leg and arm frozen) came very near following Wallace.

In 1857 the Utah campaign began, and the Tenth U. S. Infantry (Col. E. B. Alexander) was ordered to Fort Leavenworth to report to Gen. Harney. About 4 July 1857, the expedition left Leavenworth for Utah, Gen.

S. C. Johnson (afterward a rebel in the Civil War) going in command. And right here comes in an item with a moral. Felt hats were to take the place of stiff hats, and woolen overshirts to replace dress coats. The 1st sergeants of companies collected money of the men and bought the new hats and overshirts at the sutler's. In one case the 1st sergeant did not return, but deserted, taking the money with him; and consequently his company (G) had to go into the campaign without those new goods. This same man was discovered by Lieut. Maxwell at Hilton Head, S. C., being at the time an officer in a New York regiment stationed there. Maxwell felt it to be his duty to report the facts, and did so. He felt that Sergt. Waid (or Wade) Co. G, Tenth U. S. Infantry, ought to make good to the U. S. the time he had stolen from it by desertion. He was obliged to remove his shoulder-straps (took them off himself as soon as arrested), and was finally ordered to duty with Hamilton's U. S. Battery, then at Hilton Head, for a period equal to the time due the government. So much for an incident which fastened the Utah expedition of 1857 to the Port Royal Expedition of 1861 with an unpleasant link.

Maxwell's tramp westward was about eight miles a day, six days in a week, until say 5 Nov. 1857, when the snow became too deep for further progress. This was on the Sweetwater, near the abandoned Fort Bridges. The teams did not arrive and the rations were cut to seven ounces of hard bread for five months. In the spring of 1858 the expedition again started, and for Salt Lake City, reaching it and going into camp beyond the Jordan: Camp Floyd, after the then Secretary of War. Here Maxwell (who had previously been promoted to Sergeant), was detailed as Provost Sergeant, and so served until his term expired. Maxwell says the salt was lost by (on) the wagon train, and the loss was a severe one. He paid \$2.50 for about a half a pound, to a cow-boy. The object of the expedition was to establish a Governor, who had been sent out by the President, and whom Brigham Young had declined to recognize.

Maxwell arrived home in 1860, and had worked at his trade about a year, when he enlisted as a private in Co. H, Third New Hampshire. He being one of the very few persons in the regiment who had a knowledge of military duties, he very naturally fell into the position of drill master.

While the regiment was at Washington (less than three weeks) Lieut. Maxwell was detailed to drill the officers of the Eighth and Ninth Maine, and was so absent from his own regiment nearly all the time of its stay at Washington. At Edisto he was a part of the time in command of Co. A (Capt. Clark on recruiting service, and Lieut. Libby absent on sick leave). When the regiment left Edisto for James Island, *via* Johns Island, Lieut. Maxwell commanded Co. A across the latter island (Capt. Clark being sick and left behind), and commanded Co. E (Capt. Plimpton, Acting Major, and Lieut. Ela promoted to Captain and to K) directly upon arriving at James Island, Lieut. Libby arriving and becoming Adjutant. Maxwell, with his company (E), was in the James Island fight (16 June 1862). The company preceded the regiment, as skirmishers, so that when the other nine companies reached the spot (see main story) where they could advance no further, Co. E fully covered the regimental front, and wasn't actually gotten together until the regiment began to fall back, each man firing his piece at will when he found himself as a skirmisher.

About 12 Sept., Lieut. Maxwell received a commission as Captain of Co. D, *vice* Dunbar, resigned, dating 17 June. Musters were not then required, the oath of office being administered by a field officer of the regiment.

A letter of 12 Nov. 1862 says: "Co. D has presented Capt. Maxwell with a field glass, sword, belt, etc." It is fair to infer from this that Co. D and its new Captain were in accord.

Capt. Maxwell went with his company to Pocotaligo (22 Oct.), and when the lumber expedition was started, in January, 1863, he went in command (see main story for particulars). The force was really a large detail from the Third New Hampshire. He had a leave of absence from Botany Bay Island in May 1863, returning in June.

When the regiment embarked in boats, on night of 8 July 1863, from Folly Island, Capt. Maxwell was with his company, though sick. On the

following night, however, he was too ill to accompany, and was therefore not in at the capture of lower end of Morris Island, his company being commanded by Lieut. Wadsworth. He immediately rejoined and was at his post; and in the famous night assault on Wagner he commanded his company and did well his part.

Capt. Maxwell's health was not very good during our stay on Morris Island, though he did more or less duty. When the regiment was in line, 7 Sept. 1863, to make a final assault on Wagner (but did not), Capt. Maxwell was unable to go with the men: On 25 Nov., he was relieved from serving further on a Board of Inspection (by Capt. Clark). On 15 Dec. we find him temporarily in command of A and C (Clark resigned from A).

At Jacksonville, Florida, Capt. Maxwell was assigned to the command of the four companies (A, D, H and K) which were sent to Palatka (see main story). Capt. Maxwell says of this, that he was piloted to Palatka by a guide furnished by Gen. Hatch. That at Palatka he, with his four companies, went on a reconnoissance next day after arrival, say 12 miles. When the place (Palatka) was evacuated, his force covered the retreat.

In Virginia, on 13 May 1864, Capt. Maxwell commanded the skirmish line (Co. D) and was considerably in advance of the regiment. Though relying on a negro guide furnished by Gen. R. S. Foster, Capt. Maxwell had many difficulties to contend with. We were seeking the enemy's rear. A substitute of his company persistently broke the line of skirmishers twice; but a stinging blow from Capt. Maxwell, who had become exasperated, brought him to his senses. This was in the woods; and none save those who have had the experience can appreciate the difficulty of keeping entire control of a skirmish line, in the woods, if any one or more of the men play false. Capt. Maxwell says he came to an open field; and as he approached it, came upon a small creek running parallel with the open field, and over which he had to take his company, singly, on a log. This they did noiselessly, and filed to the left at the extreme edge of the wood. The open field was rising ground, and at the top of this rise was the enemy and his works (facing the other way). The rebels were soon aware of the presence of an enemy, and the two skirmish lines exchanged shots. Co. D having the Spencer rifle (seven-shooters) had the advantage and used it, from behind a fence which bordered on the open field. The regiment having by this time come up, the skirmish line jumped the fence and, followed by the regiment, went by the most direct route toward the rebel works. After the fierce assault was over (and it did not last many minutes), Lieut.-Col. Plimpton ordered the regiment to re-form in the wood, in a road leading from the open field. This they did, to be ready for an expected assault; but it didn't come, the rebels having retreated. Co. D did not reassemble with the regiment, but remained on the field and gave attention to its wounded. Capt. Maxwell says the rebel wounded and dead and ours were "all mixed up." He further states that while he was taking care of the wounded (he not having heard Lieut.-Col. Plimpton's order to re-form) the Fourth New Hampshire appeared in sight, off to his right. Fearing they might fire, under a misapprehension of the facts, he waved what was once a white handkerchief, and successfully. Capt. Maxwell continued through those terrible days (13 to 16 May 1864) in command of Co. D, and it and he did good service.

He commanded the force (uncertain how many and of what companies) of the Third New Hampshire which retook the rifle-pits (picket line) that had been lost at early morning of 2 June by the Seventh Connecticut. The accounts differ as to the companies; but presumably there were four. Capt. Maxwell was Acting Major at the time; and Lieut.-Col. Plimpton went with the force as far as the point where the men were divided into two parts (not equally): one for the assault, the other for a reserve. Capt. Maxwell went forward with the advance, commanded through the successful assault, and did not leave the line till he had seen it made a continuous one. At first there was a gap of several hundred yards. Capt. Maxwell went off to the right and found the left of the Thirty-ninth Illinois. After comparing dates of commission with the Captain in command, and finding his own

was of an earlier date, he ordered the regiment to deploy to the left till it connected with the Third New Hampshire. Capt. Maxwell is deserving of much credit for this miniature battle. It was a brilliant dash, and in its results far exceeded in value and casualties many a more pretentious affair.

On 16 June, when the rebels had evacuated their works in our immediate front, our regiment was advanced to the front, following up the retiring rebels as we supposed, but really meeting another force advancing to re-occupy. Capt. Maxwell was on this occasion out with his skirmishers (Cos. D and E), and saw nine regimental flags, implying a large force, which came onward with an impetus his little force could not withstand. All fell back, fighting (see main story). The Captain was wounded that day, while we were contesting the ground in the woods, and was taken to Chesapeake Hospital, at Hampton, Va. From there he obtained leave of absence when able to travel and went home. He rejoined the regiment from this leave at Bermuda Hundred, at a time when the regiment was starting on a new campaign (13 Aug. 1864). He was unable to accompany, being obliged to use a cane, and went back to the Chesapeake Hospital, where he stayed about a month, thence being ordered to Camp Parole, Annapolis, Md., for light duty. He remained but a short time, when he was ordered to the U. S. Draft Rendezvous, Hart's Island, New York Harbor, and went on duty. This consisted chiefly in taking charge of and conducting detachments of recruits (mostly substitutes) to their regiments in the field, and continued till his discharge, by S. O. 24, W. D., 16 Jan. 1865, dating back to 14 Dec. 1864, for expiration of term of service. His whole service was about eight years and four months.

Capt. Maxwell has resided in Manchester, N. H., ever since the war. He attended the reunion of 1890 at the Weirs. Has for many years (1890) been one of the Overseers of the Poor, and dispenses the bounty of the city of Manchester with a wise discretion and rare judgment.

He was born at Pictou, N. S., 30 March 1830. The records show him discharged at Concord, N. H.; but that is erroneous.

After the war Maxwell was made Captain of the War Veterans, State Militia; a Lieutenant-Colonel of the State Militia; also Colonel of the First Regiment National Guard, holding the latter position for five years.

DUSTIN MARSHALL.

Marshall was one of the 1862 squad of volunteer recruits, and was assigned to Co. C. We find him promoted to Corporal 25 July 1863; returned to the ranks in May, 1864; to Sergeant (from private) 26 Aug.; to 1st Sergeant 28 Oct. On the very next day he had ample opportunity to show what he was made of. He was one of about a dozen selected (under Lieut. Donley) to go to a house between the lines, and from that point watch the enemy and make frequent reports. This was at the Charles City Cross Roads, where the Tenth Corps was engaged. Seven rebels were found occupying the building, presumably for the same purposes; but they decided (wisely) that a dozen was better than seven and vacated. Instead of going to their lines, however, they made a stand all by themselves, in a small rifle-pit midway between the house and the rebel lines. A First Massachusetts Cavalry man joined the squad of a dozen, his detachment being located in a patch of woods near our right front. He also had a "seven-day clock" (Spencer rifle). He and Marshall went out alone and did battle with the seven enemies, driving them from their pits and to their lines, some wounded in their flight. No sooner had Marshall and his daring comrade returned to the house, than the rebel fire was concentrated thereon and our boys had to vacate. The bravery of Marshall was noted at the time and he was marked for a commission.

At Fort Fisher, 15 Jan. 1865, Marshall was wounded in the arm, near the shoulder; but amputation was not then resorted to. He went North, presumably to hospital, and perhaps home, returning to regiment at Goldsborough. A commission was there for him as 1st Lieutenant (he never was 2d Lieutenant); and on this he was mustered at Wilmington 20 June 1865, as

of 22 May 1865, *vice* Parker, discharged. On the trip to Wilmington (for muster) he caught a severe cold in his arm, and it began to look dark for Marshall. Gangrene got into the wound, and his arm swelled to an alarming size. The surgeon finally yielded to his solicitations and amputated the arm at the shoulder, 1 July 1865. It was a question whether he would live, amputation or no amputation and it was considered that he hazarded nothing by amputation. Chloroform he would not have; and with teeth clenched and eyes open, he passed through the terrible ordeal.

Poor Marshall got along nicely at first; and he and his comrades felt encouraged to believe that he would really go home with the regiment. This he did, being mustered out 20 July 1865, with the rest of the boys. In the meantime "prond flesh" got into the unhealed stump, and Marshall withstood the burning of it out, saying to the Doctor, "Do not be afraid of hurting me; I want to go home."

He was born at Manchester, N. H. Died at Worcester, Mass., 11 May 1879, leaving a widow — Elizabeth.

GEORGE H. MINER.

Miner was the original Commissary Sergeant, and served as such for three years, being the only non-commissioned staff service uninterrupted by change of some kind. Miner was well qualified for the position. He was the man to be met at drawing of rations, and almost uniformly gave satisfaction.

When the original men of the regiment, whose terms had expired, were mustered out at Bermuda Hundred, Va., 23 August, Miner should have been mustered out with them, being present; but for some very obscure reason he was not so mustered out. He was sick — very sick — in the regimental hospital, then near Gen. Terry's Headquarters. Whether his inability to travel was the actual reason is not apparent. He did not get mustered out till 6 Oct. 1864.

Since the war he at one time was at Chicago, of the firm of Miner Smith & Moriarty, commission merchants (produce), and was an officer of the Chicago Board of Trade. Later he came East, and was in Boston and New York.

Miner was born in Littleton, N. H., in 1838, and was enlisted at Concord N. H., 19 Aug. 1861, by Jas. F. Randlett, afterward Captain Co. F. He died 21 Oct. 1889, at Oconto, Wis.

ARTHUR S. NESMITH.

He was our original Quartermaster, and an efficient one. He had a leave of absence in February, 1862, returning therefrom 4 March (Emmons, too). He was favored again with a leave (20 days), and started North about 6 Sept. His health was impaired; and being unable to return at end of the 20 days, he obtained the usual physician's certificate to prolong his stay, finally reaching the regiment again 24 Nov.

He remained with the regiment till latter part of December, when an order was received from the War Department discharging him. This order was S. O. 369, 29 Nov. 1862, to date 15 Nov. He left us 27 Dec., going North on the Steamer *Star of the South*.

He was appointed Captain and A. Q. M. of Volunteers, 22 July 1863, and was assigned to duty on the Staff of Maj.-Gen. Heintzelman, Washington, D. C., as Inspector of all Quartermaster matters in all the forts (30) embraced in the defenses of Washington. He was mustered out 6 July 1865, as Captain and A. Q. M. Volunteers, by S. O. 353, W. D.

He was in the Quartermaster's Department of the First New Hampshire, which three months' experience qualified him for the advanced position in the Third New Hampshire Volunteers.

He died in Franklin, N. H., 18 Aug. 1877. His widow resides at Georgetown, D. C.

JAMES W. PLAISTED.

Plaisted was an original private of Co. D. He was made Corporal 1 Oct. 1862, and re-enlisted as such in January, 1864, with the usual furlough. During the latter month, he was made Sergeant. A few days after the Drewry's Bluff fights he was again advanced, to 1st Sergeant.

Appearances indicate that he acted as 2d Lieutenant during the North Carolina campaign, January and February, 1865. He was mustered as 1st Lieutenant (and to D) 24 April, as of 2 March, *vice* McCoy, promoted, for the unexpired term of the regiment. The commission (he never was 2d Lieutenant) was dated 4 Jan. 1865.

On 2 May he was in command of Co. A, and so continued for some time.

He was on Co. D's rolls at the ends of May and June, 1865, and his final muster-out (20 July) was as 1st Lieutenant of Co. D, receiving a Captain's commission too late for muster.

While the re-enlisted men were temporarily near Washington, on their return trip, Plaisted was detailed for clerical duty in the office of Gen. Casey, for say ten days. He had a furlough (May, 1863) while the eight companies were on Botany Bay Island, S. C.

Since the war he has resided the greater part of the time at Epping, N. H., where he was in 1890.

THOMAS PRICE.

He was one of our first squad of substitute recruits, arriving at the regiment, on Morris Island, about the middle of November, 1863.

It does not appear that he ever held the position of Corporal. The records of Co. F show him to have participated in the Drewry's Bluff battles, also that of 16 June 1864. In the absence of records to the contrary, it must be assumed that he participated in all the actions of the regiment from the time he joined to muster-out, 20 July 1865.

That he was a good soldier is proven by the fact that he was promoted to Sergeant 1 Jan. 1865, to 1st Sergeant 1 May 1865, and was further promoted to 1st Lieutenant at the very end of the war, too late for muster.

His whereabouts since the war is unknown.

JOHN M. PARKER.

Parker was the original 5th Sergeant of Co. I (Capt. Carlton). We find him advanced to 1st Sergeant, 15 Oct. 1862, when Hawkins was commissioned. When the regiment was divided (April, May and June, 1863, Cos. E and I temporarily at Hilton Head, and the other eight companies on Botany Bay Island), Parker was acting as 2d Lieutenant in Co. I. Very soon thereafter, the two companies went to Bay Point. He served creditably in the Morris Island siege; for we find that he had a furlough in October, 1863, for good conduct during the siege. From this furlough he returned on the *Arago*, 24 Oct., and with straps on, showing a promotion during his absence. On this (2d Lieutenant) he was mustered 24 Nov., as of 18 Nov., *vice* Wadlia, promoted, the commission being dated 7 Oct. He was assigned to Co. C, remaining therewith till 23 Jan. 1864 (*i.e.*, on the rolls). Apparently, however, he was with Co. I, as he inspected the company 20 Nov., was with it 6 Dec., and was in command of it 1 Jan. 1864.

When Col. Jackson rejoined, in January, he brought several commissions, among them one for Parker as 1st Lieutenant; and he was mustered on it 20 Jan., as of the same date, *vice* Houghton, promoted, the commission being dated 6 Jan. During a part of January and February, 1864, he acted as Adjutant. When the re-enlisted men went on furlough (Adj. Copp accompanying), Parker was appointed Acting Adjutant, and so remained during the Florida campaign, and until regiment was rennited at Gloucester Point, Va., latter part of April. At Drewry's Bluff he commanded Co. G; but Adj. Copp being wounded, Parker was again made Acting Adjutant.

---[The returns show him sick in regimental hospital at end of July; and 13 Aug. he went to Fort Monroe, to General Hospital, sick with remittent fever, returning 20 Sept. We find that during parts of September and October he was Acting Quartermaster. On 26 Sept., he served on a Board of Survey on Co. E's property (with Capt. Stearns and Lieut. Ackerman). He was discharged 31 Oct. 1864, for expiration of original term.

Since the war, Parker has resided in Fitzwilliam, N. H., and for a considerable part of the time has been in business, keeping a general store.

He was born at Kingston, N. H., 17 Sept. 1836.

He participated in the following actions: Bluffton, Pocotaligo, James Island (10 and 18 July 1863), Morris Island siege, the Drewry's Bluff fights (13 to 16 May 1864), 16 June 1864 (which was apparently his last engagement).

LEONARD F. PLACE.

He was the original 2d Sergeant of Co. I (Capt. Carlton). The first data at hand is of 15 Sept. 1862, when he was ordered North on recruiting service with Lieut. Handerson and others (a relief party). The order detailing him calls him Sergeant; but there is a confusion of dates in his case, as the date of his commission is given as 4 July, and the return says, "23 Aug. 1862, to 2d Lieutenant Co. I." Yet we find him in New Hampshire in September, October, November and December as Sergeant. On 24 Dec., he (with Lieut. Cornelius, relieved) started for the regiment, having been commissioned, and actually arrived 9 Jan. 1863, on the *Star of the South*. In May, at Botany Bay Island, we find him serving with Co. B. On 13 June, he was mustered as 1st Lieutenant (no muster required when he received 2d Lieutenant's commission), *vice* Fogg, resigned, the commission being dated 15 April, and his muster as of 26 May 1863.

His health was not of the best; and we find him reported sick on 8 July 1863, but went with the regiment, in boats, on that night. Was with the regiment at the taking of Morris Island, 10 July, and next morning, when the regiment was supporting a charge on Wagner. This was his last military duty.

He resigned his commission, and was discharged for disability by S. O. 415, D. S., 22 July 1863.

Lieut. Place (at Oakland, Cal., in 1892) says his 2d Lieutenant's commission is dated 4 July 1862.

Apparently, Lieut. (then Sergeant) Place was acting as 2d Lieutenant when he went North, in September, 1862. In fact, the New York papers announced the arrival of Lieut. Handerson and Lieut. Place, Third New Hampshire.

He was born at Rochester, N. H., in 1819.

JESSE C. PUSHEE.

He was one of our September, 1862, group of volunteer recruits, and was assigned to Co. F. He was made Corporal in June, 1863. When the regiment arrived at Bermuda Hundred, Va., he was taken sick and was sent back to Fort Monroe. On 26 Aug. 1864 (old '61 men just gone home) he was made Sergeant; 1 Oct., 1st Sergeant. Soon after the taking of Fort Fisher, he was commissioned as 1st Lieutenant (he never was 2d Lieutenant), and was mustered into the new grade 29 April 1865, as of 3 March 1865, *vice* Hitchcock, dismissed. The commission was dated 4 Jan. 1865, and the muster was for the unexpired term of the regiment. The writer is of the opinion that Pushee acted as 2d Lieutenant at Fort Fisher and through Wilmington, up to muster as 1st Lieutenant, as he finds data in support of the theory. After he was mustered, he went to Co. I (30 April 1865), and continued in that company to the muster-out of the regiment. At Goldsborough, N. C., in June, 1865, he had charge of the Provost Guard.

Pushee died at his home in Nashua, N. H., 24 Oct. 1874.

JOSIAH I. PLIMPTON.

He was born in West Cambridge, Mass., 27 Dec. 1826, and was therefore 35 years of age at entry into service—far above the average age of regiment. He was largely instrumental in the enlistment and formation of his company (E), the largest group coming from Milford, his residence. At the organization of the regiment, he was made Captain. Though Capt. Clark of A was actually the senior Captain, he gracefully surrendered the position to Capt. Plimpton, by request of the Governor, chiefly on the basis that Capt. Plimpton was his elder, and because the Governor requested it. A surrender of this kind is almost always regretted, and this case was not an exception, though this is no reflection upon either party.

In February, 1862, Capt. Plimpton was detailed at Hilton Head to build a saw-mill, and had several men assigned to him as carpenters for that purpose. The spot chosen was near Drayton's Plantation, not far from camp and close to the river (Broad). This service continued several weeks. There were several men from the Third New Hampshire detailed to work at this saw-mill.

At the battle of James Island (16 June 1862), he acted as Major, and was favorably mentioned in Col. Jackson's report of the battle. His commission as Major, dated 27 June 1862, was received 30 Aug. 1862. He turned over the company (E) to 2d Lieut. Flanders. This company, in October, 1862, presented him with a beautiful and costly sword, sash and belt. He served with distinction at Pocotaligo in October, 1862. Of this event, and of him, a letter of 18 Nov. 1862 says: "He is especially deserving of great merit. He was behind me [a Co. H man] in the late battle, in a position of great danger, but was as cool and firm as a man could be. He is an excellent officer and a popular man."—*Vox Populi*, Lowell, Mass., 12 Dec. 1862.

In February, 1863, we find him detailed on a Board to examine officers as to fitness, etc. (see G. O. 12, D. S.) In the latter part of February, 1863, he being ill, a leave of absence was granted him, and he went North on the *Arago*, the 25th, accompanied by his wife, who had been at Hilton Head since about 15 Feb. On his return, 14 May 1863, he assumed command of Cos. E and I, at Bay Point.

On the reuniting of the whole regiment on St. Helena (E and I the last to arrive), he was appointed Acting Assistant Inspector-General of the forces there, to assist in getting the troops into shape for the new move. This severed his immediate connection with the regiment, to which he did not return till February, 1864.

On Morris Island, he was made Assistant Inspector-General on Gen. Seymour's Staff, and was in that position at the assault on Wagner, 18 July 1863. An incident of the assault is thus related: Capt. J. J. Comstock, Co. M, Third Rhode Island Artillery, commanded Battery Weed (armament, mortars) that day and night. He is responsible for the story. He says: After the assault was over, Maj. Plimpton came riding from the front at a terrific pace, and informed him that the troops had been driven from the fort (Wagner) and to open fire at once. Maj. Plimpton, being a staff officer, must be obeyed. Capt. Comstock says he himself stood at the moment with lanyard in hand, and "at once" meant *instantly*. There was a report, a horse leaped into the air, Maj. Plimpton on his back. The revolutions in mid-air Capt. Comstock was unable to count; but he says, finally, that Maj. Plimpton came down "on top," as was his custom.

On Gen. Terry's assuming command of the Northern District, Maj. Plimpton was announced on his (Terry's) Staff as Acting Assistant Inspector-General (25 Jan. 1864). It should be understood that the Colonel was on detached service at Concord, N. H., the Lieutenant-Colonel a prisoner of war, and the regiment in command of a captain. On the resignation of the Colonel, say 17 Feb. 1864, Maj. Plimpton was relieved and took command of the regiment, and therefore went with it when it left Morris and other islands to concentrate at Hilton Head and be mounted (say 29 Feb. 1864).

The regiment was now at Hilton Head. The re-enlisted men had gone home, and Maj. Plimpton had on his hands the mounting of the men and the thousand and one new questions to meet in the new condition of things. He was appointed Ordnance Officer; for he it known that *saddles* are *ordnance*, though the horse is *quartermaster stores*; and notwithstanding we had a Quartermaster, he could n't draw a saddle or bridle, revolver, nose-bag or sponge. The grouping together of guns, saddles and sponges as *ordnance* may strike the reader as ludicrous; but facts are facts, funny though they be or inconsistent.

Maj. Plimpton took the regiment to Florida; and it was he who ordered the drum-head court-martial which sentenced Miller of F to be shot, at Jacksonville, for desertion. He also took the regiment to Virginia, where, upon arrival (and rejoining of the re-enlisted men), he received a Lieutenant-Colonel's commission, being mustered into the new grade 29 April 1864, the valuable document bearing date 6 April. By this it will be seen he entered the Virginia campaign as Lieutenant-Colonel and was in command of the regiment. He so remained till his untimely taking off, 16 Aug. 1864.

His death (which was instantaneous) occurred during a heated action, about the middle of the day, and within a minute after he had tied a handkerchief around the wounded arm of the writer. As to his body, the Adjutant-General's Report (N. H.), Vol. II., of 1865, page 793, says: "The body fell into the hands of the enemy, but was returned next day, under flag of truce. It was subsequently taken to Jones' Landing, and there buried on the northern bank of the James River. In the following December the regiment had the remains disinterred [by Lieut.-Col. Randlett. — D.E.] and sent home to a bereaved wife and children."

Other data in the writer's hands says Plimpton's body was brought in under a flag of truce the next day, after the battle (nearly dark). The rebel party was one officer and four men. Our party consisted of the Chaplain and others (not recorded). The body was nearly naked. One of our men (a bearer) was J. W. Burley of Co. D. The body was taken by our party about a mile, where a halt was made, and a rude coffin was hastily constructed of boards taken from a negro shanty; and he was buried without special ceremony. The Chaplain's diary says: "I went with Plimpton's body to Bermuda Hundred,—started 10 P.M.—and buried the same." Later, the body was taken up by Lieut.-Col. Randlett.

The Hon. Leonard Chase, of the Governor's Council, went to Virginia (with others; see main story, 25 Dec. 1864), and accompanied Lieut.-Col. Randlett and the body to Milford, N. H., where a Masonic funeral was held by Benevolent Lodge, No. 7, to which he belonged. Services were held in the Congregational Church, and the burial was at the town cemetery.

His widow remarried (E. W. P. Guye), and is now (1891) a resident of Seattle, Wash.

JAMES QUINLAN.

He was an original private in Co. C and re-enlisted in that grade, going home on furlough. From some cause not apparent, he did not return when he ought, and cruel Army Regulations decreed that he be reported as a deserter, and dropped from the rolls. Quinlan suffered all this without pain, however; for he knew nothing of it. He returned after awhile; and there is no doubt he explained things, as he was restored to duty without trial, and no fuss was made about it.

Not long thereafter he was advanced to the dignified position of Sergeant, 3 Dec. 1864. On 3 May 1865, by R. O. 23, he was ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant in his own company, pending arrival of commission. This came to hand in due time, and he was mustered 20 May 1865, as of 26 April, the commission being dated 6 April, *vice* Mellish, promoted. His muster was for the unexpired term of the regiment. He was assigned to Co. F, but at end of June, 1865, he was commanding Co. C.

JAMES F. RANDLETT.

Randlett was born in New Market, N. H., 8 Dec. 1832. He was interested in the Third New Hampshire to the extent of ninety recruits, which, with a few others, formed Co. F. Randlett was made Captain; Chas. S. Burnham, 1st Lieutenant; Henry A. Marsh, 2d Lieutenant. He drilled these ninety men prior to taking them to Concord, and they were among the early arrivals.

Capt. Randlett was of a religious turn of mind, readily fraternized with the Chaplain and other officers of like tendencies, and allied himself with any movement looking to the moral and spiritual elevation of the regiment.

The first special service we find credited to him was that of taking his company to Pinckney Island, 4 Dec. 1861, for forage—really a little outing. This might have been made permanent, or at least of longer duration, had our erring brothers over “on de main” been aware of the little picnic. Pinckney Island was generally considered neutral ground, though it had numerous advantages, such as melons and figs, pigs and yearlings, etc., lying around loose.

In January, 1862, our little church was completed; and when the Sabbath School was organized, Capt. Randlett took one of the four classes, becoming its leader. At Edisto, in May, he was sick for several days, but did not leave the company. He so far recovered as to be able to go with the regiment to James Island 2 June, and participate in the battle of 16 June. After this he again succumbed, and was reported sick, though present. Again, in September, 1862, we find him sick during the latter part of the month (30 Sept. Sergt. Button commanded the company at inspection). He was at Pocotaligo 22 Oct. with his company and regiment. He was detailed on general court-martial 16 Dec., at Hilton Head. He did not serve long, however, being relieved by Capt. Clark, to enable him to go North on sick leave. He departed 27 Dec., on the *Star of the South*. His return from sick leave was 5 Feb. 1863, on the *Arago* (our new Assistant Surgeon, Burnham, and the exchanged men of Co. H, on same steamer). Capt. Randlett went with his own company and Co. A up May River, 15 March, on reconnoissance. His wife arrived at Hilton Head about 15 Feb., with the wives of several other officers; but in spite of the most careful nursing, Capt. Randlett did not improve; and when the regiment was ordered to embark (about 3 April), Capt. Randlett had to be left behind, sick. He rejoined his company at Botany Bay Island, 30 April, coming up on the *Delaware* from Hilton Head.

About 1 July, at St. Helena Island, he was detailed on a general court-martial (to meet 3d); but as the regiment and all the troops left the 4th, it is hardly supposable that the general court-martial ever did more than organize and prepare for cases.

He participated in the capture of Morris Island and in the charge on Wagner. Col. Jackson having been wounded, Lieut.-Col. Bedel taken prisoner, and Maj. Plimpton on detached service (Seymour's Staff), matters were a little mixed as to command. Capt. Clark was next in rank, then Randlett. Col. Jackson, though severely bruised, was able to be about. The movement at once began to send details home for conscripts, those slightly wounded or sick to be given the preference. Under this Col. Jackson, Capt. Clark and others (see main story) were detailed, and left on the 22d for New Hampshire.

This left the regiment in command of Capt. Randlett, from that day onward during the entire siege. He served with great credit, the regiment meanwhile gaining an enviable reputation for its services. On the morning of 7 Sept., he stood at the head of the forlorn hope, ready to do or die; for the Third New Hampshire was given the post of honor (*i.e.*, on the right), with the right to die first in the expected struggle.

The siege being over, so far as Morris Island was concerned, Capt. Randlett was made Provost Marshal of the island, and took with him the entire regiment for that special duty. The regiment, however, did not so remain all of the time that Randlett was Provost Marshal, varying in num-

ber of companies and in the letters as well. Presumably, his Provost Marshalship ended with the calendar year; for on 30 and 31 Dec. 1863, Capt. Ela was Acting Provost Marshal.

The return of Col. Jackson in January, 1864, relieved Capt. Randlett of the command. He went home with the re-enlisted men in March, on leave, though on an order. He had charge of the detachment, which he re-assembled at Nashua at the proper time, and with commendable promptitude started with them to return, rejoining the regiment at Gloucester Point, Va., whither it had come from South Carolina, 28 April 1864. He got mustered as Major the next day, *vice* Plimpton, promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* Bedel to Colonel, *vice* Jackson, resigned.

On the first day's real fighting (13 May 1864) at Drewry's Bluff, he was wounded and was taken (with Adj. Copp, also wounded) in an ambulance by a colored driver, and—whether by mistake or otherwise will never be known—was driven directly toward the source from which the missile came. A squad of cavalry, happily met, induced the driver to retrace his steps; and the two officers breathed more freely, though the driver was apparently unconcerned as to which direction he steered his bark. Maj. Randlett was sent to Chesapeake Hospital, near Fort Monroe. Later, he received a 30 days' leave and returned to the regiment 23 June 1864, at Bermuda Hundred (Copp with him from 13 May).

He was within a few days thereafter, and before the end of June, appointed Provost Marshal of the Tenth Army Corps, by S. O. 60. He continued on this special duty till after the terrible fight of 16 Aug. 1864. He was relieved by G. O. 27 (24 Aug.), Tenth Army Corps. The order itself shows that he requested to be sent to the regiment when he found it had lost so heavily in officers, and that Lieut.-Col. Plimpton had been killed. In the future operations of the regiment, in Virginia, the Major commanded, the Laurel Hill affair being the last, except Wilmington, 22 Feb. 1865. He was mustered as Lieutenant-Colonel 30 Oct. 1864, *vice* Plimpton, killed. On 22 Dec. 1864, he took up the body of Lieut.-Col. Plimpton, and had it suitably prepared for removal North, by having it placed in a metallic casket, which the writer understands was paid for by voluntary subscriptions among the officers of the regiment. Having obtained a leave of absence, Lieut.-Col. Randlett started North on Christmas night, 25 Dec. 1864, with the body, turning over the command to Capt. Trickey.

He rejoined the detachment at Laurel Hill, 21 Jan. 1865, the regiment having gone to Fort Fisher, and with them rejoined the regiment 17 Feb., near Fort Fisher, relieving Capt. Trickey (not yet mustered as Major).

On 2 March 1865, he was appointed Provost Marshal of Wilmington, N. C., by G. O. 1, District of Wilmington, and took with him about one-half the regiment, as guards for the various posts to be established. The duties here were arduous and trying. A volume could be written about what a provost marshal had to do, how he did it, who helped him, what hindrances he met with, and so on.

He was ably assisted by Capt. Edgerly (see Edgerly's Personal). The oath of allegiance had to be administered. One may well inquire whether the people were coerced, or whether it was taken with one's own free-will and accord. It is something like vaccination—"We 'nns hafter takum, boss." The oath of allegiance meant food to the hungry, clothing to the naked, quinine and Dover's powders to the sick, a shelter tent to the houseless one, and so on. Did these refugees, these poor whites, these stragglers, these poor "cullud pussons," these "out and ontens," who were certainly out of many things: did they hanker for an oath of allegiance? Oh, yes! with all that that implied. Certainly; and Provost Marshal Randlett and Asst. Provost Marshal Edgerly, with their corps of assistants, were on hand with copious doses of this same oath of allegiance, and ink and pen, and all that, and "hole up yer ri' tand!" etc.

This duty lasted with more or less severity, gradually growing lesser and lesser in magnitude as time rolled on and the rebellion began to gasp for breath, until the latter part of June, 1865, when Lieut.-Col. Randlett returned, by S. O. 80, D. Hdqrs., dated 29 June, the regiment being then at Goldsborough, N. C.

The tale is substantially ended, as he was with the regiment at its final muster-out, 20 July 1865, at Goldsborough, N. C., and accompanied it to Concord (Col. Bedel in command), where the final parting was had.

But we have not yet got through with this case. The Major had a desire for the old camp-ground; and we find him in some trading enterprise, at Charleston, S. C., in 1866, but are unable to connect him with the next link of history. He was commissioned as Captain, Thirty-ninth U. S. Infantry (one of the colored regiments, under the reorganization of the army), 6 June 1867, and accepted 20 July 1867. He was not quite ready to join, and had 5 and 25 days granted, and then to 15 Oct. He was unassigned 20 April 1869, and on 15 Dec. 1870 was transferred to the Eighth U. S. Cavalry.

In January, 1871, he stood 71 in list of captains and 120 in list. He was Captain of Co. D. In 1872 he stood 68 on list; 1882, 21; 1883, 17; 1884, 11; 1885, 8; 1886, 5.

In 1886 he was transferred (5 July) to Ninth Cavalry. Strangely enough (there are two majors), he is the 2d Major and Guy V. Henry is the 1st Major. "The whirligig of time," etc. Probably these two officers had never met since they met at Hilton Head, Henry being then a Regular Army officer with a volunteer appointment (Colonel Fortieth Massachusetts).

Randlett, Cornelius, Cody and Hynes were the only officers of the Third New Hampshire who went into the Regular Army afterward. Cornelius and Hynes are dead, Cody is out, and Randlett is the only one remaining in the Regular Army; and the time is near at hand for his retirement.

In July, 1889, Maj. Randlett attended the reunion at Weirs, being on leave from Ninth U. S. Cavalry, the battalion to which he belonged being then stationed at Fort Duchesne, Utah.

SAMUEL ROBINSON.

Robinson was an original private in Co. I (Capt. Carlton). We find him promoted to Corporal 15 March 1862, and to Sergeant 15 Oct.; and in this last grade he re-enlisted, receiving the usual furlough. Previous to this, however (March, 1864), for good conduct during the siege of Wagner, he was favored with a furlough (October, 1863).

He received his death wound on 13 May 1864, at Drewry's Bluff, Va., and died of his wounds at Point Lookout Hospital, 2 June. Previous to this he was the recipient of a 2d Lieutenant's commission, but was unable to be mustered. Whether, in the extreme liberality of the pension office, coupled with the possible efforts of his heirs, the records will be amended so as to make him a 2d lieutenant instead of a sergeant at death, is an unsolved problem so far as the writer is concerned. It would be an act of justice were it done; for Robinson was a good and faithful soldier, and fought the battles of his country even unto death.

WALTER J. RICHARDS.

Richards was an original private of Co. II. He was promoted to Corporal 23 July 1863, and to Sergeant 1 Sept.; and in this last grade he re-enlisted. Later, in March, 1864, he was made 1st Sergeant, *vice* Davis, commissioned; and when the tumult was all over, a commission was issued to him as 1st Lieutenant, but too late for muster.

His whereabouts since the war is unknown.

SAMUEL M. SMITH.

Smith was born at Hinsdale, N. H., 12 Nov. 1834. He was made the original 2d Lieutenant of Co. I, with Capt. Carlton and 1st Lieut. Thompson. Smith was eccentric, but not of that order that shirks from duty or pales if an enemy is near.

As Lieut. Thompson was always on special duty, the company duties devolved entirely upon Capt. Carlton and Lieut. Smith; and 2d lieutenants were shifted about from one company to another with ease and rapidity.

Smith was not exempt from this. We find him very available in this line. In January, 1862, he was with E; during the latter part of the same month with I; about the middle of February was ordered back to E; and during May, at Edisto, he was ordered to A.

At the battle of James Island, 16 June, he did his duty. In August, he commanded Co. E; 1 Sept., was transferred to A; 12 Sept., to 1st Lieutenant and to K, continuing there till 8 Oct.

Smith covered himself with glory at Pocotaligo, 22 Oct. 1862. He was detached for a special purpose, with a squad of men, to capture certain rebel pickets, who might cause our forces trouble. How well he did it will be seen in his official report (page 225).

When he was receiving verbal instructions as to this little matter, he said, in his peculiarly quaint and slow way: "General, do you wish me to go in and *slash* and *cut* and *kill* and *destroy*? Is that the idea?" Upon being assured that he would best please the General by taking the game alive and without mutilation, he cheerfully acquiesced, merely touching his cap, saying, "All right, General, just as you say," and took his departure. A very successful trip he made, too.

In January, 1863, he went on the lumber expedition to Florida. On 6 March (at Pinckney Island), he took K from Capt. Butterfield, discharged for disability. He was relieved of the command (only) of K 31 March, by Capt. Handerson (mustered in as Captain on that day). On 12 May (Edisto), he left K and went to B, relieving Lieut. Fogg (resigned). He continued in command of B to about the middle of June (St. Helena Island), when he was transferred to K (12th) and was discharged next day, having resigned his commission. His discharge was 13 June 1863, S. O. 337, D. S., and he left on the *Arago* next day, for New York and home.

This abrupt resignation was on account of the promotion of a lieutenant—his junior—to captain. Smith's blood was up, and he sent in two resignations before he succeeded in obtaining a discharge. Gen. Gillmore had just taken command of the Department, and didn't like to grant discharges on the eve of active operations; but he was finally persuaded to issue the order of discharge, at the solicitation of Col. Jackson, who was only theoretically responsible for the cause of Smith's resignation. Col. Jackson would not, of course, urge the acceptance of the resignation of so brave an officer, save that he was satisfied the man's usefulness had departed, having made up his mind to go home.

The records show that Smith re-entered the service the following Spring, as Captain, Thirty-second U. S. Colored Troops, his commission being dated 18 March 1864. The regiment was organized at Camp Wm. Penn, Penn., February and March, 1864, for a term of three years. This regiment was in action at Honey Hill (November, 1864) and at Devaux Neck, S. C. (December, 1864), and was mustered out 22 Aug. 1865.

Previous to service in the Thirty-second U. S. Colored Troops, Smith enlisted as a private (recruit) in the Fourth New Hampshire Volunteers. Mustered in 18 Dec. 1863, assigned to Co. G, and was discharged therefrom 29 Feb. 1864, by order, presumably to accept the appointment in the Thirty-second U. S. Colored Troops.

Smith practiced law, very successfully, in St. Louis, Mo., for several years. He died there, 5 Feb. 1884, leaving a widow and two daughters (at Keene, N. H., in 1890).

WILLIAM A. SWALLOW.

Swallow was a volunteer recruit of September, 1862, and was assigned on his arrival to F. While his company (and others) were on Provost duty, on Morris Island, in February, 1864, he held the responsible position of "Assistant Jailer."

He was made Corporal 17 June 1864; in April, 1865, Quartermaster-Sergeant, *vice* George R. James, promoted. His career in the new position was short; for he was among the number ordered to be mustered out in June, 1865, because their terms would expire prior to 1 Sept. 1865. He was succeeded by John Clark, also of F.

At Nashua, N. H., since the war.

THOMAS SMITH.

Smith was a substitute recruit of 1863. He arrived at regiment in November, 1863, with the first group of his class, and was assigned to Co. H. He was made Corporal, 31 Dec. 1864; Sergeant-Major, 1 May 1865, *viz* Holt, promoted to 1st Lieutenant. He was the last of seven sergeant-majors, and was mustered out 29 July 1865. He apparently served as nurse in Depot Hospital, Point of Rocks, in August and September, 1864.

His whereabouts since the war is unknown.

ALBERT D. SCOVELL.

Scovell was an original Co. I man. We find him mustered in the company as the 4th Corporal, from which position he resigned about 1 July 1862. He was put into the regimental hospital, in June, 1862, as a nurse, and retained his connection therewith till the end of the regiment's service. In November, 1863, however, he temporarily changed his position from nurse to clerk. His services at the James Island fight and upon Morris Island were valuable, and many a poor fellow well remembers him. In Virginia, too, he was on hand. When the original men were mustered out (23 Aug. 1864), Scovell was made Hospital Steward, *viz* Kittredge (term expired), and he held this position to the end.

About 1 March 1865, at Wilmington, he was detached from the regiment for special service, and assigned to the Marine Hospital (Dr. Kimball there, too) as Chief Steward. This did not deprive the regiment of his services, as it was near by. Here he did yeoman service, for which no recompense could be made.

About 10 June 1865 (regiment already gone to Goldsborough) he obtained a furlough of 30 days, and went home, rejoining the regiment at Goldsborough, about 15 July 1865. His place in the regiment while absent was at least a part of the time filled by Private George Bueltner, of Co. F.

Scovell was born in Walpole, N. H., 23 March 1840. He was in the New Hampshire Legislature of 1887, and was therefore in that memorable action known as "The B. & M. R.R. fight." He has resided since the war at Manchester, N. H.

DARIUS K. SCRUTON.

Scruton started as original 1st Sergeant of Co. K (Capt. Littlefield); and no mistake was made in the selection. He was methodical, stern (but not severe), meant what he said; and the boys really got so they liked him, though at first he appeared too exacting. He possessed a schoolmaster-like air that made him noticeable; and it was said that he was a genuine Yankee schoolmaster, and left that delightful occupation to engage in war. His promotion to 2d Lieutenant was early and deserved.

When Lieut. Miles, his immediate superior, resigned (in February, 1862), Scruton was almost at once ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant; and on 10 May, at Edisto Island, his commission arrived (no muster then required). Scruton's career as an officer was short. In the James Island fight (16 June 1862) he was severely wounded in the arm, and was very soon thereafter (21 June) granted a 60 days' leave of absence, from 23d (Hunter's S. O. 124). The order directed him to report at its expiration to Department Headquarters.

The circumstances of his going into the action at James Island may be seen by consulting the Personal Sketch of Capt. W. J. Butterfield. Lieut. Scruton failed rapidly, and the writer is credibly informed that at a point where amputation had been decided upon as a last resort, Scruton boldly declared he'd rather die than lose his arm. He begged so hard for it to be spared, that the physician yielded, and Scruton, as a result, yielded up his life. He passed away at his home, in Rollinsford, N. H., 8 Aug. 1862. He died the death of a soldier, leaving a widow, two sons and three daughters to mourn his loss.

Lieut. Scruton was born in Barnstead, N. H., 30 July 1827. He enlisted, prior to Third New Hampshire, in the three months' troops, but was apparently never mustered in; and was discharged therefrom by Gov. Berry, 30 Aug. 1861, as of 13 May. His funeral was in charge of the Masonic fraternity, from the church at Rollinsford.

GEORGE STEARNS.

Stearns was the original 1st Sergeant of Co. F (Capt. Randlett). He was short and slightly built, but so active an Orderly Sergeant as to early attract attention.

On 19 Feb. 1862 his comrades presented him with a beautiful and costly gold watch, the presentation being made with suitable ceremony. 30 Aug., he was ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant (really as Officer of the Guard), having been recommended for a commission. 20 Sept., we find he went to the hospital, sick, returning the 27th to his company, but not yet fit for duty. 6 Oct., we find he went on duty. Ten days later (16th) he received a commission as 2d Lieutenant, dated 9 Aug.

The changes occurring in January, 1863, gave him another promotion, to 1st Lieutenant, though the commission itself did not arrive till April; and he was mustered 17 April as of same date, *vice* Marsh, resigned, the commission being dated 1 Jan.

On 28 June (St. Helena Island) he was sent to Co. C, from Co. F. There is no data at hand showing Stearns to be otherwise than on duty during the entire siege of Wagner. At the end of September, however (the siege ended 7 Sept.), we find him "sick in quarters." This, apparently, was the cause of a short leave of absence to St. Augustine, Fla., which occurred in November and December.

In January, 1864, he was promoted to Captain, the commission bearing date 3 Jan., *vice* Handerson, resigned; and consequently he found himself Captain of Co. K, and went to Broad Island, where the company (and A and C) was cutting wood, relieving Lieut. Wadlia, temporarily assigned, and who at once left the company, returning to Morris Island and leaving Stearns the sole officer with the company. His muster as Captain was 20 Jan., as of same date. Stearns remained alone with the company till 2d Lieut. Eldredge joined, early in February. When the regiment reunited at Hilton Head, to be mounted, Capt. Stearns was one of the officers selected to go home with the re-enlisted men. From this pleasant service (!)—equivalent to a leave—he rejoined with the others at Gloucester Point, Va., latter part of April, and at once relieved Lieut. Lamprey of the command of Co. K (2d Lieut. Eldredge had the property). He participated in the Virginia campaign, in all the actions in which the regiment was engaged.

At the end of August, 1864, he is reported as "sick in quarters." 23 Sept. 1864, he served (with Lieuts. Dodge and McCoy) on a Board of Survey on Co. A's property; and three days later (26th), on same kind of duty on Co. E's property (with Lieuts. Parker and Ackerman). At the end of September he is again reported as "sick in quarters." In November, he was discharged, for expiration of original term, by S. O. 322, D. Hdqrs., 31 Oct. 1864.

After the war he was in Boston, Mass., the greater part of the time till his death, which occurred in that city. At one time, when Gen. J. G. Foster, U. S. A. (his uncle) was on duty in Boston, Stearns was a clerk under him.

He was born in New York City, 1841; died in Boston, 11 Jan. 1881. He left a widow.

MOODY A. SAWYER.

Sawyer was our first Hospital Steward, was qualified for the position, and did his duty. He was born in Concord, Vt., 30 April 1836, his parents removing very soon after that event to Bristol, N. H. It is said that he was so skilled in his particular department of our regimental hospital, that he could distinguish the difference between a Dover's powder and a quinine pill, by the mere sense of touch, in the darkest night, and had enough military obedience about him to administer to a complaining soldier either of those two popular "confections" for an abrasion or for malaria, if ordered to do so by his superior officer. He had a kind word for all who responded to "surgeon's call." His kind heart did not exempt him from the effects of the climate, and the early spring of 1862 developed a greater quantity of malaria within him than was congenial or healthful.

He was with the regiment on its "excursion" to Bull's Island and Bluffton. The battle of James Island (our first) found him at his post; and there was no lack of opportunity on that occasion to display his skill or his fortitude. He ably assisted Dr. Eaton in his almost herculean work on that fateful day and the days immediately following.

The crossing of John's Island, and the severe though brief campaign at James Island, were the final blows for Sawyer's military service. He was discharged 9 Sept. 1862, at Hilton Head, for disability (malaria and chronic diarrhoea), and left us for his Northern home, to recuperate, if possible.

In 1892, Sawyer was a resident of Boscobel, Wis.

JOHN H. TREDICK.

Tredick was the 6th Corporal of Co. D at muster-in. Was made Sergeant in August, 1862, and 1st Sergeant in March, 1863. Did not re-enlist. Was mustered 3 Feb. 1864, as 2d Lieutenant. He took part in the siege of Morris Island, and participated in the little diversion to Palatka (see extended description elsewhere). At Drewry's Bluff, Va., May, 1864, he was on hand.

During the latter part of May, or the first part of June, 1864, for some reason best known to himself, he tendered his resignation. This perforce had to go to Gen. Butler; and this latter officer was constitutionally opposed to resignations, especially during a campaign. Before this resignation was heard from, the regiment got into a fight (16 June). Lieut. Tredick received a mortal wound and was conveyed to Chesapeake Hospital, Hampton, Va. (near Fort Monroe), where he died 6 July. Meantime, the resignation had been acted upon, and Gen. Butler's S. O. 180, dated 3 July, dishonorably discharged the dead Tredick. This was so manifestly unjust (though not so intended) to a man who had died of wounds received in action, that upon a proper representation of the facts, Gen. Butler very promptly and properly revoked the order (18 July, S. O. 195). It is very probable that Lieut. Tredick was buried near the hospital where he died.

FRED H. TUTTLE.

He was a volunteer recruit of September, 1862, and assigned to Co. K. He early showed himself worthy of promotion and (6 Sept. 1863) was made Corporal. So quickly did the vacancies occur, that he was made Sergeant the same month. On 26 Aug. 1864 he was made 1st Sergeant (*vice* Watson, term expired), and from that position he leaped up to 1st Lieutenant in 1865, though we find him acting as 2d Lieutenant back as far as 17 Aug. 1864 (next day after a fight).

Tuttle was mustered as 1st Lieutenant 29 April 1865, as of 28 April, his commission being dated 4 Jan. He was mustered for the unexpired term of the regiment, *vice* Hazen, discharged. At the end of May he was in command of Co. B, but was actually 1st Lieutenant of F. Having a talent for staff duty, he was detached 13 June (regiment at Goldsborough, N. C.) as Assistant Commissary of Musters, Tenth Army Corps, by S. O. 83, Dept. N. C. There is no evidence at hand showing that he did not serve as such to the muster-out of regiment.

While on Morris Island Tuttle was detached during September, 1863, as clerk or orderly for the Medical Director, Surgeon S. W. Gross, Folly Island (till March, 1864). His duty as Assistant Commissary of Musters (June and July, 1865) took him to New Berne, Raleigh and other points, to muster out convalescents in hospitals. He rejoined and came home with the regiment. He was at Palatka (four companies), Fla., and in nearly every action of the regiment.

Tuttle was born 14 March 1843, at Georgetown, Mass. His address in 1890 was Rice Lake, Wis.

WILLIAM H. TRICKEY.

William H. Trickey was born in the town of Exeter, Me., 22 Jan. 1841. He was one of those peculiarly-made-up characters in which the powers within were developed by circumstances. That is to say, he was not of the dashing, dare-devil sort, who shout themselves hoarse and walk right over other people for the sake of having it known that they are ahead or on top. He was, rather, one to be depended upon in time of trial, and could be counted as one upon every occasion of duty, or danger, or both. His path was where duty led, whether dangerous or otherwise.

He started as a private in Co. G, but was made a Corporal early in our first December at Hilton Head. In about three years from that time he was in command of the regiment; but of that the reader will learn more in its proper place. In April, 1862, on Edisto Island, he was promoted to Sergeant, in which position he served only about six weeks; for we find him at the end of May, 1862, again promoted, and this time to be 1st Sergeant of his company—an important position. He was in all the actions and reconnoissances of his company and regiment, except as noted hereafter. In April, 1863, he received a 2d Lieutenant's commission in Co. I.

He was in the action of 10 July 1863 (lower end of Morris Island), and in the night assault on Wagner, 18 July. At this charge he was the sole officer with the company (G), Capt. Emmons being "sick in quarters." Co. G was the "color company," which brought Lieut. Trickey near the colors. At the extreme latter part of the engagement (*i.e.*, next prior to the actual withdrawal of the regiment), a portion of the color company and the color guard essayed to advance still further, and managed to get over the (apparently) last ridge and a little way down the incline, when the unmistakable order to retreat was heard. Lieut. Trickey was with the brave squad, and he and they—foolhardy though they were admitted to have been—stand credited with having got nearer the fort than the main line of regiment, though the "line" at that time was very, very crooked. During the siege, Lieut. Trickey was practically in command of Co. G the greater part of the time, owing to Capt. Emmons' sickness.

In January, 1864, he was promoted to 1st Lieutenant. He went to Florida with the mounted men, and was one of the drum-head court which tried and sentenced Miller of Co. F.

In Virginia, Lieut. Trickey was sick; and when the regiment started on its march to the Drewry's Bluff battles, 13-16 May 1864, he essayed to go with his company (E), but was reluctantly obliged to remain in camp. On 2 June he took a conspicuous part and did himself great credit. The same on 16 June.

The next action of importance was on 16 Aug. 1864, with bloody results; but our hero was, probably fortunately for him, absent on leave. This was for 30 days, from about 18 July, by Gen. Butler, at Bermuda Hundred. A diary says that W. H. Trickey returned from leave on the same day that the 1861 men were mustered out (23 Aug.) The writer and other officers were in Chesapeake Hospital at Hampton, Va. (each having been wounded 16 Aug.); and the writer distinctly recalls the fact that W. H. Trickey called there, being on his way to the regiment; and we jocularly told him it was of no use for him to return to the regiment, as he would come right back, wounded. The prediction proved true: for on 3 Sept. he was wounded in the shoulder by a minie ball while being relieved and passing between our batteries. He was sent to the Hospital before named; and his fellow officers congratulated (!) him on his quick return. Here he remained for about five weeks, when he was permitted to rejoin the regiment, at his own request, arriving Friday, 7 Oct., at Laurel Hill.

He commanded Co. E, from 29 Feb. to 18 March, and from 17 May to 2 June—the retaking of our rifle-pits (see main story). He was again wounded, very slightly, on 27 Oct. Trickey participated in all the engagements thereafter, including the "engagement" (!) at New York Harbor in November, the taking of Fort Fisher and advance on Wilmington, and thus on to the end of the war.

On 25 Dec. 1864 we find Capt. Trickey in command of the regiment (Col. Bedel, a prisoner; Lieut.-Col. Randlett, on leave; no Major), and continued so until Lieut.-Col. Randlett returned from leave. 17 Feb. 1865.

The regiment was ordered, in January, 1865, to take all its fighting men to Fort Fisher. Capt. Trickey was in command. Owing to the fact that a large number of recruits had been recently received, it was thought best to leave them in camp at Laurel Hill, with an officer (Lieut. John S. James), together with the sick and others, and proceed to Fort Fisher with say only six officers and 100 men. The headquarters of the regiment was also *taken along*. Capt. Trickey found himself in the most important position he had ever occupied, and battle imminent. He was equal to the occasion and did himself honor. He took about 80 (of the 100) men, and went with them into Fort Fisher. The manner of their going in is treated elsewhere. Though only a Captain in rank, he practically was an Acting Major, Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel. Capt. Trickey's official report, a model of modesty— is here inserted:—

HEADQUARTERS THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLS.,

NEAR FORT FISHER, N.C., 18 Jan. 1865.

Capt. E. LEWIS MOORE, *Asst. Adjt.-Gen.*,

Second Brigade, First Division, Twenty-fourth Army Corps.

Sir: In accordance with instructions received from the Brevet Brigadier-General Commanding, I have the honor to make the following report of the part taken in the affair of the 15th inst. by the Third New Hampshire Volunteers: We left our position near Gen. Terry's Headquarters with six officers and eighty men, at 4.30 P.M. of same date, and proceeded to Fort Fisher, where we arrived soon after dark. I was directed by Col. Abbott, Commanding Brigade, to move my regiment to the extreme advance held by the Second Division and open fire upon the enemy. Was thus engaged for about an hour, having to a great extent silenced the enemy's fire. I was then directed by Col. Abbott to take and hold with 20 men the next traverse in front—the remainder of my command being left in several traverses to keep up the fire upon the enemy. We took the traverse as directed, driving the enemy out. Thinking we could go farther, we charged and took the next two, with a like result. After taking the third traverse, having met with considerable resistance, I did not deem it prudent to go farther with so few men, and opened a vigorous fire upon the enemy, who were rallying for the recapture of the traverses. We held the enemy in check until the arrival of the Seventh New Hampshire Volunteers and Sixth Connecticut Volunteers, who charged and took the remainder of the work. I then assembled my command, and under orders from Col. Abbott, moved to the inside of the fort and collected the prisoners there; also assisted in collecting others outside of the fort and sending them to the rear. After collecting all the prisoners in the fort, I sent them to the rear, remaining with a small portion of my command until 4 A.M. of the 16th inst., when I was ordered to return to the position near Gen. Terry's Headquarters. Our casualties were as follows: one man killed, and five wounded.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

WM. H. TRICKEY,

Captain Third New Hampshire Vols., Commanding Regiment.

(For Capt. Trickey's part in the action of 11 Feb. 1865, see main story.)

Upon Lieut.-Col. Randlett's return, he relieved Capt. Trickey from command of the regiment. He brought with him several commissions, among them one for our hero as Major, dating back to 4 Jan. 1865. Thus we have seen him—first, as a private up to December, 1861; then made a Corporal, and following through the various grades, to the Majority (the only case of its kind in the regiment). The nearest approach to it is that of J. Homer Edgerly, who went out as a private and was made a Major by brevet.

Maj. Trickey was soon in command of the regiment again; for Lieut.-Col. Randlett was made Provost Marshal of Wilmington, 2 March 1865. The absent Colonel (the old Major) joined from exchange 11 April, at Wilmington, and nominally took command of the regiment, though it was gen-

erally understood that Maj. Trickey had the real command. Col. Bedel was a part of the time in command of the Post of Goldsborough; and that placed Trickey again in command of the regiment. Trickey was slightly (accidentally) wounded 4 April, at Wilmington, by the discharge of a revolver, and again on 19 June.

He was mustered out with the regiment at Goldsborough, N. C., 20 July, and accompanied the regiment to Concord, for final discharge. He then assumed the duties of civil life. He has always been very much interested in the affairs of the Grand Army of the Republic, and has been largely identified with that body in New Hampshire. He will long be kindly remembered by his comrades.

William H. Trickey never had a furlough as an enlisted man. Was never detached from the regiment, either as an officer or enlisted man, for duty of any kind.

It is related of Trickey, that at Fort Fisher, closely following its surrender, and while matters were in a semi-chaotic state, he observed a rebel officer who, from his general appearance, indicated that he had not yet yielded entire submission to his captors—in fact, had n't surrendered. Capt. Trickey, in his gentle and suave manner, sidled up to this gentleman, and, in terms more forcible than elegant kindly offered to cut him in halves, beginning at the point nearest the sky, if he did n't at once surrender. He surrendered.

Col. Bedel said of him: "To the gallantry, energy and soldierly qualities of Maj. Trickey, the regiment was largely indebted for the preservation of discipline and subordination; and, considering the demoralizing effects of details on provost and other extra duty, and the influx of substitutes and bounty jumpers, it was evident that to his indomitable will and perseverance the regiment was indebted for the preservation of any organization at all."

Maj. Trickey took up his residence, at the close of the war, in Wolfboro'. In the Fall of 1867 he removed to Dover, where he remained till 1887. He was occupied as a shoemaker till 1874, when he entered the postal service as postal clerk, running on train from Boston to Maine, continuing till 1887. In 1870-71, he was a member of the Legislature and also of the Dover City Council. In 1872 he was Commander of the Department of New Hampshire, G. A. R. Is a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

In 1888, Trickey was a student at Tuft's College, Medford, Mass., from which he graduated in due course. He was, in 1892, located at Danvers, Mass., as a Universalist divine, to which place he came from South New Market, N. H., his first pastorate.

JOHN H. THING.

He was born in Ossipee, N. H., 13 June 1833. We find him the original 2d Corporal of Co. B. His first promotion was at Annapolis, 11 Oct. 1861, to Sergeant, taking the place of a sergeant reduced for frivolous reasons (see Promotions and Reductions). His next promotion was 13 Sept. 1862, to 1st Sergeant, *vice* Libby, made 2d Lieutenant. This position, by some unfortunate or untoward circumstance, was taken from him early in the next December, and he was relegated to the ranks, at the foot of the ladder, which he must needs climb again. It is possible that his offence did not merit the punishment. Let us hope that it did not. There are many, however, who are of the opinion that a different commanding officer of the company would have produced a different result. On 25 Nov. 1863, at Morris Island, the siege through, and the original commanding officer of the Company (B) having been sent home in disgrace, Thing was made Sergeant, *vice* Giddings, to 1st Sergeant. This practically atoned for his reduction. He held this position till early in April, 1864, when he was made Sergeant-Major, *vice* Lord, resigned (Lord never actually served as Sergeant-Major). Thing kept this position till his muster-out, in August, 1864, when all the 1861 men who had not re-enlisted, then actually belonging to the regiment, were mustered out. He was in all the actions of the regiment while he was with it, serving with credit.

Since the war he has resided at Exeter, N. H., the greater part of the time. In 1892, was at East Brentwood, N. H.

JOHN HAYES THOMPSON.

John Hayes Thompson was born at Hampton, N. H., 2 May 1808. When about four years of age, his parents moved to Holderness, where he passed his boyhood, youth and the years of mature manhood until the autumn of 1860. He married Charlotte Baker, the eldest daughter of James and Jane Smith Baker, pioneers of the town.

Mr. Thompson was postmaster at Holderness nearly twenty years, having taken the oath of office the 31st day of May 1838. He was one of the selectmen of the town for several years, was twice elected representative to the legislature, and was town clerk a number of years. He was also Sheriff of Grafton County six years. The opening of the war found Mr. and Mrs. Thompson living at Plymouth, N. H., with their eldest daughter, Mrs. Joseph Clark (later, Mr. Clark was a Captain in the Sixth New Hampshire).

Mr. Thompson was commissioned a Lieutenant in Co. I by his personal friend, Gov. Nathaniel S. Berry, August, 1861. He died at Hilton Head, 26 August 1862. Seldom does the death of any one carry sorrow to so many hearts as did that of Lient. Thompson. By his many virtues and kindly disposition he was endeared to a large circle of friends, and was also known and highly esteemed by a large number of citizens of the State. His disease primarily was liver complaint, terminating in typhoid fever. His health had been failing for a number of weeks; but until within a few days of his death, he expected to return to his home on a short leave of absence to recruit his wasting energies. Fever intervened, and he rapidly sank under it. When he became conscious that death was near, he arranged his business affairs, dictated messages of love to his family, and calmly awaited the approach of the grim destroyer. He regretted most that he could not live to see his beloved country restored to peace. He died as he had lived, nobly and hopefully. The body, under a special order of Gen. Hunter, was forwarded by the Masonic brethren and reached Holderness in charge of W. W. Ballard of Co. G, on 6 Sept.

A Masonic funeral was held on the 9th. in charge of Mt. Prospect Lodge, of which he was a charter member. The services were held in St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Rev. O. H. Jasper of Plymouth officiating. An immense assemblage gathered to pay the last tribute of respect and affection to the good citizen, kind neighbor and devoted patriot. At the grave Col. T. J. Whipple read the following resolutions:—

HILTON HEAD, S. C., Aug. 27, 1862.

On learning of the decease of Lient. John H. Thompson, the Masonic brethren were called together at an early hour, to take such action as they might think proper in relation to his remains.

On motion, Lient.-Col. J. H. Jackson was appointed chairman of the meeting. On motion, *Voted*, To forward the remains of Brother Thompson to his friends in New Hampshire. On motion, Bros. J. I. Plimpton, G. W. Emmons and W. W. Ballard were appointed a committee to take charge of the remains of our deceased brother and forward the same at as early an hour as practicable. On motion, Dr. B. F. Eaton, Henry Hill and G. E. Flanders were appointed a committee, to prepare and forward commiserations to Mrs. Thompson and the Lodge, to which the remains of our brother are to be forwarded.

The following resolutions were then passed: *Resolved*, That in the death of J. H. Thompson, of the Third Regiment, New Hampshire Volunteers, we have lost an officer prompt in his duties, rigidly honest in the responsibilities committed to his care, gentlemanly in his business transactions, and highly esteemed by the entire regiment.

Resolved, That in this severely-afflictive Providence we tender our kindest sympathies to the widow and family of our departed brother, humbly praying that He who has taken away may bring to the wounded spirit and aching heart such reconciliation and comfort as God only can give.

HENRY HILL, *Secretary*.

Then followed the impressive Masonic burial service, after which dust was returned to dust, and all that was mortal of John H. Thompson passed

from sight. All the family of the deceased were present except his second son, Capt. A. B. Thompson, 18th U. S. Infantry, in Gen. Thomas' division, Tennessee.

Lieut. Thompson left a wife, who, when Abraham Lincoln called for seventy-five thousand volunteers to save the Union, sent her husband and four sons to the front. Besides his wife, five sons and two daughters survived him. He lies in the family burying-ground on the banks of the Asgumanc, in Ashland, formerly a part of Holderness.

DAVID WADSWORTH, JR.

Wadsworth was of the squad enlisting at Nashua, and was therefore part and parcel of Co. F. At muster-in, he was made 5th Sergeant. He did efficient service at James Island and Pocotaligo (16 June, 22 Oct. 1862), also was on the reconnaissances to Elba Island, Bluffton and Jehossee. On 20 July 1862, we find him ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant, and on 19 Jan. 1863 he received his commission (no musters required at that date). The commission was dated 16 Nov. 1862, and he was assigned to Co. F.

When the regiment (eight companies) was lying in Stono Inlet, in April, 1863, waiting for orders to do something, and it being quite well established that we were to land and go into camp, Lieut. Wadsworth was sent on shore near Edisto, with his company, to skirmish the vicinity as a precautionary measure. There is no record of casualties of that day, and it is fair to assume that no enemy was found.

About 12 May 1863 (eight companies on Botany Bay Island), he obtained a leave of absence and went North on the *Arago*, returning therefrom 9 June, to St. Helena. After the regiment had reunited at St. Helena Island, he received (26 June 1863) a 1st Lieutenant's commission, dated 13 May, and was mustered on it 29 June, as of 24 June, *vice* Stearns, promoted. 10 July, he commanded Co. D, in the attack on and capture of lower end of Morris Island, Capt. Maxwell being temporarily sick. From that he was relieved at once — probably same day, or next — by Maxwell himself.

He was with his company in the assault on Wagner, on the night of 18 July. On the night of 24 July he was sent out with a party to go in boats up the creek reconnoitring. At the last moment there were not boats enough for all, and Lieut. Wadsworth and some others of the Third New Hampshire were left on the shore, and returned to regiment. A few days later we find him sick, though he took an active part in the siege of Wagner and was on duty the greater part of the time. In December, he officiated at the execution of Kendall (for desertion), being in command of the firing party, loading the guns himself and "mixing them up."

When the re-enlisted men went home on furlough, he was one of the fortunate officers to go with them. From this delightful service he rejoined with the others at Gloucester Point, Va. (see end). Presumably, he then had his Captain's commission in his pocket, for we find him mustered as Captain, 29 April 1864, as of 6 April (the actual date of the commission), *vice* Randlett, promoted. This made him Captain of Co. F, his original company, which was far more agreeable to him than to have been assigned to some other. He participated in the campaign with his company, and was wounded 16 May 1864. He did not participate 2, 9, 16 or 25 June, being unable to do so. At the ends of July and August, 1864, he is reported as sick in quarters, though he commanded Co. F in the 16 Aug. fight.

His health continuing bad, he was officially examined, 17 Sept., by a Board, resulting in his discharge for disability. This by S. O. 263, Dept. Va. and N. C., Army of the James, 24 Sept. 1864. His men parted with him with regret.

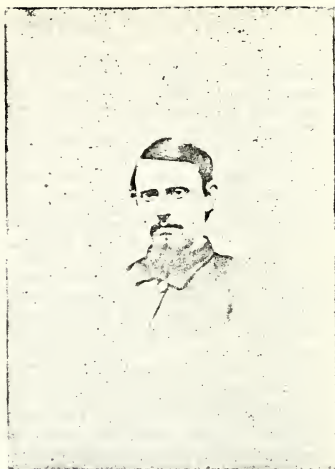
Since the war Wadsworth has been for the greater part of the time employed at the Jail, at Manchester, N. H., as keeper, and proves very efficient. In 1891, he had completed fourteen years of service therein. He attended the reunion of 1889, his first visit to Weirs.

Born 4 Feb. 1838, at Worcester, Mass.

NOTE. — While at Camp Grant, Va., with the re-enlisted men, Wadsworth had charge of the men of B, F and G, for purposes of drawing rations and clothing.



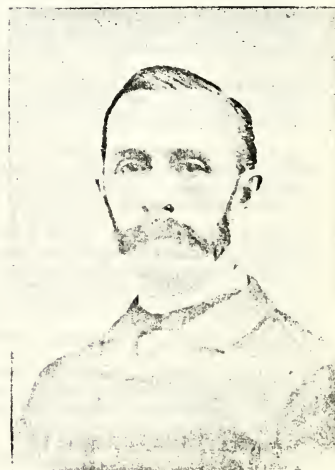
LIEUT. WM. LADD DODGE.



LIEUT. GEORGE B. BINGHAM,
Quartermaster.



LIEUT. FRANK L. MORRILL.



CAPT. THOMAS M. JACKSON.

JOHN E. WILBUR.

It is quite essential to this history that the Captain of Co. B should have space devoted to him. John E. Wilbur either "got up," or assisted to get up, Co. B, the nucleus being brought together at Exeter. It is assumed by some that Wilbur was at that time religiously inclined, and that that alone was the chief factor in deciding that he was to be commissioned to lead a company to war. Among the remarkably few good acts he performed, the selection of Jonah Libby, Jr., as Orderly Sergeant, stands pre-eminently prominent. Wilbur was early in trouble, and so remained almost without intermission while he was in the service. At Long Island, Washington and Annapolis, there was trouble in his company about the rations; and one day, at Annapolis, the men resolved to "kick," and did so. The writer does not willingly write aught to court a libel case, and will adhere to facts.

A diary of 24 Feb. 1862 says: "Wilbur under arrest for advising a man to desert." 11 March, "Wilbur's case came up." On 8 Sept., by R. O. 19, Capt. Wilbur was restored to duty and his company and sword. Apparently the Captain had been fully exonerated. 23 May 1862, another diary says: "Wilbur's in another scrape — insulted Moody on guard." This sort of thing continued with variations. In November, 1862, while the regiment was on Hilton Head (rear of General Hospital), he was out with a party of his men for some purpose not apparent, and took them over to Pinckney Island in violation of existing orders. This was probably from Battery Mitchel, near Skull Creek, where our regiment furnished large details (whole companies) during the winter, on weekly tours. Wilbur was at once placed in arrest, and so continued to the end of his service. He was tried by general court-martial; and in order that the reader may see a sample of an order promulgating a sentence, Capt. Wilbur's is inserted: —

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH,

G. O. 7.

HILTON HEAD, PORT ROYAL, S. C., 6 Feb. 1863.

At a General Court-Martial, convened at Hilton Head, 18 Dec. 1862, by S. O. 70 of 18 Dec. 1862, from Headquarters U. S. Forces, Hilton Head: Col. Edwin Metcalf, Third Rhode Island Artillery, President. CAPT. JOHN E. WILBUR, Third New Hampshire Volunteers, disobedience of orders.

While with detachment at Talbot's, on Skull Creek, for fatigue duty, took several men of his command to Pinckney Island, outside the lines, contrary to orders by Brig.-Gen. Terry, 22 Nov. 1862; also 24 Nov. 1862, conduct prejudicial, etc.

While in arrest, by order Gen. Terry, spoke contemptuously and sneeringly to Assistant Surgeon A. J. H. Buzzell of Third New Hampshire and to other officers about his arrest and of possibility of being cashiered, saying, "I have had about enough of the service. I would just as lief get out of the service." — At Hilton Head, 4 Dec. 1862.

While in arrest, sent Sergt. James S. Kelsey of C, Third New Hampshire, with a pass, authorizing him, the said Kelsey, to pass the guards; and directed the said Sergeant to go outside the entrenchments and picket guards of said island with said pass, telling him that he might properly go with said pass: all which was in direct violation, etc. — At Hilton Head, 10 Dec. 1862.

Sentence, to be dismissed the military service of the United States.

Proceedings and findings in case of Capt. John E. Wilbur, Third New Hampshire, approved. The sentence is, however, suspended until the pleasure of the President of the United States can be made known.

By order

GEN. HUNTER.

EDW. W. SMITH, *Assistant Adjutant-General.*

It will be observed that this order was dated 6 Feb. 1863. This was read on parade on 9 Feb., and there was a general feeling of satisfaction. Capt. Wilbur remained with the regiment, and though under arrest was under

no restraint substantially. On 31 May, at Botany Bay (eight companies), the long expected approval of the President was received, dated 10 May; and John E. Wilbur stood dismissed the service of the United States, as of 6 Feb.; and Wilbur was a citizen. The order of the President was contained in G. O. 120, W. D., 11 May.

Wilbur did not tarry long after this, but left for the North on the *Arago*, 14 June 1863. By dint of hard work and influence, he succeeded in having his dismissal so modified as to permit his being re-commissioned, and at one time it was actually expected he would return to his old company. There were many prayers, vocal and silent, that such an event might never take place. This modification was 10 Nov. 1863, and simply permitted the Governor of New Hampshire to re-commission him; but this, fortunately, was never done. His dismissal was not revoked; but the disability arising therefrom was modified as shown. His whereabouts since the war is comparatively unknown.

NOTE. — 3 Dec. 1862, Lieut.-Col. Bedel, commanding the regiment, was notified by Capt. Bacon (Gen Terry's Acting Assistant Adjutant-General) to take Capt. Wilbur's sword and to notify him (Wilbur) that he was in arrest for passing beyond the lines to Pinckney Island.

PIERCE L. WIGGIN.

Pierce L. Wiggin had the satisfaction of enlisting 60 men for the Third New Hampshire, at Ossipee and vicinity, and of being made Captain of these and the few others put with them to fill up, together forming Co. G. A tall, well-formed man, with keen black eyes and hair of the same hue, he looked decidedly military. His service was short; for when we were on Edisto, April, 1862 (his company on outpost), he resigned. A diary puts both his and Adj. Hill's same day — 8 April. He was discharged 14 April, receiving the same 16 April; and on the latter date turned over the company and property to Lieut. Handerson (R. O. No. 21).

He enlisted as a recruit in the First New Hampshire Cavalry, 14 April 1864, and was mustered out 15 July 1865.

He was born 26 Dec. 1835. After the war he went to South Carolina, locating at Beaufort, where he married Lonise C. Judd, 26 Dec. 1869. From 1869 to 1877 he was Solicitor of the Second Judicial Circuit Court of South Carolina. He was then elected Judge of the same Court, holding that position until his death, at Beaufort, 3 Dec. 1879. A son was born 8 Jan. 1872, and still survives, with the widow, at Beaufort.

JOSEPH C. WIGGIN.

He was the original 1st Sergeant of Co. G, under Capt. Wiggin (Pierce L.) His first and only promotion was on Edisto Island 1 June 1862 (the very day we left Edisto), to 2d Lieutenant, and assigned to Co. H in the James Island fight. He was destined to have but one more fight.

Co. H was on Pinckney Island, on outpost duty, and Wiggin was its only officer. The rebels swooped down upon the little band, at early morning, 21 Aug. 1862, resulting in the capture of almost every man present and in the death of Lieut. Wiggin and others. Lieut. Wiggin was found a short distance from the scene of the principal combat, dead, covered with wounds, some dozen or more, probably made principally by bayonet thrusts. Evidences of a terrible death struggle were apparent on every hand, and Lieut. Wiggin certainly did not die willingly; neither did he surrender to save his life, as he might have done, and which would probably have been justifiable. His death was the most tragic of any in the regiment and cast a gloom over all, not easily dispelled.

Born in Tamworth, N. H., 24 Oct. 1826.

CHARLES A. WHITE.

White saw service prior to enlistment in Third New Hampshire. He entered the service first as a private in Co. A, Third Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, 16 April 1861. The records say: Third Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, Col. Wardrop; total, 444; Co. A, Capt. Harlow of Halifax: 49 men. His service at the very beginning of the war is worthy of note. He was at the Norfolk Navy Yard on the night of the 20th April 1861, and assisted in unloading the *Purnee* of powder, prior to its destruction. He also assisted in conducting to Gen. Butler a party of negroes — slaves of Col. Mallory of Virginia — who were declared "contraband of war" by Gen. Butler. White says these negroes had escaped from the enemy at Sewall's Point, opposite Fortress Monroe, where they had been employed on the rebel fortifications. White was mustered out of the Third Massachusetts 22 July 1861.

He enlisted at Manchester, 13 Aug. 1861, having been out of the service less than a month. He was made 3d Sergeant of his company (A) at muster-in. His promotions were as follows: to 1st Sergeant, 1 June 1863; 2d Lieutenant, Co. I, 1 Jan. 1864 (mustered 3 Feb.); 1st Lieutenant, Co. G, 24 May (mustered 3 June); Captain, Co. G, 9 Nov. (mustered 1 March 1865).

On the taking of Port Royal (7 Nov. 1861), White and others were selected to act in the capacity of orderlies to Gen. Sherman. This was temporary, lasting for only a few days, it being an expedient to meet the lack of a sufficient number of staff officers as assistants. During portions of December, 1861, and January, 1862, he was detailed as clerk at Post Headquarters, at Hilton Head (Col. Fellows, Third New Hampshire, Commanding).

While his company (A) was on Broad Island, with C and K, he was a part of the time Acting 2d Lieutenant, had command of his company, and was Acting Post Adjutant, under Capt. Allen of C.

In March, 1864, we find him going home with the veterans (re-enlisted men) under orders — equivalent to a leave of absence. He was assigned on this "excursion" to the position of Acting Quartermaster, under Capt. Randlett, Commanding Detachment. It is presumed the duties of this office were filled with White's usual efficiency and urbanity. He probably had no forage left over or unaccounted for. This position was vacated when these re-enlisted men were united with the regiment at Gloucester Point, Va., in the latter part of April, 1864, and without a general order.

White was in the various engagements in Virginia in which the Third New Hampshire had a part, up to, and including, 16 Aug. 1864, at which date he was severely wounded, nigh unto death. He commanded Co. G at the time, and was the only officer with it. He was at first wounded slightly, and started away from the field; but almost immediately got his "second wind," and at once returned, only to meet his almost death wound. The bullet went through the body and White was laid low. The writer (himself wounded) saw him lying in the group of wounded, hastily gathered in the woods, and could see no hope for him. As we lay there (about mid-day) the writer, being on slightly higher ground, could overlook the unfortunate group. A slight shower (blessed rain!) almost took poor White's breath away, he being utterly unable to protect his upturned face from its patter. Others of the regiment were there, noted elsewhere. White was sent to Chesapeake (officers') Hospital, Hampton, Va., reaching there the 18th (evening). He had for companions, Capt. Wadlia, Adjt. Copp and the writer. White's life hung in the balance for some time, the writer visiting him daily so soon as he himself was able to get about. White was in an annex (separate building). His wife came to look after his comfort, and ministered unto him only as can a tender wife. White's first wound was slight, a mere contusion of the abdomen, troubling him for about a week. The second was caused by a minie ball through his right arm, above the elbow; and not content with that, it proceeded to pass, with neatness and despatch too, into his right side, and after cavorting through both lungs, making its exit and reaching daylight below the left shoulder-blade. This was enough for one little bullet. Strange to say, White's wound was dressed temporarily on the field, and not again till the night of the 19th, at the hospital.

On 20 Oct. 1864, a leave was granted him and he went to his home in Boston. The usual extensions of time took him to the end of the year; and we find him returned to the hospital 2 Jan. 1865. He there remained until about 14 Feb. 1865, when he started for the regiment, reaching its vicinity about 19 Feb., near Fort Fisher, stopping at Gen. Terry's Headquarters. He there remained till 1 March, on some light, temporary duty, when he was mustered as Captain. On the day of his muster-in as Captain, he was appointed Headquarters Commissary, Tenth Army Corps, by S. O. 46, from Headquarters Provisional Corps, Department of North Carolina, Gen. Terry, Commanding. It may fairly be inferred that Capt. White's health would not admit of active service; and this position was assigned him in consequence, and also in recognition of his services.

On 23 June 1865 (Gen. Terry to Richmond, and relieved by Gen. Ames), Capt. White was reappointed to the same position on Gen. Ames' Staff, by S. O. 76, Headquarters Tenth Army Corps, Raleigh, N. C., 23 June, and was relieved from it a few days prior to the muster-out of the regiment, at his own request, reaching the regiment 17 July 1865, at Goldsborough, N. C.

Capt. White was placed in charge of all the regimental and company books, records, rolls, etc. (boxed), from Goldsborough, N. C., to Concord, N. H., where they were turned over to the Mustering Officer, Capt. A. B. Thompson, U. S. A. A small squad was detailed for the purpose of securing safe passage of these valuable packages, and the guard was under Capt. White's orders. This ended his connection with the Third New Hampshire. By G. O. 67, W. D., 16 July 1867, White was brevetted as Major, and as Lieutenant-Colonel, for "bravery and meritorious conduct on the field of battle, to date 13 March 1865."

Since the war, White was for a few years a clerk in the Second Auditor's office at Washington. He afterward reached the wild West. During 1879 and 1880 we find him a Brigadier-General of the Colorado National Guard, commissioned by Gov. F. W. Pitkin. In 1883 he was Chief Engraving Clerk of the Colorado Senate. He was Mayor of Greeley, Colorado, in 1888, entering upon his duties 16 April (same day as originally enlisted), and serving one year. He was Postmaster of Greeley from 7 Feb. 1884, to 16 April 1887. He attended the reunion at Weirs in August, 1889.

He was born at West Deering, N. H., 19 Sept. 1836. His post office address is Greeley, Colorado.

ROGER W. WOODBURY.

Woodbury was the original 4th Sergeant in Co. A. He was, and remained, a newspaper man, until he became a banker. At setting type, Woodbury was an adept; and the faculty of newspaper writing naturally followed. The *Manchester Mirror* proprietor knew this, and was loth to let him enlist. Woodbury was bound to rise. He had available talents, and they responded to all of the demands which early began to be made upon them by superior military authority. At Mineola, Long Island, N. Y., we find him detached from his company and regiment, and serving as Brigade Commissary Sergeant under Capt. Scull, Brigade Commissary on Gen. Viele's Staff. He retained this position until January, 1863, serving at Mineola, Washington, Annapolis, Fort Monroe and Hilton Head. At the latter place the position was of greatly increased importance, involving the receipt and care of all the commissary stores in the vast depot, and the issue of the same to the value of many millions of dollars.

In March, 1862, we find him with others of Co. A. laying the cases and setting the type for the first issue of the *New South* (15 March 1862), the advent of which was hailed with delight. This service was, of course, gratuitous and voluntary.

He was relieved from duty (see September, 1861) by S. O. 110, Gen. Terry, 12 Jan. 1863, and returned to the regiment. While the seven companies (including his own, A) were on Pinckney Island, early in 1863, we find him acting for awhile as Sergeant-Major, in place of Dodge, absent on recruiting service. Here he was ordered to act as 2d Lieutenant, 11 March

1863, and did so till his muster-in as 2d Lieutenant (28 Aug. 1863), his commission being dated 14 June 1863. He was assigned to Co. B. He did not serve with B, because at once detailed (relieving our Lieut. Morrill) as an Aide to Col. Guss, commanding our brigade, on Morris Island. He was relieved early in October, and took command of Co. A. He was again promoted, in January, 1864, to 1st Lieutenant of Co. C, but assigned to A. He continued in its command, his commission being dated 4 Jan. 1864, being mustered 20 Jan. into his new grade.

About this time his former experience in the Commissary Department caused him to be called for a short period to the charge of the Post Commissary on Morris Island, on the Staff of Col. W. W. H. Davis, Commanding.

He was with his company (A) on the expedition to Palatka, Fla. (from Jacksonville), and on the trip was Acting Quartermaster of the detachment (four companies), while Capt. Dearborn commanded Co. A. On return to Jacksonville, Woodbury found an order awaiting him, by which he was appointed Acting Ordnance Officer, by Gillmore's S. O. 157, D.S. This continued till and during removal to Virginia, when (in May) he was assigned Acting Ordnance Officer, Second Division, Tenth Army Corps, and so remained till the expedition to Fort Fisher (see later on).

His duties as an Ordnance Officer were as dangerous as important; for the supply of ammunition to the dozen or more regiments of the division when engaged in battle received his personal supervision. On one occasion he probably saved the fortunes of the day, by being present and supplying the other two divisions of the Corps in a heated engagement, whose ordnance trains had fled far to the rear at the first onslaught of the rebel attack. In this special duty, Lieut. Woodbury actually participated in a greater number of engagements than did his regiment. At the battle of the Mine Explosion, in front of Petersburg, 30 July 1864, he was wounded (contusion of thigh) by a spherical case shot, but continued in the saddle against the advice of friends, and, in fact, did not go off duty.

Woodbury had a 29 days' leave in October, 1864 (sick with fever and ague) — Butler's S. O. 100, 19 Oct.

On 1 Jan. 1865, he was mustered as Captain of Co. B. His commission was dated 28 Oct. 1864. Gen. Terry was to go to Fort Fisher, that is to say, in that general direction, reaching there if he did not meet with too much opposition. He looked about for suitable officers for his Staff. Having known our friend Woodbury (Gens. Turner's, Foster's and Ames' Staffs), he appointed him (S. O. 1, Hdqrs. Expedition Forces, Steamer *McClellan*, 5 Jan. 1865) to the same position (Acting Ordnance Officer) on his Expedition Corps Staff (also Dr. Buzzell: see his Personal). He served with distinction in the memorable capture of Fort Fisher, where it was given to him to reach the palisades surrounding the fort and effect a breach, exploding gunpowder beneath; but the sacrifice proved unnecessary. He did his duty in the subsequent operations against Wilmington, and was relieved only by the close of the war.

In June, 1865, the war being over, Capt. Woodbury was sent North on a 20 days' leave (S. O. 98, Dept. N. C., 21 June), on surgeon's certificate of disability. He did not return to the front, as the regiment was mustered out during his leave. As the train bearing his old comrades passed through Manchester without stopping, Capt. Woodbury waved his cap from the station platform, and following only a train later, joined the party at Concord, and was there discharged with the regiment.

Since the war Woodbury has continued to develop. Within a week after his muster-out, his old employer of the Manchester *Mirror* made him local reporter, where he remained until the next Spring, when he emigrated to the young Territory of Colorado. There he first went to the gold mines, after which he resumed type-setting. Within a year he became the editor of a daily journal in Denver, and soon after one of the proprietors. Early in the seventies he became sole proprietor of the *Daily Times*, and made it profitable, powerful and valuable. The character of the *Daily Times* was the counterpart of his own, and its individuality was marked amongst all the papers of the far West. It enjoyed the credit of exercising a greater influence on the public mind than any contemporary, which was due to its

candor, truthfulness and courage of its convictions. (Woodbury had the honor of giving Colorado its popular name of the "Centennial State.") Though Woodbury retired from the profession in 1882, and has since been engaged in important private and public business, and financial enterprises, nevertheless, he himself considers that it was in the editorial harness that he did the most important work of his life.

The *Times* building, which he erected, is one of the handsomest in Denver. His residence is excelled in beauty, comfort and elegance by none, and equalled by few, if any.

He developed as a public speaker, and during three years of service as President of the Denver Chamber of Commerce and Board of Trade was frequently called upon for addresses before various organizations. He founded the first free public library in Colorado and the Rocky Mountains country. Under his administration was erected the Chamber of Commerce building. He was President of the New England Society of Colorado, and of so many other organizations as to demand his entire time through many years. Of late he has endeavored to escape from many of these calls, but with imperfect success. In educational matters he has been prominent; and the Woodbury gold medal has now for many years been eagerly competed for in the Denver High School. He was elected on the Republican ticket as Regent of the State University for six years, and rendered such valuable services there that, on his retirement, the new dormitory was named "Woodbury Hall," in his honor.

In the Masonic fraternity he has long been prominent. For nearly twenty years he was in official harness, during which time he held the highest honors within the gift of his brethren, including those of Grand Master of the Grand Lodge, Grand High Priest of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons, and Grand Commander of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templars. He planned and organized the Masonic Temple Association of Denver, which erected one of the finest edifices in the West. He possesses a number of very beautiful jewels of great value, which have been at various times presented him by the fraternity.

He was Brigadier-General of the Colorado National Guard, which, with the office of Regent of the University, was the only public office he ever held in the State of his adoption; though unquestionably he might have enjoyed the highest political preferment had he ever assented thereto. He is now President of the Union National Bank, an institution with a capital of one million dollars, and devotes most of his energies thereto. During the summer months he spends a vacation at his mountain resort, at an altitude of some 3,000 feet above Denver.

Few public movements in Denver fail to appeal to Gen. Woodbury for the encouragement of name, advice, time or contribution. He has of course become "Westernized"; but he has never lost his love for New Hampshire, nor tenderness in all that relates to the "Old Third."

He was born in Francetown, N. H., 3 March 1841.

NOTE.—Capt. Woodbury actually served on the Staffs of Gen. Ames and Gen. Terry at Fort Fisher, and the newspapers of the period gave him a place in both staff lists.

ANDREW JACKSON WADLIA.

Was born at Sanford, York Co., Maine, 18 Nov. 1828. He was named in honor of Gen. Jackson, who was that same year first elected President. His grandfather, Daniel, did valiant service in the War of the Revolution. When Wadlia was but seven, his parents removed to Dover, Piscataquis Co., Maine.

In 1845, he ran away from home and took to the deep sea, making three voyages — one to the West Indies. He then shipped (February, 1846) for three years in the U. S. Navy, — war with Mexico being imminent, — and went on board the Receiving Ship *Pennsylvania*, then lying at Norfolk, Va., Navy Yard.

In the early spring of the same year, the Schooner *Flirt* was fitted out as a despatch boat, Lient. Sinclair, Commanding. With our hero as one of her crew, she was sent to the Rio Grande River, where Gen. Taylor was then encamped with his army. This despatch boat did service between the Rio Grande and New Orleans, Pensacola and other local seaports, particularly looking out for Mexican prizes (war had been declared). In the Fall of 1846 the *Flirt* returned to Norfolk, and Wadlia was again put on the *Pennsylvania*, where he remained during the winter.

In the spring of 1847 the Sloop-of-war *Saratoga* was fitted for service, and Post Capt. David Farragut assigned to its command. Wadlia was one of the crew and was assigned to an honorable position in the Captain's gig — the same position as he had held on the *Flirt*. This position gave our hero shore opportunities of great value. Another position on shipboard was first rammer and sponger of a 64-pounder Paixhan gun (same as Columbiad), the largest then in use by the navy. By the merest chance the *Saratoga* was one day too late in arriving to participate in the battles of San Juan and Vera Cruz, light winds and calms being wholly responsible. After this the *Saratoga* was on blockade duty until January, 1848, when she was ordered to New York and her crew discharged.

Wadlia was now a citizen once more; but his experience had made him a thorough seaman and had given him a love for the rolling deep that would not be suppressed. He shipped again on a merchantman, and went to the West Indies, South America, Europe, the Mediterranean and along the American coast, until 1851. He then joined himself to the land and to a wife, and located at Wolfboro', N. H., earning his daily bread by carpentering.

Nothing of unusual importance struck our hero from 1851 till the Civil War burst upon the people. He enlisted 31 July 1861, and was mustered into Capt. Wiggin's company (G) as 4th Sergeant. On arriving at Hilton Head, and it becoming known that Wadlia had served previously and was a man of energy and genuine Yankee gumption, he was early sought out and detailed to assist in engineer work.

Later, by Gen. Sherman's S. O. 6, 18 Jan. 1862, he was ordered to report for duty on the 20th to Capt. Q. A. Gillmore, Chief Engineer; and was placed in charge of working parties on earthworks being erected for the protection of the island. On the completion of these works, he was sent to Daufuskie Island (about 12 Jan. 1862), to construct batteries on the Savannah, to cut off communication with Fort Pulaski, and thus assist in its reduction. This work was arduous, difficult and exhausting, having to be done mostly at night, rain or shine.

The works were on Bird and Jones' Islands (more particulars in the main story — regiment there once). These islands were partially covered at high tide. To mount guns on such foundations required much material, heavy timbers, a large quantity of sand in bags, planks for gun platforms and to cover magazines, all of which was prepared on Daufuskie, moved by boats about four miles, and from Battery Vulcan carried three-fourths of a mile on the shoulders of the men, through mud and water from one to two and more feet deep, across Jones Island to the Savannah River.

On the night of 3 Feb. 1862 the work was very nearly completed. Next morning the rebel Commodore (?), Tatnall, came down with his mosquito fleet (so called because small and seemingly insignificant), and sent his compliments at the new battery. This was responded to with the six guns comprising the battery, mostly 22-pounder Parrotts, which had been drawn over the mud on shifting plank tramways by willing but tired hands. Things were lively for a few minutes. Almost every discharge resulted in dumping the gun nearly off its platform by the recoil; and while one set of men were forcing the kicker to its place, others were loading and firing those in position. Tatnall retired in a graceful manner, after seeing a shot hit one of his fleet. Bird Island was almost directly opposite, on the Georgia shore. Sergt. James E. Wilson of the U. S. Engineers was in charge, and in a testimonial to Wadlia's worth says: "Having immediate command of the Department to which Sergt. Wadlia was attached during

the operations on the Savannah and in the reduction of Fort Pulaski, I can say he is the best and most fearless soldier I have met with in ten years in the regular army."

On the completion of these two batteries, the force of engineers was removed to Tybee Island, south side of entrance to the Savannah, where batteries were being erected to reduce Fort Pulaski. Sergt. Wadlia was assigned to mount 10-inch Columbiads and 13-inch mortars, weighing about nine tons each. This had to be done in the night and under circumstances very trying indeed; but Sergt. Wadlia and his brave assistants were equal to it, as the sequel showed. He was assigned, after preparations were substantially completed, to Battery Burnside, and had charge of a relief which worked a 13-inch mortar. Added to this he had charge of remounting such as kicked themselves over, which had to be done under fire and required excellent judgment, a clear head, a mechanic's eye, quick movements and every motion to count for something.

Lieut.-Col. James F. Hall, commanding officer of the Engineers before Fort Pulaski (Gillmore was chief of all Engineer forces in the Department), says in a certificate: "He [Wadlia] has been engaged in the Engineer Department since November last [November, 1861] and has performed, to the satisfaction of his commanders in the Department, difficult, dangerous, and important duties. His skill and military energy on Tybee, before Fort Pulaski, entitles him to the thanks of his commanding officer." In this Capt. F. E. Graef and James E. Place, both of the Engineer regiment, fully concurred. Capt. T. B. Brooks, another Engineer officer, says by certificate, in substance, that Sergt. Wadlia commanded a relief in the Burnside Battery, against Pulaski; and this battery was considered one of the most efficient. This Captain goes on to say that Gen. Gillmore, both in his report and verbally, made honorable mention of Sergt. Wadlia's services.

Shortly after the reduction of Fort Pulaski (11 April 1862) in June, Sergt. Wadlia was sent with the Engineers to James Island and assisted in mounting the guns on the batteries there for operations against Secessionville. This work was near home, as his regiment was close at hand. Singularly enough, Sergt. Wadlia was relieved from this special duty and returned to his regiment and company on the very morning of its first fight (16 June 1862), and actually joined while the regiment was in motion and on its way to its first struggle with the rebels.

He did not stay long with the regiment—his worth in the Engineer Department had become known; and in a few days after this little struggle of the 16th, he was again detached and sent with others (in a schooner towed by an ordnance-laden steamer) to Hilton Head and reported to the Ordnance Department there. The excessive labors and exposure and fatigue of the Pulaski campaign and the increasing heat of the summer told on our hero, and he was taken sick in July, 1862, with congestive fever. Being unable to obtain the treatment he desired at the General Hospital, Hilton Head, he was permitted to join his company, then at Seabrook, on the border of Skull Creek (regiment on outpost duty then, and scattered). After the return of the regiment (August, 1862) to Hilton Head (*i.e.*, re-uniting), Sergt. Wadlia still continued sick, and dangerously so. Meantime his commission as 2d Lieutenant arrived, and he did a little duty as an officer at irregular intervals. The Surgeon (Buzzell) would not permit him to go to Pocotaligo with the regiment (21 Oct. 1862). After this latter event he was worse in health than before, and was forced to go to the Regimental Hospital, his comrades actually taking his tent down from over his head. On 13 Dec. 1862 he was mustered (*sic*) as 2d Lieutenant by Lieut. Myrick, Third U. S. Artillery, as of 1 Aug. 1862. On the same day he was dumped on board the steamer for New York, without attendants, and left to his fate.

After a hard struggle with malarial fever, being threatened at one time with loss of reason and paralysis of his right side, he slowly recovered sufficiently to return. This was in May, 1863; and our hero had long overstayed his leave, and was in danger of discharge therefor. On his arrival at Hilton Head, early in June, he was at once ordered before the Examining



CAPT. ROGER W. WOODBURY
(War).



CAPT. ROGER W. WOODBURY
(Peace).



CAPT. CHARLES A. WHITE.



CAPT. RUTHVEN W. HOUGHTON.

Board for overstaying his leave. They never reported on his case. Wadlia was too good an officer to be lost to the service for being unfortunately sick; and the writer very well remembers the efforts of the officers of the regiment (particularly Col Jackson) to have him retained in the service. By the letter of the law (existing orders) he would have been discharged.

He rejoined the regiment at St. Helena in June (it having rennited there from Botany Bay Island and Bay Point), pending the result of his *trial*. His absence on a 20 days' leave had actually been prolonged to 168 days. He went on duty with Co. I, then at Bay Point (Co. E there, too), and no more questions were asked. After arriving at Folly Island, he was again detached for special duty by Gen. Seymour, who directed him (9 July 1863) to duty with a flotilla of large scows, in which were the troops on the morning of 10th, and then were used as a ferry between Folly and Morris, after the troops had succeeded in landing on Morris. The ferry having been established, Lieut. Wadlia at once rejoined the regiment on Morris, about nightfall of the 10th. Though detailed, he had been substantially with the regiment during the battle of the 10th.

The Engineer and Ordnance Departments again asserted their claims on Wadlia, and he assisted in building the first batteries erected on Morris Island by our forces, afterward known as the First Parallel. Lieut. Wadlia was with the regiment (Co. I) in that memorable assault on Wagner, 18 July 1863, and did himself credit. Following the defeat, Wadlia was sent to Pulaski for several 100 and 200-pounder Parrott guns and their carriages, for siege work. On his return, he mounted the gun so widely known as the "Swamp Angel." The following particulars concerning this famous gun will be of interest. He says:—

" Col. Serrell of the Engineers came to my quarters and asked me if I was willing to be detailed to mount a gun out in the marsh that would throw shells into Charleston After a thorough explanation of the work in hand, and the perils attending it, and an agreement that the boat should be filled with timbers, so as to bring an even bearing and strain on all parts, by the Engineers, I consented to undertake the task of loading, transporting, unloading and mounting the gun. That night I visited the works where the mounting was to be done, and in a small boat traced the windings of the creek, which lay between the Battery and James Island, out into Light-House Inlet, near Charleston Harbor, then back of the Inlet and up the narrow, winding water course that led up to where the gun was to be shipped, in the rear of the Left Batteries on Morris Island. The dangers were enough to unsteady one's nerves.

"The gun was a 200-pounder Parrott [erroneously reported to be a 300-pounder.—D.E.], weighing about 18,000 pounds, and was to be loaded on a surf boat about 20 feet long and 8 feet beam, and taken several miles through water courses barely sufficient to float it at high water. The boat would be like an egg-shell under the gun, and if landed at the bottom of one of those muddy creeks would have been a total loss, never to be regained, besides being an irreparable loss at that especial time and possibly subject the loser to dismissal from the service. At the time appointed, just before high tide, a detail of men and the boat were ready. Long stringers were laid, one end resting on the boat, the gun rolled on and 'chocked' securely. The boat moved cautiously out of the shallow creek into the deeper waters of Light-House Inlet, where it was held two nights and two days waiting for the completion of the works and the building of the landing at the battery. The boat was loaded so the gunwale was not more than six inches out of water, and the boat had to be pumped out often and kept on an even keel in smooth water. I 'stayed with him,' as the cowboys say of the bucking broncho, and literally ate and slept by that gun.

"When everything was in order, the boat with its precious freight was towed by a small boat to the landing of the battery, the timbers laid as a landing, and the gun rolled into the battery. This was the work of one night. The night following, the gun was mounted, and I reported to Headquarters and was offered the command of the battery, with a detail from my regiment; but declined on account of my health, which the marshes of the Savannah

had already ruined . . . the command was given to the Ninth Maine . . . the gun on trial was found not elevated enough, and I again went with a detail and removed the wheels from the chassis, and lowered the carriage to the platform, which gave the desired elevation — 38 degrees. This gun threw long conical shells 8 inches in diameter. Owing to the weight of the projectile, the friction to be overcome to give it the spiral motion at such an elevation, the strain was so great that after a short time the breach blew out of the reinforce, throwing the gun, now nothing but a hollow tube, upon the parapet in front. Two 10-inch sea-coast mortars were put in its place, and were immediately dubbed the 'Marsh Hens.' The wrecked 'Swamp Angel' being now in the way, I was sent again with a detail of men; and we turned the gun parallel with the parapet [muzzle to the right. — D.E.] and buried it therein, where it lay till the government removed it shortly after 1870 . . .

"A word as to the construction of the works . . . the location was on a wide extent of marsh, covered with water at high tide, between James and Morris Islands, on the banks of an unfordable creek, which gave protection from the enemy and made it convenient to transport material in boats. The soft mud was filled with small poles thrust down into it; then timbers laid parallel, with short spaces between, with poles laid in the mud, and bags of sand to fill up even. Then timbers were laid across and spaces filled as before. A parapet 8 feet thick at bottom and 6 feet at top, and 6 feet high, was built on three sides of a square space. A platform was laid in this enclosure, on which the gun was mounted. All the material was taken from Morris Island about six miles [circuitous] . . . this is my remembrance of the works, etc., as I saw them several times in the course of construction."

Lieut. Wadlia then goes on to state that Headley's History of the Rebellion is mistaken in its description of certain batteries, but notably as to the "Swamp Angel."

Our hero was mustered as 1st Lieutenant 31 July 1863. At one time in July, 1863, we find him on duty with D. He participated in the entire siege, being in command of K on that memorable morning (7 Sept. 1863) when the troops were ready to march in as a forlorn hope, and the fort (Wagner) was found to have been evacuated during the night.

All this time Lieut. Wadlia's case was pending — *i. e.*, it had not been decided as to whether he should be made a citizen or still continue to wear shoulder straps. Data shows the embargo to have been removed from his pay (no officer could draw pay under such circumstances) in October, 1863; for on the 16th, at Morris Island, he got paid the magnificent sum of \$1,047.66 (nearly a year's pay). This settled the question, but it was a long time coming. Presumably he invited his brother officers into his cloth residence; and they all "drank from the same canteen."

Lieut. Wadlia appears to have been in command of K from some time in September, 1863, to January, 1864, though he did not go with the company to Broad Island. The latter part of the time Co. K (and A and C) was on Broad Island, cutting wood. Lieut. Wadlia was relieved by Capt. Stearns, on Broad Island, and returned to Morris Island, to G, about 23 Jan. 1864. He went to Florida with the regiment, and while there was on the drum-head court-martial case (Miller shot).

In Virginia, he participated in the various battles, with Co. G, at Drewry's Bluff, 13-16 May 1864. He was mustered as Captain 4 June and was transferred to Co. E. He was wounded in the calf of the leg 16 Aug. 1864, at Deep Bottom, Va. (otherwise called Flussell's Mills and Mine Run), while with his company (E) in the fore-front of the battle, being on the right of the regiment.

He reached Chesapeake Hospital, Hampton, Va., probably next day. Was in the hospital with Capt. (then Lieut.) White, Adj. C. C. and the writer. The latter, after a few days, was permitted to room with Capt. Wadlia, who had a beautiful apartment, so far as location was concerned; for it looked directly out on the Roads and Fort Monroe, where all the shipping could be seen and all arrivals and departures observed. After awhile, to the dismay

of Capt. Wadlia, gangrene got into his wound; and the edict went forth that he must be removed to a tent outside, but near the main hospital, and have separate treatment. Well does the writer remember the look of sorrow as the gallant Captain was removed to his single ward — segregated, set apart, for sufficient reason, from his fellow-sufferers. Gangrene is no insignificant foe, by any means. The writer, who had become very much attached to his Captain (both in same company at time of wounds), took occasion to visit him frequently in his lonely tent; and when the writer was ordered to Annapolis, it was with great reluctance that he parted with his friend. It appears that the first gangrenous attack was repelled only to return and be fought again. Yet the Captain did not succumb.

Capt. Wadlia had a sick leave (date unknown) as soon as he was able to travel, and went home, reporting back to Washington, whence he was ordered to the officers' hospital at Annapolis (Naval Academy). He was there discharged, for disability, 10 Feb. 1865, by S. O. 66, W. D.

After the war Capt. Wadlia went West, finally settling at Greeley, Colorado, where, in 1890, he was engaged in agricultural pursuits. He attended the reunion at Weirs a few years prior and received a hearty welcome.

NOTE. — Gen. Gillmore always spoke well of Wadlia and of his services on the Savannah. His book, containing report of Siege and Reduction of Fort Pulaski, page 58, Appendix C, says:—

7. Battery Burnside:

Sergt. James E. Wilson, Co. A, U. S. Engineers.

“ P. Maguire,

“ *Wadlie* [blank here. — D.E.]

with a detachment of Eighth Maine Volunteers in three reliefs. [The italics are mine. — D.E.]

Such is fame. Gen. Gillmore, indirectly, gave Sergt. Wadlia discredit by failing to give him proper credit. Again his book, “Operations Against Charleston, 1863,” says on page 147 (really Brig.-Gen. Turner's report):—

“The piece [referring to ‘Swamp Angel.’ — D.E.] was mounted under the supervision of Lieut. *Wadlie*, *Seventh* New Hampshire [fame again; the italics are mine. — D.E.], who deserves great credit for the accomplishment of this work, done under so many difficulties.”

Again, in the same book (really Col. Serrell's report), page 285, par. 115: “On the night of the 17th of Aug. (1863) the Marsh Battery [this was its official name. — D.E.] was ready for the gun, and Lieut. *Wadlie* [the italics mine. — D.E.] Third New Hampshire Volunteers, and Lieut. Parsons, Volunteer Engineers, made their preparations to put the gun in place.”

These are the credits Wadlia got, and with these he had to be content.

SOLDIERS' HOMES.

NATIONAL.

Branches.	Location.	Average Members.
Central	Dayton, O.	4,548
Northwestern	Milwaukee, Wis.	1,976
Eastern	Togus, Me.	1,533
Southern	Hampton, Va.	2,670
Western	Leavenworth, Kan.	2,044
Pacific	Santa Monica, Cal.	652
Marion	Marion, Ind.	770

Total 14,193

The total cared for during the year was, 23,521.

UNITED STATES HOME.

The United States Home for the Regular Army is located at Washington, D.C.

STATE HOMES.

State.	Location.	Average Members.
California	Yountville	324
Colorado	Monte Vista	25
Connecticut	Noroton Heights	248
Illinois	Quincy	846
Iowa	Marshalltown	347
Kansas	Dodge City	46
Massachusetts	Chelsea	198
Michigan	Grand Rapids	443
Minnesota	Minnehaha	144
Nebraska	Grand Island	67
New Hampshire	Tilton	46
New Jersey	Kearney	302
New York	Bath	900
Ohio	Sandusky	746
Pennsylvania	Erie	286
Rhode Island	Bristol	71
South Dakota	Hot Springs	65
Vermont	Bennington	51
Washington	Orting	41
Wisconsin	Waupaca	119

Total 5,315

(All for year ending June 30, 1892.)

REGIMENTAL ROSTER.

ABBREVIATIONS.

apptd.,	Appointed.	N.S.H.,	National Soldiers' Home.
Adjt.,	Adjutant.	N.H.S.H.,	New Hampshire Soldiers' Home.
A.Q.M.,	Assistant Quartermaster.	N.C.S.,	Non-Commissioned Staff.
Asst.,	Assistant.	O.D.,	Other Duty.
b.,	Born.	O.S.,	Other Service.
Capt.,	Captain.	O.V.,	Original Volunteer.
Corp.,	Corporal.	Pr.,	Private.
Com. Sergt.,	Commissary Sergeant.	P.O. ad.,	Post office address.
Chap.,	Chaplain.	P.M.,	Principal Musician.
Col.,	Colonel.	Q.M.S.,	Quartermaster-Sergeant.
cap.,	Captured.	R.Q.M.,	Regimental Quartermaster.
d.,	Died.	R.R.,	Representative Recruit.
des.,	Deserted.	res.,	Residence.
disch.,	Discharged.	re-enl.,	Re-enlisted.
dis.,	Disability.	ret'd.,	Returned.
D.R.,	Drafted Recruit.	res'd.,	Resigned.
enl.,	Enlisted.	Sergt.,	Sergeant.
furl.,	Furlough.	S.M.,	Sergeant-Major.
F. and S.,	Field and Staff.	S.R.,	Substitute Recruit.
Hosp. Stew.,	Hospital Steward.	sub.,	Substitute.
k.,	Killed.	Surg.,	Surgeon.
k.a.,	Killed in action.	tr.,	Transferred.
Lt.-Col.,	Lieutenant-Colonel.	U.S.S.C.,	United States Signal Corps.
Lt.,	Lieutenant.	V.R.,	Volunteer Recruit.
l.a.,	Leave of absence.	V.R.C.,	Veteran Reserve Corps.
Maj.,	Major.	wd.,	Wounded.
ma.,	Missing in action.	wds.,	Wounds.
Mus.,	Musician.	Wag.,	Wagoner.
must.,	Mustered.		
n.f.r.,	No further record.		

NOTE.—Tables to follow the Roster show where men died and where and how wounded and other data that was deemed inexpedient to incorporate in the Roster.

FIELD AND STAFF.

Original.

- Fellows, Enoch Q., Col.:** b. Sandwich, age 36, res. Sandwich. apptd. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. to date 26 June 62, l.a. April 62, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Centre Sandwich.
- Jackson, John H., Lt.-Col.:** b. Portsmouth, age 46, res. Portsmouth, apptd. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 24 Feb. 64, to Col. 27 June 62, wd. 18 July 63, O.D., O.S., d. 10 April 90, Boston, Mass.
- Bedel, John, Maj.:** b. Indian Stream, age 39, res. Bath, apptd. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, to Lt.-Col. 27 June 62, wd. 10 July 63, cap. 18 July 63, to Col. 6 Apr. 64, l.a. Jan. 65, O.D., O.S., d. 26 Feb. 75, Bath.
- Hill, Alfred J., Adjt.:** b. Durham, age 57, res. Portsmouth. apptd. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 14 April 62, O.S., d. 1 April 89, Portsmouth.
- Nesmith, Arthur S., Q.M.:** b. Franklin, age 28, res. Franklin, apptd. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. to date 15 Nov. 62, l.a. 5 Sept. 62, O.S., d. 18 Aug. 77, Franklin.
- Moulton, Albert A., Surg.:** b. Meredith, age 33, res. Concord, apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. to date 31 Oct. 62, l.a. 13 June 62, l.a. Aug. 62, d. 26 April 90, Sanbornton.

Eaton, Benj. F., Asst. Surg. : b. Grantham, age 30, res. Hanover, apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Oct. 62, O.S., d. 1 March 82, Hartford, Yt.

Hill, Henry, Chap. : b. Claremont, age 42, res. Manchester, apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, l.a. 31 Jan. 63, O.S., d. 1 Sept. 84, Chicago, Ill.

Gain from within Regiment.

Libby, Alvan H., Adj. (1st Lt. Co. A) : k.a. 18 July 63.

Copp, Elbridge J., Adj. (2d Lt. Co. B) (Pr. Co. F) : disch. to date 16 Oct. 64, l.a. 1 Oct. 63, l.a. March 64, wd. 13 May 64, l.a. May 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Nashua.

Jackman, Lemuel N., Adj. (Sergt. Co. F) : must. out 20 July 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Elgin, Ill.

Plimpton, Josiah I., Maj. (Capt. Co. E) : k.a. 16 Aug. 64, l.a. 25 Feb. 63, l.a. Dec. 63, to Lt.-Col. 29 April 64.

Randlett, James F., Maj. (Capt. Co. F) : must. out 20 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, l.a. May 64, to Lt.-Col. 30 Oct. 64, l.a. 26 Dec. 64, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. care A. G. O., Washington, D.C.

Trickey, Wm. H., Maj. (Capt. Co. C) (1st Sergt. Co. G) : must. out 20 July 65. P.O. ad. Danvers, Mass.

Hynes, John R., Q.M. (2d Lt. Co. A) : disch. to accept Capt. and A. Q.M. Sept. 64, l.a. 11 Sept. 64, O.S., d. 31 Oct. 70, Manchester.

Bingham, Geo. B., Q.M. (Com. Sergt.) (Co. F) : must. out 20 July 65, l.a. June 65, d. 28 Jan. 70, Lowell, Mass.

Gain from New Appointments.

Farrar, Daniel, Asst. Surg. (civil life) : b. Troy, age 26, res. Troy, apptd. 13 Aug. 62, must. in 13 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 4 May 63, O.D., d. 3 June 75, Leominster, Mass.

Buzzell, Andrew J. H., Asst. Surg. (civil life) : b. N.Y. City, age 31, res. Dover, apptd. 29 July 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, died of disease 27 March 65, to Surg. 17 Nov. 62, l.a. 24 Sept. 63, O.D.

Burnham, Chas. A., Asst. Surg. (from 2d N.H.) : b. Pembroke, age 25, res. Haverhill, Mass., apptd. 18 Nov. 62, must. in 6 Jan. 63, disch. for dis. 22 Sept. 64, arr. 5 Feb. 63, l.a. 4 July 64, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. 266 Tremont st., Boston, Mass.

Kimball, Franklin B., Asst. Surg. (civil life) : b. Bridgton, Me., age 34, res. Dover, apptd. 3 June 63, must. in 29 June 63, must. out 20 July 65, l.a. — March 65, to Surg. 22 May 65, O.D., d. 13 Dec. 89, Andover, Mass.

Manter, Geo. W., Asst. Surg. (civil life) : b. Londonderry, age 40, res. Manchester, apptd. 24 April 65, must. in 23 May 65, must. out 20 July 65, d. 7 July 70, Wellfleet, Mass.

NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF.

Original.

Jackson, Thomas M., S. M. : b. Portsmouth, age 21, res. Portsmouth, enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in. 26 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 Aug. 63, to 2d Lt. 28 Jan. 62, l.a. 21 June 62, to 1st Lt. 16 Oct. 62, to Capt. 12 June 63, wd. 18 July 63. P.O. ad. 2 E. 42d st., N. Y. City.

Miner, Geo. H., Com. Sergt. : b. Littleton, age 18, res. Hampton, enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 4 Oct. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. d. 21 Oct. 89, Oconto, Wis.

Sawyer, Moody A., Hosp. Stew. : b. Concord, Vt., age 25, res. Concord, enl. 26 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Boscobel, Wis.

- Brainard, Chas. F., Q.M.S.: b. Elizabethtown, N.Y., age 33, res. Keene. enl. 26 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 Aug. 63, to 1st Lt. 29 June 63, d. 13 May 81, Washington, D.C.
- Wing, Harrison B., 1st P.M.: b. Fayette, Me., age 27, res. Manchester, enl. 26 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Portland, Me.

Gain from Within Regiment.

- Copp, Elbridge J., S.M. (from Co. F): to 2d Lt. 19 Jan. 63, to Adj. 20 July 63. (See F. and S.)
- Dodge, Wm. Ladd, S.M. (from Co. D): disch. 16 Oct. 64, to 2d Lt. 3 Feb. 64, to 1st Lt. 29 May 64. P.O. ad. Topsfield, Mass.
- Lord, Geo. F., S.M. (from Co. B): resigned 5 April 64 (to Co. B).
- Thing, John H., S.M. (from Co. B): must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Holt, Marquis L., S.M. (from Co. E): must. out 20 July 65, to 1st Lt. 19 May 65. P.O. ad. Neligh, Neb.
- Smith, Thomas, S.M. (from Co. H): must. out 20 July 65.
- Hill, Varnum H., Q.M.S. (from Co. K): disch. 19 May 64 to accept Capt. and A. Q.M., O.S. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- James, Geo. R., Q.M.S. (from Co. D): must. out 20 July 65, to 2d Lt. 24 April 65. P.O. ad. Hampton.
- Swallow, Wm. A., Q.M.S. (from Co. F): disch. 26 June 65. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Clark, John, Q.M.S. (from Co. F): must. out 20 July 65.
- Bingham, Geo. B., Com. Sergt. (from Co. F): to R. Q.M. 30 Nov. 64. (See F. and S.)
- Berry, Chas. H., Com. Sergt. (from Co. H): must. out 20 July 65. P.O. ad. Chelsea, Me.
- Kittredge, Perry, Hosp. Stew. (from Co. B): must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Concord.
- Scovell, Albert D., Hosp. Stew. (from Co. I): must. out 20 July 65, furl. 11 June 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Galvin, Michael E. A., 1st P.M. (from Co. C): must. out 23 Aug. 64, furl. Jan. 64, d. 14 Sept. 70, Savannah, Ga.
- McEnry, Thomas, 2d P.M. (from Co. C): must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Fulton, Ill.

Transferred from Band.

- Gove, Nathan W., 2d P.M.: disch. 19 Nov. 62, furl. 4 Aug. 62, disch. under G.O. 126 W. D., 6 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Detroit, Mich.

BAND.

Original.

- Ingalls, Gustavus W., Leader: b. Bristol, age 36, res. Concord, enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Worcester, Mass.
- Brown, David A.: b. Attleboro', Mass., age 22, res. Fisherville, enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Penacook.
- Krebs, Carl: b. Germany, age 25, res. Concord, enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62, d. — 1886, Danville, N.Y.
- Hamilton, Henry S.: b. Lynn, Eng., age 25, res. Bow, enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Dadmun, Josiah A.: b. Marlboro', Mass., age 21, res. Concord, enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Concord.

- Brown, Samuel F.:** b. Seekonk, Mass., age 38, res. Fisherville, enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. for¹/₂ dis. Feb. 62. P.O. ad. Penacook.
- Plummer, John W.:** b. Georgetown, Mass., age 28, res. Lawrence, Mass., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 26 June 62. P.O. ad. Woburn, Mass.
- Caswell, John H.:** b. Grafton, age 21, res. Concord, enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Concord.
- White, Chas. H.:** b. Marlboro', Mass., age 27, res. Byfield, enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. 50 Wall St., Boston, Mass.
- Parkhurst, Phineas:** b. Templeton, Mass., age 23, res. Templeton, Mass., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62, d. 7 Nov. 77, Templeton, Mass.
- Gove, Nathan W.:** b. Chester, age 44, res. Concord, enl. 26 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, tr. to N.C.S. 1 Oct. 61, O.D., O.S. (See N.C.S.)
- Baker, James A.:** b. Holderness, age 21, res. Holderness, enl. — Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Stark, Henry:** b. Goffstown, age 19, res. Goffstown, enl. Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Goffstown.
- Hughes, Francis M.:** b. Windham, age 23, res. Holderness, enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Ashland.
- Brown, Henry F.:** b. Attleboro', Mass., age 24, res. Fisherville, enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Penacook.
- Burnham, Cyrus E.:** b. Littleton, age 22, res. Littleton, enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Littleton.
- Sanborn, Jacob R.:** b. Exeter, age 23, res. Concord, enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Waltham, Mass.
- Welcome, Philip:** b. Canada, age 22, res. Concord, enl. 31 July 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Bristol.
- Lovejoy, George L.:** b. Lancaster, age 22, res. Concord, enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62, d. 13 Sept. 89, Concord.
- Linehan, John C.:** b. Macroom, Ireland, age 21, res. Fisherville, enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Penacook.
- Flanders, George E.:** b. Hopkinton, age 35, res. Fisherville, enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Penacook.
- Mitchell, John C.:** b. Bristol, age 21, res. Fisherville, enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62.
- Gove, Nathan M.:** b. Derry, age 12, res. Concord, enl. 26 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Detroit, Mich.

Transferred from Second New Hampshire.

- Odlin, John W.:** b. Concord, age 19, res. Concord, enl. 28 May 61, must. in 1 June 61, tr. 4 Oct. 61, disch. 1 Sept. 62, O.S., d. 10 March 89, Concord.

Transferred from the Companies.

- Lang, George B.:** tr. from Co. I, re-tr. to Co. I, 1 Sept. 62.
- Johnston, George C.:** tr. from Co. A, re-tr. to Co. A 1 Sept. 62.
- Baker, Amos D.:** tr. from Co. A, re-tr. to Co. A 1 Sept. 62.
- Briggs, George H.:** tr. from Co. C, re-tr. to Co. C 1 Sept. 62.

COMPANY A.

- Clark, Rufus F.**, Capt.: b. Dover, age 30, res. Manchester, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. 14 Dec. 63, O.D., O.S., d. 19 Oct. 92, Roxbury, Mass.
- Libby, Alvan H.**, 1st Lt.: b. Jay, Me., age 27, res. Manchester, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, l.a. 1 May 62, to Adj. 1 June 62, O.S. (See F. and S.)
- Hynes, John R.**, 2d Lt.: b. Pittsfield, age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, to R.Q.M. (See F. and S.)
- Houghton, Ruthven W.**, 1st Sergt.: b. Sharon, Vt., age 20, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. to date 24 Oct. 64, to 2d Lt. 16 Oct. 62, to 1st Lt. 15 April 63, l.a. 26 May 63, wd. 1 Sept. 63, to Capt. 20 Jan. 64, l.a. March 64, wd. 1 July 64, l.a. 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. 523 W. 14th Ave., Denver, Col.
- Morrill, Frank L.**, 2d Sergt.: b. Washington, age 20, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of wds. 13 July 64, to 1st Sergt. 17 Oct. 62, to 2d Lt. 29 June 63, to 1st Lt. 15 June 64, wd. 1 July 64, O.D.
- White, Chas. A.**, 3d Sergt.: b. Deering, age 24, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to 1st Sergt. 29 June 63, to 2d Lt. 3 Feb. 64, l.a. March 64, to 1st Lt. 3 June 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, l.a. 28 Oct. 64, to Capt. 1 March 65, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Greeley, Col.
- Woodbury, Roger W.**, 4th Sergt.: b. Frankestown, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to 2d Lt. 28 Aug. 63, to 1st Lt. 20 Jan. 64, wd. 30 July 64, l.a. Oct. 64, to Capt. 1 Jan. 65, l.a. 21 June 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Denver, Col.
- Johnson, Thomas**, 5th Sergt.: b. Canada, age 31, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to ranks 23 June 62, re-enl. 21 March 64, des. 24 May 64, ret'd, O.D. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Chase, John N.**, 1st Corp.: b. London, age 27, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 23 June 62, furl. May 63, to 1st Sergt. 3 Feb. 64. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Baker, Amos D.**, 2d Corp.: b. Sanbornton, age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 3 March 63, res'd 11 Oct. 61, to Band 9 May 62, to Co. A 1 Sept. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Marlboro', Mass.
- Moore, Thomas T.**, 3d Corp.: b. Goffstown, age 33, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, res'd 30 Nov. 61, O.D. P.O. ad. Derry Depot.
- Johnston, Geo. E.**, 4th Corp.: b. Newbury, Vt., age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 28 Sept. 64, to Band 18 April 62, to Co. A 1 Sept. 62, wd. 18 July 63, wd. 13 May 64. P.O. ad. Washington, D.C.
- Holland, Richard F.**, 5th Corp.: b. East Boston, Mass., age 26, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, res'd 30 Sept. 61, O.D. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Bowman, Eli E.**, 6th Corp.: b. Fairfield, Me., age 34, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of dis. 9 March 65, res'd 10 Oct. 61, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, wd. 2 June 64, cap. 7 Oct. 64, O.D., d. 9 March 65 *en route* to Annapolis, Md.
- George, Samuel**, 7th Corp.: b. Goffstown, age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 31 May 65, res'd 11 Oct. 61, to Corp. 4 Aug. 63, furl. Sept. 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Hebronville, Mass.
- Evans, John M.**, 8th Corp.: b. Wales, age 33, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Sergt. 17 Oct. 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, O.S. P.O. ad. Manchester.

- Stokes, John F.**, 1st Mus.: b. Deertfield, age 20, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. to date 20 July 63, re-enl. 20 Feb. 64, wd. 18 July 63, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Togus, Me.
- Hammett, William E.**, 2d Mus.: b. Manchester, Eng., age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, to Corp. 11 Oct. 61, to Sergt. 4 Aug. 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, to 1st Sergt. 26 Aug. 64, to 2d Lt. 27 April 65, to 1st Lt. (not must.)
- Bennett, William L.**, Wag.: b. New Hampton, age 34, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 25 Nov. 63, O.D. P.O. ad. Bristol.
- Abbot, Alba D.**, Pr.: b. Sharon, Vt., age 18, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, to Corp. 26 Aug. 64, to ranks 11 Dec. 64, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, to Corp. 28 March 65, O.S., N.S.H.
- Adams, Ira J.**, Pr.: b. Lyman, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, wd. 13 May 64, died of wds. 2 July 64.
- Banfill, Haskell W.**, Pr.: b. Dalton, age 27, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 14 Dec. 61.
- Bachelder, John**, Pr.: b. Goffstown, age 44, res. Suncook, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 May 62.
- Bachelder, George W.**, Pr.: b. Gilford, age 22, res. Lake Village, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D., d. at Laconia, 25 Dec. 70.
- Bailey, Frank**, Pr.: b. Unity, age 23, res. Unity, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. No. Charlestown.
- Bean, George W. M.**, Pr.: b. Meredith, age 26, res. Lake Village, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, O.D., died of dis. 20 Feb. 64, Gilford.
- Bigley, William H.**, Pr.: b. Dublin, Ire., age 42, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, to Corp. 11 Oct. 61, to Sergt. 5 Aug. 63, furl. ab. 10 Nov. 63, re-enl. 22 Feb. 64, to 1st Sergt. 27 April 65, furl. 21 June 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Lubec, Me.
- Bowen, Edwin G.**, Pr.: b. Lebanon, age 22, res. Goffstown, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Goffstown.
- Buckman, Charles N.**, Pr.: b. Claremont, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Pittsfield.
- Bridgham, George W.**, Pr.: b. Bangor, Me., age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of dis. 19 Oct. 62, Hilton Head, S.C.
- Brelsford, Samuel D.**, Pr.: b. England, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, re-enl. 22 Feb. 64, wd. 16 June 64, cap. 7 Oct. 64, d. — 1876, Fall River, Mass.
- Brown, William O. H.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 29 June 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 18 July 63, Ft. Wagner, S.C.
- Cass, Harrison S.**, Pr.: b. Allenstown, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 13 May 64. P.O. ad. Dayton, O.
- Challis, Robert A.**, Pr.: b. Corinth, Vt., age 29, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Clough, Albert N.**, Pr.: b. Gilmanton, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 16 Oct. 64. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Coffee, William**, Pr.: b. Lebanon, age 30, res. Norwich, Vt., O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, to Corp. 17 Oct. 62, to Sergt. 21 Jan. 64, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, to ranks 11 Nov. 64, to Sergt. 27 April 65, O.D.

- Colby, Daniel F.**, Pr.: b. Bristol, age 27, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 11 Feb. 62.
- Constantine, George W.**, Pr.: b. Berlin, age 25, res. Charlestown, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 27 Jan. 65, re-enl. 22 Feb. 64, cap. 7 Oct. 64, O.D.
- Copp, Harrison J.**, Pr.: b. Rowley, Mass., age 41, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 27 April 62, O.D.
- Coty, Gideon**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 31, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 28 Sept. 64, furl. May 63, wd. 18 July 63, wd. 13 May 64, O.S. P.O. ad. Bethel, Vt.
- Cummings, Henry J.**, Pr.: b. Thetford, Vt., age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 27 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Lancaster.
- Dane, Albert G.**, Pr.: b. Claremont, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of wds. 4 Feb. 65, to Corp. 18 April 62, wd. 10 July 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, cap. 7 Oct. 64.
- Daniels, David R.**, Pr.: b. Candia, age 18, res. Candia, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 18 July 63, Fort Wagner, S. C.
- Davis, Charles O. R.**, Pr.: b. Chelsea, Vt., age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 30 June 63.
- Derby, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. Charlestown, age 28, res. Charlestown, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 26 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 Dec. 61, wd. 20 Aug. 63. P.O. ad. Claremont.
- Dupray, Joseph**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 28, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, des. 7 Nov. 64, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, O.D.
- Eaton, Walter S.**, Pr.: b. Weare, age 21, res. Weare, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. E. Weare.
- Emery, Charles O.**, Pr.: b. Newbury, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64.
- Evans, Frank**, Pr.: b. Rockingham, Vt., age 20, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 Nov. 63, to Corp. 29 June 63, wd. 10 July 63. P.O. ad. Washington, D. C.
- Ferson, Charles O.**, Pr.: b. Bedford, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. to date 20 July 65, to Corp. 23 Sept. 62, wd. 28 Aug. 63, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, to ranks 11 Dec. 64, wd. 11 Feb. 65.
- Flanders, William W.**, Pr.: b. Boscawen, age 24, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, d. 20 Jan. 91, St. Charles, Ill.
- Flood, John**, Pr.: b. New Haven, Conn., age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Fogg, George I.**, Pr.: b. Pittsfield, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 18 July 63, furl. Sept. 63, furl. Jan. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Chichester.
- Furnald, James G.**, Pr.: b. Canterbury, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 19 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 7 April 65, wd. July 63, wd. 31 Aug. 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, to Corp. 21 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, wd. 2 June 64, wd. 31 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Gay, Thomas F.**, Pr.: b. Francestown, age 24, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 27 April 62. P.O. ad. Pittsfield.
- George, Albert**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 31 Aug. 63, furl. — (enlisted 2d time, see Recruits A). P.O. ad. Manchester.
- George, Alden G.**, Pr.: b. Deering, age 22, res. Hooksett, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 26 Oct. 64, wd. — May 64, cap. 16 June 64.

- Gibson, Charles O.**, Pr.: b. Weare, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 29 Oct. 62.
- Gilbert, Charles**, Pr.: b. Bridgewater, Mass., age 39, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. to G 3 Sept. 61. (See Co. G.)
- Grannis, David H.**, Pr.: b. Claremont, age 25, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 4 March 63, O.D., O.S.
- Green, Walter A.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 14 Dec. 61.
- Gorman, Cyrus**, Pr.: b. Middlesex, Mass., age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 21 Sept. 64, wd. 13 May 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Hyde Park, Mass.
- Goodwin, John W.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 30, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of wds. 2 July 62, wd. 16 June 62, to Corp. 24 June 62.
- Hagan, John C.**, Pr.: b. Salem, Mass., age 25, res. Auburn, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Hanson, Thomas**, Pr.: Waterborough, Me., age 34, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 24 Sept. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Biddeford, Me.
- Hatch, Henry T.**, Pr.: b. Seitate, Mass., age 27, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Houseman, John**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 42, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 6 Jan. 62.
- Hodgman, William S.**, Pr.: b. Litchfield, age 28, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Andover, Mass.
- Holmes, Andrew J.**, Pr.: b. Jaffrey, age 26, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 15 Dec. 62. P.O. ad. Concord.
- Huntress, Wilbur H.**, Pr.: b. New Market, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 20 Feb. 64, O.D., N.S.H., d. 23 June 87, Manchester.
- Karney, Wm. M.**, Pr.: b. Scotland, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 18 July 63, O.D.
- Lawrence, Geo. H.**, Pr.: b. Nantucket Island, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 25 July 63.
- Leaf, Luke**, Pr.: b. Three Rivers, Can., age 28, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, m.a. 18 July 63, to Corp. 10 Oct. 61, to Sergt. 29 June 63.
- Lee, George W.**, Pr.: b. Craftsbury, Vt., age 28, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, re-enl. 30 March 64.
- Little, Samuel H.**, Pr.: b. Littleton, age 24, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, O.D.
- Marshall, Nathaniel**, Pr.: b. Derry, age 44, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of wds. 15 July 62, to Corp. 1 Oct. 61, wd. 16 June 62.
- Martin, Augustus**, Pr.: b. Hooksett, age 18, res. Hooksett, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 28 Aug. 63. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- McEwen, James**, Pr.: b. Scotland, age 27, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 28 Sept. 64, furl. Jan. and Feb. 64, wd. 16 May 64, wd. 16 June 64. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Mears, John**, Pr.: b. Stockport, Eng., age 19, res. Francetown, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, wd. Jan. 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, furl. May 64. P.O. ad. Roxbury, Mass.
- Newton, David H.**, Pr.: b. Epsom, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Manchester.

- Niles, Stephen W.**, Pr.: b. Waterville, Me., age 28, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Ormston, Joseph J.**, Pr.: b. England, age 33, res. Hooksett, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64.
- Perry, Austin E.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Wakefield, Mass.
- Plummer, William H.**, Pr.: b. Orange, age 18, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 26 June 62.
- Proudman, James D.**, Pr.: b. Dover, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. to U. S. S. C. 13 Oct. 63, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Meriden, Conn.
- Ramsay, William H.**, Pr.: b. Cambridge, Mass., age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. to U. S. S. C. 13 Oct. 63, O.D., O.S.
- Reynolds, Edward**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 18, res. New Boston, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 Oct. 64, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Rich, Thomas L.**, Pr.: b. Fort Covington, N.Y., age 19, res. Goffstown, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 17 Sept. 62.
- Roberts, Charles**, Pr.: b. Thetford, Vt., age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, des. 22 Aug. 61.
- Sanders, John H.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 Sept. 62.
- Shaw, George H.**, Pr.: b. Slatersville, Mass., age 21, res. Weare, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 12 July 63, P.O. ad. Holyoke, Mass.
- Squires, Hiram C.**, Pr.: b. St. Albans, Vt., age 43, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Syms, Ruel S.**, Pr.: b. Litchfield, Me., age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 April 62, O.D.
- Thomas, George S.**, Pr.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 20, res. Providence, R. I., O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, des. 9 Nov. 64, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, O.S.
- Tibbetts, Collins P.**, Pr.: b. St. Johnsbury, Vt., age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 20 Feb. 64, wd. — Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Derry Depot.
- Webster, George H.**, Pr.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 23, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. to date 20 July 65, to Corp. 16 July 62, to ranks 5 Aug. 63, to Corp. 11 Nov. 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, res'd 25 Aug. 64, to Wag. 26 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Whipple, David H.**, Pr.: b. Goffstown, age 20, res. Goffstown, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 5 July 62.
- White, Leander**, Pr.: b. Jay, N. Y., age 27, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 28 Sept. 64, wd. 13 May 64, O.D., d. 5 Sept. 90, Concord.
- Whitmore, Norman F.**, Pr.: b. Weathersfield, Vt., age 18, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. to U.S.S.C. 29 Feb. 64, wd. 10 July 63, to Corp. 5 Aug. 63, O.S., d. — Beaufort, S.C.
- Whitten, John R.**, Pr.: b. Malone, N.Y., age 28, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61.

Recruits, Co. A.

- Barton, Henry**, Pr.: b. Croydon, age 28, res. Croydon, V.R., enl. 18 Aug. 62, must. in 9 Sept. 62, died of wds. 18 Aug. 64, wd. 18 Aug. 64.
- Brown, Henry**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 20, res. Pembroke, V.R., enl. 21 Nov. 63, must. in 21 Nov. 63, died of disease 20 Dec. 64.

- Carter, William H.**, Pr.: b. Goffstown, age 18, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 2 Oct. 61, must. in 2 Oct. 61, died of wds. 15 Dec. 64, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, cap. 7 Oct. 64, O.D.
- Chapman, George**, Pr.: b. London, Eng., age 22, res. Lebanon, S.R., enl. 12 Oct. 63, must. in 12 Oct. 63, died of disease 29 Nov. 64, cap. 17 Oct. 64, sub. for Richard Walker of Lebanon.
- Chickering, Alpheus**, Pr.: b. London, age 35, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, des. 10 Nov. 64, wd. 7 May 64, wd. 18 May 64, sub. for Silas B. Woodbury of Manchester.
- Everington, George**, Pr.: b. England, age 23, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 12 Oct. 63, must. in 12 Oct. 63, des. 2 Dec. 64, sub. for G. Sidney True of Plainfield.
- Feen, Garrett**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 22, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 30 Nov. 63, died of disease 1 June 64, wd. 13 May 64, cap. 13 May 64.
- Field, George B.**, Pr.: b. Orange, Vt., age 28, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 15 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, Goldsboro', Prov. Ord. 73, H.Q. Dist. N.C.
- Fontain, Edward**, Pr.: b. Kingston, Can., age 18, res. Hanover, S. R., enl. 12 Oct. 63, must. in 12 Oct. 63, died of disease 30 Nov. 64, cap. 7 Oct. 64, sub. for D. H. Camp of Hanover.
- Frank, Alexander**, Pr.: b. Stockholm, Sweden, age 23, res. Mason, S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, furl. 1 Nov. 64, ab. 20 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for Otis Walters of —.
- George, Albert**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 19, res. Pittsfield, V.R., enl. 16 Sept. 64, must. in 16 Sept. 64, must. out 20 July 65, was an original member of A, des. 7 Nov. 64, ret'd. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Hart, John**, Pr.: b. Liverpool, Eng., age 23, res. Mason, S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, des. 5 Jan. 65, ret'd, sub. for James Q. Conant of Mason.
- Higgins, James**, Pr.: age 22, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 18 Dec. 61, must. in 19 Dec. 61, must. out 19 Dec. 64, must. out Chapin's Farm, O.D.
- Hill, James W.**, Pr.: b. Holderness, age 15, res. Laconia, V.R., enl. 20 Feb. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, must. out 1 Mar. 65, to Mus. 4 May 62, term exp. 28 Feb. 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Roxbury, Mass.
- Harrington, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Pembroke, V.R., enl. 17 Nov. 63, must. in 17 Nov. 63, des. 3 Sept. 64, ret'd, absent in arrest 20 July 65, n.f.r.
- Hamilton, James**, Pr.: b. Nova Scotia, age 23, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 12 Oct. 63, must. in 12 Oct. 63, des. 19 Apr. 64, sub. for E. H. Tenney of Claremont.
- Hilton, Peter**, Pr.: b. Holland, age 20, res. Northfield, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, died of wds. 31 May 64, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for James Foss of Northfield.
- Howland, George**, Pr.: b. Liverpool, Eng., age 24, res. New York, S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, des. 11 Sept. 64, sub. for C. H. Chandler of —.
- Kennedy, John**, Pr.: b. Newburyport, Mass., age 25, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 12 Oct. 63, must. in 12 Oct. 63, tr. to V.R.C. 17 April 65, O.S., sub. for George Dort of Keene.
- Leavitt, Jona. D.**, Pr.: b. Chichester, age 32, res. Chichester, V.R., enl. 30 Aug. 61, must. in 30 Aug. 61, disch. 2 Nov. 64, furl. May 63, wd. 10 July 63, to Corp. 5 Aug. 63, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 30 Aug. 64, disch. Concord, O.S. P.O. ad. Chichester.
- Lynch, William**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 29, res. Pembroke, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, disch. for dis. 16 June 65, wd. 13 May 64.
- McDuffee, Samuel**, Pr.: b. Bradford, Vt., age 44, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 11 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, tr. to V.R.C. July 63, O.S. P.O. ad. Lempster.

- McDuffee, Samuel V.**, Pr. : b. Bradford, Vt., age 27, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 15 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, tr. to Signal Corps 17 Sept. 63, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Thetford, Vt.
- McKinnon, Daniel B.**, Pr. : b. Rhode Island, age 21, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 21 Nov. 63, must. in 21 Nov. 63, died of wds. 16 July 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Martin, Joseph**, Pr. : b. Hooksett, age 19, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 16 July 63, must. in 16 July 63, disch. for dis. 2 Jan. 64, wd. —, N.S.II.
- Neal, Ransom M.**, Pr. : b. Unity, age 23, res. Claremont, V.R., enl. 11 Aug. 62, must. in 30 Aug. 62, died of disease 30 Oct. 62.
- Pervier, Amasa J.**, Pr. : b. Franklin, Vt., age 18, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 6 March 62, must. in 6 March 62, disch. for dis. 17 March 63, O.S.
- Putnam, John G. P.**, Pr. : b. Italy, age 23, res. Claremont, V.R., enl. 23 Aug. 62, must. in 19 Sept. 62, disch. 20 June 63, cap. 16 Aug. 64, furl. 20 March 65, disch. Annapolis, Md., under G.O. 77 W.D. P.O. ad. Claremont.
- Ross, George H.**, Pr. : b. So. Gardner, Mass., age 23, res. Croydon, V.R., enl. 18 Aug. 62, must. in 9 Sept. 62, disch. for dis. 16 March 63. P.O. ad. So. Gardner, Mass.
- Storin, Matthew**, Pr. : b. Concord, age 15, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 4 Feb. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, must. out 20 July 65, to Mus. 4 May 62, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Pawtucket, R.I.
- Sanders, George S.**, Pr. : b. Chichester, age 25, res. Chichester, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 8 Aug. 62, disch. 28 June 65, to Corp. 3 July 62, d. — Aug. 88, Chichester.
- Scott, William P.**, Pr. : b. Winchendon, Mass., age 42, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 13 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. and cap. 18 July 63, disch. Prov. Ord. 73, Goldsboro', N.C., O.D. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Squires, Henry H.**, Pr. : b. Cornish, age 25, res. Croydon, V.R., enl. 30 Aug. 62, must. in 30 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 7 Feb. 63.
- Simonds, James P.**, Pr. : b. Franklin, age 38, res. Franklin, V.R., enl. 9 Nov. 63, must. in 14 Nov. 63, died of disease 7 Feb. 65.
- Simpson, James**, Pr. : b. Liverpool, Eng., age 29, res. Canaan, S.R., enl. 12 Oct. 63, must. in 12 Oct. 63, k.a. 13 May 64, sub. for Wm. A. Flanders of Canaan.
- Smith, Thomas. 2d.** Pr. : b. Bristol, Eng., age 23, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, m.a. 7 Oct. 64, sub. for Dennis Donnelly of Manchester.
- Thompson, George**, Pr. : b. Nova Scotia, age 23, res. Wilton, V.R., enl. 21 Nov. 63, must. in 21 Nov. 63, des. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 8 March 64.
- White, James E.**, Pr. : b. Sandwich, age 30, res. Sandwich, V.R., enl. 26 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, died of wds. 16 Aug. 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Whitman, Wm. F.**, Pr. : b. Hartland, Vt., age 28, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 12 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, k.a. 31 Aug. 63.

Gain by Transfer.

- Hammond, Nathan H.**, Pr. : tr. from E, disch. for dis. 9 May 63, drowned 10 Dec. 64, in Connecticut River between Orford, N. H., and Fairlee, Vt.
- Baker, Amos D.**, Pr. : tr. from Band (*an original member of Co. A*), tr. Band to A 1 Sept. 62.
- Johnston, George C.**, tr. from Band (*an original member of Co. A*), tr. Band to A 1 Sept. 62.

COMPANY B.

- Wilbur, John E.**, Capt.: b. Providence, R. I., age 41, res. Exeter, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, dismissed to date 6 Feb. 63.
- Ayer, Henry H.**, 1st Lt.: b. Ballston, N. Y., age 42, res. Fisherville, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 May 64, l.a. 18 June 62, to Capt. 16 Oct. 62, wd. 18 July 63, wd. 26 Aug. 63, l.a. 19 Sept. 63, O.D., O.S.
- Fogg, Andrew J.**, 2d Lt.: b. Epping, age 29, res. Exeter, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 May 63, to 1st Lt. 12 Sept. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Libby, Jonah, Jr.**, 1st Sergt.: b. Danville, Me., age 30, res. Boston, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 Oct. 64, to 2d Lt. 12 Sept. 62, l.a. 9 Oct. 62, to 1st Lt. 15 April 63, l.a. 2 July 63, wd. 8 Sept. 63, to Capt. 20 Jan. 64, wd. 16 June 64, O.D., d. 31 March 77, Auburn, Me.
- Head, John M.**, 2d Sergt.: b. Pembroke, age 32, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. 24 March 64, to 2d Lt. 16 Oct. 62, O.D., d. 3 Dec. 84, Exeter.
- Flanders, John K.**, 3d Sergt.: b. Boscawen, age 22, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 29 Aug. 63, to ranks 11 Oct. 61, O.D.
- James, Thos. H. B.**, 4th Sergt.: b. Deerfield, age 23, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to ranks 24 Sept. 61, re-enl. 24 Feb. 64, wd. 16 May 64, to Corp. 6 Sept. 64, furl. Oct. 64, wd. 22 Feb. 65, to Sergt. 1 June 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Lynn, Mass.
- Dunn, Francis A.**, 5th Sergt.: b. Kingston, age 30, res. Danville, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 Oct. 62, O.D.
- Watson, Irving M.**, 1st Corp.: b. Limington, Me., age 37, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 11 Oct. 61, furl. May 63. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Thing, John H.**, 2d Corp.: b. Ossipee, age 28, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 11 Oct. 61, to 1st Sergt. 13 Sept. 62, to ranks 1 Dec. 62, to Sergt.-Maj. 5 April 64. P.O. ad. East Brentwood.
- Giddings, George H.**, 3d Sergt.: b. Exeter, age 27, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to ranks 24 Sept. 61, to Corp. 11 Oct. 61, to Sergt. 17 Oct. 62, wd. Sept. 63, furl. Sept. 63, to 1st Sergt. 25 Nov. 63, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, wd. 16 May 64, to 2d Lt. 6 June 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to 1st Lt. 18 Oct. 64, to Capt. 3 March 65, O.D. P.O. ad. 409 Broadway, Cambridge, Mass.
- Lamprey, Simon N.**, 4th Corp.: b. Hampton, age 23, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of wds. 17 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 13 Sept. 62, to 1st Sergt. 1 Dec. 62, to 2d Lt. 23 Nov. 63, to 1st Lt. 20 Jan. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- Bryant, John S.**, 5th Corp.: b. Durham, age 26, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 23 May 65, to Sergt. 1 Dec. 62, re-enl. 24 Feb. 64, to 1st Sergt. 6 June 64, to 1st Lt. 23 May 65, O.D.
- Clement, John W.**, 6th Corp.: b. Charlestown, Mass., age 35, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to ranks 24 Sept. 61, to Corp. 5 Dec. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Morrison, Wm. J.**, 7th Corp.: b. Calais, Me., age 19, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to ranks 24 Sept. 61, to Corp. 11 Oct. 61, to Sergt. 15 Oct. 62. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Blaisdell, John L.**, 8th Corp.: b. Danville, age 28, res. Danville, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 June 65, res'd June 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 18 May 64. P.O. ad. Merrimacport, Mass.

- Randall, John L.**, 1st Mus.: b. Deerfield, age 31, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 May 62, d. 8 March 68, Haverhill, Mass.
- Gage, William H. H.**, 2d Mus.: b. Boscawen, age 16, res. Boscawen, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Denver, Col.
- Dearborn, Charles A.**, Wag.: b. Chester, age 26, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 May 62.
- Abbott, Samuel W.**, Pr.: b. Dorchester, age 22, res. Sunapee, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 10 July 63. P.O. ad. Merrillan, Wis.
- Abbott, Horace F.**, Pr.: b. Hanover, age 24, res. Newport, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 June 63.
- Broadbent, John**, Pr.: b. Hyde, Chester Co., Eng., age 35, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 Dec. 62, to Corp. 13 Sept. 62.
- Batchelder, Albert F.**, Pr.: b. Chester, age 21, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Concord.
- Blaisdell, Josiah T.**, Pr.: b. Danville, age 33, res. Danville, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Newburyport, Mass.
- Blaisdell, Samuel C.**, Pr.: b. Danville, age 26, res. Danville, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Berry, Woodbury**, Pr.: b. Greenland, age 21, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Carver, Edward F.**, Pr.: b. Dorchester, Mass., age 31, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. So. Amesbury, Mass.
- Colbath, Charles W.**, Pr.: b. Exeter, age 18, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 13 May 64. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Carlisle, James**, Pr.: b. Exeter, age 39, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 13 May 64, O.D.
- Carter, Gideon, Jr.**, Pr.: b. Exeter, age 18, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Colcord, Ezra G.**, Pr.: b. Brentwood, age 20, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. Signal Corps 29 Feb. 64, to Corp. 11 Oct. 61, O.D., O.S., d. (killed by Ku-Klux Klan) 66, Mississippi.
- Caban, Samuel**, Pr.: b. Exeter, age 24, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 3 Sept. 62, wd. 16 June 62. P.O. ad. Kittery Depot, Me.
- Caban, William**, Pr.: b. Exeter, age 21, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62.
- Chase, James M.**, Pr.: b. New London, age 24, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 July 63, to Corp. 1 Dec. 62, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 24 Aug. 64, to 1st Sergt. 1 June 65, to 2d Lt. (not mustered). P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Clay, Alonzo**, Pr.: b. Madbury, age 21, res. New Market, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, des. April 64, re-enl. 26 Feb. 64.
- Currier, Joseph H.**, Pr.: b. Canterbury, age 32, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 26 May 62, O.D., d. 17 March 85, Concord.
- Currier, Adna S.**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 22, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 13 Sept. 62, res'd 23 June 63, wd. 18 July 63, to Corp. 5 April 64.

- Cushon, Joel A., Pr.: b. Lyman, age 38, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 16 May 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Webster.
- Casley, Edward W., Pr.: b. Concord, Mass., age 42, res. Concord, Mass., O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, des. April 64, re-enl. 26 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Orilla, P. Ontario, Canada.
- Donovan, Cornelius, Pr.: b. Providence, R. I., age 35, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 15 July 63, d. 7 July 88, Providence, R. I.
- Dudley, Daniel W., Pr.: b. Wolfboro', age 18, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, furl. May 63, to Corp. 7 July 63, wd. 16 May 64. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Dudley, Sereno G., Pr.: b. Brentwood, age 21, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Dearborn, Warren S., Pr.: b. Stafford, age 22, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. to date 20 July 63, to Corp. —, wd. 10 July 63, re-enl. 22 Feb. 64, to ranks 13 May 64, wd. 13 May 64. P.O. ad. Kingston.
- Davenport, Nathan, Pr.: b. Lewiston, Vt., age 37, res. East Kingston, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 7 Oct. 62.
- Davis, Henry, Pr.: b. Kingston, age 27, res. Kingston, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 22 Feb. 62. P.O. ad. Kingston.
- Dowlin, Ira C., Pr.: b. Bradford, age 27, res. Newport, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Claremont.
- Elliott, Daniel W., Pr.: b. Exeter, age 23, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62, to Corp. 23 June 63, wd. 13 May 64. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Edminster, John H., Pr.: b. Cornish, age 18, res. Sunapee, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 18 Oct. 62, furl. Sept. 63, to Sergt. 6 April 64.
- Favor, Fred H., Pr.: b. Hill, age 19, res. Boscawen, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 31 Oct. 62, wd. 16 June 62, d. 26 Dec. 83, Batavia, Ill.
- Farrand, Edward, Pr.: b. England, age 26, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 May 62, d. 25 June 64, Penacook.
- Fieldsend, Joshua, Pr.: b. Hyde, Chester Co., Eng., age 22, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Epping.
- Gage, Hiram, Pr.: b. Boscawen, age 45, res. Boscawen, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Wilton Jct., Iowa.
- Gerah, James, Pr.: b. Cambridge, age 30, res. Chester, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 16 Dec. 62, wd. 16 June 62. P.O. ad. Chester.
- George, Ira P., Pr.: b. New Boston, age 21, res. Newport, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 April 64, wd. 10 July 63. P.O. ad. Elkins, N. Mex.
- Hall, Edward F., Pr.: b. Epping, age 37, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. 28 Oct. 64, des. 24 Feb. 64, ret'd, wd. 16 Aug. 64, term expired 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Portsmouth.
- Hall, Horace J., Pr.: b. Exeter, age 17, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 19 July 63.
- Hall, Harris C., Pr.: b. Fremont, age 18, res. Danville, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of wds. 18 June 64, re-enl. 23 Feb. 64, wd. 16 June 64.

- Hook, Albert, Pr.: b. Chichester, age —, res. Chichester, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64, age 23, O.D. P.O. ad. Loudon.
- Henry, James B., Pr.: b. New York, age 24, res. Boquet, N.Y., O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. to Reg. Army 13 Nov. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Haines, John M., Pr.: b. Chichester, age 20, res. Chichester, O.V., enl. 14 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 11 Oct. 61, res'd 7 July 63, furl. 18 Nov. 63, O.D., d. 5 Oct. 75, Charlestown, Mass.
- Hinds, Simeon D., Pr.: b. Lowell, age 17, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 May 62. P.O. ad. Laconia.
- Healey, George W., Pr.: b. Raymond, age 18, res. Raymond, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 26 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, cap. 16 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. No. Prairie, Minn.
- Jones, Edwin, Pr.: b. Strafford, age 35, res. Chester, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 2 Aug. 62. P.O. ad. Chester.
- Jackson, Andrew, Pr.: b. Dover, age 20, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. to date 20 July 65, re-enl. 24 Feb. 64, to Corp. 6 June 64, to Sergt. 1 June 65, furl. June 65, a. on furl. 20 July 65.
- Kimball, William H., Pr.: b. Newton, age 20, res. Newton, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. to E 22 Sept. 61. P.O. ad. Newton. (See Co. E.)
- Kaye, Booth, Pr.: b. England, age 34, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease, 20 Aug. 63.
- Kelley, Isaiah, Pr.: b. Plaistow, age 25, res. Plaistow, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61.
- Leavitt, William R., Pr.: b. Exeter, age 43, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 18 Feb. 62.
- Leavitt, Joseph W., Pr.: b. Exeter, age 28, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 11 Nov. 63, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 14 Oct. 64, to 1st Sergt. 7 July 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Charlestown, Mass.
- Lord, George F., Pr.: b. Parsonfield, Me., age 19, res. New Market, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, to Sergt.-Maj. 25 Feb. 64, tr. back to B 5 April 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.D., N.S.H. P.O. ad. Manchester. (See N.C.S.)
- Locke, James J., Pr.: b. Portsmouth, age 21, res. Chichester, O.V., enl. 19 April 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 10 July 63, furl. May 63.
- March, Isaac W., Pr.: b. Newburyport, Mass., age 41, res. Danville, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Nov. 62. P.O. ad. Danville.
- Marston, William S., Pr.: b. Exeter, age 20, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. to Signal Corps Oct. 63, wd. 16 June 62, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Newburyport, Mass.
- Moore, Samuel E., Pr.: b. Vienna, Me., age 18, res. Kingston, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64.
- Moody, Alfred C., Pr.: b. Goffstown, age 25, res. Pittsfield, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 24 Feb. 64, to Corp. 12 April 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Deerfield Centre.
- Merrill, William H., Pr.: b. Hampstead, age 21, res. Danville, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of wds. 12 July 62, wd. 16 June 62, cap. 16 June 62.
- Perkins, William B., Pr.: b. Allenstown, age 18, res. Epping, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 24 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 7 July 65, d. —, Epping.

- Prescott, Joseph E.**, Pr.: b. Hampton Falls, age 39, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 29 Oct. 64, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, to Corp. 24 Aug. 64.
- Putney, Jacob B.**, Pr.: b. Hillsborough, age 43, res. Hillsborough, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 31 May 64, des. 1 Aug. 63, ret'd. O.D., O.S., d. —, Cambridgeport, Mass.
- Pease, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. So. New Market, age 18, res. New Market, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61.
- Reynolds, Henry A.**, Pr.: b. Manville, R. I., age 22, res. Milford, Mass., O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64. P.O. ad. Providence, R. I.
- Riley, John, Jr.**, Pr.: b. Hooksett, age 18, res. Kensington, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 27 Oct. 64, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64.
- Rowell, Ambrose E.**, Pr.: b. Brentwood, age 26, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 11 Oct. 61, re-enl. 22 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 6 June 64, to ranks 4 Oct. 64. P.O. ad. Brentwood.
- Sleeper, William H.**, Pr.: b. Fremont, age 20, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Williamsburg, L.I., N.Y.
- Silloway, Fred.**, Pr.: b. Kingston, age 26, res. Kingston, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Swett, John S.**, Pr.: b. Kingston, age 28, res. Kingston, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 27 Aug. 62.
- Swett, Gardner**, Pr.: b. Newport, age 26, res. Newport, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 Dec. 61.
- Senior, William**, Pr.: b. England, age 33, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Togus, Me.
- Smith, Jacob**, Pr.: b. Raymond, age 44, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 28 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Seaver, Daniel P.**, Pr.: b. Kingston, age 22, res. Kingston, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 10 July 63, O.D. P.O. ad. Newton Jet.
- Stone, Jacob D.**, Pr.: b. Exeter, age 36, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 11 May 62, N.S.H., d. 30 May 91, —.
- Story, Joseph P.**, Pr.: b. Hopkinton, age 36, res. Canterbury, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 Dec. 62.
- Stevens, William H.**, Pr.: b. Londonderry, age 20, res. Derry, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 13 Oct. 63.
- Tompkins, Eli**, Pr.: b. Goshen, Conn., age 32, res. Newport, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of wds. 31 Oct. 61, to Corp. 13 Sept. 62, res'd 23 June 63, re-enl. 23 Feb. 64, wd. 28 Oct. 64, O.D.
- Tuttle, James H.**, Pr.: b. Durham, age 22, res. Durham, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, to Corp. 29 June 64, O.D.
- Weeks, Jeremiah**, Pr.: b. Exeter, age 28, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of disease 23 March 63.
- Walton, William H.**, Pr.: b. Kensington, age 20, res. Kensington, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, died of wds. 18 July 61, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 18 June 64.
- Wiggin, Daniel H.**, Pr.: b. New Market, age 18, res. Epping, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, des. about Nov. 64, re-enl. 24 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, furl. Oct. 64. P.O. ad. Epping.

- Weymouth, Converse L.**, Pr.: b. Sangerville, age 43, res. Chester, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 27 Jan. 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, furl. 14 May 64, d. 9 Sept. 80, Chester.
- West, William**, Pr.: b. Bradford, age 24, res. Bradford, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Wag. —, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, O.S., d. 1 Oct. 92, Hillsboro'.
- Walker, Joseph M.**, Pr.: b. London, age 28, res. Chichester, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 22 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D., d. 7 April 65, East Concord.

Recruits, Co. B.

- Amie, William**, Pr.: b. England, age 21, res. Cornish, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, disch. to date 20 July 65, sub. for Horace L. Bugbee of Cornish.
- Ami, John**, Pr.: b. Liverpool, Eng., age 33, res. Hanover, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 7 Nov. 64, O.D., sub. for Darwin J. Babbitt of Hanover.
- Army, Lewis**, Pr.: b. New York, age 20, res. Orford, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 June 65, sub. for Hazen E. Carr of Orford. P.O. ad. Worcester, Mass.
- Buckminster, Henry M.**, Pr.: b. Lempster, age 18, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 14 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, died of disease 24 Jan. 63.
- Bell, Wilham**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 33, res. Campton, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Samuel N. Stickney of Campton.
- Bennett, William**, Pr.: b. Eastport, Me., age 19, res. Bristol, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, des. 7 Nov. 64, ret'd, to Corp. 12 July 65, sub. for Hiram W. Favor of Bristol.
- Bow, Michael**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 20, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 7 Dec. 64, must. in 7 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65.
- Campbell, Freeman H.**, Pr.: b. Acworth, age 31, res. Marlow, V.R., enl. 18 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 12 June 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Alstead.
- Chase, James I.**, Pr.: b. Bath, Me., age 30, res. Bridgewater, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 13 May 64, disch. under Prov. Ord. 73, sub. for George Fletcher of Bridgewater. P.O. ad. Walden, Vt.
- Clark, John**, Pr.: b. Boston, Mass., age 23, res. Bristol, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 13 April 64, sub. for Edwin C. Merrill of Bristol.
- Cavender, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 23, res. Enfield, R.R., enl. 7 Dec. 64, must. in 7 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, N.S.H., d. 17 March, 91, Togus, Me.
- Davis, Oliver O.**, Pr.: b. Weare, age 34, res. Keene, V.R., enl. 10 Feb. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, died of wds. 22 May 64, wd. 13 May 64, O.D.
- Davis, Milton G.**, Pr.: b. Westminster, Vt., age, 18, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 14 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 9 May 63.
- Dodge, Asa M.**, Pr.: b. Providence, R.I., age 27, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 14 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, disch. by order 27 Oct. 63, O.D., O.S., d. 14 June 72, Acworth.
- Dodge, David E. M.**, Pr.: b. Smithfield, R.I., age 22, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 14 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, died of disease 15 Dec. 62.
- Davis, Salmon F. J.**, Pr.: b. Acworth, age 18, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 19 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, disch. 25 Aug. 65, to date 20 July 65, at Concord. P.O. ad. Langdon.
- Duncan, John B.**, Pr.: b. Acworth, age 18, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 29 Aug. 62, must. in 19 Sept. 62, died of wds. 28 Jan. 65, wd. 13 May 64, wd. 15 Jan. 65, O.D.

- Duncan, Theron**, Pr.: b. Acworth, age 44, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 29 Aug. 62, must. in 22 Sept. 62, k.a. 13 May 64, O.D.
- Day, Robert H.**, Pr.: b. Pennsylvania, age 23, res. Wilton, V.R., enl. 21 Nov. 63, must. in 21 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, P.O. ad. 1703 North St., Philadelphia, Pa.
- Davis, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 23, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 21 Nov. 63, must. in 21 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 27 Oct. 64.
- Diaz, Manuel**, Pr.: b. Chili, age 23, res. Hanover, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 16 Aug. 64, sub. for M. C. Eaton of Hanover.
- Eagleston, Hugh**, Pr.: b. Scotland, age 22, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, k.a. 13 May 64, sub. for David Dulohery of Keene.
- Finley, Theodore F.**, Pr.: b. Acworth, age 18, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 15 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, died of disease 29 Oct. 62.
- French, Antonio**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 24, res. Hanover, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65 at Concord, cap. 16 Aug. 64, sub. for Grosvenor S. Hubbard of Hanover.
- Graham, John G.**, Pr.: b. Claremont, age 21, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 25 Aug. 62, must. in 25 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, to Mus. 12 Sept. 62, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73, O.D. P.O. ad. Good Thunder, Minn.
- Gillis, John G.**, Pr.: b. Maine, age 44, res. Pembroke, V.R., enl. 21 Nov. 63, must. in 21 Nov. 63, died of wds. 22 Sept. 64, wd. 20 Sept. 64.
- Howard, Melville C.**, Pr.: b. Jamaica, Vt., age 38, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, died of wds. 17 July 63, wd. 12 July 63.
- Huntoon, Abdalonymus**, Pr.: b. Unity, age 37, res. Unity, V.R., enl. 27 Aug. 62, must. in 1 Sept. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 10 July 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73, O.D. P.O. ad. Unity.
- Horton, Joseph E.**, Pr.: b. Taunton, Mass., age 18, res. Cornish, V.R., enl. 19 Aug. 62, must. in 19 Sept. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 13 May 64, furl. May 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73. P.O. ad. 16 Gardner St., Boston, Mass.
- Holt, Charles M.**, Pr.: b. Maine, age 24, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, des. 8 Nov. 64, O.D.
- Holden, William**, Pr.: b. England, age 30, res. Swanzey, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73, N.S.H., sub. for Benj. F. Meade of Swanzey, d. 9 March 77, Togus, Me.
- Johnson, William H.**, Pr.: b. England, age 26, res. Enfield, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, disch. for dis. 10 June 65, wd. 18 May 64, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Pittsburg, Kan.
- Jordan, Samuel**, Pr.: b. Boston, Mass., age 28, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 24 July 64, wd. 13 May 64, furl. —, sub. for Almond French of Plainfield.
- Kempton, Elisha M.**, Pr.: b. Claremont, age 31, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 19 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 10 Nov. 63, to Corp. 13 Sept. 62, res'd 23 June 63, wd. 10 July 63. P.O. ad. Newport.
- Kelsall, Edward**, Pr.: b. England, age 36, res. Dublin, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Sept. 63, furl. 30 Oct. 64, a. 20 July 65, n.f.r.
- Kittredge, Perry**, Pr.: b. Canaan, age 20, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 23 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, to Hosp. Stew. 15 Sept. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Concord. (See N.C.S.)
- Lear, George A.**, Pr.: b. Epsom, age 22, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 9 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 19 Sept. 62.
- Locke, Elbridge G.**, Pr.: b. Gilmaniton, age 21, res. Chichester, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 8 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, by Prov. Ord. 73, O.D., d. 2 Aug. 87, at Lake Village.
- Langdon, Thomas**, Pr.: b. New York, age 19, res. Cornish, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, k.a. 13 May 64, sub. for Chas. N. Kenyon, of Cornish.

- Munroe, Porter, Pr. :** b. Fitchburg, Mass., age 37, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 23 Aug. 62, must. in 23 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, by Prov. Ord. 73, O.D.
- McGuire, James, Pr. :** b. Waterford, Ire., age 39, res. Chichester, V.R., enl. 14 Oct. 62, must. in 14 Oct. 62, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 18 July 63, des. 15 Aug. 64, ret'd, O.D.
- McClusky, John, Pr. :** b. Swanton, Vt., age 19, res. Bridgewater, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 June 65, sub. for Thos. R. Spiller of Bridgewater.
- Peck, Calvin D., Pr. :** b. Maidstone, Vt., age 27, res. Acworth, V.R., enl. 25 Aug. 62, must. in 25 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 19 Sept. 62.
- Scott, William, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 24, res. Dorchester, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. 22 Feb. 65, wd. 18 July 63, O.D., sub. for James M. King of Dorchester.
- Smith, Michael, Pr. :** b. Massachusetts, age 20, res. Columbia, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. 16 March 65, sub. for E. George Rogers of Columbia.
- Thing, Frederick F., Pr. :** b. Exeter, age 22, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 15 Sept. 62, must. in 17 Sept. 62, disch. 17 Sept. 65. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Walker, William, Pr. :** b. Newburyport, Mass., age 21, res. Chichester, V.R., enl. 11 Aug. 62, must. in 11 Aug. 62, k.a. 16 Aug. 64.
- Watson, John, Pr. :** b. Dorchester, Eng., age 31, res. Dorchester, Eng., S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, des. 7 Nov. 64, sub. for James K. Whipple of —.
- Weymouth, Charles H., Pr. :** b. Chelmsford, Mass., age 18, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 9 Nov. 63, must. in 14 Nov. 63, died of wds. 20 April 65, wd. 11 Feb. 65.
- Williams, Richard, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 22, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 6 Dec. 64, must. in 6 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for John Wilson of Claremont.
- Walcott, Henry, Pr. :** b. England, age 28, res. Andover, S.R., enl. 6 Dec. 64, must. in 6 Dec. 64, des. 13 March 65, sub. for G. M. Stevens of Andover.
- Wilson, John, Pr. :** b. New Brunswick, age 22, res. New Hampton, S.R., enl. 6 Dec. 64, must. in 6 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for James Gordon of New Hampton.
- Williams, Henry, Pr. :** b. England, age 20, res. Rumney, S.R., enl. 7 Dec. 64, must. in 7 Dec. 64, des. 12 June 65, sub. for Clinton B. Simpson of Rumney.
- Youngman, George F., Pr. :** b. Lempster, age 20, res. Lempster, V.R., enl. 28 Aug. 62, must. in 1 Sept. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 10 July 63, wd. 16 May 64, furl. July or Aug. 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Lempster.

Gain by Transfer.

- Hebbard, Erskine W., Pr. :** tr. from Co. K, disch. for dis. 28 July 62.
- Lord, George F., Pr. :** tr. from N.C.S., must. out 26 Sept. 64. (*Original B.*)

COMPANY C.

- Donohoe, Michael T., Capt. :** b. Lowell, Mass., age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 27 July 62, to accept Col. Tenth N.H.V., O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. 14 Beacon St., Boston, Mass.
- Allen, Robert H., 1st Lt. :** b. Ireland, age 26, res. Manchester, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 29 June 61, wd. 16 June 62, l.a. July 62, to Capt. 12 Sept. 62, l.a. July 63. P.O. ad. Rockford, Ill.

- Cody, Walter**, 2d Lt.: b. Ireland, age 23, res. Manchester, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. to date 13 Nov. 62, wd. 16 June 62, i.a. July 62, to 1st Lt. 12 Sept. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Donohoe, Joseph J.**, 1st Sergt.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 14 April 63, wd. 16 June 62, to 2d Lt. 12 Sept. 62, to 1st Lt. 31 March 63, disch. to accept Adj't. Tenth N.H.V., O.S., d. 29 Sept. 73, Lowell, Mass.
- Kirwin, John**, 2d Sergt.: b. Ireland, age 26, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 9 Dec. 64, to 1st Sergt. 13 Sept. 62, to 2d Lt. 16 April 63, wd. 28 Aug. 63, to 1st Lt. 19 Oct. 63, i.a. March 64, to Capt. 3 June 64, i.a. Sept. 64. P.O. ad. Chicago, Ill.
- Connolly, Michael J.**, 3d Sergt.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. to date 16 Oct. 64, to 1st Sergt. 16 April 63, to 2d Lt. 3 Feb. 64, d. 17 May 76, Manchester.
- Casey, Thomas**, 4th Sergt.: b. Ireland, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, res'd 23 July 63, to Corp. 1 Jan. 64, to Sergt. 20 Jan. 64, to 1st Sergt. 4 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Portsmouth.
- Duffy, Hugh**, 5th Sergt.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 3 Feb. 63. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Byrns, Matthew**, 1st Corp.: b. Ireland, age 30, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 27 Sept. 62, wd. 16 June 62.
- Casey, John**, 2d Corp.: b. Ireland, age 24, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 13 Sept. 62, to ranks 23 July 63, to Sergt. 4 Feb. 64.
- McClemens, John**, 3d Corp.: b. Ireland, age 30, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Aug. 62, wd. 16 June 62, N.S.H., d. 6 Nov. 67, Togus, Me.
- Crosbie, John**, 4th Corp.: b. Canada, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. — Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 10 July 63. O.D.
- Cadorath, Eugene**, 5th Corp.: b. Canada, age 30, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 30 Dec. 62, to ranks by G.C.M. 24 Jan. 62, wd. 16 June 62, cap. 16 June 62.
- Eagan, John**, 6th Corp.: b. Ireland, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 27 Sept. 64, res'd 1 Dec. 61, wd. 13 May 64, furl.—, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, N.S.H., d. 12 Oct. 81, Hampton, Va.
- Healey, Timothy**, 7th Corp.: b. Kenmare, Ire. age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, d. of wds. 12 Dec. 64, res'd 1 Dec. 61, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64, des. April 64, ret'd, wd. 16 Aug. 64, cap. 16 Aug. 64.
- O'Connell, Robert**, 8th Corp.: b. Ireland, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 18 Oct. 64, to ranks 1 Dec. 61, wd. 13 May 64, to Sergt. 20 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
- Galvin, Michael E. A.**, 1st Mus.: b. Boston, Mass., age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, to 2d P.M. 7 June 63, d. 14 Sept. 70, Savannah, Ga. (See N.C.S.)
- McEnry, Thomas**, 2d Mus.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., must. in 23 Aug. 61, to 2d P.M. 22 Nov. 63. P.O. ad. Fulton, Ill. (See N.C.S.)
- Hackett, Edmund**, Wag.: b. Bombay, N.Y., age 26, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. by order 6 Sept. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Guthrie, Ind. Ter.
- Allen, George**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62.
- Baker, William**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 29, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 21 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 18 July 63, wd. 16 May 64.

- Barrett, John, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 32, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 10 July 63, to Corp. 1 Dec. 61, res'd 25 Feb. 62.
- Booth, John, Pr. :** b. Scotland, age 23, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62.
- Briggs, George H., Pr. :** b. Amesbury, Mass., age 26, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 25 Oct. 62, tr. to Band 31 July 62, tr. Band to C 1 Sept. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Amesbury, Mass.
- Bryant, David, Pr. :** b. Shefford, Can., age 33, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 June 62, re-enl. 28 Feb. 64, O.D., d. 17 June 65, Suncook.
- Butler, William B., Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 21, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 30 Jan. 63.
- Cameron, James, Pr. :** b. Scotland, age 30, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 27 Sept. 64, to Corp. 1 Dec. 61, wd. 16 June 62, res'd 11 Oct. 62, wd. 16 June 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Togus, Me.
- Carroll, John, 1st, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 29, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 24 Aug. 61.
- Carr, Francis, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 22, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Curran, John, 1st, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 22, res. Hopkinton, O.V., enl. 4 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62, O.S. P.O. ad. 382 Hanover St., Boston, Mass.
- Curran, John, 2d, Pr. :** b. Manchester, age 19, res. Boscawen (Fisherville, now Penacook), O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, des. — April 64, ret'd, to Corp. 1 March 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Connelly, Patrick, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 37, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 May 63, d. De-Camp Gen. Hosp., David's Island, N.Y., 22 May 63.
- Crosbie, Augustine, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 26, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D., d. 24 April 90, Manchester.
- Coffey, Jeremiah T., Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 21 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Cooney, Stephen, Pr. :** b. Cork, Ire., age 18, res. Concord (Fisherville, now Penacook), O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 18 May 64, wd. 16 June 62, wd. 13 May 64.
- Costello, Bryan, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 29, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 15 April 64, re-enl. 26 Feb. 64.
- Devine, John, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 21, res. Boston, Mass., O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Duffee, John, 1st, Pr. :** b. Ft. Covington, N.Y., age 28, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 21 Sept. 62.
- Duffee, John, 2d, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 26, res. Winchester, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62.
- Dunn, William, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 38, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 25 Feb. 62, to ranks 17 June 64, O.D.
- Eagan, Michael, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 20, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 22 July 63, wd. 16 June 62, O.S.
- Ely, Joseph, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 37, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 18 July 64.
- Elliott, Thomas F., Pr. :** b. England, age 32, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62, P.O. ad. Manchester.

- Farry, Bernard**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 35, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 28 Aug. 63, O.D. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Foley, David**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. by G.C.M. 1 July 62.
- Foley, Stephen**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 28 Sept. 63, wd. 12 Aug. 63.
- Farley, Daniel**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 23, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 64.
- Finn, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 32, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 26 Dec. 62.
- Fitzgerald, David**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 29, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 27 Sept. 62, wd. 16 June 62. P.O. ad. Highland Park, Ill.
- Fitzgerald, Francis**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 23, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 17 June 64.
- Fortune, Robert**, Pr. : b. Paisley, Scot., age 34, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 May 64, O.D., N.S.II.
- Garrity, Edward**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 25, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 24 June 62.
- Gaining, Patrick**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. Candia, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 March 62.
- Glavin, James**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 27 Sept. 64, to Corp. 19 Jan. 63, furl. —, wd. 18 July 63, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Hannahan, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 27 Sept. 64, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
- Henderson, James**, Pr. : b. Scotland, age 42, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Hunter, James**, Pr. : b. Scotland, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 27 Sept. 64, to Corp. 11 April 63, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, d. 9 Oct. 88, Manchester.
- Henrick, William**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 34, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, N.S.H.
- Hubbard, Oliver**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 32, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 27 Sept. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Haverhill, Mass.
- Kelleher, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 3 Sept. 61, O.S.
- Keating, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 27 Sept. 64, to Corp. 13 Sept. 62, furl. — May 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
- Kearing, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. by G.C.M. 1 July 62.
- Killelea, Patrick**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 25, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. —, N.S.II. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Kerby, Daniel**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 28, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 May 63, wd. 4 March 63, O.S., N.II.S.H. P.O. ad. Tilton.
- Larkin, Patrick**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 30 Nov. 64, to Corp. 7 Feb. 63, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, to ranks 2 July 63, wd. 13 May 64.

- Lee, Patrick, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 27 Sept. 64, wd. 16 June 62, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Mahoney, Patrick, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 3 Oct. 64, to Corp. 19 Jan. 63, wd. 26 Aug. 63, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Mahaney, Daniel, Jr., Pr. :** b. Kinsale, Ire., age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, killed by accident 16 Jan. 65, re-enl. 27 Feb. 64, killed by explosion Fort Fisher, O.D.
- Mining, Thomas W., Pr. :** b. Middlesex Co., Eng., age 18, res. Concord (Fisherville, now Penacook), O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Morrow, Matthew, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 19, res. Lowell, Mass., O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 Sept. 62.
- Morrison, James, Pr. :** b. Sherbrooke, Can., age 22, res. Canada, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 13 May 64, O.D.
- Murry, Robert P., Pr. :** b. England, age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Moore, David, Pr. :** b. Scotland, age 28, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 27 Feb. 64, to Corp. 3 March 65. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Mayers, James, Pr. :** b. England, age 38, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62.
- Murphy, James, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 32, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 May 63.
- Mulligan, Michael P., Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 18, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 3 July 63, to ranks 7 June 64.
- McCarthy, Daniel, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 30, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- McIntire, John, Pr. :** b. Lowell, Mass., age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 14 Nov. 64, des. 31 Aug. 63, ret'd, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, des. — April 64, ret'd.
- O'Brien, Terrence, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 38, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 Sept. 62, to Corp. 26 Aug. 64, wd. —, O.D., N.S.H., O.S., d. 23 Nov. 69, Togus, Me.
- O'Grady, Edward, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 24, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 21 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- O'Connell, Timothy, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 20, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 27 Sept. 64, to Corp. 16 April 63, wd. 18 July 63, wd. 13 May 64, to ranks 7 June 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
- Penno, Joseph, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 30, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62, O.S.
- Pelkey, Peter, Pr. :** b. Woonsocket, R. I., age 23, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, des. — April 64, ret'd. P.O. ad. Apponaug, R. I.
- Quinlan, James, Pr. :** b. Troy, N.Y., age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 June 62, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64, des. — April 64, ret'd, to Sergt. 3 Dec. 64, to 2d Lt. 20 May 65, O.D., d. —, R.I. (drowned).
- Quinlan, Jeremiah, Pr. :** b. Troy, N. Y., res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 2 Jan. 63, to Sergt. 23 July 63, res'd 20 May 64.
- Quinn, Edward, Pr. :** b. Leitrim, Ire., age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62.

- Sullivan, James, Pr. :** b. Mitchellstown, Ire., age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 25 Jan. 62, to Sergt. 7 Feb. 63, furl. — Sept. 63, re-enl. 26 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, to 1st Sergt. 23 June 65.
- Sloden, James, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 12 Aug. 62.
- Sherlock, Anthony, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 23, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Sheehan, Edward, Pr. :** b. Ballingarry, Ire., age 20, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 20 Jan. 64, re-enl. 26 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 26 Aug. 64, wd. 13 Oct. 64, to ranks 1 March 65. P.O. ad. Lawrence, Mass.
- Sheehan, Jeremiah, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 38, res. Boscawen, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 Oct. 61, N.S.H.
- Slattery, Martin, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 36, res. New Market, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- Spellman, Martin, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 28, res. Concord (Fisherville, now Penacook), O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, wd. 16 Aug. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, disch. to date 23 Aug. 64.
- Tonrey, Thomas, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 20, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 Nov. 62, d. 11 Nov. 86, Manchester.
- Verville, Joseph, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 37, res. Hooksett, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 27 Sept. 64, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, d. 29 March 83, St. Zepherin, Can.
- Woodburn, George A., Pr. :** b. Kilmarnock, Scot., age 26, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 Dec. 61, wd. 16 June 62, res'd 16 Oct. 62, to Corp. — Nov. 62, to Sergt. 16 April 63, re-enl. 27 Feb. 64 (color bearer when killed).
- Whittaker, Samuel, Pr. :** b. England, age 37, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 27 Jan. 63, wd. 16 June 62, and cap.
- Welch, James, Pr. :** b. Roxbury, Mass., age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 28 Feb. 64, cap. — May 64, des. 22 Feb. 65, ret'd (see G.C.M.)
- Wheelan, James, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 24, res. New Market, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 June 63.
- Wolfandale, William, Pr. :** b. England, age 43, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O D.
- Waters, Patrick, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 43, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 31 July 62, d. 24 Aug. 62, New York City.

Recruits, Co. C.

- Allen, William, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 30, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 8 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 21 Sept. 62.
- Ames, John, Pr. :** b. St. John, N.B., age 21, res. Chichester, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, des. 11 April 65, sub. for H. B. Langley of Chichester.
- Allen, John, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 22, res. Sandown, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Amos S. Clark of Sandown.
- Alson, Charles, Pr. :** b. Sweden, age 25, res. Freedom, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Edwin Pease of Freedom.
- Burns, John, Pr. :** b. Cork, Ire., age 21, res. Mount Vernon, S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, des. 24 May 64, sub. for Chas. A. Reed of Mount Vernon.

- Burns, William**, Pr.: b. St. John, N.B., age 21, res. Hudson, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, des. 12 April 65, sub. for David Clement, Jr., of Hudson.
- Bander, Philip**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 23, res. Lyme, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for P. E. Fairfield of Lyme.
- Bates, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. England, age 20, res. Ossipee, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for Joseph F. Brown of Ossipee.
- Bates, James W.**, Pr.: b. Rhode Island, age 22, res. New Hampton, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 20 March 65, to ranks 10 June 65, sub. for Hosea Q. Veasey of New Hampton.
- Blair, Joseph**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 24, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, des. 17 June 65, sub. for William Proctor of Barnstead.
- Barney, George**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 25, res. Pembroke, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Timothy Drew of Pembroke, d. —, Malden, Mass.
- Burke, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 27, res. Langdon, S.R., enl. 9 Oct. 63, must. in 9 Oct. 63, died of disease 20 June 64, sub. for Ebenezer Porter of Langdon.
- Crooke, Samuel**, Pr.: b. England, age 19, res. Enfield, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, died of wds. 8 July 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- Coburn, Horace W.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 18, res. Rumney, V.R., enl. 4 Jan. 64, must. in 4 Jan. 64, died of disease 27 Jan. 65, to Mus. —.
- Campbell, John**, Pr.: b. Tyrone, Ire., age 34, res. Gilmanton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, k.a. 27 Oct. 64, to Corp. 26 Aug. 64, sub. for Geo. W. Foss of Gilmanton.
- Crowley, John**, Pr.: b. Buffalo, N.Y., age 22, res. Gilmanton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, killed by accident 16 Jan. 65 (Fort Fisher explosion), sub. for John W. Lamprey of Gilmanton.
- Carroll, William**, Pr.: b. New York City, age 32, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 May 64, des. 5 Jan. 65, ret'd, sub. for Ira M. Adams of Alton.
- Carrigan, Henry**, Pr.: b. Boston, Mass., age 23, res. Boston, Mass., S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, des. 24 July 64, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for Jacob Bennett of —.
- Cosgrove, William J.**, Pr.: b. Nova Scotia, age 21, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, died of disease 28 Aug. 64.
- Chipperon, Lawrence**, Pr.: b. Spain, age 25, res. Chesterfield, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, disch. 18 Aug. 65, Concord, des. 17 April 65, apprehended, charge of desertion removed, sub. for Amos C. Crouch of Chesterfield.
- Cunningham, Michael**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 22, res. New Hampton, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, des. 10 April 65, sub. for Stephen P. Huckins of New Hampton.
- Carroll, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 21, res. Durham, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, des. 17 Jan. 65, sub. for John S. Chesley of Durham.
- Dugan, Daniel J.**, Pr.: b. Sharon, age 22, res. Sharon, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for John B. Shedd of Sharon.
- Denny, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 20, res. Ellingham, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for David H. Hobbs of Ellingham.
- Doane, John**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 21, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, disch. by G.C.M. 15 April 65, des. 27 March 65, ret'd, sub. for Chas. L. W. Thomas of Claremont.

- Desotelle, Israel, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 20, res. Rye, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, disch. 23 Sept. 65, Concord, des. 17 Jan. 65, charge of desertion removed 31 Aug. 65, sub. for Chas. H. Jones of Rye.
- Dore, John, Pr. :** b. So. America, age 22, res. Pelham, S.R., enl. 26 Dec. 64, must. in 26 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for D. M. Gould of Pelham.
- Donnell, Thomas, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 29, res. Marlow, S.R., enl. 26 Dec. 64, must. in 26 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Benj. F. Knight of Marlow.
- Davis, George, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 21, res. Warner, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, des. 17 Jan. 65, sub. for J. W. Clement of Warner.
- Davis, Hiram W., Pr. :** b. Canada, age 20, res. Orford, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, des. 17 Jan. 65, sub. for Samuel R. Morrison of Orford.
- Driscoll, Frank, Jr., Pr. :** b. Harrisburgh, Pa., age 27, res. Walpole, V.R., enl. 31 Jan. 64, must. in 31 Jan. 65, must. out 20 July 65.
- Earls, David, Pr. :** b. England, age 29, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, des. 30 Nov. 64, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for James O. Clarke of Manchester.
- Engelmann, Otto, Pr. :** b. Prussia, age 37, res. Pelham, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for George H. Carrier of Pelham.
- Eagan, Thomas, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 20, res. Chichester, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, des. 13 June 65, sub. for Joseph B. Clifford of Chichester.
- Farrell, John, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 21, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64, des. 1 Dec. 64, ret'd.
- Francis, Philip, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 21, res. Lyme, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- Friley, John, Pr. :** b. Bangor, Me., age 18, res. Lempster, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, des. 1 May 64, sub. for Henry E. Huntley of Lempster.
- Farren, Patrick, Pr. :** b. St. John, N. B., age 21, res. Pelham, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, des. 10 April 65, ret'd, sub. for Joseph E. Marsh of Pelham.
- Flannigan, James, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 23, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Benjamin Ward of Plainfield.
- Francis, William, Pr. :** b. England, age 22, res. New Hampton, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, des. 13 June 65, sub. for Warren P. Gordon of New Hampton.
- Flarity, Rodman, Pr. :** b. St. John, N. B., age 21, res. Hillsborough, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, des. 17 May 65, sub. for David Kimball of Hillsborough.
- Foley, William, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 22, res. Franklin, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for John C. Smith of Franklin.
- Foster, Charles, Pr. :** b. Michigan, age 19, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, des. 19 April 65, sub. for Martin D. Rowell of Plainfield.
- Farren, Patrick S., Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 22, res. Winchester, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, des. 10 April 65, sub. for Ira Gartine of Winchester.
- Grant, William, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 29, res. Washington, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Chas. Trow of Washington.

- Gimber, William**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 27, res. Weare, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for G. W. Muzzy of Weare.
- Gentiley, Ferdinand**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 20, res. Springfield, S.R., enl. 26 Dec. 64, must. in 26 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Oliver Nichols of Springfield.
- Grant, Marathine**, Pr.: b. Landaff, age 18, res. Landaff, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, disch. 25 June 65 by G.O. 37 H.Q. Dept. N.C., sub. for Stephen S. Prescott of Landaff.
- Hall, Charles**, Pr.: b. Montpelier, Vt., age 39, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 4 Aug. 62, must. in 8 Aug. 62, died of disease 11 April 63, to Corp. 13 Sept. 62.
- Hazzard, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 24 Dec. 64, must. in 24 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for William H. Farwell of Claremont.
- Harrison, Henry**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 20, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 24 Dec. 64, must. in 24 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Jotham L. Farwell of Claremont.
- Haggaty, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Pennsylvania, age 27, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 26 Dec. 64, must. in 26 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 May 65, sub. for Henry H. Darling of Keene.
- Jones, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 26 Dec. 64, must. in 26 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Charles Holton of Keene. P.O. ad. Lausing, Mich.
- Kavan, James**, Pr.: b. Kerry, Ire., age 29, res. Keene, V.R., enl. 25 March 62, must. in 25 March 62, disch. for dis. 9 May 63.
- Kennedy, John**, Pr.: b. England, age 21, res. Enfield, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, cap. 7 Oct. 64, disch. 1 July 65 by G.O. 77, Concord.
- Keefe, David**, Pr.: b. New York, age 23, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 10 June 65, O.D., sub. for Ambrose Hodgkiss of Keene.
- King, Michael**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 24, res. Webster, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, des. 11 April 64, sub. for Gilman Jones of Webster.
- Kelley, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 21, res. Laconia, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for William H. Pepper of Laconia.
- Klein, Charles**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 20, res. Conway, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Samuel Deering, Jr. of Conway.
- Kelley, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 20, res. Warner, S.R., enl. 24 Dec. 64, must. in 24 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Charles C. Benton of Warner.
- Knox, Frederick**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 23, res. Nelson, S.R., enl. 24 Dec. 64, must. in 24 Dec. 64, des. 19 April 65, sub. for George T. Beals of Nelson.
- Lamouth, Louis**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 20, res. Charlestown, S.R., enl. 24 Dec. 64, must. in 24 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Russell W. Robertson of Charlestown. P.O. ad. Chippewa Falls, Wis.
- Lewey, Frank**, Pr.: b. Vermont, age 20, res. Campton, S.R., enl. 24 Dec. 64, must. in 24 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Edward H. Sanborn of Campton. P.O. ad. E. Charlestown, Vt.
- Libbell, Henry**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 25, res. Unity, S.R., enl. 24 Dec. 64, must. in 24 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Lewis J. Bartlett of Unity.
- Long, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 20, res. Webster, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for J. W. Chase of Webster.

- Marshall, Dustin, Pr. :** b. Manchester, age 22, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 9 Aug. 62, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 25 July 63, to ranks 29 May 64, to Sergt. 26 Aug. 64, to 1st Sergt. 28 Oct. 64, wd. 15 Jan. 65, furl. — Jan. 65, to 1st Lt. 20 June 65, O.D., d. 10 May 79, at Worcester, Mass.
- Morrissey, Patrick, Pr. :** b. Tipperary, Ire., age 21, res. Gilmanton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 3 Dec. 64, to Sergt. 1 May 65, sub. for Chas. F. Swain of Gilmanton.
- McLaughlin, Daniel, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 21, res. Brookline, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, des. 14 Nov. 64, furl. — Nov. 64, O.D., sub. for Silas Lawrence of Brookline.
- Munson, James, Pr. :** b. St. John, N.B., age 22, res. St. John, N.B., S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, des. 30 Nov. 64, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for John Hanson of —.
- Morris, David, Pr. :** b. Liverpool, Eng., age 24, res. Merrimack, S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, des. 5 Nov. 64, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for Richard H. Senter of Merrimack.
- Murphy, Thomas, Pr. :** b. Liverpool, Eng., age 22, res. Cornish, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, disch. to date 20 July 65, O.D., N.S.H., sub. for Wm. D. Lear of Cornish. P.O. ad. Portland, Me.
- Mahoney, Dennis, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 37, res. Dublin, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, tr. to First U.S. Vols. 10 June 64, O.D., d. 27 Feb. 65, St. Paul, Minn.
- Mining, Thomas W., Pr. :** b. Middlesex Co., Eng., age 18, res. Warner, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65 (second time in regiment), sub. for Rolland Kelley of Warner.
- McCoy, Edward, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 20, res. Franklin, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, des. 11 April 65, sub. for Charles E. Chase of Franklin.
- Maxwell, John, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 21, res. Unity, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Bela Graves of Unity.
- Mullen, Francis, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 20, res. Newport, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, des. 27 March 65, sub. for Martin L. Whittier of Newport.
- Mulligan, Patrick, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 20, res. Plymouth, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Henry M. Rogers of Plymouth.
- Moritz, Theodore, Pr. :** b. Germany, age 26, res. Tuftonboro', S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, disch. 1 June 65, Wilmington, N.C., by G.O. 37, sub. for Samuel L. Gordon of Tuftonboro'. P.O. ad. St. Louis, Mo.
- McGuire, Frank W., Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 21, res. Pelham, S.R., enl. 20 Dec. 64, must. in 20 Dec. 64, des. 26 June 65, sub. for D. S. Fox of Pelham.
- Montague, Fred H., Pr. :** b. Canada, age 22, res. Merrimack, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for John L. Foster of Merrimack. P.O. ad. 26 McDonough St., Plattsburg, N.Y.
- Mitchell, John, Pr. :** b. England, age 24, res. New Hampton, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, des. 11 April 65, sub. for George W. S. S. Gordon of New Hampton.
- Murray, Edward B., Pr. :** b. Canada, age 21, res. Atkinson, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for John L. Little of Atkinson.
- Miller, Edward, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 23, res. Upper Gilmanton, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, des. 13 June 65, sub. for Harlon P. Ladd of Upper Gilmanton.
- O'Brien, Edmund, Pr. :** b. Tipperary, Ire., age 24, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 13 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, to Corp. 25 July 63, to ranks 1 Jan. 64, disch. Prov. Ord. 73, H.Q. Dist. N.C., O.D.

- O'Conner, Bernard, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 21, res. Webster, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, k.a. 27 Oct. 64, sub. for Stephen C. Huntoon of —.
- Owens, George W., Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. New Ipswich, S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, des. —, ret'd, O.D., sub. for George F. Stratton of New Ipswich.
- Potter, Lewis, Pr.: b. Montreal, Can., age 29, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 2 Aug. 62, must. in 8 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 21 Sept. 62.
- Potter, Joseph, Pr.: b. St. Albans, Vt., age 21, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 13 Aug. 62, disch. 9 June 65, wd. 26 Aug. 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64, disch. New Berne, N.C., G.O. 37, O.D.
- Peacock, John, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 14, res. Sandwich, V.R., enl. 5 Jan. 64, must. in 5 Jan. 64, disch. 5 June 65, to Mus. 21 Jan. 64, wd. 16 May 64, disch. Manchester, G.O. 37, N.S.H.
- Quinn, Barney, Pr.: b. Madison, N.Y., age 14, res. Conway, V.R., enl. 7 Jan. 64, must. in 7 Jan. 64, must. out 20 July 65.
- Riley, John, Pr.: b. Dublin, Ire., age 21, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Grosvenor Putnam of Claremont.
- Smith, James, Pr.: b. Providence, R.I., age 18, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 2 Aug. 62, must. in 8 Aug. 62, died of disease 13 Nov. 62.
- Smith, Peter, Pr.: b. Providence, R.I., age 18, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 8 Aug. 62, died of wds. 30 Aug. 64, wd. 18 July 63, to Corp. 7 June 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- Smith, John, 1st. Pr.: b. New York, age 21, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 11 April 64, sub. for Elisha Plaisted of Keene.
- Smith, William, Pr.: b. New Orleans, La., age 22, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, k.a. 7 Oct. 64.
- Sprague, William, Pr.: b. Wilmington, Del., age 23, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, des. 7 Nov. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 26 Aug. 64, O.D., sub. for Geo. W. Dodge of Manchester.
- Sullivan, Michael, Pr.: b. Northfield, Vt., age 21, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 9 Oct. 63, must. in 9 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, des. 2 Dec. 64, ret'd, des. 22 Feb. 65, ret'd, sub. for Joseph B. Perkins of Claremont.
- Smith, Charles, Pr.: b. British America, age 21, res. Lyme, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 June 64, sub. for David C. Fales of Lyme.
- Theney, James, Pr.: b. Dublin, Ire., age 26, res. Springfield, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, disch. 20 Oct. 65, to Corp. 29 May 64, to Sergt. 26 Aug. 64, furl. 7 Feb. 65, sub. for Sylvester E. Russell of Springfield.
- Welch, Stephen, Pr.: b. Kilkenny, Ire., age 19, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 6 Aug. 62, must. in 8 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, to Wag. 13 Nov. 62, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73, H.Q. N.C., O.D.
- Wilson, James, Pr.: b. Boston, Mass., age 21, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Sergt. 1 March 65, sub. for John Haley of Manchester.

Gain by Transfer.

- Briggs, George H., Pr.: tr. from Band (*an original member of Co. C*), tr. Band to C 1 Sept. 62.

COMPANY D.

- Dunbar, Chas. F.**, Capt.: b. Boston, Mass., age 33, res. Hampton, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 18 June 62, l.a. — June 62, O.D., O.S., d. 18 April 89, Hampton.
- Cornelius, Wm. H.**, 1st Lt.: b. Portsmouth, age 36, res. Portsmouth, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 14 March 63, O.D., O.S., d. 15 Sept. 67, New Orleans, La.
- Dearborn, Orrin M.**, 2d Lt.: b. Hampton, age 20, res. Hampton, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 11 Feb. 65, to 1st Lt. 16 Oct. 62, l.a. — Aug. 63, to Capt. 1 April 64, l.a. — Jan. 65, O.D.
- Dunbar, Jefferson C.**, 1st Sergt.: b. Boston, Mass., age 27, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 31 July 62, O.S., d. 22 Sept. 77, Hampton.
- Marston, David P.**, 2d Sergt.: b. Hampton, age 19, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 11 March 62, d. 30 Nov. 76, Hampton.
- Perkins, George**, 3d Sergt.: b. Hampton, age 25, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 20 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Rand, Ezekiel C.**, 4th Sergt.: b. Ipswich, Mass., age 20, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 2 Nov. 61, to ranks 1 Nov. 61. P.O. ad. Goffstown.
- Akerman, Joseph W.**, 5th Sergt.: b. Kensington, age 20, res. Kensington, O.V., enl. 23 April 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 28 July 63, to 1st Sergt. 1 Aug. 62, to 2d Lt. 1 April 63, l.a. 30 April 63, O.D., d. 4 July 92, Haverhill, Mass.
- Dow, Abram**, 1st Corp.: b. Hampton, age 30, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 5 Nov. 62, to Sergt. 22 Feb. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Seabrook.
- Lane, William E.**, 2d Corp.: b. Hampton, age 22, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 7 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 14 March 62. P.O. ad. Hampton.
- James, John S.**, 3d Corp.: b. Hampton, age 21, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 11 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Sergt. 5 Nov. 62, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, to 2d Lt. 6 June 64, to 1st Lt. 28 Nov. 64, to Capt. 2 May 65, l.a. 16 June 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Hampton.
- Wiggin, Leonard G.**, 4th Corp.: b. Portsmouth, age 21, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 31 May 64, res'd 29 Sept. 62, wd. 16 May 64, O.D.
- Tucker, John A.**, 5th Corp.: b. Kingston, age 23, res. Greenland, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to ranks 22 Feb. 62, wd. 16 June 62, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, to Wag. 20 May 64, O.D., d. 1 Dec. 86, —.
- Tredick, John H.**, 6th Corp.: b. Portsmouth, age 28, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 6 July 64, to Sergt. 1 Aug. 62, to 1st Sergt. 1 April 63, to 2d Lt. 3 Feb. 64, wd. 16 June 64.
- Entwistle, Thomas**, 7th Corp.: b. Manchester, Eng., age 21, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to ranks 1 Dec. 61, to Corp. 1 Aug. 62, wd. 10 July 63, furl. — Sept. 63, re-enl. 29 Feb. 64, wd. 16 May 64 and cap. (escaped), furl. — Feb. 65, to Sergt. 12 June 65. P.O. ad. Portsmouth.
- Mallon, John M.**, 8th Corp.: b. Boston, Mass., age 23, res. Amesbury, Mass., O.V., enl. 11 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 16 March 63. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- James, George R.**, Wag.: b. Hampton, age 23, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 11 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 29 Feb. 64, to Q.M.S. 19 May 64, furl. —, O.D. P.O. ad. Hampton. (See N.C.S.)
- Abbott, Leander J.**, Pr.: b. Ossipee, age 18, res. Great Falls, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 22 June 62.

- Burton, George W.**, Pr.: b. Portsmouth, age 22, res. Greenland, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Blake, Wm. H.**, Pr.: b. Hampton, age 18, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 15 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, furl. 18 Sept. 63, O.D.
- Brown, Charles, rst.**, Pr.: b. Seabrook, age 28, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Dec. 62.
- Brown, Charles A.**, Pr.: b. Newton, age 30, res. Newton, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 31 May 64, furl. — May 63, wd. 10 July 63, O.D., O.S.
- Blaisdell, Joseph P.**, Pr.: b. Lowell, age 19, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 25 May 64, to Corp. 2 Oct. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 14 May 64.
- Burley, James W.**, Pr.: b. Stratham, age 23, res. Stratham, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Bristol.
- Bickford, Jackson C.**, Pr.: b. New Durham, age 19, res. New Durham, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.S. P.O. ad. Middleton.
- Brown, Benjamin.**, Pr.: b. Pittsfield, age 38, res. Hampton Falls, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, O.D.
- Burke, James.**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 28, res. Kittery, Me., O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out. 23 Aug. 64, furl. — June 63, des. —, O.D.
- Crane, George T.**, Pr.: b. Hampton, age 19, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 26 June 65, to Corp. 14 March 62, to Sergt. 3 Feb. 64, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, wd. 16 June 64.
- Currier, Julius C.**, Pr.: b. Newton, age 23, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61.
- Clifford, Charles.**, Pr.: b. Saco, Me., age 23, res. Greenland, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 21 Sept. 63.
- Clay, Charles R.**, Pr.: b. Lee, age 18, res. Lee, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 31 Jan. 64, O.S., d. 1 March 77, Lee.
- Comings, Joseph T.**, Pr.: b. Salem, age 21, res. Lee, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 June 65, re-enl. 16 Feb. 64, furl. — 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, cap. 16 Aug. 64, O.D., d. 13 June 67, Lee.
- Dearborn, Hale B.**, Pr.: b. Hampton, age 21, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 17 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, O.D.
- Dow, Jonathan N.**, Pr.: b. Hampton, age 28, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 20 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 20 Feb. 62, to Sergt. 1 Nov. 61.
- Dow, Alfred N.**, Pr.: b. Seabrook, age 19, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 14 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 21 June 62. P.O. ad. Seabrook.
- Dow, George W.**, Pr.: b. Salisbury, Mass., age 23, res. Salisbury, Mass., O.V., enl. 16 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 Nov. 62. P.O. ad. Salisbury, Mass.
- Dow, Lowell M.**, Pr.: b. Salisbury, Mass., age 18, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 16 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 29 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. East Salisbury, Mass.
- Dudley, Charles A.**, Pr.: b. Brentwood, age 25, res. Brentwood, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Feb. 63. P.O. ad. Grafton.
- Doag, George P.**, Pr.: b. Durham, age 20, res. Durham, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 Nov. 63, wd. 18 July 63. P.O. ad. Dover.

- Dearborn, Samuel W.**, Pr. : b. Hampton, age 26, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 23 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Hampton.
- Eaton, Charles W.**, Pr. : b. Seabrook, age 23, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 23 Jan. 67 to date 20 July 65, furl. — 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, d. 4 July 68, Seabrook.
- Eaton, John H.**, Pr. : b. Reading, Mass., age 23, res. Lynn, Mass., O.V., enl. 11 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 31 Aug. 61.
- Edgerly, Joseph**, Pr. : b. Durham, age 26, res. Durham, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 Oct. 62. P.O. ad. New Market.
- Fair, James**, Pr. : b. Thomaston, Me., age 21, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62.
- Foster, Robert E.**, Pr. : b. New Market, age 23, res. New Market, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 28 Sept. 62.
- Fowler, James P.**, Pr. : b. Seabrook, age 27, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Nov. 62, d. 22 April 64, Seabrook.
- Godfrey, Washington H.**, Pr. : b. Hampton, age 23, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Gibson, George W.**, Pr. : b. Billerica, Mass., age 22, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 20 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease Jan. 65, wd. 16 June 62, cap. 16 May 64.
- Goss, George W.**, Pr. : b. Hampton, age 21, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 11 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 May, 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 3 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 24 Aug. 64, wd. 25 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Gilman, John S.**, Pr. : b. Raymond, age 21, res. Raymond, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Hampton.
- Gates, Warren G.**, Pr. : b. Ashby, Mass., age 28, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 20 Nov. 63.
- Green, John L.**, Pr. : b. Sanbornton, age 41, res. Hampton Falls, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 11 March 62.
- Gyman, Nicholas**, Pr. : b. Halifax, N. S., age 29, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 5 Nov. 62, O.S., d. 20 Aug. 90, Seabrook.
- Hobbs, John F.**, Pr. : b. Hampton, age 22, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 23 April 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 15 March 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 7 June 64.
- Horton, William**, Pr. : b. England, age 35, res. England, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 26 Aug. 61.
- Horrocks, William**, Pr. : b. England, age 27, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 Feb. 64, furl. — Sept. 63. P.O. ad. Highlandville, Mass.
- Johnson, Harrison E.**, Pr. : b. Newton, Mass., age 18, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 64. O.D.
- Johnson, Charles E.**, Pr. : b. Portsmouth, age 22, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Oct. 62, to Corp. 22 Feb. 62, to ranks 29 Sept. 62, O.S.
- Kimball, Daniel**, Pr. : b. Boston, Mass., age 18, res. Boston, Mass., O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 8 July 62.
- Knowlton, Warren**, Pr. : b. Danbury, age 22, res. Danbury, O.V., enl. 15 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 26 March 62.
- Knowles, William R.**, Pr. : b. Seabrook, age 36, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 28 Feb. 64, to Corp. 24 Aug. 64, furl. — July 65, N.H. S.H. P.O. ad. Seabrook.

- Littlefield, William W.**, Pr.: b. Kennebunk, Me., age 33, res. New Market, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 5 Nov. 62, re-enl. 29 Feb. 64.
- Littlefield, James H.**, Pr.: b. Biddeford, Me., age 19, res. New Market, O.V., enl. 18 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 3 Dec. 62. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Lovering, Moses**, Pr.: b. Lee, age 18, res. Lee, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, wd. 5 June 64. P.O. ad. Lawrence, Mass.
- Long, Perry**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 18, res. Durham, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, d. of wds. 3 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 April 63, wd. 12 July 63, res'd 1 Oct. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 7 June 64, wd. 16 June 64.
- Layn, David T.**, Pr.: b. Lee, age 18, res. Lee, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, d. of wds. 27 June 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Marston, George W.**, Pr.: b. Hampton, age 29, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, furl. — May 63, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, O.D.
- MacLinn, George T.**, Pr.: b. Danville, Vt., age 22, res. Bristol, O.V., enl. 25 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 3 Dec. 62. P.O. ad. Groton.
- Marks, Sardine**, Pr.: b. Reading, Vt., age 21, res. Charlestown, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, O.D.
- Moore, Joseph F.**, Pr.: b. Portsmouth, age 20, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 13 July 63, furl. — Sept. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, des. April 64, ret'd, O.D. P.O. ad. Portsmouth.
- Mendum, John**, Pr.: b. Lee, age 34, res. New Market, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 23 Sept. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Durham.
- McGroty, Hugh**, Pr.: b. Rollinsford, age 19, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 25 March 65, wd. 16 June 62, wd. 16 May 64, cap. 16 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, d. 1 Sept. 88, Berwick, Me.
- McGroty, James**, Pr.: b. Dover, age 21, res. So. Berwick, Me., O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 3 Dec. 62. P.O. ad. Dover.
- McDavitt, Henry**, Pr.: b. St. John, N.B., age 19, res. Hampton Falls, O.V., enl. 18 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 May 65, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, wd. — May 64, to Corp. 19 May 64, O.D., N.S.H. P.O. ad. Lynn, Mass.
- Neal, James**, Pr.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 19, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 Oct. 62.
- Odiorne, George W.**, Pr.: b. Portsmouth, age 22, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. — May 64, to Corp. 9 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 24 Aug. 64, to 1st Sergt. 1 March 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Jamaica Plain, Mass.
- Perkins, David W.**, Pr.: b. Chester, age 21, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 21 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, to Corp. 22 Feb. 62, to Sergt. 1 April 63, to 1st. Sergt. 3 Feb. 64, O.D.
- Palmer, Joseph E.**, Pr.: b. Hampton, age 22, res. Hampton, O.V., enl. 18 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 15 May 64.
- Perkins, John W.**, Pr.: b. Newburyport, Mass., age 24, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 21 April 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 14 April 65.
- Pevcar, Daniel E.**, Pr.: b. Hampton Falls, age 22, res. Hampton Falls, O.V., enl. 13 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Hampton Falls.

- Pevear, Samuel L.**, Pr. : b. Hampton Falls, age 21, res. Hampton Falls, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 20 July 65, New York, re-enl. 16 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Hampton Falls.
- Parks, William B.**, Pr. : b. New Market, age 23, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Plaisted, James W.**, Pr. : b. Portsmouth, age 21, res. Stratham, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 Oct. 62, furl. — May 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to 1st Sergt. 19 May 64, to 1st Lt. 24 April 65, to Capt. (not mustered), O.D.
- Randall, Charles D.**, Pr. : b. Durham, age 18, res. unknown, O.V., enl. — Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Redwood City, Cal.
- Rowe, Charles**, Pr. : b. Kensington, age 28, res. Kensington, O.V., enl. 20 April 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 April 63, furl. — Nov. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64.
- Smith, Charles W.**, Pr. : b. Brentwood, age 28, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 19 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 Dec. 61, to Sergt. 7 June 64, O.D.
- Sawyer, George E. H.**, Pr. : b. Fremont, age 22, res. Hopkinton, O.V., enl. 15 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 28 Aug. 62.
- Shorey, Nathaniel**, Pr. : b. Rochester, age 21, res. Somersworth, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 19 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 24 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 27 April 65. P.O. ad. E. Rochester.
- Stoodley, Thomas E.**, Pr. : b. Kittery, Me., age 19, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Elliot, Me.
- Simpson, Rufus**, Pr. : b. Greenland, age 19, res. Greenland, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64. P.O. ad. Gloucester, Mass.
- Wilson, Joseph**, Pr. : b. Bangor, Me., age 20, res. Seabrook, O.V., enl. 11 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 10 July 63, wd. 16 June 62.
- Wheeler, George W.**, Pr. : b. New Castle, age 19, res. New Castle, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Anburndale, Mass.
- Watson, James O.**, Pr. : b. New Market, age 25, res. New Market, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 28 July 62.
- Whittier, George A.**, Pr. : b. Newton, age 18, res. Newton, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, to Corp. 21 March 65. P.O. ad. Lawrence, Mass.
- Whittier, Edmund S.**, Pr. : b. Newton, age 19, res. Newton, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Young, Joseph H.**, Pr. : b. Wakefield, age 27, res. Rye, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Newburyport, Mass.

Recruits, Co. D.

- Allen, William**, Pr. : b. Barnstead, age 21, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, k.a. 13 May 64, sub. for Chas. C. Bean of Barnstead.
- Arlin, Emri**, Pr. : b. Concord, age 26, res. Concord, D.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, k.a. 13 May 64 (only drafted man in regt.), deserted, apprehended.
- Battis, John**, Pr. : b. Cuba, W. I., age 22, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64, absent 29 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for John S. Thing of Alton.
- Burns, James**, Pr. : b. Philadelphia, Pa., age 25, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, tr. to V.R.C., — wd. 16 June 64, O.S., sub. for John M. Jenness of Alton.



- Brown, Charles**, 2d, Pr.: b. Valparaiso, Chili, age 38, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 17 Nov. 63, must. in 17 Nov. 63, drowned 11 Jan. 65, wd. 27 Oct. 64.
- Clay, George W.**, Pr.: b. Barrington, age 19, res. New Market, V.R., enl. 27 Aug. 61, must. in 27 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 May 63.
- Carroll, Charles**, Pr.: b. Croydon, age 42, res. Claremont, V.R., enl. 24 Aug. 62, must. in 29 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, by Prov. Ord. 73, Goldsboro', O.D. P.O. ad. Claremont.
- Carroll, Van Buren**, Pr.: b. Croydon, age 28, res. Croydon, V.R., enl. 30 Aug. 62, must. in 30 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65 by Prov. Ord. 73, Goldsboro', O.D. P.O. ad. Croydon.
- Claymaums, Charles**, Pr.: b. Saxony, Germany, age 29, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, k.a. 14 May 64, sub. for Ezra Dolby of Alton.
- Coursin, Robert**, Pr.: b. Vermont, age 25, res. Hanover, V.R., enl. 18 Nov. 63, must. in 18 Nov. 63, disch. for dis. 5 June 65.
- Duffey, William**, Pr.: b. Bradford, age 22, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. 16 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 64, sub. for Martin N. B. Lang of Alton.
- Dodge, Wm. Ladd**, Pr.: b. So. Boston, age 19, res. Hampton, V.R., enl. 26 Aug. 61, must. in 26 Aug. 61, disch. to date 16 Oct. 64, to Sergt.-Maj. 20 Jan. 63 (see N.C.S.). O.D. P.O. ad. Topsfield, Mass.
- Eaton, Robert**, Pr.: b. Seabrook, age 44, res. Seabrook, V.R., enl. 2 Jan. 64, must. in 2 Jan. 64, disch. for dis. 20 May 65, wd. 13 May 64. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Gerald, Frank E.**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 15, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 28 Feb. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, must. out 20 July 65, to Mus. 4 May 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64. P.O. ad. Amesbury, Mass.
- Hogan, Patrick**, Pr.: b. Nova Scotia, age 21, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 17 Nov. 63, must. in 17 Nov. 63, disch. for dis. 11 July 65, N.S.H.
- Mills, George H.**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 15, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 5 Feb. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, must. out 20 July 65, to Mus. 4 May 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64., O.D. P.O. ad. Concord.
- McIver, Murdough**, Pr.: b. Stornaway, Scot., age 21, res. Orford, V.R., enl. 28 Jan. 64, must. in 26 Feb. 64, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- McCormick, Robert**, Pr.: b. New York City, age 27, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Henry Graves of Keene.
- Mullaholland, John**, Pr.: b. France, age 21, res. Canaan, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for George Tilton of Canaan.
- Malmgrist, Gustave A.**, Pr.: b. Sweden, age 20, res. Bristol, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 7 Nov. 64, N.S.H., sub. for Ichabod C. Bartlett of Bristol.
- McCoy, John**, Pr.: b. Vermont, age 21, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 12 Nov. 63, must. in 12 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65.
- McDonald, Donald**, Pr.: b. Scotland, age 21, res. Enfield, V.R., enl. 17 Nov. 63, must. in 17 Nov. 63, died of wds. 16 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 64, cap. 16 June 64.
- O'Brien, Michael**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 30, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, died of wds. 30 Oct. 64, wd. 1 Oct. 64, sub. for Oliver Graves of Keene.
- Ormstindorf, John**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 30, res. Enfield, V.R., enl. 17 Nov. 63, must. in 17 Nov. 63, died of disease 15 Aug. 64, wd. 13 May 64, cap. 13 May 64.
- Plummer, Daniel E.**, Pr.: b. Newington, age 18, res. Newington, V.R., enl. 27 Aug. 61, must. in 27 Aug. 61, disch. 31 Aug. 61, disch. by civil authority, Concord.

- Paul, Leon**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, cap. 2 Oct. 64, sub. for Francis W. Stickney of Plainfield.
- Powers, James**, Pr.: b. Maine, age 25, res. Bristol, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, disch. 24 May 65, cap. 16 June 64, disch. by W. D. telegram, Goldsboro', sub. for Geo. S. Fowler of Bristol.
- Prince, Jerome**, Pr.: b. Woonsocket, R. I., age 21, res. Lyme, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, tr. to V.R.C. 28 Jan. 65, wd. 18 May 64, O.S., sub. for Geo. P. Amsden of Lyme. P.O. ad. Milford, Mass.
- Ray, Jacques**, Pr.: b. France, age 26, res. Campton, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Jason Clark of Campton. P.O. ad. Portsmouth.
- Ranney, William**, Pr.: b. Newfoundland, age 24, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 3 Sept. 64, O.D., sub. for John G. Harriman of Claremont.
- Ridden, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 25, res. Bristol, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 17 Nov. 64, wd. 13 May 64, O.D., sub. for James A. Webster of Bristol.
- Smith, John**, Pr.: b. Scotland, age 21, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 12 Nov. 63, must. in 12 Nov. 63, des. 16 July 64, wd. 13 May 64, furl. —.
- Shepherd, Joseph**, Pr.: b. Lancashire, Eng., age 24, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, k.a. 16 June 64, sub. for Martin V. B. Gore of Plainfield.
- Swan, Andrew**, Pr.: b. Lawrence, Mass., age 21, res. Swanzev, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, disch. 17 July 65, wd. — May 64, furl. —, disch. Concord, N. H., sub. for Menzeus E. Stratton of Swanzev.
- Schnider, George**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 30, res. Lebanon, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, k.a. 14 May 64, sub. for C. H. Damou of Lebanon.
- Tucker, William**, Pr.: b. Liverpool, Eng., age 32, res. Bridgewater, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 30 June 64, O.D., sub. for Daniel Brown of Bridgewater, d. — 88, Greenland.
- Vanson, Charles**, Pr.: b. Bennington, Vt., age 22, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, disch. to date 20 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for Luther Stone of Keene.
- Watson, George E.**, Pr.: b. Pittsfield, age 17, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 3 Sept. 61, must. in 3 Sept. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, to Corp. 21 March 65, d. 28 Jan. 70, Concord.
- Walker, Charles**, Pr.: b. England, age 22, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, k.a. 13 May 64, sub. for Byron Sanborn of Plainfield.
- Wesber, James**, Pr.: b. Draent, Mass., age 36, res. Bristol, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, disch. for dis. 13 Sept. 64, sub. for Gilbert Dolloff of Bristol. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- White, John C.**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Bridgewater, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, cap. 2 Oct. 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for Joseph Adams of Bridgewater.
- Williams, Robert**, Pr.: b. Scotland, age 25, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 14 Aug. 63, must. in 14 Aug. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 24 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 4 Oct. 64, sub. for Merritt F. Colby of Plainfield.

Gain by Transfer.

- Webber, George H.**, tr. from K, disch. for dis. 29 July 62, to Mus. —, O.D., O.S.

COMPANY E.

- Plimpton, Josiah I.**, Capt. : b. Cambridge, Mass., age 35, res. Milford, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, to Maj. 30 Aug. 62, O.D. (See F. and S.)
- Ela, Richard**, 1st Lt. : b. Concord, age 21, res. Concord, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, to Capt. 1 June 62, l.a. 22 Nov. 62, O.D.
- Jackson, George W.**, 2d Lt. : b. Gardner, Mass., age 25, res. Concord, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 16 Dec. 61, d. 26 July 90, Concord.
- Flanders, Daniel J.**, 1st Sergt. : b. Wheelock, Vt., age 27, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 2 July 63, to 2d Lt. 31 May 62, to 1st Lt. 18 April 63, l.a. — May 63, O.S. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Nutting, George P.**, 2d Sergt. : b. Asburnham, Mass., age 25, res. New Ipswich, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 11 March 63, to 1st Sergt. 11 Oct. 62, d. 20 March 74, Memphis, Tenn.
- Osgood, Abner W.**, 3d Sergt. : b. Nelson, age 17, res. Milford, O.V., enl. 23 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 10 Oct. 62, to ranks 8 Nov. 61.
- Bullock, Philip M.**, 4th Sergt. : b. Warren, age 27, res. Hanover, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 23 June 62, d. 9 Jan. 92, Lawrence, Mass.
- McDonald, Converse D.**, 5th Sergt. : b. Clinton, Me., age 38, res. Plymouth, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 2 Nov. 62 (was a color bearer), O.D., d. 15 April 85, Plymouth.
- Hazen, Charles S.**, 1st Corp. : b. Princeton, Mass., age 21, res. Milford, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. to date 17 Dec. 64, to Sergt. 23 June 62, to 2d Lt. 24 Nov. 63, wd. 13 May 64, l.a. 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Dublin.
- Abbott, Warren S.**, 2d Corp. : b. Concord, age 23, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, N.Y., to ranks 27 Sept. 61, to Corp. 11 Oct. 62, to ranks 1 May 64, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, P.O. ad. Suncook.
- Scales, Royal, Jr.**, 3d Corp. : b. Canterbury, age 29, res. Canterbury, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Sergt. 11 Oct. 62, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, O.D.
- Millett, William F.**, 4th Corp. : b. So. Andover, Mass., age 24, res. Hudson, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, res'd 19 Nov. 62, wd. 13 May 64, to Corp. 26 May 64, O.D.
- Abbott, George H.**, 5th Corp. : b. Loudon, age 23, res. Loudon, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, to Sergt. 12 Nov. 61, to 1st Sergt. 12 March 63.
- Hoyt, Jason R. C.**, 6th Corp. : b. Concord, age 32, res. Penacook, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to ranks 16 Aug. 62, wd. 16 June 64. P.O. ad. Loudon.
- York, Albert**, 7th Corp. : b. Skowhegan, Me., age 24, res. Mount Vernon, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to ranks 25 March 62, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 26 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 15 Oct. 64, to 1st Sergt. 10 Jan. 65, wd. 15 Jan. 65, furl. 8 June 65, O.S.
- Fife, George**, 8th Corp. : b. Pembroke, age 28, res. Northwood, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 12 March 63, wd. 13 May 64.
- Cutter, James R.**, 1st Mus. : b. Hubbardston, Mass., age 20, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 3 Sept. 61.
- Davis, Horace L.**, 2d Mus. : b. Holderness, age 20, res. Canaan, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 61, O.D.

- Donley, Michael P.**, Wag.: b. Trim, Ire., age 24, res. New Ipswich, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 27 Sept. 61, to Sergt. 19 Nov. 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, to 1st Sergt. 20 May 64, to 2d Lt. 16 July 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to 1st Lt. 24 Feb. 65, to Capt. 19 May 65, O.D. P.O. ad. East Rindge.
- Asquith, Daniel**, Pr.: b. England, age 42, res. Merrimack, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 23 June 62.
- Abbott, John**, Pr.: b. Lyme, age 21, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. to date 20 July 65, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, wd. 16 June 64, des. —, ret'd., O.D.
- Brown, Horatio H.**, Pr.: b. Burrillville, R. I., age 20, res. North Weare, O.V., enl. 18 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 June 62, re-enl. 17 Feb. 64, to Corp. 26 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 10 Jan. 65.
- Brown, Daniel H.**, Pr.: b. Deering, age 38, res. Bennington, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 1 July 63, furl. 9 May 63.
- Burdick, Rodney W.**, Pr.: b. Murray, N.Y., age 25, res. Amherst, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, furl. — Sept. 63, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, to Corp. 18 July 64, to 1st Sergt. 26 Aug. 64, to ranks 10 Jan. 65, to Sergt. 9 July 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Amherst.
- Barrett, Cyrus A.**, Pr.: b. Washington, age 28, res. Deering, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Frankestown.
- Buss, Joseph**, Pr.: b. Nashua, age 43, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 5 March 63.
- Benson, George W.**, Pr.: b. Hooksett, age 27, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 18 July 64, to Corp. 19 Nov. 62., wd. 13 May 64.
- Bartlett, Stephen H.**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 19, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 18 Feb. 62.
- Burnham, Matthew F.**, Pr.: b. Mount Vernon, age 28, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 Jan. 63. P.O. ad. Mount Vernon.
- Buxton, John R.**, Pr.: b. Philadelphia, Pa., age 32, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D., N.S.H.
- Bickford, Noah E.**, Pr.: b. Vermont, age 38, res. Vermont, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 Oct. 61.
- Briley, Thomas**, Pr.: b. England, age 34, res. Bristol, R.I., O.V., enl. 6 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Brown, Jeremiah**, Pr.: b. London, age 18, res. London, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 14 Nov. 62.
- Burns, John E.**, Pr.: b. Milford, age 18, res. Milford, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 May 64, O.D. P.O. ad. 1050 W. Washington St., Indianapolis, Ind.
- Burrows, James**, Pr.: b. Tyngsboro', Mass., age 27, res. Tewksbury, Mass., O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 30 Sept. 64, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, wd. 14 May 64.
- Carr, George D.**, Pr.: b. Londonderry, age 30, res. Hudson, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, d. of wds. 28 June 62, wd. 16 June 62 and cap.
- Chase, Valentine M.**, Pr.: b. Weare, age 19, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, d. of wds. 24 July 62, wd. 16 June 62 and cap.
- Drew, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. Pembroke, age 21, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to Co. II 1 Jan. 62 (see Co. II). P.O. ad. Washingtonville, N.Y.
- Dimick, Asa**, Pr.: b. Lyme, age 22, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 15 May 64, O.D.



- Dolan, Hugh**, Pr.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 22, res. Merrimack, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. 157 Monroe St., Springfield, Mass.
- Dolan, Peter H. B.**, Pr.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 18, res. Merrimack, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 13 June 62, to Sergt. 30 Nov. 63. P.O. ad. 3741 No. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
- Davis, Thomas S.**, Pr.: b. Epping, age 24, res. Epping, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Dickey, James M.**, Pr.: b. Epsom, age 21, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 23 June 62, res'd 8 Feb. 63, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, wd. 14 May 64, wd. 31 May 64, to Corp. 10 Jan. 65, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Foss, John**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 21, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 3 Sept. 61.
- Fogg, Stephen F.**, Pr.: b. Deerfield, age 23, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 25 March 62, to 1st Sergt. 13 June 62, res'd 11 Oct. 62, to Corp. 9 Feb. 63, to Sergt. 18 July 64. P.O. ad. Springvale, Me.
- Fontaine, Lewis**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 19, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 64.
- Gardner, James M.**, Pr.: b. at sea, age 23, res. Merrimack, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 Dec. 62.
- Hadley, Stephen, 2d**, Pr.: b. Canaan, age 25, res. Canaan, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 9 Sept. 64, wd. 13 May 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Lebanon.
- Hadley, Andrew J.**, Pr.: b. Hanover, age 27, res. Hanover, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 20 May 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Enfield.
- Howe, John M.**, Pr.: b. Hopkinton, age 22, res. Canterbury, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 28 July 62. P.O. ad. Allenstown.
- Hoxie, Benjamin**, Pr.: b. Maine, age 20, res. Groton, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 20 Feb. 64 (killed at Olustee, Fla.), O.D.
- Hilliard, Roswell M. C.**, Pr.: b. Pittsfield, age 22, res. Loudon, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 May 63, wd. 7 Jan. 63. P.O. ad. Russellville, Ala.
- Heath, Tyler**, Pr.: b. Holderness, age 19, res. Canaan, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, wd. —, k.a. 15 May 64, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64.
- Heath, Benj. H.**, Pr.: b. Sandwich, Mass., age 23, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, furl.— Oct. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Sandwich, Mass.
- Hix, William**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 20, res. Francetown, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 2 May 64, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64.
- Herrick, John E.**, Pr.: b. Wilton, age 20, res. Wilton, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 18 July 63, d. 20 May 65, Antrim.
- Holt, Marquis L.**, Pr.: b. Nelson, age 16, res. Mason Village, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 18 Aug. 62, furl.— Sept. 63, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 20 May 64, to 1st Sergt. 18 July 64, to Sergt.-Maj. 24 Aug. 64. O.D. (See N.C.S.)
- Hennessey, Peter**, Pr.: b. Brooklyn, N.Y., age 20, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 8 Nov. 64, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, to Corp. 18 July 64, O.D.
- Halligan, Luke**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 30, res. Milford, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease between 18 July and 8 Aug. 63, wd. 18 July 63 and cap.



- Ineson, Benjamin**, Pr.: b. England, age 25, res. Merrimack, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Jones, George L.**, Pr.: b. Milford, age 18, res. Milford, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k a. 9 June 64, wd. 16 June 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Johonnet, Emerson L.**, Pr.: b. New Boston, age 25, res. New Boston, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 30 Nov. 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Godstown.
- Kenniston, Horace B.**, Pr.: b. Norwich, Vt., age 29, res. Deering, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 24 May 64, to Corp. 12 Nov. 61, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to ranks 1 May 64, O.D.
- La Clair, Emery**, Pr.: b. St. Albans, Vt., age 23, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. to date 31 Dec. 64, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Lear, Henry A.**, Pr.: b. Epsom, age 18, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 27 Oct. 64, d. 17 Sept. 67, Concord.
- Marshall, Harrison L.**, Pr.: b. Bradford, age 41, res. Greenfield, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 May 63, O.S., d. 14 Aug. 76, Little Rock, Ark.
- McDaniel, Samuel**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 21, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 1 April 65, wd. 16 June 62, re-enl. 18 Feb. 64, wd. 15 May 64, O.S., d. 30 Aug. 76, Concord.
- Prew, Charles**, Pr.: b. Boston, Mass., age 17, res. Wilton, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 25 Aug. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64. P.O. ad. Sterling, Mass.
- Palmer, Robert F.**, Pr.: b. Chicago, Ill., age 21, res. Bow, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 4 Jan. 62.
- Pettigrew, Henry J.**, Pr.: b. Barnstead, age 23, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, to Corp. 6 May 65, to Sergt. 9 July 65, O.D., d. 11 Nov. 67, Deerfield.
- Pettingill, Andrew J.**, Pr.: b. Epsom, age 21, res. Epsom, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 26 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 10 Jan. 65, to ranks 14 June 65.
- Quimby, David M.**, Pr.: b. Raymond, age 18, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 20 Aug. 62.
- Robinson, Rody**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 19, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 April 65, wd. 7 Jan. 63, wd. 26 Aug. 63, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, O.D., N.S.H. P.O. ad. National Military Home, Wis.
- Richardson, Henry J.**, Pr.: b. W. Townsend, Mass., age 20, res. Milford, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64. P.O. ad. Windham.
- Richardson, William S.**, Pr.: b. Limington, Me., age 30, res. Milford, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, furl. 9 May 63. P.O. ad. W. Scarborough, Me.
- Robinson, Charles**, 1st, Pr.: b. Mason, age 45, res. New Ipswich, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 11 Feb. 62.
- Robinson, Charles**, 2d, Pr.: b. Montreal, Can., age 19, res. New Ipswich, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, furl. — Feb. 64, N.S.H.
- Robinson, Dana D.**, Pr.: b. Deerfield, age 18, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 15 May 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Groveland, Mass.
- Ryan, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 17, res. Milford, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, wd. 15 Jan. 65, furl. —, N.S.H., O.S. P.O. ad. Milford.



- Roby, Walter S.**, Pr.: b. Boscawen, age 18, res. Penacook, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 20 Dec. 62.
- Ratray, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Hamilton, Can., age 19, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, wd. 10 July 63, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, O.D.
- Sargent, Moses**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 39, res. Loudon, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Loudon.
- Stark, Harrison A.**, Pr.: b. Lyme, age 21, res. Lyme, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 2 June 64, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 16 May 64.
- Small, Samuel**, Pr.: b. Loudon, age 28, res. Loudon, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 12 March 63, wd. 16 June 64 and cap.
- Small, Charles H.**, P.: b. Northwood, age 26, res. Northwood, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 7 Nov. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
- Stevens, Tristram B.**, Pr.: b. Loudon, age 35, res. Loudon, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62. P.O. ad. Loudon.
- Stephens, Edward R.**, Pr.: b. So. Boston, Mass., age 38, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 Oct. 61.
- Smart, William S.**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 35, res. Hopkinton, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 Jan. 63. P.O. ad. Boscawen.
- Shaw, Daniel W.**, Pr.: b. Freedom, age 25, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Wag. —, re-enl. 16 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Ossipee.
- Stevens, Ransom D.**, Pr.: b. Vermont, age 21, res. Hooksett, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, O.D.
- Scales, Charles F.**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 19, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Wag. —, O.D., O.S.
- Tilton, Charles F.**, Pr.: b. Deerfield, age 18, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 Oct. 62, d. 18 Oct. 79, Deerfield.
- Thomas, John O.**, Pr.: b. Nottingham, age 33, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 May 62, d. — Aug. 62, Deerfield.
- Woods, Francis N.**, Pr.: b. Greenfield, age 31, res. Francestown, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 7 Nov. 64, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Suncook.
- White, Charles S.**, Pr.: b. Francestown, age 44, res. Francestown, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 21 June 65, des. 9 June 64, ret'd, disch. under S.O. 300 W.D. of 13 June 65.
- Weeks, Andrew M.**, Pr.: b. Epsom, age 18, res. Epsom, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 21 Aug. 64, wd. 18 July 63, wd. 2 June 61.
- Wallace, Charles B.**, Pr.: b. Upton, Mass., age 26, res. Nottingham, O.V., must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 7 Nov. 64, wd. 16 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, furl. —, O.D. P.O. ad. Greenfield.
- Welch, Benjamin**, Pr.: b. Gilhanton, age 28, res. Gilhanton, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Watson, Warren J.**, Pr.: b. Nottingham, age 18, res. Nottingham, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 14 Sept. 64, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- Wescott, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. Andover, age 20, res. Dorchester, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 March 65, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 23 Feb. 64, wd. 14 May 64. P.O. ad. Davisville.
- York, Alfred**, Pr.: b. Cornville, age 24, res. Milford, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 16 Feb. 62.

Recruits, Co. E.

- Brown, Franklin J.**, Pr.: b. Nantucket, Mass., age 21, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, disch. 12 May 65, wd. 16 May 64, disch. by telegram from W. D. at Concord, N. H., O.D., sub. for Frederick A. Briggs of Claremont. P.O. ad. Nantucket, Mass.
- Dumars, Peter**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 21, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Desmond, John**, Pr.: b. Sag Harbor, N.Y., age 25, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. 12 April 64, sub. for John A. Collins of Alton.
- Dobbel, John**, Pr.: b. Odense, Denmark, age 26, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, k.a. 16 May 64, sub. for John D. Hodgdon of Barnstead.
- Demary, Peter**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Lisbon, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, disch. 25 July 65, wd. 16 May 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, disch. Washington, D.C. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Emery, Edward**, Pr.: b. New York, age 18, res. Nelson, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65. P.O. ad. W. Chazy, N.Y.
- Easton, George**, Pr.: b. Philadelphia, Pa., age 21, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, k.a. 13 May 64, to Corp. 1 May 64, O.D., sub. for Levi H. Hanson of Barnstead.
- Flanders, Joseph A.**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 18, res. Danbury, V.R., enl. 9 April 64, must. in 9 April 64, disch. 3 July 65, Portsmouth Grove, R. I., to Mus.—. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Frydenland, Alfred E.**, Pr.: b. Copenhagen, Denmark, age 21, res. Gilmanton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 9 July 65, O.D., sub. for Joseph W. Sargent of Gilmanton.
- Freeman, Henry**, Pr.: b. New York City, age 26, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. 30 April 65, wd. 16 June 64 and cap., sub. for Stephen C. Wentworth of Alton.
- Goss, Orville**, Pr.: b. Canaan, age 28, res. Canaan, V.R., enl. 16 Aug. 62, must. in 5 Sept. 62, disch. for dis. 10 March 65, to Corp. 19 Nov. 62, wd. 10 July 63, wd. 13 May 64, to Sergt. 8 Sept. 64, Sergeant's warrant revoked 6 March 65, as of 28 Feb. P.O. ad. So. Westminster, Mass.
- Greenwood, Lewis**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 38, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, disch. for dis. 31 March 64.
- Henderson, William**, Pr.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 20, res. Laconia, V.R., enl. 8 Feb. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, must. out 1 March 65, wd. 10 July 63, term expired 28 Feb. 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Merrimack.
- Hadley, Abel**, Pr.: b. Canaan, age 31, res. Canaan, V.R., enl. 1 Sept. 62, must. in 1 Sept. 62, died of disease 16 Sept. 63.
- Hilliard, Timothy**, Pr.: b. Hill, age 23, res. Grafton, V.R., enl. 26 Aug. 62, must. in 5 Sept. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 13 May 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73 Goldsboro', O.D.
- Holt, Edward B.**, Pr.: b. Nelson, age 16, res. Keene, V.R., enl. 23 Dec. 63, must. in 23 Dec. 63, disch. 25 May 65, wd. 13 May 64, disch. by G.O. 37, H.Q. N.C., at Wilmington, d. 5 April 88, Washington, D.C.
- Hingley, Samuel J.**, Pr.: b. Truro, N.S., age 21, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, disch. for dis. 1 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for Chas. L. Chesley of Barnstead.
- Hergives, James**, Pr.: b. Lancashire, Eng., age 31, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, wd. 16 May 64, furl. 24 June 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for Daniel Bunker of Barnstead.
- Hildenfrant, Anton**, Pr.: b. Baden, Germany, age 29, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. 7 Aug. 64, wd. 14 May 64, furl. — 64, sub. for Sewell J. Cilley of Barnstead.

- Jarverin, Zeb, Pr. : b. Vermont, age 20, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, des. 20 Jan. 65.
- Jones, Elbridge P., Pr. : b. Milford, age 18, res. Milford, V.R., enl. 31 March 64, must. in 31 March 64, disch. for dis. 13 Dec. 64. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Jarvis, Rupert, Pr. : b. Annapolis, N.S., age 21, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, disch. 26 Oct. 65, wd. 13 May 64, N.S.H., sub. for Jethro N. Locke of Barnstead.
- Kemp, Oscar, Pr. : b. Vermont, age 31, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, died of disease 24 Sept. 64, wd. 3 Sept. 64, O.D., sub. for Otis F. Keyes of Alton.
- Leggacy, Tennans, Pr. : b. Vermont, age 30, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 12 Nov. 63, must. in 12 Nov. 63, k.a. 16 May 64.
- Miller, James, Pr. : b. Leith, Scot., age 21, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, disch. 5 June 65, wd. 13 May 64, disch. by G.O. 77 W.D., Pt. Lookout, sub. for Joseph O. Berry of Barnstead.
- McCaffrey, James, Pr. : b. Kingston, Can., age 21, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. 12 April 64, sub. for Hanson C. Canney of Barnstead.
- McCabe, John, Pr. : b. New York City, age 22, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. 14 April 64, sub. for Samuel E. Jones of Alton.
- Martin, James, Pr. : b. Fayal, Portugal, age 21, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, disch. to date 31 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, furl. —, disch. 2 Aug. 65, to date 31 July, Manchester, N.H., N.S.H., sub. for Richard Roberts of Alton.
- Meile, James, Pr. : b. Switzerland, age 25, res. New Castle, S.R., enl. 10 Aug. 63, must. in 10 Aug. 63, des. 28 Sept. 64, sub. for Jacob Hubbley of New Castle.
- Philbrick, John W., Pr. : b. Goffstown, age 19, res. Canaan, V.R., enl. 11 Aug. 62, must. in 5 Sept. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 15 May 64, wd. 11 Feb. 65, des. —, ret'd, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73 Goldsboro', O.D. P.O. ad. Canaan Centre.
- Pettingill, David, Pr. : b. Weare, age 43, res. Antrim, V.R., enl. 22 March 64, must. in 22 March 64, tr. to V.R.C. 9 Jan. 65, wd. 13 May 64, O.S. P.O. ad. Concord.
- Robinson, Thomas, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 27, res. Dublin, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 May 64, O.S.
- Wescott, Albert C., Pr. : b. Wilmot, age 18, res. Dorchester, V.R., enl. 2 Sept. 62, must. in 3 Sept. 62, disch. for dis. 20 May 65, wd. 16 May 64. P.O. ad. Bristol.

Gain by Transfer.

- Gove, Charles H., Pr. : tr. from H, must. out 20 July 65, to Mus. 1 Jan. 62, furl. 4 Aug. 62, re-enl. 18 Feb. 64, des. 8 Nov. 64, ret'd. P.O. ad. Hillman, Mich.
- Kimball, William H., Pr. : tr. from B, tr. to V.R.C. 15 July 63, O.S.

COMPANY F.

- Randlett, James F., Capt. : b. New Market, age 27, res. Nashua, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, l.a. 27 Dec. 62, l.a. — March 64, to Maj. 29 April 64, O.D. (See F. and S.)
- Burnham, Chas. S., 1st Lt. : b. Pelham, age 25, res. Nashua, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 6 Dec. 63, to 1st Lt. 16 Oct. 62, l.a. 4 July 63, O.D. P.O. ad. Waltham, Mass.
- Marsh, Henry A., 2d Lt. : b. Amherst, Mass., age 21, res. Nashua, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 30 Dec. 62, wd. 16 June 62, l.a. 6 Aug. 62, to 1st Lt. 16 Oct. 62. P.O. ad. Nashua.

- Stearns, George**, 1st Sergt.: b. New York City, age 21, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 31 Oct. 64, to 2d Lt. 15 Oct. 62, to 1st Lt. 17 April 63, l.a. — Dec. 63, to Capt. 20 Jan. 64, l.a. — March 64, O.D., d. 11 Jan. 81, Boston, Mass.
- Moore, Horatio T.**, 2d Sergt.: b. Putney, Vt., age 22, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 19 June 62, wd. 16 June 62.
- Nottage, Thomas, Jr.**, 3d Sergt.: b. Quincy, Mass., age 30, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Sept. 62, d. 8 Jan. 79, Nashua.
- Flanders, King H.**, 4th Sergt.: b. Wheelock, Vt., age 35, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 31 May 64, wd. 16 June 62, furl. — May 63, O.S., d. 11 April 91, Fitchburg, Mass.
- Wadsworth, David, Jr.**, 5th Sergt.: b. Worcester, Mass., age 23, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 24 Sept. 64, to 2d Lt. 19 Jan. 63, l.a. 12 May 63, to 1st Lt. 29 June 63, l.a. — March 64, to Capt. 29 April 64, wd. 16 May 64. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Sager, Zeri S.**, 1st Corp.: b. Berkshire, Vt., age 22, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 22 Nov. 61, O.S.
- Button, Eugene J.**, 2d Corp.: b. Essex, N.Y., age 22, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 May 64, to Sergt. 1 July 62, to 1st Sergt. 17 Oct. 62, to 2d Lt. 29 June 63, wd. 18 July 63, to 1st Lt. 20 Jan. 64.
- Farmer, Joseph E.**, 3d Corp.: b. Greenfield, age 35, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 26 May 62, d. 26 Feb. 80, Burlington, Vt.
- Akerman, Joseph**, 4th Corp.: b. Newburyport, Mass., age 25, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Sergt. 17 Oct. 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, to 2d Lt. 6 June 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to 1st Lt. 28 Nov. 64, to Capt. 24 Feb. 65, O.D., d. 21 July 79, Nashua.
- McCoy, James E.**, 5th Corp.: b. Pelham, age 19, res. Pelham, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Sergt. 17 Oct. 62, to 1st Sergt. 30 June 63, re-enl. 16 Feb. 64, wd. 16 June 64, to 2d Lt. 19 June 64, wd. 27 Oct. 64, to 1st Lt. 30 Oct. 64, to Capt. 3 March 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Gay, George H.**, 6th Corp.: b. Chelsea, Mass., age 25, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 28 Feb. 63, wd. 25 Aug. 63, wd. 18 May 64, to 1st Sergt. 19 June 64.
- Harris, Wesley T.**, 7th Corp.: b. Nashua, age 25, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, res'd 14 Sept. 63, furl. 29 Jan. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Wakefield, Mass.
- Duffee, Ross C.**, 8th Corp.: b. Ireland, age 29, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, furl. 19 Jan. 64, wd. 13 May 64, to Sergt. 17 June 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Day, John E.**, 1st Mus.: b. Nashua, age 23, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 21 Feb. 64, des. — April 64, ret'd, to Corp. 23 Oct. 64, to Sergt. 14 Dec. 64, O.D.
- Veasey, Joel**, 2d Mus.: b. Claremont, age 25, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Honey Grove, Texas.
- Rhodes, Joel H.**, Wag.: b. Hopkinton, Mass., age 39, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 Aug. 62, O.D.
- Allen, George A.**, Pr.: b. Hancock, age 37, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Feb. 62, O.D.

- Austin, Albert J.**, Pr.: b. Draeut, Mass., age 20, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 18 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 6 May 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Somerville, Mass.
- Bickford, John W.**, Pr.: b. Waltham, Mass., age 29, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 Sept. 62.
- Blood, Stillman**, Pr.: b. Hollis, age 31, res. Hollis, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 15 May 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, des. 7 Nov. 64, ret'd, O.D., d. 8 Jan. 79, Hollis.
- Barnard, John P. W.**, Pr.: b. Springfield, Vt., age 31, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 26 July 62.
- Bingham, Arthur**, Pr.: b. Nashua, age 21, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D., d. 13 July 78, Nashua.
- Curby, Abram**, Pr.: b. New Haven, Vt., age 18, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 20 Sept. 64, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. West Brookfield, Vt.
- Courivou, Frank**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 28, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D., N.S.H. P.O. ad. Togus, Me.
- Chase, James L.**, Pr.: b. Merrimack, age 18, res. Hollis, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 14 April 64, wd. 15 June 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Groton, Mass.
- Chase, Charles F.**, Pr.: b. Merrimack, age 23, res. Hollis, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. by order 10 July 63, to Corp. 23 June 62, res'd 9 July 62 (com. in Third S. C. Colored), O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Derry Depot.
- Caldwell, Nathan**, Pr.: b. Hudson, age 18, res. Pelham, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 22 Feb. 64, to Corp. 24 Aug. 64, to ranks 5 Oct. 64, des. 7 Nov. 64, ret'd, O.D. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Conrey, Leonard**, Pr.: b. Hollis, age 23, res. Hollis, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. South Merrimack.
- Crowley, Dennis**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 40, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61.
- Courtney, Patrick**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 19, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 20 Sept. 64 (twice in regt. and company), wd. 16 Aug. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
- Cobb, Norman E.**, Pr.: b. Bridgewater, Vt., age 28, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, furl. 21 June 65, O.D., d. 10 Nov. 87, Bedford.
- Coffay, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 21, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64.
- Copp, Elbridge J.**, Pr.: b. Warren, age 17, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, to Sergt-Maj. 1 Feb. 62 (see N.C.S.)
- Donlan, John**, Pr.: b. King's Co., Ire., age 30, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 27 May 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 23 Feb. 63, d. 10 Sept. 64, Nashua.
- Doherty, Charles**, Pr.: b. Londonderry, Ire., age 34, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 Sept. 62, N.S.H.
- Damon, Joseph A. W.**, Pr.: b. Lancaster, Mass., age 25, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to Reg. Army 17 Nov. 62.
- Doherty, John O.**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 39, res. Hollis, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 15 Sept. 62.
- Davis, Nathaniel C.**, Pr.: b. Nashua, age 18, res. Windham, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 Nov. 62, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Nat. Home, O.

- Davis, Caleb**, Pr. : b. Canterbury, age 18, res. Hollis, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- Duplez, Edgar**, Pr. : b. Sciota, N.Y., age 19, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 Oct. 63, wd. 16 June 62, wd. 28 Aug. 63, O.D.
- Douglass, Jerome B.**, Pr. : b. Springfield, Vt., age 24, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 23 June 64, furl. prior to May 64.
- Early, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 30, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 July 62.
- Everett, Josiah S.**, Pr. : b. Newry, Me., age 21, res. Windham, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 17 Oct. 62, to ranks 6 Sept. 63, re-enl. 16 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Everett, Franklin**, Pr. : b. Newry, Me., age 23, res. Pelham, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 12 Feb. 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, to Corp. 19 June 64, to Sergt. 24 Aug. 64, wd. 11 Feb. 65.
- Enness, John F.**, Pr. : b. Portugal, age 19, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 25 June 64, wd. 16 May 64, wd. 16 June 64.
- Emerson, George W.**, Pr. : b. Keene, age 44, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Flynn, Bernard**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 26, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 11 Nov. 62, d. 16 Jan. 63, Nashua.
- French, James**, Pr. : b. Nashua, age 37, res. So. Andover, Mass., O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Aug. 62, wd. 16 June 62, N.S.H., O.S., d. 5 June 84, Western Soldiers' Home.
- Gould, George A.**, Pr. : b. Hopkinton, age 26, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Guelow, Daniel**, Pr. : b. Greenfield, age 30, res. Greenfield, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 Oct. 61.
- Green, Warren**, Pr. : b. Dracut, Mass., age 23, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 14 Sept. 63, O.D.
- Green, Albert**, Pr. : b. Lowell, Mass., age 21, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 21 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 24 Sept. 63, re-enl. 23 Feb. 64, to ranks 23 Oct. 64, des. 7 Nov. 64, ret'd, O.D.
- Grimes, Francis J.**, Pr. : b. Milford, age 18, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, to Wag. 24 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Gilbert, John**, Pr. : b. New York City, age 40, res. Windsor, Vt., O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Gordon, Henrick P.**, Pr. : b. Tyngsboro', Mass., age 19, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. — Aug. 61, must. in — Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Hall, Chas. T.**, Pr. : b. Pepperell, Mass., age 20, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, furl. 19 Jan. 64, re-enl. 23 Feb. 64, to Corp. 4 Aug. 64, res'd 25 Feb. 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Hosmer, Francis**, Pr. : b. Concord, Mass., age 23, res. Lowell, Mass., O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, furl. — Sept. 63.
- Hardy, Wm. F.**, Pr. : b. Hudson, age 22, res. Hudson, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Hayden, Alfred P.**, Pr. : b. Groton, Mass., age 19, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 July 62, to Sergt. 30 June 63, wd. 30 June 63, wd. 25 Aug. 63, furl. 18 Oct. 63, O.D. P.O. ad. Nashua.

- Ingram, Henry, Pr. :** b. Vermont, age 21, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 26 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, furl. — Oct. 64, to Corp. 1 July 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Johnson, Augustus, Pr. :** b. Bennington, age 35, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61, O.S.
- Jackman, Lemuel N., Pr. :** b. Pembroke, age 18, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, to Corp. 12 July 62, re-enl. 16 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 1 March 64, to Adj. 26 Jan. 65, O.D. (See F. and S.)
- Jennings, Amos E., Pr. :** b. Chester, Vt., age 40, res. Unity, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 10 Oct. 64, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64 and cap.
- Kimball, John B., Pr. :** b. Piermont, age 24, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 10 Nov. 62.
- King, John L., Pr. :** b. France, age 31, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 19 July 65, re-enl. 18 Feb. 64, disch. N.Y., O.D. P.O. ad. Newport Centre.
- Kendall, Walter B., Pr. :** b. Claremont, age 19, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 64, re-enl. 21 Feb. 64, to Corp. 6 June 64.
- Lay, Charles, Pr. :** b. Montreal, Can. age 27, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 11 April 64, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, O.D.
- McGowen, John, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 37, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 23 May 64, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. 72 Green St., Worcester, Mass.
- Mygatt, Revingstone H., Pr. :** b. Troy, age 23, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 13 May 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- McCabe, James, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 23, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 29 Sept. 64, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, N.S.H.
- McCoy, Adolphus, Pr. :** b. Pelham, age 19, res. Pelham, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 July 62. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- McCombs, James, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 29, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 23 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 29 July 63.
- Mann, Charles W., Pr. :** b. Upton, Mass., age 26, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out. 20 July 65, re-enl. 21 Feb. 64.
- Miller, George W., Pr. :** b. Alstead, age 21, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 3 Sept. 62, wd. 16 June 62, N.S.H.
- McConihe, Lewis A., Pr. :** b. Portsmouth, age 18, res. Windham, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 6 Nov. 63, wd. 25 Aug. 63, to Corp. 6 Sept. 63, res'd 14 Sept. 63. P.O. ad. Haverhill, Mass.
- Nichols, Fred A., Pr. :** b. Lynn, Mass., age 19, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 17 June 64, furl. — May 63, re-enl. 21 Feb. 64, to Corp. 1 March 64, wd. 16 June 64, O.D.
- Norcross, Joseph F., Pr. :** b. Boylston, Mass., age 41, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Wag. —, O.D., d. 26 Jan. 80, Nashua.
- Pierce, Hiram, Pr. :** b. Moira, N.Y., age 23, res. Litchfield, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, furl. — 63, wd. 10 July 63. P.O. ad. Walpole, Mass.
- Philbrook, Chas. W., Pr. :** b. Chelmsford, Mass., age 19, res. Pelham, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 29 Sept. 64, wd. 15 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Peabody, Ezra B., Pr. :** b. New Boston, age 41, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 28 Nov. 62, wd. 16 June 62, furl. 20 Sept. 62. P.O. ad. Milford.

- Parkhurst, William C.**, Pr.: b. Townshend, Vt., age 34, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 18 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 23 Sept. 61, O.S., d. 25 Jan. 90, Springfield, Mass.
- Scanlan, Michael**, Pr.: b. Kerry Co., Ire., age 27, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 Sept. 62.
- Shea, Corneille**, Pr.: b. Loudon, age 24, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Sept. 62.
- Stetson, Fred B.**, Pr.: b. Worcester, Mass., age 18, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 18 May 64, to Corp. 17 Oct. 62.
- Shipley, George L.**, Pr.: b. Nashua, age 27, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Swallow, George E.**, Pr.: b. Boston, Mass., age 18, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 2 Dec. 62.
- Selingham, Frank W.**, Pr.: b. Woodstock, age 21, res. Woodstock, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 24 Oct. 62, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Woodstock.
- Shea, Patrick**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 18, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 2 Nov. 62.
- Smith, George H.**, Pr.: b. Mount Vernon, age 19, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64. P.O. ad. Lebanon.
- Scott, Ard**, Pr.: b. Charlestown, age 31, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 21 Nov. 64, to Corp. 1 Dec. 61, re-enl. 21 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 17 June 64, to 1st Sergt. 24 Aug. 64, cap. 1 Oct. 64.
- Toothaker, Jotham S.**, Pr.: b. Orono, Me., age 28, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 Dec. 62, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Claremont.
- Willard, Nathaniel L.**, Pr.: b. Georgia, Vt., age 36, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Waters, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D., N.S.H.
- Wyman, George L.**, Pr.: b. Goffstown, age 21, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 13 May 64, O.D. P.O. ad. 100 West St., W. Manchester.
- Wyman, Charles A.**, Pr.: b. Hudson, age 19, res. Hudson, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Welch, Wm. H.**, Pr.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 21, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 29 Sept. 64, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
- Willoughby, Varnum**, Pr.: b. Hollis, age 32, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 15 July 63, O.S., d. 3 Oct. 90, Hollis.
- Williams, William**, Pr.: b. Leicestershire, Eng., age 32, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 May 62.

Recruits, Co. F.

- Adams, Theophilus B.**, Pr.: b. Nashua, age 18, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 6 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 9 May 63.
- Alexander, Daniel S.**, Pr.: b. Middlesex, Vt., age 20, res. Claremont, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 9 Sept. 62, died of wds. 16 May 64, wd. 15 May 64, O.D.
- Andrews, George W.**, Pr.: b. Liverpool, Eng., age 22, res. Andover, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for James L. Kenniston of Andover. P.O. ad. Cortland, So. Dakota.

- Armstrong, Charles**, Pr.: b. England, age 25, res. Sullivan, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 25 Feb. 65, to Sergt. 1 July 65, sub. for John Lock of Sullivan.
- Anderson, George**, Pr.: b. England, age 22, res. Newport, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, des. 3 June 65, sub. for Anthony Page of Newport.
- Allen, Michael**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 28, res. Henniker, S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 May 65, to ranks 19 June 65, sub. for John W. Morse of Henniker.
- Burke, Leonard O. F.**, Pr.: b. Nashua, age 17, res. Chelsea, Mass., V.R., enl. 7 March 62, must. in 17 March 62, disch. 24 April 65, wd. 18 May 64, to Corp. 24 Aug. 64, term exp. 17 March 65, O.D., d. 14 Sept. 75, at sea.
- Berry, Lorenzo W.**, Pr.: b. Sweden, Me., age 29, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 7 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, k.a. 13 May 64, O.D.
- Barrett, Townes**, Pr.: b. Hudson, age 42, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73 Dept. N.C., O.D.
- Brown, William E.**, Pr.: b. Woodstock, age 22, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 12 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, furl. 29 Jan. 64, wd. 16 May 64, to Corp. 6 May 65, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73 Dept. N.C., O.D. P.O. ad. Brighton, Me.
- Bingham, George B.**, Pr.: b. Nashua, age 23, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 14 Aug. 62, must. in 18 Aug. 62, furl. 4 Jan. 64, to Com. Sergt. 23 Aug. 64, O.D. (See N.C.S.)
- Bateman, James**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 21, res. Antrim, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, des. 15 Jan. 65, sub. for Abram A. Ransey of Antrim.
- Blake, James**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 21, res. Webster, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. 14 Dec. 64, des. 15 Jan. 65, sub. for John W. Colby of Webster.
- Brady, Francis**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Swanzev, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for Thayer Thompson of Swanzev.
- Baker, Joseph**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Holderness, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Joel Hodge of Holderness.
- Bernasconi, Robert**, Pr.: b. Switzerland, age 21, res. Hillsboro', S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Mus. 1 March 65, sub. for Wm. G. Gould of Hillsboro'.
- Butler, James D.**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Sullivan, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 25 Feb. 65, sub. for George L. Mason of Sullivan.
- Burke, Dennis**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 19, res. Brookline, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, des. 25 March 65, sub. for William B. Rockwood of Brookline.
- Burns, Henry**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 23, res. Hinsdale, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, des. 3 June 65, sub. for Samuel E. Perham of Hinsdale.
- Beldean, Lewis**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 21, res. Northumberland, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, died of disease 18 July 65, sub. for Wayne Cobleigh of Northumberland.
- Boyd, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 28, res. Deerfield, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Cyrus N. Giles of Deerfield. P.O. ad. Delano, Minn.
- Bueltnier, George**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 27, res. Meredith, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for George S. Beckford of Meredith.

- Blackington, David P.**, Pr.: b. Virginia, age 28, res. New Boston, S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, des. 3 June 65, sub. for Jacob Langdell of New Boston.
- Brankley, John**, Pr.: b. Italy, age 35, res. Franklin, S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, des. 5 June 65, sub. for D. S. Gilchrist of Franklin.
- Chamberlain, Albert G.**, Pr.: b. Barre, Mass., age 22, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 5 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, to Corp. 28 Feb. 63, res'd 22 Feb. 64, des. 7 Nov. 64, ret'd, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73 Dept. N.C., O.D., N.S.H.
- Courtney, Patrick**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 19, res. Merrimack, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 Jan. 65, to Sergt. 15 Feb. 65 (twice in regt. and co.), sub. for Newton McClure of Merrimack.
- Campbell, James**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Lempster, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, des. 3 June 65, sub. for Ozias M. George of Lempster.
- Crague, Henry**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 24, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for Preston T. Smith of Concord.
- Cooney, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 23, res. Winchester, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Daniel J. Emerson of Winchester.
- Clark, John**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 26, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, to Sergt. 15 Feb. 65, to Q.M.S. 2 July 65 (see N.C.S.), O.D., sub. for George H. Cross of Keene.
- Carroll, James**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Atkinson, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, des. 5 June 65, sub. for Amos H. Noyes of Atkinson.
- Dinsmore, Joseph**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Enfield, V.R., enl. 18 Nov. 63, must. in 18 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65.
- Donihoe, Daniel**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 26, res. Somersworth, S.R., enl. 8 Dec. 64, must. in 8 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Luther L. Hanson of Somersworth.
- Dunn, John**, Pr.: b. England, age 20, res. Windham, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Wm. A. Dinsmore of Windham.
- Dubrough, William**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 21, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Prentiss A. Maynard of Keene.
- Davis, James**, Pr.: b. England, age 24, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 25 Feb. 65, to Sergt. 6 May 65, sub. for Jethro N. Jenkins of Barnstead.
- Dumont, Juluis**, Pr.: b. France, age 34, res. New Market, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Napoleon B. Treadwell of New Market.
- Eberhard, Charles**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 20, res. Sanbornton, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Jeremiah B. Calef of Sanbornton.
- Eagan, Luke**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 28, res. Hampton, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for John Brown, Jr., of Hampton.
- Flanders, George W.**, Pr.: b. Nashua, age 27, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 6 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 25 March 63, wd. 22 Oct. 62. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Farnsworth, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. Nashua, age 18, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 7 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62. k.a. 10 July 63.
- Fulton, Charles C.**, Pr.: b. Concord, age 19, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 13 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, died of wds. 20 Feb. 65, wd. 19 Feb. 65 (by accident), O.D.

- Finley, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Pittsfield, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, des. 4 June 65, ret'd, sub. for R. B. Batchelder of Pittsfield.
- Ferragallino, Castrunio**, Pr.: b. Italy, age 25, res. Hillsboro', S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for George W. Burnham of Hillsboro'.
- Foss, Edwin J.**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Acworth, S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for George Walker of Acworth.
- Goodhue, David**, Pr.: b. Connecticut, age 23, res. Enfield, V.R., enl. 17 Nov. 63, must. in 18 Nov. 63, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 16 May 64, furl. —, disch. by G.O. 77 W.D. under sentence.
- Gadman, Theophile**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 20, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Marvin T. Tottingham of Keene.
- Graw, John D.**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 19, res. Webster, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, died of disease 20 March 65, sub. for O. H. Fitz of Webster.
- Gleason, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 22, res. Durham, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 March 65, sub. for Lafayette Hall of Durham.
- Harvey, George D.**, Pr.: b. Brunswick, Me., age 19, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 6 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 13 May 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73 Dept. N.C., O.D.
- Hall, James H.**, Pr.: b. Pepperell, Mass., age 19, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73, Dept. N.C., O.D. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Handley, George W.**, Pr.: b. Dexter, Me., age 31, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 14 Aug. 62, must. in 18 Aug. 62, k.a. 18 May 64.
- Harvey, Andrew**, Pr.: b. England, age 22, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 18 Nov. 63, must. in 18 Nov. 63, furl. 5 March 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r.
- Hennessey, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 22, res. Acworth, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Hiram N. Heywood of Acworth.
- Hagan, Charles**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Benj. F. Harvey of Concord.
- Hubbard, Stephen**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, died of disease 26 June 65, sub. for John W. Chaslin of Claremont.
- Harris, James**, Pr.: b. Liverpool, Eng., age 22, res. Andover, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, des. 3 June 65, n.f.r., A.G.O., sub. for Ira Loring, Jr., of Andover. P.O. ad. Lynn, Mass.
- Harney, George**, Pr.: b. England, age 26, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, des. before joining co., n.f.r., A.G.O., sub. for George C. Blanchard of Concord.
- Hodgdon, Enos F.**, Pr.: b. Barnstead, age 18, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 29 March 64, must. in 29 March 64, died of wds. 17 June 64, wd. 16 June 64, O.D.
- Jones, John**, Pr.: b. England, age 20, res. Orford, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 July 65, O.D., sub. for Henry J. Cushman of Orford.
- Jones, George W.**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 22, res. Bath, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, des. 3 June 65, sub. for Albert Sawyer of Bath.
- Kelley, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 21, res. Acworth, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Francis S. True of Acworth.

- Kelley, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 27, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, des. 3 June 65, sub. for John Dow of Barnstead.
- Kelley, Lawrence**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 23, res. Alstead, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, furl. 5 March 65, absent 20 July 65, sub. for Chas. E. Cook of Alstead, d. 1 Jan. 92, Lynn, Mass.
- Kimball, Lewis, Jr.**, Pr. : b. Piermont, age 20, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, tr. to Fourth U.S.C.T. 20 July 64, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Winthrop, So. Dakota.
- Levy, Edward**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 30, res. Pembroke, V.R., enl. 21 Nov. 63, must. in 21 Nov. 63, cap. 13 May 64, furl. 15 Dec. 64.
- Long, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Walter H. Spalter of Keene.
- Linden, James**, Pr. : b. Liverpool, Eng., age 21, res. Windsor, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Chas. A. Wood of Windsor.
- Lawson, Gideon**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 23, res. Acworth, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, disch. 7 July 65, wd. 22 Feb. 65 (disch. by tel. from W. D., at Phila.), O.D., sub. for Alexander Graham of Acworth.
- Morgan, Charles W.**, Pr. : b. Nashua, age 19, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 6 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 13 May 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73 Dept. N. C. P.O. ad. Nashua.
- Milliken, Albert H.**, Pr. : b. Cavendish, Vt., age 21, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, tr. to V.R.C. 23 May 64, wd. 18 July 63, furl. March 64, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Merrill, Josiah B.**, Pr. : b. Hudson, age 42, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, died of disease 24 Oct. 62.
- Miller, Henry**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 27, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 19 Nov. 63, must. in 19 Nov. 63, executed 16 April 64, des. April 64, apprehended.
- Miller, Henry**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 23, res. Acworth, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 6 May 65, revoked 8 May 65, sub. for Benj. S. Eaton of Acworth.
- Marcelle, Frank**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 19, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, des. 9 Nov. 64, wd. 18 May 64.
- Moore, Charles**, Pr. : b. Beekman, N.Y., age 22, res. New Castle, S.R., enl. 10 Aug. 63, must. in 10 Aug. 63, des. 20 Aug. 64, furl. — May 63, wd. 18 May 64, sub. for Nathan White of New Castle.
- McTavish, Hugh**, Pr. : b. Scotland, age 30, res. Enfield, V.R., enl. 18 Nov. 63, must. in 18 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 March 65, furl. 12 June 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Bark Lake, Ont.
- McKenley, William**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 20, res. New Market, S.R., enl. 8 Dec. 64, must. in 8 Dec. 64, died of disease 6 June 65, sub. for Thomas B. Robinson of New Market.
- Mack, Michael**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 25, res. Centre Harbor, S.R., enl. 8 Dec. 64, must. in 8 Dec. 64, des. 3 June 65, sub. for Chas. E. Smith of Centre Harbor.
- Maier, Lewis**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 22, res. Cornish, S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Edwin P. Bartlett of Cornish.
- O'Brien, James**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. Surry, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 22 March 65, O.D., sub. for John Kingsbury of Surry.
- Pushee, Jesse C.**, Pr. : b. Lyme, age 42, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 14 Aug. 62, must. in 18 Aug. 62, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 30 June 63, furl. — 64, to Sergt. 24 Aug. 64, to 1st Sergt. 1 Oct. 64, to 1st Lt. 29 April 65, O.D., d. 28 Oct. 71, Nashua.

- Price, Thomas.** Pr.: b. Philadelphia, Pa., age 22, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64, des. 7 Nov. 64, ret'd. to Sergt. 1 Jan. 65, to 1st Sergt. 6 May 65, to 1st Lt. 20 July 65, not must., sub. for Jonathan G. Downs of Barnstead.
- Patch, John.** Pr.: b. Waterboro', Me., age 28, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, died of disease 19 Aug. 64, cap. 13 May 64, sub. for Samuel Getchell of Alton.
- Ross, Chester A.** Pr.: b. Sidney, Me., age 21, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 6 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 27 Oct. 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73, O.D.
- Remick, Carl A. B.** Pr.: b. Altenburg, Ger., age 22, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, died of —. cap. 16 May 64, d. Andersonville, sub. for Joshua C. Pickering of Barnstead.
- Riss, Carl.** Pr.: b. Spain, age 22, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for Henry J. Dolby of Alton.
- Roberts, Samuel.** Pr.: b. Suffolk, Eng., age 24, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, disch. for dis. 21 Dec. 64, wd. 16 May 64, sub. for Seth E. Rollins of Alton.
- Riley, John.** Pr.: b. Ireland, age 27, res. Alstead, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 19 June 65, sub. for Winslow B. Potter of Alstead.
- Ryan, John.** Pr.: b. Canada, age 21, res. Swanzey, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Orton E. Pearson of Swanzey.
- Ring, John.** Pr.: b. Frankfort, Ger., age 30, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, k.a. 13 May 64, O.D., sub. for Frank P. Sawyer of Alton.
- Ritter, Carl.** Pr.: b. Germany, age 27, res. Landgon, S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for John C. Brown of Landgon.
- Smith, John H.** Pr.: b. Tamworth, age 30, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, died of wds. 3 July 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Smith, Charles D.** Pr.: b. Compton, Can., age 24, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 22 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Swallow, William A.** Pr.: b. Nashua, age 40, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 13 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, wd. 23 Aug. 63, to Corp. 17 June 64, furl. — Nov. 64, to Q.M.S. 27 April 65, O.D. (see N.C.S.)
- Stockwell, Albert H.** Pr.: b. Boston, Mass., age 19, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 13 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 18 May 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73, O.D. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Smith, John, 2d.** Pr.: b. Hesse-Cassel, Ger., age 26, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, died of disease 17 Sept. 64, cap. 16 May 64, sub. for George H. Straw of Alton.
- Smith, John, 3d.** Pr.: b. Toronto, Canada, age 21, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, tr. to V.R.C. 12 April 65, wd. 13 May 64, O.S., sub. for John O. Emerson of Barnstead.
- Schmidt, William.** Pr.: b. Hesse-Cassel, Ger., age 21, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. 8 April 64, sub. for Ebenezer J. Hayes of Barnstead.
- Sladden, Richard.** Pr.: b. Kent, Eng., age 28, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, disch. for dis. 14 Nov. 64, wd. 18 May 64, sub. for John F. Holmes of Barnstead.
- Smith, Charles.** Pr.: b. Prussia, age 21, res. Enfield, V.R., enl. 18 Nov. 63, must. in 18 Nov. 63, died of disease 13 Sept. 64, cap. 16 May 64.

- Towns, James B. F.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 13, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 12 Feb. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, must. out 20 July 65, to Mus. 4 May 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, furl. 21 June 65, O.D.
- Wolfe, John D.**, Pr.: b. France, age 25, res. Pembroke, V.R., enl. 21 Nov. 63, must. in 21 Nov. 63, died of disease 4 Sept. 64, cap. 16 May 64.

COMPANY G.

- Wiggin, Pierce L.**, Capt.: b. Ossipee, age 25, res. Ossipee, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. to date 14 April 62, O.S., d. 3 Dec. 79, Beaufort, S. C.
- Emmons, George W.**, 1st Lt.: b. Walpole, age 29, res. Lebanon, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 18 Sept. 63, l.a. 9 Oct. 62, to Capt. 2 April 62. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Handerson, Henry C.**, 2d Lt.: b. Chesterfield, age 33, res. Keene, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 18 Sept. 63, to 1st Lt. 10 May 62, wd. 16 June 62, to Capt. 31 March 63, O.D., d. 12 June 74, Keene.
- Wiggin, Joseph C.**, 1st Sergt.: b. Tamworth, age 34, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 21 Aug. 62, to 2d Lt. 31 May 62.
- Knowles, Amasa M.**, 2d Sergt.: b. Eaton, age 23, res. Effingham, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 11 March 62. P.O. ad. Lynn, Mass.
- Moulton, Orville R.**, 3d Sergt.: b. Jefferson, age 25, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 24 Sept. 62.
- Wadlia, Andrew J.**, 4th Sergt.: b. Sanford, Me., age 33, res. Wolfborough, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 10 Feb. 65, to 2d Lt. 15 Oct. 62, l.a. 8 Dec. 62, to 1st Lt. 31 July 63, to Capt. 3 June 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, l.a. bet. Sept. 64 and Jan. 65, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Greeley, Col.
- Emery, William H.**, 5th Sergt.: b. New Hampton, age 18, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 18 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, res'd 7 Dec. 61, to Corp. 4 Dec. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 15 May 64, O.S. P.O. ad. Missouri Valley, Iowa.
- Gove, John**, 1st Corp.: b. Epsom, age 44, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 23 Aug. 61. P.O. ad. Concord.
- Cassady, Thomas**, 2d Corp.: b. Sligo, Ire., age 22, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, res'd 7 April 62, wd. 16 June 62, to Corp. 16 Oct. 62, re-enl. 29 Feb. 64, to ranks 1 May 64, wd. 16 May 64. P.O. ad. Lancaster.
- Jones, Edwin R.**, 3d Corp.: b. Lancaster, age 18, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Aug. 62, to Corp. 8 June 62.
- Peavey, Joseph A.**, 4th Corp.: b. Ossipee, age 18, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 29 Nov. 61.
- Knowles, Thomas H.**, 5th Corp.: b. Eaton, age 21, res. Effingham, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 6 June 62. P.O. ad. Lynn, Mass.
- Emerson, Hollis D.**, 6th Corp.: b. Canada, age 38, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 20 Oct. 64, wd. 16 June 62, to Sergt. 14 Oct. 62, to ranks 15 May 63, des. 28 June 63, ret'd, wd. 14 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, furl. — Feb. 65, d. 21 April 83, Ossipee.
- Burbank, William H.**, 7th Corp.: b. Haverhill, age 19, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Sergt. 7 Dec. 61, to 1st Sergt. 3 July 63, re-enl. 30 Jan. 64, wd. 16 May 64, to 2d Lt. must. 4 Oct. 64, must. revoked by W.D. P.O. ad. Piermont.
- Piper, William C.**, 8th Corp.: b. Tamworth, age 23, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to ranks 11 Nov. 61, re-enl. 31 Jan. 64, O.D.

- Morse, John W.**, 1st Mus. : b. Lisbon, age 28, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 6 Oct. 64, wd. 22 Oct. 62, wd. 16 Aug. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. North Lisbon.
- Kelley, Martin V. B.**, 2d Mus. : b. Moultonboro', age 18, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 24 Aug. 61.
- Hoyt, Adolphus E.**, Wag. : b. Providence, R.I., age 21, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 29 July 62. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Allen, Joseph H.**, Pr. : b. Brookfield, age 28, res. Wakefield, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 15 May 64, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 14 May 64, O.D.
- Brown, Charles H.**, Pr. : b. Moultonboro', age 18, res. Moultonboro', O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 8 Sept. 62.
- Bickford, George R.**, Pr. : b. Wakefield, age 18, res. Wakefield, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 27 Sept. 64, wd. 16 June 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Dorchester, Mass.
- Brown, John F.**, Pr. : b. Ossipee, age 25, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, furl. — May 63, des. 24 June 63, ret'd, re-enl. 29 Feb. 64, to Corp. 17 Oct. 64, to Sergt. 28 Dec. 64. P.O. ad. Ettingham.
- Ballard, William W. W.**, Pr. : b. Tamworth, age 39, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 Jan. 63, furl. — Aug. 62, O.S.
- Blanchard, James**, Pr. : b. Philadelphia, Pa., age 27, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 14 May 62, to Corp. 7 Dec. 61 (same person as James F. Brown, recruit — executed).
- Bennett, Frederick T.**, Pr. : b. Lennoxville, Can., age 18, res. Guildhall, Vt., O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Oct. 61.
- Blake, Granville**, Pr. : b. Milan, age 18, res. Milan, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 22 May 64, to Corp. 1 Aug. 63, wd. 16 May 64, O.D.
- Baker, Daniel W.**, Pr. : b. Compton, Can., age 35, res. Orford, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 5 Sept. 64, wd. 16 June 62, cap. 16 May 64.
- Chesley, Harra A.**, Pr. : b. Boston, Mass., age 19, res. Wolfboro', O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 22 March 65, wd. 16 May 64, cap. 16 Aug. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Philadelphia, Pa.
- Chick, Fenno**, Pr. : b. Ossipee, age 21, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 18 Oct. 64, re-enl. 19 Jan. 64, to Corp. 26 Aug. 64.
- Clement, John H.**, Pr. : b. Moultonboro', age 19, res. Moultonboro', O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 3 Sept. 61. P.O. ad. Exeter.
- Chick, John E.**, Pr. : b. Wakefield, age 19, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 30 Aug. 63, to Corp. 14 Dec. 62, wd. 26 Aug. 63.
- Clough, Ira**, Pr. : b. Parsonfield, Me., age 27, res. Parsonfield, Me., O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 15 May 64, to Corp. 10 Dec. 61, to Sergt. 1 Jan. 62, wd. 16 June 62, to ranks 1 Aug. 63, O.D., O.S., d. 20 Nov. 88, Freedom.
- Chesley, Joseph**, Pr. : b. Derby, Vt., age 37, res. Dummer, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 29 Nov. 64, wd. 16 June 62, cap. 16 Aug. 64.
- Craigie, Peter**, Pr. : b. Ronsay, Scot., age 32, res. Orford, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 19 Feb. 64, wd. 7 Oct. 64.
- Corson, James T.**, Pr. : b. Lebanon, Me., age 22, res. Lebanon, Me., O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 June 62, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 20 March 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64.

- Cameron, John H.**, Pr.: b. Glasgow, Scot., age 27, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 Aug. 63, re-enl. 22 Jan. 64, to ranks 1 May 64, to Corp. 29 March 65, to Sergt. 16 May 65, O.D. P.O. ad. No. Lisbon.
- Day, Orland**, Pr.: b. Sweden, Me., age 19, res. Gorham, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 27 Sept. 64, furl. 15 May 63, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, d. 3 Dec. 85, Fryeburg, Me.
- Eastman, Lucian**, Pr.: b. Tamworth, age 32, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 2 June 64.
- Edgell, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. Tamworth, age 23, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 Dec. 62, to Corp. 1 June 62, to Sergt. 16 Oct. 62. P.O. ad. Tamworth.
- Eastman, Clark**, Pr.: b. Parsonfield, Me., age 23, res. Parsonfield, Me., O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 5 June 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Ellis, George A.**, Pr.: b. Rochester, N. Y., age 21, res. Wakefield, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 29 July 64, furl. —, to Corp. —, wd. 28 Oct. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to ranks 1 May 64, O.D., d. 14 Dec. 90, Boston, Mass.
- Ford, Lorenzo**, Pr.: b. Sandwich, age 18, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 20 July 65, wd. 16 June 62, furl. —, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, disch. at Worcester, Mass., O.D.
- Ferguson, John R.**, Pr.: b. Sandwich, age 18, res. Moultonboro', O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 15 July 63, O.S. P.O. ad. Trego, Md.
- Foss, Frank N.**, Pr.: b. Sandwich, age 23, res. Moultonboro', O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 Dec. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Haverhill, Mass.
- Fogg, Charles**, Pr.: b. Sandwich, age 23, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 6 Dec. 62.
- Farrington, James W.**, Pr.: b. Chatham, age 37, res. Gorham, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 15 May 64, O.D., O.S.
- French, Asa P.**, Pr.: b. Plymouth, age 22, res. Effingham, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 May 62, O.S., N.H.S.H. P.O. ad. Franklin.
- French, Lorenzo D.**, Pr.: b. Porter, Me., age 26, res. No. Parsonfield, Me., O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 29 July 62. P.O. ad. Hiram, Me.
- Grant, James M.**, Pr.: b. Tuftonboro', age 44, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 24 Oct. 62.
- Glidden, Lowell**, Pr.: b. Effingham, age 25, res. Wolfboro', O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 Aug. 62, to ranks 1 Aug. 63, re-enl. 29 Feb. 64.
- Glidden, Frank**, Pr.: b. Epping, age 18, res. Effingham, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Gilman, Albert**, Pr.: b. Tamworth, age 23, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 9 Sept. 64, furl. — Sept. 63, to Corp. 19 Nov. 63, to Sergt. 28 Dec. 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.D., d. 31 May 65, Wilmington, N. C.
- Gains, Oscar**, Pr.: b. Saranac, N.Y., age 18, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 4 Sept. 61.
- Griggs, Julius H.**, Pr.: b. Orford, age 22, res. Orford, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to Co. H — (see Co. H). P.O. ad. Mas-sena, N. Y.
- Hodgkins, Samuel F.**, Pr.: b. Tamworth, age 18, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 27 Aug. 61.
- Hawkins, Edwin D.**, Pr.: b. Wenham, Mass., age 20, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 Nov. 61, O.S. P.O. ad. Stoneham, Mass.

- Hilton, Charles A., Pr. : b. Parsonfield, Me., age 18, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 27 Aug. 61.
- Hall, Frank H., Pr. : b. Lyme, age 20, res. Lyme, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 26 Oct. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Lyme.
- Hammond, Nathan H., Pr. : b. Orford, age 18, res. West Fairlee, Vt., O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to Co. A 3 Sept. 61 (see Co. A).
- Knox, George, Pr. : b. Ossipee, age 22, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 27 Oct. 64, term. exp. 23 Aug. 64.
- Kimball, William F., Pr. : b. Lyman, age 24, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 15 Nov. 62.
- Kane, Charles H., Pr. : b. Lowell, Mass., age 19, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Oct. 61, d. 8 Jan. 62.
- Ladd, Josiah A., Pr. : b. Moultonboro', age 19, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 23 Aug. 62, to Corp. 1 Dec. 61.
- Lindsey, Nelson B., Pr. : b. Canada, age 36, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 29 July 62.
- Moulton, Albion, Pr. : b. Shelburne, age 21, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 26 Sept. 64, to Corp. 21 April 62, res'd 27 May 63, not accepted, re-enl. 30 Jan. 64, wd. 16 May 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Moulton, David J., Pr. : b. Tamworth, age 22, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 31 May 62, to Sergt. 3 July 63. P.O. ad. Middleboro', Mass.
- McCrillis, James, Pr. : b. Newbury, Vt., age 18, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. — April 64, to Corp. 3 July 63, wd. 18 July 63, res'd 16 Dec. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64. P.O. ad. Northwood.
- Meads, James W., Pr. : b. Goffstown, age 18, res. Wakefield, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease, 12 Jan. 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, cap. 7 Oct. 64.
- McIntire, George W., Pr. : b. New Brunswick, age 20, res. Berlin, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. — 64, to Corp. 7 Aug. 62, to Sergt. 3 July 63, re-enl. 17 March 64, to ranks 16 May 65.
- Miles, Thomas, Pr. : b. Shrewsbury, Eng., age 22, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to Co. E, Third U.S. Art., 9 Dec. 62, wd. 16 June 62, O.S.
- Niles, Amasa, Pr. : b. Haverhill, age 19, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 9 Nov. 61.
- Peavey, Benjamin F., Pr. : b. Tuftonboro', age 30, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, furl. 15 May 63. P.O. ad. Moultonboro'.
- Paris, Albert, Pr. : b. Lowell, Mass., age 21, res. Wolfboro', O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 6 Oct. 64, to Corp. 14 Oct. 62, furl. —, to Sergt. 1 Aug. 63, term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
- Parrott, Horace S., Pr. : b. Lynn, Mass., age 32, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 Dec. 62. P.O. ad. Centre Sandwich.
- Page, George A., Pr. : b. St. Johnsbury, Vt., age 22, res. Effingham, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 31 May 62, res'd 20 Nov. 63. O.D.
- Paine, De Witt C., Pr. : b. Milan, age 20, res. Milan, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. by order 11 May 65, des. — Sept. 61, ret'd, disch. under President's Proclamation.
- Pilbro, White, Pr. : b. Columbia, age 18, res. Colebrook, O.V., enl. — Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 19 May 65, wd. 10 July 63, re-enl. 26 Feb. 64, wd. 2 June 64.

- Paradise, Abram**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 18, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 23 June 62, wd. 16 June 62.
- Phelps, George M.**, Pr.: b. Orford, age 18, res. Orford, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 23 Oct. 64, wd. 10 July 63, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, wd. 16 May 64, and cap.
- Piper, George E.**, Pr.: b. Meredith, age 17, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 18 July 63, O.D.
- Sceggell, George O.**, Pr.: b. Ossipee, age 21, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 27 Sept. 64, to Corp. 3 July 63, wd. 18 July 63, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Ossipee.
- Sceggell, John L.**, Pr.: b. Ossipee, age 26, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 14 Dec. 61, d. 19 Jan. 81, Ossipee.
- Styles, Moses**, Pr.: b. Ossipee, age 18, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 15 Feb. 65, to ranks 14 June 65, O.D.
- Speed, John C.**, Pr.: b. Dundee, Can., age 24, res. Orford, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 6 Oct. 64, to Corp. 16 Dec. 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Benton.
- Trotter, Grant**, Pr.: b. Scotland, age 18, res. Haverhill, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Mt. Vernon, So. Dakota.
- Trickey, William H.**, Pr.: b. Exeter, Me., age 20, res. Wolfboro', O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, to Corp. 1 Dec. 61, to Sergt. 16 April 62, to 1st Sergt. 31 May 62, to 2d Lt. 13 June 63, to 1st Lt. 20 Jan. 64, to Capt. 12 July 64, l.a. 18 July 64, wd. 3 Sept. 64, wd. 27 Oct. 64, to Maj. 17 Feb. 65, wd. 4 April 65, O.D. (See F. and S.)
- Townsend, Edward**, Pr.: b. Wilton, Me., age 18, res. Wakefield, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, wd. 21 Sept. 64, wd. 29 Oct. 64. P.O. ad. Ray, Neb.
- Tallman, James H.**, Pr.: b. Orford, age 20, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 14 Sept. 61.
- Tyler, William H. H.**, Pr.: b. Lyme, age 21, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 May 64, wd. 2 June 64, wd. 16 May 64, d. 8 May 88, Manchester.
- Varney, James R.**, Pr.: b. Exeter, age 25, res. Edingham, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 Dec. 61, to Sergt. 14 Dec. 62, to ranks 28 Dec. 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. North Parsonfield, Me.
- Vittum, David P. S.**, Pr.: b. Sandwich, age 30, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Conway.
- Wiggin, Charles**, Pr.: b. Wakefield, age 36, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 10 July 62, wd. 16 June 62.
- Watrous, Edgar H.**, Pr.: b. Suffield, Conn., age 31, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 19 March 64, O.D.
- Wentworth, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. Ossipee, age 20, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, furl. — Sept. 63, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. New Market.
- Wentworth, Marshall P.**, Pr.: b. Ossipee, age 23, res. Ossipee, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64. P.O. ad. Ossipee.
- Willson, William**, Pr.: b. Three Rivers, Can., age 19, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 29 Aug. 62, wd. 16 June 62.
- Wilkins, Calvin O.**, Pr.: b. Royalston, Mass., age 24, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 Dec. 62.

- Wentworth, Frederick A.**, Pr.: b. Lancaster, age 18, res. Lancaster, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 26 Aug. 62.
- York, George T.**, Pr.: b. Sandwich, age 27, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 31 Jan. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Dover.
- York, Isaac I.**, Pr.: b. Wentworth's Location, age 28, res. Colebrook, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, O.D.

Recruits, Co. G.

- Atmore, George W.**, Pr.: b. Naugatuck, Conn., age 21, res. Naugatuck, Conn., S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, died of disease 22 Sept. 64, wd. 15 May 64 and cap., des. 10 Feb. 65, ret'd, sub. for John Haley of —.
- Burgess, Benj. D.**, Pr.: b. Brookline, age 21, res. Brookline, V.R., enl. 27 March 62, must. in 27 March 62, disch. 26 April 65, wd. 27 Aug. 64, furl. 31 Oct. 64, term exp. 27 March 65. P.O. ad. W. Townsend, Mass.
- Brown, James F.**, Pr.: b. Philadelphia, age 29, res. Bradford, V.R., enl. 2 Dec. 63, must. in 2 Dec. 63, executed 26 Dec. 64, des. 25 June 63, ret'd (see James Blanchard, original, and see G.C.M. cases).
- Broyhan, James.** Pr.: b. Ireland, age 22, res. Merrinack, S.R., enl. 14 Aug. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 14 April 64, sub. for Samuel P. Moore of Merrinack.
- Bure, Jacob.** Pr.: b. Switzerland, age 23, res. Springfield, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, died of wds. 13 July 64, wd. 16 May 64 and cap., sub. for Daniel P. Quimby of Springfield.
- Bartlett, Blasias.** Pr.: b. Montreal, Can., age 37, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, wd. 13 May 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for Joseph M. Blanchard of Claremont.
- Brown, John.** Pr.: b. Ireland, age 19, res. Bedford, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, disch. 5 Aug. 65, cap. 16 May 64, sub. for John E. Vose of Bedford.
- Connors, Henry.** Pr.: b. British America, age 24, res. British America, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for David W. Trowe of —.
- Douglass, James.** Pr.: b. Edinburgh, Scot., age 20, res. Cornish, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for William E. Westgate of Cornish.
- Engleblom, Oscar.** Pr.: b. Sweden, age 27, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, disch. by order, 29 Oct. 64, to Corp. 1 May 64, to Sergt. 26 Aug. 64, com. 2d Lt. Second U.S.C.T. 6 Oct. 64, O.S., sub. for Albion B. Stone of Claremont.
- Evans, Alrick.** Pr.: b. Canada, age 27, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, m.a. 16 June 64, wd. 16 May 64, sub. for George B. Pratt of Keene.
- Edwards, James W.**, Pr.: b. Springfield, Mass., age 23, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, died of disease 30 Oct. 64, sub. for Asa C. Eastman of Concord.
- Fuller, Oliver.** Pr.: b. Seabrook, age 20, res. Bow, V.R., enl. 21 Aug. 62, must. in 28 Aug. 62, disch. by order 7 Feb. 63, disch. by Sec. War, at Hilton Head. P.O. ad. Concord.
- Forney, Christopher.** Pr.: b. England, age 36, res. Springfield, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, des. 12 July 64, sub. for Oren F. Hill of Springfield.
- Goodwin, Elisha J.**, Pr.: b. Tamworth, age 18, res. Great Falls, V.R., enl. 30 Jan. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 11 Feb. 64, O.D.
- Graw, John.** Pr.: b. Germany, age 25, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, des. 5 Jan. 65, wd. prior to Aug. 64, des. 30 May 64, ret'd, sub. for Geo. C. Grannis of Claremont.

- Gunch, Edwin**, Pr.: b. New York City, age 20, res. Canaan, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, disch. for dis. 28 Oct. 64, N S.H., sub. for Burns Edwards of Canaan, d. 4 April 84, Southern Soldiers' Home.
- Genrich, Frederick**, Pr.: b. Montreal, Can., age 27, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, disch. 31 July 65, sub. for G. W. McDuffie of Keene.
- Hickey, William**, Pr.: b. St. John, N.B., age 24, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 19 Nov. 63, must. in 19 Nov. 63, des. 25 June 64.
- Hoffman, Charles**, Pr.: b. Poland, age 23, res. Enfield, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, des. 8 Nov. 64, sub. for Eli H. Sargent of Springfield.
- Healey, Samuel F.**, Pr.: b. —, age —, res. unknown, V.R., enl. —, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Oct. 61.
- Hoyt, Charles**, Pr.: b. Haverhill, Mass., age 21, res. Pittsfield, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Chas. H. Morrill of Pittsfield.
- Heck, Joseph**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 25, res. Boscawen, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, died of disease 4 Dec. 64, cap. 16 Aug. 64, sub. for Fred Clifford of Boscawen.
- Hall, Charles**, Pr.: b. Belgium, age 21, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, disch. to date 20 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, des. 24 Aug. 64, ret'd, sub. for Timothy Sweaney of Concord.
- Judd, Sylvester**, Pr.: b. Dummerston, Vt., age 20, res. Charlestown, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for John Miller of Charlestown.
- Joslin, Horace**, Pr.: b. Stoddard, age 25, res. Keene, V.R., enl. 18 Feb. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. —, re-enl. 18 Feb. 64, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Keene.
- Kendall, John**, Pr.: b. St. John, N.B., age 21, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, executed 17 Dec. 63, des. 28 Nov. 63, ret'd, sub. for Geo. W. Austin of Plainfield.
- Kelley, John**, Pr.: b. St. John, N.B., age 31, res. St. John, N. B., S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, disch. for dis. 18 July 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64, sub. for Albert Morse of —.
- Leonard, Elias**, Pr.: b. England, age 24, res. Orange, V.R., enl. 19 Nov. 63, must. in 19 Nov. 63, k.a. 16 May 64.
- Lull, Fernando G.**, Pr.: b. Springfield, age 18, res. Springfield, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, died of disease 31 May 64, sub. for Jonathan G. Langley of Springfield.
- Lavallette, Henry**, Pr.: b. Strasbourg, France, age 21, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, des. 18 Aug. 64, to Corp. 24 Dec. 63, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for James McKnight of Keene.
- McCaffrey, William J.**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 18, res. Great Falls, V.R., enl. 30 Jan. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 18 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 16 May 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Plattsburg, N.Y.
- Robinson, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 27, res. Dublin, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 27 Nov. 63, des. 14 April 64.
- Ryan, Edward**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 20, res. Lyme, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, des. 14 April 64.
- Ritcher, Otto**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 26, res. Springfield, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, m.a. 16 Aug. 64, sub. for Jonathan Sauborn of Springfield.
- Roberts, Richard**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 28, res. Charlestown, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, des. 30 Nov. 64, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for Chas. E. Richardson of Charlestown.
- Sessions, George T.**, Pr.: b. —, age 19, res. unknown, V.R., enl. 14 Oct. 62, must. in —, tr. to First U.S. Art. 23 Dec. 62.

- Sherman, Joseph**, Pr. : b. New York, age 35, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 19 Nov. 63, must. in 19 Nov. 63, des. 28 Oct. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- Thomas, John**, Pr. : b. Cumberland, Eng., age 22, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, absent 20 July 65, sub. for David Lamper of Alton.
- Van Munster, Albert**, Pr. : b. Hanover, Ger., age 23, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 May 64, wd. 13 May 64, to Sergt. 2 Sept. 64, cap. 7 Oct. 64, sub. for Chas. S. Grace of Barnstead.
- Webster, Daniel S.** Pr. : b. Cincinnati, O., age 22, res. Gilmanton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. 14 Nov. 64, furl. — 64, cap. 16 May 64, sub. for John F. Folsom of Gilmanton.
- Whalen, John**, Pr. : b. Derbyshire, Eng., age 21, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. 1 May 65, to Corp. — 64, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for Sewell N. Lougee of Barnstead.
- White, John**, Pr. : b. Hanover, Ger., age 24, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, cap. 16 May 64, sub. for Samuel E. P. Gilman of Alton.
- Wilson, John**, Pr. : b. Norway, Me., age 24, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, des. 25 Jan. 65, sub. for James Hayes of Keene.
- Wungart, De Lewis**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 22, res. Entfield, V.R., enl. 18 Nov. 63, must. in 18 Nov. 63, died of disease 26 Oct. 64, cap. 17 May 64.
- Weed, William O.**, Pr. : b. Sandwich, age 44, res. Tamworth, V.R., enl. — Aug. 61, must. in — Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 Oct. 61, to Corp. — Aug. 61.

Transferred to Company.

- Hazeltine, John L.**, Pr. : tr. from K, died of disease 9 Dec. 61, to Mus. —.
- Gilbert, Charles**, Pr. : tr. from A, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Nicholson, Nathaniel E.**, Pr. : b. Conway, age 33, res. Bartlett, enl. 12 Nov. 62, must. in 17 Nov. 62, disch. for dis. 30 Oct. 64, tr. from Seventeenth N.H. 20 Jan. 64, re-enl. — March 64, wd. 16 May 64, O.S. P.O. ad. Centre Bartlett.

COMPANY H.

- Dow, Robert C.**, Capt. : b. Goffstown, age 40, res. Manchester, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 21 June 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Danville, Vt.
- Maxwell, William H.**, 1st Lt. : b. Picton, N.S., age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. to date 14 Dec. 64, to Capt. 12 Sept. 62, l.a. — May 63, wd. 16 June 64, l.a. 3 July 64, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Langley, John F.**, 2d Lt. : b. Nottingham, age 30, res. Manchester, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 3 July 62, to 1st Lt. 26 May 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Amherst.
- Hopkins, Henry F.**, 1st Sergt. : b. Vermont, age 34, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 April 63, to 2d Lt. 13 Sept. 62, l.a. 3 Nov. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Lawrence, Mass.
- Fifield, Stephen S.**, 2d Sergt. : b. Candia, age 25, res. Candia, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, res'd —, O.D. P.O. ad. Candia.
- French, Charles F.**, 3d Sergt. : b. Bedford, age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 May 63, res'd 31 Dec. 61, cap. 21 Aug. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Marion, Ind.
- Eastman, Henry B.**, 4th Sergt. : b. East Concord, age 23, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 6 Nov. 63, res'd 31 Dec. 61, wd. 1 Sept. 63, O.S., N.S.H., d. 13 May 82, Louisville, Ky.

- Kelsea, James H.**, 5th Sergt. : b. Lisbon, age 24, res. Lisbon, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 21 July 63, to 1st Sergt. 14 Jan. 63.
- Paige, Henry C.**, 1st Corp. : b. Goffstown, age 22, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 March 63, cap. 21 Aug. 62, d. 18 April 66, Manchester.
- Harvey, Charles**, 2d Corp. : b. Stewartstown, age 26, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 March 63, to Sergt. 1 Jan. 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Wheeler, George N.**, 3d Corp. : b. Amherst, age 31, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 May 62, res'd 1 Jan. 62, O.D.
- Dow, Newton**, 4th Corp. : b. Bradford, Vt., age 23, res. —, R.I., O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 24 Sept. 62.
- Dearborn, Stephen**, 5th Corp. : b. Candia, age 27, res. Candia, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62, to Sergt. 1 Jan. 62.
- Burnham, George W.**, 6th Corp. : b. Littleton, age 20, res. Littleton, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 26 Aug. 63, to Sergt. 20 Aug. 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62.
- Sherman, Charles**, 7th Corp. : b. Lisbon, age 22, res. Landaff, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 Nov. 62, wd. 16 June 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62. P.O. ad. Lisbon.
- Clough, George**, 8th Corp. : b. Epping, age 23, res. Epping, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. Concord 22 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62, to ranks 21 May 63, wd. 15 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.S. P.O. ad. Brentwood Corner.
- Gove, Charles H.**, 1st Mus. : b. Derry, age 17, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, tr. to Co. E 1 Jan. 62 (see Co. E).
- Colby, Beniah**, Wag. : b. Hill, age 35, res. Franklin, O.V., enl. 23 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 May 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Haneock.
- Adams, Thomas**, Pr. : b. Bedford, age 28, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, cap. 21 Aug. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Bedford.
- Adams, George W.**, Pr. : b. Bedford, age 20, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 21 Aug. 62.
- Adams, Eben H.**, Pr. : b. Henniker, age 21, res. Henniker, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, cap. 21 Aug. 62, to Corp. 1 Nov. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 1 March 64, to ranks 1 Jan. 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Hillsboro'.
- Adams, Samuel**, Pr. : b. Bedford, age 18, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 June 62. P.O. ad. Bedford.
- Atwood, Daniel N.**, Pr. : b. Chelsea, Mass., age 21, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, wd. 16 June 62, to Wag. 20 Jan. 63, to ranks 1 April 63, des. 28 July 63, ret'd, re-enl. 31 Jan. 64, wd. 16 May 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 22 June 65, O.D.
- Bartells, Jacob**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 44, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 11 Nov. 61.
- Brooks, John**, Pr. : b. Pittsfield, age 19, res. Pittsfield, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 19 June 64, wd. 16 June 62, to Corp. 25 Nov. 63, re-enl. 31 Jan. 64, wd. 16 June 64.
- Briggs, America**, Pr. : b. Paris, Me., age 36, res. Hooksett, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 18 May 64, cap. 21 Aug. 62, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64.
- Blood, Albert**, Pr. : b. Nashua, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 28 March 63, cap. 21 Aug. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Manchester.

- Blake, Lanson.** Pr.: b. Auburn, age 22, res. Auburn, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, to Wag. 1 April 63, re-enl. 15 Feb. 64, O.D., d. 3 April 82, Danvers, Mass.
- Bickford, Edward.** Pr.: b. Alton, age 20, res. Dunbarton, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 11 April 64, cap. 21 Aug. 62, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64, O.D.
- Burnham, Charles F.** Pr.: b. Epping, age 21, res. Epping, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, cap. 21 Aug. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Epping.
- Butterfield, William.** Pr.: b. Bedford, age 19, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 Nov. 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Windham.
- Brady, John.** Pr.: b. Boston, Mass., age 19, res. Littleton, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 11 April 64, cap. 21 Aug. 62, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64.
- Campbell, John N.** Pr.: b. Bedford, age 18, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 12 March 63, wd. 16 June 62.
- Campbell, Andrew J.** Pr.: b. Bedford, age 18, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 7 Sept. 62.
- Cole, John S.** Pr.: b. New Boston, age 43, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61, d. — 61.
- Carr, Thomas M.** Pr.: b. Hillsboro' Bridge, age 20, res. Hillsboro', O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 27 Oct. 64, wd. 16 June 62, to Corp. 1 Nov. 63, to Sergt. 3 Dec. 63, re-enl. 17 March 64, furl. — Aug. 64.
- Cotter, Edward.** Pr.: b. Canada, age 25, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 Oct. 62, furl. — May 63, wd. 18 July 63, to Sergt. 1 Nov. 63, wd. 16 May 64, P.O. ad. Hillsboro' Bridge.
- Calahan, James.** Pr.: b. Ireland, age 20, res. Littleton, O.V., enl. 23 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, cap. 21 Aug. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Marshall, Texas.
- Davis, John B.** Pr.: b. Franklin, age 36, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 Nov. 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62.
- Dugan, Jeremiah.** Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Lawrence, Mass., O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 Nov. 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Davis, William.** Pr.: b. Gibraltar, age 22, res. Littleton, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 Sept. 64, to Corp. 8 May 63, to Sergt. 1 July 63, to 1st Sergt. 26 Aug. 63, wd. 26 Aug. 63, furl. — 63, to 2d Lt. 23 Feb. 64, O.D., d. 31 Jan. 74, Lexington, Mich.
- Downs, Nathaniel P.** Pr.: b. Madison, age 23, res. Tamworth, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 21 Aug. 62.
- Emery, Alonzo D.** Pr.: b. Auburn, age 18, res. Auburn, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 29 June 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Bristol.
- Foster, Lewis.** Pr.: b. Canada, age 26, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 12 Nov. 62.
- Foster, William H.** Pr.: b. Johnson, Vt., age 41, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 June 62.
- Ferren, Frank.** Pr.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 6 June 63, cap. 21 Aug. 62.
- Gracey, William.** Pr.: b. Melbourne, Can., age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, to Mus. 1 Jan. 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, O.D., N.S.H., d. 7 Nov. 71, Togus, Me.
- Gracey, David.** Pr.: b. Ireland, age 45, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 June 62.

- Gannon, James.** Pr. : b. Ireland, age 27, res. Deerfield, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 9 Nov. 64, Concord, des. 26 May 63, ret'd, wd. 15 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, N.S.H., d. 16 Oct. 85, Togus, Me.
- George, Albert Q.**, Pr. : b. Haverhill, age 18, res. Goffstown, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. —, cap. 16 June 62.
- Gardner, Levi.** Pr. : b. Dundee, Can., age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 31 Jan. 64.
- Goodwin, William H.**, Pr. : b. Newbury, age 20, res. Lisbon, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 11 Dec. 62, wd. 16 June 62. P.O. ad. Wells River, Vt.
- Harris, Charles E.**, Pr. : b. Bethlehem, age 23, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 30 Nov. 64, wd. 16 June 62, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64.
- Hill, William H.**, Pr. : b. Guilford, Ct., age 31, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 Jan. 62, to Sergt. 26 Aug. 63, wd. 1 Sept. 63, furl. — Sept. 63, to ranks 3 Dec. 63, O.D. P.O. ad. Woodsville.
- Halladay, Franklin.** Pr. : b. Worcester, Mass., age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 30 Sept. 62.
- Hardy, William E.**, Pr. : b. Greenfield, age 33, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61, N.S.H., O.S., d. 28 May 89, Manchester.
- Harvey, Enoch T.**, Pr. : b. Loudon, age 40, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 March 63, cap. 21 Aug. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Salisbury.
- Hunt, Josiah F.**, Pr. : b. Kingston, age 21, res. Kingston, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 5 Nov. 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62.
- Hyde, Ira D.**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 44, res. Stark, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 12 March 62.
- Jefferson, Daniel, Jr.**, Pr. : b. Lisbon, age 23, res. Lisbon, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 1 Dec. 62, wd. 21 Aug. 62 and cap.
- Kingsbury, Isaac H.**, Pr. : b. Danville, Vt., age 28, res. Littleton, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 May 63, wd. 16 June 62, to Corp. 1 Nov. 62.
- Knox, William H.**, Pr. : b. Cohoes Falls, N.Y., age 20, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 July 62, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Gardiner, Me.
- Knowlton, William H.**, Pr. : b. Newbury, Vt., age 31, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 Sept. 62, wd. 16 June 62. P.O. ad. Bala, Kan.
- Luce, Daniel.** Pr. : b. Stowe, Vt., age 32, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 12 March 62. P.O. ad. Sutton.
- Lockling, John.** Pr. : b. St. Albans, Vt., age 18, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 11 April 64, cap. 21 Aug. 62, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64.
- Lawrence, Walter A.**, Pr. : b. Barrington, age 19, res. Goffstown, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 24 June 62, wd. 16 June 62.
- LaMudge, Alexander.** Pr. : b. New York, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 26 Aug. 63, to Corp. 26 Aug. 63, O.D.
- Lockwood, Albert N.**, Pr. : b. Norwalk, Ct., age 29, res. Norwalk, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 7 Nov. 64, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 18 Feb. 64, to Corp. 5 July 64, d. 14 Dec. 82, Hartford, Ct.
- Metcalf, Alden E.**, Pr. : b. Lempster, age 21, res. Marlow, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, cap. 21 Aug. 62, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, des. 2 June 64, ret'd, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Westport, Ct.

- Morrison, Daniel S., Pr.: b. Granville, N.Y., age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 31 March 63, d. 4 June 89, Greeley, Col.
- McDuffie, Leroy, Pr.: b. Auburn, age 23, res. Auburn, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, cap. 21 Aug. 62, to Corp. 9 Aug. 63, to Sergt. 1 Nov. 63, re-enl. 31 Jan. 64, wd. 15 Jan. 65.
- Morgan, Charles, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 34, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of wds. 26 Aug. 62, wd. 21 Aug. 62.
- McQuestion, Jerome B., Pr.: b. Manchester, age 31, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 2 Nov. 62, to Corp. 1 Jan. 62, to Sergt. 1 Aug. 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62, to ranks 1 Nov. 62, d. 29 March 66, Manchester.
- Murdough, George, Pr.: b. Acworth, age 42, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 22 O.D. Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, furl. — Sept. 63, d. — 92, Acworth.
- Nichols, William H. H., Pr.: b. Bedford, age 20, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 29 Oct. 62, wd. 21 Aug. 62, N.S.H., O.S. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- O'Neil, James, Pr.: b. St. John, N. B., age 36, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, died of disease 11 April 64, cap. 21 Aug. 62, des., ret'd, re-enl. 31 Jan. 64.
- Parker, Timothy, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 March 63, cap. 21 Aug. 62. P.O. ad. Holbrook, Mass.
- Parker, James W., Pr.: b. Lisbon, age 22, res. Lisbon, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64. P.O. ad. Lisbon.
- Perry, Charles S. K., Pr.: b. Haverhill, Mass., age 37, res. Haverhill, Mass., O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 12 March 62, N.S.H.
- Perry, Ira B., Pr.: b. Chichester, age 19, res. Chichester, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, cap. 21 Aug. 62. P.O. ad. Chichester.
- Parkhurst, George W., Pr.: b. Amherst, age 19, res. Amherst, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 30 May 65, wd. 16 June 62, furl. — May 63, to Corp. 1 Sept. 63, re-enl. 31 Jan. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to ranks 1 Jan. 65. P.O. ad. Bedford.
- Page, David A., Pr.: b. Goffstown, age 19, res. Goffstown, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 June 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62, wd. — Aug. 63, to Corp. 25 Nov. 63, re-enl. 18 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, to Sergt. 1 Jan. 65. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Ring, Charles O., Pr.: b. Searsport, Me., age 18, res. Pittsfield, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 21 Aug. 62.
- Richards, Walter J., Pr.: b. Goffstown, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, cap. 21 Aug. 62, to Corp. 26 July 63, to Sergt. 1 Sept. 63, furl. 20 Jan. 64, re-enl. 27 Feb. 64, to 1st Sergt. 1 March 64, to 1st Lt. 20 July 65, but not must., d. 16 April 79, Manchester.
- Roach, James C., Pr.: b. Ireland, age 24, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 June 63, cap. 21 Aug. 62.
- Robinson, William, Pr.: b. Candia, age 26, res. Candia, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 12 Oct. 65, cap. 21 Aug. 62, to Corp. 1 Nov. 63, re-enl. 6 Feb. 64, des. 11 April 64, ret'd, d. 3 April 76, Candia.
- Stevens, Albert H., Pr.: b. Manchester, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, N.S.H., d. 10 May 74, Togus, Me.
- Simmons, Volney T., Pr.: b. Norfolk, N. Y., age 32, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D., N.S.H., d. 30 Aug. 82, Manchester.

- Smith, John A.**, Pr.: b. Walden, Vt., age 30, res. Northwood, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 25 Aug. 63, cap. 21 Aug. 62, to Corp. 21 May 63, res'd 7 Aug. 63.
- Smith, Donald**, Pr.: b. Scotland, age 37, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 18 Feb. 64, des. —April 64, ret'd, to Corp. 31 Dec. 64, O.D., d. 24 May 85, Providence, R. I.
- Todd, William**, Pr.: b. Pembroke, age 29, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 Jan. 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62, res'd 9 Feb. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, must. out Manchester. P.O. ad. 764 Broadway, So. Boston, Mass.
- Thurber, Freeman N.**, Pr.: b. Burke, Vt., age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 23 July 62, wd. 16 June 62. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Turner, George A.**, Pr.: b. Candia, age 25, res. Candia, O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 June 62, cap. 21 Aug. 62, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Candia.
- Wallace, James S.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 18, res. Hooksett, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 6 Aug. 62.
- Wallace, Joseph H.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 21, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61.
- Williams, Hanson T.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62.
- Woods, Patrick**, Pr.: b. Scotland, age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, disch. 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62.
- Ward, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 28, res. Boston, Mass., O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, des. 27 Aug. 61.
- Witham, Joseph**, Pr.: b. Nottingham, age 18, res. Nottingham, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, des. 6 Aug. 62, ret'd, O.S. P.O. ad. W. Epping.
- Welsh, Patrick**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 30, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 23 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, cap. 21 Aug. 62, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Augusta, Me.

Recruits, Co. H.

- Avery, Charles**, Pr.: b. St. John, N. B., age 21, res. New Boston, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for James M. Waldo of New Boston.
- Andrews, James**, Pr.: b. England, age 25, res. Hebron, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, disch. 16 June 65 by G.O. 37 H.Q. Dept. N.C., Wilmington, sub. for Zebina E. Woodbury of Hebron.
- Adams, John**, Pr.: b. England, age 28, res. Swanzev, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. *en route* to regt., sub. for Josiah Parsons of Swanzev.
- Brooks, Plummer**, Pr.: b. Pittsfield, age 18, res. Pittsfield, V.R., enl. 28 Dec. 63, must. in 28 Dec. 63, died of disease 4 April 65, furl. before leaving Concord.
- Bush, David N.**, Pr.: b. New York, age 20, res. Bedford, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 31 Dec. 64, sub. for Leonard J. Brown of Bedford.
- Berry, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 21, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 9 Oct. 63, must. in 9 Oct. 63, to Corp. 25 Nov. 63, to Com. Sergt. 3 Dec. 64 (see N.C.S.), N.S.H., sub. for Edwin Leet of Claremont.
- Butler, John**, Pr.: b. Fremont, Me., age 23, res. Fremont, Me., S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, died of disease 26 Aug. 64, sub. for A. H. Foster of —.

- Bazinet, George, Pr. :** b. Montreal, Can., age 21, res. Brookline, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, died of disease 23 March 65, wd. 16 May 64, cap. 7 Oct. 64, sub. for Simon Lawrence of Brookline.
- Burnell, John, Pr. :** b. England, age 21, res. London, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, des. 30 June 64, sub. for Jonathan W. Bartlett of London.
- Bailey, George, Pr. :** b. St. John, N.B., age 22, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 2 June 64, des. 27 Oct. 64, ret'd, sub. for Samuel A. Gilman of Manchester.
- Bancho, William, Pr. :** b. England, age 28, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, died of wds. 5 July 64, wd. 16 June 64.
- Brown, Thomas, Pr. :** b. Halifax, N.S., age 22, res. Dunbarton, S.R., enl. 9 Dec. 64, must. in 9 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for L. P. Hadley of Dunbarton.
- Burke, John, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 27, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 9 Dec. 64, must. in 9 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Francis A. Spencer of Plainfield.
- Brady, Charles, Pr. :** b. Nova Scotia, age 24, res. Rumney, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, des. 16 Jan. 65, sub. for Paul White of Rumney.
- Benton, Robert, Pr. :** b. St. John, N.B., age 21, res. Richmond, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, disch. to date 20 July 65, absent 20 July 65, sub. for Henry Wheeler of Richmond.
- Brown, Michael, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 38, res. Hinsdale, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Jonathan Howe of Hinsdale.
- Brown, Thomas H., Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 23, res. Hillsboro', S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, des. 20 March 65, sub. for Jonathan Danforth, Jr., of Hillsboro'.
- Colburn, Sanford, Pr. :** b. Albany, Vt., age 29, res. Claremont, V.R., enl. 19 Sept. 62, must. in 19 Sept. 62, tr. to V.R.C. 3 Jan. 64, wd. 10 July 63, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Cornish Flat.
- Cotwell, Joseph, Pr. :** b. New York, age 20, res. New York, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for David B. Tobie of —. P.O. ad. Mossy Rock, Wash.
- Crowsan, John, Pr. :** b. Portland, Me., age 23, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, des. 31 May 64, sub. for D. W. Laue of Manchester.
- Chappell, James, Pr. :** b. England, age 19, res. Halifax, N.S., S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, died of disease 11 Sept. 64, sub. for George Langdell of —.
- Campbell, James, Pr. :** b. North America, age 28, res. Pembroke, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, died of disease 24 Oct. 64, wd. 7 Oct. 64, sub. for Chas. Emery of Pembroke.
- Clifton, George R., Pr. :** b. Germany, age 36, res. Boscawen, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Sergt. 1 Jan. 65, sub. for M. G. Dustin of Boscawen. P.O. ad. Grinnell, Iowa.
- Collins, William, Pr. :** b. Clare Co., Ire., age 35, res. Bristol, S.R., enl. 9 Oct. 63, must. in 9 Oct. 63, tr. to V.R.C. 28 Jan. 65, wd. 16 June 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, O.S., sub. for Chas. B. Dow of Bristol, d. 9 Aug. 66, Lowell, Mass.
- Casey, John, Pr. :** b. Boston, Mass., age 37, res. Boston, Mass., S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, disch. for dis. 30 May 65, wd. 16 May 64, N.S.H., sub. for Frank W. Preston of —.
- Condon, Lewis, Pr. :** b. Switzerland, age 32, res. Tuftonboro', S.R., enl. 8 Dec. 64, must. in 8 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Joseph B. Piper of Tuftonboro'.
- Clark, James H., Pr. :** b. Liverpool, Eng., age 23, res. Epsom, S.R., enl. 9 Dec. 64, must. in 9 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for James W. Lovejoy of Epsom.

- Clark, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 26, res. Strafford, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Wm. H. Pearl of Strafford.
- Cass, Frank**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 22, res. Nashua, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for George McClure of Nashua.
- Cole, James**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 35, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Fred C. Dow of Concord.
- Donnelly, William**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 23, res. Weare, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, des. 21 March 65, sub. for Addison K. May of Weare.
- Ford, John N.**, Pr.: b. Braintree, Vt., age 35, res. Canaan, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 6 Sept. 62, k.a. 27 Oct. 64.
- Ford, Elisha H.**, Pr.: b. Braintree, Vt., age 25, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 9 Sept. 62, must. in 9 Sept. 62, disch. 22 June 65, from Hosp. Manchester, N.H. P.O. ad. W. Randolph, Vt.
- Gerrie, Louis**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Mount Vernon, S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, furl. — July 64, n.f.r., sub. for Arthur W. Trow of Mount Vernon.
- Gates, Edward**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, k.a. 16 May 64, sub. for Warren C. Flanders of Concord.
- Gibson, Charles**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 22, res. Portsmouth, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, tr. to Sixteenth N.Y. Lt. Bat. 4 Feb. 65 (was deserter from Sixteenth N.Y. Lt. Bat.), sub. for Nathan Dame, Portsmouth.
- Harris, George C.**, Pr.: b. Cambridge, Mass., age 25, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 15 Jan. 63, to 1st Sergt. 12 Sept. 62.
- Hall, Tracy L.**, Pr.: b. Claremont, age 23, res. Claremont, V.R., enl. 26 Aug. 62, must. in 22 Sept. 62, disch. 26 June 65, to Corp. 25 Nov. 63, wd. 16 June 64, disch. by Prov. Ord. 73, O.D. P.O. ad. Keene.
- Hennessey, Morris**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 18, res. Manchester, V.R., enl. 7 Dec. 63, must. in 7 Dec. 63, k.a. 16 Aug. 64.
- Hern, William**, Pr.: b. Halifax, N.S., age 20, res. Halifax, N.S., S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 31 Dec. 64, sub. for Luke S. Lynch of New Boston.
- Hearn, Edward A.**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 23, res. Winchester, S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, disch. 5 July 65, disch. at —, sub. for Oliver S. Howard of Winchester. P.O. ad. San Jose, Cal.
- Jones, Harry**, Pr.: b. Maine, age 24, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, died of wds. 14 June 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- Jones, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 19, res. Nelson, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, furl. — Aug. 64.
- Kelly, Patrick**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 24, res. Hillsboro', S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, disch. 25 May 65, wd. 11 Feb. 65, disch. Little York, Pa., sub. for John T. Garney of Hillsboro'.
- Killam, Alonzo**, Pr.: b. Braintree, Vt., age 25, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 6 Sept. 62, must. in 6 Sept. 62, k.a. 16 May 64.
- Kelley, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 21, res. Langdon, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, des. 6 March 65, sub. for Robert C. Huntley of Langdon.
- Lucas, Charles**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 34, res. Nelson, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, O.D.
- Lisle, Richard**, Pr.: b. England, age 22, res. Webster, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, furl. — July 64, n.f.r., sub. for Wm. W. Austin of Webster.

- Lyman, William, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 21, res. South New Market, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Asa F. Sanborn of So. New Market.
- Lynch, James, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 29, res. Northfield, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, des. 31 May 64, sub. for Jesse W. Moore of Northfield.
- McGuinness, John, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 36, res. Webster, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, disch. to date 20 July 65, cap. 16 Aug. 64, disch. 3 Aug. 65, Concord, N.H., N.S.H., sub. for Isaac C. Waldren of Webster.
- Munson, John, Pr. :** b. St. John, N.B., age 25, res. Bedford, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, des. 3 Sept. 64, sub. for David P. Barnard of —.
- Matthews, William J., Pr. :** b. Eastport, Me., age 30, res. Deering, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, des. 4 Aug. 64, wd. 18 May 64, sub. for Horace G. Monahan of Deering.
- Mack, John, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 20, res. Alstead, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, des. *en route* to regt., sub. for Wm. Evans of Alstead.
- Morris, Patrick, Pr. :** b. Montreal, Can., age 21, res. Dunbarton, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for Samuel U. Brown of Dunbarton.
- Murphy, James J., Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 24, res. Langdon, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, des. 6 March 65, sub. for Henry Wiley of Langdon.
- Malloy, Patrick, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 34, res. Barnstead, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Chas. H. Dow of Barnstead.
- McGowan, John, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 22, res. Windham, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for Isaiah Dinsmore of Windham.
- Noyes, William, Pr. :** b. Addison Corners, Can., age 36, res. New Market, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, des. 31 Dec. 64, to Corp. 5 April 64, wd. 16 May 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64.
- Norton, James, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 21, res. Sutton, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 31 Dec. 64, sub. for John C. Morey of Sutton.
- O'Keefe, Timothy C., Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 34, res. Ossipee, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for Wentworth H. Carney of Ossipee. P.O. ad. Peterboro'.
- Parsons, Edgar V., Pr. :** b. Dayton, O., age 23, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, des. 3 May 64, sub. for John A. Kendall of Concord.
- Pedrué, Lewis, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 24, res. Hampton, S.R., enl. 8 Dec. 64, must. in 8 Dec. 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for Samuel J. Philbrick of Hampton.
- Papino, George, Pr. :** b. Canada, age 21, res. Tuftonboro', S.R., enl. 8 Dec. 64, must. in 8 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Isaiah S. Wiggin of Tuftonboro'.
- Perry, George, Pr. :** b. Liverpool, Eng., age 28, res. New Boston, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for John K. Dodge of New Boston.
- Quinn, William, Pr. :** b. Ireland, age 23, res. Dunbarton, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, disch. 15 June 65, Wilmington, by G.O. 37 Dept. N.C., sub. for Chas. W. Brown of Dunbarton.
- Quigley, Peter, Pr. :** b. Dublin, Ire., age 26, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, des. 28 March 65, furl. about March 65, O.D., O.S., sub. for Jacob V. Upton of Manchester.

- Rock, Henry C.**, Pr. : b. Montreal, Can., age 22, res. Salisbury, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for James S. Shaw of Salisbury.
- Roach, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. New York, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, died of wds. 7 Oct. 64, wd. 7 Oct. 64, sub. for Hugh S. Warren of —.
- Real, John**, Pr. : b. Quebec, Can., age 21, res. Amherst, S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 5 July 64, to Sergt. 1 Jan. 65, sub. for Geo. E. Parker of Amherst. P.O. ad. Cambridge, Mass.
- Roberts, James**, Pr. : b. England, age 22, res. Lisbon, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, disch. 14 May 65, wd. 13 May 64, to Corp. 3 Aug. 64, N.S.H.
- Read, John N.**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 24, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. 22 June 65, sub. for John N. Reed of Concord.
- Rogers, Thomas**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. Wilmot, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, disch. 15 June 65, disch. by G.O. 37, Dept. N.C., sub. for Chas. F. Trussell of Wilmot.
- Riley, Hugh**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, des. *en route* to regt., sub. for Abel B. Williams of Plainfield.
- Risk, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. Warner, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for George Upton of Warner.
- Riley, Thomas**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 18, res. Hudson, S.R., enl. 16 Dec. 64, must. in 16 Dec. 64, des. 23 March 65, sub. for Alphonzo Robertson of Hudson.
- Sadler, George**, Pr. : b. England, age 23, res. Nelson, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, des. 5 Nov. 64.
- Smith, George**, Pr. : b. Rochester, N.Y., age 21, res. Portsmouth, V.R., enl. 5 Jan. 64, must. in 5 Jan. 64, died of wds. 29 Oct. 64, wd. 7 Oct. 64.
- Soukson, Amos Peter**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 38, res. New York, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for Dellwyn Breed of —.
- Smith, William, 4th**, Pr. : b. France, age 24, res. Newbury, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, des. 1 Sept. 64, sub. for Austin Goings of Newbury.
- Smith, Thomas**, Pr. : b. New York, age 21, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, to Corp. 31 Dec. 64, to S.M. 1 May 65, O.D. (see N.C.S.), sub. for W. E. Tompkins of Concord.
- Smith, Henry**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 20, res. Webster, S.R., enl. 20 Aug. 63, must. in 20 Aug. 63, des. 10 May 64, sub. for Chas. F. Sanborn of Webster.
- Smith, William, 5th**, Pr. : b. Yarmouth, N.S., age 25, res. Langdon, S.R., enl. 9 Oct. 63, must. in 9 Oct. 63, disch. 8 June 65, wd. 14 May 64, disch. by G.O. 77 W.D., Pt. Lookout, N.S.H., sub. for James Willard of Langdon.
- Scott, Thomas**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 23, res. Tuftonboro', S.R., enl. 8 Dec. 64, must. in 8 Dec. 64, des. 25 Jan. 65, sub. for Philip D. Blaisdell of Tuftonboro'.
- Saunders, Charles W.**, Pr. : b. England, age 21, res. Acworth, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for James W. Fish of Acworth.
- Thomas, Francis**, Pr. : b. Leicester, Eng., age 28, res. Charlestown, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 22 June 65, sub. for Samuel I. Walker of Charlestown.

- Thompson, Nicholas**, Pr. : b. Sweden, age 32, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 9 Oct. 63, must. in 9 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Thomas Dean of Claremont.
- Thompson, John**, Pr. : b. Nova Scotia, age 23, res. Hinsdale, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Samuel Crowninshield of Hinsdale.
- Thompson, John**, Pr. : b. Nova Scotia, age 25, res. Swanzey, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. *en route* to regt., sub. for James C. Evans of Swanzey.
- Vincent, Rupert**, Pr. : b. South Africa, age 21, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, died of wds. 5 Dec. 64, des. 24 Aug. 64, ret'd, cap. 7 Oct. 64, sub. for Horace D. Heath of Manchester.
- Williams, Thomas**, Pr. : b. Wales, age 22, res. Chichester, V.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, died of disease 21 Oct. 64, wd. 13 May 64, cap. 30 June 64.
- Whitmore, Peter**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 25, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 9 Oct. 63, must. in 9 Oct. 63, des. 4 July 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64, sub. for Lucius E. Jones of Claremont.
- Wilson, George**, Pr. : b. England, age 31, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, died of disease 14 May 65, to Corp. 1 March 64, res'd — Nov. 64, to Corp. 14 May 65.
- Williams, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 20, res. Ossipee, S.R., enl. 8 Dec. 64, must. in 8 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for J. Q. Roles of Ossipee.
- Weed, James**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 26, res. Swanzey, S.R., enl. 9 Dec. 64, must. in 9 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 22 June 65, sub. for Benj. H. Richardson of Swanzey.
- Wilson, Thomas**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. Warner, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, des. 5 Jan. 65, sub. for John C. Bean of Warner.
- Woods, Charles**, Pr. : b. England, age 29, res. Alstead, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Samuel K. Elwell of Langdon.
- Wilson, James**, Pr. : b. England, age 21, res. Stratham, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, disch. to date 20 July 65, disch. at —, sub. for Chas. W. Jones of Stratham.
- Wagner, Edward**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 22, res. Gilsum, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. 25 June 65, sub. for George N. Hayward of Gilsum.
- Wilson, William**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 25, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 14 Dec. 64, must. in 14 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for W. D. Ladd of Concord.

Gain by Transfer.

- Drew, Charles H.**, Pr. : tr. from E, des. 5 Aug. 62 (case in full elsewhere).
- Griggs, Julius H.**, Pr. : tr. from G, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 27 Feb. 64.

COMPANY I.

- Carlton, Ralph**, Capt. : b. New Durham, age 22, res. Farmington, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62, l.a. 14 March 62.
- Thompson, John H.**, 1st Lt. : b. New Hampton, age 33, res. Holderness, O.V., apptd. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 26 Aug. 62.
- Smith, Samuel M.**, 2d Lt. : b. Hinsdale, age 26, res. Keene, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 13 June 63, to 1st Lt. 12 Sept. 62, O.S., d. 5 Feb. 84, St. Louis, Mo.
- Dow, Henry S.**, 1st Sergt. : b. Bath, age 20, res. Bath, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 7 Oct. 64, to 2d Lt. 10 April 62, l.a. 23 July 64, O.D., d. 6 Feb. 75, Detroit, Mich.

- Place, Leonard F.**, 2d Sergt.: b. New Hampshire, age 44, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 22 July 63, to 2d Lt. 15 Oct. 62, to 1st Lt. 13 June 63, O.D.
- Hitchcock, John H.**, 3d Sergt.: b. Sandy Hill, N.Y., age 33, res. Richmond, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, dismissed 3 March 65, to 1st Sergt. 25 Nov. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to 2d Lt. 3 Feb. 64, l.a. 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Winchendon, Mass.
- Richardson, Richard B.**, 4th Sergt.: b. Reading, Mass., age 39, res. Peterboro', O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 27 Aug. 64, res'd 15 June 62, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.D., d. 23 May 68, Peterboro'.
- Parker, John M.**, 5th Sergt.: b. Kingston, age 24, res. Fitzwilliam, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 31 Oct. 64, to 1st Sergt. 15 Oct. 62, furl. — Sept. 63, to 2d Lt. 24 Nov. 63, to 1st Lt. 20 Jan. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Fitzwilliam Depot.
- Burley, Daniel S.**, 1st Corp.: b. New Market, age 19, res. Middleton, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, tr. to Signal Corps 29 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 15 Oct. 62, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Newburyport, Mass.
- Durant, Charles J.**, 2d Corp.: b. Upton, Mass., age 24, res. Farmington, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 16 Oct. 62, to Sergt. 15 June 62, wd. 16 June 62.
- Locke, John C.**, 3d Corp.: b. Barrington, age 33, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 15 March 62.
- Scovell, Albert D.**, 4th Corp.: b. Walpole, age 21, res. Walpole, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, res'd 1 July 62, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, to Hosp. Stew. 24 Aug. 64 (see N.C.S.), O.D. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Hawkins, Marshall P.**, 5th Corp.: b. Troy, age 23, res. Fitzwilliam, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 28 Nov. 63, to 1st Sergt. 11 April 62, to 2d Lt. 15 Oct. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Minneapolis, Minn.
- Hill, Charles P.**, 6th Corp.: b. Winchelsea, age 19, res. Winchester, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 3 Aug. 65, to ranks 3 June 63, wd. 10 July 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, disch. as of 20 July 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Hillsboro'.
- Young, Joseph D.**, 7th Corp.: b. New Hampshire, age 26, res. New Durham, O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 13 June 62.
- Jenness, Freeman**, 8th Corp.: b. Rochester, age 26, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 10 July 63, to ranks 22 Nov. 61.
- Smith, George H.**, Wag.: b. Thetford, Vt., age 26, res. Nashua, O.V., enl. 24 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 15 May 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Farmington.
- Atherton, Arlon S.**, Pr.: b. Richmond, age 19, res. Richmond, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 21 June 62, to Sergt. 15 Sept. 63, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, to 1st Sergt. 21 June 64, to 2d Lt. 16 July 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64 and cap., l.a. 24 Sept. 64, to 1st Lt. 1 March 65, l.a. 12 March 65, to Capt. since war, O.D. P.O. ad. Waketield, Mass.
- Buss, Martin J.**, Pr.: b. East Dorset, Vt., age 22, res. Bellows Falls, Vt., O.V., enl. 23 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 27 Aug. 64, to Corp. 23 March 63, wd. 28 Aug. 63, to Sergt. 25 Nov. 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Marlboro'.
- Brown, Bartholomew**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 32, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 24 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62, N.S.H., d. 17 Oct. 89, Nat. Home, Togus, Me.
- Barrows, Benjamin F.**, Pr.: b. Swansey, age 19, res. Richmond, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 15 July 62, wd. 16 June 62.
- Bell, George**, Pr.: b. Milton, Vt., age 23, res. Winchester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 11 April 64, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. W. Westminster, Vt.



- Bolles, Henry R.**, Pr.: b. Richmond, age 21, res. Richmond, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, killed by accident 23 April 62.
- Bridge, Mitchell**, Pr.: b. St. Albans, Vt., age 20, res. Winchester, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 18 Feb. 62.
- Brown, George**, Pr.: b. Barrington, age 19, res. Barrington, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. opt 20 July 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, O.D.
- Blaisdell, Daniel G.**, Pr.: b. Rome, Me., age 21, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, to Wag. 25 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Rochester.
- Bowen, Edwin N.**, Pr.: b. Richmond, age 18, res. Richmond, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, wd. 16 June 62, to Corp. 6 July 62, furl. 20 Jan. 64, to Sergt. 3 Feb. 64, re-enl. 24 Feb. 64, to 1st Sergt. 25 Aug. 64, wd. 21 Sept. 64, to 1st Lt. 6 May 65. P.O. ad. Fitzwilliam Depot.
- Burnham, John E.**, Pr.: b. New Hampshire, age 21, res. Farmington, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 25 Sept. 62.
- Burgess, Myrick**, Pr.: b. Ashburnham, Mass., age 23, res. Ashburnham, Mass., O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, tr. to Reg. Army 19 Dec. 62, wd. 16 June 62, O.S. P.O. ad. W. Chesterfield.
- Card, Abram A.**, Pr.: b. New Castle, age 34, res. Farmington, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Farmington.
- Chapman, James M.**, Pr.: b. Windsor, age 21, res. Bellows Falls, Vt., O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62, to Corp. 15 Oct. 62, wd. 10 July 63. P.O. ad. Turner's Falls, Mass.
- Corker, Henry**, Pr.: b. Albany, N.Y., age 18, res. Keene, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 11 April 64, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64.
- Coy, William H.**, Pr.: b. Manchester, Eng., age 25, res. Harrisville, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 8 Nov. 64, to Corp. 15 Jan. 62, to Sergt. 16 Oct. 62, to ranks 23 July 63, re-enl. 29 Feb. 64. P.O. ad. Peterboro'.
- Colomy, Jacob**, Pr.: b. New Durham, age 37, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 15 May 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Durham.
- Colcord, Benjamin F.**, Pr.: b. Old Town, Me., age 25, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, tr. to Signal Corps 28 Oct. 63, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Beresford, Fla.
- Choate, Wilbur H.**, Pr.: b. Massachusetts, age 21, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62, wd. 10 July 63, wd. 16 May 64, O.D.
- Clark, James F.**, Pr.: b. Rochester, age 26, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 16 June 62, wd. 13 May 64. P.O. ad. Farmington.
- Dame, Joseph W.**, Pr.: b. Farmington, age 20, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 30 Aug. 64, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Davis, George H.**, Pr.: b. Keene, age 29, res. Winchester, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, wd. 16 June 62, to Corp. 4 June 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Sergt. 1 May 64, wd. 13 May 64, wd. 18 May 64, furl. — June 65. P.O. ad. Winchester.
- Ellis, John E.**, Pr.: b. Athens, Vt., age 20, res. Waterford, Vt., O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 13 July 63, P.O. ad. Winchester, Vt.
- Estes, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. Maine, age 18, res. Farmington, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 15 March 64, wd. 16 June 62, wd. 18 July 63, wd. 26 Aug. 63, O.S.

- Felch, George W., Pr.: b. Fitzwilliam, age 20, res. Fitzwilliam, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 14 Dec. 61, O.S.
- Finney, Charles H., Pr.: b. Whiting, Vt., age 21, res. Marlboro', O.V. enl. 21 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Fiske, William A., Pr.: b. Chicopee, Mass., age 21, res. Keene, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, O.D.
- Foss, Richard H., Pr.: b. Rochester, age 43, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 10 July 63, wd. 16 May 64, wd. 16 June 64.
- Garland, John F., Pr.: b. Great Falls, age 27, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Gerrish, George L., Pr.: b. Lebanon, Me., age 23, res. Lebanon, Me., O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 2 Nov. 63, wd. 16 June 62.
- Gerrish, John L., Pr.: b. Lebanon, Me., age 21, res. Lebanon, Me., O.V., enl. 15 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 15 Oct. 62, to Sergt. 26 June 64. P.O. ad. Alton.
- Hall, Edwin F., Pr.: b. Exeter, age 21, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 21 March 65. P.O. ad. Epping.
- Harkness, Joseph E., Pr.: b. Richmond, age 19, res. Fitzwilliam, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 13 July 63, re-enl. 22 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, to Corp. 25 Aug. 64, res'd 25 April 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Rudolph, S. Dak.
- Hammond, Elijah H., Pr.: b. Winchester, age 38, res. Winchester, O.V., enl. 16 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 29 Nov. 62. P.O. ad. Winchester.
- Hammond, Arthur, Pr.: b. Winchester, age 18, res. Winchester, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 25 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 25 April 65.
- Hammond, Lorenzo D., Pr.: b. Winchester, age 21, res. Winchester, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 29 Jan. 62. P.O. ad. Winchester.
- Hill, Horace J., Pr.: b. Royalston, Mass., age 20, res. Jaffrey, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 26 Sept. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. 74 Belmont St., Worcester, Mass.
- Horton, James O., Pr.: b. Warwick, Mass., age 19, res. Hinsdale, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D.
- Howard, David M., Pr.: b. Rochester, age 18, res. Farmington, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 3 June 63, to ranks 5 June 63.
- Howard, Elbridge W., Pr.: b. Rochester, age 22, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 27 Feb. 64. P.O. ad. Rochester.
- Hussey, Walter S., Pr.: b. New Hampshire, age 21, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 2 March 63, to Corp. 1 June 62. P.O. ad. Rochester.
- Jewett, Charles, Pr.: b. Peterboro', age 34, res. Peterboro', O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64 (reg't'l armorer), O.D. P.O. ad. Peterboro'.
- Lewis, Alonzo A., Pr.: b. Chesterfield, age 19, res. Westmoreland, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 21 March 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Cardiff, Tenn.
- Lewis, Freeman A., Pr.: b. Winchester, age 19, res. Winchester, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62, to Corp. 11 April 62.
- Lang, George B., Pr.: b. Concord, age 19, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 24 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, tr. to Band 1 Oct. 61, tr. back to I 1 Sept. 62, O.D.

- Mansfield, Patrick, Pr. :** b. Pittsfield, Mass., age 18, res. Bellows Falls, Vt., O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 10 May 64, O.D., N.S.H., d. 30 Sept. 84, Soldiers' Home, Dayton, O.
- Monks, George W., Pr. :** b. Boston, Mass., age 21, res. Worcester, Mass., O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Mellish, Walter, Pr. :** b. Boston, Mass., age 20, res. Bellows Falls, Vt., O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 23 July 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 25 Aug. 64, to 2d Lt. 25 April 65, to 1st Lt. 19 May 65. P.O. ad. Somerville, Mass.
- Morse, Hiram, Pr. :** b. Randolph, age 20, res. Barrington, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 21 July 62, wd. 16 June 62.
- Murphy, Hiram P., Pr. :** b. Somersworth, age 23, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 12 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 25 Aug. 64, to 1st Sergt. 1 May 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Dorchester, Mass.
- McCrillis, David, Pr. :** b. Lebanon, age 28, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61.
- McCrillis, Daniel, Pr. :** b. Maine, age 26, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64. P.O. ad. Dover.
- Nash, John J., Pr. :** b. Peterboro', age 23, res. Chesterfield, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 19 June 64, O.D.
- Otis, Frederick, Pr. :** b. Dover, age 19, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 9 May 63, N.S.H., d. 10 April 79, Nat. Home, Togus, Me.
- Otis, Francis S., Pr. :** b. Rochester, age 20, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. —, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 11 June 62, to Corp. 15 Oct. 62, wd. 18 July 63, res'd 7 Sept. 63, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 June 65.
- Pearl, Abram, Pr. :** b. Rochester, age 45, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 16 June 62, wd. 16 June 62, and cap.
- Pelkey, David, Pr. :** b. Rutland, Vt., age 39, res. Swanzey, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Wag. —, to ranks —, O.D. (twice in regt. — see "Unassigned"), d. — 90, Swanzey.
- Pelkey, David H., Pr. :** b. Clarendon, Vt., age 22, res. Richmond, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 4 Sept. 65, furl. —, wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, disch. N.Y.
- Plummer, Jerry L., Pr. :** b. Gilford, age 23, res. Swanzey, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 7 Jan. 64, wd. 16 June 62.
- Priest, Alanzon, Pr. :** b. St. Johnsbury, Vt., age 23, res. Waterford, Vt., O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 11 March 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64.
- Pugsley, Frank, Pr. :** b. Shapleigh, Me., age 29, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61, O.S. P.O. ad. Rochester.
- Rewitzer, Enos, Pr. :** b. Bamberg, Bavaria, age 32, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 July 62, O.S.
- Ricker, Joseph, Pr. :** b. Durham, age 18, res. Middleton, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, to Corp. 27 June 65.
- Rice, Denzil S., Pr. :** b. Richmond, age 25, res. Richmond, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, furl. 20 Jan. 64, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64, to Corp. 21 June 64, wd. 27 Oct. 64, to Sergt. 1 May 65.

- Robinson, Samuel**, Pr.: b. Rochester, age 20, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 21 June 64, to Corp. 15 March 62, to Sergt. 15 Oct. 62, furl. — Sept. 63, furl. 9 Jan. 64, to 1st Sergt. 3 Feb. 64, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, to 2d Lt. 24 May 64 (not mustered).
- Sarles, William N.**, Pr.: b. New York, age 18, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 June 62, re-enl. 14 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64, to Corp. 22 March 65, res'd 1 June 65.
- Sanborn, Asa F.**, Pr.: b. Wakefield, age 19, res. Wakefield, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 27 Nov. 61.
- Smith, Libbeus**, Pr.: b. New Hampshire, age 21, res. Farmington, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, wd. 16 June 62, to Corp. 15 Sept. 63.
- Smart, John**, Pr.: b. Barrington, age 26, res. Barrington, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 29 Aug. 61.
- Stevens, Charles R.**, Pr.: b. Lebanon, Me., age 20, res. Lebanon, Me., O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 15 Sept. 63.
- Trowbridge, George T.**, Pr.: b. Swanzey, age 20, res. Swanzey, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64.
- Wallingford, John**, Pr.: b. Berwick, Me., age 23, res. Berwick, Me., O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 7 Sept. 62, d. 15 Nov. 89, Nat. Home, Togus, Me.
- Wallingford, Amos**, Pr.: b. Berwick, Me., age 24, res. Berwick, Me., O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. E. Rochester.
- Wright, William H.**, Pr.: b. Norwich, Mass., age 25, res. Surry, O.V., enl. 21 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, to Corp. 26 June 64, to Sergt. 21 March 65.
- Wyman, Emery R.**, Pr.: b. Mount Holly, Vt., age 34, res. Keene, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 16 May 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Weeks, William L.**, Pr.: b. Worcester, Mass., age 18, res. Winchester, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 10 July 63, des. 27 March 64, ret'd. P.O. ad. Bristol, Ct.
- Willard, Parkman D.**, Pr.: b. Franklin, Vt., age 23, res. Alstead, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 6 Jan. 64, furl. 29 Dec. 63.
- White, Moses E.**, Pr.: b. Wilnot, age 26, res. Bellows Falls, Vt., O.V., enl. 23 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 22 Aug. 63, to Corp. 21 June 62, wd. 18 July 63, to Sergt. 23 July 63.
- Watson, Oliver**, Pr.: b. Sandwich, age 35, res. Sandwich, O.V., enl. — Aug. 61, must. in — Aug. 61, tr. to Co. K. (See Co. K.)
- Yelden, John**, Pr.: b. Charleston, Vt., age 23, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 16 June 62, wd. 16 June 62, and cap.

Recruits, Co. I.

- Ash, R. Manson**, Pr.: b. Lisbon, age 24, res. Lisbon, V.R., enl. 11 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. 15 June 65, to Corp. 1 May 64, to ranks 1 Feb. 65, disch. under G.O. 77 W.D. P.O. ad. Storm Lake, Iowa.
- Blood, Josiah S.**, Pr.: b. Whitefield, age 21, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 11 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 13 July 63, to Corp. 1 May 65, disch. Wilmington by G.O. 37 H.Q. Dept. N.C. O.D. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Brown, Orlando**, Pr.: b. Biddeford, Me., age 18, res. Carroll, V.R., enl. 18 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 7 Dec. 64, wd. 13 May 64. P.O. ad. Elk River, Minn.

- Blood, Charles M.**, Pr. : b. Whitefield, age 20, res. Lancaster, V.R., enl. 25 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Sept. 62, disch. 26 June 63, furl. 27 Dec. 63, disch. Wilmington by G.O. 37 Dept. N.C., O.D. P.O. ad. Lowell, Mass.
- Bahn, Harvey**, Pr. : b. Prussia, age 23, res. Dublin, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64, n.f.r.
- Braly, Joseph**, Pr. : b. England, age 29, res. Cornish, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for George Walker of Cornish.
- Bordelino, Jacob**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 33, res. Wilmot, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for George E. Shephard of Wilmot.
- Brannon, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. Alstead, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Samuel E. Savoy of Alstead.
- Bowen, Sidney B.**, Pr. : b. Richmond, age 18, res. Troy, V.R., enl. 20 March 65, must. in 20 March 65, must. out 20 July 65. P.O. ad. Richmond.
- Clark, Ezra D.**, Pr. : b. Bradford, Vt., age 29, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 12 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. 18 May 65, disch. by G.O. 77 W.D., O.D. P.O. ad. Whitefield.
- Colby, Amos C.**, Pr. : b. Lisbon, age 44, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 11 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 9 May 63, d. 30 Dec. 82, Lincoln.
- Clark, Azariah L.**, Pr. : b. Bradford, Vt., age 44, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 12 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. 31 May 65, furl. — Jan. 65, disch. by G.O. 77 W.D., Ft. Monroe, O.D. P.O. ad. Whitefield.
- Campbell, John**, Pr. : b. St. John, N.B., age 23, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Milton Blake of Keene.
- Caulatt, Emile**, Pr. : b. France, age 25, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, died of wds. 22 May 64, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for William M. Stowell of Claremont.
- Corey, Michael**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 26, res. Dublin, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. 27 Feb. 65, sub. for George W. Mason of Dublin.
- Clement, Lucius H.**, Pr. : b. Campton, age 20, res. Troy, V.R., enl. 20 March 65, must. in 20 March 65, died of disease 4 July 65, O.D.
- Davis, William Y.**, Pr. : b. Chichester, age 40, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 21 Jan. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, died of disease 25 Aug. 62, to Mus. 4 May 62.
- Day, George**, Pr. : b. Boscawen, age 13, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 13 Jan. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, disch. for dis. 25 Sept. 62, to Mus. 4 May 62.
- Dorr, Gotfried**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 21, res. Wilton, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for George R. Perkins of Wilton.
- Davis, Charles**, Pr. : b. England, age 21, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, des. 27 Feb. 65, sub. for S. Horace Perry of Keene.
- Davis, Thomas**, Pr. : b. England, age 24, res. Goffstown, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Hezekiah Blaisdell of Goffstown.
- Donovan, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 23, res. Pembroke, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, des. 1 March 65, sub. for Benj. Jenness of Pembroke.
- Dean, William**, Pr. : b. New Brunswick, age 27, res. Upper Gilmanton, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Henry W. Gilman of Upper Gilmanton.
- Eastman, William**, Pr. : b. Whitefield, age 40, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 12 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65 at Wilmington by G.O. 37 Dept. N.C., d. 18 July 65, Whitefield.

- Ferris, John**, Pr. : b. England, age 35, res. Brookline, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Leroy A. Wallace of —.
- Fowler, Andrew J.**, Pr. : b. Bath, N.Y., age 26, res. Lancaster, V.R., enl. 14 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, tr. to Sig. Corps 28 Oct. 63, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Whitefield.
- French, George**, Pr. : b. Boston, Mass., age 18, res. Peterboro', V.R., enl. 6 Jan. 63, must. in 6 Jan. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 25 Aug. 64.
- Flannagan, John**, Pr. : b. England, age 22, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Chas. L. Russell of Keene.
- Flood, James A.**, Pr. : b. England, age 23, res. Hudson, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, des. 12 July 65, sub. for W. H. Webster of Hudson.
- Glines, Freeman F.**, Pr. : b. Carroll, age 25, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 10 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 21 Sept. 62.
- Gilbert, Daniel W.**, Pr. : b. Canandaigua, N.Y., age 33, res. Eaton, V.R., enl. 28 Jan. 64, must. in 28 Jan. 64, died of wds. 25 Aug. 64 (twice in regt., see Co. K.), wd. 16 Aug. 64, and cap.
- Grace, Martin**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 23, res. Wilmot, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Minot Stevens of Wilmot. P.O. ad. Albany, N.Y.
- Green, John**, Pr. : b. England, age 22, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. 12 July 65, sub. for John Chapman of Keene.
- Hoyt, Nathan B.**, Pr. : b. Northwood, age 44, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 12 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 8 June 64, wd. 10 July 63. P.O. ad. Augusta, Me.
- Horton, Montraville P.**, Pr. : b. Mount Holly, Vt., age 30, res. Carroll, V.R., enl. 13 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, wd. 10 July 63, disch. by G.O. 77 W.D., at Pt. Lookout, O.D. P.O. ad. Orange City, Fla.
- Holmes, Robert R.**, Pr. : b. Thornton, age 23, res. Carroll, V.R., enl. 18 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, died of wds. 29 May 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Harris, Lewis**, Pr. : b. Connecticut, age 18, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, d. 29 Dec. 92, So. Braintree, Mass.
- Healey, Christopher**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 18, res. Fitzwilliam, V.R., enl. 1 Jan. 64, must. in 1 Jan. 64, must. out 20 July 65.
- Halcrow, Thomas**, Pr. : b. St. John, N. B., age 35, res. New Castle, S. R., enl. 10 Aug. 63, must. in 10 Aug. 63, must. out 20 July 65, des. 18 April 64, ret'd, sub. for James Davidson of New Castle.
- Harrold, Joseph**, Pr. : b. Island Pond, Vt., age 21, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, des. 18 April 64, ret'd, O.D., sub. for Benj. F. Thompson of Keene. P.O. ad. Coaticook, Can.
- Hanning, Henry**, Pr. : b. England, age 24, res. Grantham, S.R., enl. 9 Dec. 64, must. in 9 Dec. 64, des. 1 March 65, sub. for Lyman B. Hayward of Grantham.
- Hoyt, Henry**, Pr. : b. England, age 25, res. Danbury, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, k.a. 15 Jan. 65, sub. for John Buttrick of Danbury.
- Hines, James**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. Stratford, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, des. 1 March 65, O.S., sub. for Joseph Hill of Stratford. P.O. ad. Lynn, Mass.
- Hall, Michael**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. Pembroke, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, disch. to date 20 July 65, disch. at —, sub. for George T. Vose of Pembroke.

- Hall, Edward.** Pr. : b. England, age 20, res. Colebrook, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. 1 Jan. 65, sub. for Charles Tucker of Colebrook.
- Henderson, Martin.** Pr. : b. Ireland, age 23, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Chas. W. Wilcox of Keene.
- Haskell, Ezekiel.** Pr. : b. Troy, age 44, res. Troy, V.R., enl. 20 March 65, must. in 22 March 65, must. out 20 July 65, O. S., d. 23 Sept. 84, Troy.
- Ingerson, James.** Pr. : b. Jefferson, age 44, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 13 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, k.a. 13 July 63.
- Jardon, William.** Pr. : b. England, age 21, res. Entfield, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, k.a. 13 May 64.
- Johnson, William.** Pr. : b. Ireland, age 22, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, des. 13 April 64, sub. for Reuben W. Johnson of Brookline.
- Justice, Robert.** Pr. : b. England, age 33, res. Hillsboro', V.R., enl. 14 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65.
- Jones, Edward.** Pr. : b. Prussia, age 20, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, des. 4 Aug. 64, wd. 18 May 64, furl. — 64.
- Jackson, James.** Pr. : b. Ireland, age 23, res. Boscawen, S.R., enl. 29 Nov. 64, must. in 29 Nov. 64, must. out 20 July 65, des. 1 Jan. 65, ret'd, sub. for Alfred F. Elliott of Boscawen.
- James, John.** Pr. : b. Scotland, age 24, res. Franklin, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, des. 1 Jan. 65, sub. for Joseph G. Judkins of Franklin.
- King, Marshall H.** Pr. : b. Whitefield, age 18, res. Carroll, V.R., enl. 18 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, died of disease 9 Nov. 62.
- Kisling, John.** Pr. : b. Germany, age 23, res. Colebrook, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for George S. Leavitt of Colebrook.
- Kelley, John.** Pr. : b. Ireland, age 23, res. Nelson, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, disch. to date 20 July 65 at Smithville, N. C., sub. for Chas. A. Tarbox of Nelson.
- Kraft, William.** Pr. : b. Germany, age 22, res. Lebanon, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, disch. to date 20 July 65, disch. at —, sub. for Allen W. Bingham of Lebanon.
- Kelley, John, 2d.** Pr. : b. Ireland, age 24, res. Dublin, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. 28 Feb. 65, sub. for James A. Mason of Dublin.
- Lougee, Horatio P.** Pr. : b. Parsonfield, Me., age 41, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 3 May 63.
- Lindsey, Horace M.** Pr. : b. Newbury, Vt., age 25, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 11 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 15 Dec. 62. P.O. ad. Carroll.
- Lang, William W.** Pr. : b. Whitefield, age 23, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 14 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, died of disease 9 Dec. 63, wd. 18 July 63, and cap.
- Livingstone, George F.** Pr. : b. Nashua, age 15, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 21 Jan. 63, must. in 17 Feb. 63, disch. 15 May 65, to Mus. 15 April 63, des. 9 Nov. 64, ret'd, disch. by G.O. 77 W.D. at Galloupe's Island, Boston, Mass., O.S., d. 26 Oct. 85, Manchester.
- Lang, Henry.** Pr. : b. Germany, age 30, res. Germany, S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, des. 11 April 64, sub. for Joseph Howard of —.
- Lee, John.** Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r., sub. for Andrew J. Williams of Keene.
- Ladegard, Niels.** Pr. : b. Denmark, age 26, res. Lebanon, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, disch. 15 June 65 at Wilmington, N. C., by G.O. 77 W.D., sub. for John P. Mason of Lebanon.

- Moulton, James**, Pr. : b. Bethel, Me., age 29, res. Lancaster, V.R., enl. 8 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 21 Sept. 62, d. 12 Sept. 80, W. Concord, Vt.
- Moulton, John W.**, Pr. : b. New Hampshire, age 29, res. Lancaster, V.R., enl. 12 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, disch. for dis. 21 Sept. 62.
- Morse, John M.**, Pr. : b. Randolph, age 28, res. Jefferson, V.R., enl. 13 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, tr. to Sig. Corps 3 Nov. 63, O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. Lancaster.
- McLeod, Daniel**, Pr. : b. Prince Edward Island, age 29, res. Boston, Mass., S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 May 65, O.D., sub. for Elijah Putnam of —.
- McIntire, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. New Boston, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Almon Lufkin of New Boston.
- Meyer, Wilhelm**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 26, res. Andover, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, disch. 13 June 65 at Wilmington by G.O. 37 Dept. N. C., sub. for David B. Thurston of Andover.
- Mahoney, Michael**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. Richmond, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Henry R. Martin of Richmond.
- Maloy, James**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. Gilsum, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Daniel Smith of Gilsum. P.O. ad. San Francisco, Cal.
- Martin, Samuel**, Pr. : b. Nova Scotia, age 28, res. Alstead, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, disch. to date 20 July 65 at Wilmington, N.C., N.S.H., sub. for Samuel W. Dinsmore of Alstead. P.O. ad. Chicago, Ill.
- McGee, Henry**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 24, res. Alstead, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Ingalls B. Wood of Alstead.
- Nixon, Robert**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 27, res. Fitzwilliam, V.R., enl. 5 Jan. 64, must. in 5 Jan. 64, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, wd. 16 June 64, O.D.
- O'Neal, John**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 20, res. Gilsum, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, des. 1 March 65, sub. for Aaron D. Hammond of Gilsum.
- Persons, Joseph**, Pr. : b. Lyndeboro', age 43, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 9 Aug. 62, must. in 14 Aug. 62, disch. 26 June 65, by G.O. 77 W.D., O.D. P.O. ad. Bushong, Kan.
- Peck, Christopher**, Pr. : b. New Jersey, age 25, res. Goshen, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, disch. 28 June 65, disch. by G.O. 77 W.D. Portsmouth Grove, R.I., sub. for Benj. F. Lear of Goshen. P.O. ad. Aspen, Col.
- Potter, Charles M.**, Pr. : b. Canada, age 22, res. Hinsdale, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Thomas W. Sabin of Hinsdale.
- Quell, John**, Pr. : b. Portugal, age 34, res. Stoddard, S.R., enl. 2 Dec. 64, must. in 2 Dec. 64, des. 24 June 65, sub. for Martin V. B. Morse of Stoddard.
- Quinn, Michael**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 23, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 5 Dec. 64, must. in 5 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Samuel W. Emmons of Plainfield.
- Richardson, Edward W.**, Pr. : b. Brockport, N.Y., age 14, res. Conway, V.R., enl. 7 Jan. 64, must. in 7 Jan. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Mus. 21 Jan. 64.
- Rose, John**, Pr. : b. St. Catherine's, Can., age 19, res. Portsmouth, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, disch. by G.C.M. 17 June 65 at Wilmington, N.C., sub. for Lewis W. Brewster of Portsmouth.

- Smith, James.** Pr. : b. Nelson, age 18, res. Peterboro', V.R., enl. 6 Jan. 63, must. in 6 Jan. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 1 May 65. P.O. ad. Wellsville, Mo.
- Stull, Henry.** Pr. : b. Germany, age 30, res. New Hampton, S.R., enl. 10 Dec. 64, must. in 10 Dec. 64, des. 1 March 65, sub. for Valorus A. Seavey of New Hampton.
- Summers, Joseph.** Pr. : b. Liverpool, Eng., age 25, res. New Boston, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, des. 28 Feb. 65, sub. for C. B. Cochran of New Boston.
- Titus, Daniel W.** Pr. : b. Lynn, Mass., age 27, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 12 Aug. 62, must. in 20 Aug. 62, disch. 17 July 65 by G.O. 77 W.D. Manchester, N.H. P.O. ad. Whitefield.
- Tebo, Samuel.** Pr. : b. Canada, age 24, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, k.a. 28 Oct. 64, sub. for John B. Palmer of Concord.
- Thompson, Samuel M.** Pr. : b. Lyman, age 28, res. Troy, V.R., enl. 20 March 65, must. in 20 March 65, must. out 20 July 65. P.O. ad. Dexterville, Wis.
- Valentine, James H.** Pr. : b. Australia, age 22, res. Plaistow, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for James Litch of Plaistow.
- Wessals, Henry.** Pr. : b. Hanover, Ger., age 22, res. Dublin, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, des. 17 Dec. 64.
- White, Almon B.** Pr. : b. Marlboro', age 29, res. Whitefield, V.R., enl. 11 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, died of wds. 26 June 64, to Corp. 25 Nov. 63, wd. 13 May 64, O.D.
- Williams, Thomas.** Pr. : b. England, age 23, res. Lebanon, S.R., enl. 19 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, sub. for George W. Towle of —.
- Williams, William.** Pr. : b. Nova Scotia, age 28, res. Orange, V.R., enl. 19 Nov. 63, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 1 Feb. 65.
- Witham, Amos R.** Pr. : b. Palmyra, Me., age 21, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, tr. to V.R.C. 17 April 65, wd. 13 May 64, O.S., sub. for Byron H. Richardson of Manchester. P.O. ad. 19 Porter St., Cambridgeport, Mass.
- Wilson, John.** Pr. : b. England, age 18, res. Hampton, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for David A. Bean of Hampton.

Gain by Transfer.

- Lang, George B.** Pr. : tr. from Band (must. out 23 Aug. 64) (*an original member of Co. I*), tr. Band to I 1 Sept. 62.

COMPANY K.

- Littlefield, Israel B.** Capt. : b. Barnstead, age 39, res. Dover, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 1 April 62, O.S., d. 1 Jan. 89, Dover.
- Butterfield, Welbee J.** 1st Lt. : b. Topsham, Vt., age 33, res. Dover, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 March 63, l.a. 10 Aug. 62, to Capt. 12 Sept. 62, d. 28 Nov. 91, Dover.
- Miles, William H.** 2d Lt. : b. Madbury, age 19, res. Madbury, O.V., apptd. 22 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 5 Feb. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Haverhill, Mass.
- Scruton, Darius K.** 1st Sergt. : b. Farmington, age 34, res. Salmon Falls, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 8 Aug. 62, to 2d Lt. 10 May 62, wd. 16 June 62, l.a. 21 June 62, O.S.

- Campbell, Nathaniel J., 2d Sergt.: b. Hillsboro', age 34, res. Strafford, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, to ranks 3 May 63, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, O.D.
- Smith, Lorenzo D., 3d Sergt.: b. Eppingham, age 23, res. Somersworth, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to ranks 4 Aug. 63, wd. 13 May 64, O.D. P.O. ad. E. Rochester.
- Allen, Charles H., 4th Sergt.: b. Dover, age 25, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 22 Sept. 64, furl. — 62, furl. — May 63, wd. 14 May 64, to ranks 24 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.S. P.O. ad. Concord.
- Leonard, Wilbur W., 5th Sergt.: b. Minerva, N.Y., age 23, res. Sunapee, O.V., enl. 20 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 1 May 62.
- Brown, John W., 1st Corp.: b. Strafford, age 22, res. Strafford, O.V., enl. 27 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 26 Sept. 64, to ranks 1 May 64, wd. 14 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Centre Strafford.
- Ladd, Lewis, 2d Corp.: b. Tuftonboro', age 22, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, res'd 3 May 63, O.D. P.O. ad. Farmington.
- Clements, Charles C., 3d Corp.: b. Rollinsford, age 18, res. Rollinsford, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to ranks 23 Sept. 61, to Corp. 1 July 63, wd. 18 July 63, to Sergt. 4 Feb. 64, wd. 16 May 64. P.O. ad. Fitchburg, Mass.
- Brown, Jared P., 4th Corp.: b. Strafford, age 21, res. Strafford, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Sergt. 3 May 63, furl. — Sept. 63. P.O. ad. Centre Strafford.
- Robinson, John, 5th Corp.: b. Rochester, age 18, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 22 Sept. 63, res'd 14 Oct. 61, wd. 26 Aug. 63.
- Cassidy, James, 6th Corp.: b. Ireland, age 21, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 20 May 64, wd. 16 June 62, res'd 3 May 63, wd. 13 July 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, wd. 18 May 64.
- Gilbert, Daniel W., 7th Corp.: b. Canandaigua, N.Y., age 31, res. Concord, O.V., enl. 8 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 19 Jan. 63 (twice in regt., see Co. I), O.D.
- Burns, Charles M., 8th Corp.: b. Massachusetts, age 25, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61.
- Prescott, James P., 1st Mus.: b. Madbury, age 34, res. Barrington, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 13 Oct. 62.
- Spencer, George W., 2d Mus.: b. Claremont, age 17, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 18 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to ranks 12 Nov. 61, to Mus. 1 Nov. 62, O.D. P.O. ad. Chicago, Ill.
- Hyde, James M., Wag.: b. Great Falls, age 22, res. Somersworth, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 26 Dec. 64, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
- Andrews, Charles J., Pr.: b. Hillsboro', age 19, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, tr. to First U. S. Art. 15 Nov. 62, to Corp. 17 Oct. 61, res'd 1 Dec. 61, O.S.
- Armstrong, John A., Pr.: b. Bedford, age 19, res. Bedford, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 16 May 64, to Corp. 7 May 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, wd. 13 May 64.
- Beers, Elbridge G., Pr.: b. Merrimack, age 19, res. Cornish, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 28 July 62.
- Burbank, Enoch, Pr.: b. Boscawen, age 23, res. Boscawen, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 17 Aug. 62.
- Brock, William, Pr.: b. Alexandria, age 22, res. Alexandria, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Wag. 1 March 63, re-enl. 18 Feb. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Orange.

- Brackett, Edwin**, Pr.: b. Sweden, Me., age 23, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. 17 April 65, re-enl. 26 Feb. 64, to Corp. 23 May 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, and cap., O.S. P.O. ad. So. Paris, Me.
- Brown, Albert**, Pr.: b. Barrington, age 21, res. Barrington, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 6 Nov. 63, wd. 29 Aug. 63, O.D., d. 10 May 65, Barrington.
- Brown, Charles H.**, Pr.: b. Barrington, age 29, res. Barrington, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 Oct. 61.
- Burnham, John I.**, Pr.: b. Madbury, age 28, res. Barrington, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 28 Sept. 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Dover.
- Ball, Joseph H.**, Pr.: b. Dover, age 18, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 7 June 64, re-enl. 20 Feb. 64, wd. 16 May 64, and cap.
- Bolo, George N.**, Pr.: b. Dover, age 18, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 11 April 64, re-enl. 19 Feb. 64, O.S. P.O. ad. Cambridgeport, Mass.
- Blye, Woodbury C.**, Pr.: b. Epping, age 20, res. Epping, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 25 Nov. 62, res'd 3 May 63, wd. 25 Aug. 63, furl. — Sept. 63, re-enl. 11 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 26 Aug. 64, furl. — June 65. P.O. ad. Haverhill, Mass.
- Colby, Dudley**, Pr.: b. Cornish, age 27, res. Franklin, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Hancock.
- Chamberlain, Daniel J.**, Pr.: b. No. Berwick, Me., age 21, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, to Corp. 3 May 63, re-enl. 19 Feb. 64, O.D.
- Clements, Oliver M.**, Pr.: b. Rollinsford, age 20, res. Rollinsford, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 8 Nov. 64, furl. — 64, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Lynn, Mass.
- Conway, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Liverpool, Eng., age 31, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 June 62.
- Corson, Aaron F.**, Pr.: b. Lebanon, Me., age 28, res. Rochester, O.V., enl. 18 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 20 Nov. 62, to Corp. 2 Dec. 61. P.O. ad. Gonic.
- Davis, Henry S.**, Pr.: b. Nottingham, age 30, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Mus.—, O.D., N.S.H. P.O. ad. Nat. Home, Togus, Me.
- Downs, Stephen F.**, Pr.: b. Milton, age 22, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.a. 15 May 64, furl. — April 62, O.D.
- Dorr, Samuel E.**, Pr.: b. Milton, age 18, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 14 Dec. 61.
- Dearborn, Nathaniel**, Pr.: b. Rollinsford, age 38, res. Rollinsford, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 3 Nov. 62.
- Dustin, Adrian C.**, Pr.: b. Bethel, Me., age 19, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Dorchester, Mass.
- Durgin, William H.**, Pr.: b. Plainfield, age 18, res. Plainfield, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 28 Sept. 62.
- Edgerly, J. Homer**, Pr.: b. Dover, age 18, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 25 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to 1st Sergt. 10 May 62, to 2d Lt. 29 June 63, to 1st Lt. 20 Jan. 64, l.a. — March 64, to Capt. 30 Oct. 64, l.a. — Nov. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. 14 Whitmore St., Dorchester, Mass.
- Estes, Leonard**, Pr.: b. Kennebunk, Me., age 26, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, wd. 11 Aug. 63. P.O. ad. Dover.

- Eldredge, Daniel**, Pr. : b. Chatham, Mass., age 20, res. Lebanon, O.V., enl. 2 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, tr. to V.R.C. to date 21 May 65, to Corp. 3 May 63, to Sergt. 1 July 63, wd. 18 July 63, to 2d Lt. 3 Feb. 64, to 1st Lt. 12 July 61, wd. 16 Aug. 64, l.a. 3 Oct. 64, to Capt. 4 Jan. 65 (declined), O.D., O.S. P.O. ad. 36 Bromfield St., Boston, Mass.
- Frizzell, William H.**, Pr. : b. Newbury, Vt., age 21, res. Laconia, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 Oct. 61. P.O. ad. Grand Island, Neb.
- Fitzgerald, John J.**, Pr. : b. Dover, age 22, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 21 May 64, wd. 16 June 62, wd. 13 May 64.
- Fry, Augustus**, Pr. : b. Dover, age 18, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 13 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, re-enl. 19 Feb. 64, O.D.
- Farrell, Thomas**, Pr. : b. Dover, age 18, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 24 Aug. 64, Fort Monroe, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, N.S.H.
- Gammon, Charles**, Pr. : b. Scarboro', Me., age 21, res. Durham, O.V., enl. 24 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 4 Feb. 64, re-enl. 19 Feb. 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, furl. — Sept. 64, to Sergt. 13 Dec. 64. P.O. ad. Gorham, Me.
- Gale, Lloyd G.**, Pr. : b. Salisbury, Mass., age 23, res. Chester, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 8 Nov. 64, to Corp. 3 May 63, furl. 18 Jan. 61, wd. 13 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Amesbury, Mass.
- Hall, Jeremiah W.**, Pr. : b. Barrington, age 29, res. Barrington, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 12 July 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, to Corp. 25 June 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Rochester.
- Hanlon, Joseph**, Pr. : b. Ireland, age 21, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 8 Dec. 62, original right general guide, O.S. P.O. ad. Dover.
- Huckins, Azariah W.**, Pr. : b. Stratford, age 29, res. Stratford, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 19 Aug. 62.
- Houstin, Harrison**, Pr. : b. Plymouth, Me., age 26, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 14 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 Oct. 61. P.O. ad. Tilden, Me.
- Hubbard, Stephen**, Pr. : b. Milton, age 22, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 8 July 62.
- Hazeltine, John L.**, Pr. : b. Newbury, Vt., age 18, res. Lebanon, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61 (see Co. G), tr. to Co. G 1 Sept. 61.
- Hebbard, Erskine W.**, Pr. : b. Brunswick, Me., age 19, res. Exeter, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61 (see Co. B), tr. to Co. B 1 Sept. 61. P.O. ad. Memphis, Tenn.
- Hill, Varnum H.**, Pr. : b. Grafton, age 18, res. Manchester, O.V., enl. 24 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61 (see N.C.S.), to Q M.S. 19 Jan. 63. P.O. ad. Boston, Mass.
- Jackson, George W.**, Pr. : b. Boston, Mass., age 18, res. Lebanon, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 16 June 62, re-enl. 19 Feb. 64, to Corp. 1 March 65, to ranks 23 June 65, O.D.
- Jordan, Lewis B.**, Pr. : b. Manchester, Vt., age 18, res. Plainfield, O.V., enl. 7 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 6 Dec. 61.
- Johnson, James F.**, Pr. : b. Seabrook, age 19, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 22 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 11 April 64, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64.
- Knox, Hosea B.**, Pr. : b. Milton, age 29, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 17 Oct. 61, O.S. P.O. ad. Milton.
- Lord, Charles L.**, Pr. : b. Milton, age 18, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Berwick, Me.

- Macklin, Hugh, Pr.: b. Armagh, Ire., age 29, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61; des. 11 April 64, to Corp. 15 Feb. 63, res'd 3 May 63, re-enl. 11 Feb. 64.
- Moulton, Charles W., Pr.: b. Portsmouth, age 21, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 11 Feb. 64, to Corp. 1 March 65, to Sergt. 1 May 65, d. 14 March 72, Portsmouth.
- Nute, Martin L., Pr.: b. Milton, age 22, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 25 March 64, O.D., d. 25 May 64, Milton.
- Newton, Daniel W., Pr.: b. Franklin, age 23, res. Franklin, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 8 Nov. 64, wd. — May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Franklin.
- Palmer, Joseph, Jr., Pr.: b. Durham, age 28, res. Durham, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 28 June 62.
- Peavey, Eliphalet B., Pr.: b. Stratford, age 26, res. Stratford, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 4 Oct. 61, O.S.
- Pinkham, Joshua, Pr.: b. Durham, age 18, res. Durham, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Durham.
- Parkinson, John W., Pr.: b. Dover, age 19, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 20 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 24 Sept. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Elk Rapids, Mich.
- Place, John, Pr.: b. Somersworth, age 18, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 24 Sept. 64, wd. 18 July 63, wd. 2 June 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. 1310 Savery St., Philadelphia, Pa.
- Riley, James, Pr.: b. Dover, age 20, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 27 Aug. 61.
- Richardson, Frederick L., Pr.: b. Woburn, Mass., age 19, res. Barrington, O.V., enl. 30 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Madbury.
- Rehill, James H., Pr.: b. Dover, age 18, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 20 Nov. 64, wd. 16 June 62, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, to Corp. 26 Aug. 64, furl. — 64, d. 17 Dec. 90, Dover.
- Smith, Thomas B., Pr.: b. Somersworth, age 18, res. Somersworth, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 29 Nov. 62, O.S., N.H. S.H.
- Scruton, Clark, Pr.: b. Dover, age 18, res. Stratford, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 65 (original left general guide), wd. 18 July 63, re-enl. 19 Feb. 64, to Corp. 4 March 65, res'd 20 June 65. P.O. ad. 69 Greenwich St., N. Y. City.
- Sherry, Patrick, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 8 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 6 Feb. 63. P.O. ad. Dover.
- Smith, Jared, Pr.: b. Waterbury, Vt., age 36, res. Plainfield, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64. P.O. ad. Eden, Vt.
- Stokes, Benjamin, Pr.: b. Freedom, age 30, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 24 Sept. 64, to Corp. 7 May 63, res'd 5 Sept. 63, wd. — May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, N.H. S.H. P.O. ad. Tilton.
- Spaulding, Alanson, Pr.: b. Washington, age 22, res. Hanover, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 12 June 65, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, wd. 27 Oct. 64, disch. by G.O. 77 W.D., O.D. P.O. ad. So. Berwick, Me.
- Smith, Alphonso P. R., Pr.: b. Peterboro', age 18, res. Chester, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.a. 13 May 64, re-enl. 19 Feb. 64.
- Twombly, James L., Pr.: b. Milton, age 21, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64, to Corp. 10 Sept. 63. P.O. ad. Milton.

- Tibbetts, Isaac**, Pr. : b. Lebanon, Me., age 28, res. Somersworth, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of wds. 16 Sept. 63, to Corp. 21 Jan. 63, res'd 3 May 63, wd. 18 July 63.
- Tewksbury, Sumner P.**, Pr. : b. Milford, Mass., age 18, res. Plainfield, O.V., enl. 6 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 11 March 62, O.S. P.O. ad. Derry Depot.
- Thomas, Richard**, Pr. : b. Liverpool, Eng., age 23, res. Portsmouth, O.V., enl. 26 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, to Corp. 23 Sept. 61, to ranks 1 Dec. 61, re-enl. 1 Jan. 64, absent sick 20 July 63, n.f.r., O.D.
- Tarbox, George A.**, Pr. : b. Limerick, Me., age 21, res. Epping, O.V., enl. 3 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 11 April 64, re-enl. 11 Feb. 64, P.O. ad. Epping.
- Vibbert, Luke R.**, Pr. : b. East Hartford, Ct., age 39, res. Durham, O.V., enl. 1 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 8 Nov. 64, re-enl. 26 Feb. 64, des. 11 April 64, ret'd, O.D. P.O. ad. Voluntown, Ct.
- Way, George**, Pr. : b. Bedford, age 18, res. unknown, O.V., enl. 17 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, to Corp. 7 May 63, to Sergt. 1 Sept. 63, re-enl. 12 Feb. 64, wd. 16 May 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, to 1st Sergt. 1 May 65, furl. — June 65. P.O. ad. W. Boylston, Mass.
- Warren, Frederick A.**, Pr. : b. South Berwick, Me., age 19, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 23 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64 (original center guide), wd. 16 June 62. P.O. ad. 12 Bell Ave., Lynn, Mass.
- Willey, James W.**, Pr. : b. Durham, age 20, res. Durham, O.V., enl. 31 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, des. 11 April 64, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64.
- Willey, Samuel, Jr.**, Pr. : b. Madbury, age 30, res. Madbury, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, died of disease 9 Aug. 62.
- Wing, John L.**, Pr. : b. Winthrop, Me., age 37, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 5 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. 8 Nov. 64, wd. 10 May 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.S.
- Warren, Paul C.**, Pr. : b. South Berwick, Me., age 28, res. Dover, O.V., enl. 9 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 23 Aug. 64.
- Willey, Henry E.**, Pr. : b. Durham, age 19, res. Durham, O.V., enl. 12 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, k.as 16 June 64, to Corp. 16 March 63.
- Wiggin, Charles E.**, Pr. : b. Vassalboro', Me., age 30, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 19 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, disch. for dis. 14 Feb. 63, to Corp. 2 Dec. 61.
- Weber, George H.**, Pr. : b. Claremont, age 20, res. Claremont, O.V., enl. 21 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, tr. to Co. D 1 Nov. 61 (see Co. D), O.S., d. 30 Jan. 72, Claremont.
- Wentworth, William W.**, Pr. : b. Milton, age 29, res. Milton, O.V., enl. 29 July 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, re-enl. 19 Feb. 64, des. 11 April 64, ret'd, wd. — May 64, N.S.H. P.O. ad. Dover.
- Warner, Philip A.**, Pr. : b. North Hampton, age 23, res. North Hampton, O.V., enl. 10 Aug. 61, must. in 24 Aug. 61, must. out 20 July 63, to Corp. 14 Oct. 61, res'd 16 March 63, re-enl. 13 Feb. 64, to Corp. 1 May 64, res'd 4 July 64, furl. — Feb. 65, O.D. P.O. ad. North Hampton.

Recruits, Co. K.

- Adams, John**, Pr. : b. Cork, Ire., age 21, res. Haverhill, V.R., enl. 11 Feb. 63, must. in 11 Feb. 63, des. 25 June 63.
- Albach, Lawrence**, Pr. : b. Germany, age 21, res. Lisbon, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, wd. 18 May 64, absent 20 July 63, n.f.r.
- Baker, William**, Pr. : b. New York, age 35, res. Dublin, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, k.a. 27 Oct. 64.
- Boynton, Francis**, Pr. : b. Boston, Mass., age 21, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, disch. for dis. 4 June 65, wd. 18 May 64, sub. for Wm. W. Coburn of Manchester.

- Bradley, William**, Pr.: b. Ft. Fairfield, Me., age 21, res. Franklin, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, died of disease 21 Sept. 64, sub. for Sylvanus Kimball of Franklin.
- Bigman, Herman**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 20, res. Lisbon, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63., des. 16 Aug. 64.
- Cooke, Alexander**, Pr.: b. Malone, N.Y., age 36, res. Orford, V.R., enl. 18 Jan. 65, must. in 18 Jan. 65, must. out 20 July 65, O.D.
- Cummings, Patrick**, Pr.: b. Waterford, Ire., age 23, res. Plymouth, V.R., enl. 11 Feb. 65, must. in 11 Feb. 65, must. out 20 July 65.
- Clifford, Edgar**, Pr.: b. Alexander, N. Y., age 28, res. Bedford, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, des. 29 Oct. 64, to Corp. 23 May 64, wd. 16 Aug. 64, sub. for Joseph G. Holbrook of Bedford.
- Dearborn, Lewis C.**, Pr.: b. —, age 18, res. Milton, V.R., enl. 18 Aug. 62, must. in 19 Aug. 62, must. out 20 July 65.
- Delaine, John**, Pr.: b. Quebec, Can., age 20, res. Pelham, S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for Amos B. Hobbs of Pelham.
- Elliott, Robert**, Pr.: b. England, age 22, res. Merrimack, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 7 Nov. 64, O.D., sub. for Allen L. French of Merrimack.
- Evealdt, Henry**, Pr.: b. Philadelphia, Pa., age 27, res. Pelham, S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, died of disease 16 Dec. 64, cap. 16 Aug. 64, sub. for Calvin Coburn of Pelham.
- Evans, Edward**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 24, res. Merrimack, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, wd. 13 May 64, des. 30 Sept. 64, ret'd, sub. for George F. Spaulding of Merrimack.
- Fanton, Charles W.**, Pr.: b. England, age 15, res. Ellingham, V.R., enl. 8 Jan. 64, must. in 8 Jan. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Mus. —.
- Foster, Zephram**, Pr.: b. Quebec, Can., age 22, res. Canaan, V.R., enl. 1 Feb. 65, must. in 1 Feb. 65, must. out 20 July 65, P.O. ad. Springfield, Mass.
- Gitlars, Martin**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 41, res. Dublin, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, k.a. 11 Feb. 65, des. 16 Aug. 64, ret'd.
- Hamilat, Albert**, Pr.: b. Aberdeen, Scot., age 26, res. Plymouth, V.R., enl. 11 Feb. 65, must. in 11 Feb. 65, must. out 20 July 65.
- Hill, James**, Pr.: b. Waterford, Ire., age 21, res. Haverhill, V.R., enl. 11 Feb. 65, must. in 11 Feb. 65, must. out 20 July 65.
- Herron, William H.**, Pr.: b. St. John, N.B., age 22, res. Lempster, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, des. 8 Nov. 64, sub. for Alden A. Honey of Lempster.
- Hart, Robert**, Pr.: b. New York, age 21, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 7 Nov. 64, sub. for John B. Miller of Concord.
- Irvin, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 29, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, k.a. 16 Aug. 64, to Corp. 23 May 64, sub. for Ira E. Chase of Keene.
- Jackson, George**, Pr.: b. St. John, N.B., age 37, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, disch. by order 7 July 65, at New York, des. 8 Nov. 64, ret'd, to Corp. 1 May 65, to ranks 23 June 65, sub. for Orlando D. Whitmore of Claremont.
- Knapp, Charles W.**, Pr.: b. Maine, age 21, res. Stark, V.R., enl. 11 Feb. 65, must. in 11 Feb. 65, disch. for dis. 22 May 65.
- Kennedy, James W.**, Pr.: b. Dublin, Ire., age 21, res. Haverhill, V.R., enl. 11 Feb. 65, must. in 11 Feb. 65, des. 11 June 65.
- Kelley, Daniel**, Pr.: b. Dundalk, Ire., age 32, res. Langdon, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, des. 2 April 64, sub. for George Whitney of Langdon.
- Lee, John**, Pr.: b. Liverpool, Eng., age 29, res. Haverhill, V.R., enl. 11 Feb. 65, must. in 11 Feb. 65, must. out 20 July 65.

- Lallanc, Alcide**, Pr.: b. France, age 22, res. Cornish, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, des. 4 Aug. 64, wd. 18 May 64, sub. for Francis E. Freeman of Cornish.
- Maxfield, Sylvanus**, Pr.: b. New York, age 25, res. Dublin, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, disch. 5 June 65 by G.O. W.D., O.D.
- Mitchell, Edward**, Pr.: b. Bridgewater, Mass., age 20, res. Cornish, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, des. 7 Nov. 64, sub. for Frank E. Edminster of Cornish.
- Munroe, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Island Pond, Vt., age 23, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, des. 2 April 64, sub. for George Clark of Keene.
- Morgan, Robert**, Pr.: b. Belfast, Me., age 32, res. Lempster, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, des. 8 Nov. 64, des. 25 April 64, ret'd 11 May 64, sub. for Freeman S. Gordon of Lempster.
- McNeal, Andrew**, Pr.: b. Dublin, Ire., age 22, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. 8 Nov. 64, sub. for Ami D. Carpenter of Manchester.
- Monahan, Barney**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Hillsboro', S.R., enl. 24 Dec. 64, must. in 24 Dec. 64, des. 8 March 65, sub. for Edward Kimball of Hillsboro'.
- McGay, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 20, res. Langdon, S.R., enl. 24 Dec. 64, must. in 24 Dec. 64, des. 6 June 65, sub. for Joseph B. Russell of Langdon.
- Mullen, John**, Pr.: b. Pennsylvania, age 23, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 26 Dec. 64, must. in 26 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Fayette P. Willis of Keene.
- Murray, James**, Pr.: b. England, age 23, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, des. 13 June 65, sub. for George A. Ayers of Claremont.
- McKee, Charles**, Pr.: b. Quebec, Can., age 38, res. Colebrook, V.R., enl. 22 March 65, must. in 22 March 65, des. 15 June 65.
- Morse, William S.**, Pr.: b. Sharon, Vt., age 40, res. Shelburne, V.R., enl. 22 March 65, must. in 22 March 65, died of wds. 7 July 65.
- Nichols, William G.**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 23, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, disch. Manchester, N.H., by G.O. 77 W.D., 23 May 65, to Corp. 6 July 64, sub. for Noah S. Clark of Manchester.
- Newbold, George W.**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 21, res. Winchester, S.R., enl. 17 Dec. 64, must. in 17 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 24 June 65, sub. for Aurelius B. Turner of Winchester.
- Neal, Robert H.**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 19, res. Pelham, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, des. 9 March 65, sub. for E. M. Marsh of Pelham.
- O'Brien, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, des. 5 Feb. 64, sub. for Elias Freeman of Plainfield.
- Oliver, Robert E.**, Pr.: b. Nova Scotia, age 22, res. Plainfield, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, des. 8 Nov. 64, sub. for William C. True of Plainfield.
- Parker, Corwin J.**, Pr.: b. Merrimack, age 18, res. Merrimack, V.R., enl. 24 Feb. 62, must. in 28 Feb. 62, must. out 20 July 65, re-enl. 25 Feb. 64, to Sergt. 25 June 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Manchester.
- Quinland, William**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 22, res. Rumney, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Charles L. Harris of Rumney.
- Quigley, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 32, res. Springfield, S.R., enl. 24 Dec. 64, must. in 24 Dec. 64, des. 9 April 65, sub. for Charles V. Pillsbury of Springfield.
- Ramsdell, George E.**, Pr.: b. Kensington, age 20, res. Kensington, V.R., enl. 13 Sept. 62, must. in 17 Sept. 62, disch. for dis. 6 Nov. 63, wd. 31 Aug. 63. P.O. ad. Newburyport, Mass.

- Rooney, Edward T.**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 27, res. Haverhill, V.R., enl. 7 March 65, must. in 7 March 65, must. out 20 July 65, wd. —, to Corp. 23 June 65, N.S.H., O.S.
- Rogers, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 33, res. Newton, S.R., enl. 14 Nov. 64, must. in 14 Nov. 64, disch. 6 June 65, by G.O. W.D., Galloupe's Island, Boston Harbor, sub. for Richard Peaslee of Newton.
- Rooney, Michael**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 21, res. Pelham, S.R., enl. 21 Dec. 64, must. in 21 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for H. A. Spaulding of Pelham.
- Radford, Charles**, Pr.: b. England, age 30, res. Springfield, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for James M. Philbrick of Springfield.
- Roberts, George**, Pr.: b. England, age 25, res. Sanbornton, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, disch. 15 June 65, at Raleigh, N.C., by G.O. 77 W.D., sub. for Thomas D. Wallace of Sanbornton.
- Rogers, Edward**, Pr.: b. Canada, age 20, res. Swanzy, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for James H. Olcott of Swanzy.
- Regan, James**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Cornish, S.R., enl. 27 Dec. 64, must. in 27 Dec. 64, des. 2 April 65, sub. for Edwin R. Shedd of Cornish.
- Riley, Michael**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 30, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 10 Oct. 63, must. in 10 Oct. 63, k.a. 18 May 64, sub. for George A. Keyes of Claremont.
- Stead, James W.**, Pr.: b. Kent, Eng., age 22, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, died of wds. 14 July 64, wd. 18 May 64, sub. for Geo. C. Barr of Manchester.
- Smith, Thomas**, Pr.: b. London, Eng., age 25, res. Plymouth, V.R., enl. 11 Feb. 65, must. in 11 Feb. 65, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 23 June 65.
- Sheridan, Francis**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 19, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, des. 13 Aug. 64, wd. 18 May 64, sub. for Milton W. Spencer of Manchester.
- Sherman, William**, Pr.: b. Eastport, Me., age 26, res. Haverhill, V.R., enl. 11 Feb. 65, must. in 11 Feb. 65, must. out 20 July 65.
- Smith, Edward**, Pr.: b. New York, age 23, res. Pelham, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 23 June 65, res'd 25 June 65, sub. for D. A. Greeley of Pelham.
- St. Dennis, Thomas**, Pr.: b. St. Regis, N. Y., age 21, res. Orford, V.R., enl. 18 Jan. 65, must. in 18 Jan. 65, must. out 20 July 65. P.O. ad. Canton, N.Y.
- Tuttle, Fred H.**, Pr.: b. Georgetown, Mass., age 19, res. Milton, V.R., enl. 11 Aug. 62, must. in 19 Aug. 62, must. out 20 July 65, to Corp. 6 Sept. 63, to Sergt. 23 May 64, to 1st Sergt. 26 Aug. 64, to 1st Lt. 29 April 65, O.D. P.O. ad. Rice Lake, Wis.
- Thomson, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Holland, age 29, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, wd. 18 May 64, cap. 29 June 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r., O.D., O.S., sub. for William Howe of Manchester.
- Wilson, John**, 1st. Pr.: b. Canada, age 28, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, wd. 10 May 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r.
- Warshoffsky, Joseph**, Pr.: b. Poland, age 33, res. Nelson, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, wd. — May 64, absent 20 July 65, n.f.r.
- Whitney, John**, Pr.: b. England, age 24, res. Manchester, S.R., enl. 6 Oct. 63, must. in 6 Oct. 63, k.a. 16 May 64, sub. for Russell W. Bridgman of Manchester.
- Wilson, Charles**, Pr.: b. Russia, age 23, res. Pittsfield, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for John B. Jenkins of Pittsfield.

- White, Joseph.** Pr.: b. Nova Scotia, age 23, res. Windham, S.R., enl. 12 Dec. 64, must. in 12 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Edwin N. Stickney of Windham.
- Williams, James.** Pr.: b. Canada, age 32, res. Webster, S.R., enl. 19 Dec. 64, must. in 19 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for James L. Gerrish of Webster.
- Williams, Frank.** Pr.: b. Ireland, age 21, res. Weare, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for J. D. Quint of Weare. P.O. ad. Centralia, Pa.
- Wilson, James.** Pr.: b. St. John, N.B., age 26, res. Weare, S.R., enl. 22 Dec. 64, must. in 22 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, O.D., sub. for L. P. Woodbury of Weare.
- Wilson, John.** ad. Pr.: b. England, age 30, res. Tuftonboro', S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, must. out 20 July 65, sub. for Levi S. Piper of Tuftonboro'.
- Warren, Frank.** Pr.: b. Canada, age 30, res. Concord, S.R., enl., 19 Dec. 64, must. in 19 Dec. 64, des. 2 April 65, sub. for Matthew Harvey of Concord.
- West, Charles.** Pr.: b. New York, age 20, res. Dunbarton, S.R., enl. 21 Dec. 64, must. in 21 Dec. 64, disch. 25 March 65, by G.C.M., des. — Feb. 65, ret'd, sub. for A. A. Colby of Dunbarton.
- Walker, Charles.** Pr.: b. Canada, age 21, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 23 Dec. 64, must. in 23 Dec. 64, des. 6 June 65, sub. for Mahill Dustin of Claremont.

Transferred to Company.

- Watson, Oliver.** Pr.: tr. from Co. I, disch. 22 Sept. 64, to Sergt. 2 Sept. 61, furl. — April 62, to 1st Sergt. 1 July 63, wd. 16 Aug. 64, term exp. 23 Aug. 64, O.D. P.O. ad. Centre Sandwich.

UNASSIGNED RECRUITS.

- Ardon, John.** Pr.: b. St. John, N.B., age 23, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 4 Dec. 63.
- Burrell, Fred G.** Pr.: b. Canton, Mass., age 22, res. Nashua, V.R., enl. 5 Aug. 62, must. in 24 Aug. 62, died of disease 6 Sept. 62, d. *en route*.
- Boyd, James.** Pr.: b. —, age 21, res. Danbury, V.R., enl. 12 Sept. 62, must. in 13 Sept. 62, not officially acctd. for, n.f.r.
- Baker, Thomas.** Pr.: b. Pennsylvania, age 22, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 21 Nov. 63, must. in 21 Nov. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 4 Dec. 63.
- Benson, Wm.** Pr.: b. Ireland, age 19, res. Pembroke, V.R., enl. 24 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 4 Dec. 63, n.f.r.
- Borley, George.** Pr.: b. Vermont, age 21, res. Lebanon, V.R., enl. 12 Nov. 63, must. in 12 Nov. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 4 Dec. 63.
- Covington, Evans.** Pr.: b. Baltimore, Md., age 30, res. Somersworth, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 19 Oct. 63, sub. for Judah Castalow of Somersworth.
- Curtis, Robert.** Pr.: b. England, age 22, res. Tuftonboro', S.R., enl. 8 Dec. 64, must. in 8 Dec. 64, forwarded 19 Oct. 64, des., caught, sent 3 Jan. 65 from Concord to Governor's Island, N. Y., held under charges of desertion, n.f.r., sub. for Stephen B. Horn of Tuftonboro'.
- Dickett, Joseph.** Pr.: b. Canada, age 23, res. Marlow, S.R., enl. 20 Dec. 64, must. in 20 Dec. 64, trans. to Fourth N.H.V. 20 April 65, forwarded 24 Dec. 64 for Fourth N.H.V., joined Third N.H.V. by error 28 March 65, tr. to Fourth N.H.V. 20 April 65, reached Fourth N.H.V. and joined Co. K 6 May 65, des. 21 July 65, Raleigh, N. C., sub. for Christopher A. Lewis of Marlow.

- Delamane, Louis**, Pr.: b. Montreal, Can., age 24, res. Alton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 19 Oct. 63, sub. for Andrew J. Brown of Alton.
- Dougherty, John**, Pr.: b. —, age —, res. —, enl. —, must. in —, not officially acctd. for, name borne on return for June 65 as absent sick, n.f.r.
- Davis, Edward**, Pr.: b. Oswego, N.Y., age 22, res. Gilmanton, S.R., enl. 29 Sept. 63, must. in 29 Sept. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 19 Oct. 63, sub. for Jonathan W. Clough of Gilmanton.
- French, Loveland W.**, Mus.: b. Lowell, Mass., age 16, res. Washington, V.R., enl. 5 Jan. 64, must. in 5 Jan. 64, died of disease 13 Jan. 64.
- Franklin, James**, Pr.: b. Fall River, Mass., age 21, res. Nova Scotia, S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, des. 9 Nov. 63, Long Island, Boston Harbor, Mass., *en route* to regt., forwarded 16 Oct. 63, sub. for Joseph J. Kelsey of —.
- Harrington, Edward**, Pr.: b. Cincinnati, O., age 31, res. Lempster, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 19 Oct. 63, sub. for Isaac Blanchard of Lempster.
- Hanrathy, Francis**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 22, res. Concord, S.R., enl. 9 Dec. 64, must. in 9 Dec. 64, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 15 Dec. 64, sub. for Joseph C. Shaw of Concord.
- Hoffman, Edward**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 24, res. Lempster, S.R., enl. 15 Dec. 64, must. in 15 Dec. 64, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 19 Dec. 64, sub. for Franklin A. George of Lempster.
- Kopp, Charles**, Pr.: b. Strasburg, Ger., age 28, res. Walpole, V.R., enl. 31 Jan. 65, must. in 31 Jan. 65, died of disease 26 Feb. 65.
- Leavitt, Lemuel**, Pr.: b. Dunham, Can., age 28, res. Dublin, V.R., enl. 20 Jan. 65, must. in 20 Jan. 65, des. 17 March 65.
- Mullen, Geo. F.**, Pr.: b. —, age 23, res. Danbury, V.R., enl. 12 Sept. 62, must. in 13 Sept. 62, not officially accounted for.
- McCormick, Patrick**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 25, res. Mason, S.R., enl. 14 Oct. 63, must. in 14 Oct. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 16 Oct. 63, sub. for Horace E. Davis of Mason.
- Muller, Heinrich**, Pr.: b. Germany, age 36, res. Plainfield, V.R., enl. 18 Nov. 63, must. in 18 Nov. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 4 Dec. 63, n.f.r.
- Marley, John**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 27, res. Keene, S.R., enl. 13 Dec. 64, must. in 13 Dec. 64, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 15 Dec. 64, sub. for Hafford B. Fuller of Keene.
- McCarthy, John**, Pr.: b. E. Greenwich, R.I., age 22, res. Claremont, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, disch. 5 June 65, got into Fourth N.H., Co. G, by mistake and served there, to Corp. —, sub. for James P. Piper of Claremont.
- Nash, William**, Pr.: b. Maryland, age 28, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, des. *en route* to regt., roll 4 Dec. 63, des. *via* Second N.H.
- Pingree, Aaron S.**, Pr.: b. Newburyport, Mass., age 20, res. Epping, V.R., enl. 20 Aug. 62, must. in 21 Aug. 62, n.f.r.
- Pearson, Geo. H.**, Pr.: b. Bath, Me., age 31, res. Chichester, V.R., enl. 29 Aug. 62, must. in 29 Aug. 62, forwarded 16 Sept. 62, supposed deserter, n.f.r.
- Pelkey, David**, Pr.: b. Rutland, Vt., age 42, res. Swanzey, V.R., enl. 23 Feb. 65, must. in 23 Feb. 65, dishon. disch. Boston, Mass., 19 May 65.
- Russell, Geo.**, Pr.: b. Pennsylvania, age 20, res. Concord, V.R., enl. 20 Nov. 63, must. in 20 Nov. 63, des. *en route* to regt., roll 4 Dec. 63, des. *via* Second N.H.
- Richardson, Albert P.**, Pr.: b. Bridgton, Me., age 21, res. Sandwich, V.R., enl. 31 March 64, must. in 31 March 64, forwarded 11 April 64, n.f.r.

- Smith, Thomas**, 1st, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 24, res. Taunton, Mass., S.R., enl. 2 Sept. 63, must. in 2 Sept. 63, forwarded 16 Oct. 63, n.f.r., sub. for James S. Putney of —.
- Silvey, Samuel**, Pr.: b. Nova Scotia, age 22, res. London, S.R., enl. 19 Aug. 63, must. in 19 Aug. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 16 Oct. 63, sub. for Horace G. Moody of Loudon.
- Taylor, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Ireland, age 22, res. Haverhill, V.R., enl. 11 Feb. 65, must. in 11 Feb. 65, disch. by Gen. Dix's G.O. 49 dated 10 June 65 under G.O. 77 W.D. (under sentence of G.C.M.), des. Concord, N.H., 21 Feb. 65, ret'd 17 March 65.
- Williams, Thomas**, Pr.: b. Denmark, age 25, res. Lyme, V.R., enl. 25 Nov. 63, must. in 25 Nov. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 4 Dec. 63.
- Welch, John**, Pr.: b. Boston, Mass., age 22, res. Swanzey, S.R., enl. 8 Oct. 63, must. in 8 Oct. 63, des. *en route* to regt., forwarded 16 Oct. 63, sub. for Henry Hill of Swanzey.
- Williams, John**, Pr.: b. St. John, N.B., age 24, res. St. John, N. B., S.R., enl. 1 Sept. 63, must. in 1 Sept. 63, forwarded 16 Oct. 63, n.f.r., sub. for W. A. Mussey of —.

ENLISTMENTS FOR LESS THAN THREE YEARS.

Co.	Name.	Date.	Term.
I.	Bowen, Sidney B.	20 March 65	1 year.
I.	Clement, Lucius H.	20 March 65	1 year.
I.	Haskell, Ezekiel	22 March 65	1 year.
I.	Thompson, Samuel M.	20 March 65	1 year.
G.	Nicholson, Nath'l E.	(fr. 17 N.H.)	9 mos.
*	Pelkey, David	23 Feb. 65	1 year.

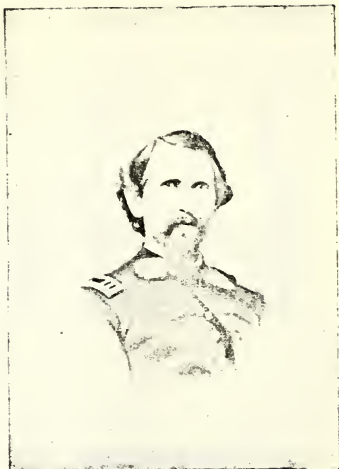
* Unassigned.



BADGE OF THE SONS OF VETERANS.



CAPT. MICHAEL T. DONOHOE.



LIEUT. ARTHUR S. NESMITH,
Quartermaster.



CAPT. ROBERT H. ALLEN.



LIEUT. WALTER CODY.

WOUNDED.

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Adams, Ira J.	.	A			13 May		Side (d. G.H.)
Abbott, Sam'l W.	.	B		10 July			Hip, sev. during charge.
Allen, Robert H.	.	C	16 June				Hand, slty.
Allen, George	Lt.	C	16 June				
Abbott, John	.	E		18 July			Finger shot off, Wagner.
Abbott, John	.	E			16 June		
Abbott, Geo. H.	.	E			13 May		Left breast (d. of wds.)
Austin, Albert J.	.	F			16 Aug.		
Alexander, Dan'l S.	.	F			15 May		Head, mort., left on field (d. of wds.)
Allen, Joseph H.	.	G			14 May		Head, mort.
Atmore, Geo. W.	.	G			16 May		
Ayer, Henry H.	.	H		18 July			Slty.
Ayer, Henry H.	.	H		26 Aug.			Back of neck, sev., musket ball.
Atwood, Daniel N.	.	H	16 June		16 May		
Atwood, Daniel N.	.	H			16 Aug.		Knee, slty.
Atwood, Daniel N.	.	H	21 Aug.				
Adams, Eben H.	.	H			16 Aug.		Left shoulder (d. of wds.)
Adams, Eben H.	Sergt.	K			13 May		Finger, slty.
Armstrong, J. A.	Corp.	K			14 May		Side, mort.
Allen, Chas. H.	Sergt.	K			18 May		Sev., and captured.
Albach, Lawrence	.	K			16 Aug.		Slty.
Atherton, Arlon S.	1st Lt.	F			16 Aug.		(See d. of wds.)
Ackerman, Joseph	2d Lt.	F			18 Aug.		Breast, slty., contusion.
Barton, Henry	.	A			13 May		Right shoulder, slty.
Bowman, Eli E.	.	A			2 June		
Bowman, Eli E.	.	A			16 June		Arm, slty.
Brelsford, Sam'l D.	.	A			18 May		Knee, arm, slty., Wagner.
Blaisdell, John L.	.	B		18 July			Right finger, slty.
Baker, Wm.	.	C			16 May		
Baker, Wm.	.	C					

WOUNDED — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Byrns, Matthew	Corp.	C	16 June				
Bryant, David		C	16 June				Breast, sev. Mort.
Brown, Chas. A.		D		10 July	16 Aug.		
Battis, John		D			16 June		
Barns, James		D			27 Oct.		
Brown, Chas.		D			14 May		Face and neck (d. of wds.)
Blaisdell, Jos. P.		D					
Brown, Horatio H.		E	16 June				
Benson, Geo. W.	Corp.	E			13 May		Head (d. of wds.)
Burrows, James		E			14 May		Left leg, slty.
Brown, F. J.		E			16 May		Both legs.
Burke, L. O. F.		F			18 May		
Button, Eugene J.	Lt.	F		18 July			Head, sev.
Bartlett, Townes		F			16 Aug.		Left hand.
Brown, Wm. E.		F			16 May		Left arm, sev.
Baker, Daniel W.		G	16 June				Hand, slty.
Bartlett, Blasias		G					Left thigh, slty.
Bure, Jacob		G			13 May		Sev. (cap. and d.)
Burbank, Wm. H.		G			16 May		Leg, slty.
Blake, Grayville		G			16 May		Right arm broken off (d. of wds.)
Burgess, Benj. D.	1st Sergt.	G			27 Aug.		Right shoulder (on picket line).
Bickford, Geo. R.		G			16 June		Head, sev.
Brooks, John		H	16 June				(Died of wds.)
Brooks, John		H			16 Aug.		
Bush, David		H			16 May		Hand, slty.
Bay-smith, George		H			2 June		Neck, slty.
Bailey, George		H			16 June		(Died of wds.)
Baueho, Wm.		H					Left ear, concussion.
Buss, Martin J.		I		28 Aug.			Had right arm in sling 26 Aug.
Buss, Martin J.	Sergt.	I			16 Aug.		

Brown, Bartholomew . . .	I	16 June			Foot, slty.
Bowen, Edwin N. . . .	I	16 June			Rib, slty.
Bowen, Edwin N. . . .	I		1st Sergt.	21 Sept.	Thigh, slty.
Burgess, Myrick	I	16 June			Side, slty.
Brown, Orlando	I			13 May	Right arm, sev. (ball not extracted).
Balm, Harvey	I			16 Aug.	
Brady, Joseph	I			13 May	
Blaisdell, Daniel G. . .	I				
Barrows, Benj. F. . . .	I	16 June			Right knee, slty.
Blood, Josiah S.	I		13 July	16 May	Thigh, sev. (d. of wds.)
Ball, Joseph H.	K		25 Aug.		Hip, sev.
Blye, Woodbury C. . . .	K			14 May	Knee shot., Drewry's Bluff (cap. and d.)
Brown, John W.	K		29 Aug.		Thigh, sev., trenches.
Brown, Albert	K			18 May	Head, slty., in woods, lying down.
Boynton, Francis	K			16 Aug.	Ankle, sev., shell.
Brackett, Edwin	K				And captured.
Bedel, John	A	10 July			Slty., rolling shell.
Coty, Gideon	A	18 July			Left shoulder, sev.
Coty, Gideon	A			13 May	Throat, sev.
Cass, Harrison S.	A			13 May	Finger, slty.
Chickering, Alpheus . .	A			18 May	Hand, sev.
Currier, A. S.	B	18 July			Nose, slty., Wagner.
Colbath, Chas. W. . . .	B			13 May	Left hand, slty.
Carlisle, James	B			13 May	Left leg, slty.
Caban, Samuel	B	16 June			Right leg, bullet (not extracted).
Campbell, Freeman H. .	B			16 Aug.	Right knee, slty.
Chase, James L.	B			13 May	Breast and arm, slty.
Carrigan, Henry	C				Leg.
Cody, Walter	C	16 June			
Cameron, James	C	16 June		16 June	
Cameron, James	C				
Curran, John, 1st	C	16 June			
Cooney, Stephen	C	16 June			
Cooney, Stephen	C			13 May	(Died of wds.)
Crooke, Samuel	C			16 Aug.	
Carroll, Wm.	C			16 May	Right finger, slty.

WOUNDED — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Cadorath, Eugene	.	C	16 June				And captured.
Crane, Geo. T.	.	D			16 June		Shoulder, sev.
Couings, Jos. T.	.	D			16 Aug.		Sev., and captured.
Carr, Geo. D.	.	E	16 June				(Died in hands enemy.)
Chase, Valentine M.	.	E	16 June				Sev., and miss'g (d. of wds.)
Curby, Abram	.	F			13 May		Left arm and side, dang.
Chase, James L.	.	F	15 June				Leg, by rebel picket.
Courtney, P.	.	F	16 June		16 Aug.		Foot.
Cassady, Thos.	.	G					Left foot, sev.
Cassady, Thos.	.	G		26 Aug.	16 May		Thigh, mort.
Chick, John E.	.	G					In G.H., H.H., Nov. 63.
Clough, Ira	.	G	16 June				Finger, captured and died.
Chesley, Joseph	.	G	16 June				Arm, sev.
Corson, James T.	.	G	16 June				Back, Wagner.
Corson, James T.	.	G	16 June	18 July			Arm, sev.
Corson, James T.	.	G			16 Aug.		Leg, Laurel Hill.
Craigie, Peter R.	.	G			7 Oct.		Side.
Chesley, H. A.	.	G			16 May		Hip, slty., Wagner.
Cotter, Edward	.	H		18 July	16 May		Back, slty.
Cotter, Edw.	.	H					Right thigh, sev.
Clough, Geo.	.	H	16 June		15 May		Left foot.
Clough, Geo.	.	H	16 June				
Campbell, John W.	.	H	16 June				
Carl, Thomas M.	.	H	16 June				
Collins, Wm.	.	H			16 June		Lost right arm.
Collins, Wm.	.	H			16 Aug.		Body, sev., during charge.
Casey, John	.	H			16 May		(Died of wds.), Laurel Hill.
Colloun, Sanford	.	H		10 July			Leg.
Campbell, Jas.	.	H			7 Oct.		
Cheate, Wilbur H.	.	I	16 June				

Choate, Wilbur H.	I	10 July	16 May	Arm, sev.
Choate, Wilbur H.	I			Arm.
Clark, James F.	I	16 June	13 May	Slt'y.
Clark, James F.	I			Right thigh, slt'y.
Chapman, James M.	I	16 June		Head, slt'y.
Chapman, James M.	I	10 July	13 May	Back, sev.
Canlutt, Emile	I			Face and neck, dang. (d. of wds.)
Cassidy, James	K	16 June		Sev.
Cassidy, James	K	13 July	18 May	Back by shell, slt'y.
Cassidy, James	K			(Died of wds.)
Clemons, Chas. C.	K	18 July	16 May	Arm, slt'y., Wagner.
Clemons, Chas. C.	K		13 May	Right thigh, slt'y.
Clemons, Oliver M.	K		16 Aug.	Right fore finger, amp.
Clifford, Edgar	K		13 May	
Copp, Elbridge J.			16 Aug.	Shoulder.
Copp, Elbridge J.	A	10 July		Body.
Dane, Albert G.	A	20 Aug.		Hand, sev., during charge.
Derby, Chas. H.	B			Arm, sev., trenches.
Duncan, John B.	B			Right hip, slt'y., contusion.
Duncan, John B.	B	10 July	13 May	Right lung, ch. 7th trav'se (d. of wds.)
Dearborn, Warren S.	B			Groin, during charge.
Dearborn, Warren S.	B			Disch. of own rifle.
Dudley, Daniel W.	B		13 May	Left arm, slt'y.
Day, Robert	B		16 May	Right finger, slt'y., hit five times.
Davis, Oliver O.	B		13 May	Back (d. of wds.)
Davis, James	B		27 Oct.	
Dulley, John, 2d	C			
Devine, John	C		13 May	Left foot, slt'y., contusion.
Donohoe, J. J.	C			Slt'y.
Doug, Geo. P.	D	18 July		Lost middle finger (only one in D.).
Duffy, Wm.	D		16 June	
Demary, Peter	E		16 May	Right leg, slt'y.
Demary, Peter	E		16 Aug.	Right leg, shell.
Dickey, James M.	E		14 May	Right side, slt'y.
Dickey, James M.	E		31 May	(Died of wds.)
Dunick, Asa	E		15 May	Right thumb, amp.

15 Jan.

WOUNDED — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	CO.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Duplez, Edgar	.	F	16 June	28 Aug.	16 Aug.		Right arm, amput.
Duplez, Edgar	.	F			13 May		Slight.
Davis, Caleb	.	F			13 May		Face, sev.
Duffy, Ross C.	.	F			16 Aug.		Thigh, sev., contusion.
Day, Orlando	.	G					Slight.
Doughlass, James	.	H		26 Aug.			Slight.
Davis, Wm.	Sergt.	I	16 June				Hand, slight.
Davis, Geo. H.	.	I			13 May		Left arm, slight. (d. of wds.)
Davis, Geo. H.	.	I			18 May		Arm, sev.
Dane, Joseph M.	.	I			13 May		Right side, slight.
Durant, Chas. J.	Corp.	I	16 June		16 Aug.		Lost right hand, and wd. both legs.
Donley, Michael P.	2d Lt.	I		10 July	7 May		Sent to McClellan G.H.
Evans, Frank	Corp.	A			13 May		Leg, slight.
Everington, George	.	A			13 May		Groin, and ruptured.
Elliott, Daniel W.	.	B	16 June		13 May		Groin, sev.
Elliott, Daniel W.	.	B			13 May		Left side, sev.
Earls, David	.	C					Arm and breast, slight.
Eagan, John	Corp.	C			16 May		Right leg, contusion (and cap.)
Eagan, Michael	.	C	16 June		13 May		Left shoulder, sev.
Elliott, Thos. F.	.	C	16 June				Finger, slight.
Entwistle, Thos.	Corp.	D		10 July	16 Aug.		Head, slight.
Entwistle, Thos.	.	D			16 May		Right foot, slight.
Eaton, Robert	.	D		26 Aug.	16 May		Face and neck, sev. (d. of wds.)
Edgerly, J. Homer	Lt.	E			16 June	11 Feb.	Sugar Loaf Hill.
Edgerly, J. Homer	Lt.	F					Breast, dang. (d. of wds.)
Emmes, John F.	.	F			13 May		
Emmes, John F.	.	F					
Everett, Franklin	.	F					
Eastman, Clark	.	G					

Emerson, Hollis D.	G	16 June			Calf of leg, sev.
Emerson, Hollis D.	G			14 May	Right thigh, sev., shell.
Emery, Wm. H.	G			15 May	Arm, slty.
Ellis, George A.	G		28 Aug.		Arm, trenches.
Evans, A.	G			16 May	
Eastman, Henry B.	H		1 Sept.		Left arm, sev., trenches.
Ellis, J. E.	I	16 June	13 July		Left leg, sev., shell fr. Sumter. Slty.
Estes, Chas. H.	I				Side and arm, sev., trenches.
Estes, Chas. H.	I		26 Aug.		
Estes, Chas. H.	I		18 July	15 July	Foot, slty.
Eldredge, D.	K				Left arm, sev.
Estes, Leonard	K		11 Aug.	16 Aug.	Foot, sev., piece of shell, at front.
Evans, Edward	K			13 May	Right foot, slty.
Fernald, James G.	A		18 July		Ankle, by shell.
Fernald, James G.	A		31 Aug.		Right arm, slty., Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Fernald, James G.	A			13 May	Left shoulder, dang.
Fernald, James G.	A			2 June	Leg, by shell, sev.
Fernald, James G.	A			31 Aug.	Hip and back, sev.
Fogg, Geo. T.	A		18 July	13 May	Right breast, dang., cap. and died.
Fee, Garrett	A				Sugar Loaf Battery.
Ferson, Chas. O.	A		28 Aug.		Leg, cap. and died.
Ferson, Chas. O.	A			11 Feb.	Right arm, slty.
Fontaine, Edward	A			7 Oct.	Back, slty., contusion right shoulder.
Favor, Fred H.	B	16 June			
Fitzgerald, David	C	16 June			
Fortune, Robert	C			16 May	Leg, sev. (d. of wds.)
Farrell, John	C			16 Aug.	Arm, sev.
Francis, Philip	C			16 Aug.	Right leg, slty.
Foley, Stephen	C		12 Aug.		
Farry, Bernard	C		28 Aug.		
Fife, George	E			13 May	
Freeman, Henry	E			16 June	
Fulton, C. C.	F			19 Feb.	(Accident), died next day.
Flanders, King H.	F	16 June			By shell (in G.H., II.H., Nov. 63).
French, James	F	16 June			Right hand.

WOUNDED — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	CO.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Flanders, Geo. W.	.	F	22 Oct.				Pocotaligo.
Ford, Lorenzo	.	G	16 June				Mouth.
Foss, Richard H.	.	I		10 July			Arm, in charge.
Foss, Richard H.	.	I			16 May		
Foss, Richard H.	.	I			16 June		Leg, slty.
Fitzgerald, John J.	.	K	16 June				Slty.
Fitzgerald, John J.	.	K			13 May		Right breast, dang.
Farrell, Thos.	.	K			13 May		Right arm, amp.
Gorman, Cyrus	.	K			13 May		Right knee, sev.
Goodwin, John W.	.	A					Left lung (d. of wds.)
George, Samuel	.	A	16 June		16 Aug.		Arm, breast, neck, sev.
George, Albert	.	A		31 Aug.			Slty.
George, Alden G.	.	A			May		Slty.
Giddings, Geo. H.	.	B			16 May		Slty.
Giddings, Geo. H.	.	B			16 Aug.		Hip, sev.
George, Ira P.	.	B		10 July			Leg, slty.
Gerah, James	.	B	16 June				(Died of wds.)
Gillis, John G.	.	B			20 Sept.		Shoulder, hand, sev., Wagner.
Galvin, James	.	C		18 July			Finger, slty.
Galvin, James	.	C			13 May		Bullet in instep (on R.R.)
Galvin, James	.	D			25 Aug.		Sev., and cap.
Goss, Geo. W.	.	D					
Gibson, Geo. W.	.	E	16 June				
Goss, Orville	.	E		10 July			Both hands, sev.
Goss, Orville	.	E			13 May		Right hand, slty.
Goodhue, David	.	F		25 Aug.	16 May		Leg, trenches.
Gay, Geo. H.	.	F					
Gay, Geo. H.	.	F			18 May		Arm, Deep Run.
Gilman, Albert	.	G			16 Aug.		
Graw, John	.	G			May		Right arm and leg, sev.
Gannon, James	.	H			15 May		

George, Albert Q.	.	.	.	16 June	II	James Island.
Goodwin, Wm. H.	.	.	.	16 June	II	Hand, sily.
Gerrish, Geo. L.	.	.	.	16 June	I	Concussion
Gilbert, Daniel W.	.	.	.		I	And cap. (d. of wds., orig. K).
Gale, Lloyd G.	.	.	Corp.		K	Shoulder, sily., to hospital 15 May 64.
Gannon, Chas.	.	.	.	18 July	K	Left hip, sev.
Huntress, Wm. H.	.	.	.		A	Shoulder, sev.
Hilton, Peter	.	.	.		A	Neck, breast, sev.
Hart, John	.	.	.	1 Sept.	A	Hand, sev.
Houghton, R. W.	.	.	1st Lt.			Head, piece shell, sily.
Hazen, Chas. S.	.	.	.		B	Head, sily.
Hall, Edw. F.	.	.	.		B	Lost right arm, 20 Aug.
Horton, Joseph E.	.	.	.		B	Head, dang.
Holden, Wm.	.	.	.		B	Leg.
Hall, Harris C.	.	.	.		B	Abdomen, mort. (d. of wds.)
Healey, Geo. W.	.	.	.		B	Abdomen, dang.
Huntton, A.	.	.	.	12 July	B	Sily.
Howard, Melville C.	.	.	.		B	Back, shell, sev. (d. of wds.)
Hannahan, John	.	.	.		C	Finger, sily.
Healey, Timothy	.	.	.		C	Cap. (d. of wds.)
Henderson, Wm.	.	.	.	10 July	E	Head, sev., ret'd 10 Sept. 64.
Herrick, John E.	.	.	.	18 July	E	Hand, sily., Wagner.
Hadley, Stephen	.	.	.		E	Finger, sily.
Hadley, Stephen	.	.	.		E	Sev., Florida.
Hilliard, Roswell M. C.	.	.	.	7 Jan.	E	Neck, sily.
Hilliard, Timothy	.	.	.		E	Left hip, sev.
Holt, Edw. B.	.	.	.		E	Neck, sev.
Hergives, James	.	.	.		E	Back, sev.
Hickenfant, Anton	.	.	.		E	Sick in G.H., H.H., Nov. 63.
Heath, Benj. H.	.	.	.	18 July	E	Cap. (d. of wds. in hands of enemy).
Halligan, Luke	.	.	.		E	Left thigh, sily.
Hingley, Samuel J.	.	.	.		E	
Hoyt, Jason R. C.	.	.	.		E	
Hix, William	.	.	.	18 July	E	Over eye, sily., Wagner.
Hayden, Alfred P.	.	.	Sergt.	25 Aug.	F	Right hand, two middle fingers amp.
Harvey, Geo. D.	.	.	.		F	Left thigh, sily.

WOUNDED—(Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Hodgdon, Enos F.	.	F			16 June		Abdomen, mort. (d. of wds.)
Hall, Chas.	.	G			13 May		Arm, slty.
Handerson, Henry C.	Lt.		16 June				Right foot, slty.
Hill, Wm. H.	Sergt.	H		1 Sept.			
Harris, Chas. E.	.	H	16 June				
Hall, Tracy L.	.	H					
Hoyt, Nathan B.	.	I		10 July	16 June		Breast, bowels and hip, sev.
Holmes, Robert R.	.	I		13 July	13 May		Both legs (d. of wds.)
Harkness, Jos. E.	.	I		10 July			Leg, slty., shell.
Harkness, Jos. E.	.	I		10 July	13 May		Right thigh, sev.
Hill, Chas. P.	.	I		10 July			During charge.
Horton, M. P.	.	I		12 July			Hip, charge.
Hall, Jere	.	K					Wagner, slty.
Hyde, James M.	.	K			13 May		Left shoulder, sev.
Ingram, Henry	Wag.	F		18 July	16 Aug.		Left forearm.
Johnston, Geo. C.	.	A					Arm, sev.
Johnston, Geo. C.	.	A		18 July	13 May		Throat, sev.
James, Thomas H. B.	.	B					Left heel, slty.
James, Thomas H. B.	.	B			16 May		Groin.
James, Thomas H. B.	.	B				22 Feb.	Ear, slty., skirmish line.
Johnson, Wm. H.	.	B			18 May		Hand, sev.
Jordan, Samuel	.	B			13 May		Face, slty.
Jackson, Thomas M.	Capt.	B		18 July			Arm, slty.
Jones, Geo. L.	.	E	16 June				Right finger, slty.
Jones, Geo. L.	.	E			13 May		
Johnson, Emerson L.	.	E			16 Aug.		
Jarvis, Rupert	.	E			13 May		Left knee, sev., lost right leg.
Jennings, Amos E.	.	F			16 Aug.		Hand, and cap.
Jellicson, Daniel, Jr.	.	H	21 Aug.				Pineckney Id. (died).
Jones, Harry	.	H			16 Aug.		

WOUNDED — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	CO.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
McEwen, James	A			16 May		Ankle, slty., contusion.
McEwen, James	A			16 June		Sev. (Fla.)
Mears, John	A		8 Jan.			Right arm, sev.
Mears, John	A			13 May		Abdomen.
Martin, Joseph	A					Ankle, sev. (d. of wds.)
McKinon, Dan'l B.	A		28 Aug.	13 May		Leg, slty.
Martin, Augustus	A	16 June				(Died of wds.)
Marston, Wm. S.	B	16 June				Hip, finally, captured, died.
Merrill, Wm. H.	B		18 July			Hip, slty., Wagner.
McGuire, James	B					Leg.
McClemons, John	Corp.	C	16 June			15 Jan.	Arm, sev., amp.
Marshall, Dustin	1st Sergt.	C		26 Aug.			Head, in trenches.
Mahoney, Patrick	C			13 May		Face, slty.
Mahoney, Patrick	C			13 May		Left ankle, sev.
Morrison, James	C			13 May		Back, slty., musket ball.
Munson, James	C			13 May		Face, slty.
Morris, David	C			16 June		Sev.
Maxwell, Wm. H. . . .	Capt.	D					Slty.
McGrofy, Hugh	D	16 June		16 May		Elbow, shell (captured).
McGrofy, Hugh	D			16 Aug.		Arm, slty.
McGrofy, Hugh	D		13 July			Foot, sev., front of Wagner.
McGrofy, Hugh	D					(And captured.)
Moore, Joseph F.	D			16 June		Arm, gun shot.
McDonald, Donald	D			13 May		Slty.
McDavid, Henry	D			16 June		Slty.
McCoy, James E. . . .	1st Sergt.	F			27 Oct.		
McCoy, James E. . . .	2d Lt.	F					
McDaniel, Sam'l	E	16 June				Right thumb, amp.
McDaniel, Sam'l	E			15 May		Left knee, sev.
Martin, James	E			13 May		Right leg, slty., musket ball.
Miller, James	E					

Milliken, A. H.	2d Lt.	F	16 June	18 July	Head, mort.
Marsh, Henry A.		F			Shty.
Mygatt, Revingsstone H.		F	13 May		Right finger, shty.
McCabe, James		F	13 May		Both thighs, dang.
Miller, Geo. W.		F	16 June		Left arm, amp.
Morgan, Chas. W.		F	13 May		Head, shty., contusion.
Marcelle, Frank		F	18 May		Hand, shty.
Moore, Horatio C.		F	18 May		Shoulder, shty.
Moore, Horatio C.	Sergt.	F	25 Aug.		Right cheek (d. of wds.)
McOnihce, Lewis A.		F	18 July		Left foot, sev., amp.
McCrillis, J.	Corp.	G			Thigh and arm, sev., Wagner.
Morse, John W.	Mus.	G	22 Oct.		Hand.
Morse, John W.	Mus.	G			Left hand, sev.
Miles, Thomas		G	16 June		Leg, sev.
McClaffey, Wm. J.	Mus.	G			Right arm, nr. elbow, sev., Deep Run.
Montion, Albion		G			Foot, shty.
Morgan, Chas.		H	21 Aug.		Leg, amp. (d. of wds.)
Matthews, Wm. J.		H			Finger, amp.
McDuffie, Leroy		H		15 Jan.	Head (accident), Wil., N.C.
Martin, Samuel		I		2 May	Hand, shty., Wagner.
Mansfield, Patrick		I			Head, dang.
Mansfield, Patrick		I			
McLeod, Daniel		I			Sev. (d. of wds.)
Morse, Hiram		I			Mort.
Morrill, Frank L.	1st Lt.	I	16 June		Shoulder, ball, thro' body (d. of wds.)
Nichols, Fred A.		F	16 May		Left arm.
Nichols, Wm. H. H.		H			
Noyes, Wm.		H	16 May		
Noyes, Wm.		H	16 Aug.		
Nixon, Robert		I	13 May		Right thigh, shty. (accident).
Nixon, Robert		I	16 June		Finger, shty.
Nash, John J.		I	19 June		Head, on picket.
Newton, D. W.		K	May		
O'Connell, Timothy M.		C		18 July	Hand, shty.

WOUNDED — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	CO.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
O'Connell, Timothy M.		C			13 May		Left arm, slty.
O'Connell, Robert		C			13 May		Abdomen, sev.
O'Brien, Terrence	Corp.	C	16 June				Left arm, gun shot.
Ornsteddorf, John		D			13 May		Left leg, slty.
O'Brien, Michael		D			1 Oct.		Near Richmond (d. of wds.)
Odiorne, Geo. W.		D			13 May		Knee, shell, slty.
Otis, Francis L.		I	11 June	18 July			Head, dang., said to be first man wd.
Otis, Francis L.		I			16 Aug.		
Otis, Francis L.		I		18 July			
Pelkey, Peter		C		26 Aug.			Finger, ampu., Wagner.
Potter, J.		C					Slty., cont.
Peacock, John		C			16 Aug.		
Prince, Jerome		D			16 May		Left leg, sev.
Perkins, John W.		D			18 May		Thumb, slty.
Pettingill, Andrew J.		E		18 July		4 April	Accident (d. of wds. 21 April 65, Wtl.)
Philbrick, J. W.		E					Thigh, slty., ball grazed side, Wagner.
Philbrick, J. W.		E			15 May		Right finger, slty.
Pettingill, David		E				11 Feb.	
Prew, Chas.		E		25 Aug.			Right hand, slty.
Pierce, Hiram		F		10 July			Head, trenches, with piece shell.
Philbrook, Chas. W.		F			15 May		Breast, sev., charge.
Teabody, Ezra B.		F	16 June				Left arm, ampu.
Price, Thomas		F			16 Aug.		Hip, bullet.
Phelps, Geo. M.		G		10 July			Leg.
Phelps, Geo. M.		G			16 May		Mort., cap. and died.
Paradise, Abram.		G	16 June				Right lung (d. of wds.)
Pilbro, White		G		10 July			Groin, sev., Wagner.
Pilbro, White		G			2 June		Breast, sev. (d. of wds.)
Parkhurst, Geo. W.		H	16 June				
	Corp.						

Parkhurst, Geo. W.	H	16 June	16 Aug.	Right groin, slty.
Paige, David A.	H	Aug.	13 May	Right foot, slty.
Paige, David A.	H	18 July	16 Aug.	Left shoulder, slty.
Pelkey, David H.	I			Arm, slty.
Pelkey, David H.	I	16 June		Leg, sev., cap. (d. of wds.)
Pearl, Abram	I	16 June		Sev.
Plummer, Jerry L.	I	18 July	2 June	Knee, slty., Wagner.
Place, John	K			Right arm, sev.
Place, John K.	K			Slty.
Quinlan, James	C	18 July	13 May	Slty., contusion.
Reynolds, Edward	A		13 May	Leg, shell.
Reynolds, Henry A.	B		13 May	Left side, sev.
Reynolds, Henry A.	B		16 May	Breast, slty.
Ridden, Thomas	D		15 May	Left leg, slty. (regt. hosp.)
Robinson, Thomas	E	10 July		Right forefinger.
Robinson, Dana D.	E			Finger, right hand, charge.
Rattray, Thomas	E			Right leg (accident).
Ryan, James	E	7 Jan.	15 Jan.	Thigh, frag. of shell, Ft. Fisher.
Ryan, James	E	26 Aug.		Hip, pc. shell in old wd., trenches.
Robinson, Rody	E		16 Aug.	Arm, slty., contusion.
Robinson, Rody	E		16 May	Face, sev.
Robinson, Rody	E		27 Oct.	Right thumb, amp.
Roberts, Samuel	F		13 May	Left arm, sev.
Ross, Carl	F		13 May	(Died of wds.)
Roberts, Richard	G		7 Oct.	Left thigh (d. of wds.)
Roberts, James	H		13 May	Hip.
Roach, John	H		27 Oct.	Slty.
Robinson, Samuel	I	16 June		Arm, slty., caused paral. elbow-joint.
Rice, Denzil S.	I			Left shoulder.
Rehill, James H.	K	31 Aug.		Lungs (d. of wds.)
Ramsdell, Geo. E.	K	26 Aug.	13 May	Sev., Drewry's Bluff.
Rooney, Edw. T.	K			Head.
Robinson, John	K			
Randlett, James F.	K			
Stokes, John F.	A	18 July		

WOUNDED — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Shaw, G. W.	.	A		12 July			In foot, sev. (accident).
Scott, Wm. P.	.	A		18 July			Sev., and captured.
Seaver, Daniel P.	.	B		10 July			Head, in charge.
Smith, Jacob	.	B	16 June				Back, bullet not extracted.
Scott, Wm.	.	B					Leg, Wagner.
Smith, Peter	.	C		18 July			Hand, slty., Wagner, finger amp.
Smith, Peter	.	C		18 July			
Shedden, Edw.	.	C			16 Aug.		Right arm.
Slattery, Martin	.	C			13 Oct.		
Spellman, Martin	.	C			16 Aug.		
Sprague, Wm.	.	C			16 Aug.		
Sullivan, James	.	C			13 May		
Smith, Chas.	.	C			16 June		Left arm, slty.
Smith, John	.	D			13 May		Left hand, sev.
Shorey, Nathaniel	.	D			16 Aug.		
Swan, A.	.	D			May		
Small, Sam'l E.	.	E			16 June		(Captured.)
Stevens, Tristram B.	.	E	16 June				
Stark, Harrison A.	.	E			16 May		Left shoulder, slty.
Smith, John H.	.	F			13 May		Left side, slty. (d. of wds.)
Stockwell, Albert H.	.	F			18 May		Side, dang.
Smith, Chas. H.	.	F			16 Aug.		Neck.
Sladden, Richard	.	F			18 May		Hand, sev.
Swallow, Wm. A.	.	F					Left arm, sev., trenches.
Smith, John, 2d.	.	F		23 Aug.			
Seagrell, Geo. O.	.	G			13 May		Body, sev., Wagner.
Seagrell, Geo. O.	.	G		18 July			Right leg, slty.
Speed, John C.	.	G			16 Aug.		Hand, sev.
Sherman, Joseph	.	G			16 Aug.		
Smith, Wm., 5th	.	H			14 May		Head, sev. (jaw).

Stevens, Albert H.	II	16 June	16 Aug.	Hip.
Sherman, Chas.	II			(Died of wds.)
Smith, George	II	16 June	7 Oct.	Left foot, sev.
Salles, Wm. N.	I		13 May	Left elbow, slty.
Salles, Wm. N.	I		16 Aug.	Abdomen.
Smith, James	I	16 June		
Smith, Libbeus	I			
Scruton, Clark	K		18 July	Knee, slty., Wagner.
Smith, L.	K		13 May	
Spaulding, Alanson	K		27 Oct.	Right shoulder, sev., bullet.
Stead, James W.	K		18 May	(Died of wds.)
Scruton, Darius K.	K		May	(Died of wds.)
Stokes, Ruf.	K		18 May	Slty.
Sheridan, Francis	K			Slty. (torpedo).
Tibbatts, C. P.	A		May	Drewry's Bluff.
Tibbatts, C. P.	A		28 Oct.	(Died of wds.)
Tompkins, Eli	B			Ankle, slty., grape shot.
Tucker, John A.	D	16 June		Mort. (d. of wds.)
Tredick, John H.			16 June	Sev., New Market Heights.
Townsend, Edw.	G		21 Sept.	Foot.
Townsend, Edw.	G		29 Oct.	Left arm, slty.
Tyler, Wm. H. H.	G		16 May	Slty.
Tyler, Wm. H. H.	G		2 June	Shoulder, sev.
Trickey, Wm. H.			3 Sept.	Left breast, contusion.
Trickey, Wm. H.			27 Oct.	Finger, accidental.
Trickey, Wm. H.				Leg, accidental.
Trotter, Grant	G	16 June		James Island.
Thurber, Freeman N.	H	16 June		Sev.
Turner, Geo. A.	H	16 June		Left side, slty.
Todd, Wm.	H		16 Aug.	Left leg.
Tibbatts, Isaac	K			Arm, sev., Wagner (since died).
Thompson, Thomas	K		18 July	
Verville, Joseph	C		18 May	Finger, slty.
Vansan, Charles	D		13 May	Right thigh, sev.
Varney, James	G		16 Aug.	Arm, sev.

19 Jan.
4 April

WOUNDED — (Concluded).

NAME.	RANK.	CO.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Van Munster, Albert . . .	Corp.	G			13 May		And captured.
White, Leander . . .	A	A			13 May		Neck and left shoulder, sev.
White, James E. . . .	A	A			13 May		(Died of wds.)
Whitmore, Norman F. . .	B	A		10 July			Hand, sev. and lost eye (d. of wds.)
Walton, Wm. H. . . .	B	B			18 June		On picket, leg amp.
Wiggin, Dan'l H. . . .	B	B			13 May		Left heel, slty.
Weymouth, Converse L. .	B	B			13 May		Face, sev.
Weymouth, Chas. H. . .	B	B				11 Feb.	Left leg amp. (d. of wds.)
Woodburn, Geo. A. . . .	C	C	16 June				
Whittaker, Sam'l . . .	C	C	16 June				
Wilson, Joseph	D	D	16 June				
Wiggin, Leonard G. . . .	Corp.	D			16 May		Slty.
Wadlia, Andrew J. . . .	Capt.	E			16 Aug.		Right breast, sev. (d. of wds.)
Westcott, Chas. H. . . .	E	E		18 July			Leg, sev.
Westcott, Chas. H. . . .	E	E			14 May		Right thumb, slty., Wagner.
Westcott, Albert C. . . .	E	E			16 May		Right finger, amp.
Wood, Francis N. . . .	E	E			13 May		Right shoulder, sev.
Weeks, Andrew M. . . .	E	E		18 July			Right arm, slty.
Weeks, Andrew M. . . .	E	E			2 June		Finger, slty., Wagner.
Wallace, Chas. B. . . .	E	E			16 May		Right leg, amp. (d. of wds.)
Watson, Warren J. . . .	E	E			16 Aug.		Left finger, amp.
Wadsworth, David, Jr. .	Capt.	F			16 May		Left shoulder (d. of wds.)
Welch, Wm. H. . . .	F	F			13 May		Slty.
Wynnan, Geo. L. . . .	F	F			13 May		Slty.
Wiggin, Chas. . . .	G	G	16 June				Arm (d. of wds).
Wilson, Wm. . . .	G	G	16 June				Slty.
Whalen, John	Corp.	G			13 May		Right thigh, slty.
Woods, Patrick		H					
Whitmore, Peter		H	16 June				
Williams, Thomas		H			16 Aug.		
					13 May		

White, Moses E.	.	.	.	18 July		Body, sev. (died of wds.)
White, Almon B.	.	.	.	13 May		Right arm, sev., shoulder (d. of wds.)
Williams, Thomas	.	.	.	13 May		Right leg, sily.
Wilham, Amos R.	.	.	.	13 May		Right side, sev.
Weeks, Wm. L.	.	.	.	13 May		Sev., during charge.
Weyman, Emery R.	.	.	.	10 July		Mort. (d. of wds.)
Warren, Fred. A.	.	.	.	16 June		Sily.
Watson, Oliver	.	.	.	16 Aug.		Left side, sev., bullet.
Way, George	.	.	.	16 May		
Way, George	.	.	.	16 Aug.		
Warsholsky, Joseph	.	.	.	May		
Wentworth, W. W.	.	.	.	May		
Wing, John L.	.	.	.	10 May		Finger, sily., accidental.
Wilson, John, 1st	.	.	.	10 May		Hand, accidental, near Ber. Hundred.
White, Charles A.	.	.	.	16 Aug.		Body and arm, sev.
Woodbury, Roger W.	.	.	.	30 July		Right thigh, contusion.
Youngman, Geo. F.	.	.	.	16 May		Leg, sily., during charge.
Youngman, Geo. F.	.	.	.			Head.
York, Albert	.	.	.	10 July		Right hand, accidental.
Yelden, John	.	.	.	16 June	15 Jan. 6 April	(Died of wds.)

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Adams, Ira J.	.	.	.	2 July		Fort Monroe (wd. 13 May).
Alexander, Dan'l F.	.	.	.	16 May		Drewry's Bluff.
Allen, Joseph H.	.	.	.	15 May		Drewry's Bluff (wd. 14 May).
Armstrong, John A.	.	.	.	16 May		Drewry's Bluff (wd. 13th).
Barton, Henry	.	.	.	18 Aug.		Deep Run, Va.
Bire, Jacob	.	.	.	13 July		Andersonville, Ga.
Blaisdell, Jos. P.	.	.	.	25 May		Point Lookout, Md.
Benson, Geo. W.	.	.	.	18 July		Point Lookout.
Bancho, Wm.	.	.	.	5 July		Philadelphia.

DIED OF WOUNDS — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Brooks, John . . .	Corp.	H			17 June		New York.
Barrows, Benj. F. . .		I	15 July		7 June		Richmond.
Ball, Joseph H. . .		K			29 Nov.		Salisbury, N.C.
Chesley, Joseph . . .		G			22 May		Point Lookout (wd. 13 May).
Culhatt, Emile . . .		I			15 Dec.		Salisbury, N. C.
Carter, Wm. H. . .		A			18 May		Wounded 13 May.
Cooney, Stephen . . .		C					Jews' Hospital (in hands of enemy).
Chase, Valentine M. . .		E	24 July				Charleston (in hands of enemy).
Carr, Geo. D. . .		E	28 June	30 Aug.	20 May		M. I., wd. 26 Aug.
Chick, John B. . .	Corp.	G				8 July	White Hall, Penn.
Cassidy, James . . .		K			22 May		Hampton, Va. (wds. rec'd 13 May).
Crooke, Sam'l . . .		C			30 Aug.	28 Jan.	Gen'l Hosp., Ft. Monroe (wd. 15 Jan.)
Davis, Oliver O. . .		B					
Duncan, John B. . .		B			25 June	4 Feb.	Salisbury Prison, N.C.
Dane, Jos. W. . .		I			5 June	12 Feb.	Hampton, Va.
Dane, Albert G. . .		A					Federal Point.
Emess, John F. . .		F					Hampton, Va.
Everett, Franklin . . .		F					(See Accidents.)
Eastman, Clark . . .		G				20 Feb.	Beaufort, S. C.
Fulton, Chas. C. . .		F		28 Sept.			Hampton, Va.
Foley, Stephen . . .		C			21 May		Hilton Head.
Fitzgerald, John J. . .		K	2 July		22 Sept.		General Hospital, Fort Monroe.
Goodwin, John W. . .		A			25 Aug.		Wounded and cap. 16 June 62.
Gillis, John H. . .		B			31 May		Annap., wd. 16 Aug., Flussett's Mills.
George, Albert Q. . .		H	(Date and place unk.)				Point Lookout (wd. 13 May).
Gilbert, D. W. . .		I					M. I. (Stmr. <i>Casimopolitan</i>), wd. 12th.
Hilton, Peter . . .		A			18 June		Point of Rocks (wd. 16th).
Howard, Melville C. . .		B			12 Dec.		Salisbury, N.C. (wd. 16 Aug.)
Hall, Harris C. . .		B	17 July				
Healey, Timothy . . .		C					

F	Hodgdon, Enos F.	17 June	14 June	Bermuda Hundred.
I	Holmes, Robert R.	29 May		Point Lookout (wd. 13 May).
H	Jefferson, Dan'l, Jr.			Hardeeville, S.C. (in hands of enemy).
H	Jones, Harry			Smithville, N.C.
	Lt.			Hampton, Va.
D	Lamprey, Simon N.	17 Aug.		Point Lookout.
D	Layn, David T.	3 Aug.		Philadelphia.
H	Long, Perry			Hilton Head.
	Lawrence, Walter A.	13 July		Hampton, Va.
B	Morrill, Frank L.			Leg aux., H.H. (wd. James Island).
A	Marshall, Nat'l	16 July		Point Lookout (wd. 13 May).
B	McKinnon, Dan'l B.			Charleston, S. C.
D	Merrill, Wm. H.	16 Aug.		Salisbury, N.C., cap. 16 June.
F	McDonald, Donald			On start, <i>en route</i> to H.H. (wd. Jas. Id.)
G	Moore, Horatio C.	26 Sept.		N. Y. Hospital.
H	Moulton, Albion			Puckney Island.
I	Morse, Hiram		7 July	Hilton Head.
K	Morse, Wm. S.			Goldsborough, N. C.
F	Nichols, Fred A.	17 June		Bermuda Hundred.
D	O'Brien, Michael	30 Oct.		Jones' Landing, Va.
G	Pilbro, White		19 May	Hospital.
D	Perkins, John W.		21 April	Wilmington, N.C.
G	Paradise, Abram			Hilton Head.
G	Phelps, Geo. M.	23 Oct.		Millen, Ga. (cap. 16 May).
I	Pearl, Abram			Charleston, S.C.
H	Roach, John	7 Oct.		<i>En route</i> to Point of Rocks.
K	Robinson, John	22 Sept.		M. I.
I	Robinson, Samuel	21 June		Fort Monroe (probably).
C	Smith, Peter	30 Aug.		Fort Monroe.
F	Smith, John H.	3 July		U.S. Hospital, Hampton.
H	Smith, George	29 Oct.		Fort Monroe.
K	Stead, Jas. W.	14 July		General Hospital, Fort Monroe.
K	Seruton, Darius K.			New Hampshire.
B	Tompkins, Eli	31 Oct.		Base Hospital.
K	Tibbatts, Isaac	16 Sept.		Fort Schuyler, N.Y.
	Lt.	6 July		Hampton, Va.

DIED OF WOUNDS — (Concluded).

NAME.	RANK.	CO.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Vincent, Rupert		H			5 Dec.		Salisbury, N.C.
White, James E. . . .		A			16 Aug.		Gen'l Hosp., Ft. Monroe (wd. 13 May).
Walton, Wm. H. . . .		B			18 July		Leg amp. above knee, Gen'l Hosp.
Weymouth, Chas. H. . . .		B				20 April	Baltimore, Jarvis Gen'l Hosp.
Wiggin, Leonard G. . . .		D			31 May		Bermuda Hundred.
Weeks, Andrew M. . . .		E			21 Aug.		Hampton General Hospital.
Watson, Warren J. . . .		E			14 Sept.		Balfour G. H., Portsmouth, Va.
Wiggin, Chas. . . .		G	10 July				New York (wd. 16 June 62).
Wyman, Emory R. . . .		I			16 May		Place unk.
White, Almon B. . . .		I			26 June		Philadelphia.
White, Moses E. . . .		I		22 Aug.			Fort Schuyler, N. Y.
Yelden, John		L	16 June				Charleston.

KILLED IN ACTION.

Allen, Wm.		D			13 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Arlin, Emri		D			13 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Abbott, Geo. H.		E			13 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Adams, Geo. W.		II	21 Aug.				Pinekey Island, S.C.
Ayer, Henry H.	Capt.	II			16 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Brown, Wm. H.		A		18 July			Fort Wagner.
Barrett, John		C		10 July			Morris Island, S.C.
Booth, John		C	16 June				James Island, S.C.
Berry, Lorenzo W.		F		26 Aug.	13 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Burnham, Geo. W.	Sergt.	H			18 May		M. I., by shell, while on duty at front.
Briggs, America		II					Bermuda Hundred, Va.

Baker, Wm.	.	.	.	.	.	.	K	27 Oct.	Charles City Road, Va.
Button, Eugene, Jr.	.	.	.	.	.	.	C	16 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Crosbie, John	.	.	.	.	.	.	C	10 July	Morris Island, S.C., wd. head.
Cumplell, John	.	.	.	.	.	.	C	27 Oct.	Laurel Hill, Va.
Conner, Barney	.	.	.	.	.	.	D	27 Oct.	Charles City Road, Va.
Claymanns, Chas.	.	.	.	.	.	.	F	14 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Codrey, Thomas	.	.	.	.	.	.	H	13 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Carr, Thomas M.	.	.	.	.	.	.	K	27 Oct.	Charles City Road, Va.
Conway, Thos.	.	.	.	.	.	.	K	16 June	James Island, S.C.
Chamberlain, D. J.	.	.	.	.	.	.	K	13 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Cumplell, Nat'l J.	.	.	.	.	.	.	K	13 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Caban, Wm.	.	.	.	.	.	.	B	16 June	James Island, S.C., shot through lungs.
Carlton, Ralph	.	.	.	.	.	.	I	16 June	James Island, S.C.
Daniels, David R.	.	.	.	.	.	.	A	18 July	Fort Wagner.
Dinean, Theron	.	.	.	.	.	.	B	13 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va., shot thro' head.
Dobbell, John	.	.	.	.	.	.	E	16 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Dearborn, Stephen	.	.	.	.	.	.	H	16 June	James Island, S.C.
Downs, Nat'l	.	.	.	.	.	.	H	21 Aug.	Pinckney Island, S.C.
Downs, Stephen F.	.	.	.	.	.	.	K	15 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Emery, Chas. O.	.	.	.	.	.	.	A	13 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Engleston, Hugh	.	.	.	.	.	.	B	13 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Easton, George	.	.	.	.	.	.	E	13 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Eastman, Lucien	.	.	.	.	.	.	G	2 June	Bermuda Hundred, Va.
Ela, Richard	.	.	.	.	.	.	E	13 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Farley, Daniel	.	.	.	.	.	.	C	16 June	Weir Bottom Church, Va.
Fair, James	.	.	.	.	.	.	D	16 June	James Island, S.C.
Fontaine, Lewis	.	.	.	.	.	.	E	16 June	Weir Bottom Church, Va.
Farnsworth, Chas. H.	.	.	.	.	.	.	F	10 July	Morris Island, S.C., wd. head.
Ford, John N.	.	.	.	.	.	.	H	27 Oct.	Charles City Road, Va.
Frye, Augustus	.	.	.	.	.	.	K	16 Aug.	Deep Run, Va.
Gilbert, John	.	.	.	.	.	.	F	16 Aug.	Deep Run, Va.
Gay, Geo. H.	.	.	.	.	.	.	F	16 Aug.	Deep Run, Va.
Glidden, Lowell	.	.	.	.	.	.	G	16 Aug.	Deep Run, Va.
Gates, Edward	.	.	.	.	.	.	H	16 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Gildars, Martin	.	.	.	.	.	.	K	11 Feb.	Near Wil., N.C., Sugar Loaf Battery.
Heath, Tyler	.	.	.	.	.	.	E	15 May	Drewry's Bluff, Va.

KILLED IN ACTION — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Hoxie, Benj.	.	E					Olustee, Fla. (on final roll, 20 July 65).
Handley, Geo. W.	.	F			20 Feb.		Bermuda Hundred, Va.
Hennessey, Morris	.	H			18 May		Deep Run, Va.
Hoyt, Henry	.	I			16 Aug.	15 Jan.	Fort Fisher, N.C.
Ingerson, James	.	I		13 July			M.I., by shell, in trenches, wd. bowels.
Irvine, John	.	K					Deep Run, Va.
Johnson, Harrison E.	.	D			16 Aug.		Bermuda Hundred, Va.
Jones, Geo. L.	.	E			16 June		Near Petersburg, Va., on skirmish line.
Jordon, Wm.	.	I			9 June		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Kendall, Walter B.	.	F			13 May		Weir Bottom Church, Va.
Killam, Alonzo	.	H			16 June		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Lee, Geo. W.	.	A			16 May		Deep Run, Va.
Lawrence, Geo. H.	.	A		25 July			Morris Island, by shell, wd. head.
Lilbry, Alvan H.	.	.		18 July			Charge on Fort Wagner.
Little, Sam'l H.	.	A			13 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Locke, James J.	.	B		10 July			Morris Island, S.C., breast.
Langdon, Thomas	.	D			13 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Littlefield, Wm. W.	.	G			16 Aug.		Deep Run, Va.
Leonard, Elias	.	F			16 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
La Mudge, Alex.	.	H		26 Aug.			Morris Island, by shell.
Lewis, Freeman A.	.	I	16 June				James Island, S.C.
Legacy, Tennans	.	E			16 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Moore, Sam'l E.	.	B			13 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Mayers, James	.	C	16 June				James Island, S.C.
Marks, Sardine	.	D			13 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Ormston, Joseph J.	.	A			13 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Penuo, Joseph	.	C	16 June				James Island, S.C.
Perkins, George	.	D			16 Aug.		Deep Run, Va.
Perkins, David W.	.	D			13 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.
Palmer, Joseph E.	.	D			15 May		Drewry's Bluff, Va.

DIED OF DISEASE.

NAME.	RANK.	CO.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Atmore, Geo. W.	1st Lt.	G				22 Sept.	23 May	Andersonville, Grave 9518.
Bryant, John S.		A		19 Oct.				Wilmington, malarial fever.
Bridgman, Geo. W.		A				20 Feb.		Hilton Head, diarrhoea.
Bean, Geo. W. M.		A				20 Dec.	10 Mar.	Gulfport, N.H.
Brown, Henry		A						Salisbury, N.C.
Bowman, Eli E.		B			24 Jan.			<i>En route</i> to Annapolis.
Buckminster, Henry M.		C						Hilton Head, diptheria, Jan. 25.
Burke, Thomas		E		14 Nov.		20 June		De Camp Hospital, David's Id., N.Y.
Brown, Jeremiah		E				30 Sept.		Hilton Head, dropsy.
Burrows, James		E						Fort Monroe G.H., typhoid fever.
Bartlett, Stephen H.		F		18 Feb.			18 July	Hilton Head, typhoid fever.
Beldean, Lewis		G		8 Sept.				Goldsborough, typhoid fever.
Brown, Chas. H.		G				5 Sept.		Hilton Head, typhoid fever.
Baker, Daniel W.		G				22 May		Andersonville, Grave 7857.
Blake, Granville		H					4 April	Hampton, Va.
Brooks, Plummer		H					23 Mar.	Wilmington.
Baziniet, George		H						Annapolis.
Bartells, Jacob		H						Hilton Head, congestive fever.
Butler, John		I	11 Nov.			26 Aug.		Philadelphia U.S. Gen'l Hosp.
Burham, John E.		K		25 Sept.				M.I., heart disease (buried next day).
Beers, Elbridge G.		K		28 July				Beaufort, S.C.
Burbank, Euoch		K		17 Aug.				Hilton Head.
Bradley, Wm.		Un.		6 Sept.		21 Sept.		Fort Monroe.
Burrell, Fred. G.								On passage, bar. Moorehead City, N.C.
Bazzell, Andrew J. II.	Dr.						27 Mar.	Wilmington.
Constantine, Geo. W.		A					27 Jan.	Salisbury Prison.
Colby, Daniel F.		A		11 Feb.				Hilton Head.
Copp, Harrison J.		A		27 April				Edisto Island, S.C., remittent fever.
Chapman, George		A				29 Nov.		Salisbury, pneumonia.
Cosgrove, Wm. J.		C				28 Aug.		10th A. C. Hosp., near Petersburg.

Coburn, Horace W.	Mus.				27 Jan.	Pt. of Rocks Base Hosp., chr. diar.
Clifford, Chas.	D					Beaufort, S.C.
Chick, Fenno	G				18 Oct.	Fort Schuyler, N.Y.
Clement, John H.	G					Hilton Head, epilepsy.
Campbell, A. J.	H				24 Oct.	Hilton Head, typhoid fever.
Campbell, James	H	3 Dec.	7 Sept.		11 Sept.	Point of Rocks.
Chapman, James	H					Fort Monroe.
Clement, Lucius H.	I				4 July	Goldsbrough.
Davis, Chas. O. R.	A				30 June	St. Helena Id., typh. fever, fun. 1 July.
Davenport, Nathan	B		7 Oct.			Hilton Head, congestive fever.
Dodge, David E. M.	B		15 Dec.			Hilton Head, Reg't Hosp., typh. fev.
Dudley, John	C		21 Sept.			Hilton Head, dysentery.
Dow, Jonathan N.	D		20 Feb.			Hilton Head, typhoid fever.
Davis, Wm. Y.	I		25 Aug.			Hilton Head.
Ela, Joseph	C				18 July	Fort Monroe.
Edwards, Jas. W.	G				30 Oct.	Fort Monroe.
Evellett, Henry	K				16 Dec.	Salisbury, diarrhoea.
Feeu, Garrett	A				1 June	Richmond.
Fountain, Edward	A				30 Nov.	Salisbury, N.C.
Flanders, John K.	B					On barque <i>Humboldt</i> , off M.L., typh. fev.
Finley, Theodore F.	B				29 Aug.	Hilton Head, typhoid fever.
Fogg, Chas.	G		29 Oct.			Hilton Head.
French, Loveland W.	Un.		6 Dec.			Concord, poison.
Grannis, David H.	A				13 Jan.	Hilton Head, diphtheria.
George, Alden G.	A				26 Oct.	Andersonville.
Garrity, Edward	C					North Edisto.
Gates, Warren G.	D		24 June			Morris Island, 3 A.M., fun. P.M.
Gibson, Geo. W.	D				20 Nov.	Florence, S.C.
Graw, John D.	F					Wilmington, typhoid fever.
Housenman, John	A				Jan.	Hilton Head, congestive fever.
Hall, Horace J.	B				20 Mar.	Hilton Head, typh. fever (prob. G.H.)
Hall, Chas.	C		6 Jan.			Folly Island, apoplexy, buried at noon.
Hobbs, John F.	D		19 July			Wilmington.
Hadley, Abel	E		10 April		15 Mar.	Morris Island, at night, typh. fev.
Hix, Wm.	E		16 Sept.			McClellan Hosp., Hampton, Va., pneu.
Halligan, Luke	E				2 May	In hds. of en. bet. 18 July and 8 Aug. 63.

DIED OF DISEASE — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Hubbard, Stephen	.	F	9 Dec.				26 June	Goldsborough, diarrhoea.
Hazeltine, John L.	.	G				4 Dec.		Hilton Head, cong. fever, Regt'l Hosp.
Heck, Joseph	.	G						Salisbury, apoplexy.
Halladay, Franklin	.	H		30 Sept.				Hilton Head Hospital, typhoid fever.
Harris, Chas. E.	.	H				30 Nov.		Boston, Mass.
Hammond, Lorenzo D.	.	I	29 Jan.					Hilton Head, congestive fever.
Huckius, Azariah W.	.	K	19 Aug.					Hilton Head.
Hubbard, Stephen	.	K	8 July					Hilton Head, typhoid fever.
Jennings, Amos E.	.	F				10 Oct.		Camp Parole, U.S.G.H., intermitt. fev.
Jordan, Lewis B.	.	K	6 Dec.		20 Aug.			Hilton Head, congestive fever.
Kaye, Booth	.	B		8 July				Morris Island, typhoid fever.
Kimball, Daniel	.	D		26 Mar.				Beaufort, S.C.
Knowlton, Warren	.	D				24 Sept.		Hilton Head.
Kemp, Oscar	.	E						Hawkes (i. H.), Phila., pneumonia.
Kimball, John B.	.	F		10 Nov.				Hilton Head, typhoid fever.
Kimball, Wm. F.	.	G		15 Nov.				Hilton Head, intermittent fever.
Kelsea, James H.	.	H			21 July			Hilton Head, typhoid fever.
King, Marshall H.	.	I		9 Nov.				Hilton Head, diphtheria.
Kopp, Charles	.	Un.					26 Feb.	Concord.
Leavitt, Wm. R.	.	B		18 Feb.				Hilton Head, congestive fever.
Ladd, Josiah A.	.	G		23 Aug.				Hilton Head.
Lall, Fernand G	.	G				31 May		Gen'l Hosp., Point Lookout, epilepsy.
Lang, Wm. W.	.	I			9 Dec.			Libby Prison, Richmond, chronic diar.
Leonard, Wilbur W.	.	K		1 May				Washington, D.C.
McIntire, John	.	C				14 Nov.		Manchester, N.H., chronic diarrhoea.
Merrill, Josiah B.	.	F		24 Oct.				Hilton Head, congestive fever.
McKinley, Wm.	.	F					6 June	Wilmington, typhoid fever.
Meards, Jas. W.	.	F					12 Jan.	Salisbury Prison, diarrhoea.
Neal, Ransom N.	.	A		30 Oct.				Hilton Head, diphtheria.
Niles, Amasa	.	G	9 Nov.					Starr, Atlantic, off S.C., cong. fever.

Ornstindorf, John	D				15 Aug.	Andersonville, Grave 5721.
Osgood, Abner W.	E			10 Oct.		Beaufort, S.C.
O'Neill, James	H				11 April	Manchester, when on furlough.
Prescott, Joseph E.	B				29 Oct.	Portsmouth Grove G.H., R.I., ch. diar.
Palmer, Robert F.	E			4 Jan.		Hilton Head, congestive fever.
Patch, John	F				19 Aug.	Andersonville, desenteria, Grave 6185.
Peavy, Joseph A.	G					Hilton Head.
Phummer, Jerry L.	I	29 Nov.			7 Jan.	General Hospital, N.Y.
Priest, Alanson	I					Wilmingon Hosp.
Prescott, Jas. P.	K				11 Mar.	Hilton Head, diarrhoea.
Palmer, Joseph L.	K					Beaufort, S.C.
Quinby, Daniel M.	E					Hilton Head, Hospital.
Rich, Thomas L.	A				17 Sept.	Hilton Head, S.C.
Roby, Walter S.	E					Hilton Head, Gen'l Hosp.
Simonds, James P.	A				7 Feb.	Baltimore, Md.
Swett, John S.	B					Hilton Head, Hosp., congestive fever.
Stevens, Wm. H.	B					Morris Island, Gen'l Hosp., typh. fever.
Shedden, James	C				14 Oct.	Hilton Head, Hospital.
Smith, James	C					Hilton Head, typhoid fever.
Sawyer, Geo. E. H.	D					Hilton Head, Hospital.
Swallow, Geo. E.	F					Hilton Head, chronic diarrhoea.
Sager, Zeri S.	F	22 Nov.				Hilton Head, congestive fever, 1.30 A.M.
Shea, Patrick	F				17 Sept.	Hilton Head, congestive fever.
Smith, John, 2d	F				13 Sept.	Andersonville, scorbutus, Grave 8980.
Smith, Chas.	F				21 Nov.	Andersonville, diarrhoea, Grave 8629.
Scott, Ard.	F					Andersonville, intermittent fever.
Sanhorn, Asa F.	I	27 Nov.				I.I., on beat, post guard, cong. fever.
Thompson, John H.	I					Hilton Head.
Whipple, David H.	A					Beaufort, S.C.
Weeks, Jeremiah S.	B				4 Sept.	Hilton Head, ulceration of bowels.
Wolfe, John D.	F					Andersonville, diarrhoea, Grave 7834.
Wentworth, Fred. A.	G				21 Oct.	Hilton Head, bilious fever.
Williams, Thomas	H					Andersonville.
Wilson, George	H				14 May	Smithville, N.C.
Willard, Parkman D.	I				6 Jan.	Beaufort, S.C.
Willey, Sam'l, Jr.	K					I.I., bur. 10th Jenkins Id. in co. qrs.

DIED OF DISEASE — (Concluded).

NAME.	RANK.	CO.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Wungart, De Lewis	.	G						Andersonville.
York, Alfred	.	E		16 Feb.		26 Oct.		Hilton Head, Reg't Hosp., typh. fever.
Young, Jos. D.	.	I		13 June				Edisto.

DISCHARGED FOR DISABILITY.

Abbott, Horace F.	.	B			19 June			St. Helena, chronic diarrhoea.
Allen, William	.	C		21 Sept.				Hilton Head, palpitation of heart.
Abbott, Leander B.	.	D		22 June				Hilton Head.
Asquith, Daniel	.	E		23 June				James Island.
Allen, George A.	.	F		18 Feb.	9 May			Hilton Head.
Adams, Theophilus B.	.	F						Botany Bay.
Adams, Samuel	.	H		1 June				Edisto.
Akerman, Joseph W.	2d Lt.				28 July			Morris Island.
Allen, Robt. H.	Capt.	C				29 June		Bermuda Hundred.
Burnham, Chas. A.	Surg.	F&S				22 Sept.		Petersburgh, Va.
Baker, Amos D.	Corp.	A			31 Mar.			Hilton Head, paralysis from diphtheria.
Burnham, Chas. S.	1st Lt.				6 Dec.			Morris Island.
Bennett, Wm. L.	Wag.	A			25 Nov.			Morris Island, lameness of knees.
Butterfield, Welbee J.	Capt.				4 Mar.			Hilton Head.
Bautil, Haskell W.	.	A	14 Dec.					H. H., disease (catarrh and insanity).
Batchelder, John	.	A		7 May				Edisto, disease.
Broadbent, John	.	B		4 Dec.				Edisto.
Briggs, Geo. H.	.	C		16 Oct.				Hilton Head, dysentery.
Butler, Wm. B.	.	C			29 Jan.			Hilton Head, phth. pul.
Byrnes, Matthew	Corp.	C		27 Sept.				New York.
Brown, Chas., 2d	.	D		15 Dec.				Hilton Head, chronic diarrhoea.
Bullock, Philip M.	Sergt.	E		23 June				James Island.
Burnham, Matthew F.	.	E			1 Jan.			Hilton Head, phthisis pulmonaris.

Bickford, Noah E.	E	19 Oct.	5 Mar.	Annapolis.
Buss, Joseph	E			Hilton Head, mental imbecility.
Bickford, John W.	F	10 Sept.		Hilton Head, chronic diar. and debil.
Barnard, John P. W.	F	26 July	1 Jan.	Beaufort, S.C., varicose veins and ulc.
Barnard, Wm. W. W.	G			Concord, N.H.
Blanchard, James	G	14 May		Edisto, deafness (see G. C. M. cases).
Bennett, Fred T.	G		28 Mar.	Annapolis, pneumonia.
Blood, Albert	H			Annapolis.
Butterfield, Wm.	H	1 Nov.		Hilton Head.
Bridges, Mitchell	I	18 Feb.		Fort Lookout, wounds.
Brown, Orlando	I			Fort Hamilton, N.Y.
Burns, Chas. M.	K		6 Nov.	Morris Island.
Brown, Albert	K			Ft. Hamilton, N.Y., debility.
Brown, Chas. H.	K	28 Sept.		Hilton Head, varicose veins.
Burham, John J.	K		4 June	Wilmington, wounded.
Boynton, Francis	K			Hilton Head.
Brown, Sam'l F.	Band	3 Apr.	19 June	Morris Id.
Blaisdell, John L.	B			Hilton Head.
Brinard, Chas. F.				Hilton Head.
Cummings, Henry J.	A	27 Sept.	10 Aug.	Edisto.
Cushion, Joel A.	B	16 May		Hilton Head.
Currier, Joseph H.	B	26 May		Hilton Head.
Caban, Samuel	B	3 Sept.		Edisto.
Campbell, F. H.	B		12 June	Hilton Head.
Cadorath, Eugene	C	30 Dec.		Manchester, N.H.
Connelly, Patrick	C		9 May	Annapolis, wounds, not exchanged.
Currier, Julius C.	D			Hilton Head.
Clay, Geo. W.	D	19 Oct.	9 May	Annapolis.
Courstin, Robert	D			Botany Bay.
Crane, Geo. T.	D			Manchester, N.H.
Couings, Jos. T.	D		5 June	Concord, N.H.
Crowley, Dennis	F		26 June	Annapolis, debility.
Colly, Reubah	Wag.	7 May	19 June	Edisto.
Cole, John S.	H			Annapolis, phthisis pulmonaris.
Campbell, John N.	H	17 Oct.	12 Mar.	Hilton Head.
Cassey, John	H		30 May	Readville, Mass.

DISCHARGED FOR DISABILITY — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Colby, Amos C.	.	I			9 May			Botany Bay.
Colony, Jacob.	.	I		15 May				Hilton Head.
Corson, Aaron F.	Corp.	K		20 Nov.				Hilton Head, chr. diar. and phthisis.
Chase, James M.	.	B			14 Mar.		7 July	Hilton Head.
Cornelius, Wm. H.	1st Lt.							Hilton Head.
Dearborn, Chas. A.	Wag.	B		17 May				Hilton Head.
Davis, Henry	.	B		22 Feb.				Washington.
Davis, Milton G.	.	B			9 May			Botany Bay.
Dunn, Francis A.	Sergt.	B		1 Oct.				Concord, N. H.
Duffey, Hugh	Sergt.	C			2 Feb.			Hilton Head, debility.
Dunbar, Jefferson C.	1st Sergt.	D		31 July				Hilton Head.
Dow, Abram	Sergt.	D		3 Nov.				Hilton Head, contusion and sprain bk.
Dow, Alfred N.	.	D		21 June				Hilton Head.
Dow, Geo. W.	.	D		17 Nov.				Hilton Head.
Dudley, Chas. A.	.	D			18 Feb.			Hilton Head, chronic pleurisy.
Doag, Geo. P.	.	D			25 Nov.			Alexandria, Va.
Dolan, Hugh	.	E		7 Sept.				Morris Island.
Doherty, John O.	.	F		15 Sept.				Hilton Head, hernia.
Davis, Nathaniel C.	.	F		10 Nov.				Hilton Head, sent to Insane Hosp.
Dolan, John	.	F			23 Feb.			Hilton Head, hernia.
Doherty, Chas.	.	F						Hilton Head, paralysis of bladder.
Duplez, Edgar	.	F		20 Sept.				Hilton Head.
Douglass, Jerome B.	.	F			10 Oct.			Morris Island, wd. r. arm, amp.
Dow, Newton	Corp.	H		24 Sept.		23 June		De Camp Hospital, N. Y.
Davis, John B.	.	H		1 Nov.				Hilton Head, ptch pal.
Dugan, Jeremiah	.	H		1 Nov.				Annapolis.
Durant, Chas. J.	Sergt.	I		16 Oct.				Annapolis.
Day, George	Mus.	I		25 Sept.				Hilton Head.
Dorr, Samuel E.	.	K	14 Dec.					Hilton Head, bronchitis.
Dearborn, Nathaniel	.	K		3 Nov.				Hilton Head, phynosis.

Durgin, Wm. H.	K	2d Lt.	28 Sept.	4 Sept.	Hilton Head, phth. pul.
Davis, Wm.					Petersburgh.
Evans, Frank	A		10 Oct.	10 Nov.	Hilton Head.
Edgerly, Joseph	D		9 July	20 May	Hilton Head, phthisis.
Eaton, Robert	F		8 Dec.	29 July	Concord, N. H.
Early, John	G		29 June		Beaufort, S. C., herula.
Ellis, Geo. A.	G		31 Oct.		New York.
Edgell, Chas. H.	G	Sergt.	10 May		Hilton Head, chr. diar.
Eastman, Henry B.	H		22 Dec.	6 Nov.	Morris Island.
Emery, Monzo D.	H		28 Sept.	9 May	Washington, D. C.
Fogg, Andrew J.		1st Lt.	28 Sept.	2 July	Botany Bay.
Flanders, Daniel J.		1st Lt.	17 Nov.		St. Helena Id., S. C.
Favor, Fred H.	B		26 May		Concord, N. H.
Farrand, Edw.	B		11 Nov.	25 Mar.	Hilton Head.
Finn, John	C		18 Aug.		Hilton Head, chr. dysentery.
Frizzgerald, David	C		4 Dec.		Hilton Head, wds.
Foster, Robert E.	D		8 May		Hilton Head, wd. accid. 28 June 62.
Fowler, James P.	D		29 July		Hilton Head, dyspepsia.
Foss, John	E		12 Nov.		Concord, N. H.
Farmer, Jos. E.	F	Corp.	1 June		Edisto.
Flanders, Geo. W.	F		27 April		Hilton Head.
Flinn, Bernard	F		29 Oct.		Hilton Head, chr. diar.
French, James	F				Concord, N. H.
Foss, Frank N.	G				Hilton Head, chronic diarrhœa.
French, Asa P.	G				Edisto.
French, Lorenzo D.	G			20 May	Hilton Head.
French, Chas. F.	H				Botany Bay.
Foster, Lewis	H				Hilton Head.
Foster, Wm. H.	H				Edisto.
Felch, Geo. W.	I		14 Dec.		Hilton Head, catarrh.
Frizzell, Wm. H.	K		4 Oct.		Fort Hamilton, N. Y.
Farrar, Daniel	As. Surg.			4 May	Botany Bay.
Gambel, Edwin	G			28 Oct.	Philadelphia.
Gay, Thos. F.	A		27 April		Baltimore, Md., disease.
Gibson, Chas. O.	A		29 Oct.		Hilton Head, palpitation heart.
Green, Walter A.	A		14 Dec.		Hilton Head, disease (phthisis).

DISCHARGED FOR DISABILITY — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
George, Samuel	.	A		4 Dec.			31 May	Manchester, N.H.
Gerah, James	.	B				18 Apr.		Hilton Head, fracture of ankle.
George, Ira P.	.	B						David's Island, N.Y.
Gaining, Patrick	.	C		10 Mar.				Washington, D.C.
Green, John L.	.	D		11 Mar.				Hilton Head.
Gynan, Nicholas	.	D		3 Nov.				Hilton Head, spinal irritation.
Goss, Geo. W.	.	D					20 May	Baltimore, Md.
Gardner, James M.	.	E		8 Dec.				Hilton Head, malaria & palp. of heart.
Goss, Orville	.	E					10 Mar.	Manchester, N.H., Webs. G.H., wds.
Greenwood, Lewis	.	E				31 Mar.		Hilton Head.
Guelow, Daniel	.	F	19 Oct.	24 Oct.				Annapolis, epilepsy.
Grant, James M.	.	G						Hilton Head.
Gove, John	.	G						Concord, N.H.
Gracey, David	.	H	23 Aug.					Edisto.
Goodwin, Wm. H.	.	H		1 June				New York.
Glimes, Freeman F.	.	I		11 Dec.				Hilton Head.
Gerrish, John L.	.	I		21 Sept.				New York.
Gilbert, Daniel W.	.	K			2 Nov.			Hilton Head, chronic diarrhoea.
Hopkins, Henry F.	.	II			19 Jan.			Hilton Head.
Holmes, Andrew J.	.	A		15 Dec.	17 Apr.			Hilton Head.
Hammond, Nathan H.	.	A			9 May			Botany Bay.
Hinds, Simeon D.	.	B		17 May				Hilton Head.
Hebbard, Erskine W.	.	B		28 July				H.H., hernia, injury rec'd March.
Hogan, Patrick	.	D					11 July	Manchester, N.H., wounds.
Horricks, Wm.	.	D						Portsmouth Grove, R.I., disease.
Howe, John M.	.	E		28 July	8 Feb.			Beaufort, S.C., varicose veins.
Hilliard, Roswell M. C.	.	E			9 May			Hilton Head.
Healey, Samuel F.	.	G	18 Oct.					Annapolis.
Hawkins, E. D.	.	G	9 Nov.					Ft. Hamilton, N.Y.
Harvey, Enoch T.	.	II			17 Mar.			Annapolis.

Hardy, Wm. E.	H	17 Oct.	12 Mar.	15 Jan.	Annapolis, chronic bronchitis.
Hyde, Ira D.	H				Hilton Head.
Harris, Geo. C.	H		5 Nov.	17 Mar.	Hilton Head, hernia.
Hunt, Josiah F.	H			2 Mar.	Annapolis.
Harvey, Chas.	I		29 Nov.		Annapolis.
Hassey, Walter S.	I		26 Sept.		Hilton Head, chronic diarrhœa.
Hammond, Elijah H.	I				Hilton Head, chronic diarrhœa.
Hill, Horace J.	I		8 Dec.	8 June	Hilton Head, wds., thumb shot off.
Hoyt, Nathan B.	K	4 Oct.			New York.
Haulon, Joseph	K				Hilton Head, heart disease.
Houston, Harrison	K				Fort Hamilton, N.Y., debility.
Hinckley, Sam'l J.	E		14 April	1 July	Manchester, N.H.
Hill, Alfred J.	F&S				Edisto.
Jackson, John H.	F&S		2 Aug.	24 Feb.	Morris Island.
Jones, Edwin	B				Morris Island.
Jackson, Thomas M.	B			8 Aug.	Hilton Head, varicose veins.
Johnson, Wm. H.	B		18 Oct.		Boston, Mass.
Johnson, Chas. E.	D				Hilton Head, palpitation of heart.
Jones, Elbridge P.	E			13 Dec.	Concord, N.H.
Johnson, Augustus	F	17 Oct.			Annapolis.
Jones, Edwin R.	G		18 Aug.		Hilton Head, hernia.
Kempton, Elisha M.	B			11 Nov.	Morris Island.
Kelly, Isaiah	C	17 Oct.			Fort Hamilton, N.Y.
Kirby, Daniel	C			8 May	Botany Bay.
Kavan, James	C			9 May	Botany Bay.
Knowles, Anasa M.	G		11 Mar.		Hilton Head.
Knowles, Thos. H.	G		6 June		Beaufort, S.C.
Kane, Chas. H.	G	18 Oct.			Annapolis.
Kelly, John	G				Philadelphia.
Knox, Wm. H.	H		20 July	18 July	Pinekey Island.
Kingsbury, Isaac H.	H				Botany Bay.
Knowlton, Wm. H.	H		20 Sept.	20 May	Hilton Head.
Knox, Hosea B.	K	17 Oct.			Fort Hamilton, N.Y.
Knapp, Chas. W.	K			22 May	Winnington, N.C.
Libby, Jonah, Jr.			19 Oct.		
Lynch, Wm.	A			16 June	David's Island, N.Y.

DISCHARGED FOR DISABILITY — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Lear, Geo. A.	.	B		20 Sept.				Hilton Head, recent injury of spine.
Littlefield, Jas. H.	.	D		3 Dec.				Hilton Head.
La Clair, Emery	.	E				31 Dec.		
Lindsey, Nelson B.	Corp.	G		29 July				Beaufort, S.C., palpitation of heart.
Luce, Daniel	.	H		12 Mar.	3 May			Hilton Head.
Lougee, Horatio P.	.	I		15 Dec.				Botany Bay.
Lindsay, Horace M.	.	I		15 Mar.				Hilton Head, malaria.
Locke, John C.	.	I		1 April				Hilton Head.
Littlefield, Israel B.	Capt.	B		17 Nov.				Hilton Head, diar. and rheum.
March, Isaac W.	.	C		8 Sept.	9 May			Hilton Head.
Morrow, Matthew	.	C						Botany Bay.
Murphy, James	.	C		18 Aug.				Hilton Head, varic. veins and ulcers.
McClemens, John	Corp.	C		11 Mar.				Hilton Head.
Marston, David P.	Sergt.	D			12 Mar.			Hilton Head.
Mallon, John M.	Corp.	D		29 Nov.				Hilton Head, amputation of thumb.
MacInn, Geo. T.	.	D		24 Sept.				H. H., varic. veins and chr. diar.
Mendum, John	.	D		29 Nov.				H. H., varic. veins and palp. of heart.
McGroly, James	.	D					18 May	Concord, N.H.
McDavitt, H.	Corp.	D		2 Nov.				Concord, N.H.
McDonald, Converse D.	Sergt.	E			9 May			Botany Bay.
Marshall, Harrison L.	.	E		9 July				Beaufort, S.C., hernia.
McGoy, Adolphus	.	F			6 Nov.			Morris Id., lost left foot by amp.
McConhee, Lewis A.	.	F		3 Sept.				Hilton Head, wounds.
Miller, Geo. W.	.	F		24 Sept.				H. H., wd. by accid., and phth. pul.
Moulton, Orville R.	Sergt.	G						Hilton Head, chronic diarrhoea.
Morrison, Daniel S.	.	H			31 Mar.			Annapolis.
McQuestion, Jerome B.	.	H		2 Nov.				
Moulton, James	.	I		21 Sept.				Hilton Head, injured elbow joint.
Moulton, John W.	.	I		21 Sept.				Hilton Head, varicose veins.
McCrillis, David	.	I	17 Oct.					Annapolis.

Martin, Joseph	.	.	.	.	.	A					2 Jan.	Alexandria, Va. (At home.)
Moulton, Albert A.	.	.	.	.	.	D						Hilton Head.
Neal, James	.	.	.	.	.	E				11 Mar.		Hilton Head.
Nutting, Geo. P.	.	.	.	.	.	F						Hilton Head.
Nottage, Thos., Jr.	.	.	.	.	.	H						Hilton Head.
Nichols, Wm. H. H.	.	.	.	.	.	K				25 Mar.		Hilton Head.
Nite, Martin L.	.	.	.	.	.	G				30 Oct.		Concord, N.H.
Nicholson, Nathl E.	.	.	.	.	.	C						Hilton Head, debility.
O'Brien, Terrence	.	.	.	.	.	I				9 May		Botany Bay.
Otis, Frederick	.	.	.	.	.	A				12 Mar.		Annapolis.
Plummer, Wm. H.	.	.	.	.	.	A						Pineknay Id., nat. weakness of ankles.
Pervear, Anasa J.	.	.	.	.	.	B						Ft. Hamilton, N.Y.
Pease, Chas. H.	.	.	.	.	.	B						H.H., var. veins, defect right eye.
Peck, Calvin D.	.	.	.	.	.	C						Hilton Head.
Potter, Lewis	.	.	.	.	.	F						New York.
Peabody, Ezra P.	.	.	.	.	.	G						Hilton Head, chronic catarrh.
Parrott, Horace S.	.	.	.	.	.	H				20 May		Botany Bay.
Page, Henry C.	.	.	.	.	.	H				20 May		Botany Bay.
Parker, Timothy	.	.	.	.	.	H						Hilton Head.
Perry, Chas. S. K.	.	.	.	.	.	I						Annapolis.
Parkhurst, Geo. W.	.	.	.	.	.	I				30 May		Manchester, N.H.
Pugsley, Frank	.	.	.	.	.	K						Ft. Hamilton, N.Y., debility.
Peavey, Eliphabet B.	.	.	.	.	.	Band						Hilton Head.
Plummer, John W.	.	.	.	.	.	A				12 March		Hilton Head.
Ross, George H.	.	.	.	.	.	B						Edisto, phthisis pulmonalis.
Randall, John L.	.	.	.	.	.	E				20 April		Manchester, N. H.
Robinson, Rody	.	.	.	.	.	E						Hilton Head.
Robinson, Chas., 1st	.	.	.	.	.	F						Hilton Head, debility.
Rhodes, Joel H.	.	.	.	.	.	F				21 Dec.		Laurel Hill, Va.
Roberts, Samuel	.	.	.	.	.	H						Beaufort, S.C.
Roach, James C.	.	.	.	.	.	I				4 June		Hilton Head, debility.
Rewitzer, Enos	.	.	.	.	.	K				6 Nov.		Morris Island.
Ramsdell, Geo. E.	.	.	.	.	.	A						Hilton Head.
Sanders, John H.	.	.	.	.	.	A						Hilton Head, disease.
Syms, Ruel S.	.	.	.	.	.	A				7 Feb.		Hilton Head.
Squires, Henry H.	.	.	.	.	.	A						

DISCHARGED FOR DISABILITY — (Concluded).

NAME.	RANK.	CO.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Swett, Gardner		B	7 Dec.					Annapolis.
Stone, Jacob D. . . .		B		11 May				Hilton Head.
Story, Joseph P. . . .		B		8 Dec.				Hilton Head, imperfect right eye.
Sheehan, Jeremiah . . .		C	18 Oct.					Annapolis, hernia.
Stevens, Edw. B. . . .		E	19 Oct.					Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.
Smart, Wm. S.		E			7 Jan.			Hilton Head, chronic diarrhoea.
Seaman, Michael		F		20 Sept.				Hilton Head.
Shea, Corneille		F		18 Sept.				Hilton Head, imbecility and debility.
Shipley, Geo. L.		F	17 Oct.					Annapolis, chronic bronchitis.
Sellingham, Frank W. . .		F		24 Oct.				Hilton Head, chr. dysent. and debil.
Sladden, Richard		F				8 Nov.		Newark, N. J.
Seegrell, John L.		G	14 Dec.					Hilton Head, chronic bronchitis.
Sherman, Chas.		H		1 Nov.				Annapolis, disease.
Smith, Geo. H.	Wag.	I		15 May				Hilton Head, on acct. inj. recd. Feb.
Smith, Thos. B.		K		29 Nov.				Hilton Head, chronic diarrhoea.
Sherry, Patrick		K			6 Feb.			Hilton Head.
Sawyer, Moody A.	Uosp.	Stew.		9 Sept.				Hilton Head, chr. diar. and debil.
Tonrey, Thomas		C		3 Nov.				H. H., hernia, injury rec'd 5 March.
Tilton, Chas. F.		E		2 Oct.				Hilton Head.
Thomas, John O.		E		8 May				Hilton Head.
Toothaker, Jotham S. . .		F		8 Dec.				Hilton Head, debility after fever.
Thurber, Freeman N. . . .		H		23 July				Hilton Head, wounds.
Tewksbury, Sumner P. . .		K		11 March				Hilton Head.
Wadsworth, David, Jr. . .	Capt.					24 Sept.		Petersburgh.
Wadlin, Andrew J.	Capt.						10 Feb.	Annapolis.
Whitten, John R.		A	17 Oct.					Annapolis, disease (hernia).
Weymouth, Converse L. .		B					27 Jan.	Manchester, N. H.
Whittaker, Samuel		C			27 Jan.			Camp Parole, Annapolis, wounds.
Waters, Patrick		C	31 July					Hilton Head.
Whelan, James		C			20 June			Washington, D. C., insanity.

Watson, James O.	D	28 July	13 Sept.	Hilton Head, palpitation of the heart.
Weber, Geo. H.	D	29 July		Hilton Head.
Webscr, James	D			Concord, N.H.
Wescott, Chas. H.	E		20 March	Ft. Monroe.
Williams, William	F	9 May		Edisto.
Wilkins, Calvin O.	G	4 Dec.		Hilton Head, chronic diarrhœa.
Weed, Wm. O.	G			Annapolis, hernia.
Wilson, Wm.	G	29 Aug.		Hospital, N.Y.
Wheeler, Geo. N.	H	7 May		Edisto.
Wallace, Jos. H.	H			Annapolis, debility.
Wallingford, John	I	7 Sept.	14 Feb.	Hilton Head.
Wiggin, Chas. E.	K			Hilton Head.
Wing, H. B.	K	7 Sept.		Hilton Head, hernia and varic. veins.
Wescott, Albert C.	E		20 May	

OTHER SERVICE.

- Allen, C. H., K: *Subsequent*, 18 N.H., Co. G.
 Ayer, H. H., Capt.: *Prior*, Mexican War (probably Marine), and 2 Mass.
 Andrews, Chas. J., K: *Prior*, 1 N.H., Co. C; *Subsequent*, Batt. B, 1 U.S.
 Art., 15 Nov. 62, re-enl. Feb. 64, des. 18 Aug. 65, Richmond, Va.
 Abbott, Alba D., A: *Prior*, Three months at Ft. Constitution, declined to re-
 enl. for three years and was disch.
 Burgess, Myrick, I: *Subsequent*, 12 U.S. Inf., 18 Dec. 62, Co. H, 2 Batt.,
 des. 28 Mar. 63, Ft. Hamilton.
 Burnham, Chas. A.: *Prior*, 2 N.H. (Asst. Surg. Third N.H.)
 Burnham, John I., K: *Subsequent*, Co. E, 1 Batt. V.R.C.
 Butterfield, Wm., H: *Subsequent*, V.R.C.
 Burns, James, D: *Subsequent*, V.R.C., 168 Co., 2 Batt., disch. for dis. 14
 June 65, Concord.
 Brown, Chas. A., D: *Subsequent*, Co. D, 9 V.R.C., disch. 18 Nov. 65, Wash-
 ington, D.C.
 Burley, Daniel S., I: *Subsequent*, U.S.S.C.
 Baker, James A., Band: *Prior*, 1 N.H.
 Bickford, Jackson C., D: *Subsequent*, 18 N.H.
 Bedel, John, Col.: *Prior*, 9 U.S. Inf., Mexican War.
 Brackett, Edwin, K: *Subsequent*, Co. C, 11 V.R.C., to Corp., disch. 8 Aug.
 65, Providence, R.I.
 Baker, Amos D., A: *Subsequent*, Enl. 23 Nov. 63, must. in 24 Nov. 63 as
 2d Class Musician, Brigade Band, Corps d'Afrique, prom. 1st Class,
 disch. 14 Aug. 65, New Orleans.
 Blood, Albert, H: *Subsequent*, 20 V.R.C.
 Bolo, Geo. N., K: *Subsequent*, Enl. in Navy as 1st Class Fireman, U.S.S.
Azaleo, from 11 April 64 to 8 May 65.
 Burnham, Cyrus E., Band: *Subsequent*, 17 N.H. consol. with 2 N.H., also
 Batt. I, N.H.H.A., afterward the 1 N.H.H.A.
 Ballard, Wm. W., G: *Subsequent*, Co. G, 1 N.H.H.A., 8 Sept. 64.
 Colcord, Ezra G., B: *Subsequent*, Signal Corps, disch. 22 Aug. 64, near
 Pt. of Rocks.
 Colby, Beniah, H: *Subsequent*, Co. C, 24 V.R.C.
 Clough, Ira, G: *Subsequent*, V.R.C., tr. 31 May 64 to 1st Batt., sent to Lin-
 coln Hosp., Washington, D.C., exp. term. Had charge two wards in
 which were only rebel prisoners. (See below.)
 Coty, Gideon, A: *Subsequent*, 8 N.H.
 Cushon, Joel A., B: *Subsequent*, 16 N.H.V.
 Chase, Chas. F., F: *Subsequent*, 2d Lt. 3 S.C.V. (21 U.S.C.T.), Pr. Co. F,
 13 V.R.C., 18 V.R.C.
 Colburn, Sanford, H: *Subsequent*, 170 Co., 2 Batt. V.R.C., disch. for dis.
 26 July 64, Washington, D.C.
 Caswell, John H., Band: *Subsequent*, 1 N.H.H.A.
 Clough, Geo., H: *Prior*, 1 N. H.
 Collins, Wm., H: *Subsequent*, 119 Co., 2 Batt., V.R.C., disch. for dis. 18 June
 65, Annapolis.
 Colony, Jacob, I: *Subsequent*, 15 N.H.
 Cornelius, Wm. H., Lt.: *Subsequent*, V.R.C.
 Cody, Walter, Lt.: *Subsequent*, V.R.C.
 Colcord, Benj. F., I: *Subsequent*, U.S.S.C., disch. 24 Aug. 64, near Pt. of
 Rocks, Va.
 Clay, Chas. R., D: *Subsequent*, V.R.C., 166 Co., 2 Batt., disch. 24 Aug. 65,
 Washington, D.C.
 Clough, Ira, G: *Subsequent*, 2 Batt., V.R.C., 69 Co., then to Co. I, 18 V.R.C.,
 disch. 26 Aug. 64, Washington, D.C. (See above.)
 Clark, Rufus F.: *Prior*, 2 N.H.V.
 Curran, John, 1st, C: *Subsequent*, 18 N.H., Co. F.
 Dow, Abram, D: *Subsequent*, Co. C., 24 V.R.C.

- Dickey, James M., E: *Prior*, 1 N.H.
 Donohoe, M. T., Capt.: *Subsequent*, 10 N.H.V. (Col.)
 Donohoe, J. J., Lt.: *Subsequent*, 10 N.H.V. (Adjt.)
 Dunbar, Chas. F., Capt.: *Subsequent*, Paymaster's Clerk, Receiving Ship *Sabine*, a few months at New London, Conn.
 Dunbar, J. C., D: *Subsequent*, Navy.
 Emery, Alonzo D., H: *Subsequent*, 18 N.H.
 Eaton, Benj. F., Surg.: *Prior*, 1 N.H.
 Eastman, Henry B., H: *Prior*, 1 N.H.V.; *Subsequent*, V.R.C.
 Engleblom, Oscar, G: *Prior*, 2 Lt. 10 N.Y. Batt., enl 21 Nov. 61, res. 2 June 63; *Subsequent*, 2 Lt., 7 U.S.C.T., com. 6 Oct. 64, Co. F. 29 Oct. 64, regt. org. Baltimore 26 Sept. to 12 Nov. 63, 3 years, and to Capt. 11 April 66, regt. must. out 13 Oct. 66.
 Eldredge, D., K: *Subsequent*, 3 V.R.C., Co. A.
 Eagan, Michael, C: *Subsequent*, Co. F, 10 I.C., 22 July 63, disch. Washington, D.C., 15 Nov. 65.
 Estes, Chas. H., I: *Subsequent*, 9 V.R.C., Co. I.
 Emery, Wm. H., G: *Prior*, 1 N.H., Co. H.
 Evans, John W., A: *Prior*, E, 1 N.H.
 Fellows, Enoch Q., Col.: *Prior*, 1 N.H.V., Adjt.; *Subsequent*, 9 N.H.V., Col.
 Foss, Frank N., G: *Subsequent*, 18 N.H.
 Flanders, D. J., Lt.: *Subsequent*, 1 N.H.H.A., Co. F.
 Felch, George W., I: *Subsequent*, 14 N.H.
 Fowler, A. J., I: *Subsequent*, U.S.S.C., disch. 23 June 65, Georgetown, D.C.
 Ferguson, John R., G: *Subsequent*, 10 V.R.C., Co. F, then to 1st Indp. Co., V.R.C., disch. 5 Sept. 66, Washington, D.C.
 Farrington, James W., G: *Subsequent*, V.R.C., 69 Co., 2 Batt., re-enl. 14 May 64, then to Co. I, 18 V.R.C., disch. 16 Nov. 65. Washington, D.C.
 French, James. F: *Subsequent*, 3 Vt. L.A.
 Flanders, King H., F: *Subsequent*, 127 Co., V.R.C., 2 Batt., disch. for dis. as priv. 23 May 64, Depot Camp, D.C.
 French, Asa P., G: *Subsequent*, Co. D. 1 N.H. Cav.
 Gove, Nathan W., Band: *Subsequent*, 18 N.H., Co. F.
 Gynan, Nicholas, D: *Subsequent*, V.R.C.
 Grannis, David H., A: *Prior*, Enl. in a Vt. 3 mos. regt., but was sick with measles when regt. left and was disch. for dis.
 Henry, James B., B: *Subsequent*, Batt. M, 1 U.S. Art. 27 Nov. 62, re-enl. 1 Feb. 64, to Corp. 16 Nov. 64, des. 3 May 65 near Petersburg.
 Hanlon, Joseph, K: *Subsequent*, 13 V.R.C., Co. C, Galloupe's Id.
 Hardy, Wm. E., H: *Prior*, 1 N.H.V., Co. C; *Subsequent*, 3 Vt. as sub., deserted, charge removed, sub. for Laforest G. Martin 18 Aug. 63, wd. Cold Harbor 3 June 64, des. 22 Nov. 64 from Brattleboro' Hosp., charge removed 7 Jan. 87, and disch. as of 22 Nov. 64.
 Hill, Henry, Chap.: *Subsequent*, Hosp. Chap. Manchester, N.H., Webster Genl. Hosp.
 Hackett, Edmund. C: *Subsequent*, 2d Lt. 10 N.H.V.
 Hopkins, Henry F., Lt.: *Subsequent*, Pr. 1 N.H. Cav. (recruit), must. in 4 Apr. 65, must. out 6 May 65.
 Hill, Alfred J., Adjt.: *Prior*, 9 U.S. Inf., Mex. War.
 Hines, James, I: *Prior*, Co. F., 8 Mass.
 Hawkins, Edwin D., G: *Subsequent*, Co. K, 5 Mass., 19 July 64, must. out 16 Nov. 64.
 Hynes, John R., Lt.: *Subsequent*, Capt. and A.Q.M. Vols. and also 2d Lt. 39 Inf. (colored).
 Haskell, Ezekiel, I: *Prior*, Co. F, 6 N.H. Nov. 61 to Dec. 63; *Subsequent*, V.R.C.
 Hamilton, Henry S., Band: *Prior*, Eng. Army, 10 Hussars, Reg. Army 1854, recruit for 10 U.S. Inf., Recruiting Sergt. and made Sergt. Co. I, to Carlisle Barracks.
 Hill, Varnum H., K: *Subsequent*, Capt. and A.Q.M. U.S.V. May 64 to Dec. 65.
 Hill, Horace J., I: *Subsequent*, 14 N.H.V.
 Johnson, Augustus, F: *Subsequent*, 10 N. H.
 Joslin, Horace, G: *Prior*, 1 N.H.V.

- Jackson, John H., Col.: *Prior*, 9 U.S. Inf., Mex. War.
 Johnson, Chas. E., D: 100 N.Y.
 Kennedy, John, A: *Subsequent*, V.R.C., disch. 5 June 65, Concord, at must. out patient in hosp., Wash. 168 Co., 2 Batt., V.R.C., 17 April 65.
 Knox, Hosea B., K: *Subsequent*, 5 N. H.
 Kimball, Lewis, Jr., F: *Subsequent*, 2d Lt. 4 U.S.C.T., regt. org. Baltimore July to Sept. 63, 3 years (regt. must. out 4 May 66), res. 23 Jan. 65.
 Kelleher, John, C: (Note. — Reported as des. 3 N.H. 3 Sept. 61); *Subsequent*, Capt. 8 N.H., Co. K, killed 27 Oct. 62.
 Kimball, Wm. H., E: *Subsequent*, Co. F, 10 V.R.C., to Sergt., re-enl. 15 April 64, disch. 16 Aug. 65, com. 2d Lt. 48 U.S.C.T. 22 Sept. 65, must. out 4 Jan. 66.
 Kirby, Daniel, C: *Subsequent*, 8 N.H.
 Leavitt, Jonathan D., A: *Prior*, 1 N.H.V.; *Subsequent*, Batt. C., 1 U.S. Art. 3 yrs., from 22 Jan. 65.
 Langley, John F., Lt.: *Subsequent*, Maj. 12 N.H., Feb. to Sept. 64.
 Littlefield, Israel B., Lt.: *Prior*, 9 U.S. Inf., Mex. War.
 Libby, Alvan H., Lt.: *Prior*, Reg. Army.
 Marshall, Harrison L., E: *Subsequent*, Co. F, 13 V.R.C.
 Miles, Wm. H., K: *Subsequent*, 7 N.H.
 Mendum, John, D: *Subsequent*, 10 N.H.
 Metcalf, Alden E., H: *Prior*, 1 N.H., Co. C.
 McDaniel, Samuel, E: *Subsequent*, Co. G, V.R.C.
 Milliken, Albert H., F: *Subsequent*, 145 Co., 2 Batt., V.R.C.
 McGowan, John, F: *Subsequent*, Co. D, 192 Co., V.R.C., disch. 2 Sept. 64, Washington, D.C.
 Morse, John M., I: *Subsequent*, U.S.S.C., disch. as 1st Class Priv. 24 June 65, Georgetown, D.C.
 Miles, Thos. (alias Miller), G: *Subsequent*, Batt. E, 3 U.S. Art. 9 Dec. 62, re-enl. 29 Jan. 64, disch. 29 Jan. 67, Barrancas, Fla., term exp.
 McDuffie, Samuel V., A: *Subsequent*, U.S.S.C. 17 Sept. 63, disch. 1st Class Priv. 11 July 65, Hilton Head.
 McDuffie, Samuel, A: *Subsequent*, Co. F, I.C., 15 July 63, 95 Co., 2d Batt., disch. 19 Aug. 65, Baltimore.
 Marston, Wm. S., B: *Subsequent*, U.S.S.C. 13 Oct. 63, disch. 17 Aug. 64, Hilton Head, term exp.
 Maxwell, Wm. H., Capt.: *Prior*, Regular Army.
 Moore, Horatio T., F: *Prior*, 3 Mass.
 Nicholson, Nathaniel E., G: *Prior*, Co. B., 17 N.H. (enl. 12 Nov. 62, must. in 17 Nov. 62).
 Nesmith, A. S., Q.M.: *Prior*, 1 N.H.V., Co. G; *Subsequent*, Capt. and A.Q.M. Vols.
 Nichols, Wm. H. H., H: *Subsequent*, V.R.C., 2 Batt.
 Odlin, John W., Band: *Prior*, 2 N.H.V.
 O'Brien, Terrence, C.: *Subsequent*, Co. I, 13 N.H., sub. 3 years, tr. to V.R.C. 9 Jan. 65, 105 Co. 2d Batt., disch. 18 Feb. 65, Phila., disability.
 Pugsley, Frank, I: *Subsequent*, 1 N.H. H.A.
 Putney, Jacob B., B: *Subsequent*, 11 V.R.C., disch. Washington. 23 Aug. 64.
 Prince, Jerome, D: *Prior*, Co. E, 42 Mass., 9 mos., enl. 2 Sept. 62, must. out 23 Aug. 63, *Subsequent*, V.R.C. 2 Batt. 118 Co., disch. 20 Nov. 65, Baltimore, Md.
 Peavey, Eliphalet B., K: *Subsequent*, 13 N.H.
 Pettingill, David, E: *Subsequent*, 5 Co., 2 Batt. V.R.C., disch. for dis. 11 Oct. 65, Newark, N. J.
 Proudman, James D., A: *Subsequent*, U.S.S.C. 13 Oct. 63, disch. as 1st Class Private 23 Aug. 64 at Pt. of Rocks, Va.
 Parkhurst, Wm. C., F: *Subsequent*, in N. Y. regiment.
 Penno, Joseph, C: *Prior*, April 61, enl. 3 mos. Ft. Constitution.
 Pevear, Amasa J., A: *Subsequent*, Co. I, 18 N.H.V.
 Qnigley, Peter, H: *Prior*. In the Navy under name of Shortell: *Subsequent*, In the Navy (2 terms) under name of John Shortell.
 Robinson, Thomas, E: *Subsequent*, 1 U.S. Art., 3 years A, and 5 years H.

- Rewitzer, Enos, I: *Subsequent*, 15 N.H., Co. I.
 Ramsey, Wm. H., A: *Subsequent*, U.S.S.C. 13 Oct. 63, disch. as 1st Class Private 22 Aug. 64, Point of Rocks, Va.
 Rooney, Edw. T., K: *Subsequent*, 5 N. Y. Infantry.
 Ryan, James, E: *Subsequent*, 2 U.S. Cav., Co. K.
 Randlett, James F., Capt.: *Subsequent*, In Reg. Army.
 Scales, Chas. F., E: *Subsequent*, 18 N.H.
 Sellingham, Frank W., F: *Subsequent*, 18 N.H., Co. D.
 Sager, Zeri S., F: *Prior*, Co. E, 1 N.H.V., 2 U.S.S., Co. G.
 Smith, Samuel M., Lt.: *Subsequent*, 32 U.S.C.T., 1st Lt. 14 N. H.
 Smith, John, 3d., F: *Subsequent*, Co. G, 18 V.R.C., disch. 14 Aug. 65, Washington, D.C.
 Smith, Geo. H., I: *Subsequent*, Co. C, 13 N.H.V.
 Scruton, Darius K., K: *Prior*, 1 N.H.V. (not mustered).
 Smith, Thos. B., K: *Subsequent*, 29 Maine.
 Tewksbury, Sumner P., K: *Subsequent*, Co. E, 5 N.H., 19 Oct. 63, must. out 28 June 65.
 Toothaker, Jotham S., F: *Subsequent*, 5 N.H., Co. E, wounded 17 June 64, must. out 28 June 65.
 Thomson, Thomas, K: *Subsequent*, after capture, in rebel service, 10 Tenn. Inf., recaptured 28 Dec. 64, Egypt Station, Miss., enl. 10 March 65 and must. in 5 April 65, in Co. D, 5 U.S. Vol. Infantry, to Corp.
 Thomas, Geo. S., A: *Subsequent*, enl. 23 Dec. 64, and must. in 23 Dec. 64, Co. D, 1 Vt. Cav.
 West, Wm., B: *Prior*, 1 N.H.
 White, Chas. H., Band: *Prior*, 1 N.H., Co. E; *Subsequent*, Co. F, V.R.C.
 Wadlia, A. J., Capt.: *Prior*, Mexican War.
 Willoughby, Varnum, F: *Subsequent*, Co. F, 10 V.R.C., disch. 15 Aug. 64, N.Y. City, term exp.
 Witham, Joseph, H: *Subsequent*, 11 N.H., Co. A, 17 March 65, 1 year, tr. to 6 N.H. 1 June 65, promoted 1 July 65, must. out 17 July 65.
 White, Chas. A., A: *Prior*, Co. A, 3 Mass. (2d Lieut.)
 Wiggin, Pierce L., Capt.: *Subsequent*, 1 N.H. Cav. 14 April 64, must. out 15 July 65.
 Witham, Amos R., I: *Subsequent*, Co. D, 11 V.R.C., disch. 7 Aug. 65, Providence, R.I.
 Whitmore, Norman F., A: *Subsequent*, U.S. S.C. 29 Feb. 64, died of disease 9 June 64, Jacksonville, Fla., G.H., chronic diarrhoea.
 Wing, John L., K: *Subsequent*, enl. 5 April 65, must. in 8 May 65, as Private Co. C, 7 U.S.V., disch. 5 April 66, Philadelphia.
 Weber, Geo. H., K: *Prior*, enl. 3 mos. Fort Constitution, disch. 29 July 62; *Subsequent*, Co. D, 8 N.H., 2 Sept. 62, wd. 27 May 63, Port Hudson, disch. New Orleans 2 Sept. 63, wds.
 Youngman, Geo. F., B: *Prior*, 1 N.H.V., Co. D.
 York, Albert, E: *Prior*, 1 N.H., Co. E.

OTHER DUTY.

- Atherton, Arlon S., 1st Lt.: From Jan. 65, on G.C.M., by S.O. 469 W.D., at Alexandria, Va.; from 22 Mar. 65 to 21 May 65, G.C.M., Wilmington, N. C.; from 6 June 65, Asst. Provo. Marshal, Goldsboro', S.O. 2, Post H Q.
 Ayer, Henry H., 1st Lt.: From 21 Aug. 62, Board of Survey, H.H.
 Ami, John, B: Cook for Field 21 Sept. 64.
 Abbott, D: Orderly at Adjutant's in Nov. 63.
 Abbott, John, E: Co. Cook Aug. 64.
 Austin, Albert J., F: Co. Clerk Feb. to Sept. 64; Hosp. Stmr. *Geo. Leary*, Sept. to Dec. 64; from 13 March 65, Clerk Provo. Marshal's Office Wilmington; May 65, Clerk Provo. Marshal, Goldsboro', till must.-out.

- Alexander, Daniel S., F: At Boat Yard, M.I., Jan. 63.
 Allen, Geo. A., F: Hospital Department nurse, Sept. 61 to Jan. 62.
 Ackerman, Joseph, F: New Hampshire on Recruiting Service, Aug. 62; returned 12 April 63;
 Allen, Joseph H., G: Sharpshooters Sept. 63, to report to Capt. Ela;
 Adams, Thomas, H: Camp Parole Sept. 63; Officer's Servant; Carpenter, July 64; Co. Cook June 64.
 Adams, Eben H., H: Fort Hamilton Sept. 63; Co. Cook June 65.
 Atwood, Daniel L., H: Co. Cook July 64; Corps H.Q. Oct. and Nov. 64.
 Akerman, J. W., D: Recruiting Service in New Hampshire; returned 4 May 62, went 2 Jan. 62.
 Burnham, Chas. S., Capt.: From 1 July 63, G.C.M.
 Buzzell, Andrew J. H., Surg.: Med. Insp. 10 A.C., G.O. 39 C. H.Q.; from 9 Oct. 64, Gen. Terry's Staff, Fort Fisher.
 Buckman, Chas. N., A: H.Q.D.S. Sept. 63; Corps H.Q. May and June 64.
 Bowman, Eli E., A: Co. Cook, Long Island.
 Bennett, William L., A: Q.M. Dept., S.O. 288 H.Q.U.S.F. Sept. 63.
 Bowen, Edwin G., A: H.Q. D.S., Sept. 63; Co. Cook; Cook Q.M. Dept. April 64.
 Batchelder, George W., A: Teamster at H.H.; Div. H.Q. May and June 64.
 Bridgham, George W., A: Co. Cook, Long Island, N. Y.
 Bigley, William H., A: Provo. Guard Oct. and Nov. 64; Regt. Hosp. June 62 to Oct. 63.
 Bean, Geo. W. M., A: To 20 Jan. 63.
 Berry, Woodbury, B: After conscripts S.O. 429 D.S., July 63 to 20 Jan. 64; Regt. Farrier May to July 64; Ord. to Col. Jackson.
 Blaisdell, Josiah T., B: Cook for officers, May and June 64.
 Blaisdell, Samuel C., B: Co. Cook June and July 64.
 Bryant, John S., B: Carpenter from 6 July 62 to 3 Dec. 62.
 Bryant, David, C: Sharpshooters Sept. 63; Pioneer Corps June 64.
 Bates, Chas. H., C: Co. Cook Jan. 65.
 Burke, James, D: Oarsman, Gillmore's boat Sept. 63; from 3 Mar. 62, Coxswain express boats to Edisto to June 63.
 Blake, Wm. H., D: Div. H.Q. Sept. 63 to June 64; Ord. to Gen. Gillmore May 64; Dec. 62. Ord. to Gen. Terry, to Mar. 63.
 Burton, Geo. W., D: Regt. Hosp. May 64.
 Brown, Chas. A., D: Co. Cook Mar. 63; Light Battery May 64.
 Brown, Benj., D: Co. Cook June, July, Aug. 64 and Mar. 63.
 Buxton, John R., E: Bugler, Detached Special Duty as Bugler to report to Gen. Hunter, S.O. 254 H.Q.D.; from 21 Oct. 63, Bugler, to report to Lt. Wagner; Sharpshooters Sept. 63.
 Burdick, Rodney W., E: From 2 Aug. 63, on duty with Maj. Plimpton, Actg. Insp.-Gen.: Sept. 63, Clerk.
 Burns, John B., E: Terry's H.Q. 10 Aug. 63 to 14 Nov. 63.
 Barrett, Cyrus A., E: H.Q. D. S., Carpenter Sept. 63; from 15 Oct. 63 to report Ord. Dept., Capt. Mordecai. M. I.: from 1 Sept. 62 to 11 Feb. 63, Carpenter Q.M.D.; from 10 Sept. 63 Eng. Dept., to 5 Oct. 63; sent to Ord. Dept. at Ft. Wood, N. Y., 19 July 64, order received at regt., 17 Jan. 65 S.O. 9 N. Y.
 Brown, Franklin J., E: From 12 Feb. 64, Lt. Sawyer's A.A.A.-G. Brig. H.Q.; Guard Duty at Boat Inf. Picket, Morris Island. 63.
 Bingham, Geo. B., F: G.H., H.H., Clerk Sept. 62 to Sept. 63; from 25 Oct. 63 to 4 Jan. 64 Clerk in Provo. Marshal's office; Nurse G.H., H.H. April 63 to 25 Oct. 63; to Clerk, Provo. Marshal's Office; Clerk, Provo. Marshal Feb. 64; from 9 Mar. 64, Clerk, Regt. H.Q. S.O. 21 to July 64; Clerk to Col. Plimpton.
 Bingham, Arthur, F: From Aug. 61, Nurse Regt. Hosp. to Mar. 62; from 1 April 62, G.H., H.H., Nurse to May 64; from 28 June 64, Corps H.Q. and July 64.
 Burke, Leonard O. F., F: S.O. 540 D.S., Sept. 63 to 16 Oct. 63, Va., after a deserter (Witham of H): Ord. for Lt.-Col. Randlett Jan. and Feb. 64; from 1 Aug. 64, Q.M.D., to Oct. 64; Corp. H.Q., Nov. 64; from 8 Dec. 64, Ord. R.H.Q.; Co. Cook Feb. to Mar. 65.

- Bueltner, George, F: Duty with Q.M. of Post from 28 Mar. 65; Provo. Marshal's Off. Clerk 10 A. C. April 65; Actg. Hosp. Stew. 12 June 65; Detach. May 65.
- Blood, Stillman, F: Teamster. Q.M.D. Oct. 62 to Jan. 63.
- Brown, Wm. E., F: At Boat Yard Jan. 63.
- Berry, Lorenzo W., F: Carpenter, Q.M. Dept. Jan. and Feb. 64.
- Brady, Francis, F: Jan. 65.
- Barrett, Townes, F: Co. Cook May 65.
- Blake, Granville, G: From 4 May 63, B.B. as Oarsman for Col. Jackson, H.Q. Post.
- Bickford, Edward, H: Ft. Hamilton Sept. 63.
- Blake, Lanson, H: Q.M.D. May to Nov. 64; Co. Cook, Jones Landing, Va.; Wagon Master 24 Corps. 1 Div., had been there 6 mos. 29 Jan. 65.
- Burnham, Chas. F., H: Co. Cook June and July 64.
- Brown, Albert, K: To 20 Jan. 63.
- Burley, Daniel S., I: Signal Corps Sept. 63.
- Blaisdell, Daniel G., I: Orderly for Lt. Comdg. June and July 64.; Ord. R.H.Q. May 64; Q.M.D. Nov. 64; from 7 Oct. 63, Ord. to Maj. Plimpton.
- Blood, Josiah S., I: Co. Cook July to Nov. 64.
- Blood, Chas. M., I: Co. Cook Dec. 64.
- Brown, George, I: Co. Cook Jan. 65.
- Bell, George, I: Cook for squad mounted orderlies.
- Brock, Wm., K: Q.M.D. Aug. to Nov. 64; Co. Cook Jan. 65; Q.M.D., 24 A.C. since 28 Mar. 65, also detailed Q.M.D. 16 June 65, S.O. 101.
- Briggs, Geo. H., C: Regt. Com. Dept. whole term.
- Brown, John W., K: Recruiting Service 24 July 62, returned 64.
- Bedel, John, Major: Jan. 62, G.C.M.
- Burnham, Chas. A., Asst. Surg.: July and Aug. 63, St. Helena.
- Clark, Rufus F., Capt.: To 4 May 62, Recruiting Service (went 2 Jan. 62.)
- Cornelius, Wm. H., 1 Lt.: Recruiting Service 24 July 62 to 9 Jan. 63.
- Copp, Harrison J., A: Nurse Regt. Hosp.
- Constantine, George W., A: H.Q.D.S. Sept. 63.
- Carter, William H., A: Co. Cook Aug. to Oct. 64.
- Coffee, Wm., A: Co. Cook Dec. 64 and Jan. 65.
- Colcord, Ezra G., B: From 18 Sept. 63, Signal Corps.
- Casley, Edward W., B: From 4 Jan. 64 for duty on despatch boat, by order Capt. Randlett, Provo. Marshal.
- Carlisle, James, B: Co. Cook.
- Currier, Joseph H., B: Regt. Hosp. Cook.
- Clement, John W., B: Adj't's Clerk, Morris Id., Dec. 63 to May 64.
- Crosbie, Augustine, C: Co. Cook June and July 64.
- Curran, John 2d, C: Amb. Corps Aug. to Nov. 64.
- Crosbie, John, C: From 4 May 63, Botany Bay, as oarsman for Col. Jackson at H.Q. Post.
- Carroll, Van Buren, D: Co. Cook Nov. 64; on whf. B.B. May 63, Q.M.D., S.O. 324, P.H.Q. 18 Nov. 63.
- Comings, Jos. T., D: Co. Cook June 64; on whf. B.B. May 63.
- Chase, Chas. F., F: July 62 to Oct. 63, Post Office, Hilton Head.
- Courivou, Frank, F: Co. Cook June to July 64.
- Cobb, Norman E., F: Co. Cook Mar. 63 to Dec. 64; 19 Feb. 65, ab. with baggage (of regt. prob.) near Ft. Fisher.
- Chamberlain, A. G., F: From 9 Mar. 64, Ord. R.H.Q. to Sept. 64; Ord. Lt.-Col. Comdg. Oct. 64; Ord. Provo. Marshal Feb. and Mar. 64; from 28 June 64, Corps H. Q.; Ord. Regt. H.Q. Feb. 65.
- Chase, James L., F: From 4 May 63, Botany Bay as oarsman, Col. Jackson H.Q. Post: Boatman Q.M.D. April 63.
- Copp, E. J., F: Ord. to Capt. Randlett: Clerk to Adj't.
- Crague, Henry, F: From 2 June 65 Q.M.D., Wil., S.O. 88.
- Curby, Abram, F: Regt. Hosp. Dept. Oct. 62.
- Caldwell, Nathan, F: Mounted Ord. Jan. 64; Ord. Post H.Q. Feb. 64.
- Clark, John, F: Detached by Abbott's S.O. 63, 8 May 65.
- Conrey, Leonard, F: Woodchopper Mar. 63; Co. Cook June 64.

- Cameron, John H., G: Capt.'s servant May 64; Amb. Corps Aug. to Nov. 64.
 Calahan, James, H: Camp Parole, Carpenter, Sept. 63.
 Clark, James H., H: Co. Cook Jan. 65.
 Colcord, Benj. F., I: Signal Corps Sept. 63.
 Clark, Ezra D., I: Pioneer Corps May 64.
 Choate, Wilbur H., I: Co. Cook Aug. and Sept. 64.
 Clark, Azariah L., I: Co. Cook Oct. to Dec. 64.
 Clements, Lucius H., I: Co. Cook June 65.
 Card, Abram A., I: Co. Cook June 64.
 Campbell, Nathaniel J., K: Requa Battery Sept. 63.
 Cooke, Alexander, K: Co. Cook June 65.
 Chamberlain, Daniel J., K: Co. Cook.
 Casey, Thomas, C: Recruiting Service N. H., from 20 Jan. 62 to 12 April 63.
 Carroll, Chas., D: Q.M.D., S.O. 324, P.H.Q. 18 Nov. 63.
 Colby, Dudley, K: Carpenter 7 July 62.
 Dearborn, Orrin M., Lt.: Gen. Stevens' Staff, James Id., S.C., June 62, Recruiting Service 2 Jan. 62 to 4 May 62; from July 64 Actg. Ord. Off. 18 A.C., S.O. 186 D.H.Q. Oct. 64 to Dec. 64, and to disch.
 Dow, Robert C., Capt.: From 22 April 62 appointed Provo. Marshal, Edisto, during absence Capt. Van Brunt (Wright's G.O. 2).
 Dow, Henry S., Capt.: Went on R. S. 24 July 62; from 19 Sept. 64 on Recruiting Service, New Hampshire; from 16 Sept. 63, appointed Asst. Provo. Marshal, S.O. 179 U.S.F.
 Dunbar, Chas. F., Capt.: G.C.M. to 24 Jan. 62.
 Davis, Wm., 2d Lt.: Detached for Amb. Corps 28 Aug. 64; refused to serve and was sent back to regiment.
 Dodge, Wm. Ladd, 1st Lt.: 23 Sept. 64, Board Survey A's prop. (with Stearns and McCoy); from 21 June 62, Adj't's Clerk Col. William's H.Q.; Recruiting Service N. H., from 20 Sept. 62 to 9 Jan. 63.
 Dupray, Joseph, A: Co. Cook Aug. to Oct. 64.
 Duncan, Theron, B: Requa Battery Sept. 63.
 Duncan, John B., B: Sharpshooters Sept. 63.
 Davis, Oliver O., B: G.H. II.H. Sept. 63.
 Dodge, Asa M., B: With Maj. Plimpton, M. I., Clerk.
 Dunn, Wm., C: Q.M.D. Sept. 63.
 Dore, John, C: Co. Cook June 65.
 Dearborn, Samuel W., D: Oarsman Gillmore's boat Sept. 63; Co. Cook; 1 Sept. 62 Carpenter.
 Dearborn, Hale B., D: Q.M.D. Aug. to Nov. 64.
 Donley, Michael P., E: From 13 Aug. 63, Sharpshooter; and Sept. 63; Co. Cook.
 Dimick, Asa, E: From 16 Aug. 63, Sharpshooter: and Sept. 63.
 Davis, Horace L., E: From Sept. 63 to 12 Mar. 64 with Second Brigade Band, S. O. 346 U.S.F.; from 28 Apr. 63.
 Dickey, James M., E: Co. Cook Sept. and Oct. 64.
 Duplez, Edgar, F: Boatman for General Oct. 62: Teamster Q.M.D. July 62.
 Duttie, Ross C., F: Ord. for Lt.-Col. Bedel; Hostler *Belvidere* Dec. 61; Dock Guard Nov. 63 to 19 Jan. 64.
 Day, J. E., F: Drummer, Regt. II.Q., Jan. and Feb. 64.
 Dustin, Adrian C., K: Hosp. Stmr. *Cosmopolitan* since 13 Mar. 63.
 Davis, Henry S., K: Co. Cook June and July 64; from 1 Sept. 62, Carpenter.
 Delaine, John, K: Co. Cook Aug. 64.
 Downs, Stephen, F: Co. Cook.
 Dunn, Francis A., B: Went on Recruiting Service 24 July 62, to 1 Oct. 62.
 Donahoe, Michael T., Capt.: Jan. 62, G.C.M.
 Edgerly, J. Homer, Capt.: From 3 March 65, appointed Asst. Provo. Marshal of Wilmington; March 64 with vets.
 Eldredge, Daniel, K, Lt.: From 13 Dec. 64 to 5 July 65, Concord N.H., as Commissary of Recruits. Draft Rendezvous, S.O. 444, W.D., 64: S.O. 429, D.S. (after conscripts), 22 July 63, to 19 Jan. 64; Co. Clerk under Ela, Butterfield and Handerson; Clerk at Regt. II.Q. Mar. 63 to July 63.
 Ela, Richard, K: Capt. on Board to examine officers who have overstayed I.A., *rice* Capt. Greenleaf, 4 N.H., relieved; Com. Sharpshooters, M. I.

- Everett, Josiah S., F: From May 64 to 29 June 65, Ambulance Corps; Jan. 64, Mounted Ord.; Feb. 64, Ord. Post H.Q.; June 65, Q.M.D.
- Emerson, George W., F: From 7 July 62, Carpenter Q.M.D. to Feb. 63; Carpenter, Provo. Marshal, Feb. 64; Carpenter Sept. 61 to Jan. 62; Carpenter, G.H., June to Sept. 62; from 18 Feb. 64, Med. Dept., M. I.; Cook for staff mess April 63.
- Ellis, Geo. A., G: From 8 July 63 to 3 Aug. 63, Requa Battery.
- Elliot, Robert, K: Light Battery May 64.
- Easton, George, E: Boat Inf. Picket, Morris Id. 63.
- Fellows, Enoch Q.: Col. Comdg. Post at Hilton Head, S.C., from 26 Jan. 62 to 3 April 62; comdg. Post of Edisto from 4 to 25 April 62.
- Furnald, James G., A: From 4 May 63, Oarsman Botany Bay for Col. Jackson.
- Fieldsend, Joshua, B: Regtl. Bakery, Sept. 63.
- Fortune, Robert, C: Med. Dept., G.H., H.H., Sept. 63.
- Farry, Bernard, C: Co. Cook June and July 64.
- Fulton, Charles C., F: Provo. Guard; relieved by S.O. 163, 16 Sept. 64.
- Foss, Edwin J., F: Co. Cook June 65.
- Fifield, Stephen S., H: Regtl. Hosp. Attendant from 21 July 62 to Aug. 62, Pinckney Id.; 16 June 64, detailed duty Div. Hosp.
- French, Chas. F., H: Nurse in Regt. Hosp.
- Fowler, Andrew J., I: Signal Corps Sept. 63.
- Finney, Chas. H., I: Div. H.Q. May and June 64.
- Fiske, William A., I: Div. H.Q. Sept. to Nov. 64.
- Frydenland, Alfred E., E: Provo. Guard Nov. 64.
- Ford, Lorenzo, G: To 20 Jan. 63.
- Fry, Augustus, K: From 3 May 63, Botany Bay as Oarsman Col. Jackson.
- Fogg, Geo. T., A: Nurse to convalescents few days Aug. 64.
- Flanders, John K., B: Printer to So. Atlantic Block. Squadron.
- Farrar, Daniel, Asst. Surg.: April 63, outpost duty.
- Fogg, Andrew J., Lt.: Board Survey, July 62 and Dec. 62.
- Giddings, Geo. H., B: In 63 in Signal Corps; from 29 Aug. 64 Amb. Corps, *vice* Davis, leaving no officer with Co., by S.O. 111; also Sept. and Oct. 64.
- Grannis, David H., A: Nurse Regtl. Hosp.
- George, Samuel, A: Sharpshooters, Morris Id.
- Gorman, Cyrus, A: Sharpshooter, Morris Id.
- Gage, Hiram, B: Requa Battery; R.Q.M. Dept., Sept. 63; also May to July 64.
- Graham, John G., Mus., B: From 26 June 63 to Jan. 65 Clerk R.H.Q.; from 18 July 63, Regtl. Clerk (Adjt.) to muster out.
- Goss, George W., D: Requa Battery, Sept. 63.
- Godfrey, Washington H., D: Oarsman Gillmore's boat Sept. 63; Coxswain Hilton Head April 62 to Oct. 63.
- Gilbert, John, F: Requa Battery June to Oct. 63.
- Gordon, Henrick B., F: Co. cook; cook staff mess Dec. 62 and July 64; 4 May 63, Botany Bay oarsman Col. Jackson, H.Q. Post: Q.M. Dept. cook for staff Oct. 61; officer's servant June 64; Co. cook July 64.
- Grimes, Francis J., Wag., F: Q.M. Dept.; Nov. 64 and Dec. 64, Supply Train 1 Div., 10 A.C. and Jan., Feb. and March 65; May 65, Provo. Marshal's Office.
- Gould, George A., F: Co. cook.
- Green, Albert, F: Co. cook.
- Green, Warren, F: Co. cook.
- Gilbert, Charles, G: Co. cook by order Col. Jackson June 64.
- Gracey, Wm., G: Ord. to Maj. Trickey.
- Gilman, Albert, G: Clerk.
- Gale, Lloyd G., K: From 7 July 62, carpenter; from 3 April 63, Hilton Head, carpenter.
- Gilbert, Daniel W., K: Clerk R.H.Q.
- Glidden, Frank, G: Hilton Head to 30 April 63.
- Goodwin, J. W., A: Recruiting Service 2 Jan. 62 to 4 May 62.
- Gove, Nathan W., Band: Recruiting Service 2 Jan. 62 to 4 May 62.

- Hazen, Chas. S., 2d Lt.: Boat Inf. Picket, Morris Id.; S.O. 429, D.S. (after conscripts) July 63 to Nov. 63.
- Hawkins, Marshall P., Lt.: From 30 Sept. 63 Signal Corps, S.O. 46, D.S.; on duty with Gen. Terry 10 July 63.
- Hitchcock, John H., Sergt.: 22 July 63 to 17 Nov. 63; also went to N.H. with '61 men Aug. 64. Lt.: From Jan. 65 to 4 Feb. 65 in charge of prisoners to Governor's Id., N.Y.
- Houghton, Ruthven W., Capt.: From 14 July 63 on Provo. detail; sent to N.H. with '61 men Aug. 64; from 7 July 64 on G.C.M., S.O. 148, D.H.Q.
- Head, John M., Lt.: On duty at Palmetto Station 10 July 63 (front); Actg. Sig. Officer H.Q. Dept. South, H.H., by S.O. 46, 4 Feb. 63.
- Hatch, Henry T., A: Q.M.D. Sept. 63.
- Hagan, John C., A: R.Q.M. Dept. Wag. May 64; R.Q.M. Dept. Cook June and July 64.
- Holland, Richard F., A: Div. H.Q. May and June 64; Cook 1862; Cook Gen. Terry's H.Q. 1864.
- Hodgman, Wm. S., A: Co. cook June and July 64; detached Q.M. Dept., 1864.
- Hanson, Thomas, A: Officer's Servant June and July 64; from 30 April 63, Botany Bay, Co. cook; Recruiting Service Sept. 62 to April 63; Feb. 64 in Post Com. Dept.
- Huntress, W. H., A: Ord. at Brig. H.Q. Aug. to Nov. 64; Regtl. Q.M.D.; Requa Battery.
- Hill, James W., Mus., A: Clerk Regtl. Hosp. Aug. to Dec. 64; Clerk Div. Hosp., B.H., with Dr. Buzzell.
- Higgins, James, A: From 15 Sept. 64 Co. cook.
- Haines, John M., B: Regtl. Hosp. (clerk) Sept. 63, also May, June, July 64; from 28 April 62, Adj't.'s clerk; from 26 Aug. 62 clerk Regtl. Hosp.
- Holt, Chas. M., B: Co. cook Aug. to Oct. 64.
- Hook, Albert, B: Amb. Corps Aug 64 to June 65.
- Hazzard, James, C: Co. cook June 65.
- Hadley, Andrew J., E: From 27 June 63, Requa Battery, also Sept. and Oct. 63; Boat Infantry Picket.
- Hoxie, Benj., E: Provo. Marshal General, S.O. 364, H.Q. U.S.F. Hilton Head; special duty in Dept.: 13 April 63. Terry countermands order relieving him and Stevens: from 1 Nov. 63, special duty with Provo. Marshal Gen. of the Dept.
- Henderson, Wm., E: Brigade Postmaster Sept., Oct. and Nov. 64.
- Hilliard, Timothy, E: Co. cook Jan. 65.
- Heath, Benj. H., E: Co. cook June 65.
- Hennessey, Peter, E: From 30 Oct. 63 to 11 Nov. 63, supernumerary at R.H.Q.
- Holt, Marquis L., Lt: Train duty Wilmington to Goldsboro' 16 to 30 May 65; Clerk for Co., duration unknown.
- Harris, W. T., F: Clerk Q.M. Dept. Oct. 62 to Sept. 63; Clerk Q.M.D. Hilton Head. Capt. Lunt (on duty, 16 Aug. 63, Hilton Head); from 2 Sept. 63, Clerk H.Q. Post Morris Island with Capt. Terry: from 2 Oct. 63 Clerk P.M. office: Clerk Gen. Terry's Staff April and May 64 (Div. H.Q.), also June and July 64; to 2 Oct. 63 Clerk Chief Q.M., Capt. Elwell; Col. Williams' H.Q. Aug. 62; 9 Aug. 62, on boat duty; from 3 Mar. 62, Coxswain of express boats to Edisto.
- Hayden, Alfred P., F: Pioneer Corps April and May 64.
- Hodgdon, Enos F., F: Regtl. Hosp. May 64.
- Harvey, Geo. D., F: Co. cook Aug. to Dec. 64; Regtl. Q.M.D. Dec. 64; from 19 Feb. 65 ab. with baggage near Ft. Fisher; Ord. Regtl. Q.M. March, April and May 65.
- Hall, James H., F: From 11 July 64, Ord. Dept. S.O. 67, 10 A.C., Aug. to Nov. 64; Ord. H.Q., N.D. D. S., Folly Id., Jan. and Feb. 64, also July and Aug. 64 and Feb. 65 and May 65.
- Hall, Chas. T., F: Q.M.D. Aug. 64; Ord. at Corp. H.Q. Sept. 64; Ord. Provo. Marshal 10 A.C. Office Oct. 64 to Feb. 65; Feb. 64 Ord. for Post H.Q.; Post Office, Wilmington, 21 April to June 65.
- Hall, Frank H., G: Requa Battery 4 July 63 to Sept. 63.

- Hill, Wm. H., II: Pioneer Corps May 64; Co. cook.
Hall, Tracy L., II: Co. cook Aug. to Dec. 64.
Harvey, Enoch T., II: Clerk.
Harkness, Joseph E., I: Hosp. Stmr. *Cosmopolitan* Sept. 63.
Harrold, Joseph, I: Co. cook Aug. and Sept. 64.
Hill, Chas. P., I: Amb. Corps Aug. to Nov. 64.
Hall, Jeremiah, K: Co. cook July 64 to Jan. 65.
Huntton, Abdalonymus, B: Pioneer Corps May 64.
Handerson, Henry C., Lt.: Recruiting Service Sept. 62 to Jan. 63.
Horton, James O., I: Mounted Ord. for Terry on Morris Island and then for Col. Davis; rejoined regt. at Hilton Head after mounting of regt.
Ineson, Benj., E: Co. cook May, June and July 64.
Ingram, Henry, F: Co. cook Jan. to June 65.
Jackson, John H., Col.: On G.C.M. 29 Mar. 62; from 22 July 63 to 19 Jan. 64, S.O. 429, D.S., on Recruiting Service.
Johnson, Thomas, A: Co. cook June 65.
James, Thomas H. B., B: Clerk to Capt. Towle, Brig. Inspector, July 63 to Mar. 64.
Johonnet, Emerson L., E: From 27 June 63 to Sept. 63.
Jackman, Lemuel N., F: S.O. 429 D.S. (after conscripts), 22 July 63 to 17 Nov. 63; Ord. Dept. May 64 to Jan. 65; from 15 Jan. 62 to May 62, Regtl. Hosp.; from 23 Nov. 63, Actg. Sergt.-Maj. at Provo. H.Q. to Feb. 64; hostler on *Betridere* Oct., Nov. 61; on wharf May 63; from June 65 to take charge of enlisted men must. out by Order 73, N.C.
Johnston, Geo. A., A: Nurse in Gen. Hosp. H.H., 62; Nurse on Hosp. Stmr. at City Point, Va., 64.
Jones, John, F: May 65.
Joslin, Horace, G: Q.M.D. Aug. to Dec. 64; Co. Cook.
Jewett, Chas., I: Regtl. Blacksmith Aug. 61 to Sept. 63; Regtl. Armorer Sept. 63 to July 64.
Jackson, Geo. W., K: Q.M.D. Aug. to Oct. 64.
James, John S., Lt.: Jailor. Wilmington, N.C., 7 May to 6 June 65; Asst. Provo. Marshal, Goldsboro', N.C., 14 to 16 June 65; S.O. 540 D.S. Sept. 63, to Virginia, after deserter (see L. O. F. Burke).
Johnson, Harrison E., D: Co. Clerk Mar. 63.
James, Geo. R., D: Wagoner, in charge Regtl. Q.M. horses April 63; R.S.O. 44, 20 Dec. 63.
Kimball, Franklin B., Surg.: From June 65 Post Hosp., S.O., 109 Dist. H.Q.
Karney, Wm. M., A: Co. Cook June and July 64.
Kittredge, Perry, B: Ward Master Regtl. Hosp.; at Medical Purveyor's office, Hilton Head, prior to regt. going to Edisto.
Kenniston, Horace B., E: Requa Battery Sept. 63.
Kemp, Oscar, E: Co. Cook Aug. 64.
Kimball, Lewis, Jr., F: Clerk Provo. Marshal's office Sept. 63 to Jan. 64; Post Q.M.D., Morris Island: Clerk for Capt. Randlett Mar. 63; Clerk at Post Com. May to July 63.
King, John L., F: Nurse Regtl. Hosp. Nov. 61 to Jan. 64 and May 64; by S.O. 32: Nurse Regtl. Hosp. April 62 to Dec. 63; Ord. Med. Insp. April and May 65.
Keefe, David, C: Co. Cook Nov. 64 to Jan. 65.
Lord, Geo. F., S.M.: After conscripts, S.O., 429, D.S. (did not return): Adj't.-Gen.'s office, Concord, N. H.
Locke, Elbridge G., B: Co. Cook Nov. 64.
Leavitt, Joseph W., B.: Wilmington, in charge of contrabands 3 Mar. 65; from 9 June 65 in charge of jail.
La Clair, Emery, E: With Randlett, Provo. Marshal, order dated 29 Oct. 63; Co. Cook May to July 64.
Lay, Chas., F: Regtl. Hosp. Dept.
Lawson, Gideon, F: Jarvis Gen'l Hosp., Baltimore.
La Mudge, Alex., H: Recruiting Service 15 Sept. 62; ret'd from New Hampshire 25 June 63.
Lang, Geo. B., I: Post Band Sept. 63; Chief Bugler July 64; from 28 April 63 to 14 Mar. 64 detailed Second Brigade Band.

- Lewis, Alonzo A., I: Amb. Corps May to Nov. 64.
 Ladd, Lewis, K: Q.M.D. May and June 64.
 Little, Samuel H., A: Hosp. Stmr. *Cosmopolitan* Sept. 63, City Pt., Va., 64.
 Lucas, Chas., H: Q.M.D. June to Nov. 64.
 Libby, Jonah, Jr., Lt.: Recruiting officer for re-enl. men.
 Maxwell, Wm. H., Capt.: From 4 Oct. 64 Hart's Island, N.Y. Harbor, Draft Rendez., S.O. 32 W.D., to Dec. 64.
 Morrill, Frank L., A: Lt., From 1 Oct. 63 Sig. Corps, also Mar., May, June and July 64; ret'd from Recruiting Service 4 May 62, went 2 Jan. 62.
 McCoy, James E.: From 23 Sept. 64 on Board Survey, Co. A's prop. (with Stearns and Dodge).
 Moore, Thomas T., A: H.Q. U.S. Forces, S.O. 458 Sept. 63, Morris Id.
 McDuffie, Sam'l V., A: H.Q., D.S. Sept. 63, Signal Corps.
 Marston, William S., B: Signal Corps Sept. 63.
 Munroe, Porter, B: Amb. Corps May to Nov. 64; Ord. Dept. June 64.
 Moody, Alfred C., B: Div. H.Q. May 64; Ord. Dept. June to Nov. 64.
 McGuire, James, B: Co. Cook Dec. 64 and Jan. 65.
 Morrison, James, C: Requa Battery Sept. 63.
 McCarthy, Daniel, C: Requa Battery Sept. 63.
 Mahoney, Daniel, Jr., C: Light Battery May 64; Q.M.D. Aug. 64.
 Mahoney, Dennis, C: Light Battery May 64.
 Marshall, Dustin, C: Light Battery May 64.
 McLaughlin, Daniel, C: Light Battery May 64.
 Murphy, Thomas, C: Co. Cook Aug. 64; Provo. Guard Nov. 64.
 Moore, David, C: Amb. Corps. Aug. to Nov. 64.
 Mullaholland, John, D: Light Battery May 64.
 Marston, George W., D: Q.M.D. Sept. to Nov. 64; Co. Cook; Clerk; Co. Cook, R.O. 63, 4 Dec. 63.
 Moore, Joseph F., D: Co. Cook June 65.
 Mills, George H., D: From 17 Mar. to 4 April 65 (Drummer), as orderly to Dr. Buzzell.
 McDavitt, Henry, D: Co. Cook.
 McTavish, Hugh, F: Pioneer Corps April and May 64; from 19 Feb. 65 ab. with baggage near Ft. Fisher.
 Mygatt, Revingstone H., F: From 7 Dec. 63 Machinist Q.M.D. and Jan. 64; Dec. 61 Hostler on *Belvidere*; Q.M.D. Nov. and Dec. 63; Tinsmith, Post H.Q.
 Milliken, Albert H., F: On wharf May 63.
 Moulton, Albion, G: From 28 June 63 to 9 Aug. 63 Requa Battery; Recruiting Service 9 July 62 to 12 April 63, N.H.
 Murdough, Geo., H: Regtl. Hosp. May 64; Cook for Band.
 Metcalf, Alden E., H: Provo. Guard Sept. to Nov. 64.
 McGowan, John, H: Co. Cook June 65.
 Mansfield, Patrick, I: Regtl. Bakery Sept. 63; Q.M.D. Nov. 64.
 Morse, John M., I: Signal Corps Sept. 63.
 McLeod, Daniel, I: Brig. H.Q. Dec. 64.
 Murphy, Hiram P., I: From 23 Dec. 61 to 16 Oct. 63 Baker H.H. (Post Bakery).
 Maxfield, Sylvanus, K: Q.M.D. Aug. to Oct. 64.
 Mears, John, A: On Hosp. Stmr., *Geo. Leary* Sept. to Nov. 64; Actg. Com.-Sergt. Brig. Hosp. Wilmington and Goldsboro', May to June 65.
 McDonald, Converse D., E: Recruiting Service Sept. 62.
 McCaffrey, Wm. J., G: P.O. Goldsboro', N.C., June 65.
 Marks, Sardine, D: Ord. Post. H.Q., B.B., May and June 63.
 Niles, Stephen W., A: Q.M.D. Sept. 63; Corps H.Q. 22 June 64 to must. out as Ord. at Telegraph Office; Morris Island 22 Sept. to 7 Oct. 63; Cook for Post Q.M. and Assts.: Hilton Head while A and I off Provo., cook 12 Sept. to 2 Oct. 62 for Provo. Marshal.
 Norcross, Joseph F., F: Q.M.D. Sept. 63; Wag. Q.M.D. May 64; Cook, Baud; Teamster, Q.M.D. Dec. 62, Feb. and July 64; Teamster Chf. Q.M.D. April and Dec. 63.
 Nixon, Robert, I: Co. Cook Oct. 64; Q.M.D. Nov. 64.
 Nash, John J., I: Co. Cook Jan. and June 65.

- Nute, Martin L., K: Post Band Sept. 63; from 18 Mar. 63 to 12 Mar. 64, member of Second Brigade Band; Co. Cook; Cook for Band.
- Nichols, Fred A., F: Detailed to assist Lt. Hickok, Signal Officer, May 63.
- O'Brien, Edmund, C: Q.M.D. Aug. to Nov. 64.
- Owens, Geo. W., C: Regtl. Clerk June 65.
- Odiorne, Geo. W., D: Requa Battery June 63; Sharpshooters Sept. 63; ret'd 4 Oct. 63.
- O'Brien, James, F: May 65.
- O'Keefe, Timothy C., H: Co. Cook Jan. 65.
- O'Brien, Terrence, C: Carpenter 7 July 62.
- Plimpton, Josiah I., Capt.: Feb. 62 to build sawmill; from 10 Feb. 63 on Board to examine officers who overstayed l.a.; June 63 A.I.G. St. Helena; Aug. 63 A.I.G. Morris Island.
- Parker, John M., Lt.: On Board Survey (with Stearns and Akerman), Actg. Adj't. several times.
- Place, Leonard F., Lt.: From Sept. 62 at Concord, N.H., on Recruiting Service, to 9 Jan. 63.
- Prouddnan, James D., A: From 23 Dec. 61 baker; Signal Corps Sept. 63.
- Perry, Anstin E., A: With Div. Provo. Guard Sept. to Nov. 64, and safe-guard N.C. 65.
- Potter, Joseph, C: Hos. Stmr. *George Washington* under G.O. 339, H.Q. A. of J.; on Detached Service at muster-out.
- Perkins, David W., D: From 3 March 62, Coxswain of express boats to Edisto.
- Philbrick, John W., E: Co. Cook Nov. and Dec. 64.
- Pettigrew, Henry J., E: Pioneer Corps.
- Pushee, Jessie C., F: Dock Guard Jan. 64, Provo. detachment Feb. 64.
- Philbrook, Chas. W., F: Ord. H.Q. H.D., D.S., Folly Id., Jan. and Feb. 64.
- Piper, William C., G: Co. Cook July 64 to Jan. 65; 6 Aug. 63 Col. Guss, H.Q. M.I., to 8 Aug. 63; Clerk H.Q.
- Page, Geo. H., G: Co. Cook July 64.
- Piper, George E., G: Clerk.
- Persons, Joseph, I: Div. H.Q. Sept. to Nov. 64.
- Pelkey, David, I: Teamster R.Q.M. Dept. June 64.
- Parker, Corwin G., K: Amb. Corps Aug. to Nov. 64.
- Plaisted, James W., D: About 10 days April 64 as Clerk in Gen. Casey's office, Washington, D.C.
- Perkins, George, D: Recruiting Service, S.O. 662 D.S., 21 Dec. 63.
- Pevear, Samuel L., D: Hosp. Stmr. *J. K. Barnes*, 64 to 65.
- Quinlan, James, C: Co. Cook Aug. to Oct. 64.
- Quigley, Peter, H: James' Light Battery Co. C (3 R.I.), June 64 to Mar. 65.
- Randlett, James F., Capt.: From 1 July 63 on G.C.M.; from June 64 Provo. Marshal 10 A.C. S.O. 60 to Aug. 64; Lt.-Col. from 2 Mar. 65, Provo. Marshal of Wilmington to 29 June 65, S.O. 80 Dist. H.Q.
- Ramsey, Wm. H., A: Signal Corps Sept. 63.
- Riddon, Thomas, D: Boat Inf. Picket S.O. 45, 14 Feb. 64.
- Robinson, Dana D., E: Sharpshooters Sept. 63.
- Robinson, Rody, E: From 13 Aug. 63 Sharpshooters.
- Rattray, Thomas, E: Boat Inf. Picket Morris Island 63.
- Ross, Chester A., F: Ord. Dept. May 64; 24 May 64, Q.M.D., S.O. 21, and Aug. 64; from 2 Sept. 64 Regtl. Armorer to June 65; 11 March 64 Blacksmith Q.M.D.; Q.M.D. June 64.
- Rhodes, Joel H., F: Regtl. Hosp. Nurse April and May 62; Wag. Sept. 61 and July 62.
- Riss, Carl, F: Jan. to March 65; From 19 Feb. 65 ab. with baggage, near Fost Fisher.
- Ring, John, F: Ord. at Med. Insp. Office April 65.
- Rock, Henry C., H: Provo. Guard Sept. to Nov. 64.
- Richardson, Richard B., I: Nurse Regtl. Hosp.
- Ranney, William, D: Boat Inf. Picket S.O. 45, 14 Feb. 64.
- Stearns, George, Capt.: From 23 Sept. 64 on Board Survey A's prop. (with Dodge and McCoy), 24 Sept. 64 Board Survey E's prop. (with Parker and Akerman).

- Squires, Hiram C., A: H.Q. United States Forces Sept. 63, Morris Id.
 Scott, William P., A: Nurse in Flying Hosp. Oct. and Nov. 64.
 Syms, Ruel S., A: Regimental Barber (time uncertain).
 Storrin, Matthew, Mus., A: From 8 June 65 Ord. at Transfer Off., Goldsboro'.
 Sleeper, William H., B: Regtl. Hosp. Sept. 63; Cook Regtl. Hosp. May 64;
 Co. Cook June and July 64.
 Scott, Wm., B: From July 63 Nurse Stmr. *Cosmopolitan*.
 Sprague, Wm., C: Light Battery May 64.
 Stoodley, Thos. E., D: With Regtl. Commissary and Q.M. entire term.
 Smith, Chas. W., D: From 7 July 62 Carpenter to 15 Feb. 63. Requa Battery
 from 27 June 63: 31 Oct. 62 Q.M.D.
 Stevens, Ransom D., E: With Provo. Marshal-Gen. S.O. 264, H.Q. U.S.
 Forces, H.I.L., Sept. 63. S.O. 586 D.S., special duty with Provo. Mar-
 shal Genl. of Dept.
 Scales, Chas. F., E: Q.M.D. teamster S.O. 101: Amb. Corps June 64.
 Scales, Royal, Jr., E: Amb. Corps June to Nov. 64; from 11 March 65 in Ord.
 Dept. Wilmington.
 Shaw, Daniel W., E: From 11 July 64, Q.M.D., S.O. 67; Aug. to Nov. 64
 Q.M.D., S.O. 101; Wag. Q.M.D. Goldsboro' in 65.
 Sargent, Moses, E: Invalid Corps May 64.
 Stockwell, Albert H., F: Co. Cook Jan. and April 65; on wharf May 63.
 Smith, Chas. D., F: R.Q.M. Dept. Oct. 62.
 Swallow, Wm. A., F: Asst. Jailor Provo. Guard Feb. 64.
 Sellingham, Frank F., F: Carpenter Sept. 61 and Jan. 62.
 Stiles, Moses, G: Co. Cook to 5 Aug. 63.
 Simmons, Volney T., H: From 23 Dec. 61; Regtl. Bakery Sept. 63.
 Smith, Donald, H: Co. Cook Aug. and Sept. 64.
 Smith, Thomas, H: Depot Hosp. Point of Rocks, Va., Aug. and Sept. 64;
 Q.M.D. June 64.
 Soukson, Amos Peter, H: Brig. Com. Dept. Dec. 64.
 Scovell, Albert D., I: Hosp. Attendant (also Clerk; afterward Hosp. Stew-
 ard) June 62 to Aug. 64.
 Spaulding, Alanson, K: Sharpshooters Sept. 63.
 Smith, Lorenzo D., K: Pioneer Corps May 64.
 Spencer, Geo. W., Mus., K: Ord. to Dr. Eaton 12 Nov. 61 to 16 April 62.
 Trickey, Wm. H., Maj.: From 12 April 65 on G.C.M., Wilmington, N.C.
 Tuttle, Fred H., Lt.: From June 65. A.C.M. 10 A.C., S.O. 83 Dept. N.C.;
 Clerk to Med. Ex. Board Sept. 63 to Mar. 64.
 Tibbets, Collins P., A: On Hosp. Stmr. *Geo. Leary* Sept. to Nov. 64.
 Tuttle, James H., B: Requa Battery Sept. 63.
 Tompkins, Eli, B: Co. Cook Aug. 64.
 Tucker, John A., D: Q.M.D. Aug. to Nov. 64.
 Townes, James B. F., F: From 17 Sept. 64, Provo. Guard, also Nov. 64.
 Toothaker, Jotham S., F: From 1 Sept. 62, Carpenter; Jan., Feb. and Sept.
 62, Carpenter; Carpenter G.H. July 62.
 Trotter, Grant, G: Fort Hamilton, N.Y. Sept. 63.
 Thompson, N., H: Pioneer Corps May 64.
 Turner, Geo. A., H: Provo. Guard Sept. to Nov. 64.
 Todd, Wm., H: Co. Clerk.
 Tebo, Samuel, I: Co. Cook Aug. and Sept. 64.
 Thomson, Thomas, K: Amb. Corps May, June; captured 29 June 64.
 Thomas, Richard, K: B.B., as Oarsman for Col. Jackson. 4 May 63 and
 prior; 3 March 63, Coxswain express boats to Edisto.
 Tucker, William, D: Boat Inf. Picket S.O. 45, 14 Feb. 64.
 Vittum, David P. S., G: Co. Cook June 65.
 Vibbert, Luke R., K: Co. Cook Aug. to Oct. 64.
 Wadlia, Andrew J., G: Sergt. from 18 Jan. 62 by Viele's S.O. 8: Lt. from
 9 July 63 on detail Folly Island; from 15 July 63 Morris Island (had
 returned 15 Sept. 63): from 18 July 62 (all in Ord. or Eng. Depts.)
 Woodbury, Roger W., A: Sergt. from Sept. 61 to Jan. 63, Actg. Brig. Com.
 Sergt.: Lt. Jan. and Feb. 64, Actg. Post Com., Morris Id.: April 64
 to Jan. 65, Actg. Ord. Officer; Capt., Jan. 65 (with Terry), Actg. Ord.
 Officer to June 65.

- Webster, Geo. H., A : Regna Battery Sept. 63 : Wag. R.Q.D. Aug. to Oct. 64.
 White, Leander, A : H.Q.D.S. Saddler. Sept. 63 : from 13 June 63 (R.Q.M.)
 White, Charles A., A : From 1 March 62 Clerk H.Q. Post, H.H., to April 64.
 Walker, Joseph M., B : Regtl. Hosp. Sept. 63 : Co. Cook May, June and July 64.
 West, Wm., B : Q.M.D. June to Nov. 64.
 Welch, Stephen, C., Staff stables. Sept. 63 ; Brig. Q.M. Dept. May and Aug. 64 : Q.M.D. Sept. to Nov. 64.
 Wolfandale, Wm., C : Capt.'s Servant May 64, June and July 64.
 Wiggin, Leonard G., D : Oarsman Gillmore's boat Sept. 63 ; Oarsman Sept. 62.
 Wallace, Chas. B., E : From 5 Oct. 63 Nurse U.S. G.H. by Gen. Gillmore's S.O. 553.
 Waters, John, F : Regna Battery June 63 to Oct. 63.
 Willard, Nathaniel L., F : Nurse Regtl. Hosp. Oct. 62 to May 64 ; Co. Cook ; Guard Hosp. Stores S.O. 127 June and July 64.
 Wyman, Geo. L., F : Ord. Dept. May 64 : Teamster Q.M.D. Hilton Head 1 July 62 and Oct. 62 and Jan. 63 : S.O. 19, Teamster Ord. Dept. May to July 64.
 Watrous, Edgar H., G : Amb. Corps. Aug. to Nov. 64 ; H.H. to 3 April 63 ; from 19 June 63 Boat Yard, H.H.
 Wentworth, Chas. H., G : Co. Cook Oct. 64.
 White, Pilbro, G : From 13 Aug. 63 Sharpshooter.
 Wheeler, Geo. N., H : Co. Cook.
 White, Almon B., I : Sharpshooter Sept. 63.
 Warner, Philip A., K : Q.M.D. Sept. 63 to Nov. 64 ; Carpenter from 22 July 63 to 24 Aug. 63 ; Detached Service from 11 July 64, Q.M.D. 10 A.C. ; Ord. Dept. N.C. April 65 to end.
 Wilson, Chas., K : Co. Cook Dec. 64.
 Watson, Oliver, K : Ord. to Col. Fellows to April 64.
 Weber, Geo. H., Mus., D : Printer H.H. April 62 to June 62.
 Wheeler, Geo. W., D : Gen. Hosp. Dec. 62.
 Wilson, James, K : Provo. Marshal's Off. Wilmington, N.C. from 15 March 64.
 Youngman, Geo. F., B : From 27 Sept. 64 Pioneer Corps.
 Young, Joseph H., D : From 11 May 63 Regtl. Bakery and Sept. 63 ; 23 Dec. 61 Baker : July 62 Q.M.D. to June 63.
 York, Isaac I., G : From 12 Aug. 63 Hosp. Att. to Dr. Buzzell and Sept. 63 ; Regtl. Hosp. May, June and July 64.
 York, Geo. T., G : Regtl. Com. Dept. Aug. 64 to Jan. 65 ; Regtl. Q.M.D. June 65 ; Co. Cook June and Aug. 64.

CAPTURED, — CLASS I.

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Atherton, A. S.	2 Lt.	G			16 Aug.		Par. Dec. 64, wd. and cap. Deep Run. (See d. of disease.)
Atmore, Geo. W.				18 July	16 May		Par. 9 Dec. 64, prom. to Col. wh. pris. Exch., trans. to V.R.C. 17 April 65.
Bedel, John	Lt.-Col. Corp.	K			16 Aug.		Par. 1 Mar. 65, N. E. Ferry.
Brackett, Edwin		A			7 Oct.		Par. 1 Mar. 65, N. E. Ferry.
Bowman, Eli E.		H			7 Oct.		Esc. 27 May 65.
Bazinet, George		A			17 Aug.		Par. 7 Oct. 64.
Brelsford, Sam'l D.		K			16 May		Esc. 7 May 65.
Bignun, Herman		G			16 May		(See d. of disease.)
Brown, John		G			16 May		(See d. of wds.)
Baker, Daniel W.		G			16 May		After lying in field 24 hours.
Bure, Jacob		K			16 May		Wd., par.
Ball, Joseph H.		C	16 June				(See d. of wds.)
Cadorath, Eugene		E	16 June				(See d. of wds.)
Carr, Geo. D.		E	16 June				Exch. Aug. 64, wd., par.
Chase, Valentine M.		D			16 Aug.		Par. 6 Dec. 64.
Comings, Jos. T.		G			16 Aug.		(See d. of wds.)
Chesley, Harra A.		G			17 Oct.		(See d. of disease.)
Chesley, Joseph		A			7 Oct.		(See d. of wds.)
Chapman, George		A			7 Oct.		Laurel Hill (see d. of disease).
Carter, Wm. H.		A			7 Oct.		(See d. of wds.)
Constantine, Geo. W.		A			16 May		Esc., rejoined 22 Feb. 65.
Dane, Albert G.	Corp.	D			16 Aug.		Par., released.
Entwistle, Thos.	Corp.	K			16 June		Par. June 65, exch.
Eycaldt, Henry E.		E			13 May		(See d. of disease.)
Freeman, Henry		B			7 Oct.		(See d. of disease.)
French, Antonio		A			16 May		(See d. of disease.)
Feen, Garrett		A			16 May		(See d. of wds.)
Fontaine, Edward		D					
Gibson, Geo. W.		H	16 June				
George, Albert Q.							

Gilbert, D. W.	I	16 Aug.	Exch. 18 Aug. 64, and died.
George, Alden G.	A	16 June	(See d. of disease.)
Halligan, Luke	E	18 July	Ft. Wagner (see d. of disease).
Healey, Timothy	C	16 Aug.	(See d. of wds.)
Heck, Joseph	G	16 Aug.	(See d. of disease.)
Healey, Geo. W.	B	16 Aug.	Released.
Jennings, Amos E.	F	16 Aug.	(See d. of disease.)
Kennedy, John	C	7 Oct.	Released May 65.
Lang, Wm. W.	I	13 May	Ft. Wagner, was at Columbia, S.C.
Levy, Edward	F	16 Aug.	*Yank. des. 15 June 64, pris. 17 June 64.
McGinness, John	H	16 May	Par. 7 Oct. 61.
McGrody, Hugh	D	7 Oct.	Par. 1 Mar. 65 N.E. F'y, rel. 24 Feb. 65.
Meads, James W.	G	16 June	(See d. of disease.)
McDonald, Donald	D	13 May	(See d. of wds.)
Merrill, Wm. H.	B	16 June	(See d. of disease.)
Ornstedorf, John	D	16 Aug.	(See d. of wds.)
Pearl, Abram	I	2 Oct.	Par. Mar. 65, N.E. Ferry.
Putnam, John G. P.	A	16 June	Laurel Hill, rel. 27 June 65.
Paul, Leon	D	13 May	Par., exch. Dec. 64.
Powers, James	D	13 May	(See d. of disease.)
Patch, John	F	16 May	(See d. of wds.)
Phelps, Geo. M.	G	16 May	Died Andersonville.
Remick, Carl A. B.	F	16 May	Exch. July 61.
Scott, Wm. P.	A	16 May	(See d. of disease.)
Smith, John, 2d	F	16 May	(See d. of disease.)
Smith, Chas.	F	1 Oct.	Darbytown R'd, Va. (see d. of disease).
Scott, Ard.	F	16 June	(Wd.)
Small, Samuel	E	29 June	Rean's Stat'n, Va. (see Other Duty).
Thompson, Thos.	K	7 Oct.	Reported m.i.a., par. 1 Mar. 65.
Van Munster, Albert	G	7 Oct.	(See d. of wds.)
Vincent, Rupert	H	16 May	Wd., par., exch.
Whittaker, Samuel	C	2 Oct.	Reported m.i.a., par. 18 Oct. 64.
Webster, Daniel S.	G		Laurel Hill, on picket, par. 1 Mar. 65.
White, John C.	D		

*Uncertain whether captured or a deserter.

CAPTURED,—CLASS I.—(Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Wolfe, John D.	.	F			16 May		(See d. of disease.)
Williams, Thos.	.	H			30 June		Rep. deserter, Wier Bottom Church.
Wingart, De Lewis	.	G			17 May		(See d. of disease.)
Welch, James	.	C			May		Exch. Dec. 64.
White, John	.	G			16 May		Par. 1 Mar. 65, N.R. Ferry, N.C.
Yelden, John	.	I	16 June				(See d. of wds.)

CAPTURED,—CLASS II. (Co. H, Pinckney Island, 21 Aug. 62.)

Harvey, Chas.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., disch., dis. Annap. 17 Mar. 63.
McQuestion, Jerome B.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., disch., dis. Camp Par. 2 Nov. 62.
Burham, Geo. W.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., killed M.I. 26 Aug. 63.
Paige, Henry C.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., disch., dis. 20 May 63, B.B.
Sherman, Chas.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., disch., for dis. Nov. 62.
Todd, William	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., rejoined 5 Feb. 63.
Clough, Geo.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., disch., exp. term 23 Aug. 64, B.H.
Adams, Thos.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
Adams, Eben H.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., re-enl., in o. 20 July 65.
Brady, John	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., re-enl., deserted.
Bickford, Edw.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., re-enl., deserted.
Briggs, American	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., re-enl., k.i.a.
Burham, Chas. F.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., term exp. 23 Aug. 64.
Blood, Albert	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., dis. for dis. 28 Mar. 63, Annap.
Butterfield, Wm.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., dis. for dis. Camp Par. 1 Nov. 62.
Callaghan, James	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., dis. for exp. term B.H. 23 Aug. 64.
Davis, John B.	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., dis. for dis. Camp Par. 1 Nov. 62.
Dugan, Jeremiah	.	.	.	.	21 Aug.		Ex., dis. for dis. Camp Par. 1 Nov. 62.

Ex., dis. for dis. 20 Mar. 63.
 Ex., deserted 5 June 65, Annapolis.
 Ex., dis. for dis. Camp Par. 5 Nov. 62.
 Ex., dis. for dis. 17 Mar. 65, Annap.
 (See died of wds.)
 Exchanged, re-enl., deserted.
 Exchanged, re-enl., m.o. 20 July 65.
 Ex., rejoined 12 Nov. 63.
 Ex., re-enl., died of disease.
 Ex., dis. for dis. Annap. 20 Mar. 63.
 Exchanged, m.o. 23 Aug. 64.
 Ex., re-enl., m.o. 20 July 65.
 Exchanged, re-enl., m.o. 20 July 65.
 Ex., dis. for dis. 4 June 63, Beau., S.C.
 Exchanged, re-enl.
 Ex., killed M.I., 25 Aug. 63.
 Ex., rejoined 5 Feb. 63, re-enl.
 Exchanged, m.o. 23 Aug. 64.

French, Chas. F. H 21 Aug.
 Ferrin, Frank H 21 Aug.
 Hunt, Josiah F. H 21 Aug.
 Harvey, Enoch T. H 21 Aug.
 Jefferson, Daniel, Jr. H 21 Aug.
 Locklin, John H 21 Aug.
 McDuffy, Leroy H 21 Aug.
 Metcalf, Alden E. H 21 Aug.
 O'Neil, James H 21 Aug.
 Parker, Timothy H 21 Aug.
 Perry, Ira B. H 21 Aug.
 Paige, David A. H 21 Aug.
 Richards, Walter J. H 21 Aug.
 Roach, James C. H 21 Aug.
 Robinson, Wm. H 21 Aug.
 Smith, John A. H 21 Aug.
 Turner, Geo. A. H 21 Aug.
 Welsh, Patrick H 21 Aug.

DESERTED, — CLASS I. (WHO NEVER RETURNED.)

Ami, John	B	7 Nov.	11 April	Ft. Richmond, N.Y. Harbor. Winnington from camp.
Ames, John	C	—	—	<i>En route</i> to regt. B.H.
Adams, John	H	—	—	Supposed des. <i>en route</i> to regt.
Ardon, John	Un.	—	—	Goldsboro', N.C.
Adams, John	K	—	25 June	<i>En route</i> to regt.
Anderson, George	F	—	3 June	Winnington from camp.
Burns, Wm.	C	—	12 April	Goldsboro', N.C.
Blair, Joseph	C	—	17 June	B.H.
Burns, John	C	—	—	G.I., N.Y. charge of des. rem. 1889.
Brown, Daniel H.	E	1 July	15 Jan.	Federal Point, N.C.
Blake, James	F	—	25 Mar.	Wil., was on duty, took his Spencer.
Burke, Dennis	F	—	—	—

DESERTED, — CLASS I. (WHO NEVER RETURNED) — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Burns, Henry		F					3 June	<i>En route</i> to regt.
Blackinton, David P. . .		F					3 June	<i>En route</i> to regt.
Brankley, John		F					5 June	Goldshoro', left his post.
Broyham, James		G				14 April		Jacksonville.
Brady, Chas.		H					16 Jan.	Federal Pt. from camp.
Brown, Thos. H.		H					20 Mar.	Wilmington, camp.
Burrill, John		H				30 June		Weir Bottom Church.
Buckford, Edward		H				11 April		Vet. furl.
Brady, John		H				11 April		Vet. furl.
Bell, George		I				11 April		Vet. furl.
Bolo, George N.		K				11 April		Vet. furl.
Bigman, Herman		K				15 Aug.		Deep Bottom on march.
Bateman, James		F					15 Jan.	Federal Pt. on landing.
Baker, Thos.		Un.						Des. <i>en route</i> .
Benson, Wm.		Un.						Des. <i>en route</i> .
Borley, Geo.		Un.						Des. <i>en route</i> .
Casey, Edw. W.		B				11 April		Vet. furl.
Clark, John		B				13 April		Jacksonville.
Chipperon, Lawrence . .		C					17 Jan.	App., rel. charge 7 Aug. 65.
Carroll, John, 2d		C					17 Jan.	<i>En route</i> to regt., B.H.
Carroll, John, 1st		C	24 Aug.					Concord, N. H.
Carguin, Henry		C				24 July		G.H., Pt. Lookout.
Cunningham, Michael . .		C				15 April	10 April	Wilmington from camp.
Costello, Bryan		C						Vet. furl. Wash., D. C.
Cutter, James R.		E	3 Sept.					Nashua, N. H.
Carroll, James		F				11 April	5 June	Goldshoro', left his post.
Clay, Alonzo		B					3 June	<i>En route</i> to regt.
Campbell, John		F				14 April		Vet. furl.
Chase, James L.		F				31 May		Bermuda Hundred.
Crowsan, John		H						

Corey, Michael	I	27 Feb.	N. E. Branch from camp.
Corker, Henry	I	11 April	Vet. furl.
Cox, William H. . . .	I	8 Nov.	New York Harbor.
Chickering, Alpheus . .	A	10 Nov.	Ward G.H., Newark, N. J.
Curtis, Robt.	Un.	—	Des. <i>en route</i> .
Clifford, Edgar	K	29 Oct.	Readville, Mass.
Covington, Evans	Un.	—	Des. <i>en route</i> .
Dupray, Joseph	A	7 Nov.	New York Harbor.
Diaz, Manuel	B	16 Aug.	B.H. (picket to enemy).
Desotelle, Israel	C	17 Jan.	<i>En route</i> to regt.
Davis, George	C	17 Jan.	B.H., <i>en route</i> to regt.
Davis, Hiram W.	C	17 Jan.	B.H., <i>en route</i> to regt.
Dulley, Wm.	D	16 Aug.	Deep Bottom on march.
Desmond, John B.	E	12 April	Jacksonville.
Donnelly, Wm.	H	—	Wilmington from camp.
Donovan, John	I	1 Mar.	Wilmington, camp.
Davis, Chas.	I	27 Feb.	New York while guarding pris.
Delamane, Louis	Un.	—	Des. <i>en route</i> .
Davis, Edward	Un.	—	Des. <i>en route</i> .
Everington, George . . .	A	2 Dec.	General Hospital, N.Y.
Earls, David	C	30 Nov.	General Hospital, Ft. Lookont.
Eagan, Thomas	C	—	Goldsboro'.
Eaton, John H.	D	13 June	Concord, N.H.
Elliott, Robert	K	7 Nov.	N.Y. Harbor.
Friley, John	C	1 May	Gloucester Point.
Francis, Wm.	C	—	Goldsboro'.
Flarty, Redman	C	13 June	Wilmington, camp.
Farren, Patrick S. . . .	C	17 May	Wilmington.
Foster, Charles	C	10 April	Wilmington.
Forney, Christopher . .	C	19 April	Wilmington from camp.
Flood, James A.	G	12 July	Central Park General Hospital, N.Y.
Ferrin, Frank	I	—	Goldsboro'.
Freeman, Henry	II	6 June	Annapolis.
Franklin, James	E	30 April	Baltimore, Md.
Gains, Oscar	Un.	—	Des. <i>en route</i> .
Green, John	G	12 July	Hunter's Pt., L.I.
	I	—	Goldsboro'.

DESERTED, — CLASS I. (WHO NEVER RETURNED) — (*Continued*).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Graw, John	G						5 Jan.	Hospital.
Howland, Geo. . . .	A					11 Sept.		McClellan General Hospital, Phila.
Hamilton, James . .	A					19 April		Near Jacksonville.
Holt, Chas. M. . . .	B					8 Nov.		N.Y. Harbor.
Horton, Wm.	D							Concord, N.H.
Hennessey, Peter . .	E		26 Aug.					New York Harbor.
Harris, James	F						3 June	<i>En route</i> to regt.
Harvey, George W. . .	F						3 June	<i>En route</i> to regt.
Hoffman, Chas. . . .	G					8 Nov.		New York Harbor.
Hoyt, Adolphus E. . .	G			29 July				Ft. Hamilton.
Hodgkins, Sam'l F. . .	G		27 Aug.					Concord, N.H.
Hilton, Chas. A. . . .	G		27 Aug.					Concord, N.H.
Hickey, Wm.	G					25 June		Wilson's Landing, Va.
Hanning, Henry	I						1 Mar.	Winnington, camp.
Hines, James	I						1 Mar.	Winnington, camp.
Hall, Edward	I						1 Jan.	B.H., on march.
Herrin, Wm. H. . . .	K					8 Nov.		New York Harbor.
Hart, Robert	K					7 Nov.		New York Harbor.
Hildenbrand, Anton . .	E					7 Aug.		On furl. from McDougal Gen. Hosp.
Harrington, Edward . .	Un.							Des. <i>en route</i> .
Hanrathy, Francis . . .	Un.							Des. <i>en route</i> .
Hodman, Edward . . .	Un.					24 July		G. H., Ft. Lookout, while on furl.
Jordan, Samuel	B						20 Jan.	New York, Gen. Hosp.
Javaw, Zeb.	E						3 June	<i>En route</i> to regt.
Jones, George W. . . .	F							Morris Island.
Jenness, Freeman . . .	I			10 July				<i>En route</i> to regt.
James, John	I						1 Jan.	Jacksonville.
Johnson, Wm.	I		13 April					On furl. fr. Ward G. H., Newark, N. J.
Jones, Edward	I		4 Aug.					Vet. furl.
Johnson, James F. . .	K		11 April					

Knox, Frederick . . .	C		19 April	Wilmington, from camp.
King, Michael . . .	C		11 April	Jacksonville, Fla.
Kenniston, Horace B. . .	E	Corp.	24 May	Vet. furl.
Kelly, John . . .	F		3 June	<i>En route</i> to regt.
Kelly, Martin B. . .	G		6 Mar.	Concord, N. H.
Kelly, John . . .	H	Mus.	28 Feb.	Wilmington, camp.
Kelley, John, 2d . . .	I			N. E. Branch, from camp.
Kelley, Daniel . . .	K		2 April	H. H. with arms and equipments.
Keller, John . . .	C			Concord, N. H.
Kennedy, James W. . .	K		11 June	Goldsboro, N. C.
Larkin, Patrick . . .	C			G. H., Pt. Lookout, Md.
Lay, Charles . . .	F		30 Nov.	Vet. furl.
Lavallée, Henry . . .	G		14 April	G. H., David's Id., N. Y. Harbor.
Lynch, James . . .	H		18 Aug.	Bermuda Hundred.
Lockwood, Albert H. . .	H		31 May	New York Harbor.
Locklin, John . . .	H		7 Nov.	Vet. furl.
Lang, Henry . . .	I		11 April	Jacksonville.
Lallanc, Alcide . . .	K		11 April	Newark, N. J.
Leavitt, Lemuel . . .	Un.		4 Aug.	Concord, N. H.
Matthews, Wm. J. . .	H		4 Aug.	Newark, N. J.
Marcelle, Frank . . .	F		9 Nov.	Newark, N. J.
Munson, James . . .	C		30 Nov.	G. H., Pt. Lookout.
McCoy, Edward . . .	C			Wilmington, from camp.
Mullen, Francis . . .	C		11 April	Wilmington, from camp.
Maguire, Frank W. . .	C		27 Mar.	Goldsboro.
Mitchell, John . . .	C		26 June	Wilmington, from camp.
Miller, Edward . . .	C		11 April	Wilmington, from camp.
McLaughlin, Daniel . . .	C		13 June	Goldsboro.
Morris, David . . .	C		14 Nov.	N. Y. H. while on leave.
Malingrist, Gustave A. . .	D		5 Nov.	Gen. Hosp., N. Y. H.
Miele, James . . .	B		7 Nov.	New York Harbor.
McAulrey, James . . .	E		28 Sept.	Laurel Hill, on march.
McCabe, John . . .	E		12 April	Jacksonville.
Moore, Charles . . .	F		14 April	Jacksonville.
Mack, Michael . . .	F		20 Aug.	Deep Bottom, on march.
McCombs, James . . .	F		3 June	<i>En route</i> to regt.
				New York.
			29 July	

DESERTED, — CLASS I. (WHO NEVER RETURNED) — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	CO.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
McCrillis, J. H.	.	G				11 April		Vet. furl.
Mack, John	.	H				—	6 Mar.	<i>En route</i> to regt., B. H. Wilmington, camp.
Murphy, James J.	.	H						On picket, Petersburg.
Munson, John	.	H			3 Sept.			H. H. with arms and equipments.
Munroe, Thos.	.	K				2 April		Vet. furl.
Macklin, Hugh	.	K				11 April		Near Wilmington.
Moulahan, Barney	.	K					8 Mar.	Goldsboro'.
Murray, James	.	K					13 June	Wilmington.
McGay, John	.	K					6 June	Goldsboro'.
McKee, Chas.	.	K					15 June	Goldsboro'.
Mitchell, Edward	.	K				7 Nov.		New York Harbor.
Morgan, Robert	.	K				8 Nov.		N.Y. Harbor, twice (see Class II.)
McGormick, Patrick	.	Un.						Des. <i>en route</i> .
McNeil, Andrew	.	K						New York Harbor.
Muller, Heinrich	.	Un.						Des. <i>en route</i> .
Mutlure, Geo. W.	.	G						Vet. furl. (on final m.o. roll as absent).
Marley, John	.	Un.						Des. <i>en route</i> .
Neal, Robert H.	.	K					9 Mar.	Wilmington, from camp.
Noyes, Wm.	.	H						Probably from Hospital.
Nash, Wm.	.	Un.				31 Dec.		Des. <i>en route</i> .
O'Neill, John	.	I					1 Mar.	Wilmington from camp.
Oliver, Robert E.	.	K				5 Feb.		Broad Id., to enemy, was drowned.
Parkhurst, Wm. C.	.	K				8 Nov.		New York Harbor.
Parsons, Edgar V.	.	F	23 Sept.					Long Id. (was left there sick 14th).
Quinley, John	.	H				3 May		Gloucester Pt.
Quell, John	.	K					9 April	Wilmington.
Quigley, Peter	.	I					24 June	Goldsboro'.
Ramsey, Wm.	.	H					28 Mar.	From Hospital while detached.
Ridden, Thos.	.	D				3 Sept.		Near Petersburg on picket.
	.	D				17 Nov.		G.H., Ft. Monroe.

Rand, Ezekiel C.	D	2 Nov.	Concord, N.H., left sick, never joined.
Russell, Geo.	Un.	—	Des. <i>en route</i> .
Robinson, Thomas	G	14 April	Jacksonville.
Ryan, Edward	G	14 April	Jacksonville.
Robert's, Richard	G	30 Nov.	G.H., Pt. Lookout.
Riley, Hugh	H	—	<i>En route</i> to regt., B. H.
Reard, John N.	H	22 June	Goldsboro'.
Riley, Thomas	H	23 Mar.	Wilmington, from camp.
Riley, James	K	—	Concord, N. H.
Rehill, James H.	K	20 Nov.	On furl. from Gen. Hosp.
Regan, James	K	2 April	Wilmington.
Robert's, Charles	A	—	Concord, N.H.
Smith, Michael	B	16 Mar.	<i>En route</i> to regt. Galloupe's Id.
Sprague, Wm.	C	7 Nov.	New York Harbor.
Smith, John, 1st	C	11 April	Jacksonville.
Schmidt, Wm.	F	8 April	Jacksonville.
Scott, Thos.	H	25 Jan.	While at N. Y. with rebel prisoners.
Smith, Henry	H	10 May	Brandon's Bridge.
Smith, Wm., 4th	H	1 Sept.	Hosp., Phila.
Sadler, George	H	5 Nov.	Hospital, New York Harbor.
Smart, John	I	—	Concord, N. H.
Stuhl, Henry	I	1 Mar.	Wilmington, camp.
Summers, Joseph	I	28 Feb.	N. E. Branch, from camp.
Silvey, Samuel	Un.	—	Des. <i>en route</i> .
Scott, Wm.	B	22 Feb.	Ft. Monroe, Va.
Smith, Thos., 1st	Un.	—	Des. <i>en route</i> .
Smith, John	D	16 July	Probably from Hospital.
Sherman, Joseph	G	28 Oct.	David's Id., N. Y. Harbor.
Sheridan, Francis	K	13 Aug.	Newark, N. J.
Thompson, George	A	16 Aug.	Deep Run, Va.
Thomas, George L.	A	9 Nov.	New York Harbor.
Thompson, John	H	—	<i>En route</i> to regt., B.H.
Tarbox, Geo. A.	K	11 April	Vet. furl.
Tallman, Jas. H.	G	—	Long Id., N. Y.
Tucker, Wm.	D	30 June	David's Id. Hosp., N. Y.
Vibbert, Luke R.	K	8 Nov.	N.Y.H., des. twice (see Class II.)

Brown, John F.	G	24 June			Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., app. 20 Aug. 63.
Brown, James F.	G	25 June			Ret. 18 Dec. 64, exec. 26th by G.C.M.
Blood, Stillman	F		7 Nov.		N.Y.H. (ret. P.P.) m. o. 15 May 65.
Bailey, Geo.	H		27 Oct.		L.H., fr. camp, ret. 14 Mar. 65.
Curran, John, 2d	C		11 April		Vet. furl.
Carroll, Wm.	C			5 Jan.	From Hosp., Phila., ret. m.o. July 65.
Caldwell, Nathan	F		7 Nov.		N.Y.H., app. 5 Dec. 64, Windsor, Vt.
Chamberlain, A. G.	F		7 Nov.		N.Y.H., app., ret. 30 Jan. 65, hon. disc.
Doane, John	C			27 Mar.	Wilmington, camp (see G.C.M.)
Day, John E.	F		11 April		Vet. furl., app., ret. 1 Sept. 64.
Drew, Chas. H.	H	6 Aug.			Pineknay Id.
Emerson, Hollis D	G	28 June			Ossipee, 30 days furl., ret., 3 Oct. 63.
Evans, Edward	K		30 Sept.		Nr. Petersburg (ret. P.P.) 6 May 65.
Farren, Patrick	C		1 Dec.		Wt., from camp, app., ret.
Farrell, John	F			10 April	Webster U.S.G. Hosp., Manchester.
Finley, John	F			4 June	Wilmington, ret. 7 June 65.
George, Albert	A		7 Nov.		N.Y.H., app. Dec. 64, Concord.
Gove, Chas. H.	E		8 Nov.		N.Y.H., ret. 27 Nov. 64, Laurel Hill.
Green, Albert	F		7 Nov.		N.Y.H., app. 5 Dec. 64, Windsor, Vt.
Gannon, J.	H	26 May			From Hosp., ret. 26 June 63.
Gillars, Martin	K				Deep Bottom, on march.
Graw, John	G		16 Aug.		Bermuda Hundred, ret. July 64.
Harrington, John	A		30 May		On picket, Petersburg, ret. 15 Mar. 65.
Hart, John	A		3 Sept.		Mower Gen. Hosp., Phila.
Hall, E. F.	B		5 Jan.		Dropped 27 Mar. 64, ret.
Healey, Timothy	C		28 Feb.		Vet. furl., app., ret. B.H.
Hall, Chas.	G		11 April		B.H., march Petersburg, app.
Halcrow, Thos.	I		24 Aug.		Jacksonville, ret. 1 June 65, app.
Harrold, Joseph	I		18 April		Jacksonville, ret. 1 June 65.
Johnson, Thomas	A		18 April		Vet. furl., ret. 12 May 65, under P. P.
Jackson, James	I		24 May		L.H., camp, ret. 4 Mar. 65, Wilmington.
Jackson, Geo.	K		8 Nov.		N.Y.H., ret., hon. disch.
Kendall, John	G	28 Nov.			Morris Id., app., executed.
Livingstone, Geo. F.	I		9 Nov.		N.Y.H., ret., m. o. 15 May 65, Gal. Id.
McGuire, James	B		15 Aug.		Deep Run, march, ret. 5 Oct. 64, L. H.
McIntire, John	C	31 Aug.			Concord, ret. M. I. 12 Nov. 63.

DESERTED, — CLASS II. (RETURNED) — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
McIntire, John	C				11 April		On vet. furl.
Miller, Henry	F				16 April		Jacksonville, app., excc. 16 Apr. 64.
Moore, Joseph F. . .	.	D				11 April		Vet. furl., ret., app.
Metcalf, Alden E. . .	.	H				2 June		Concord, N. H., ret. B. H.
Morgan, Robert	K				25 April		H. H., ret. 11 May 64 (see Class I.)
Owens, Geo. W.	C						App., fee \$30.
O'Neill, James	H						App. 18 May 63.
Putney, Jacob A. . .	.	B			1 Aug.	11 April		H. H., ret. 7 Jan. 64.
Pelkey, Peter	C						Vet. furl., app., rest. duty Gen. Butler.
Philbrick, J. W. . .	.	E				7 Nov.		Released by request of regtl. comdr.
Price, Thomas	F						N. Y. H., ret. 23 Nov. 64, L. H.
Paine, De Witt C. . .	.	G	Sept.					Ret. under P. P. 10 May 65.
Quinlan, James	C				11 April		Vet. furl., ret. B. H., no trial.
Robinson, Wm.	H				11 April	22 Feb.	Vet. furl., ret. fr. charge by S. O.
Sullivan, Michael . .	.	C				20 Dec.		Fort Monroe.
Sullivan, Michael . .	.	C				11 April		Webster G. H., Man., N. H., ret. Jan. 65.
Smith, Donald	H						Vet. furl., ret. May 64.
Thing, Fredk. F. . .	.	B			Sept.			Morris Id.
Taylor, Thos.	Un.					21 Feb.	Concord, N. H., app., tried, disch.
Vincent, Rupert	H				24 Aug.		B. H. on march Petersburg, ret.
Vibbert, Luke R. . .	.	K				11 April		Vet. furl., ret. 27 May 64 (see Class I.)
Walsh, James	C					22 Feb.	On furl., app., rest. to duty by G. C. M.
White, Chas. S.	E				9 June		Near Petersburg, app. 17 Aug. 64.
Witham, Joseph A. .	.	I		6 Aug.				Pinckney Id., ret. 13 Nov. 63, acq't.
Weeks, Wm. L.	H				27 Mar.		Ret. 19 May 64.
West, Chas.	K					Feb.	B. H., before joining.
Wentworth, Wm. W. .	.	K				11 April		Vet. furl., ret. May 64.

TRANSFERRED, — CLASS I. (FROM REGIMENT.)

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
Andrews, Chas. J.	Pr.	K		15 Nov.				1 U.S. Art., by order Sec. War.
Burgess, Myrick R.	Pr.	I		19 Dec.				Reg. Army, Co. H., 2 Batt., 12 U.S. Inf.
Burley, D. S.	Sergt.	I				29 Feb.		U.S. Sig. Corps, H.H.
Brown, Chas. A.	Pr.	D				31 May		V.R.C.
Burns, James	Pr.	D					17 April	V.R.C.
Brackett, Edwin	Pr.	K						11 V.R.C.
Colcord, Benj. F.	Pr.	I			28 Oct.			U.S. Sig. Corps.
Colcord, E. G.	Pr.	B				29 Feb.		U.S. Sig. Corps, Hilton Head.
C'ough, Ira	Pr.	G				15 May		V.R.C.
Colburn, Sanford	Pr.	H				3 Jan.		V.R.C.
Collins, Wm.	Pr.	H					28 Jan.	V.R.C.
Chase, Chas. F.	Pr.	F			10 July			1 S.C.V., Co. B (21 U.S.O.T.)
Damon, Joseph A. W.	Pr.	F		17 Nov.				Reg. Army.
Donovan, Cornelius	Pr.	B			15 July			V.R.C., Hilton Head.
Dickett, Joseph	Pr.	Un.				20 April		4 N.H., Co. K., des. 21 July 65, Raleigh, N.C.
Egan, Michael	Pr.	C			22 July			V.R.C., H.H., G.O. 312 W.D. 16 Sept. 64.
Estes, Chas. H.	Pr.	I				15 Mar.		V.R.C., N.Y., G.O. 104 W.D. 16 May 63.
Eldredge, D.	1st Lt.	E				21 May		V.R.C.
Engleblom, Oscar	Sergt.	G						2 Lt., 2 U.S.C.T. (com. 6 Oct. 64).
Ferguson, John R.	Pr.	G			15 July	29 Oct.		V.R.C., H.H., G.O. 312 W.D.
Fowler, Andrew J.	Pr.	I			13 Oct.			U.S. Sig Corps, M.L., G.O. 334 W.D. 13 Oct. 63.
Flanders, King H.	Pr.	F				31 May		V.R.C.
Farrington, Jas. W.	Pr.	G				15 May		V.R.C.
Furnald, Jas. G.	Corp.	A					7 April	V.R.C., 2 Batt., disch. Concord.
Gibson, Chas.	Pr.	H					4 Feb.	16 N.Y. Lt.Ar. (des. from same), Ft. Fisher.
Henry, James B.	Pr.	B		13 Nov.				Reg. Army, by order Brig.-Gen. Terry.
Hynes, John R.	R.Q.M.							Capt., A.Q.M. Vols.
Hill, Varium H.	Q.M.S.					Sept.		Capt., A.Q.M. Vols.
Kinball, Wm. H.	Pr.	E			15 July	19 May		V.R.C., H.H., G.O. 312 W.D.
Kinball, Lewis, Jr.	Pr.	F				20 July		2 Lt., 4 U.S.C.T.
Kennedy, John	Pr.	A					17 April	V.R.C., dropped, end May.

TRANSFERRED, — CLASS I. — (Continued).

NAME.	RANK.	Co.	1861	1862	1863	1864	1865	REMARKS.
McDuffie, Sam'l . .	Pr.	A			July			V.R.C., H.H. G.O. 312 16 Sept. 63.
Marston, Wm. S. . .	Pr.	B			13 Oct.			U.S. Sig. Corps, M.I., G.O. 334 W.D. 13 Oct. 63.
McDuffie, Sam'l V. .	Pr.	A			17 Sept.			U.S. Sig. Corps, Hilton Head.
Morse, J. M. . . .	Pr.	I			3 Nov.			U.S. Sig. Corps, Hilton Head.
McGowan, John . .	Pr.	F			23 May			V.R.C., dropped, July.
Miliken, Albert H. .	Pr.	F			23 May			V.R.C., 145 Co., 2 Batt., disch. for dls.
Maloney, Dennis . .	Pr.	C			10 June			1 U.S. Vols., Co. I.
McDaniels, Sam'l . .	Pr.	E					1 April	V.R.C.
Miles, Thos. . . .	Pr.	G		9 Dec.				Co. E, 3 U.S. Art.
Pronchun, Jas. D. . .	Pr.	A			13 Oct.			U.S. Sig. Corps, M.I., G.O. 334 W.D. 13 Oct. 63.
Putney, Jacob A. . .	Pr.	B			31 May		9 Jan.	V.R.C., dropped July.
Pettingill, David . .	Pr.	E					28 Jan.	V.R.C., Wash., D. C., dropped May.
Prince, Jerome . . .	Pr.	D						V.R.C.
Ramsey, Wm. H. . .	Pr.	A			13 Oct.			U.S. Sig. Corps, M.I., G.O. 334 W.D. 13 Oct. 63.
Sessions, Geo. T. . .	Pr.	G		23 Dec.				1 U.S. Art Co. E, cul. H.H., for trans. reg. army.
Smith, John, 3d . . .	Pr.	F			15 July		12 April	V.R.C.
Willoughby, Varnum,	Pr.	F						V.R.C., G.O. 312 W.D. 16 Sept. 63.
Whitmore, Norman F.,	Corp.	A			29 Feb.			U.S. Sig. Corps, Hilton Head.
Witham, Amos R. . .	Pr.	I					17 April	V.R.C.

TRANSFERRED, — CLASS II. (To REGIMENT.)

Burnham, Chas. A. . .	F. & S. 2 N.H.							3 N.H., arr. 5 Feb. 63.
Nicholson, Nath'l E. .	Pr. 17 N.H.							3 N.H. Co. G.
Odlin, J. W. . . .	Mus. 2 N.H.		4 Oct.		20 Jan.			Band.

TRANSFERRED, — CLASS III. (WITHIN REGIMENT.)

Bingham, Geo. B. . .	Pr.	F				23 Aug.		Com. Sergt.
Baker, Amos D. . . .	Pr.	A		9 May				Band, Edisto.
Baker, Amos D. . . .	Band.			1 Sept.				Pr. A.

Briggs, Geo. H.	Pr.	C	31 July 1 Sept.	3 Dec.	2 July	Band, H.H., by S.O. 50. Pr. C. Com. Sergt. Sergt.-Maj., Hilton Head. Q.M.S. Co. H, Hilton Head. Sergt.-Maj. Pr. G. N.C.S., disch. by order 1 Sept. 62. Co. H. Drummer E, Hilton Head. Pr. M. Co. A. Co. B. Co. G. Sergt.-Maj. Q.M.S. Reg't Band, Edisto. Pr. A. Co. E. Hosp. Stew. Band. Pr. I. Sergt.-Maj. Co. B. P. M. Hosp. Stew. Q.M.S. Sergt.-Maj. Co. D. Co. K, Concord.
Briggs, Geo. H.	Band	H	1 Sept.			
Berry, Chas. H.	Corp.	F	1 Feb.			
Cobb, E. J.	Pr.	F	1 Jan.			
Clark, John	Sergt.	E				
Drew, Chas. H.	Pr.	D	20 Jan.			
Gilbert, Chas.	Pr.	A	3 Sept.			
Gove, Nathan W.	2 P.M.	Band	1 Oct.			
Griggs, Julius H.	Pr.	G	1 Jan.			
Gove, Chas. H.	Mus.	H				
Galvin, Michael E. A.	Mus.	C	June			
Hammond, Nathl	Pr.	G	3 Sept.			
Rebbard, Erskine W.	Pr.	K	1 Sept.			
Hazeltine, John L.	Pr.	K	1 Sept.			
Holt, Marquis L.	1 Sergt.	E	19 Jan.	24 Aug.		
Hill, Varnum H.	Pr.	K				
Johnston, Geo. E.	Corp.	A	18 April 1 Sept.			
Johnston, Geo. E.	Band.	B	10 Sept.			
Kinball, Wm. H.	Pr.	B	22 Sept.			
Kittredge, Perry	Pr.	B	1 Oct.			
Lang, Geo. B.	Pr.	I	1 Sept.			
Lang, Geo. B.	Band.	B				
Lord, Geo. F.	Pr.	B	25 Feb. 5 April			
Lord, Geo. F.	S.-M.					
McEnry, Thomas	Mus.	C	22 Nov.	24 Aug.		
Scovell, Albert D.	Pr.	I				
Swallow, Wm. A.	Corp.	F				
Smith, Thos.	Corp.	H				
Weber, Geo. H.	Pr.	K	1 Nov.			
Watson, Oliver	Pr.	I				

LEAVES OF ABSENCE — FURLOUGHS.

[NOTE.—Furloughs for re-enlistment are not enumerated, as each received a furlough, with the exception of Sergt. Hitchcock, Co. I, whose commission as 2d Lieutenant arrived in February 64.]

- Ayer, Henry H. : l.a., 18 June 62, 40 days, S.O. 116, Hunter, D.S., ret. 30 July 62; S.O. 534 D.S. 19 Sept. 63 on *Fulton* direct from Morris Island.
- Allen, Robert H. : l.a., S.O. 432 D.S. July 62; and 22 July 63, ret. 1 Oct. 63.
- Atherton, Arlon S. : l.a., 24 Sept. 64 from Hospital, Annapolis, 30 days, twice extended; entitled to it as prisoner of war. 12 Mar. 65 from Alexandria, Va., to go home to vote.
- Akerman, Joseph W. : l.a., 30 April 63 to 24 June 63.
- Allen, Chas. H. : f., Co. K, 14 days within Dept. South in 62, while regt. was at Hilton Head, 30 days from Botany Bay Island, May 63.
- Bedel, John : l.a., Jan. to April 65 by W.D. (entitled to it as pris. of war).
- Butterfield, Welbee J. : l.a., 10 Ang. 62, on sick leave to 3 Oct. 62.
- Burnham, Chas. S. : l.a., 4 July 63, returned 4 Sept. 63.
- Bingham, Geo. B. : l.a., June to 13 July 65, S.O. 84, N.C.
- Buzzell, Andrew J. H. : l.a., 24 Sept. 63, 20 days, S.O. 541 D.S., ret. 24 Oct. 63.
- Burnham, Chas. A. : l.a., 4 July 64, S.O. 183 D.H.Q., ret. 16 Aug. 64.
- Bigley, Wm. H. : f., Co. A, about 10 Nov. 63; and 21 June 65.
- Brown, Chas. A. : f., Co. D, May 63 from Botany Bay, returned 25 June 63.
- Burdick, Rodney W. : f., Co. E, Sept. 63.
- Brown, Daniel H. : f., Co. E, 9 May 63 on sick furl.
- Bingham, Geo. B. : f., Co. F, from 4 Jan. 64.
- Brown, Wm. E. : f., Co. F, from 29 June 64, 24 days from U.S. G.H., Phila.
- Brown, John F. : f., Co. G, May 63 from Botany Bay (see deserted, Class II.)
- Burgess, Benj. D. : f., Co. G, from 31 Oct. 64 Base Hosp. to 15 Nov. 64.
- Brooks, Plummer : f., Co. II, before leaving Concord.
- Blye, Woodbury C. : f., Co. K, fr. Goldsboro', June, July 65; and Sept. 63, M.I.
- Brown, Jared P. : f., Co. K, from Sept. 63, 30 days.
- Blake, Wm. H. : f., Co. D, 18 Sept. to 24 Oct. 63.
- Burke, James : f., Co. D, June 63, while on detached service.
- Ballard, Wm. W. W. : f., Co. G, Aug. and Sept. 62 (did not return).
- Bowen, Edwin N. : f., Co. I, 20 Jan. 64.
- Blood, Chas. M. : f., Co. I, 27 Dec. 63 (sick).
- Carlton, Ralph : l.a., 14 Mar. 62, 60 days, Sherman's S.O. 123; ret. 10 June 62.
- Cody, Walter : l.a. (wd.), July to Nov. 62.
- Copp, Elbridge J. : l.a., 1 Oct. 63 for 20 days to Florida, returned 19 Oct. 63, Mar. 64 with re-enlisted men, 30 days, rejoined 28 April from Hosp. May 64 (wd.), returned 24 June, and from Hosp. Sept. 64 (wd.)
- Chase, John N. : f., Co. A, May 63 from Botany Bay.
- Coty, Gideon : f., Co. A, from Botany Bay, May 63.
- Comings, Jos. T. : f., Co. D, returned 1 May 64.
- Cobb, Norman E. : f., Co. F, from 21 June 65, 30 days.
- Courtney, P. : f., Co. F, May 63 from Botany Bay.
- Carr, Thomas M. : f., Co. H, Aug. 64 in N.H.
- Clark, Azariah L. : f., Co. I, Jan. 65 from Bermuda Hundred.
- Cotter, Edw. : f., Co. H, Botany Bay May 63.
- Clements, Oliver M. : f., Co. K, David's Id. Hosp., N.Y., 64.
- Dunbar, Chas. F. : l.a., short sick leave June 62.
- Dearborn, Orrin M. : l.a., Jan. 65 from 18 A.C.; about 28 Aug. 63, got leave while detached in Va.
- Dow, Henry S. : l.a., 23 July 64 by S.O. 200, D.H.Q.
- Dudley, Daniel W. : f., Co. B, May 63 Botany Bay.
- Duffie, Ross C. : f., Co. F, 19 Jan. 64, Wagner furl.
- Day, Orlando : f., Co. G, 15 May 63 N. H., 30 days, returned 25 June 63.
- Davis, William : f., Co. H, Wagner 30 days (was at Concord sick 22 Dec. 63).
- Downs, Stephen F. : f., Co. K, from Edisto Id., April or May 62.
- Davis, Geo. H. : f., Co. I, June 65.
- Douglass, J. B. : f., Co. F, prior to May 64 from De Camp Hosp.

- Ela, Richard: l.a., 22 Nov. 62, 20 days for health within D.S., S.O. 366.
 Emmons, Geo. W.: l.a., 9 Oct. 62 for 30 days, S.O. 320, D.S.
 Edgerly, J. Homer: l.a., Mar. 64 with re-enlisted men; l.a. Nov. 64 for 30 days, S.O. 322, D.H.Q.
 Eldredge, Daniel: l.a., 3 Oct. 64 from hosp. Annapolis (thence in Dec. to detached service Concord, N.H.)
 Entwistle, Thomas: f., Co. D, Sept. 63 M.I., ret. 24 Oct. 63; Feb. and Mar. 65 from Wilmington, N. C.
 Eaton, Charles W.: f., Co. D, returned 25 Dec. 63.
 Ellis, George A.: f., Co. G.
 Egan, John: f., Co. C.
 Edminster, John H.: f., Co. B, Sept. 63.
 Emerson, Hollis D.: f., Co. G, May 63 Botany Bay.
 Fellows, Enoch Q.: l.a., April 62 for 60 days (resigned while on leave).
 Flanders, Daniel J.: l.a., May 63, returned 26 June 63.
 Fogg, Geo. T.: f., Co. A, Sept. 63 Wagner, and Jan. and Feb. 64.
 Frank, Alexander: f., Co. A, 1 Nov. 64 Lowell G.H., Portsmouth Grove, R.I.
 Flanders, King H.: f., Co. F, May 63 from Botany Bay, ret. 24 June 63.
 Ford, Lorenzo: f., Co. G.
 Gammon, Chas.: f., Co. K, from Hosp. Willetts Pt., N.Y., Oct. 64.
 George, Samuel: f., Co. A, Sept. 63 Wagner, 30 days.
 George, Albert: f., Co. A.
 Giddings, Geo. H.: f., Co. B, Wagner, Sept. 63.
 Glavin, James: f., Co. C.
 Goodhue, David: f., Co. F.
 Gilman, Albert: f. Co. G, Sept. 63, Wagner.
 Gerrie, Lewis: f., Co. H, July 64.
 Gale, Lloyd G.: f., Co. K, 18 Jan. 64.
 Galvin, Michael E. A.: f., N.C.S., Jan. 64.
 Gove, Chas. H.: f., Co. E, 4 Aug. 62, returned 24 Nov. 62.
 Green, Warren: f., Co. F, May 63 from Botany Bay.
 Gove, Nathan W.: f., P.M., 4 Aug. 62 (never returned).
 Hynes, John R.: l.a., 11 Sept. 64 for 15 days, returned 25 Sept.
 Hill, Henry: l.a., 31 Jan. 63 to Fla. on sick leave.
 Hopkins, Henry F.: l.a., 3 Nov. 62 for 20 days from Hosp., Hilton Head and twice extended; returned 25 Dec. 62.
 Hitchcock, John H.: l.a., 23 Aug. 64 for 20 days with "terms expired" men, S.O. 231, D.H.Q., returned Sept. 64.
 Hazen, Chas. S.: l.a., 23 Aug. 64 for 20 days with "terms expired" men, S.O. 231, D.H.Q., returned 18 Nov. 64.
 Houghton, Ruthven W.: l.a. Mar. 64 with re-enlisted men, 23 Aug. 64 for 20 days with "terms expired" men, S.O. 231, D.H.Q., 26 May 63 for 20 days, but on arrival at Hilton Head all leaves were countermanded.
 Haines, John M.: f., Co. B, 18 Nov. 63, Morris Id.
 Horton, Joseph E.: f., Co. B, May 64, Pt. Lookout 30 days.
 Holt, Marquis L.: f., Co. E, Sept. 63, Wagner.
 Heath, Benj. H.: f., Co. E, Oct. 64 (prob. from De Camp Hosp.)
 Horrocks, William: f., Co. D, Sept. 63.
 Hosmer, Francis: f., Co. F, Sept. 63 Wagner to 25 Oct. 63.
 Hayden, Alfred P.: f., Co. F, 18 Nov. 63 to 27 Dec. 63.
 Harris, Wesley T.: f., Co. F, 29 Jan. 64 Morris Id., 30 days, was at N.Y. 5 Mar. 64 waiting.
 Hall, Chas. T.: f., Co. F, 19 Jan. 64.
 Harvey, Andrew: f., Co. F, 5 Mar. 64, n.f.r.
 Hill, William H.: f., Co. H, Sept. 63, Wagner.
 Hergrives, James: f., Co. E, 24 June 64 from De Camp Hosp., David's Id., N.Y., n.f.r.
 Hildenfrant, Anton: f., Co. E, — 64.
 Ingram, Henry: f., Co. F, on furl. 25 Oct. 64.
 Jackson, Thomas M.: l.a., 21 June 62, 60 days, S.O. 124 D.S., ret. 17 Aug.
 James, John S.: l.a., 16 June 65, 20 days.
 James, Geo. R.: f., Co. D.
 Jones, John: f., Co. H, Aug. 64 N.H., returned about 1 April 65.

- James, Thomas H. B.: f., Co. B, Oct. 64 fr. Base Hosp. to go home to vote.
 Jackson, Andrew: f., Co. B. June 65.
 Jordan, Samuel: f., Co. B, abt. July 64 (and des.)
 Jones, Edw.: f., Co. I, abt. July 64 (and des.)
 Kirwin, John: l.a., Mar. 64 with re-enl. men, Sept. 64 sick leave.
 Kimball, Franklin B.: l.a., F. & S., from Wilmington, N.C., Mar. 65.
 Kelsall, Edward: f., Co. B, 30 Oct. 64 for 15 days from Base Hosp., 10 A.C. Va., n.f.r.
 Kelly, Lawrence: f., Co. F, 5 Mar. 65 from G.H. Ft. Monroe.
 Kittredge, Perry: f., N.C.S., May 63 from Botany Bay (all furloughs revoked, didn't go).
 Keating, John: f., Co. C, May 63, Botany Bay.
 Knowles, Wm. R.: f., Co. D, July 65.
 Libby, Alvan H.: l.a., from Edisto, abt. 1 May 62, returned 5 June 62.
 Libby, Jonah, Jr.: l.a., 9 Oct. 62 for 30 days, D.S., S.O. 320, l.a. 2 July 63, for 20 days, returned 28 July 63, l.a. 15 Sept. 64 from Annapolis.
 Locke, James J.: f., Co. B, May 63 from Botany Bay.
 Levy, Edward: f., Co. F, 15 Dec. 64 from Camp Parole.
 Leavitt, Jona D.: f., Co. A, May 63 from Botany Bay.
 Lisle, Richard: f., Co. H, July 64 (deserted).
 Maxwell, Wm. H.: l.a., 3 July 64 by S.O. 180, D.H.Q., returned 5 Aug.; May 63, returned 9 June 63.
 Marsh, Henry A.: l.a., 6 Aug. 62, 20 days (with Dr. Moulton) to 13 Oct. 62.
 Moulton, Albert A.: l.a., 13 June 62 for 5 days, returned 18 June, 7 Aug. 62 (disch. Nov. 62).
 Marshall, Dustin: f., after wd. of 15 Jan. 65.
 Mears, John: f., Co. A, May 64 for 30 days.
 McLaughlin, Daniel: f., Co. C, Nov. 64.
 Moore, Joseph F.: f., Co. D, Sept. 63, Wagner.
 Marston, Geo. W.: f., Co. D, May 63, Botany Bay, returned 25 June.
 Moore, Chas.: f., Co. F, May 63, Botany Bay, returned 25 June.
 Martin, James: f., Co. E, — 64 (prob. from Hosp.)
 Milliken, Albert H.: f., Co. F, on furl. 10 Mar. 64.
 McTavish, Hugh: f., Co. F, 30 days 12 June 65.
 Murdough, Geo.: f., Co. H, Wagner, Sept. 63 (nurse regtl. hosp.)
 McEwen, James: f., Co. A, Jan. and Feb. 64.
 Nesmith, Arthur: l.a., 5 Sept. 62 for 20 days, returned 24 Nov. 62.
 Nichols, Fred. A.: f., Co. F, May 63, Botany Bay.
 Plimpton, Josiah I.: l.a., 25 Feb. 63, April and May 63, returned 14 May, and Dec. 63 to Jan. 64.
 Plaisted, James W.: f., Co. D, May 63, returned 25 June 63.
 Putnam, J. G.: f., Co. A, 20 Mar. 65, 30 days.
 Pelkey, David H.: f., Co. I, prob. from Hosp. at N.Y., June or July 65.
 Peabody, Ezra B.: f., Co. F, 20 Sept. 62 from Hilton Head.
 Pierce, Hiram: f., Co. F, from hosp. 63.
 Paris, Albert: f., Co. G.
 Peavey, Benj. F.: f., Co. G, 15 May 63 to 25 June 63, 30 days, S.O., H.Q.D.S.
 Parker, John M.: f., Co. I, Sept. 63, Wagner (was Actg. 2d Lt. Co. I).
 Parkhurst, Geo. W.: f., Co. H, Botany Bay, May 63.
 Pushee, Jesse C.: f., Co. F, after July 64 (prob. as wd.)
 Quigley, Peter: f., Co. H, des. about Mar. 65, on furl. from G.H.
 Randlett, James F.: l.a., March 64 with re-enl. men, returned 28 April; 26 Dec. 64, 25 days; joined 21 Jan. 65; 27 Dec. 62 on sick leave; May 64 (wd.) from Hosp.
 Rowe, Chas.: f., Co. D, 18 Nov. 63; joined 26 Dec.
 Richardson, Wm. S.: f., Co. E, 9 May 63 (sick furl.)
 Robinson, Chas., 2d: f., Co. E, Feb. 64, was at N.Y. 5 Mar. 64 waiting.
 Ryan, James: f., Co. E.
 Robinson, Samuel: f., Co. I, Sept. 63 to 29 Dec. 63, Wagner; 9 Jan. 64, 25 days (prob. sick).
 Rehill, James H.: f., Co. K, 20 Nov. 64 on furl. from Gen. Hosp.
 Richards, Walter J.: f., Co. H, 20 Jan. 64; had returned 22 Feb. 64.
 Rice, Denzil S.: f., Co. I, 20 Jan. 64.

Stearns, Geo.: l.a., Mar. 64 with re-enlisted men, returned 1 May; Dec. 63.
 Scruton, Darius K.: l.a., 21 June 62, 60 days by S.O. 124, D.S. (d. wds.)
 Sullivan, James: f., Co. C, Sept. 63, Wagner.
 Swan, Andrew: f., Co. D, — 64 (prob. from Hosp.)
 Smith, John: f., Co. D, — 64 (prob. from Hosp.)
 Scovell, Albert D.: f., N.C.S., from 11 June 63 to 13 July 63.
 Swallow, Wm. A.: f., Co. F, Nov. 64.
 Trickey, Wm. H.: l.a., 18 July 64 by S.O. 195, D.H.Q.
 Theney, James: f., Co. C, 7 Feb. 65 by G.O.
 Townes, James B. F.: f., Co. F, 21 June 65.
 Wadlia, Andrew J.: l.a., 8 Dec. 62 for 20 days, S.O. 379, D.S., extended;
 returned 26 May 63; from Hosp. bet. Sept. 64 and Jan. 65.
 Woodbury, Roger W.: l.a., Oct. 64 by S.O. 300, Butler, 20 days; 21 June 65
 by S.O. 98 for 20 days.
 Wadsworth, David, Jr.: l.a., 12 May 63, returned 9 June; Mar. 64 with re-
 enlisted men.
 White, Chas. A.: l.a., Mar. 64 with re-enlisted men; 28 Oct. 64 and extended
 twice.
 Watson, Irvin M.: f., Co. B, May 63.
 Wiggan, Daniel H.: f., Co. B, Oct. 64 from Base Hosp. (sick), and never
 returned to regt.
 Weymouth, Converse L.: f., Co. B, 14 May 63 to 30 June 63.
 Wallace, Chas. B.: f., Co. E, — 64 (prob. from Hosp.)
 Webster, Daniel S.: f., Co. G, — 64 (prob. from Camp Parole).
 Wentworth, Chas. H.: f., Co. G, Sept. 63, Wagner.
 Way, George: f., Co. K, from Goldsboro', 30 days June 65.
 Watson, Oliver: f., Co. K, April 62, furl. 60 days with Col. Fellows.
 Warner, Philip A.: f., Co. K, Feb. to Mar. 65 while on detached service.
 Willard, Parkinan D.: f., Co. I, 27 Dec. 63 (sick).
 Youngman, Geo. F.: f., Co. B, July or Aug. 64, Chestnut Hill Hosp., Phila.
 York, Albert: f., Co. E, 8 June 65.

OFFICERS' DATA.

RESIGNED.

Col.	Enoch Q. Fellows,	F. & S.	26 June 62
Asst. Surg.	Benj. F. Eaton,	F. & S.	1 Oct. 62
Adjt.	Alfred J. Hill,	F. & S.	14 April 62
Capt.	Pierce L. Wiggin,	Co. G	14 April 62
Capt.	Chas. F. Dunbar,	Co. D	22 June 62
Capt.	Geo. W. Emmons,	Co. G	18 Sept. 63
Capt.	Henry C. Handerson,	Co. K	18 Sept. 63
Capt.	Rufus F. Clark,	Co. A	15 Dec. 63
Capt.	Chas. S. Burnham,	Co. I	6 Dec. 63
Capt.	Robert C. Dow,	Co. H	22 June 62
1st Lt.	John F. Langley,	Co. H	20 July 62
1st Lt.	Henry A. Marsh,	Co. F	1 Jan. 63
1st Lt.	Samuel M. Smith,	Co. K	13 June 63
2d Lt.	Geo. W. Jackson,	Co. E	16 Dec. 61
2d Lt.	Wm. H. Miles,	Co. K	6 Feb. 62
2d Lt.	Marshall P. Hawkins,	Co. I	28 Nov. 63
2d Lt.	John M. Head,	Co. B	24 Mar. 64

DIED OF WOUNDS.

1st Lt.	Frank L. Morrill,	Co. H (wd. 2 July 64)	13 July 64
1st Lt.	Simon N. Lauprey,	Co. K (wd. 16 Aug. 64)	17 Aug. 64
2d Lt.	Darius K. Scruton,	Co. K (wd. 16 June 62)	8 Aug. 62
2d Lt.	John H. Tredick,	Co. D (wd. 16 June 64)	6 July 64

DISCHARGED ON SURGEON'S CERTIFICATE OF DISABILITY.

Col.	John H. Jackson,	F. & S.	24 Feb. 64
Asst. Surg.	Chas. A. Burnham,	F. & S.	22 Sept. 64
Asst. Surg.	Daniel Farrar.	F. & S.	4 May 63
Capt.	Israel B. Littlefield,	Co. K	1 April 62
Capt.	Welbee J. Butterfield,	Co. K	6 Mar. 63
Capt.	Thomas M. Jackson,	Co. B	8 Aug. 63
Capt.	David Wadsworth,	Co. F	24 Sept. 64
Capt.	Robert H. Allen,	Co. C	29 June 64
Capt.	Jonah Libby, Jr.,	Co. G (wd. 16 June 64)	19 Oct. 64
Capt.	Andrew J. Wadlia,	Co. E (wd. 16 Aug. 64)	10 Feb. 65
1st Lt.	Wm. H. Cornelius,	Co. D	14 Mar. 63
1st Lt.	Andrew J. Fogg,	Co. B	9 May 63
1st Lt.	Daniel J. Flanders,	Co. E	2 July 63
1st Lt.	Leonard F. Place,	Co. I	22 July 63
1st Lt.	Chas. F. Brainard,	Co. K	10 Aug. 63
2d Lt.	Henry F. Hopkins,	Co. H	17 April 63
2d Lt.	Joseph W. Akerman,	Co. D	28 July 63
2d Lt.	William Davis,	Co. H (wd. 26 Aug. 63)	4 Sept. 64

DISCHARGED.

* Surg.	Albert A. Moulton,	F. & S.	to date 15 Nov. 62
* Q. M.	Arthur S. Nesmith,	F. & S.	" 15 Nov. 62
* 1st Lt.	Walter Cody,	Co. C	" 15 Nov. 62
† 1st Lt.	Daniel Eldredge,	Co. E	" 21 May 65
‡ Capt.	Ruthven W. Houghton,	Co. I	" 19 Nov. 64
§ 1st Lt.	Charles E. Hazen,	Co. E	" 17 Dec. 64

* By S.O. 369 W.D., A.-G.O., 29 Nov. 62, to date 15 Nov., for overstaying leave of absence.

† To accept commission in the V.R.C.

‡ For overstaying leave of absence. (Afterward corrected. See his personal sketch.)

§ Same as ‡. (Afterward corrected. See his personal sketch.)

ADDED TO REGIMENT AFTER ORIGINAL MUSTER-IN.

* Asst. Surg.	Andrew J. H. Buzzell	Commission dated 29 July 62
† Asst. Surg.	Daniel Farrar	" " 13 Aug. 62
‡ Asst. Surg.	Chas. A. Burnham	" " 18 Nov. 62
§ Asst. Surg.	Franklin B. Kimball	" " 3 June 63
|| Asst. Surg.	Geo. W. Manter	" " 24 Apr. 65

* Joined at Hilton Head, S.C., 5 Sept. 62.

† Joined at Hilton Head, S.C., 12 Sept. 62.

‡ Joined at Hilton Head, S.C., 5 Feb. 63.

§ Joined at St. Helena, S.C., 25 June 63.

|| Joined at Wilmington, N.C., abt. 22 May 65.

DISMISSED.

* Capt.	John E. Wilbur,	Co. B	11 May 63
† 1st Lt.	John H. Hitchcock,	Co. I	3 Mar. 65

* Tried by G.C.-M.

† Dismissed without trial.

PROMOTED TO COMMISSIONS ELSEWHERE.

Capt.	Michael T. Donohoe,	Co. C, Col. 10 N. H. V.	31 July 62
R.Q.M.	John R. Hynes,	F. & S., Capt. & A.Q.M.U.S.V.	28 Sept. 64
1st. Lt.	Joseph J. Donohoe,	Co. C, Adj. 10 N. H. V.	14 Apr. 63

KILLED IN ACTION.

Lt.-Col.	Josiah I. Plimpton,	F. & S.	16 Aug. 64
Adjt.	Alvan H. Libby,	F. & S.	18 July 63
*Capt.	Ralph Carlton,	Co. I	16 June 62
Capt.	Richard Ela,	Co. E	13 May 64
*Capt.	Henry H. Ayer,	Co. H	16 May 64
1st Lt.	Eugene J. Button,	Co. H (temporarily)	16 May 64
2d Lt.	Joseph C. Wiggin,	Co. H	21 Aug. 62

* Lived an hour or two.

DIED OF DISEASE.

Surg.	Andrew J. H. Buzzell,	F. & S. Wilmington, N. C.	28 Mar. 65
1st Lt.	John H. Thompson,	Co. I Hilton Head, S. C.	27 Aug. 62
1st Lt.	John S. Bryant,	Co. B Wilmington, N. C.	23 May 65

DISCHARGED BY EXPIRATION OF TERM (ONLY THE FIRST NAMED AT THE ACTUAL DATE OF EXPIRATION).

Chap.	Henry Hill,	F. & S. Virginia	23 Aug. 64
Capt.	John Kirwin,	Co. H. In hosp.	9 Dec. 64
Capt.	Henry S. Dow,	Co. B At home	7 Oct. 64
Capt.	George Stearns,	Co. K Virginia	2 Nov. 64
Capt.	W. H. Maxwell,	Co. D Ward's Id., N.Y.	1 Jan. 65
Capt.	Orrin M. Dearborn,	Co. A At home	11 Feb. 65
1st Lt.	Wm. Ladd Dodge,	Co. B Virginia	19 Oct. 64
1st Lt.	Elbridge J. Copp,	(Adjt.) At home	24 Oct. 64
1st Lt.	John M. Parker,	Co. I Virginia	2 Nov. 64
2d Lt.	Martin J. Connelly,	Co. C Virginia	16 Oct. 64

All of above (except Chaplain Hill) under the provisions of Circular 75, W.D.

WARS OF THE UNITED STATES.

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF UNITED STATES TROOPS ENGAGED.

Wars.	From	To	Regulars.	Militia and Volunteers.	Total.
War of the Revolution.	19 Apr. 1775	11 Apr. 1783	130,711	164,080	300,781
Northwestern Indian Wars.	19 Sept. 1790	3 Aug. 1795	—	—	8,983
War with France.	9 July 1798	30 Sept. 1800	—	—	4,503
War with Tripoli.	10 June 1801	4 June 1805	—	—	2,330
Creek Indian War.	27 July 1813	9 Aug. 1814	600	13,181	13,781
War of 1812 with Great Britain.	18 June 1812	17 Feb. 1815	85,000	471,622	576,622
Seminole Indian War.	20 Nov. 1817	21 Oct. 1818	1,000	6,911	7,911
Black Hawk Indian War.	21 Apr. 1831	31 Sept. 1832	1,339	5,126	6,465
Cherokee disturbance or removal.	1836	1837	—	9,494	9,494
Creek Indian War or disturbance.	5 May 1836	30 Sept. 1837	935	12,443	13,418
Florida Indian War.	3 Dec. 1835	14 Aug. 1843	11,169	29,933	41,122
Aroostook disturbance.	1838	1839	—	1,500	1,500
War with Mexico.	24 Apr. 1846	4 July 1848	30,954	73,776	112,230
Apache, Navajo and Utah War.	1849	1855	1,500	1,061	2,561
Seminole Indian War.	1856	1858	—	3,687	3,687
†Civil War.	1861	1865	—	—	2,772,408

* Naval forces only. † The Confederate force was about 600,000.

SOLDIERS' HOMES.

(For complete list of the "Homes" see page 796.)

The following lists deal with those of the Third New Hampshire Volunteers found located in the "Homes," as shown in the Annual Reports. No attempt has been made to discover any Third New Hampshire men in State Homes other than in the New Hampshire State Home at Tilton:—

NAME.	Co.	DISABILITY.	ADMITTED.	HOME.	REMARKS.
<i>From commencement to 30 June 81.</i>					
Berry, Charles H.	H	Rheumatism,	14 Sept. 73,	Eastern.	Present.
Casey, John	H	Lost right leg,	8 Dec. 89,	Eastern.	Present.
Egan, John	C	Wounded, left side,	23 March 76,	Central.	Present.
Farrall, Thomas	K	Lost right arm,	31 March 69,	Central.	Discharged 16 July 69.
Gannon, James	H	Wounded, right arm,	15 June 71,	Eastern.	Present.
Gracey, Wm.	H	Heart disease,	11 Oct. 71,	Eastern.	Died 7 Nov. 71.
Herriek, William	C	Rheumatism,	8 Sept. 70,	Central.	Discharged 16 May 71.
Hogan, Patrick	D	Lost left arm,	27 Oct. 69,	Eastern.	Discharged 25 May 72.
Holden, William	B	Wounded, leg,	3 Nov. 75,	Eastern.	Died 9 March 77.
Humphress, Wilbur H.	A	Wounded, shoulder,	20 June 76,	Eastern.	Discharged 15 Dec. 80.
Jarvis, Rupert	E	Lost right leg,	4 May 70,	Eastern.	Discharged 11 July 70.
Knox, Wm. H.	H	Hernia,	22 Jan. 70,	Eastern.	Present.
Martin, James	E	Wounded, knee,	4 March 69,	Eastern.	Discharged 3 Jan. 70.
Martin, Joseph	A	Wounded, abdomen,	5 Dec. 68,	Eastern.	Present.
McCabe, James	F	Wounded, thighs,	5 Dec. 68,	Eastern.	Discharged 14 Oct. 70.
McTearns, John	C	Wounded, leg,	4 April 67,	Eastern.	Died 6 Nov. 67.
McGuinness, John	H	General debility,	16 Nov. 70,	Eastern.	Dropped 15 Feb. 72.
Muller, Geo. W.	F	Lost left arm,	15 Sept. 70,	Eastern.	Present.
Mathoney, Patrick	C	Wounded, head.	21 June 79,	Eastern.	Discharged 5 Sept. 79.
O'Brien, Terrence	C	Wounded, arm,	5 Dec. 68,	Eastern.	Died 23 Nov. 79.
Otis, Frederick	I	Disease, lungs,	1 Jan. 79,	Eastern.	Died 10 April 79.
Peacock, John	C	Wounded, leg,	25 March 71,	Eastern.	Dropped 31 Aug. 72.
Roberts, James	H	Wounded, left arm,	18 Feb. 75,	Western.	Discharged 30 Sept. 72.
Robinson, Roddy	E	Wounded, arm,	18 Feb. 79,	Eastern.	Present 1 Nov. 79, tr. to So. Branch 25 Nov. 79.

Rooney, Edw. T.	K	Wounded, left shoulder,	8 April	79,	Western.	Dropped 31 July, 79.
Sheehan, Jeremiah	C	Hernia,	11 Aug.	70,	Eastern.	Dropped 31 Aug. 71.
Smith, William, 5th	H	Wounded, head,	19 Dec.	70,	Eastern.	Dropped 18 April 72.
Stevens, Albert H.	H	Wounded, hip,	18 Feb.	73,	Eastern.	Died 10 May 74.
Stone, Jacob D.	B	Rheumatism,	23 Aug.	79,	Eastern.	Present.
Welch, Patrick	H	Rheumatism,	7 Dec.	75,	Eastern.	Dropped 7 Jan. 81.
<i>From 1 July 81 to 1 July 83.</i>						
*Cameron, James	C	Rheumatism,	27 Aug.	81,	Eastern.	Present.
Egan, John	C	Wounded, left side,	23 March	76,	Southern.	Died 12 Oct. 81.
*Fortune, Robert	C	Wounded, right shoulder,	27 Feb.	83,	Southern.	Present.
*French, James	F	Wounded,	2 Dec.	82,	Central.	Present; also in 3d Vt. L.A.
Huntress, Wilbur H.	A	Wounded, shoulder,	30 June	76,	Eastern.	Discharged 20 July 82.
Martin, Joseph	A	Wounded, abdomen,	5 Dec.	68,	Eastern.	Discharged 29 Jan. 83.
Miller, Geo. W.	F	Lost left arm,	15 Aug.	70,	Eastern.	Discharged 19 Oct. 82.
McCabe, James	F	Wounded, left thigh,	5 Dec.	68,	Eastern.	Dropped 7 May 83.
Rooney, Edward T.	K	Wounded, left shoulder,	8 April	79,	Western.	Present.
*Simmons, Volney T.	H	Disease, lungs,	24 April	82,	Eastern.	Dropped 7 May 83.
Welch, Patrick	H	Rheumatism,	7 Dec.	75,	Eastern.	Present.
* First admission.						
<i>From 1 July 83 to 1 July 84.</i>						
Egan, John	C	Wounded, side,	23 March	76,	Western.	Present.
French, James	F	Injury, right hip,	2 Dec.	82,	Western.	Died 5 June 84; in 3d Vt. L.A.
Perry, Chas. S. K.	H	Chronic diarrhoea,	3 Oct.	83,	Eastern.	Present.
Rooney, Edw. T.	K	Wounded, left shoulder,	8 April	79,	Southern.	Present; also in 5th N.Y. Inf.
<i>From 1 July 84 to 1 July 85.</i>						
Chamberlain, A. G.	F	Chills and rheumatism,	1 Jan.	85,	Eastern.	Present.
Davis, Henry S.	K	Rheumatism,	13 Sept.	84,	Eastern.	Present.
Dugan, Jeremiah	H	Rheumatism,	19 Aug.	84,	Eastern.	Present.
Hardy, Wm. E.	H	Fever and ague,	6 Oct.	84,	Eastern.	Present.
Mansfield, Patrick	F	Wounded, head,	16 Aug.	84,	Central.	Died 30 Sept. 84
Nichols, Wm. H. H.	H	Wounded, left arm,	5 Nov.	84,	Eastern.	Pres.; also in 2 Batt. V.R.C.
Ryan, James	E	Wounded, right leg,	23 April	85,	Eastern.	Present.
Senior, William	B	Rheumatism,	15 Nov.	84,	Eastern.	Present.

SOLDIERS' HOMES — (Continued).

NAME.	Co.	DISABILITY.	ADMITTED.	HOME.	REMARKS.
<i>From 1 July 85 to 1 July 86.</i>					
Brown, Bartholomew	I	Varicose veins,	15 May 86,	Eastern.	Present.
Davis, Nathaniel C.	F	Hernia,	25 June 86,	Western.	Present.
Gannon, James	H	Wounded, right arm,	14 June 71,	Eastern.	Died 16 Oct. 85.
Kelleca, Patrick	C	Wounded, head,	27 Oct. 85,	Eastern.	Present.
Nichols, Wm. H. H.	H	Wounded, left arm,	5 Nov. 84,	Eastern.	Discharged 6 Oct. 85.
Ryan, James	E	Wounded, right leg,	25 April 85,	Eastern.	Discharged 23 June 86.
Stokes, John F.	A	Wounded, head.	10 July 85,	Eastern.	Present.
<i>From 1 July 86 to 1 July 87.</i>					
Chamberlain, A. G.	F	Malaria,	1 Jan. 85,	Eastern.	Dropped 2 Sept. 86.
Conrion, Frank	F	Rheumatism,	24 Sept. 86,	Eastern.	Present.
Gunck, Edwin	G	Discharged lungs,	6 July 86,	Southern.	Died 4 April 87.
Hardy, Wm. E.	H	Malaria,	6 Oct. 84,	Eastern.	Discharged 21 July 86.
Lord, George F.	B	Rheumatism,	21 May 87,	Central.	Present.
Martin, Samuel	I	Wounded, head,	3 Feb. 87,	Northwestern.	Present.
Ryan, James	E	Wounded, right leg,	25 April 85,	Eastern.	Present.
<i>From 1 July 87 to 1 July 88.</i>					
Dumars, Peter	E	Rheumatism,	28 Sept. 87,	Eastern.	Present.
Robinson, Rody	E	Wounded, arm,	18 Feb. 79,	Northwestern.	Present.
Senior, William	B	Rheumatism,	15 Nov. 84,	Eastern.	Present.
<i>From 1 July 88 to 1 July 89.</i>					
Buxton, John R.	E	Rheumatism,	11 March 88,	Eastern.	Present.
McDavitt, Henry	D	Wounded, arm,	21 Aug. 88,	Eastern.	Present.
Martin, Samuel	I	Wounded, head,	2 March 87,	Northwestern.	Discharged 21 Jan. 89.
Murphy, Thomas	C	Phthisis,	11 Nov. 88,	Eastern.	Present.
Robinson, Chas., 2d	E	Hernia,	7 Sept. 88,	Central.	Discharged 10 June 89.
Ryan, James	E	Wounded, leg,	4 April 85,	Eastern.	Present.
Waters, John	F	Chronic rheumatism,	24 Nov. 82,	Pacific.	2 U.S. Cav., Co. K.

From 1 July 89 to 1 July 90.

Brown, Bartholomew	I	Varicose veins,	15 May	86,	Eastern.	Died 22 Oct. 89.
Davis, Nathl C.	F	Hernia,	25 June	86,	Central.	Present.
Dunars, Peter	E	Rheumatism,	28 Sept.	89,	Eastern.	Dropped 2 Aug. 89.
French, Chas. F.	H	Malaria,	28 March	90,	Marion.	Present.
Lord, Geo. F.	B	Rheumatism,	21 May	87,	Pacific.	Present.
Murphy, Thos.	C	Phthisis,	21 Nov.	88,	Eastern.	Dropped 2 Aug. 89.
Newton, David H.	A	Rheumatism,	19 Oct.	89,	Eastern.	Present.
Robinson, Chas.	E	Hernia,	18 Aug.	88,	Southern.	Present.
Ryan, James	E	Slightly wounded, thigh,	25 April	85,	Eastern.	Gov. Insane Asy. 26 Nov. 89.
Wentworth, W. W.	K	Hernia,	17 Sept.	89,	Eastern.	Present.

From 1 July 90 to 1 July 91.

Abbott, Alba D.	A	General debility,	1 July	90,	Southern.	Disch. 18 Feb. 91.
Cameron, James	C	Rheumatism,	20 Aug.	81,	Eastern.	Disch. 1 Sept. 90.
Cavender, James	B	Rheumatism,	27 Aug.	90,	Eastern.	Present.
Doherty, Chas.	F	Wounded, shoulder,	20 July	72,	Eastern.	Died 17 March 91.
Johnson, Wm. H.	B	Wounded, hand,	13 Oct.	90,	Western.	Present.
Mullaholland, John	D	Rheumatism,	26 March	91,	Eastern.	Present.
Ryan, James	E	Hernia,	18 July	88,	Southern.	Dropped.
Robinson, Chas., 2d	E	Wounded, leg,	*25 April	85,	Eastern.	Tr. Gov. In. Asy. 15 Nov. 90.
Stone, Jacob D.	B	Rheumatism,	23 Aug.	79,	Eastern.	Died 30 May 91.
Waters, John	F	Fever and ague,	24 Nov.	92,	Western.	Present.
Wentworth, W. W.	K	Hernia,	17 Sept.	89,	Eastern.	Disch. 15 Sept. 90.

* Re admitted 16 July 90, supposedly recovered — see 90 report.

New Hampshire Soldiers' Home. — From 1 July 90 to 1 July 91.

French, Asa P.	G	Hernia and rheumatism,	6 Dec.	90,	Absent with leave.
Knowles, Wm. R.	D	Rupture,	6 Jan.	91,	Disch. 11 March 91.
Murphy, Thomas	C	Consumption,	29 Dec.	90,	Absent with leave.
Maloney, Patrick	C	Wounds, heart disease,	18 June	91,	Present.
Stokes, Benj.	K	Varicose veins,	12 May	91,	Absent with leave.

ADDITIONAL.

Kirby, Daniel	C	General debility,	1 July	91,	Present 26 Aug. 92.
Smith, Thos. B.	K	General debility,	19 May	92,	Present 26 Aug. 92.
Foster, Robt. E.	D		11 Dec.	91,	Present 28 April 93.
Newton, David H.	A		1 Sept.	92,	Present 28 April 93.
Pierce, Hiram	F		28 Jan.	93,	Present 28 April 93.

MILITARY SOCIETIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Founded.	Title.	Members.
COLONIAL AND INDIAN WARS, 1620-1775.		
1892	Society of Colonial Wars	140
WAR OF THE REVOLUTION, 1775-1783.		
1783	Order of the Cincinnati	432
1876	Society of Sons of the Revolution	2,514
1889	Society of Sons of the American Revolution	3,000
WAR WITH GREAT BRITAIN, 1812-1815.		
*1854	Society of the War of 1812	200
†1890	Society of the War of 1812 in the State of New York	184
WAR WITH MEXICO, 1846-1848.		
1847	Aztec Club	200
CIVIL WAR, 1861-1865.		
1865	Military Order of the Loyal Legion	10,264
1866	Grand Army of the Republic	398,000
1880	Sons of Veterans U. S. A.	100,000
1884	Union Veteran Legion	10,000
1887	National Association of Naval Veterans	7,000
1891	Naval Legion of the United States	3,000
1889	Association of United Confederate Veterans	20,000
†1888	Regular Army and Navy Union	7,000

* Not organized originally as a military society.

† Organized as a military society by veterans of the war and descendants of soldiers and sailors participating therein.

‡ Membership not limited to those who took part in the Civil War.

Act of Congress, approved 25 Sept. 1890: "The distinctive badges adopted by military societies of men who served in the War of the Revolution, the War of 1812, the Mexican War, and the War of the Rebellion, respectively, may be worn upon all occasions of ceremony by officers and enlisted men of the United States who are members of those organizations in their own right."

(The above from *The World Almanac*.)



RATIONS; OR, WHAT WE ATE.

There is no question, nor can there be, as to whether we ate anything during the war. And it seems hardly necessary to state exactly what the army ration was immediately prior to the advent of the Third New Hampshire Volunteers.

In August, 1861 (G.O. 54, W.D., 10 Aug.), the then army ration was increased as follows: 22 oz. bread or flour, or 1 lb. of hard bread, instead of the present issue; fresh beef shall be issued as often as the commanding officer of any regiment or detachment shall require it, when practicable, in place of salt meat; beans and rice or hominy shall be issued in the same ration in the proportions now provided by the regulation, and 1 lb. of potatoes per man shall be issued at least three times a week, if practicable; and when these articles cannot be issued in these proportions, an equivalent in value shall be issued in some other proper food, and a ration of tea may be substituted for a ration of coffee upon the requisition of the proper officer; provided, that after the present insurrection shall cease, the ration shall be as provided by law and regulations on the first day of July, 1861. Hospitals were allowed, under certain regulations, to revel in milk, butter, eggs, preserved fruit and the like.

General Order 98, War Department, 13 Nov. 1861, authorized the issue of Tilden's Extract (Tilden's Pure Extract of Coffee) in lieu of sugar and coffee. The Third New Hampshire never derived any benefit from this order.

General Order 77, War Department, 11 July 1862, provided (Act of Congress) that the Secretary of War be authorized to commute the rations of coffee and sugar for the extract of coffee combined with sugar, to be procured in same manner as preserved meats, pickles, butter and desiccated vegetables are procured for the navy, if conducive to health, is not more expensive, and is acceptable to the men. The Third New Hampshire never participated in any of the delicacies offered it by its friends in Congress.

General Order 22, Department of the South, 14 March 1863, provided for limiting the issue of fresh beef to three issues in ten days, owing to its great expense, and as far as practicable the meat rations to be (in 10 days) : three issues of pork, two issues of bacon, two issues of salt beef, three issues of fresh meat.

General Order 102, War Department, 25 April 1863, provided for an extra issue of candles to regimental adjutants in the field, of ten pounds per month. Though classed as rations, it must not be understood that we were ever driven to the dire necessity of actually masticating candles: or, on the other hand, it must not be inferred that adjutants had abnormal appetites, but that they really wanted and required more light.

General Order 81, Department of the South, 24 Sept. 1863, provided for two issues of onions (!) a week, in place of beans, peas, rice or hominy. As our courting days were in a state of temporary suspension, and onions were enjoying a fair reputation for healthfulness, we submitted.

General Order 226, War Department, 8 July 1864, provided (Act of Congress) for a modification of the army ration, thus: 12 oz. of pork or bacon or 1 lb. 4 oz. salt or fresh beef: 18 oz. soft bread or flour or 12 oz. hard bread or 1 lb. 4 oz. corn meal. For 100 rations: 15 lbs. beans or peas or 10 lbs. rice or hominy; 10 lbs. green coffee or 8 lbs. roasted or roasted and ground coffee, or 1 lb. 8 oz. tea; 15 lbs. sugar, 4 qts. vinegar, 1 lb. 4 oz. adamantine or star candles, 4 lbs. soap, 3 lbs. 12 oz. salt, 4 oz. pepper. The Subsistence Department to determine whether soft bread shall be issued. On campaigns, march or on transports, the hard bread to be 1 lb., 1½ oz. desiccated compressed potatoes or 1 oz. desiccated mixed vegetables, in place of beans, peas, rice or hominy. Fresh vegetables, etc., may be issued in lieu of other rations of equal money value.

General Order 13, War Department, 6 Feb. 1865, directed that 14 oz. dried or 18 oz. pickled fish be issued in lieu of rations of fresh beef, and authorized officers and their servants actually on the field to draw rations and pay for same on pay rolls.

General Order 52, War Department, 30 March 1865, authorized and directed (Act of Congress) the Subsistence Department to issue tobacco at cost, not exceeding 16 oz. per month, and to be deducted from pay, same as clothing. The Third New Hampshire never extracted the juice of any government tobacco. The men manfully bought their own, paying cash for it, e'en though they borrowed the money to do it.

General Order 88, War Department, 10 May 1865, provided that the soldier while on furlough should be entitled to the munificent sum of twenty-five cents per day for rations.

General Order 120, War Department, 29 June 1865, forbade all further issues of whiskey, and directed all on hand to be sold at once. This did not visibly affect the Third New Hampshire to any appreciable degree. Possibly the order was issued too late. Its general appearance was, however, something like what is termed "a death-bed repentance."

The Third New Hampshire did not differ materially from other soldiers in respect to its rations and the disposition of the same. It managed (by companies) to save something, by not consuming all the allowance (see Company Fund). As the time, say for our mid-day meal (this really means dinner) approached, there could be seen stealthily, but not very leisurely, approaching the proper spot (described later on), the advance guard of the company about to "fall in." These were the excessively hungry only, seeking a good place in the line: and that good place was at the head of the procession. Presently, the hour having arrived, and the drums having beat the "dinner call," the Orderly Sergeant appears at the head of the company parade ground, and cries out "Fall in!" Great Scott! how quickly those advance guard men form a line, and the rest of the men come tumbling out of their tents, each and all armed with those peaceful implements—dipper, plate, knife, fork and spoon, and take their places in the line, behind the advance guard. This line runs lengthwise of the company parade ground, with the head resting on a point very near to the dear cook, who is (or ought to be) ready to receive the procession with dignity and rations, the latter well cooked, hot, and usually smelling like

incense. If there has been an inordinate desire for place in the line, and a few cuss words ejaculated, it sometimes happens that the Orderly Sergeant will countermarch his little command and at the proper moment say "Halt, about face, forward!" etc. This provokes much mirth; but this is strictly confined to the rear of the procession, as originally formed, but now become the head. We march up in single file, and the cooks (usually two) deal out the bill of fare (metaphorically speaking), as nearly alike to each as human ingenuity can estimate it. Each repairs to his tent to eat his meal. This single serving is supposed to be all one will get; but an occasional second course man will be seen quietly approaching the cook, in say fifteen or twenty minutes, with these significant words on his tongue, "Anything left?" If he does not do this little act with exceeding grace, and smile during the act, he gets no second serving; and if he has at any previous time offended the cook in any manner, he may smile and urge his emptiness; but all in vain! If there is anything more remarkable than another belonging to this general subject, it is the longevity of a cook's memory. No attempt will here be made to describe a cooked ration. There were usually two men detailed from each company as cooks; sometimes they had assistance, from a man who was ill — too ill for hard duty, but just able to assist the cooks. Cooks were, by common consent, excused from guard duty — in fact, from every other duty. Rows (short o. please) with the cooks were frequent. Sometimes a cook would be discovered selling a portion of the rations: again found dealing out the more palatable rations in excessive quantity to personal friends; again, found to be only a fourth-rate cook, and so on. These and other reasons were made the occasion for a row.

Some of the men were always hungry, and would be under any circumstances. They were constructed on that plan, and to a certain extent were not responsible. Such would be in an almost perpetual row with the cook and the government ration. The general rule, however, was — good cooks, good food, a sufficiency of it, well cooked, fairly served and giving general satisfaction. It was true, however, that a very few times the Third New Hampshire, or some portion of it, was short of rations or had none. These were isolated cases. The one case vividly remembered by the writer was on Johns' Island, S. C., in June, 1862. Salt beef and pork were not considered as delicacies, especially if the former had any equine indications about it. If there was one thing standing pre-eminently above another in the ration line, in the estimate of a soldier, it was his coffee. Albeit he might discover traces of chicory or beans in its composition, although he might be hungry, and no hardtack at hand: if he could have his coffee, it was both food and drink. See him here, as the regiment halts for bivouac. The cooks have either not come up or are too slow for him. Gets he a few sticks together and starts a little fire. Perhaps two or three join, one getting the wood, another the water from some neighboring brook or mud-hole, while perhaps the third starts the fire and installs himself as cook for the trio. 'Tis but the work of a few minutes, and the dippers are on the burning sticks, the flames leaping up all around them. The welcome steam soon arises, and in a few minutes more each is sipping his coffee with gusto. Without coffee, what would a soldier's life be?

We cannot close this chapter without brief reference to the much abused army bean. Though abused in poetry and in prose, it had its place in economy's stomach (*i.e.*, soldiers actually ate them). The favorite method of preparation was "baked." The ingenuity of man is great, and this greatness fell upon our cooks. The favorite method of baking the army bean was to put several of them in a camp kettle and parboil them. This was not so lengthy an operation as New Yorkers have, at the end of which time they warm them a little in an oven and then say they've got baked beans. A hole is previously dug in the ground, not after the manner of a post hole, but say two feet wide by three or four feet long and two or more feet deep. In this a wood fire is built, and kept burning freely till the ground has become sufficiently heated and the embers have ceased to smoke. The wood has been reduced to live coals. The oven is now ready for the beans. They are then further prepared (the writer is not a cook and can't give the secrets of this if he would); and being placed in camp-kettles,— one, two

or three of them, and a few beautiful pieces of army pork laid gently on the top of each,— are with tender hands placed side by side on the hot coals and pieces of board laid across the top and covered with dirt to keep in the heat. They remain there the proper length of time, during which this new-made grave is an object of interest; and when the cover is removed therefrom, there emerges from those camp-kettles that delectable, delightful, succulent and refreshing dish denominated “baked beans.” The writer recalls a case where marching orders were received while the abused bean was undergoing this transition process, and we had to go. What did we do? We exhumed them and bolted them as they were, rather than lose them. This case was about 13 Aug. 1864.

CLOTHING; OR, WHAT WE WORE.

General Order 15, War Department, 4 May 1861, among other things provided that the allowance for clothing for a volunteer infantry soldier should be \$2 50 per month.

General Order 108, War Department, 16 Dec. 1861, directed a change in color. The trousers (no *pants* in those days) to be of sky-blue mixture, and the welt (in trousers) for officers, and the stripes (chevrons) for non-coms. to be dark blue.

General Order 85, War Department, 23 July 1862 (Resolution of Congress), directed that clothing lost by the casualties of war be replaced without expense to the soldier. This gave an opportunity to lose all one's old clothes in a retreat or other pleasant circumstances, and our dear Uncle Sam would give us new.

General Order 202, War Department, 9 Dec. 1862, fixed prices for clothing, etc., thus: Forage cap 80.56, uniform coat 7.21, trousers 3.55, flannel shirt 1.46, flannel drawers .95, knit drawers 1.00, stockings .32, booties sewed 2 05, booties pegged 1.48, great coats 9.50, knapsacks 2.14, blankets woolen 3 60, blankets rubber 2.55, blankets painted 1 65, haversacks .48, haversacks enam. 56, canteen 44, mosquito bars 3.15, wall tent 53.26, com. tent 22.45, shelter tent 3.25, camp-kettle .55, bedsack s. 3 00, bedsack d. 3.15.

General Order 202, War Department, 9 Dec. 1862, provided that the clothing allowance of a volunteer should be \$42 per year.

General Order 364, War Department, 12 Nov. 1863, provided that volunteers should be allowed \$42 per year for clothing.

General Order 12, War Department, 5 Jan. 1864, directed that the clothing account of a volunteer soldier be settled as follows: If served 3 months \$23.93, if served 6 months 35.32, if served 9 months 40 34.

The reasons for the above are so obvious as to require no explanation.

General Order 107, War Department, 16 March 1864, provided that the clothing of a small-pox patient should be burned, and he be furnished free with 1 pr. trousers, 1 blouse, 1 shirt, 1 pr. drawers, 1 pr. socks and 1 cap.

It was not the custom to draw clothing as often as it appeared that a man needed a pair of stockings, because the trouble of drawing wouldn't warrant it. Drawing clothing was somewhat of an event. The company commander would ascertain from the men just what they needed; and making a memorandum of it, would, when the list got to be of any considerable size and the circumstances were propitious, hand the same to the quartermaster. He in turn would invite all the company commanders (under same circumstances) to hand in their lists. On that basis he would draw from the quartermaster of the post, brigade or division; and then, when delivered to him, he would be ready in turn to issue to the company commanders. An issue of clothing meant that the men who had signified their needs in that line should present themselves at the captain's tent and receive the articles and receipt for them on clothing receipt rolls. This was a form (quite large size) furnished by the government, and was the voucher to be used by the captain to account for the clothing he had drawn from the quartermaster. Some men drew more than their allowance; and when the pay-day came they found the charge against their pay, thus: “Due U. S. for clothing, etc.”

It will doubtless be remembered that when the Third New Hampshire left the State, grey uniforms were upon the men. The hard service soon after landing at Hilton Head soon put those grey uniforms into a condition where we'd got to have new uniforms; and blue was issued, as shown in the history proper.

Theoretically, each soldier cared for and maintained his own wardrobe; but practically he didn't. Many men hired their washing and mending done. There were always, in every company, a few men who could, for a few coins of the realm, be induced to wash and mend for others. They were a great convenience, especially to the dandy soldier, who disdained to plunge his hands beneath the suds or don the thimble. To their credit be it said, that some washers and repairers were competent and skilful, being able to "patch" or to sew on a button as deftly and artistically as a woman.

Nearly every man had, and carried in his knapsack, what was generally called a "Soldier's Companion," and sometimes a "Housewife." This was an assortment of small articles — thimble, thread, needles, buttons, scissors, court-plaster, etc., all systematically arranged in a "roll." This was usually made of enamelled cloth outside, and then fancifully lined with colored silk or other fabric, and little pockets arranged, at proper intervals, for the various small articles enumerated.

These "Companions" were almost always the gift of some loved one at home, and were companions indeed and constant reminders of the giver.

PAYING OFF.

Paying off the troops was an event of no small import. It meant much, and much that is impracticable to write. As a rule, troops were paid every two months; but the exceptions during the late condition of unpleasant relations were so numerous that it was difficult to determine just which practice was the rule and which the exception. A long interval between pay days was the harvest for the money lender and the bane of the other fellows. Men would borrow, would foolishly expend money, would run in debt; and the money lender's mission was to assist them so far as able. The general rule was, "I'll give you five dollars next pay day for four dollars now." It was an enormous rate; but the risk was great, it being almost impossible to collect such a debt if the borrower died or was killed. That risk, and also his risk of indisposition to pay, had to be taken; hence high rates of interest. Whenever it became certain that we were to be paid within a few days, the money lender got his accounts in shape for settlement. The man who had borrowed calmly counted up the various sums he had borrowed, frequently finding but little would be left for himself and the sutler. The frugal man frequently let go his grip on the last dollar and invested it in condensed milk, if he felt sure the paymaster was coming. The paying off was a simple process and was generally by companies, beginning with Co. A. The men were marched up by flank to the Colonel's or Adjutant's tent, and there the paymaster and his clerks received the signatures of the men and disbursed the ducats. It was a gala day. Everybody was happy, even to the money lender. It may here be remarked that as the borrower of high degree repaid his losses, a tinge of sadness mounted his noble brow at the limited amount left on hand for present and future wants. A general paying off of debts, the sending of money home and other pleasant duties generally occupied the remainder of the day, and the gala appearance did not disappear for two or three days. Did the paymaster leave anything in his wake? He certainly did, and the writer's duty is to record what was usually seen in that wake. It was not phosphorescence, but rather effervescence. With his disappearance, almost simultaneously there appeared an abnormal quantity of liquid happiness, that even sutlers are not permitted to sell. Just how this happened is not the mission of the writer to unravel. He can deal only with the facts. In addition to the liquid alluded to, there was a sudden increase in the number of men in the guard house, and a decrease of the usual respect shown toward superiors. In fact, it was no unusual thing at those

times for a common, ordinary soldier to "sass" his corporal. The sutler reaped his harvest (see Sutler). Before many days had elapsed the usual routine of camp life was in full operation: the borrowers had begun to borrow, and the men had begun to prognosticate as to how soon the paymaster would come again.

WHEN PAID.

- October, 1861, at Fort Monroe (Stmr. *Atlantic*), by Maj. G. B. Pangborn, for August, 1861 (really from muster-in).
 4 Nov. 1861, off Port Royal, S. C. (Stmr. *Atlantic*), by Maj. G. B. Pangborn, for September and October, 1861.
 13 Feb. 1862, at Hilton Head, S. C., by Maj. Hewett, for November and December, 1861.
 6 April 1862, at Edisto Island, S. C., by —, for January and February, 1862.
 13 June 1862, at James Island, S. C., by —, for March and April, 1862.
 15 July 1862, at Hilton Head, S. C., by Maj. Mason, for May and June, 1862.
 18 Oct. 1862, at Hilton Head, S. C., by Maj. Mason, for July and August, 1862.
 10 Feb. 1863, at Pinckney Island and Hilton Head, S. C., by Maj. Mason, for September and October, 1862.
 18 April 1863, at Botany Bay and Bay Point, by *Maj. Wm. S. Stryker, for November and December, 1862, and January and February, 1863.
 16 June 1863, at St. Helena, S. C., by Maj. Wm. S. Stryker, for March and April, 1863.
 22 July 1863, at Morris Island, S. C., by Maj. Wm. S. Stryker, for May and June, 1863.
 17 Oct. 1863, at Morris Island, S. C., by Maj. Flagg, for July and August, 1863.
 28 Nov. 1863, at Morris Island, S. C., by Maj. Wm. S. Stryker, for September and October, 1863.
 February, 1864, at Morris and Small Islands, S. C., by Maj. Rucker, for November and December, 1863.
 18 March 1864, at Hilton Head, S. C., by —, for January and February, 1864.
 10 Oct. 1864, at Laurel Hill, Va., by †Maj. O. M. Dorman, for March, April, May, June, July and August, 1864.
 4 April 1865, at Wilmington, N. C., by Maj. Pulsifer, for September, October, November and December, 1864 (and not again till final muster-out — Concord, N. H.)

* Now Adjutant-General of New Jersey.

† A diary says "we were offered 7-30's at this payment."

PAY TABLE.

- Private: Prior to 6 Aug. 1861 \$11 per month, then \$13 per month to 1 May 1864, then \$16 per month.
 Corporal: Same as private, but when private's pay was increased to \$16, corporal's was increased to \$18.
 Sergeant: To 1 May 1864 \$17 per month, afterwards \$20.
 1st Sergeant: To 1 May 1864 \$20 per month, afterwards \$24.
 Sergeant-Major: To 1 May 1864 \$21 per month, afterwards \$26.
 Commissary-Sergeant: Same as sergeant-major prior to 1 May 1864; after 1 May 1864 \$22 per month.
 Quartermaster-Sergeant: Same as commissary-sergeant prior to 1 May 1864; after 1 May 1864 \$22 per month.
 Hospital Steward: \$30 per month (three classes in Regular Army, \$30, \$22 and \$20); after 1 May 1864: first class \$23, second class \$25, third class \$23.
 Principal Musician: \$21 per month; after 1 May 1864, \$22 per month.
 Musician: Same as private prior to and after 1 May 1864.

Wagoner: Same as private prior to and after 1 May 1864.

(The increase of 1 May 1864 was authorized by Act of Congress.—Public Resolution No. 122, approved 20 June 1864.—and promulgated by General Orders 216, War Department, 22 June 1864, to take effect as of 1 May 1864.)

Colonel: \$95, six rations \$54, and two servants \$45: total \$194, and \$4 for forage.

Lieutenant-Colonel: \$80, five rations \$45, and two servants \$45: total \$170, and \$3 for forage.

Major: \$70, four rations \$36, and two servants \$45: total \$151, and \$3 for forage.

Surgeon: \$80, four rations \$36, and two servants \$45: total \$161, and forage for two horses in actual use.

Assistant-Surgeon: \$70, four rations \$36, one servant \$22.50: total \$128.50, and forage for two horses in actual use.

Chaplain \$100: two rations \$18, and no servants: total \$118, and \$1 for forage.

Quartermaster: Same as 1st lieutenant and \$10 additional, and \$2 for forage.

Commissary: This is inserted for the purpose of emphasizing the fact that there was no such officer as a regimental commissary.

Adjutant: Same as 1st lieutenant and \$10 additional, and \$2 for forage.

Captain: \$60, four rations \$36, and one servant \$22.50: total, \$118.50.

1st Lieutenant: \$50, four rations \$36, and one servant \$22.50: total, \$108.50.

2d Lieutenant: \$45, four rations \$36, and one servant \$22.50: total, \$103.50.

Leader of the Band: Same as 2d lieutenant.

Band: The law provided for 24 men, one-fourth of whom should be paid the same as sergeants of engineers \$34; another fourth to be paid the same as corporals of engineers \$20; the remaining half to be paid same as privates of engineers of the first class \$17. The Band, however, made a different distribution of it. (See Band.)

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Leaves of absence to officers were the same as furloughs to enlisted men—a privilege to be absent from duty for a specified time, and usually with the right to go where one pleased.

Leaves of absence were generally for thirty days, but there were (in the Third New Hampshire) variations from this, of seven, ten, fourteen, fifteen, twenty, twenty-five days. When an officer was sick or wounded and obtained a leave in consequence of it, he was said to have obtained a "sick leave."

In this latter case, particularly, if he was unable to return at the expiration of his leave, he was obliged to obtain a certificate from a regular physician to that effect, sworn to, etc., and a copy sent to Washington, and another to his regiment. This was usually made to cover a period of twenty days, the certificate affirming that the officer would be unable to travel for twenty days. This latter having expired, and still finding himself unable to travel, the process was repeated, covering another twenty days. This was the generally accepted limit, and thereafter the officer was liable to peremptory discharge for disability.

General Order 52, War Department, 14 May 1862, directed all officers on leave to rejoin their regiments at once, and actually revoked their "leaves." There were so many absent at the time, it was considered necessary and expedient to do this apparently unjust thing; but in many cases it worked hardship. It was found that the order above quoted was not having its desired effect.

General Order 61, War Department, 7 June 1862, provided that all officers absent with leave would be considered absent without leave if they did not return to their regiments and posts within fifteen days.

This order permitted invalids (sick or wounded) to report to the Camp of Instruction at Annapolis (for the East), and at Camp Chase, Ohio, (for the West). Apparently this order, even, did not result as intended.

General Order 92, War Department, 31 July 1862, ordered (by the President) that on Monday, 11 Aug. 1862, all leaves of absence (and furloughs, too), by whosoever given (except by the War Department), be revoked and absolutely annulled. The only valid excuses will be: 1. An order of the War Department (leave); 2. Disability from wounds received in action; 3. Disability from disease that renders the officer unfit for military service.

The order very significantly adds that no officer able to visit watering places, places of amusement, etc., will be excused. The order further provides for a special muster on 18 August, to ascertain who were yet absent — pay to be stopped — to be dismissed the service, and none to be restored except through a court of inquiry and with the approval of the President. To make the order efficacious, the Secretary of War was authorized to appoint a commissioner from each State; and all marshals, mayors, chiefs of police, sheriffs, postmasters and justices of the peace, were authorized to arrest at \$5 per head. There can be no doubt that the government meant "business" at that time.

General Order 100, War Department, 11 Aug. 1862 (the very day of the limit of previous order, No. 92), revoked so much of General Order 92 as related to extensions of sick leaves, and said no applications for such extensions need hereafter be made. The order further provided that all officers who have been absent more than sixty days on account of wounds or disease and still unable to rejoin, will be reported to the Adjutant-General for discharge.

General Order 326, War Department, 28 Sept. 1863, provided that officers might be sentenced by a general court-martial to be reduced to the ranks, for absence without leave, and to thus serve for three years or during the war.

General Order 383, War Department, 30 Nov. 1863, authorized the commanders of geographical departments to grant leaves in accordance with the regulations; but no officer will be permitted to visit Washington, except by order of the War Department (special permit); and no extension will be granted by the War Department except on the approval of the officer granting the leave.

General Order 279, War Department, 10 Nov. 1864, directed that all leaves of absence (and furloughs, too — the order erroneously designates both as furloughs) of those fit for duty expire on the 14th (four days' notice), and all were ordered to report at once to the nearest draft rendezvous. The Provost Marshal-General was directed to enforce the order.

The first leave of absence granted to any officer of the Third New Hampshire was to Col. Fellows, in April, 1862, and the last to Capt. Woodbury. The latter rejoined the regiment only an hour or two after its arrival in Concord. There were cases where officers went home on recruiting service: with the veterans, March, 1864, and with the "expired term" men in August, 1864, and with the "discharged on order" men in June, 1865, which were substantially leaves of absence.

Some of the cases were better than a "leave." Some of the short leaves were within the Department of the South, and Beaufort or St. Augustine, or Fernandina, were the places visited. (See list.)

FURLOUGHS.

Furloughs were simply authorized privileges to go home, or anywhere else, and generally for thirty days. These privileges were very desirable, and he who got one was called "a lucky dog." They were generally bestowed upon the most deserving, and there are instances where the same person had three furloughs. The term "furlough" for men is synonymous with "leave of absence" for officers. Sometimes men were furloughed because they were unable to do duty, either from sickness or wounds, and such were termed "sick furloughs." In some instances, where a hospital was overcrowded, those who were able to travel were furloughed to relieve the hospital. While the regiment was at Hilton Head, a large number of passes were given to Beaufort, for one, two, or three days, to visit friends in other regiments; but these were in no wise considered as furloughs.



SURG. ANDREW J. H. BUZZELL.



ASST. SURG. CHARLES A. BURNHAM.



LIEUT. ALVAN H. LIBBY,
Adjt.

The writer has made a memorandum of every furlough coming to his knowledge; and the list which he gives is not put forth as a complete list, but substantially correct as far as it purports to cover the ground. The list given is entirely exclusive of the re-enlisted men, each of whom received a furlough (except as noted), and need not be repeated. That some were ungrateful and ungracious enough not to return at the expiration of their furloughs (and this applies not only to those of the re-enlisted class, but to others as well) is sadly true.

Sometimes they simply overstayed just a week or so, you know, and then returned. These cases were generally treated with great liberality and leniency. Very, very few of such ever suffered further than in their own minds. They were generally at once restored to duty without trial, and some of them were actually promoted to warrants, and even to commissions. Another class of furloughs worthy of separate mention were those granted in October, 1864, to men in hospital, for the purpose of going home to vote at the November election. (Officers also had "leaves" for same purpose.)

Every man who had been taken prisoner and paroled, was entitled to a furlough of thirty days at once; but this was revoked 28 June 1862, by General Order 72, War Department, and all furloughs then unexpired were revoked and all ordered to report at certain named places at once (for the East, at Annapolis, Md.) This privilege was restored later.

General Order 78, War Department, 14 July 1862, directed that the granting of furloughs be discontinued, owing to the many evils arising. All furloughs (and leaves of absence) were revoked by General Order 92, War Department, 31 July 1862. (Noted elsewhere.)

By General Order 391, of 9 Dec. 1863, Commanders of Departments were authorized to grant furloughs to men in hospital within their commands. (Noted elsewhere.)

This latter was modified by enlarging the percentage from five per cent to twenty per cent by General Order 2, War Department, 2 Jan. 1864.

Furloughs were granted paroled men by General Order 122, War Department, 28 March 1864, to not over twenty per cent at a time from any post, and not over thirty days duration, and the time to be graduated by the distance to homes, and good conduct to be a pre-requisite. All furloughs (and leaves of absence), by whomsoever given, were revoked 10 Nov. 1864 by General Order 279, War Department, to take effect the 14th, and all to report to the nearest draft rendezvous. The Provost Marshal General was directed and empowered to carry out the order.

One group of furloughed men must not be overlooked—the men who received this favor for their excellent conduct during the siege at Morris Island.

See list of furloughs, made as nearly correct as the limited information and data at hand will permit. The list does not include the re-enlisted men or the paroled men, all of whom were presumed to have had furloughs.

PROMOTIONS AND REDUCTIONS.

(NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.)

As a rule, fitness and worth (or their opposites) were considered; but there were many cases where personal reasons were paramount. Many of the cases of reduction were for the most trivial and capricious reasons, and frequently without due deliberation or inquiry as to obscure but mitigating facts. The above statement may be more readily accepted, by observing the fact that in several instances the same persons were almost immediately promoted again to their former places.

At least one such case (really a group of cases) can be seen in Co. B: and the reductions took place at Washington, and under circumstances very like these. Squads of say ten men each from each company were permitted to go to the city daily, by rotation, to see the Capitol and some other objects of interest, and always charged to behave their best and have their

brasses eclipsed only by the sun at its meridian height. For some slight variation in the prescribed straight jacket, several of B's non-coms. got reduced. As the Captain himself did not make a good record for the Captain of Co. B, it may be inferred that he acted too hastily. This much in semi-justification of these non-coms.

The supposition was that promotions among non-coms. should be by seniority, etc., the same as in commissions; but many a corporal and many a sergeant reckoned without his host. They were "jumped." This means that a corporal appointed later than the other seven, may be appointed a sergeant to fill a vacancy; or a private may be appointed 1st sergeant, "jumping" all the eight corporals and four sergeants. This was more than once the case. Of course there was "kicking" in consequence: some resigned their warrants rather than submit to the humiliation, as they called it. Or a sergeant was "jumped" over the 1st sergeant to a commission. More cases need not be cited.

When a corporal or sergeant was reduced, the process was familiarly termed "stripes (chevrons) taken off." The method of reduction (or promotion either) was by the captain calling on the colonel with the complaint or recommendation, as the case might be; and the result was an order emanating from headquarters of the regiment, and read on parade, reducing "Corp. John Smith of Co. Q to the ranks, for insubordination or incompetency, etc.; and Private James Smith is promoted to Corporal of Co. Q, *vice* Corp. John Smith reduced, and he will be obeyed and respected accordingly."

One peculiar case happened on St. Helena Island, S. C., in June, 1863, where a company (nameless now and evermore), by some hocus pocus, had more than the regular number (8) of corporals. Just how to deal with this hydra-headed difficulty was a vexed conundrum for several days. Finally a compromise was effected, by several of the corporals agreeing to surrender their warrants and permit the Colonel to appoint anew or substitute other names, not to exceed the regulation *eight*. They wouldn't *resign*—no, not at all, but simply surrendered; and it was conceded that neither of them could be reduced, for none had committed any offence whatever. What might have been the result if these generous-hearted corporals had not thus vacated their offices, one can hardly predict.

The "will be obeyed and respected accordingly" attachment to every order of promotion, caused a smile to play around the mouths of the privates, especially if the promotion was to the dignified position of a corporal, as a corporal got no more pay than a private, till after 1 May 64. When the increase came, the major part of the smiling disappeared, and the corporal was treated with increased respect. The reducing of a non-com. was sometimes termed "breaking" him.

EXTRA DUTY. •

(INCLUDING EXTRA DUTY, DAILY DUTY, SPECIAL DUTY, DETACHED SERVICE.)

The line of demarkation is not strictly drawn between certain kinds of classified service. By this it is intended to refer only to duties other than the ordinary duties of soldiers, such as drilling, cleaning up (policing) the parade ground, eating one's own rations, sleeping, marching, fighting, polishing one's gun-barrel, etc. In order to give a general idea of the different classifications, it may be said that if a soldier was detailed as company cook, with the responsibilities attendant thereon, he was on *daily duty*. He might or might not be thus reported on the morning report. But just as sure as an order was issued, or a custom came into vogue (even though it was temporarily so) of accounting for every man, just so surely the cook was reported as on "daily duty." Generally there were two of these functionaries; but at the last of the war, when companies had dwindled to mere squads, only one cook was permitted to hold office in a company. Under "daily duty" were also included the nurses and attendants in the regimental

hospital, the clerk at regimental headquarters, the adjutants, the quartermasters and the commissaries. To these were added the orderly at headquarters and adjutants, the man who assisted the commissary in drawing and dealing out (issuing) the rations, the man for similar duties with the quartermaster. Another addition to the daily duty men might be the regimental farrier and regimental armorer. Those named practically included all the daily duty men of a regiment; and yet the list may be still further extended by a few (very, very few) men reported as officer's servants; and in some cases—particularly after we lost all our beautiful wagons—the company wagoners were reported as on daily duty.

In many cases, and apparently no rule about it, some of these men enumerate dunder "daily duty" were on "extra duty": that is, they were paid a small sum extra [twenty-five cents, I think. — D.E.] per day; and this was true in case of the regimental armorer.

The dividing line between "daily duty" and "extra duty" was indistinct, misty and crooked. In the case where the regiment almost as a whole (really large daily details) worked on the fortifications at Hilton Head, extra pay was promised, so it was said; and as the regulations required ten consecutive days' labor to entitle one to its benefits, that regulation proved our bane. For lo! nine days did we labor and get in our work; but on the tenth, where, O where, were we? Answer: In camp, disgusted, disappointed, forlorn.

"Extra duty" also meant where a man was detailed to go to headquarters of the post, say to work in the quartermaster's department as clerk, or as saddler, or as storekeeper, or as wagoner, or clerk at the post adjutant's, and the like. If the duty was at the post, near home, so to speak, he was reported as on "extra duty." If, however, he was sent to another post or a long distance from his regiment, so as to be entirely disconnected, then he was reported as on "detached service." As an example of "detached service," the various recruiting parties sent North were good illustrations; and this will include the party sent home after conscripts in July, 1863, from Morris Island. Officers were frequently detached for various purposes. Our first illustration of this was when Col. Fellows was detached, in January, 1862, to command the Post of Hilton Head. Another, when Adj. Libby was detached at St. Helena to be Gen. Strong's A.A.A.-G. The tables (lists) will furnish further examples. The men who were to be transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps were reported for awhile as on detached service.

The necessities of the service demand the services of many officers and men, which circumstances actually require shall be selected from regiments in the field. Is there a store-house to be built, either for quartermaster, commissary or ordnance stores? Who will build it? Certain men known to be carpenters are selected and detailed for the purpose. Hospitals (all kinds) must be supplied with nurses and surgeons. Military posts must have commanders and adjutants, and orderlies and clerks. The posts must also have a post or depot quartermaster, a post or depot commissary and a post or depot ordnance officer, etc.; and each must be supplied with clerks, orderlies, and men to do the manual labor. Wagons must be used to convey material from one point to another, and wagoners to care for them. Vessels must be unloaded of their stores, and vessels must be loaded for operations within a department, and so on.

The lists given are as complete as the writer has been able to make them, from the limited material at hand. They may not be correct in every detail, may not be absolutely correct as to every date named; but in the main, the list may be relied on.

It will be observed that many men were detailed several times, and some appear to be on some other kind of duty than the handling of a gun, almost continually; but the only solution of this (from a charitable standpoint) is that they were found specially fitted for the particular duty, and for this reason were retained. Some of the positions were pleasant and easy and were striven for, and some jealous eyes were cast; but the volume of this latter was quite limited.

If, in examining the lists, it shall appear that one company enjoyed greater privileges than another, it is fair to say that the apparent difference may not be a real one, but possibly accounted for in the fact that the data of that company was more fully supplied to the writer.

Sometimes an officer was reported on "special duty"; but this term never applied to a soldier. "Special duty" included courts-martial, boards of survey and the like.

The writer had almost forgotten that noble band, the pioneer corps, which may be properly called either special duty or daily duty. These were armed with axe and shovel, in addition to the usual gun, etc. A few men of each company were selected for this duty; and when on the march, if a tree needed to be cut down, or a marshy spot needed coduroying, or filling up, the pioneers were called upon to do it. They were rarely taken away from their companies, and were not excused from guard duty. In nearly all cases of daily duty or extra duty, the man turned in his gun and equipments, having no use for them.

THE BELVIDERE'S EXPERIENCE.

It should be understood, as a foundation for this sketch, that the *Belvidere* was one of Sherman's expeditionary fleet, and was not a very large steamer, but rather small—a side-wheeler. It was one of the two selected to carry the horses, wagons, etc., of the First Brigade (Gen. Viele's), the other being the *Philadelphia*. This of course necessitated the personal attendance of the hostlers and wagoners, to which may be added an infantry officer and small guard. As the *Belvidere* took on board the horses, hostlers, wagons and wagoners of the Third New Hampshire, the fortunes (really misfortunes) of that craft will be related, and perhaps form an interesting article.

The 18th of October, 1861, was the day of embarkation—that is, the embarkation began; but our Third New Hampshire men and horses got as far as the wharf and then stopped. There was some mistake somewhere. They stopped on the wharf all night; and it rained, too—a wet, chilly rain.

The 19th dawned on our little group of horses and hostlers; and the sun rose, and it also set, but no change in the situation. No rations all day. Food abundant, but none to eat. By evening, our men got a little desperate and went to the Quartermaster of the Twenty-first Massachusetts with their tale of woe; and he obtained rations for them, the first in thirty hours. They retired to their little plank beds that night with full stomachs; but the sun of the 20th rose again, and not much change for the better. All day, same. At night, our Capt. Clark, who was Harbor Master, came to the squad's relief and, learning they had not stored away any breakfast or dinner, arranged with Capt. Scull, Gen. Viele's Commissary, to order supper for them from the Twenty-first Massachusetts, and also put all hands on board the *Belvidere*.

Next morning, the 21st (Sunday), the *Belvidere* ran out into deep water and anchored. In the evening, up anchor and ran alongside the *Ocean Queen*, and took from her fifteen hundred bushels of oats, stowing them on deck. Next day, 22d, the *Belvidere* steamed away for Fort Monroe to join the fleet, the major part of which had already gone. A hard blow was experienced on the way, and the enormous pile of oats on deck added to the danger, though the Fort was reached without damage.

On the 24th, Lieut. Dunbar of the Forty-eighth New York came on board the *Belvidere* and took charge of the men and horses. Already the men had begun to be filled with fears as to the sea-worthiness of the *Belvidere*; and the first fruit of this was on the 25th, when two men, who were not enlisted men, left the steamer. Their names were C. Heath and D. Cate. Twenty-five men from the Forty-eighth New York came on board the 26th as a guard.

The *Belvidere* started with the fleet October 29, and kept up with it till nightfall. The range of the lights on the other steamers was then lost, and the *Belvidere* was headed nearer the shore. By midnight, the

wind was blowing very hard. On the morning of the 30th, at 4 A.M., Jackman of F (afterward Adjutant) took his turn at watching the horses. [It is chiefly from his diary that this chapter is written. — D. E.] At daylight, it was discovered that the *Belvidere* was off the coast of North Carolina and about thirty miles from Cape Hatteras. During the day they fell in with the *Com. Perry* of the fleet, and passed two gunboats, one at 10 and the other at 11 A.M. Heavy swells and strong head-winds blowing. About 1 P.M. an attempt was made to run into Hatteras Inlet, but without success. So they ran out toward and near a gunboat, and dropped anchor off Hatteras Shoals.

Hoisted anchor again early on the 31st, and overtook the fleet by noon. At this time it was quite pleasant, — a calm before a storm. — and they kept up with the fleet all day and all that night. Friday, 1 Nov., clouds, rain and a double rainbow. The captain of the *Belvidere* predicted a blow. At noon the gale began, and the *Belvidere's* crew could see the fleet scatter and disappear, while strange forebodings filled their minds. The *Belvidere* steered straight for the *Wabash*, as if safety lay in that direction. About 4 P.M. they tried to set the fore-sail, but the crew lost its grip on it, and it flapped terribly, starting the upper deck off the hull more than six inches. About 5 o'clock the gangway boards were smashed in. At dark the *Belvidere* had forged considerably ahead of the *Wabash*, though not very near to it, being more inshore. The men were terribly sick and more or less fearful of what might happen. The situation was made more interesting by the slipping down of the horses, and the almost vain attempts to place them on their feet again. At 7 o'clock they had an actual pile of four horses, but the indefatigable labors of the hostlers for more than an hour succeeded in reducing the pile. This little diversion was followed by a joint effort of all hands, including the soldiers; and the main spanker was hoisted, the *Belvidere* being put head to the wind. Then the soldiers were desired to assist the carpenter in strengthening the bow. They were all well at it, when a tremendous sea stove in the bulwarks and came near washing every man overboard. The next move was to adopt measures to protect the engine. A loose horse, beyond control, had to be killed — literally pounded to death, there being no refined methods then in vogue, or tools of the "cruelty society" on board. The horses continued to be thrown violently down, and the getting of them up again was a very dangerous pastime and to a certain extent had to be dispensed with. Several choked to death. This was no pleasure excursion, no holiday picnic. At midnight a *quasi* conference was held — a death conference; for the great question to solve was, Shall we kill all the horses and throw them overboard? The question was not much debated, as debate had hardly begun when the rudder chain broke. To the credit of Maine's sturdy six-footers be it said, that at this juncture a Maine man (hostler of the Eighth Maine) caught the end of the chain and held it, Samson-like, till it could be made fast. About 2 o'clock on the morning of the 2d, the tiller broke; but the wheel was lashed, and the *Belvidere* very kindly permitted to go where she liked — and that was wherever the winds and waves chose. We who were on the staunch *Atlantic* thought we had a hard time; but what of our fellows on the *Belvidere*?

A leak was discovered soon after this, and almost simultaneously came word from the engineer that the shaft had become wrenched; and every man could at once perceive that the engine labored terribly hard at each revolution. "Good Lord! what next?" At this juncture the captain decided to turn about. Now, turning about in a heavy sea is no child's play, nor is it a safe thing to do. As the bow of the *Belvidere* was turned northward, she was struck by a heavy sea on the starboard side, smashing it in. The turn being completed, they had then the winds and the waves in their favor. Upon the discovery of two sails, a flag of distress was hoisted, which was not seen or, being seen, was not heeded.

Early on the morning of the 3d, Cape Lookout was made and a steamer was seen rapidly approaching, and also a man-of-war going South. When the former was within two miles of the *Belvidere*, the man-of-war turned and chased it into an inlet. That it was a rebel steamer, and that the *Belvidere*

had almost providentially been saved from capture, there was no doubt. At noon, two more sails were seen; and when within two miles of the *Belvidere*, one turned back, and the other came forward as fast as steam and sail could carry it. The captain and the crew, too, of the *Belvidere* now thought themselves about to be captured, and set all sail, endeavoring to escape. A shot from the bow-gun of the stranger caused the *Belvidere* to heave to. The stranger came alongside and, to the immeasurable relief of the frightened crew, proved to be the U.S. Stmr. *Albatross*. The officers scrutinized the papers of the unfortunate *Belvidere* and then went on their way. The *Belvidere* arrived off Hatteras Inlet late in the afternoon and signalled for a pilot. Got the pilot: but the water proved too shallow, and the *Belvidere* again steered northward for Fort Monroe, arriving there the 4th. Everything was landed, the men and horses being put into Camp Hamilton, near Fort Monroe. The Quartermaster of the Naval Brigade took temporary charge of the horses. Jackman's diary says at this point, "Mr. McIlalpin, the sutler, treated us very kindly." No soldier needs to have any explanation of the depth of meaning in those few words. Again, his diary of the 5th says: "Got a large tent from the Naval Brigade Camp. The lieutenant commanding brigade gave us five dollars' worth of sutler's tickets and the sutler gave us five dollars worth more." Here is generosity; here is kindness! and let it be recorded. The diary says again: "6th. We've hired a negro to cook for us, and we've a room to sleep in. We lost twenty horses from the *Belvidere*." On the 12th, the report reached these isolated men that Port Royal had been taken. The *Belvidere* arrived back on the 15th from Baltimore, repaired; and the men went on board again, the 16th. A diary of that date says, "Hadderkeggerlarga." This may be supposed to be some mild form of preventative of sea sickness, as they were about to go to sea again; or, possibly, something to hang over the bow, to drip in a storm and smooth the waves!

They hoisted anchor at six A.M. 17th, and passed Cape Henry by nine A.M. and Hatteras at midnight. On the 17th, at night, they ran across the U.S. Stmr. *Alabama*, at anchor, blockading, the officers of which told the *Belvidere's* captain to keep further out to sea, or get caught by rebel privateers or hit by some shore battery.

The *Belvidere* arrived at Port Royal the 20th, about noon. Jackman's diary says, "Everybody glad to see us; thought us lost. Capt. Randlett came on board." The story is told.

There were on board the *Belvidere*, of the Third New Hampshire, nearly as follows: G, W. W. Ballard, with Col. Fellows' horse; B, Woodbury Berry, with Lieut.-Col. Jackson's horse; F, Ross C. Duffee, with Maj. Bedel's horse; Tommy (colored), with Quartermaster Nesmith's horse; F, L. N. Jackman with Adj. Hill's horse; F, R. H. Mygatt, with Surg. Moulton's horse: ———, with Chaplain Hill's horse.

Wagoners.—A, W. L. Bennett (with Dr. Eaton's horse); B, Chas. A. Dearborn; C, Edmund Hackett; D, Geo. R. James; E, M. P. Donley; F, Joel H. Rhodes; G, Hoyt (did not embark — discharged at Annapolis); H, Beniah Colby; I, George H. Smith; K, James M. Hyde.

THE '61 MEN GOING HOME.

'Twas the 23d of August, 1864; and with that date all those original men who had not re-enlisted or been otherwise disposed of by discharge, death, etc., severed their connection with the regiment by muster-out. The event of muster-out, so important to the persons interested, had long been looked forward to with anticipation of pleasure and relief. The complete list of men, as shown by the official returns, was as follows: A, 30; B, 33; C, 40; D, 18; E, 25; F, 26; G, 20; H, 14; I, 23; K, 26; non-commissioned staff 5: total, 260. Many of these men were absent from various causes—wounds, sickness and the like—and did not, some of them, get actually mustered out till later.

Capt. Houghton (who says there were actually about one hundred and eighty in all) went in charge of the detachment, and was accompanied by the Chaplain, the only officer who was mustered out at the time—and also

by Lieuts. Hazen and Hitchcock, the two latter going home by order, but really on leave. The Fourth New Hampshire Band, Walter Dignam, leader, escorted the men about a mile from camp. There was considerable dissatisfaction among the men as to their treatment about the time of muster-out: i.e., between that day and hour and their final departure for home. The writer, though not personally present (writers seldom are), is of the opinion that it was one of those cases where nobody is to blame. One man, in his diary, goes so far as to say that the men were kept in service after their terms had expired; but he is correct only on the basis of date of enlistment, which is not the correct basis. The three years is based on "muster-in." and not on the "enlistment." The men knew this, or ought to have known it; but one's wishes — in that case, the anxiety to go home — often govern instead of facts.

The detachment started for the Landing (Bermuda Hundred wharf) in the afternoon, taking with them a set of colors (see Colors and Color Guard), of which they all felt justly proud. (It may here be noted that almost simultaneously with the departure of the '61 men, the regiment was ordered away and started at once toward Petersburg.) Remained all night at the Landing and took steamer for Fort Monroe about 9 A.M. next morning (25th), arriving there about 4 P.M. A barrel of corned beef had been put on the steamer for hunger-appeasing purposes; and this beef is still *fresh* in the memories of those who partook of it. Here the men expected to be paid off; but fortune was fickle, and there was no distribution of greenbacks. At 5 P.M. they were on their way to Baltimore, up the beautiful Chesapeake, adown which they came in October, 1861, to join the fleet in Hampton Roads. On reaching their destination, early on the morning of the 26th, the men breakfasted at a public lunch room. Baltimore was always an interesting point; and many of the men tried to "do the city" in the few short hours of their stay. The next section of the journey was by cars to Philadelphia. Here they "teased and toasted," crossed over to the Amboy line that night, reaching New York about noon of the 27th. A halt was made at the Park Barracks, near the Battery, where dinner was served. In New York, and no money! This was truly a deplorable combination. One can't see New York if he's impecunious. Some of the men, however, were invited out, and did see a small part of the metropolis. Such was the effect on them that while the detachment was on the pier ready to board (not forcibly) a Norwich Line steamer, these sight-seers persisted in explaining and describing all they had seen to their fellows; and while thus engaged the steamer hauled off and left the whole party.

A later and slower boat, the —, of the same line, took the party at about 5 P.M. away from the giddy city, *en route* to New Hampshire. At Norwich, Conn., next morning (Sunday, 28th), a special train was provided, after telegraphing to New Hampshire, and they were soon whirling away for the green hills, etc., arriving at Concord, *via* Worcester, Nashua and Manchester, at about half-past two in the afternoon.

The party was met at the depot by Adjt.-Gen. Natt Head (the indefatigable) and members of the Governor's Staff, besides a large crowd of people to give cordial welcome. A procession was formed, and the gallant heroes were escorted to Phenix Hall, 'mid the strains of martial music and the ringing of church bells. Adjt.-Gen. Head, taking Capt. Houghton's arm, headed the procession, which on arrival at the Phenix found not only a large committee on reception, but in addition, Gov. Gilmore and several other State officials on the platform. Here Capt. Houghton, in a few well-chosen words, turned over his men and the colors to the hospitality and custody of the State. Capt. Dow's letter to the Governor respecting the colors was at the same time handed to the Governor. Gov. Gilmore and Adjt.-Gen. Head both warmly welcomed the veterans; and soon after these tired and hungry men and their entertainers were seated around the well-filled tables in the Phenix dining room. It need not be related that our returned soldiers acquitted themselves well at this little pastime. This over, and it was arranged that the men should remain in Concord till next morning, when they were furnished transportation to their homes, to return in a few days for final payment.

On Monday, 5 Sept. 1864, the men reassembled at Concord, when they received their final pay and discharges. Maj. Henry S. MacFarland was the paymaster, and the payment took place at his office, Main Street. Adieux were in order, and the heroes of many a fight scattered to various points, becoming citizens once more.

Dr. Buzzell of the regiment was present at the paying off, being on special duty among the general hospitals: and having a desire to see the men once more, was unable to resist the temptation. Capt. Houghton never returned to the regiment (see his personal sketch). Lieut. Hazen returned to regiment in November, 1864, having been detained by sickness. Lieut. Hitchcock returned to regiment in September, 1864.

COMPANY FUNDS.

[Contributed by Capt. R. W. Woodbury.]

The army ration is a liberal allowance of all necessities for the support of the soldier; and so liberal is it, that to actually use all that is allowed, is to waste a portion thereof. A company in garrison may, therefore, take from the post commissary a lesser amount of any or all of the various items constituting the ration, and in lieu thereof receive cash at the cost price of the supplies. If the men cannot consume all to which they are entitled, then the drawing of the full ration is evidently unnecessarily expensive to the government on account of transportation, and at the same time it educates the soldiers in wasteful habits. If, therefore, the government can reduce the amount of transportation by the payment of money to the soldiers, and the latter are satisfied with the exchange, it is certainly a gain to both. The fact is, that the soldiers are not only satisfied, but gratified; because with this fund may be procured for them some of the luxuries of life—food, books, sports. Such changes in their food constitute an agreeable relief from the plainer and more substantial edibles supplied by the government. Beans, hard-tack and mess beef can have no substitute for the necessities of the soldier; but a mess of “flap-jacks” satisfies the stomach and relieves from that feeling so destructive of the *morale* of the soldier—the being “tired of it.”

The company fund, therefore, when carefully managed by a thoughtful and honest council (composed of the commissioned officers of the company), may be made an engine of great power; and it may be reasonably claimed that as between two companies, one with a large fund liberally employed for the men, and the other having none or little, the difference in the spirit of the two organizations is largely in favor of the former. From this statement it will be inferred that all companies do not enjoy company funds, which is the fact; and when they do not, the fault is entirely with the commanders, and nobody else. The drawing of the company rations may be attended to by a non-commissioned officer or even the company cook; but that fact will not relieve the company commander from any real responsibility. He must know and see to it that every soldier and subordinate performs the duty assigned him—that every detail is properly attended to; and if not, why not. He is the father, who exercises a wise thoughtfulness for all those who have surrendered to him their right to watch for and protect their interests, and that responsibility he cannot waive or transfer. The captain who forgot what his volunteer men had given up, and who forgot that he was the only man living who could best protect their interests, and that it had been made his sacred duty to do so, should have been in the ranks and not in command of them.

In times of peace the uses of the company fund are largely increased. Companies may remain in the same barracks for years, and their savings buy them libraries, luxuries for the table, and even billiard tables. Many such cases are seen at the present time in the various regular army posts; and it is probable that a company which could show nothing in this line, and had no fund, would be declared at its first inspection to have something radically wrong in its management.

The subject is worthy of illustration. The writer has before him the Company Fund account of Co. F for the last four months of 1863 (all Morris Island). 1st Lieut. Wadsworth was its commanding officer:—

Sept.,	Capt. Randlett turned over to him	\$150.68
"	Rec'd from Capt. Wyman, savings for August	19.85
Oct.,	" " " " " September	19.65
Nov.,	" " " " " October	58.50
"	" " Recruits	22.00
Dec.,	" " Capt. Wyman, savings for November	50.70
"	" " " " December	65.50
	Total	\$386.88

A good story is told of one of the officers of the regiment. It was said that his chief delight in respect to his company fund was in its size. On one occasion, when wounded, it was necessary to turn the fund over to his successor. This he did with many a sigh. On his return, however, he was almost ready to weep. For his successor had made most excellent use of the money, and the men had fared sumptuously.

RECRUITING AND RECRUITS.

Enough has already been written about these two subjects at various appropriate points, and it only remains to group the various recruiting parties, attaching such memoranda as may be applicable and apropos, first giving the list of the most valuable orders from the War Department in reference to recruiting:—

No.	Date.	No.	Date.
105	3 Dec. 1861	245	28 July 1863
3	11 Jan. 1862	305	11 Sept. 1863
33	3 April 1862	345	19 Oct. 1863
49	1 May 1862	366	13 Nov. 1863
60	6 June 1862	400	28 Dec. 1863
74	7 July 1862	16	11 Jan. 1864
77	11 July 1862	20	14 Jan. 1864
88	25 July 1862	38	1 Feb. 1864
108	16 Aug. 1862	131	31 March 1864
38	10 Feb. 1863	227	9 July 1864
191	25 June 1863	272	15 Oct. 1864
216	14 July 1863		

The first party sent North for recruits left the regiment 2 Jan. 1862. It comprised Capt. R. F. Clark of A, Lieut. O. M. Dearborn of D, Sergt. F. L. Morrill of A, Sergt. J. W. Akerman of D, Corp. J. W. Goodwin of A, and Mus. N. W. Gove. They returned 4 May 1862, to Edisto Island.

Second Party: Lieut. W. H. Cornelius of D, Lieut. H. S. Dow of I, Sergt. F. A. Dunn of B, Corp. J. W. Brown of K, Corp. J. Ackerman of F, Pr. A. Moulton of G. They left the regiment 9 July 1862, returning singly (except the two last named) at various times from 9 Jan. 1863 to 19 Jan. 1864. This does not apply, however, to Sergt. F. A. Dunn, who was discharged for disability, at Concord, 1 Oct. 1862.

Third Party: Lieut. H. C. Handerson of G, Sergt. C. McDonald of E, Sergt. L. F. Place of I, Sergt. T. Casey of C, Pr. A. La Mudge of H, Pr. W. L. Dodge of D, Pr. T. Hanson of A. They went North 15 Sept. 1862, returning (with the exception of Sergt. C. McDonald, discharged for disability) at various times (singly) from 9 January to 25 June 1863. Sergt. L. F. Place was commissioned 2d Lieutenant during his absence.

Fourth Party: Col. J. H. Jackson, Capt. R. F. Clark of A, Sergt. J. H. Hitchcock of I, Sergt. C. E. Hazen of E, Sergt. D. Eldredge of K, Corp. L. N. Jackman of F, Pr. W. Berry of B, Pr. Geo. F. Lord of B. This party, known as the conscript detail, left the regiment 22 July 1863, arriving back at dates between 18 Nov. 1863 and 19 Jan. 1864. Sergt. C. E. Hazen returned as 2d Lieutenant; Pr. Geo. F. Lord was discharged at Concord for expiration of term.

Fifth Party: This detail comprised Sergt. G. W. McIntire of G, Sergt. T. M. Carr of H, Sergt. Geo. Perkins of D. They left the regiment 22 Dec. 1863. The first two re-enlisted while absent, but McIntire did not return from his furlough. Sergts. Geo. Perkins and T. M. Carr returned, date uncertain. They were both killed in action—one 16 August; the other 27 Oct. 1864.

Capt. H. S. Dow of B also went North on similar service 20 Sept. 1864. He did not return, but was mustered out at Concord, under Circular 75, W. D., A.-G.O.

BOAT INFANTRY PICKET.

About 12 Aug. 1863, boats armed with naval boat howitzers were placed in the creeks between Morris and James Islands, and also up nearer Sumter. These were manned mostly by the infantry, specially detailed, and organized and rationed separately. Their camp was near the site of the "Swamp Angel." These boats did a sort of picket duty of the most hazardous kind. In addition, there were booms (heavy logs) fastened across certain creeks. The rebels had a similar force on duty; and it was very singular indeed that so few collisions occurred. It need hardly be said that the entire duty was at night.

The first commander was Maj. Sandford of the Seventh Connecticut. He was succeeded by Capt. Ferris of the same regiment, and he by Capt. John Hennessey of the Fifty-second Pennsylvania. Capt. Hennessey was in command at the time when Lieuts. Edgerly and Hazen of the Third New Hampshire were attached to the force. These boats were rowed about the waters of the harbor and adjacent creeks, and like spectres they stole up even to near Sumter's walls—and in one case actually rowed completely around it. The men were thoroughly organized and drilled, and used special signals to do this or that, to advance, retreat, or remain perfectly silent. The writer finds several of the Third New Hampshire detailed for duty in this force, and one detail as late as 14 Feb. 1864.

THE SUTLER.

"A subtle man
Was the sutler man,
No joker man was he;
That a sutler man
Was a subtle man,
All soldiers do agree."—BJONES.

That much maligned individual—the sutler—was an important factor in the late struggle; and no old soldier who has a spark of poetry in him can refrain from indulging in a verse or two at the bare mention of the aforesaid factor. Hence the writer may be pardoned for quoting a single verse.

Mr. — served the Third New Hampshire first, at Concord, but did not follow us to Long Island. There a new man (see later) made attempts to carry on the traffic, but with indifferent success; for the very wildness of the scenery, and our remoteness from civilization, seemed to stimulate the boys to acts of violence — in other words, to raid the sutler, with all those words imply. He followed us to Washington,—at a safe distance though, not going at the same time,—and set up his tent again; but the boys were again panicky; and this feeling being largely superinduced by the magnificent prices of the goods, they again committed a military offence, and by a preconcerted and joint arrangement dropped his tent, by cutting nearly every guy rope at the same moment. This cruel blow ended the raid business.

We breathed easier and temporarily bought our goods elsewhere. But let us go backward a little in history.

On 27 June 1861, by General Order 38, War Department, all regulations regarding the appointment of sutlers were declared "off," and that thereafter all sutlers be appointed by the Secretary of War. This raised a breeze of no small magnitude, as the war was fairly well inaugurated, and many sutlers had been appointed and had laid in their stocks of goods, canned and otherwise. This order didn't get around, so to speak, very lively; and it follows that the appointments were made for some time after the date of the order. In fact, the order seemed to go southward, but not northward.

Gen. Sherman's order of 9 Sept. 1861 (his first order to us) announced the appointment (by the Secretary of War, of course) of Mr. S. F. B. Barr as "sutler to the command," and directed us to receive him as such.

The little affair noted above as happening at Washington was probably the cause of an order from Gen. Viele on 1 Oct. 1861, that "a sutler having been appointed for Gen. Sherman's division, he will be entitled to all the rights appertaining to the position, etc." (He referred to Mr. Barr.)

Sutler or no sutler, we now hie away to Hilton Head, where early in 1862, by General Order 111, War Department, 30 Dec. 1861, we learn that the sutler will no longer have a lien on a soldier's pay for what little knick-knacks he buys of him.

Sutlers almost without number appeared at Hilton Head, soon after occupation; and we were actually over-sutlered in a general way, though we had no regimental sutler. Quite a town sprung up near Headquarters, and the sutlers actually numbered so many, that one street was named—and properly—"Robbers' Row." Though Mr. Barr accompanied the expedition, the influx of other sutlers soon after completely destroyed what individuality he had. For some reason not apparent to the writer, Gen. Sherman announced, by General Order 16, on 5 March 1862, that the Secretary of War had revoked the appointment of Mr. Barr, and each regiment would thereafter be permitted to appoint a sutler. None was so appointed for the Third New Hampshire. Many preferred to go to the Head, as it was called, when anything was wanted.

The absence of a regimental sutler led to all sorts of trading in the regiment. One would buy a barrel of apples, and peddle them out. Others traded in stationery, and some traded in bowie knives, others field glasses, others military outfits or parts of such, etc., etc. Other instances have been noted in the history proper. General Order 27, War Department, 21 March 1862, provided for the appointment of regimental sutlers through the brigade commanders (if troops were brigaded), the commissioned officers of the regiment to make the selection, and the name to be sent to the Adjutant-General of the army for appointment.

This order was really an Act of Congress, and it provided a list of articles to be sold; and as the reader may desire to see the list, here it is: "Apples, dried apples, oranges, figs, lemons, butter, cheese, milk, syrup, molasses, raisins, emery, crocus, armor oil, soap, shaving soap, pencils, candles, crackers, wallets, brooms, comforters, boots, pocket looking-glasses, pins, gloves, leather, tin wash-basins, shirt buttons, pocket handkerchiefs, rotten stone, suspenders, scissors, shoe strings, Bristol brick, horn and brass buttons, newspapers, books, tobacco, cigars, pipes, matches, black-

ing, blacking brushes, clothes brushes, tooth brushes, hair brushes, coarse combs, fine combs, stationery, razors, razor straps, needles, thread, knives. But no intoxicating liquor shall be sold. A list of the goods to be sold to be kept posted in the sutler's tent, a copy to be at headquarters of the brigade and regiment, and one sent to Washington. Prices to be fixed by a board composed of the commanding officer of the brigade, and the surgeon, quartermaster and commissary. The same corresponding ranks to be a board, if a regiment is not attached to a brigade. Sutlers to have a lien on the pay of officers and men of not over one-sixth of their month's pay, for goods sold them within that month. This amount (one-sixth or less) to be charged on the pay-roll, deducted and handed over to the sutler."

Sutlers were forbidden (by this act) to sell on credit to more than one-fourth of a man's pay within the month, and they were forbidden to use the quartermaster's wagons for transportation of their goods.

By General Order 97, War Department, 7 Aug. 1862, sutlers were notified that it was unlawful for postmasters or others to sell a stamped envelope for more than its face. Sutlers deemed this a stab at their liberty and a cruel blow to free trade. This was supplemented on 14 Sept. 1862 by a War Department order forbidding these gentlemen the further use of regimental wagons.

By General Order 35, War Department, 7 Feb. 1863, the following list of articles was added to the list allowed to be sold by General Order 27 of 1862: Canned meats, canned oysters, dried beef, smoked tongues, poultry, sauce-pans, uniform clothing (for officers), socks, trimmings (for uniforms), canned vegetables, fresh vegetables, pepper, mustard, yeast-powder, coffee pot (tin), tin plates, tin cups, knives, forks, spoons, shoes, pickles, sardines, bologna sausage, eggs, buckwheat flour, mackerel, codfish, twine, wrapping papers, shirts, drawers.

A diary mentions a sutler under date of 9 Feb. 1864, as if the regiment had one; and this would apparently be substantiated by the following, clipped from our Chaplain's diary of 26 March 1864. He says: "Gathered up \$8,000 today, and got it off (by express). This is not half as much as I got before we had a sutler." There is a singular tinge of sadness in the words; but evidently the sutler was smiling.

A diary of 10 Sept. 1864 says: "The sutler of the Sixty-seventh Ohio is to be our sutler, and he is trusting the boys." (The officers guaranteed the bills.) See main story, 9 Oct. 1864, for further mention of the sutler. His name is Lawlor.

As a diary shows that purchases were made of the Seventh Connecticut sutler, C. S. Shattuck, in August and September, 1864, it would appear that Mr. Lawlor was indeed a new man so far as the Third New Hampshire was concerned. As Mr. Lawlor apparently stuck by us until the end, it seems needless to offer more than two proofs of the same. A diary of 12 March 1865 says, "Lawlor is fixing up his sutler's shop" (at Wilmington). Again, the final muster-out (and pay) rolls contained many evidences of Mr. Lawlor's nearness. "Due Lawlor, sutler, \$4.86" and similar entries were frequent.

The list of articles to be sold by sutlers was amended at divers times. Condensed milk and other delicacies were added; otherwise the condensed milk habit would never have been epidemic in the army.

"Thou steel'dst thy heart
While thou didst steal from us;
Go hence! Adieu!"

REGIMENTAL HOSPITAL.

Our hospital department was of the best. Money was not spared in the purchase of supplies. One bill, from Codman & Shurtleff, Boston, Mass., amounted to the snug sum of \$528.37. Another bill of supplies, \$66.95. Rollins & Co., apothecaries at Concord, supplies and instruments, \$47.35; while another bill amounted to \$235.15. This latter contained prescriptions, a saw (horrid thought!), gimlet, forceps, a large quantity of

that bitter necessary called quinine, and a five gallon keg of Hennessy's brandy. All these adjuncts had to be boxed in nice, hand-made boxes, and these (five) cost \$30.00. One tent cost \$42.50, and another cost the handsome sum of \$90.00.

Dr. Albert A. Moulton of Concord was our first Surgeon, and Dr. Benj. F. Eaton of Hanover was our first Assistant Surgeon. (We were only allowed one assistant at first.) These two gentlemen, for awhile at least, presided over our destinies so far as their department was concerned. One man remarked that these gentlemen had a right to use the *gilet* if they ever *saw* a chance. They were ably assisted by the Hospital Steward, Moody A. Sawyer, and the following men who were detailed from the companies: Perry Kittredge, Co. B, ward master; Chas. F. French, Sergeant, Co. H, nurse; John L. King, Co. F, nurse; Harrison J. Copp, Co. A, nurse; Arthur Bingham, Co. F, clerk; Geo. Murdough, Co. H, nurse. Of the eight persons it may briefly be stated: Dr. Moulton served till November, 1862, and Dr. Eaton till October, 1862. Hospital Steward Sawyer served till September, 1862. Perry Kittredge succeeded Sawyer and served till August, 1864 (three years). Sergt. French left the service in March, 1863. (He did not serve all of the time in the hospital.) King re-enlisted in winter of 1863-64, and on return from furlough again served in the hospital. Copp died at Edisto Island in April, 1862. Bingham served out the original three years, but was a part of the time a nurse in the General Hospital at Hilton Head and also on the Hospital Steamer *Cosmopolitan*. Dr. A. J. H. Buzzell of Dover, N.H., came out in September, 1862, having been appointed Assistant Surgeon under a new provision of law allowing two assistant surgeons to a regiment. The resignation of Dr. Eaton made Buzzell First Assistant within a month: and within another month Dr. Moulton's discharge made Buzzell Surgeon of the regiment. Dr. Daniel Farrar and Dr. Chas. A. Burnham followed closely as Assistant Surgeons, and the offices were again full. The next change was the discharge of Asst. Surg. Farrar, in May, 1863; but the vacancy was soon filled by the arrival of Dr. Franklin B. Kimball. In September, 1864, Asst. Surg. Burnham was discharged. This moved Dr. Kimball up to First Assistant Surgeon, and we had only two doctors, Buzzell and Kimball, for a long time. Dr. Geo. W. Manter of Manchester came to us in May, 1865, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Dr. Buzzell in March, 1865, and the consequent advancement of Dr. Kimball to Surgeon. It will be observed that from the time of Dr. Burnham's leaving the regiment we only had two surgeons. The depletion of the regiment was a sufficient reason for this.

The Hospital Department of the Third New Hampshire was second to none we ever met. It attended to its business; was on hand at the proper moment; was supplied with requisites; it had whiskey with or without an "e," and providentially had it at the particular moment when it would do the most good, as witness John's Island, 2 June 1862. The men selected for duty were the best that could be found in the regiment, and there was no dearth of material. Indeed, our hospital was of good report and well recommended. In proof of this, there were several instances where men of other regiments were cared for within its walls. Were we about to fight the enemy, the surgeon and proper assistants, with needed stimulants, bandages, etc., were at our backs.

To be sure, the boys had to take enormous quantities of Dover's powders and quinine condiments, and make wry faces; but it was a part of the play and would have been fatal (!) if omitted.

Albert D. Scovell of Co. I succeeded Perry Kittredge (in August, 1864) as Hospital Steward, and so remained to final muster-out of the regiment. He had become thoroughly qualified for the position, by long experience in the hospital, as nurse and in other capacities. The nurses and attendants changed as did the surgeons, and it is almost impossible to note each change as it occurred. As those who served in this important branch did good service, they are entitled at least to mention. The following is as nearly correct and full as it is possible to make it, and the list embraces all who served in any of the various capacities required and not heretofore named:—

Co. A: David H. Grannis, J. W. Hill (clerk).
 Co. B: John M. Haines (Corporal at one time), J. M. Walker, Wm. H. Sleeper, J. Currier (cook).
 Co. D: G. W. Burlin, G. H. Weber.
 Co. F: L. N. Jackman (afterward Corporal, Sergeant and Adjutant), G. A. Allen, G. B. Bingham (afterward Regimental Quartermaster), A. Curby, E. F. Hodgdon, W. G. Willard, J. H. Rhodes, Chas. Lay, Wm. A. Swallow.
 Co. G: I. I. York.
 Co. H: Stephen S. Fifield, D. S. Morrison.
 Co. I: Geo. Lang, Sergt. R. B. Richardson.
 Geo. Beultner of Co. F served as Acting Hospital Steward during Scovell's furlough in 1865.

Some time prior to the movement of the regiment on the Fort Fisher expedition, the regimental hospital practically ceased to exist as an institution, though keeping up a semblance (a tent or two). When it went to North Carolina, the "stock in trade" was carried in what was called a pannier, which was a trunk-like box containing several trays, in which reposed with more or less quietness the various tools and appliances of surgical war, together with bandages, powders and other little knick-knacks that always gladdened a soldier's heart to set eyes upon. This pannier was carried by hand, and close up to the danger line. The steward and attendants at this period kept a liberal supply of pills, etc., in their various capacious pockets, ready for immediate use.

THE COLORS AND COLOR GUARD.

When the regiment was making its best appearance, as it aimed to do on all occasions of more than usual ceremony, the formation of the color guard was thus:—

[*Front.*]

	<u>State flag.</u>	<u>Nat'l flag.</u>	
<u>Corporal.</u>	<u>Sergeant.</u>	<u>Sergeant.</u>	<u>Corporal.</u>
<u>Corporal.</u>	<u>Corporal.</u>	<u>Corporal.</u>	<u>Corporal.</u>
<u>Corporal.</u>			<u>Corporal.</u>

[*Rear.*]

But on ordinary occasions the color guard was like this:—

[*Front.*]

	<u>Nat'l flag.</u>	
<u>Corporal.</u>	<u>Sergeant.</u>	<u>Corporal.</u>
<u>Corporal.</u>	<u>Corporal.</u>	<u>Corporal.</u>
<u>Corporal.</u>	<u>Corporal.</u>	<u>Corporal.</u>

[*Rear.*]

The various flags which the regiment became possessed of were:—
 First, 29 Aug. 1861, Concord, N. H., State and National flags, by Gov. Berry.
 Second, 25 Sept. 1861, Washington, D. C., National flag, by Ladies of Hempstead, L. I. This flag was carried back to New Hampshire by the men whose terms expired in August, 1864. (See main story.)
 Third, 16 Oct. 1861, Annapolis, Md., National flag, by Mrs. Gen. Vile.
 Fourth, May, 65, Wilmington, N. C., State and National flags, from State of New Hampshire.
 Privates Joseph Hanton and Fred A. Warren, both of Co. K, were right and left general guides, and Clark Scruton of K was the center guide.

The original color guard was:—

[Flag.]

Corp. James Cassidy, Sergt. Joseph W. Akerman, Corp. Geo. W. Burnham,
Co. K. Co. D. Co. H.

[Bearer.]

Corp. Zerl S. Sager, Co. F.

Corp. _____

Corp. _____

Corp. _____

The following served in the color guard at various times and for varying periods:—

Co. A: Corporals John N. Chase, John W. Evans, Luke Leaf, Jas. G. Furnald.

Co. B: Sergt. Geo. H. Giddings (bearer a short time), Corporals J. H. Edminster (afterward Sergeant), J. W. Leavitt, John M. Haines.

Co. C: Corporal Geo. A. Woodburn (afterward Sergeant and Bearer), Sergt. Thomas Cassidy, Corp. James Quinlan.

Co. D: Sergeants J. W. Akerman (first bearer), Jonathan H. Dow (second bearer), Corporals Charles Rowe, C. W. Smith, Abram Dow, John M. Mallon.

Co. E: Sergt. Converse D. McDonald (bearer), Corporals Royal Scales, Jr., Marquis L. Holt, Samuel Small, Wm. F. Millett, Peter Hennessey.

Co. F: Corp. Ard Scott.

Co. G: Sergt. Hollis D. Emerson (bearer a short time).

Co. H: Corporals Geo. W. Burnham (bearer a short time), John Real (afterward Sergeant; bearer from 18 Feb. 1865 to end).

Co. I: Corporals A. D. Scovell, Marshall P. Hawkins, Hiram P. Murphy, Sergt. Geo. Davis (bearer from 16 Aug. 1864 to Fort Fisher; bearer only).

Co. K: Corporals James Cassidy (bearer at James Island), Daniel W. Gilbert, Lloyd G. Gale, Lewis Ladd, Sergt. J. P. Brown (bearer while re-enlisted men were away).

Sergt. J. W. Akerman carried the colors till we reached Washington, D. C., when he was taken sick and was too weak for such muscular work. From New York to Washington the State colors were boxed; and the National colors were furled while passing through Baltimore. Private Jonathan N. Dow, familiarly called "Jonty" Dow, succeeded him and was promoted to Sergeant (*vice* Rand, left at Concord and reported to have deserted, but not yet dropped) and appointed to the position of Color Sergeant (no such rank). The Adjutant-General's Report shows Dow to have been appointed 1 Nov. 1861 (on the high seas). Dow served till his decease in February, 1862 (disease). Corp. Cassidy of K. one of the original guard, then took the colors and was bearer till relieved, 3 April 1862, by Sergt. Converse B. McDonald of E. The various bearers and guards it is quite difficult to trace to a certainty. Sergt. Hollis D. Emerson of D carried the colors for a time, and so did Sergt. Geo. H. Giddings of Co. B (afterward commissioned).

Sergt. Geo. A. Woodburn of Co. C was the bearer on 16 Aug. 1864, in that memorable fight, and then and there laid down his life. Corp. Rowe of D and Corp. Murphy of Co. I were of the guard at the time, and they with others succeeded in bringing off the colors. Corp. Murphy had the temerity to refuse to deliver the colors to an unknown officer, who made a semi-demand for them, on the pretence that he could and would save the aforesaid colors. To all this Corp. Murphy told the officer, in language not to be misunderstood or misinterpreted, that after Murphy was dead, the officer might try once more: but for that present time he'd better relinquish the attempt, waive his rank and get down and out. Lieut. Dodge and Capt. Houghton and others were near by and were ready to "lend a hand" had it been found that Corp. Murphy, backed by his assistants (of the guard), had been found wanting. (Corp. Murphy of Co. I only with colors about three or four days, including the action of 16 Aug. 1864.)

Sergt. Geo. H. Davis of Co. I was bearer after Fort Fisher (length of time uncertain).

The Viele flag is said to have been in action for the first time on 16 Aug. 1864, and had sixty bullet holes, beside two in the staff.

Sergt. Woodburn of Co. C bore the colors 10 and 18 July 1863 and 7 Sept. 1863, in the latter case planting them on Fort Gregg (evacuated).

It was considered an honor to belong to the color guard. In battle it was a position of especial danger; but the honor was supposed to offset this danger. It was a rallying point, and the colors were looked for for that purpose, when more or less confusion reigned or the boom of cannon was so deafening as to make it entirely useless to shout any order. "Rally round the flag, boys," etc., was applicable, with no stretch of the imagination.

General Order 4, War Department, 18 Jan. 1862, provided that guidons and camp colors should all be made like the U.S. flag: with stars and stripes.

General Order 9, War Department, 4 Jan. 1864. (See January, 1864, Supplement for hospital and ambulance flags.)

General Order 19, issued from Headquarters of the Army, Adjutant-General's Office, was as follows:—

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22, 1862.

The following order has been received from the War Department:—

It is ordered that there shall be inscribed upon the colors and guidons of all regiments and batteries in the service of the United States the names of the battles in which they have borne a meritorious part. These names will also be placed on the Army Register at the head of the list of officers of each regiment.

It is expected that troops so distinguished will regard their colors as representing the honor of their corps, to be lost only with their lives, and that those not yet entitled to such a distinction will not rest satisfied until they have won it by their discipline and courage.

The General commanding the Army will, under the instructions of this Department, take the necessary steps to carry out this order.

By command of Maj.-Gen. McCLELLAN.

L. THOMAS, *Adjutant-General*.

REGIMENTAL BAND.

Gustavus W. Ingalls was authorized to recruit twenty-four for the band, but only enlisted twenty-two beside himself—twenty-three in all.

Section 7 of the Act of Congress, promulgated by General Order 49, War Department, 3 Aug. 1861, provided " . . . and the leaders of the band shall receive the same pay and emoluments as second lieutenants of infantry." The language quoted—and the writer has the Act before him as he writes—certainly meant that a band should have more than one leader, and it was so interpreted at the time; and accordingly Mr. Ingalls was commissioned by Gov. Berry as Band Master, and (later) D. Arthur Brown was duly commissioned by His Excellency as Second Leader. Mr. Ingalls had at once put on the insignia, etc., of a second lieutenant, and later Mr. Brown; and both expected the pay thereunto belonging. This condition of things remained undisturbed till the first paying off of the regiment on the Steamer *Atlantis*, off Fort Monroe, October, 1861. The dream was over; the paymaster insisted that there was no law authorizing more than one leader, and Mr. Brown was obliged to surrender.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE, CONCORD, 31 July 1861.

To GUSTAVUS W. INGALLS, Esq.

Sir: You are hereby authorized to enlist twenty-four men as musicians into the service of the State of New Hampshire, to be afterward mustered into the service of the United States, to serve for three years unless sooner discharged

By order of His Excellency,

NATHANIEL S. BERRY, *Governor*.

ANTHONY COLBY, *Adjutant-General*.

(NOTE.—Mr. Ingalls himself was actually included in the twenty-four.)

General Order 15, War Department, 4 May 1861, provided for regimental bands for infantry, but failed to give the number of men. (See Pay Table.) This little defect of numbers was remedied by an Act of Congress, approved 22 July (just in time for Third New Hampshire), and promulgated by General Order 49, War Department, 3 Aug. 1861. This Act fixed the number of the band at 24.

Mr. Ingalls wore during his entire service a second lieutenant's uniform and insignia, and was accepted by everybody as an officer. On the rolls he was borne as a musician, as the band was borne as twenty-four musicians. And right here let us see the pay arrangement, which was peculiar. First let it be stated that the arrangement of the band originally was on the basis of two leaders: first, Gustavus W. Ingalls; second, D. Arthur Brown. This was at first acquiesced in and the band arranged their own pay (*i.e.*, the division of it). Having drawn their pay, by classes, as the law provided, they pooled it and made another division; and there was no one to molest or make them afraid in this division.

Gustavus W. Ingalls, Leader	Eb Cornet	2d Lt.	2d Lt.
D. Arthur Brown, Second Leader,	Eb Cornet	34	34
Carl Krebs	Eb Clarinet	34	28
H. S. Hamilton	Bb Cornet	34	28
J. A. Dadmun	Eb Alto	34	28
S. F. Brown	Bb Tenor	34	28
J. W. Plummer	Eb Bass	34	28
J. H. Caswell	Tenor Drum	20	22
C. H. White	Bb Bass	20	22
P. F. Parkhurst	Bb Clarinet	20	22
N. W. Gove	Fife	20	22
J. A. Baker	Bb Cornet	20	22
Henry Stark	Eb Cornet	20	22
F. M. Hughes	Bb Cornet	17	20
H. F. Brown	Bb Tenor	17	20
C. E. Burnham	Eb Bass	17	20
J. R. Sanborn	Eb Alto	17	17
P. Welcome	Bass Drum	17	17
G. L. Lovejoy	Cymbals	17	17
J. C. Linehan	Bb Bass	17	20
Geo. E. Flanders	Eb Bass	17	20
J. C. Mitchell	Eb Alto	17	20
N. M. Gove	Tenor Drum	17	17

6 Sergts. of Engineers, 34 = 204	1 at	34 = 34
6 Corporals of Engineers, 20 = 120	5 at	28 = 140
10 Prs. (1st Class) of Engs. 17 = 170	6 at	22 = 132
	6 at	20 = 120
	4 at	17 = 68
<hr/> 22	<hr/> 494	<hr/> 494

The first adverse order concerning regimental bands was by General Order 91, War Department, 26 Oct. 1861, forbidding the further enlistment of regimental bands, and directing that all members of bands then in the service, who were not actually musicians, should be at once discharged by regimental commanders and no vacancies filled.

The band was in demand for funerals and for serenades. Its music drew tears or cheers. 'Twas an inspiration to all who stepped to its music, whether at dress-parade, review, or on the march. The weariness of a march was largely diminished by its cheering notes. A writer says of it: "The old Third New Hampshire never camped anywhere while the band existed, that it (the band) did not attract unusual attention, by the superiority of its music; and I have no doubt that the pride thus created in the breasts of the boys had not a little to do with making them the good soldiers they were on the field." When the regiment went foraging to Bluffton, "on

de main," five of the band accompanied as volunteers: Hamilton as bugler for the expedition, and D. Arthur Brown, John C. Linchan, J. A. Dadmun and C. E. Burroughs — the four latter with muskets and with Co. F. The only casualties on the expedition were among those inferior animals which divide the hoof and chew not the cud, and some which did chew the cud.

While at Hilton Head (first time), Col. Fellows, being Commander of the Post, felt quite at liberty to get all the "play" he could at Headquarters, and did so, our band being shown on various state occasions as the greatest natural curiosity on Hilton Head.

On removal of the regiment to Edisto, in April, 1862, Col. Fellows again was awarded the position of Commander of the Post, and his good taste suggested (selected) one of the best plantations, convenient to the wharf and lines of communication; and having made this wise selection, he opined that a band of about the size and quality of that possessed by the Third New Hampshire was the correct thing to have at Headquarters of the Post, and he ordered it to stay there with him, while the regiment trudged on into the interior. The regiment did n't like it. Col. Jackson did n't like it, and on more than one occasion sent down (from Headquarters of regiment at Mitchell's) for the band to "come up." It did n't come, though, until Col. Fellows went home the latter part of April on leave. The Colonel was always partial to music, particularly that of a super-excellent quality; and we forgave him, offsetting our disappointment with the fact of the compliment to the band.

The band next appears, aside from its regular playing, on John's Island, at the Sugar Plantation, where we had a grand review of all the troops of the expedition. We were weary, nigh unto death, as we then thought — in fact had not more than got half rested from our terrible march of the 2d: but the music of the band as it struck upon our ears in that dismal, dreary, God-forsaken place, lifted us at once out of our weariness and cheered us along in the aforesaid review, which we all thought was sheer nonsense and worse than useless.

We find the band next at its most trying period, at the battle of James Island, Secessionville, 16 June 1862 — the first battle of the regiment and the last battle of the band. The band laid its instruments aside, and taking stretchers they did noble service in removing the dead and wounded, and assisted the Surgeon (Eaton) in every way they could. It is related of one (Linchan) that he repeated the Litany to a wounded and dying soldier of the Twenty-eighth Massachusetts (an Irish regiment), in the absence of the confessor, and at the dying man's request. The wounded from all regiments had been gathered substantially in one place, and the regiment of the dying man was at the moment a mile or two distant. The valuable services of our band at this particular battle will never be forgotten. We now approach the end of our band and of its story.

General Order 91, War Department, 29 July 1862, announced an Act of Congress, approved 17 July, which repealed the Act of 1861, authorizing regimental bands, and directed all such to be mustered out within thirty days after passage of the Act. But it also provided that where men had been transferred from the companies to the band, they should be re-transferred to their companies. The Act gave but one chance to survive, and that was that the *musicians* of regimental bands may be (with their consent) transferred to brigade bands, to be formed under same Act, at discretion of brigade commanders. None expressed such a desire. There were several men who had been transferred as indicated above, and for the moment they flattered themselves with the idea that they were going to America with the others. One was transferred about the time the Act was passed; and it may fairly be assumed that he hoped for a free pass North, it having been rumored during July that all bands were to be dispensed with.

It should not be omitted from their history that in July, 1862, on the return of the regiment to Hilton Head from James Island, and the regiment was divided around among the plantations, our band went to Graham's Plantation, the Headquarters of the regiment (Co. B there, too). The band occupied one of the buildings.

The death-warrant of our beloved band was issued August 27, directing Capt. R. H. Jackson, Third U.S. Artillery, to muster them out on the 31st. But very few changes had taken place in the original band. It had no recruits save by transfer as indicated. The only increase from beyond the regiment was by the transfer of John W. Odlin from the Second New Hampshire Volunteers, in October, 1861, who took the place of Nathan W. Gove (father of the two drummer boys—one with band, and one with E). appointed second principal musician (this office is distinct from the band). Samuel F. Brown had been discharged for disability in February and John W. Plummer same in January, and John W. Odlin had been discharged (April) by a War Department order.

And now we come to the final ceremonies. At 11 A.M., at Post Headquarters, Hilton Head, our noble and musical band was mustered out, and declared to be no more. It being regular muster-day it had, previous to this little bit of ceremony, played at guard mount at 8 A.M., and also played the Third New Hampshire into line for its own muster. The boys could have cried. With a little effort on the part of some "speechifier" in the right direction, just at that time, our tear reservoirs would have been disrupted, and the flow thereof would have moistened the sands of Hilton Head. We loved that band, and we parted from it reluctantly. We feel in duty bound to follow it closely until it actually left the Department.

They were not paid off till the 2d of September; and though mustered out 31 August, the monthly returns did not actually drop them till 1 September. The Steamer *Star of the South* took these gentlemanly musicians on board on the 2d and started North at 5 P.M. They had previously turned over their instruments to Col. Jackson. There was some question at the time as to the actual ownership of the instruments; and after our players had got on board, Col. Jackson sent his orderly (Gilbert of K) to ask if they would like to take their instruments. An affirmative answer of course, and back he went after them. Meantime the steamer had sailed, and a tug was sent with the instruments, overhauling the *Star of the South* in the outer harbor.

At muster-out there were two of the band sick in the General Hospital at Hilton Head. At the earnest solicitation of Band Leader Ingalls, assisted by Col. Jackson, these two men, Frank Hughes and N. M. Gove (man and boy, really) were permitted to go home with the others. The boy Gove was really too sick to be moved with safety.

Good-bye, Band. (See Second Brigade Band.)

SECOND BRIGADE BAND.

This band was so closely allied to our own, being formed largely of its former members, it is considered not only polite but proprio to give them a place in the history of the Third New Hampshire Volunteers. It was organized at Concord, N. H., 10 Feb. 1863, by Gustavus W. Ingalls, under instructions from the Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C., dated 12 Dec. 1862. The Band went to Department of the South, and though technically it was the "Second Brigade Band, Tenth Army Corps," it soon became known as the Post Band, and was paid in part out of the post fund. A muster and pay roll shows its composition:—

Leader: Gustavus W. Ingalls.

First Class: Chas. N. Tottingham, Lorenzo M. Currier, Geo. C. Perkins, Phineas Parkhurst.

Second Class: Cyrus C. Currier, Samuel D. Trussell, James Allison, Freeman D. Batchelder.

Third Class: Andrew L. Lane, Nathan M. Gove, Francis H. Pike, Jacob R. Foster, Samuel F. Brown, John O. Davis, Albert G. Furber.

Detailed (from regiments): Geo. B. Lang, Co. I, Third New Hampshire Volunteers; Horace L. Davis, Co. E, Third New Hampshire Volunteers; John Rhell, Co. D, Seventy-sixth Pennsylvania; Martin L. Nute, Co. K, Third New Hampshire Volunteers. These four appear first time on 31 Oct. 1863 roll.

Hired: L. P. Huse, D. A. Brown, Jabez Smith, Jean White, D. O'Brien, John C. Mitchell, John Murdock, Henry Murphy, Frank W. Davis, Henry F. Brown, B. C. Stevens.

Recruits: Albert Aspinwall, Jonathan C. Lane, Henry Stark, Geo. W. Boody, Warren S. Russell, David F. Thompson, Frederick Hoffman. These seven recruits were for third class, and for one year only, and all joined in September, 1864.

The pay of these band men was peculiar. In several cases the post fund paid wholly, and in others the same fund paid partially. Uncle Sam had to pay the rest. A few of the third class were promoted to second class. The names of several of our old band will be readily recognized.

In the case of Nute of Co. K, he catered to the stomachic wants of the band wholly, and was a player of several instruments in his line. No attempt will here be made to give the individual history of these men.

The band did excellent service at Hilton Head, and assumed that that was its particular spot to remain upon. It played on the pier evenings, it played at the General Hospital to cheer the patients, it played at the Headquarters of the Department to cheer the Commanding General, and it played whenever any officer of considerable rank entertained his friends. Indeed, it was sometimes wanted at two places at the same time; and such cases had to be gotten over in a diplomatic way. Ingalls was always equal to the emergency.

It should have been stated that Lieut. Dow of the Third New Hampshire recruited (in New Hampshire) a part of this band; and these first to arrive, with Lieut. Dow and Band Master Ingalls, were the nucleus of the larger band that was to be. The following is a part of the band's history:—

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,

HILTON HEAD, S. C., 10 March 1863.

Mr. Ingalls, Band Master of the Second Brigade Band, is authorized to enlist five additional members for his band, and to pay to them all, if necessary, first class pay; the surplus above second or third class pay to be made up from the post fund. He is also authorized to hire not to exceed five good musicians, at not exceeding \$50 a month, to add to his band. He also will buy at Wm. Hall & Sons, in New Hampshire, instruments to the amount of \$400.

(Signed)

ALFRED H. TERRY,

Brig.-Gen., Commanding Post.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,

HILTON HEAD, S. C., 25 May 1863.

Lieut. F. A. WILCOXSON, *Post Quartermaster.*

Lieutenant: The Colonel Commanding directs that you receive from the Quartermaster of the Third New Hampshire Volunteers, the instruments now used by the Post Band, bearing them on your returns as public property, and that you will hold Mr. Ingalls, the Leader of the band, responsible for their safe keeping.

Very respectfully, etc.,

(Signed)

S. S. STEVENS,

2d Lieut. Sixth Conn., A. A. A.-G.

HEADQUARTERS THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLUNTEERS,

BOTANY BAY ISLAND, S. C., 27 May 1863.

MR. INGALLS.

Dear Sir: I have the honor to inform you that if you will call on the Post Commander at Hilton Head (Col. Chatfield), he will issue an order for the Post Quartermaster to receive the instruments from you, and give you receipts for the same. Be sure and get triplicate receipts, and send two (2) of them to C. H. Roberts, Agent for the State of New Hampshire, at Avenue House, Washington, D. C., and retain the other.

It is highly necessary that the matter should be attended to immediately, so as to enable the Agent at Washington to settle up the affairs of the State.

Very respectfully,

JOHN H. JACKSON,

D. ELDREDGE, *Clerk.*

Colonel Third New Hampshire Vols.

NOTE.—Ingalls' diary shows the instruments turned over 13 June 1863, at Hilton Head; but apparently did not get receipt till 21 Aug. 1863, at Morris Island, from Capt. Burns, Post Quartermaster.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES,
HILTON HEAD, S. C., 8 Sept. 1863.

At a Post Council of Administration, . . . Lieut.-Col. J. C. Campbell, Seventy-sixth Pennsylvania, Lieut.-Col. John Frieze, Third Rhode Island Artillery, Lieut.-Col. A. G. Bennett, Third South Carolina Volunteers. . . . It was Resolved:

WHEREAS, It appears that the Second Brigade Band, now adopted as a Post Band, is not composed of a sufficient number of musicians for a field band, and that many of the instruments are in need of repairs. Therefore,

Resolved, That this council recommends that the Band Master be permitted to hire, at reasonable wages, ten additional musicians, and to have the instruments, such as need it, repaired; also, that he be authorized to purchase instruments for the ten additional musicians, the amount to be expended for instruments not to exceed Three Hundred Dollars; and we further recommend that all reasonable expenses be paid for sending a man North, to procure musicians, instruments, and for the repair of such instruments as need it.

[Approved by Commander of Post.]

Ingalls started at once for the North. On 16 Sept. 1863, Gen. Terry wrote to him at Concord, N. H., inclosing a letter to the Quartermaster at New York, requesting transportation from New York to Hilton Head, on a Government steamer, for such men as Ingalls shall engage. In the letter to Ingalls he said, "ten men are to be hired, at reasonable prices," etc.

It has been briefly suggested that this band thought Hilton Head its home; but this idea was rudely set at naught by Gen. Gillmore when he ordered it to Morris Island. This was a few days after the assault on Wagner, and the General evidently thought a little music would rest him. The band and its leader were "up in arms." They assumed that they could not be ordered hither and thither. For the moment they gained the day; but a few days later a peremptory order sent them to Morris Island, where they arrived 31 July 1863, and were soon able to play for the General Commanding and others as well.

The Third New Hampshire boys were overjoyed; for we yet called it "our band." These music dispensers filled a place none others could.

On the very day of the occupation of Fort Wagner, 7 Sept. 1863, Ingalls left Morris Island to go North again to recruit his band, returning 18 Oct. 1863. The band remained in service till 4 July 1865, when it was discharged at Hilton Head, and disbanded on its arrival in New York. Meantime it had played a great deal, not only on Morris Island, during and after the siege, at Folly Island, while Gen. Gillmore had his Headquarters there, and at Hilton Head again; but it took a conspicuous part in the celebration at Fort Sumter, 14 April 1865, at the restoration of the old flag. It was a gala day for the band, and a good round-up of their service. At that time the Third New Hampshire was in Wilmington, N. C., and had suffered much by extremely active service.

On the final departure of the band from Hilton Head, Mr. Ingalls received a very complimentary letter from Maj. Wm. T. M. Burger, A. A.-G. of the Department, saying, among other things, "We never expect to see such another as Ingalls' Post Band here again."

The compliments showered upon this band were practically numberless.

SIGNAL CORPS.

The technical name of this important branch of the service was the "U. S. Signal Corps"; but the "U. S." was prefixed only when it was officially required. This system was the means of rapid communication between distant points, or quite near, as the case might be. The officers and men attached to the Corps, whether actually belonging to it or detailed for service in it, were as a rule selected. The duty required intelligence, quick perception, activity, good eyesight, bravery. Signal stations were gener-

ally established upon high points or places, such as tops of houses, in high trees, upon hilltops, on specially constructed towers, in the rigging of vessels, etc. By day the messages were sent by the waving of a flag, at night by the waving of a torch.

The alphabet of the code in general use during the war (there were others of course for special occasions, and gotten up for specific purposes) was as follows:—

A, 22	I, 1	Q, 1211	Y, 111
B, 2112	J, 1122	R, 211	Z, 2222
C, 121	K, 2121	S, 212	&, 1111
D, 222	L, 221	T, 2	ing, 2212
E, 12	M, 1221	U, 112	tion, 1112
F, 2221	N, 11	V, 1222	End of word, 3
G, 2211	O, 21	W, 1121	End of sentence, 33
H, 122	P, 1212	X, 2122	End of message, 333

As a key to the way these numbers read, one example will suffice: B is two, one, one, two, and not twenty-one hundred and twelve. A wave of the flag to the right, from perpendicular to horizontal, meant *one*; same to left meant *two*; while the *three* was made by a *front* movement.

To illustrate further, the signal agreed upon at Fort Fisher to "change direction" (this was specially agreed upon between Terry and Porter) was 2211 (two, two, one, one). In the code this is simply the letter G. Terry's signal officer at the proper moment waved his torch twice to the left, and then twice to the right. That was all there was of it; and those who saw the immediate change in direction of fire from the fleet say it was a most magnificent spectacle, and like the sweep of the tail of an immense comet.

A regular sentence required time to flag it. From the very nature of their duties, the Signal Corps was in constant danger; for the rebels had eyes, and it is positively asserted that they read many of our messages. In a retreat or an advance the Signal Corps was very near the front, and it performed service there and elsewhere of almost inestimable value.

The men of the Third New Hampshire who were transferred to the Signal Corps will be found under the "Transfers."

The companies thus losing men were A, 4; B, 2; I, 4.

The officers who were detailed from the Third New Hampshire were Lieuts. M. P. Hawkins, John M. Head and Frank L. Morrill, the latter losing his life while so detailed.

TENTH ARMY CORPS.

This Corps at first consisted wholly of the troops in the Department of the South; and these troops were first declared to be the Tenth Army Corps by General Order 123, of the War Department, dated 3 Sept. 1862, and promulgated in the Department on 17 Sept. 1862, by Gen. Mitchell's first General Order 40, assuming command. The first attempt at change was in February, 1863, when Foster's troops of the Eighteenth Corps were lying in the harbor. Gen. Hunter ordered their amalgamation with the Tenth Army Corps, but was obliged later to modify the order, and the Eighteenth Army Corps did not lose its designation.

The first change of location was when, in April, 1864, the major part of the troops in the Department of the South were sent to Virginia. The rendezvous was at Gloucester Point, Va., and there we find three divisions, — Terry's, Turner's and Ames', — with a force present for duty of 16,812 infantry, 1,114 artillery, and 46 guns. The detaching of troops to reinforce the troops who fought at Cold Harbor (detached shortly after the Drewry's Bluff actions) operated in such a way as to dissolve the Third Division; but on the 19th of June a division of the Ohio 100 days men was temporarily attached to the Tenth Corps and designated as the Third Division.

On 3 Dec. 1864, the Tenth Army Corps lost its identity (see Twenty-fourth Corps).

The Corps was revived again in March, 1865, in North Carolina, and was composed of Birge's First Division of three brigades from Grover's Division, Nineteenth Army Corps; Ames' Second Division of white troops, which fought at Fort Fisher; Paine's Third Division of colored troops wholly, and Abbott's separate brigade: in all 12,099 men.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

COMMANDERS.			
Rank.	Name.	From	To
Brig.-Gen.	Thos. W. Sherman	Nov. 61	31 March 62
Maj.-Gen.	David Hunter	31 March 62	5 Sept. 62
Brig.-Gen.	* James M. Brannan	5 Sept. 62	17 Sept. 62
Maj.-Gen.	Ormsby M. Mitchel	17 Sept. 62	27 Oct. 62
Brig.-Gen.	* James M. Brannan	27 Oct. 62	20 Jan. 63
Maj.-Gen.	David Hunter	20 Jan. 63	12 June 63
Brig.-Gen.	Quincy A. Gillmore	12 June 63	22 Sept. 63
Maj.-Gen.	Quincy A. Gillmore	22 Sept. 63	1 May 64
Brig.-Gen.	* John P. Hatch	1 May 64	26 May 64
Maj.-Gen.	John G. Foster	26 May 64	9 Feb. 65
Maj.-Gen.	Quincy A. Gillmore	9 Feb. 65	(see end)

Gen. Gillmore appears in command as late as 27 June 1865.

*Temporary appointments.

The Department of the South was created by General Order 26, Adjutant-General's Office, 15 March 1862; and the same order assigned Gen. Hunter to its command. Previous to his assuming command (31 March 1862), there was only one special designation for the place or troops — all letters and orders being thus: "Headquarters E. C. (Expeditionary Corps), etc." Technically, Gen. Sherman never commanded the Department of the South.

SUB-DIVISIONS AND CHANGES.

Gen. Hunter's first General Order, 31 March 1862, divided the Department into three districts, as follows:—

Northern District: All South Carolina and Georgia and part of Florida. Headquarters to be at Port Royal. Assigned to Brig.-Gen. H. W. Benham, and the troops to be called the First Division.

Southern District: A part of Florida (southerly), with Headquarters as at present, and Brig.-Gen. J. M. Brannan assigned.

Western District: A part of Florida (western), with Headquarters at Fort Pickens, and Brig.-Gen. L. G. Arnold assigned.

This was the condition when the battle of Secessionville, 16 June 1862, was fought. Closely following this came an order of the 21st, dissolving the district plan entirely. The district plan was revived later, though the geographical limits of each were varied.

In 1863 the island of Hilton Head is found grouped with Ft. Pulaski and Tybee Island, for a part of the time, certainly in November. Hilton Head appears alone, directly after, surely from 20 Dec. 1863 to 3 Jan. 1864.

Brig.-Gen. Rufus Saxton appears in command of all the forces on Port Royal Island during a portion of 1863, and for a second time.

During 1863 the forces at Hilton Head were under: Gen. Terry, April; Gen. Chatfield (Sixth Connecticut), May; Gen. Terry, 2 July to 6 July; Col. Metcalf (Third Rhode Island), 6 July to 7 Aug.; Col. Strawbridge (Seventy-sixth Pennsylvania), 7 Aug. to 11 Nov.; Col. Barton (Forty-eighth New York), 11 Nov. to end of year.

It was during Col. Barton's command the division was made, so as to have a district designated as "Headquarters Hilton Head, Ft. Pulaski and Tybee." This had certainly been changed by 15 Jan. 1864.

The District of Florida was created 16 Feb. 1864, and Brig.-Gen. Seymour assigned to it, with Headquarters at Jacksonville. He was relieved 28 March 1864 by Brig.-Gen. J. P. Hatch.

In 1864, Hilton Head, Ft. Pulaski, Tybee and St. Helena Island were grouped together for awhile, certainly from January 25 to January 30, and under Gen. Seymour, thus appearing as late as February 7.

On 26 Jan. 1864, Hilton Head itself appears in command of Col. Barton (Forty-eighth New York).

On 15 Feb. 1864, there was established the Northern District, bounded north by Charleston Harbor and south by St. Helena Sound, under Gen. Terry. Also, by the same order, a District of Florida, embracing all of the Department of the South within its borders; and Gen. Seymour was assigned to it.

On 1 April 1864, Gen. Saxton appears in command of all the forces on Port Royal Island.

On 20 April 1864, there appears at Jacksonville a "Second Provisional Division," under Col. James C. Drake.

The "District of Hilton Head" was commanded 26 April 1864 by Col. J. B. Howell (Eighty-fifth Pennsylvania).

Port Royal Island was under Gen. Birney 1 April 1864.

In January or February, 1864, the troops on Folly Island were under Brig.-Gen. Israel Vogdes; and the same troops appear about 13 Feb. 1864 under Brig.-Gen. Schimmelfenig.

On 27 May 1864, Gen. Hatch was assigned to "Hilton Head, Ft. Pulaski, St. Helena and Tybee."

The District of Florida was commanded by Gen. Birney 21 June 1864, and on the same date is mentioned a "Provisional District" at Jacksonville. Gen. Wm. Birney was relieved of this command (District of Florida) on 31 July 1864, and ordered to report to Gen. Butler in Virginia. He was relieved by Gen. Hatch, who came from the command of Hilton Head, being relieved himself by Gen. C. E. Potter, who also at same time commanded the District of Beaufort.

The District of Beaufort was commanded 13 July 1864 by Gen. Saxton.

About 1 Sept. 1864, the Northern District appears under Gen. Schimmelfenig, being relieved that day.

The Northern District was commanded by Gen. Saxton from 1 Sept. 1864, till he was relieved by Brig.-Gen. E. P. Scammon, 3 Oct. 1864, at which time Gen. Saxton reassumed command of the District of Beaufort.

On 20 Sept. 1864, under General Order 251, War Department, Adjutant-General's Office, of 31 Aug. 1864, Gen. Foster, by his General Order 137, designated thus: Troops in the Northern District, as First Separate Brigade; District of Beaufort, Second Separate Brigade; District of Hilton Head, Third Separate Brigade; District of Florida, Fourth Separate Brigade. This was for courts-martial purposes; and thereafter, orders convening a court, or promulgating sentences, etc., were all within or emanating from "Headquarters First Separate Brigade," etc.

In 1865 the districts were again changed (on 21 January) by the addition of Savannah and its dependencies to the Department of the South (by Gen. Sherman). A new district was thus created, called the "District of Savannah," and Brevet Maj.-Gen. Cuvier Grover was assigned to its command, and Tybee added to it, including of course Ft. Pulaski. A new division of boundaries now became necessary, and on the same day an order established the same as follows:—

Northern District: Islands and coast to North Edisto River.

District of Beaufort: From North Edisto River to Broad River.

District of Hilton Head: Islands between Broad River and Savannah River.

District of Savannah: The islands between Savannah River and St. Mary's Sound.

District of Florida: St. Mary's Sound to Juniper Inlet.

On the same day, Gen. Saxton was relieved from the command of the District of Beaufort by Gen. E. E. Potter, and the district enlarged so as to include the entrenched camp near Pocotaligo.

In January, too, the State of North Carolina was added to the Department of the South, Gen. Foster assuming it on the 16th.

In April, 1865, the Headquarters of the Department were temporarily transferred by Gen. Gillmore to Fort Sumter (14-16) for celebration purposes.

Gen. Vogdes was assigned, 17 April 1865, to the District of Florida.

The Headquarters of the Northern District, First Separate Brigade, was in Charleston 29 March 1865 and also 9 May 1865.

On 13 May 1865, the Districts of Hilton Head and Beaufort were consolidated, to be called "District of Port Royal," with Headquarters at Hilton Head: Gen. E. E. Potter was assigned to it. At this time it appears it did not occur to the powers that be to consolidate the "Separate Brigades"; but it did occur later, on the 29th, when the troops of the First and Second Separate Brigades were made one (in theory only) and designated the Second Separate Brigade.

It will be seen that on 29 May 1865, there were four districts in the Department, viz.: Northern, Port Royal, Savannah and Florida. North Carolina was discontinued as a part of the Department of the South 31 Jan. 1865 (G.O. 12, W.D.)

Maj.-Gen. E. O. C. Ord relieved Gen. Gillmore soon after 16 April 1865, temporarily. Gen. D. E. Sickles was assigned to relieve Gen. Gillmore (Department of the South) 9 Nov. 1865. He was directed to remove the Headquarters from Hilton Head to Charleston; and the Headquarters apparently so remained thereafter.

The *Army and Navy Journal* of 19 Jan. 1867 says: "During the temporary absence of Gen. Sickles, the command falls on Col. J. C. Robinson, Forty-third U. S. Infantry; and Brevet Maj.-Gen. R. K. Scott is military commander of South Carolina. The troops at Hilton Head are Co. E, Third U. S. Artillery, Co. E, Sixth U. S. Artillery, and Co. H, Thirty-seventh U.S. Colored Troops, with Capt. and Brevet-Col. John Hamilton, Third U. S. Artillery, commanding."

TWENTY-FOURTH CORPS.

This corps was organized 3 Dec. 1864, and was composed of all the white troops of the Tenth and Eighteenth Corps. Gen. E. O. C. Ord was assigned to it. The troops of the Tenth Corps formed the First and Second Divisions, and the troops of the Tenth Corps formed the Third Division. First Division, Gen. Foster; Second Division, Gen. Ames; Third Division, Gen. Devens. All remained as a part of the Army of the James, under Gen. Butler.

For the first attack on Fort Fisher, Ames' Second Division was detached and returned. For the second (and successful) attack, Ames' Second Division of three brigades, and Abbott's Brigade of the First Division (Third New Hampshire in this), all under Gen. Terry, were ordered away early in January, 1865. The latter troops never returned to Virginia; but after Fort Fisher thus became the nucleus for revival of the Tenth Corps (see Tenth Corps). In January, 1865, Butler was relieved by Ord, and later Ord by Gibbon.

This Corps was discontinued 1 Aug. 1865.

INVALID CORPS—VETERAN RESERVE CORPS.

This Corps was organized under General Order 105, War Department, 28 April 1863, and its conception was a happy thought. The reasons for its birth were apparent. The army was being decimated by the discharge of many officers and men, who were not quite fit, physically, to remain. The general service required that many officers and men should do duty on fortifications, in hospitals, and in fact all around the borders of the country in various departments, and none of which actually required strong, healthy, or even perfect men in a physical sense. An officer with one arm could buy horses for the government fully as well as one having two, and a soldier with a wooden foot could act as a guard at a hospital, or could nurse a wounded or sick comrade. The idea of the projectors of the Invalid Corps was, that the strong and healthy should go to the front, and, *vice versa*, the others go to the rear; and this rear be a separate department, and named the Invalid Corps.

In effect, this would be equivalent to so many new recruits and less to be called for by draft or otherwise.

In the Department of the South, the first act in conformity with the new order was General Order 98, Department of the South, 5 Nov. 1863, assembling the men selected upon St. Helena Island. The original order actually forbade the discharge of any officer or man for disability if he was fit for the Invalid Corps. The assemblage of men upon St. Helena Island was under command of Capt. John H. Gould, Third Rhode Island Artillery; and he organized them temporarily and, when so ordered, shipped them to New York City.

The Corps was placed under charge of the Provost Marshal-General, and the general organization was in two battalions, denominated First Battalion and Second Battalion. Those of the First were the better, physically. The general rendezvous was near Washington (Meridian Hill). The shoulder straps of the officers were on dark blue velvet, and their pantaloons had two parallel and narrow stripes of dark blue next the outer seams. The order was silent as to uniform of the men.

The name of the Corps was not so happy a thought as that of its creation. It necessitated the use of the initials "I. C.," and the Corps was scarcely established ere it was discovered that those initials were identical with those in use by Boards of Survey, which meant in the latter case "*Inspected — Condemned.*" It was too much to expect that any one (the more especially, soldiers) would be willing to have a tag, as it were, attached to them with the cabalistic letters "I. C." printed thereon!

The name of the Corps was changed by General Order 111, War Department, 18 May 1864, to Veteran Reserve Corps, and the change was received with much pleasure. Indeed, many willing and fit persons who had hesitated because of the objectionable name, now came forward.

The first order affecting the Third New Hampshire was Special Order 4, Department of the South, 3 Jan. 1864, transferring Wm. Henderson of Co. E.

The general plan of transfer was this: Men were sent to the camp and reported as "attached to the Invalid Corps," but not dropped from returns. Descriptive lists accompanied, and copies were sent to Washington after medical re-examination at the rendezvous, when, if everything appeared correct, the War Department issued an order, transferring the list (giving it in full) to the Invalid Corps. When the War Department Order was received at the regiment, the men were dropped.

The Corps had many vicissitudes. At the close of the war there were at once large numbers mustered out; and when the Freedman's Bureau was established, large numbers of the officers were placed on duty in that Bureau all through the South. These (many of them) actually continued on duty till after the reorganization of the Army and the muster-out of the Veteran Reserve Corps. The greatest volume of discharges was in November and December, 1865.

The reorganization of the Army embraced four regiments of infantry (Veteran Reserve Corps regiments); and these were designated the Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth U. S. Infantry. It will be seen that at this time there were two sets of Veteran Reserve Corps officers in existence. The writer had considerable difficulty in tracing the matter; but apparently all of the old were mustered out about 1 Jan. 1868. It must not be understood that in the reorganization of the Army the then Veteran Reserve Corps was *merged* into the regular army. Such was not the case. The four regiments were organized by regular process,—by enlistment and appointment,—but consisted especially of Veteran Reserve Corps officers and men who had actually been in that Corps or were eligible to it. In January, 1866, there were of the Veteran Reserve Corps, in service, 621 officers, 609 of whom were of the First Battalion and not attached to companies) and 448 men. The four regiments named were merged in 1869 by General Order 16, War Department, 10 March, as follows: The Forty-second consolidated with the Sixth, the Forty-third with the First, the Forty-fourth with the Seventeenth, and the Forty-fifth with the Fourteenth. The supernumerary men were discharged, and the surplus officers were either retired, or discharged, or resigned. Thus ended the Veteran Reserve Corps, second and final edition.

Any one desiring to make a research of the whole matter, will find all he wishes by consulting the following General Orders. War Department: 105 of 28 April 1863, 130 of 15 May 1863, 158 of 29 May 1863 (see G. O. 36 of 7 April 1862, and G. O. 69 of 20 March 1863), 173 of 11 June 1863 (revoked G. O. 69 of 1863), 212 of 9 July 1863, 219 of 16 July 1863, circular Provost Marshal-General 9 Aug. 1863, 290 of 19 Aug. 1863, 348 of 26 Oct. 1863, 111 of 18 March 1864 (change of name), 306 of 27 Dec. 1864, 43 of 21 March 1865, 116 of 17 June 1865, 155 of 26 Oct. 1865, 165 of 24 Nov. 1865.

There were twenty-four regiments. The first organized in Washington 10 Oct. 1863, and the twenty-fourth at Washington, 24 Feb. 1864, all of First Battalion. The Second Battalion had 174 companies. The first was as Co. G, Third Regiment, Veteran Reserve Corps, 9 June 1863. There were also seven independent companies, the first organized at Washington, 4 Dec. 1865, and the last at Elmira, N. Y., 1 Dec. 1865.

BURIED: HOW, WHEN, WHERE.

The word "buried" may mean much or little, and the variation is largely governed by circumstances. It may mean a hastily-dug and shallow excavation,—the dumping into it of a comrade's body, a rapid movement to push back the earth that had been removed, and the disappearance from the spot of the living. That only, and nothing more, happened thousands of times under varying conditions.

When a regiment or company was encamped for any considerable time in one place, a suitable burial spot was selected near by and the dead buried in it, and almost always with ceremony. Generally the departed's company—those not otherwise on duty—fell in and followed the remains, preceded by fife and drum, to the last resting place. The fife played a dirge and the drum accompanied, usually to the extent only of keeping the time. A common white pine coffin was used; and as the survivors marched to the solemn notes of the dirge, many an eye was moistened with the tear of sympathy. The coffin having been placed where it was to lie, a volley was fired over the grave by a detail of say a dozen blank cartridges being used. The chaplain then prayed, and all was over. The procession reformed and marched back to quick time, the fife and drum playing a lively tune, such as "The girl I left behind me." This may seem singular, but it was in accordance with custom older than this country. The firing detail marched with arms reversed. When the conveniences permitted, a wooden headboard was placed at the head of each grave, distinctly marked. After the burial it devolved on the captain to write to the family and express as well as he might the sorrow of himself and surviving comrades, the particulars of the death, of the sickness perhaps, and the final ceremony. The duty of writing such a letter was a painful one, and in many cases the circumstances were such that one could hardly do justice to the subject in hand. The writer feels justified in copying a letter of this kind, omitting the name:—

CAMP THIRD REGIMENT NEW HAMPSHIRE VOLUNTEERS,
ST. HELENA ISLAND, S. C., 1 July 1863.

Mrs. —.

Dear Madam: It becomes my painful duty to inform you of the loss of one of our number, your husband. —. He was taken sick nine or ten days ago, and complained of pain in his limbs, head and back. I furnished him with ice to keep his head cool, and had the surgeon come to see him, and in the evening had him taken into the hospital. His disease was typhoid fever: and for a week he had everything done for him that a sick man could wish. From the first the surgeon felt as though he could not recover, and several regimental surgeons were called in from time to time to advise upon his case. As the days advanced it became painfully evident that he could not recover, and that we should soon be called upon to mourn the loss of another comrade, and that another family at home was to be made desolate by the fell hand of disease. He grew so weak that he could only converse

in whispers, and thus rendered it very difficult to hear many of his thoughts. It will be gratifying to you to know that when he spoke of his family it was always with the deepest solicitude and keenest anxiety. He failed gradually, and at five minutes past twelve yesterday noon, 30th of June, he ceased to live. He died very calmly and peacefully, as though falling asleep, and seemed to suffer no pain. He expressed a wish before he died that his remains might be sent home: but at present his friends cannot hope for the accomplishment of that request on account of the hot weather. This morning we paid the last honors to our departed comrade. Enveloped in the folds of that flag for which he has sacrificed his life, we carried him to his last resting place, on the banks of a small stream; and the mocking birds build their nests and sing their songs in the oak branches which wave over his head. Our tenderest sympathies, dear madam, are enlisted in your behalf: and we hope you may find consolation in the thought that your husband died doing his duty, in defence of the honor of his native land. At his request, a few days before his death, all of his effects were turned over to —, together with \$41.50 in treasury notes, which he will forward to you as soon as possible. I enclose a statement of his words to you previous to his death, as furnished by the hospital department. I have the honor to be, madam, etc.,

Captain Co. —, Third New Hampshire Volunteers.

P. S. — When cooler weather arrives, if we are still in this department, I should be happy to aid you in recovering the remains of your husband, if such should be your desire. In a zinc coffin it would cost from \$12.00 to \$15.00 to New York; from thence would be the express age. In a metallic coffin, it would cost from \$85.00 to \$90.00 to get it to Manchester. The pay due him (two months) can be obtained on application at Washington: and in my opinion you are entitled to a pension.

[NOTE.—The composition of this letter stands to the credit of Roger W. Woodbury of Co. A: and it needs no explanation and no comment by the writer of this history.— D. E.]

So much for the ordinary burial of a comrade from an established camp. The burial of the dead after a battle is another matter — entirely so. Generally, by mutual consent, the opposing parties act upon honor, without the formality of a flag of truce, and each proceeds to bury its dead. Sometimes the bodies of the two armies are intermixed. This is particularly true when the victory has hung in the balance, and the two lines swayed backward and forward, traversing twice and perhaps thrice the same ground. In such cases a line of division is generally agreed upon, and each burying all found on his particular side of this line, friend and foe alike, though a dead rebel can no more be properly called a foe than can a dead Yankee. The burial is entirely devoid of ceremony. A long trench is dug as near the spot as convenient and is proper for such purpose, and into it are placed, lengthwise, the bodies of the unfortunate dead. Buried as found — clothing, accoutrements, and sometimes the trusty gun goes into this long and narrow trench. The bodies having been put in, the earth is shovelled back, and all is over. This constitutes a burial after a battle. Hundreds buried together, intermingling men of different regiments, companies, colors and nations, all, all in their coats of blue. One of the particular phases of such burials is the remarkable absence of conversation between the men engaged in the work. The silence is almost painful. Each is filled with a solemnity not easily described, each struggling with his own thought, each endeavoring to keep back the tears which are struggling for liberty.

There were burials at sea; but the Third New Hampshire was spared that, though it came very near having such an experience. Niles of G died on shipboard (the *Atlantic*) in November, 1861, while we lay off Port Royal, and was buried on shore (see November, 1861). After we had established our little cemetery at Hilton Head near our camp, tender hands removed the remains to the enclosure, and the grave was properly marked. This case is of especial interest inasmuch as the remains were again removed (by the Government) to the National cemetery at Beaufort, S. C., where the writer found the largest number of the regiment buried of the several places found by him.

The Beaufort National Cemetery contains 9,072 graves, and is beautifully situated, about three-quarters of a mile from the town of Beaufort, and one-half mile from Beaufort River. It contains 31 acres. The ground is high and a little rolling. It was begun in 1863, and completed in 1868. It contains bodies originally interred at Charleston (race course and potter's field), Port Royal, St. Helena, Cave, Otter, Bray's, Paris, Henry, Morris, Edisto, Folly, James, Sullivan's, Beaufort and Hilton Head Islands, points on the Savannah Railroad, Pocotaligo Bridge, Stoney Creek, Mitchell's Place, Elliott's Farm and Millen (Ga.) Prison Cemetery.

The cemetery is laid out in a half circle, with gravelled avenues diverging from the main entrance. The walks are gravelled or grassed, and intersect the avenues almost at right angles. A shell carriage road runs around the whole. All are properly graded and drained. At the main entrance is a brick lodge, now used as an office. Five wells have been sunk, to furnish water for visitors and for irrigation. The cemetery is enclosed by a picket fence, inside of which is an Osage orange hedge. A flag-staff is at the main entrance on a ten-foot mound, being thirty feet at base. Four cannon monuments have been erected. The land was bought by the United States from the State of South Carolina for \$7,500 at a tax sale.

Soldiers' graves	4,857 known.
" " " " " " " " " " " "	2,655 unknown.
Employees, etc., graves	952 known.
" " " " " " " " " " " "	608 unknown.

Total 9,072

The writer finds that a large proportion of those who died at Hilton Head are now resting in the above cemetery, which is under the perpetual care of the Government. The writer has in mind a few of Co. K, who died at Jenkins Island, not found on the list as having been removed to Beaufort.

The following list was found by consulting the Roll of Honor, published in several volumes by the Government, and from which this is culled. These volumes contain many thousand names, and are not arranged by regiments or by States (except in case of a few cemeteries where it was impossible to find a Third New Hampshire man); and the labor involved in selecting those of our own regiment from the mass of names can hardly be overestimated. The number given on the left in each case is simply an office number:—

BURIED IN NATIONAL CEMETERY, BEAUFORT, S. C.

165	Burnham, G. W.,	Sergt.	H,	Grave 160,	Sect. 28
258	Brown, Jeremiah,	Pr.	E,	" 1,	" 17
259	Bartlett, S. H.,	"	E,	" 8,	" 17
261	Brown, C. H.,	"	G,	" 38,	" 17
330	Bridgham, G. W.,	"	A,	" 30,	" 17
331	Buckminster, H. W.,	"	B,	" 49,	" 17
332	Bartells, J.,	"	H,	" 60,	" 17
639	Chick, J. E.,	"	G,	" 26,	" 17
728	Clements, John H.,	"	G,	" 41,	" 17
775	Campbell, Andrew J.,	"	H,	" 47,	" 17
776	Colby, Daniel F.,	"	A,	" 46,	" 17
777	Caban, Wm.,	"	B,	" 29,	" 17
849	Clifford, Chas.,	"	D,	" 37,	" 17
1074	Davenport, N.,	"	B,	" 51,	" 17
1075	Downs, Nathl.,	"	H,	" 52,	" 17
1076	Davis, Wm. Y.,	"	I,	" 54,	" 17
1346	Fogg, C.,	"	G,	" 16,	" 17
1402	Foley, Stephen,	"	C,	" 42,	" 17
1500	Gates, Warren G.,	"	B,	" 35,	" 17
1591	Goodwin, J. W.,	Corp.	A,	" 92,	" 6
1592	Grannis, D. H.,	Pr.	A,	" —	" —
1770	Hall, Chas.,	"	C,	" 24,	" 17

1782	Howard, Melville C.,	Pr.	B,	Grave 28,	Sect. 17
1843	Halliday, F.,	"	H,	" 40,	" 17
1847	Hubbard, S.,	"	K,	" 25,	" 17
1916	Houseman, John,	"	A,	" 48,	" 17
1917	Hammond, L. D.,	"	I,	" 55,	" 17
2395	Kimball, W. F.,	"	G,	" 34,	" 17
2396	Knowlton, G. W.,	"	D,	" 7,	" 17
2419	Kelsea, J. H.,	"	H,	" 64,	" 17
2420	King, M. H.,	"	I,	" 53,	" 17
2515	La Mudge, Alexr.,	Corp.	H,	" 14,	" 17
2516	Lawrence, G. H.,	"	A,	" 19,	" 17
2551	Ladd, Josiah A.,	Pr.	G,	" 23,	" 17
2586	Lawrence, W. A.,	"	H,	" 10,	" 17
2587	Leavitt, W. R.,	"	B,	" 11,	" 17
2816	Merrill, J. B.,	"	F,	" 2,	" 17
2872	Marshall, Nathl.,	Corp.	A,	" 43,	" 17
2873	Morgan, Chas.,	Pr.	H,	" 12,	" 17
3183	Niles, Amasa,	"	G,	" 21,	" 17
3251	Osgood, Abner W.,	"	E,	" 39,	" 17
3336	Peavey, Joseph A.,	Corp.	F,	" 20,	" 17
3341	Prescott, J. P.,	Pr.	K,	" 36,	" 17
3436	Phelps, G. M.,	"	G,	" —	" —
3530	Robinson, John,	"	K,	" 33,	" 17
3594	Rich, T. L.,	"	A,	" 6,	" 17
3746	Smith, J. A.,	"	H,	" 13,	" 17
3849	Shea, P.,	"	F,	" 4,	" 17
3909	Smith, James,	"	C,	" 65,	" 17
3910	Sawyer, G. E. H.,	"	D,	" 32,	" 17
3912	Swett, John S.,	"	B,	" 9,	" 17
4477	Whitman, W. T.,	"	A,	" 17,	" 17
4506	Wilson, J.,	"	D,	" 15,	" 17
4552	Wentworth, Fredk. A.,	"	G,	" 18,	" 17
4602	Weeks, Jeremiah S.,	"	B,	" 57,	" 17
4603	Wiggin, J. C.,	2d Lt.	H,	" 32,	" 4
4668	Willard, Parkman D.,	Pr.	I,	" 44,	" 17
4836	York, A.,	"	E,	" 5,	" 17

(See four additional names further on.)

BURIED AT HILTON HEAD.

The Roll of Honor shows the following found buried at Hilton Head; and as several on the list are also found in the National Cemetery at Beaufort, the inference is that this list was made first. [Dates are not vouched for.—D.E.] :—

5	Adams, Geo. W.,	Pr.	H.	Died 21 April	1862
38	Bartells, J.,	"	H,	" 11 Nov.	1861
98	Bridgham, G. W.,	"	A,	" 20 Oct.	1862
99	Brown, Chas. H.,	"	G,	" 8 Sept.	1862
106	Brown, Jeremiah,	"	E,	" 14 Nov.	1862
110	Buckminster, H. M.,	"	B,	" 25 Jan.	1863
118	Burnham, J. E.,	"	I,	" 25 Sept.	1862
125	Caban, Wm.,	"	B,	" 30 June	1862
130	Campbell, A. J.,	"	H,	" 7 Sept.	1862
156	Clements, J. H.,	"	G,	" 3 Dec.	1861
164	Colby, D. F.,	"	A,	" 11 Feb.	1862
201	Davis, Wm. Y.,	Drum.	I,	" 25 Aug.	1862
202	Davenport, N.,	Pr.	B,	" 6 Oct.	1862
222	Downs, Nathl.,	"	H,	" 21 Aug.	1862
226	Duffee, John,	"	C,	" 21 Sept.	1862
266	Fogg, C.,	"	G,	" 6 Dec.	1862
301	Goodwin, J. W.,	"	H,	" 6 Jan.	1862

307	Grannis, D. H.,	Pr.	A,	Died 4 March	1863
340	Hall, H. J.,	"	B,	" 19 July	1863
341	Halliday, F.,	"	G,	" 30 Sept.	1862
344	Hammond, L. D.,	"	I,	" — Jan.	1862
351	Houseman, John,	"	A,	" 6 Jan.	1862
412	Hubbard, S.,	"	K,	" 9 July	1862
454	Kelsey, J. H.,	"	H,	" 21 July	1863
463	Kimball, Wm. F.,	"	G,	" 15 Nov.	1862
473	Ladd, J. A.,	"	G,	" 23 Aug.	1862
491	Lawrence, W. A.,	"	H,	" 24 June	1862
492	Leavitt, W. B.,	"	B,	" 18 Feb.	1862
523	Marshall, Nathl.,	"	H,	" 15 July	1862
565	Merrill, J. B.,	"	F,	" 24 Oct.	1862
587	Morgan, Chas.,	"	H,	" 26 Aug.	1862
603	Niles, A.,	"	G,	" 9 Nov.	1861
618	Palmer, R. F.,	"	E,	" 4 Jan.	1862
654	Prescott, J. P.,	"	K,	" 14 Oct.	1862
660	Quimby, D. M.,	"	E,	" 20 Aug.	1862
678	Rich, T. L.,	"	A,	" 17 Sept.	1862
686	Roby, Walter S.,	"	E,	" 20 Dec.	1862
704	Sanborn, A. F.,	"	I,	" 27 Nov.	1861
706	Sawyer, Geo. E. H.,	"	D,	" 28 Aug.	1862
729	Shea, P.,	"	F,	" 2 Nov.	1862
741	Smith, James,	"	C,	" 13 Nov.	1862
786	Swett, John S.,	"	B,	" 26 Aug.	1862
857	Weeks, J. S.,	"	B,	" 23 March	1863
858	Wiggin, Joseph C.,	2d Lt.	H,	" 21 Aug.	1862
864	Wentworth, Fred,	Pr.	G,	" 26 Aug.	1862
905	York, Alfred,	"	E,	— — —	— — —

Total found: 912 white, and 92 colored.

The preceding list is of those found and identified by the Government. The question naturally arises, If found and identified, why should not the Government have removed them *all* to the National Cemetery at Beaufort? This question it is beyond the power of the writer to answer, and is only one of a large number arising which may be grouped as unanswerable.

From another volume of the Roll of Honor the following names were discovered as having been buried in

THE NATIONAL CEMETERY AT BEAUFORT:

110	Clifford, Chas.,	Pr.	D,	Died 21 Sept.	1862
213	Foley, Stephen,	"	C,	" 28 Sept.	1862
485	Osgood, Abner W.,	"	E,	" 10 Oct.	1862
736	Willard, Parkman D.,	"	I,	" 6 Jan.	1864

It being found impracticable to divide Andersonville and its horrors, so as to show separately the place itself and the sufferings of the Third New Hampshire unfortunates, the whole matter is here given, beginning first with the list of

BURIED AT ANDERSONVILLE:

9518	Atmore, G. W.,	G,	Died 22 Sept.	1864
5721	Ormstindorf, J.,	D,	" 15 Aug.	1864
7857	Baker, D. W.,	G,	" 5 Sept.	1864
8629	Smith, C.,	F,	" 13 Sept.	1864
8980	Smith, John,	F,	" 17 Sept.	1864
*11278	Williams, Thomas,	H,	" 22 Oct.	1864
11472	Wungart, D. L.,	G,	" 26 Oct.	1864

* Probably Thos. Williams, who was reported as "Deserted on picket near Weir Bottom Church, Va."

Whose pen can faithfully and fully depict the sufferings of those comrades who died at Andersonville? The subject is a fruitful one, has been commented on from a thousand different views; but the writer inserts only the following information as to

ANDERSONVILLE:

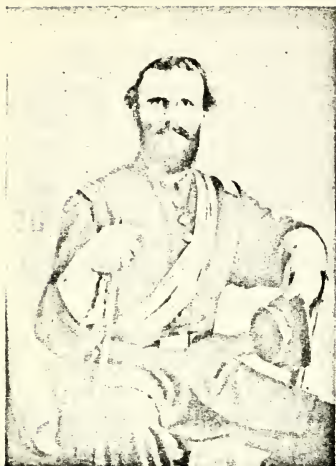
This was not the correct name, the "ville" being added wholly without authority. The Government examination of the graves was begun 26 July 1865, by Capt. James M. Moore, Assistant Quartermaster, U.S.A., under Special Order 19, Quartermaster-General's Office, 30 June 1865. He left Washington 8 July. At Macon he was joined by one company of the Fourth U.S. Cavalry and one company of the One Hundred and Thirty-seventh U.S. Colored Troops. He took several mechanics and a deal of material from Washington, to properly mark the graves. The examination and work of marking the graves was substantially completed 16 August. The dead were found buried in trenches, on a site selected by the rebels, about 300 yards from the stockade. The bodies were found from two to three feet below the surface, and in cases where the rains had washed the soil away, but a few inches. Additional earth was supplied by the party. So closely were they buried, without coffins or the ordinary clothing to cover their nakedness, that not more than twelve inches were allowed to each man; indeed, the little tablets marking their resting places, measuring hardly ten inches in width, almost touch each other. Our soldiers had, while prisoners, been detailed to bury their comrades, whose last resting places were marked by a simple stake at the head of each grave, which bore a number appearing also on the hospital record of the prison. By this means a very large proportion were identified. In all there are 12,461 tablets which bear the number, name, rank, regiment and date of death; while 451 bear the legend, "Unknown U.S. Soldier." Of lumber, there was used 120,000 feet of pine in making the tablets. The cemetery contains 50 acres. On the morning of 17 Aug. 1865, at sunrise, the Stars and Stripes were hoisted in the center of the cemetery, a National salute was fired, and National hymns sung.

Andersonville is on the Southeastern Railroad, sixty miles from Macon. In August, 1865, there was but one house there, except those erected by the rebels as hospitals, officers' quarters, quartermaster and commissary buildings. The party found the thermometer at 110° in the shade, very frequently, at mid-day. The pen was 1,540 ft. long by 750 ft. wide and contained 27 acres. The "dead line" was 17 feet from the stockade, and the sentry boxes were 30 yards apart. The inside stockade was 18 ft. high, the outer one 12 ft., and the two were 120 feet apart. The party found the ground filled with holes, where the unfortunates had dug for protection from the sun. The official report of Capt. Moore (from which the writer gleaned the above) concludes with these words "... The skeptic who will visit Andersonville even now (20 Sept. 1865) and examine the stockade with its black, oozy mud, the cramped and wretched burrows, the dead line and the slaughter house, must be a callous observer indeed if he is not convinced that the miseries depicted of this prison pen are no exaggerations."

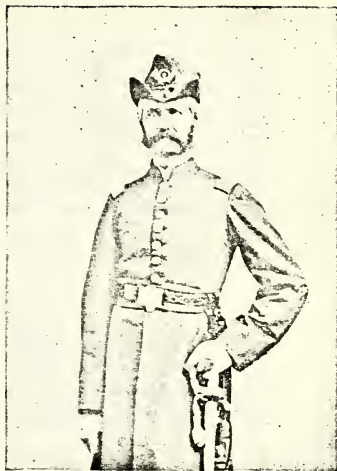
The places of burial are very numerous. The writer finds several

BURIED AT SALISBURY, N. C.

497	Carter, W. H.,	Pr.	A,	Died 16 Dec. 1864, diarrhoea.
519	Chapman, Geo.,	"	A,	" 30 Nov. 1864, pneumonia.
730	Dane, Albert G.,	"	A,	" 6 Feb. 1865, ———
1013	Evealdt, Henry,	"	K,	" 16 Dec. 1864, diarrhoea.
1054	Fountain, Edward,	"	A,	" 1 Dec. 1864, pneumonia.
1521	Heck, Joseph,	"	G,	" 4 Dec. 1864, apoplexy.
2165	Mead, James W.,	"	G,	" 12 Jan. 1865, diarrhoea.
2796	Scott, Ard,	"	F,	" 21 Nov. 1864, int. fever.
3263	Vincent, Rupert,	"	H,	" 5 Dec. 1864, wounds.



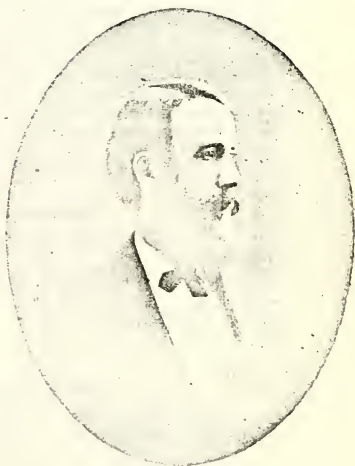
CAPT. WILLIAM H. MAXWELL.



CAPT. HENRY H. AYER.



CHAPLAIN HENRY HILL.



LIEUT. J. WARREN AKERMAN.

Coming to Virginia, we find a considerable number buried in the

RICHMOND NATIONAL CEMETERY.

This cemetery is southeast of the city, on the south side of the Williamsburg road, near the fork of the Darby road, two miles from the city limits, and a mile and a half from the James River. The land is high and rolling, and 160 feet above tide water. It contains eight acres, five of which were formerly owned by Wm. Brown and the other three by Wm. Slater. It lies just within the inner line of fortifications thrown up by the rebels, and the line is still visible (1867 report). Each grave is marked by a neat tablet or head board, painted white, and bearing in black letters the name, rank, company, regiment and date of death. Operations began here 1 Sept. 1866, and were completed 30 Sept. 1867. Known graves, 817; unknown, 5,459; total, 6,276.

These figures (each class) were considerably increased in a later supplementary report. (The writer, with Lieuts. Bowen and Parker, visited this cemetery in September, 1892.)

BURIED AT RICHMOND, VA.

123	Ball, J. H.,	Pr. K,	Died 7 June 1864.
987	Feen, Garrett,	" A,	" 1 June 1864, scorbutus.
*1728	Lang, W. W.,	" I,	" 9 Dec. 1863, chr. diarrhœa.

*This man was captured in assault on Wagner, 18 July 1863, being taken while almost unconscious from the stunning effects of the battle. He was at Salisbury Prison for awhile, with our Lieut.-Col. Bedel, who was also a prisoner, captured earlier in the same assault.

A considerable group is found at the

CITY POINT CEMETERY, VA.

This cemetery is situated on the road to and about nine miles from Petersburg, and about one and a half miles from City Point, in Prince George County. It is on a slight eminence, about forty-five feet above the Appomattox River and one mile from its confluence with the James. The location is very near the ground used for general field hospitals by the Army of the Potomac during the siege of Petersburg, in 1864. It contains seven and one-half acres, is in the form of a square with semi-circular entrance, is divided into six sections by avenues, has excellent drainage and is enclosed by a picket fence. The known graves number 3,758; unknown, 1,384; total, 5,142. Burials began in July, 1866, and ended in September, 1867. Those not originally buried here were removed from a plot at City Point, established by the U. S. forces shortly after occupation in May, 1864, and from a site appropriated for a cemetery at Point of Rocks, about five miles up the Appomattox.

BURIED AT CITY POINT CEMETERY.

2	Abbott, G. H.,	Pr. E,	Grave 48, Sect. F, Div. 1, Died	—	—
299	Brooks, J.,	Corp. H,	" 115, " F, " 1,	"	17 June 1864
*300	Brooks, J.,	Pr. H,	" 33, " F, " 1,	"	17 June 1864
996	Hall, H. J.,	Pr. B,	Grave 62, Sect. F, Div. 1,	—	—
1132	Hodgdon, E. F.,	" F,	" 157, " F, " 1,	—	—
1782	O'Brien, Michl.,	" D,	" 28, " A, " 1,	Died 30 Oct. 1864	
1987	Roach, John,	" H,	" 143, " A, " 1,	"	7 Oct. 1864

*There is evidently a mistake here.

BURIED AT POINT LOOKOUT, MD.

36	Blaisdell, J. P.,	Corp. D,	Died 25 May 1864
64	Cainlett, E.,	Pr. I,	" 22 May 1864
174	Helton, Peter,	" A,	" 31 May 1864
189	Holmes, R. R.,	" I,	" 29 May 1864
263	McKinnon, Daniel B.,	" A,	" 16 July 1863
376	Smith, J. H.,	" F,	" 3 July 1864

BURIED AT HAMPTON, VA.

4	Adams, Ira J.,	Pr.	A,	Died	2 July	1864
34	Armstrong, J. A.,	Corp.	K,	"	16 May	1864
107	Benson, Geo. W.,	"	E,	"	4 June	1864
122	Blake, Granville,	"	G,	"	22 May	1864
153	Bradley, Wm.,	Pr.	K,	"	21 Sept.	1864
202	Burrows, James	"	E,	"	30 Sept.	1864
254	Cassidy, James,	"	K,	"	20 May	1864
262	Chappelle, James,	"	H,	"	11 Sept.	1864
314	Cooney, Stephen,	"	C,	"	18 May	1864
361	Davis, Oliver O.,	"	B,	"	22 May	1864
439	Duncan, J. B.,	"	B,	"	28 Jan.	1865
443	Eastman, Clark,	"	G,	"	5 June	1864
448	Edwards, James W.,	"	G,	"	30 Oct.	1864
453	Ely, Joseph,	"	C,	"	18 July	1864
464	Emus, John F.,	"	F,	"	25 July	1864
489	Fitzgerald, John J.,	"	K,	"	21 May	1864
540	Gillis, John W.,	"	B,	"	24 Sept.	1864
676	Hix, Wm.,	"	E,	"	2 May	1864
1187	Robinson, Sam.,	1st Sergt.	I,	"	2 June	1865
1291	Smith, Peter,	Corp.	C,	"	30 Aug.	1864
1293	Smith, Geo.,	Pr.	H,	"	30 Oct.	1864
1464	Walton, W. H.,	"	B,	"	21 July	1864
1488	Weeks, Andrew M.,	"	E,	"	9 July	1864

Several of our comrades who died near New York were

BURIED AT CYPRESS HILL CEMETERY.

This is a part of the city cemetery of Brooklyn, N.Y., and lies about three miles east of the city. It contains about two acres. Interments began here about the month of April, 1862. All are those who died in the various hospitals and camps near New York City. Total graves, 3,277—only 80 of them unknown.

463	Chick, Fenno,	Pr.	G,	Died	19 Oct.	1864
2078	Plummer, J. L.,	"	I,	"	22 March	1864
2635	Tibbetts, Isaac,	"	K,	"	16 Sept.	1863
*2742	Waters, Patrick,	"	C,	"	26 Aug.	1862
†2825	White, Moses E.,	"	I,	"	22 Aug.	1863

* Discharged for disability at Hilton Head; was on his way home.

† Disinterred and removed by friends.

BURIED AT PHILADELPHIA.

63	Bancho, Wm.,	Pr.	H,	Died	5 July	1864
249	Butler, John,	"	H,	"	26 Aug.	1864
1007	Kemp, Oscar,	"	E,	"	24 April	1864
1138	Long, Perry,	"	D,	"	3 Aug.	1864

Died in Dept. of the East (place not given).

38	Barton, Henry,	Pr.	A,	Died	22 Sept.	1864
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(Disinterred and delivered to friends.)

BURIED AT BEVERLY, N.J.

110	Moulton, Albion,	—	G,	Died	26 Sept.	1864
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BURIED NEAR BRISTOL, PA.

16	Crook, Samuel,	Pr.	C,	Died	8 June	1865
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BURIED AT ANNAPOLIS, MD.

(U.S. General Hospital, Div. No. 1.)

570	Gilbert, Daniel W.,	Pr.	I,	Died	25 Aug.	1864
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(U.S. General Hospital, Div. No. 2—St. John's College.)

55	Bazinet, Geo.,	Pr.	II,	Died	23 March	1865
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(Camp Parole Hospital.)

198	Jennings, A. E.,	Pr.	F,	Died	10 Oct.	1864
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BURIED AT MANCHESTER, N.H. (twenty soldiers in all).

(Valley Cemetery.)

- 4 Copp, Harrison J., Co. A, Died 27 April 1862, at Edisto Id.

(Merrill's Cemetery.)

McQuestion, Jerome B.,

Died 29 March 1866

(Though he died since the war, it seems proper to insert here. In connection with the record in the Roll of Honor is no company, rank or regiment. There is no doubt, however, that this is the grave of one who was a sergeant in Co. H.)

BURIED AT NEW HAVEN, CONN.

- 49 Dame, Joseph W., Pr. I, Died 29 Aug. 1864

BURIED AT NEWARK, N.J.

(Fairmount Cemetery.)

- 122 White, James E., Pr. A, Died 15 July 1864

BURIED AT WILMINGTON, N.C.

- 7 Brooks, Plummer Pr. H, Died 1 April 1863, chr. diar.

- 51 Perkins, John W., " D, " 27 April 1865, wounds.

BURIED AT CHARLESTON (Race Course).

- 26 Carr, Geo. D., Pr. E, Died 27 June 1862, wounds.

- 177 Pearl, Abram, " I, " 20 June 1862

BURIED AT MILLEN, GA.

- 279 Phelps, Geo. M., Pr. G, Grave 190, Sect. A.

BURIED ON DR. GILUM'S PROPERTY.

(Near Lufkin's House, Petersburg, Va.)

- 413 Cosgrove, Wm. J., Pr. C, Died 2 Sept. 1864.

A companion volume to Vol. I. of the Roll of Honor (February, 1868), shows that 47,368 bodies of deceased Union soldiers and prisoners of war have been removed from 237 different localities, scattered through the Southern and Western States, to thirty of the established National Cemeteries, where their remains now rest, side by side, under the perpetual care and protection of the Government, for the defence of which they sacrificed their lives. A few extracts from that report will emphasize all that may have been said heretofore concerning the burial of the dead:—

Group No. 47, of 314 bodies, from Harrison's Landing to Glendale National Cemetery, about ten miles south of Richmond.

Group No. 48, of 100 bodies, from Flussell's Mills, near Richmond, to same place.

Group No. 59, of three bodies, from Chapin's farm to Fort Harrison National Cemetery, Va., on Molly Burdon's farm, Henrico County.

Group No. 85, of 112 bodies, from Deep Bottom, ten miles southeast of Richmond, to same place.

Group No. 91, of 38 bodies, from Flussell's Mills to same place.

Group No. 287, of 149 bodies, from Marine Hospital, Wilmington, N.C., to Wilmington National Cemetery, on J. D. Ryttenberg's farm.

Group No. 288, of 12 bodies, from Baptist Church, Wilmington, N.C., to same place.

Group No. 289, of 22 bodies, from Cone Cemetery, Wilmington, N.C., to same place.

Group No. 290, of 410 bodies, from Oakdale Cemetery, Wilmington, N.C., to same place.

The reader will pardon any seeming verbosity in this sad chapter. The writer has endeavored not only to give general information, but such as may afford particular pleasure,—sad though it must be,—to some persons who may find that the loved one whom they lost in the war now rests in some known locality—in some National or other cemetery. This fact, found, will afford some relief to such as have heretofore been of the opinion that the once loved one never had decent burial or perhaps none at all.

No. 4897	— unknown, 3	(no rank, no company, no regiment, no date), originally buried at Folly Island, S.C.
No. 5646	— unknown, 25	(same as 4897), originally buried at Pawnee Landing, Folly Island, S.C.
No. 5762	— unknown, 4	(same as 4897), originally buried in the woods, James Island, S.C.
No. 5886	— unknown, 78	(same as 4897), originally buried near Secessionville, James Island, S.C.
No. 5938	— unknown, 41	Morris Island, West side.
5962	" 22	" " East side.
5986	" 26	" " sand hill, n. of cemetery.
5990	" 4	" " " " " "
6045	" 55	" " " " " "
6079	" 34	" " south of Wagner.
6118	" 37	" " on line across mid. of island.
6156	" 31	" " Fort Wagner.
6180	" 24	" " original cemetery.
7185	" 875	Hilton Head.

and frequent items, like: "No. — unknown — N. H. soldiers — found in one trench"; "No. — unknown — 54 buried in one long grave."

When one sees in the Roll of Honor such items as the above, the subject becomes too painful to continue, and we seek temporary relief in a flight to Virginia, where a new group awaits us and the selection will show a different phase:—

"These bodies (more than 100) from the north side of the Richmond City Hospital. The graves run east and west, at right angles with Fourth Street, the first grave of each row being about five feet from the road. Grave No. 1, of Row No. 1, was situated on the northwest corner of the group. Most of the graves contained more than one body. As they were lifted out they were numbered 1, 2, 3, etc."

"Removed from Dr. Anderson's farm."

"These bodies were removed from the battle-field of Cold Harbor, and were scattered over the ground and through the woods, from Gurthwright's farm to the Raleigh road."

"These five bodies were found by Mr. Eacho on his farm, within 100 yards of his house."

"These eleven bodies were taken from a pit near Liberty Hall, Hanover County, northeast of Gaines' Mills.' Nothing to identify them."

"These four bodies found in a creek."

"These four bodies were taken from Day's farm, Melton Station, V. C. R.R.; but the people would give no information concerning them."

"These forty-three bodies were found in a well, in front of Fort Gilmer, on land of Capt. Childrey. The well had been sought for two years; but none of the neighbors could show where the well had been. Supposed to have been killed in the charge of 2 Oct. 1864."

"These fourteen bodies were taken from the Half-Way House, on Petersburg turnpike, nine miles from Richmond. They were a part of Butler's command, and were buried together on the left side of the turnpike, about 300 yards from the house, in a hollow formerly used as a field hospital."

Not long after our advent at Hilton Head, a neat little cemetery was established at our right and rear; and in it we laid the mortal remains of our dead—nearly all of whom died in the vicinity. The first mention of this cemetery the writer finds in diaries and letters. An excellent photograph of the sacred spot was taken by Mr. Moore (mentioned elsewhere), early in 1862, and forms one of the large group of pictures taken by him. The entire collection may be found in the library of the Massachusetts Commandery of the Loyal Legion of the United States, at Boston. A view of the cemetery has been reproduced for this work.

An examination of the lists of graves found, and of burials in National cemeteries and elsewhere, reveals the fact that the names of some of those buried in our little burial place do not appear as having been re-

moved to the National Cemetery at Beaufort. The cruel conviction is forced upon us, that at the time of disinterment the headboards had become so decayed, or the letters so obliterated by the weather, as to render it necessary to remove them under the class "unknown." By this process of reasoning it may possibly be a source of comfort to think that one's relative or friend, whose name was looked for in vain, is really resting in a National cemetery by the side of his comrades. Some degree of relief will be obtained by surviving comrades, in examining the lists, on finding the names of one or more whom they may have left on the field of battle, supposably in the agonies of death — for the fact that they survived sufficiently long to insure decent burial is truly a relief.

The whole matter of "death" in the army, with its preliminaries, and the after-disposition of what was once a living comrade, is one of the saddest and at the same time one of the most difficult subjects to write about. Even as the author pens these lines, his eyes dim with tears, which come all unbidden; for he is carried backward to the very scenes he feebly attempts to describe. He hears again the groans of the dying in hospital and on the battle-field; he sees again the convulsive efforts of him who has been torn and mangled by a cruel shell; he hears again the cry for succor, which cometh not; again he hears the call for water which cannot be supplied. One may hold his nerves and his sympathy well in check, while his comrade lives, that he may be able to minister to his wants and his comfort; but no sooner is he dead than the nerves give way and the sympathetic tears will flow. This was particularly noticeable at the burial. Strong men wept like children; and the peculiarly plaintive notes of the fife, and the tap of the muffled drum, seemed to lift the flood-gates of our sympathies higher and higher, as we solemnly marched to the grave.

It has been stated herein by the writer that the captain of the company to which the deceased soldier belonged generally wrote of the fact to the relatives at home. There are two notable exceptions to this rule: and these exceptions were in deference to circumstances. In one case the soldier might die of a long illness in the hospital, and during his illness he may have endeared himself to the surgeon and attendants by his patience and resignation. In such a case, by general consent, the surgeon wrote the unpleasant news. Again, a dead comrade may have lived a religious life, in which case he would be very near to the chaplain's heart, and a letter from the chaplain to the relatives was in order; and this letter sometimes would be in addition to one written by the captain.

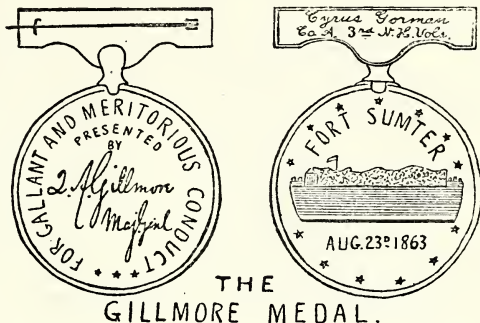
These cases mentioned are not fanciful cases, by any means. More might be cited; but these suffice.

THE GILLMORE MEDALS.

The general order announcing that medals were to be bestowed will be found elsewhere. The first mention of the same in a Northern paper was found by the writer in the *New York Herald*, 15 Oct. 1863, in these words: "Maj.-Gen. Gillmore has ordered a large number of bronze medals to be prepared for presentation to brave and meritorious soldiers who have distinguished themselves in the late campaign."

In a letter from its Port Royal correspondent, the *New York Herald* of 4 Nov. 1863 said that Gen. Gillmore had adopted the Napoleon idea of awarding to such soldiers as deserve it, for gallant and meritorious conduct in the field, a medal of honor. Ball, Black & Co. of New York to be the makers, and they are already at work upon the design. The medal is to bear on one side a representation, in relief, of Sumter in ruins, and upon the other a *fac simile* of the General's autograph; while upon the buckle to which the medal is to be attached, neatly engraved, will appear the name, rank, company and regiment of the soldier upon whom bestowed. A certificate, embellished with *fac similes* of both sides, will be given with each medal.

Though all regiments participating in the siege (whether in the charge of 18 July or not) were invited by Gen. Gillmore to send in the names of deserving soldiers, there were a few regiments which declined the offered honor, on the basis that every man of the regiment had been "gallant and meritorious." Whether this position was warranted by the facts, or whether it was a wise position, is not for the writer to discuss.



THE
GILLMORE MEDAL.

The Third New Hampshire, through its officers, selected the requisite number of names, and they received the Gillmore medals. The following is a list of the recipients:—

Co. A: Privates Samuel D. Brelsford and Cyrus Gorman. (The latter received his medal about 1881, in New York City, from the hand of Gen. Gillmore himself.)

Co. B: Corp. James M. Chase, Private Frederick Silloway.

Co. C: First Sergt. M. J. Connelly, Private Geo. Allen.

Co. D: Sergt. D. W. Perkins, Private Chas. D. Randall.

Co. E: Privates James M. Dickey and A. J. Pettingill.

Co. F: Sergt. Joseph A. Newman (dead), Privates John F. Ennes and Chas. D. Smith.

Co. G: Private Benj. D. Burgess.

Co. H: Corp. John Brooks, Private David A. Paige.

Co. I: Corp. Geo. H. Davis, Private Almond B. White.

Co. K: Privates James Cassidy and Hugh Macklin.

PECULIAR CASES, DUPLICATE NAMES. ETC.

Alexander, Daniel S., Co. F: Volunteer recruit of 1862. Mortally wounded 16 May 1864; bullet near right temple. Sent next day by ambulance, with the other wounded, to hospital. No more seen by Third New Hampshire.

Arlin, Emri, Co. D: The only drafted man in the regiment. The records show he was drafted 19 Aug. 1863, at Concord, and was mustered in 19 Aug. 1863. Forwarded 1 Feb. 1864, with Rupert Vincent and James Norton. His roll had, "expense of apprehension, \$30.00," which, interpreted, means that he was not willing to lay down his life for his country.

Adams, John, Co. H: Substitute recruit; mustered in 13 Dec. 1864; deserted *en route* to regiment.

Adams, John, Co. K: Volunteer recruit; mustered in 11 Feb. 1865; deserted 25 June 1865.

Allen, Wm., Co. C: Volunteer recruit; mustered in 8 Aug. 1862; discharged for disability 21 Sept. 1862.

Allen, Wm., Co. D: Substitute recruit; mustered in 29 Sept. 1863; killed 13 May 1864.

Brown, John W., Co. K: Went on recruiting service, Hilton Head to Concord, in July, 1862. Was sick when the party was ordered back. Did not return to regiment till January, 1864, with Col. Jackson.

Ball, Hiram, Co. K: Wounded 16 May 1864, and taken prisoner; knee shattered; lay on field twenty-four hours; leg amputated by rebel surgeon. A Michigan soldier, a fellow prisoner, cared for him and wrote to his mother after Hiram's death.

Ballard, Wm. W., Co. G: He was sent home with Lieut. Thompson's body in August, 1862. He had furlough for that purpose. Never returned, but was discharged for disability 1 Jan. 1863, at Concord.

Blood, J. C., Co. I: Wounded 13 July 1863, on Morris Island; sent to Hospital Steamer *Cosmopolitan*. While on board he recovered sufficiently to care for other wounded, and thus was sent on a trip to New York. On return trip was taken sick with varioloid and sent to Hospital at Beaufort, S. C. He finally reached the regiment before it left Morris Island.

Brelsford, Samuel D., Co. A: Taken prisoner at Laurel Hill, Va., 7 Oct. 1864; escaped 27 May 1865. It is said that he was at Andersonville; and while there was one day on a detail at work on a bridge, and from there escaped, being shot in the foot during the melee.

Brown, Henry, Co. A: A recruit, arriving in December, 1863 (with McKinnon and Thompson; see McKinnon). He stated that he was really named Baxter, a deserter from the Navy. His case was reported to Department Headquarters same time as McKinnon's and Thompson's (same letter really); and the Department Commander decided he had better stay with Co. A.

Burbank, W. H., Co. G: After his wound of 16 May 1864 he was sent to hospital; never rejoined till regiment reached Concord for final discharge. While in the hospital he was commissioned and mustered; but the latter was promptly revoked by the War Department, because it was in violation of an order forbidding musters into a higher grade if the party was unfit for active service in the field. The revocal is in no wise a reflection on Burbank.

Burke, Leonard O. F., Co. F: He went out as a waiter for Capt. Randlett, and afterwards enlisted in the regiment, in March, 1862.

Brown, Bartholomew, Co. I: Said to have been an employe of the railroad (City Point, Va.) before the war; and when the regiment was there (9 June 1864), he showed his comrades a railroad sleeper with his initials cut upon it, as proof of his previous employment.

Brown, Franklin J., Co. E: Real name John F. Brown; but when he joined as a recruit, in November, 1863, he found another J. F. Brown, and he thereafter called himself "J. Franklin Brown." This got twisted about on the rolls, and finally ended as "Franklin J. Brown."

Burrell, Fred E.: Unassigned recruit. Died on passage from New York to Hilton Head, 6 Sept. 1862, 11.45 p.m., on Steamer *Geo. C. Collins*. The steamer arrived off Moorehead City, N. C., the 8th; and the body was taken ashore in a sail-boat to Carolina City and buried three miles from the landing, under a tree. Several companion recruits (of same squad) accompanied the body. Recruit Wm. B. Merrill (afterward Co. F) offered a prayer; and then all joined in firing a salute over the grave, with their revolvers, and returned to the steamer.

Bragdon, Ira: Was by error on Co. U's rolls. No record of his being mustered: and it is presumable that he was rejected at the last moment.

Clark, Azariah L., Co. I: Was furloughed from Laurel Hill, Va., in January, 1865, after the regiment had left for Fort Fisher. He went home to join a son, then recently from Andersonville prison. He overstayed to attend the son's funeral, and then reported at Washington to the Provost Marshal General. Ordered into camp near the railroad station. Had pass from there to Bermuda Hundred. On arriving, found the detachment had also gone to North Carolina. Stayed around a few days, was taken sick and sent to Hospital at Point of Rocks. From there sent to Hospital at Fort Monroe (the McClellan) and discharged.

Cavender, James: Was a representative recruit for A. A. Cox of Enfield, and served in Co. B. This was the only case of the kind in the regiment.

Curran, John, 1st: Original man of Co. C; served full term.

Curran, John, 2d: Original man of Co. C; re-enlisted; mustered out 20 July 1865.

Courtney, Patrick: In regiment twice, and in Co. F both times. First, as an original, and served full term; second, a substitute recruit, mustered in 15 Dec. 1864; mustered out 20 July 1865.

Carroll, John, 1st, Co. C: Original man; deserted next day after muster-in.

Carroll, John, 2d, Co. C: Substitute recruit; enlisted 23 Dec. 1864; deserted 17 Jan. 1865.

Connelly, Patrick, Co. C: Original man; discharged for disability, but died in the hospital.

Chase, James L., Co. F: First man wounded (in June, 1862, on James Island); sent to General Hospital, Hilton Head, with the wounded of the 16th. Thence later to General Hospital, Bedloes Island, N. Y. In February, 1863, Capt. Randlett, returning from leave, brought him from New York to Hilton Head. He re-enlisted, but never returned from his furlough.

Chase, Chas. F., Co. F: Commissioned in 1st S.C.V. (colored); served in that regiment about one year, almost wholly at Hilton Head; resigned. Afterward enlisted as a private in 13 V.R.C., Co. F, stationed at Concord, N. H., and served about a year. Prior to commission in colored regiment, was Assistant Postmaster at Hilton Head.

Chase, Valentine M., Co. E: Captured 16 June 1862, on James Island; exchanged; died 24 July 1862, in the Jews' Hospital, New York, of wounds. Body delivered to friends.

Drew, Chas. H., Co. H: He was one of the three men who deserted at Pinekney Island, S. C., 5 Aug. 1862, and furnished the enemy with information by which the latter were enabled to "gobble up" Co. H a few days later. By some process, a little obscure, he got away after arrest at Camp Parole, Va., on his arrival with the exchanged men of Co. H from Richmond, to which point both lots gravitated. He enlisted in Co. C, Third Maryland Cavalry, under the name of Henry White; was apprehended 3 Nov. 1863, and presumably sent to Fort McHenry, Baltimore. He was ordered from the fort, 22 Feb. 1864, to New York, and from there to be sent to the Department of the South, for trial as a deserter from Co. H, Third New Hampshire. He undoubtedly was kept in provost at Hilton Head till the war was over; and then, in the general forgiveness, he got loose again. There is no record of any trial. The Government holds that from the day he deserted, in August, 1862, he has been in a state of continuous desertion, the enlistment in Third Maryland Cavalry not serving him as an offset in any sense.

Day, John E., Co. F: A re-enlisted man who returned with the veterans as far as New York, when he suddenly changed front and deserted. He was dropped as of 15 April 1864. He returned in September following, and was forgiven, by Gen. Terry's order, on the recommendation of his commanding officer; but the \$30.00 apprehension fee had to stand charged. This is given as a sample. There were several cases almost identical with this.

Dickett, Joseph, unassigned recruit: It appears that he actually enlisted for the Fourth New Hampshire, and was forwarded by mistake to the Third New Hampshire, reaching it 28 March 1865, when the discovery was made. He was transferred to the Fourth New Hampshire, from which he deserted at Raleigh, N. C., 21 July 1865. In the Fourth New Hampshire he appears as "Joseph Dickett, Co. K." His transfer is dated 20 April 1865, though it appears he did not join the Fourth New Hampshire till 6 May 1865. The difference in time was probably consumed in considering what to do with his case: *i. e.*, red tape.

Dodge, Asa M., Co. B: The records show he was discharged, to be commissioned in the Fifth New Hampshire; but the records of the Fifth

New Hampshire show no such event. The promise of a commission in the Fifth New Hampshire was merely a *ruse* to obtain discharge for supposedly sufficient domestic reasons.

Desotell, Israel, Co. C: A recruit of December, 1864; started for the regiment, but never actually reached it. He was reported as deserted *en route*; but as he was placed on Co. C rolls, the supposition is that he almost reached the regiment, and the officer in charge persuaded the Third New Hampshire to take up the name and at same time report him "deserted." The subsequent record, however, explains in part this peculiar case. Gen. Hooker's S.O. 203, of 31 Aug. 1865, relieved Desotell of the charge of desertion, because it appeared that he had been in the hospital, etc.

De Graw, James, Co. F: Died of typhoid fever 20 March 1865, in the Wilmington General Hospital (certificate given 18 June 1865 by Surg. Geo. C. Jarvis, Seventh Connecticut, in charge).

Dougherty, John, unassigned recruit: Apparently the last recruit for the regiment; never reached it. Undoubtedly he started, and a roll went forward; for he was taken up on the regimental rolls, and reported as an "unassigned recruit, absent sick." The writer has seen among the records of Co. K a semi-attempt to attach him to that company. Diligent inquiry fails to reveal anything further.

Ennes, John F., Co. F: Died of secondary hemorrhage 25 July 1864, at U. S. General Hospital, Fort Monroe (undoubtedly McClellan Hospital), Asst. Surg. E. McClellan, U.S.A., in charge (certificate given 30 Sept. 1864). He was wounded in face and neck 16 June 1864.

Everett, Franklin, Co. F: Died of wounds at Base Hospital, Fort Fisher, 12 Feb. 1865 (Surg. J. W. Mitchell, Fourth U.S.C.T., in charge).

Emery, William H., Co. G: Wounded 15 May 1864; sent to hospital; did not rejoin till muster-out of regiment.

Emerson, G. W., Co. F: Was on detached duty in the Post Hospital, Morris Island, when the regiment was being mounted. He was relieved from the hospital by Gen. Gillmore's S.O. 103, 12 March 1864, presumably to enable him to rejoin his regiment and ride a horse. From some cause not apparent, he did not actually reach the regiment till on or about 29 July 1864. He was dropped as a deserter 20 May 1864. On his return, he was taken up on the rolls, presumably on the basis that he satisfactorily explained his absence. It appears also that at one time he was on detached duty in the Naval Machine Shop (two vessels), when it was near St. Helena Island, S. C.—probably after the Morris Island duty.

Eaton, Chas. W., Co. D: Went home (*i.e.*, North) on the Hospital Steamer *Cosmopolitan* 25 June 1863. Was not mustered out till 23 Jan. 1867, as of 20 July 1865. Said to have been sick all the time at Boston, Mass.

Fulton, Chas. C., recruit, Co. F: Died of accidental wound, at Base Hospital, Fort Fisher, 20 Feb. 1865 (Surg. J. W. Mitchell, Fourth U.S.C.T., in charge): see Accidents.

Flanders, J. K., Co. B: Died 29 Aug. 1863, on board Barque *Hannibal* (of the Navy), off Charleston, S. C. He was on detached service as a printer. The Navy had a *quasi* printing office on board. He died of typhoid fever, and was buried on Morris Island.

Fowler, Andrew J., Co. I: Original man. After transfer to the Signal Corps, he being at the time a private of the first class, was recommended for promotion to Sergeant for bravery under fire, by Capt. Dana, U.S.A. (Signal Corps), 1 Aug. 1864, in a report to the Chief Signal Officer of the Department of Virginia and North Carolina.

Gove, Nathan W., N.C.S. (Fife Major): Had furlough early in August, 1862; and while enjoying himself at home got legislated out of the service by the operation of G.O. 126, W.D., dated 6 Sept. 1862.

George, Albert: Served twice in regiment and in same company (A)—first, as an original man, serving three years; second, as a volunteer recruit, mustered in 16 Sept. 1864; mustered out 20 July 1865.

George, Albert Q., Co. H: Supposedly killed 16 June 1862; but was afterward seen by the Co. H men (they captured 21 Aug. 1862), at Columbia, S. C. Jail, wounded.

Gilbert, Daniel W., Cos. K and I: Original of K; discharged for disability. Enlisted a second time for regiment; but remained in camp at Concord or some of the offices connected therewith, on clerical duty, till 14 March 1864, when he was forwarded to regiment, having charge of a recruit for the Fourth New Hampshire (Elbridge Towle). He was supposedly killed (*i.e.*, left to die), 16 Aug. 1864; but he survived that eventful day and lived to be paroled or exchanged and die in the hospital at Annapolis. (See "Buried: How, When, Where.")

Gay, T. F., Co. A: Sick at Washington in September, 1861, and Annapolis, October, 1861. Sent back to hospital at Washington, thence to Baltimore (Camden Street), thence to Paterson Park Hospital (Baltimore), thence discharged.

Gammon, Charles, Co. K: Captured a rebel lieutenant on picket 10 Dec. 1864. The lieutenant was really hunting for our line, when he suddenly heard Gammon say, "Halt!" He halted, though very much astonished. He removed his sinews of war at Gammon's request, and accompanied his captor to camp and to Gen. Butler, who very generously permitted Gammon to retain the sword as his recompense. On the hilt was engraved, "L. M. Bean, Co. A, 17 Miss."

Garrity, Edward, Co. C: Left sick at Edisto, 1 June 1862. Died in a few days, and was buried there by comrades who had come from James Island after the baggage.

Goodwin, Elisha, Co. G: Recruit. Enlisted from Third New Hampshire into the Regular Army, at Beaufort, S. C.; and his discharge from the Third was by authority of G.O. 154, W.D., A.-G.O., 11 Nov. 1862. Returned to duty in his company (G), Third New Hampshire, 27 Jan. 1863, under S.O. 9, 22 Jan. 1863, Department of the South. The reasons why the Regular Army did not retain him are not apparent.

Gilbert, John, Co. F: Said to have dug up the first torpedo on Morris Island, in front of Wagner.

Harris, Geo. C., Co. H: Recruit. He reached the regiment in September, 1862, in charge of a detachment of recruits: *i.e.*, in charge till joined by Capt. Allen, with another squad, at New York. Capt. Ayer (Co. H) at once made him Orderly Sergeant. Being very skilful with his pen, his services were in great demand, particularly by the officers of the regiment, in making monthly returns, etc.

Haines, John M., Co. B: After his service (3 years), was clerk in the Adjutant-General's Office, Concord, N. H., 17 Oct. to 5 Nov. 1864, on which date he was given a *quasi* furlough to get married. Returned to his duty 28 Nov. 1864. Later he was Adjutant-General of New Hampshire, from 11 July 1870 to 10 Aug. 1874.

Hall, Charles, Co. C: Volunteer recruit of August, 1862. Died of disease 11 April 1863; buried at Folly Island.

Hall, Charles, Co. G: Substitute recruit; mustered in 19 Aug. 1863; died of disease 4 Dec. 1864.

Hubbard, Stephen, Co. K: Original volunteer. Died of disease.

Hubbard, Stephen, Co. F: Substitute recruit. Died of disease.

Hodgdon, Enos F., Co. F: He was a relative of Capt. Randlett. While the re-enlisted men were on furlough, Capt. Randlett, who was in charge, procured the enlistment of Hodgdon as a recruit; and he accompanied the re-enlisted men on their return. He was soon after detailed in the regimental hospital, and so remained till 14 June 1864, when he was ordered to the ranks. His first action was on 16 June 1864, at which time he was mortally wounded, dying the next day. The records show he enlisted as a private 29 March 1864.

Hines, James, Co. I: Recruit. Reached regiment about 1 Jan. 1865. Was with an escort doing guard duty with a lot of exchanged prisoners, at Wilmington, N. C., about 28 Feb. 1865. He got shot in the leg, in some sort of a fracas, and at once took passage North on steamer with the exchanged men. Did not return. In 1890 was living at Lynn, Mass., and trying to have his record amended.

Henderson, William, Co. E: Wounded 10 July 1863, and sent to hospital at Hilton Head. Returned 10 Sept. 1864, near Petersburg; said to have a bullet still in his head. Four days later he was appointed Brigade Postmaster, because not fit for active duty.

Hamilton, Henry S., Band: Prior to the war was in the Eleventh (English) Hussars about one year. In 1854 he joined the Tenth U.S. Infantry, serving in it as Sergeant a part of the time. Was in the Utah Expedition, part of the time as bugler. Five years in all. In the Third New Hampshire he blew the first Federal bugle on the main-land (at Bluffton, S. C.), and was Regimental Bugler for some time.

Hern, William, Co. H: Recruit. Was one of the squad sent from Goldsboro', N. C., to Norfolk, Va., in June, 1863, for the regimental baggage stored there in May, 1864. He carried the State flag on the arrival of the regiment at Concord for final discharge.

Hoxie, Benjamin, Co. E: Was detached 22 March 1863, for special service (Ransom D. Stevens of E. too) in the Department as mounted patrol and body guard to Lieut.-Col. James F. Hall, First New York Engineers, Provost Marshal General. He was killed at the battle of Olustee, Florida. While riding near the action, on Lieut.-Col. Hall's horse, with mail, he was struck by an exploding shell; and both horse and rider were instantly killed.

Jackson, Geo. W., Co. E: Original 2d Lieutenant. Resigned.

Jackson, Geo. W., Co. K: Original private; re-enlisted; mustered out 20 July 1865.

Jennings, A. A., Co. F: Died 10 Oct. 1864, at Camp Parole, Md., of intermittent fever, while awaiting exchange (Surg. G. B. Parker, U.S.V., in charge. Certificate given 20 Oct. 1864).

Jewett, Charles, Co. I: Was a *quasi* regimental blacksmith, till appointed Regimental Armorer. Was thus employed during entire term, only appearing once on the field with a gun, at Bermuda Hundred, Va., during a scare. In 1892 he is living, and totally blind.

Jones, Edwin R., Co. G: Was an original corporal. Left at Annapolis sick, supposedly discharged and dropped. He turned up later, 17 Jan. 1862, at Hilton Head, from the North, and had to be taken up. The vacancy in corporals had meantime been filled. Apparently he was, later, again given a corporal's warrant.

Jones, John, Co. H: Recruit. Apparently had been to regiment (recruit of December, 1863), had been on furlough, and had overstayed it. Probably reported under the President's Proclamation, and really left Concord (second time) for the regiment, *via* Galloupe's Island, 18 March 1863, with others.

Jones, John, Co. F: Recruit. Mustered in 25 Nov. 1863; mustered out 20 July 1865.

Kempton, Elisha M., Co. B: Recruit. At the time he enlisted he was a recruiting officer himself, and enlisted sixteen for the Third New Hampshire. He is said to have had good reasons to believe he would be rewarded with a commission for this service, if he joined the same regiment. He did so, going with the sixteen and others, reaching the regiment 12 Sept. 1862. He was one of the two excess corporals in Co. B (see main story—June, 1863). A severe wound of 19 July 1863 substantially ended his active service. In 1892 he was Register of Probate for Sullivan County, Newport, N.H.

Kennedy, John, Co. A: Substitute recruit. Mustered in 12 Oct. 1863; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps.

Kennedy, John, Co. C: Volunteer recruit. Mustered in 20 Nov. 1863; captured; discharged 1 July 1865.

Kelly, John, 1st, Co. I: Recruit, 2 Dec. 1864. At Wilmington, N.C., in March, 1865, was sent with others as a guard up river to Fayetteville on a stern-wheel steamer laden with provisions for Sherman's army. Fell down hatchway, breaking collar bone. Was attended by Robert Justice of Co. I, of the squad. On return to Wilmington was sent to Marine Hospital, thence to Smithville, thence to David's Island, N.Y., thence to Manchester, N.H. Joined regiment on its arrival at Concord.

Lee, John, Co. I: Substitute recruit. Mustered in 13 Dec. 1864; absent 20 July 1865.

Lee, John, Co. K: Volunteer recruit. Mustered in 11 Feb. 1865; mustered out 20 July 1865.

Lang, W. W., Co. I: Stunned by explosion of a shell at charge on Wagner, 18 July 1863. Was captured, taken to Charleston next day, and with Lieut.-Col. Bedel to Columbia Jail 21 July. He never recovered, being injured internally; was sent to Richmond 22 Sept. 1863, and there died 9 Dec. 1863. While at Columbia, Lieut.-Col. Bedel assisted him, so far as he was able, in obtaining delicacies, etc.

Lang, Geo. B., Band: After muster-out of regimental band, was in brigade band. Later, was on his way South to be employed in the post office at Hilton Head, and was lost at sea.

Lockwood, Albert N., Co. H: Wounded 18 July 1863. Said to have had his musket shot out of his hands, knocked down, and collar bone broken.

Lord, Geo. F., Co. B: (See Personal Sketch, page 757).

Locke, Henry W., of Barrington: Enlisted 10 Aug. 1861. Born at Hollis, Me.; age 24; 5 ft. 5 in. high; brown eyes, black hair and dark complexion; farmer. The same man enlisted in Tenth New Hampshire, Co. I, and deserted therefrom.

Livingstone, Geo. F., Co. I: Deserted at New York in November, 1864, when the regiment was there to guard the ballot. As he was mustered out at Galloupe's Island, Boston, 15 May 1865, the probability is that he returned under the President's Proclamation.

Leonard, Wilbur W., Co. K: He was made a Sergeant at Concord; but on the presumption that he was to have a commission in the Fifth New Hampshire, he was dropped from the rolls at once, and the place filled before the regiment left Concord. He having been dropped irregularly, was properly of the Third New Hampshire. He went with the Fifth as far as Washington, but failed to be commissioned. He died at Washington, 1 May 1862, of disease. He was never restored to the Third New Hampshire rolls.

McIver, Murdock, Co. D: Was a recruit, enlisting on Morris Island during the re-enlisting excitement. He was actually enlisted 28 Jan. 1864, by Capt. Jonah Libby, Jr., but was not mustered in till 26 Feb. 1864, as of 28 Jan. 1864. He was employed on some vessel lying at Light House Inlet, and thus became acquainted with the men of the Third New Hampshire.

McGowan, John, Co. F: Original. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps, 23 May 1864.

McGowan, John, Co. H: Substitute recruit of December, 1864. Mustered out 20 July 1865.

Miller, Henry, Co. F: Volunteer recruit. Born in Canada; age 27; enlisted and mustered in 19 Nov. 1863. Executed at Jacksonville, Fla., for desertion.

Miller, Henry, Co. F: Substitute recruit. Born in Germany; age 23; enlisted and mustered in 14 Dec. 1864; mustered out 20 July 1865.

McIntire, John, Co. C: Original volunteer. Died of disease 14 Nov. 1864.

McIntire, John, Co. I: Substitute recruit. Mustered in 10 Dec. 1864; mustered out 20 July 1865.

McIntire, Geo. W., Co. G: Re-enlisted while on recruiting service at Concord, N.H., 17 March 1864; never returned from his furlough.

McQuestion, Jerome B., Co. H: After arrival at Camp Parole, Annapolis, was discharged. The official notice did not reach regiment promptly, and he was borne on the rolls for more than a year after actual discharge.

Mining, Thomas W., Co. C: Twice in same company—first, as an original volunteer, in service three months; second, as a substitute recruit, mustered in 10 Dec. 1864.

McKinnon, Daniel B., Co. A: In December, 1863, two men reached Co. A as recruits, having answered to the names of George Russell and William Nash. Their real names were Daniel B. McKinnon and George Thompson. After reaching the Company they informed its commanding officer, Lieut. Woodbury, that they really enlisted for the Fourth New Hampshire; and

that while they were absent on a pass, two other men wrongfully answered to their names, and went to the Fourth New Hampshire. When the substitution was discovered, they were told that if they would act *vice versa* and be sent to the Third New Hampshire, they would have no difficulty in being "swapped" afterwards. This story was reported to Department Headquarters, and the edict went forth that they had better stay where they were. Result: At end of month the two false names were dropped, and the two real names substituted.

Moore, J. E., Co. D: Was on re-enlistment furlough, at Portsmouth, N.H. Was sick at its expiration. A surgeon's certificate was obtained, and supposedly forwarded. On recovering, was arrested at Portsmouth. A corporal from Fort Constitution went home with him first night. Thence to Concord next day, and to State Prison for safe keeping. Thence (with others) to Castle William, New York Harbor, to Alexandria, and to Fort Monroe, to the provost near Chesapeake Hospital. Arrived at regiment, 8 June 1864, in time to go with it to Petersburg. Was never tried and lost no pay.

McDonald, Converse D., Co. E: Was sent North on recruiting service in September, 1862; and discharged at Concord, 30 Oct. 1862, for disability.

Nash, Wm.: (See Daniel B. McKinnon).

Niles, Amasa, Co. G: Died on the Steamer *Atlantic*. Buried three times (See "Buried: How, When, Where").

Pelkey, David, Co. I: Original volunteer and served three years. Enlisted a second time, and mustered in 23 Feb. 1865, at West Lebanon, for one year, going to Concord same day. Had furlough from Concord, expiring 6 March 1865. Arrested 7 March, by civil authority, for fraud of that day. Escaped from the officer, but was re-arrested on the 8th. Forwarded 12 April 1865, under charges (Lieut. Eldredge in charge of the detachment—57 in all), to Gallonpe's Island, Boston. Was dishonorably discharged at Gallonpe's Island, 19 May 1865 (unassigned).

Pelkey, David H., Co. I: Original volunteer. Wounded 18 July 1863. Re-enlisted. Wounded 16 Aug. 1864, and sent to hospital. His final record is that in the clearing out of hospitals, he was at De Camp General Hospital, and was sent from there to New York City, to be mustered out, but with the charge of desertion attached to him (from the hospital 18 July 1865). Gen. Hooker, commanding Department of the East, ordered that he be relieved from the charge of desertion, on condition that he forfeit all bounty and pay and allowances due or to become due. The order is dated 31 Aug. 1865. His discharge dates 4 Sept. 1865. The order of Gen. Dix erroneously described him as of Co. E.

Pingree, Aaron S.: Unassigned. A volunteer recruit of 1862. Enlisted at Concord, by Benj. E. Badger. Mustered in 21 Aug. 1862, and forwarded 16 Sept. 1862 (presumably alone). No further record or information.

Pevear, Daniel E., Co. D: Left behind at Long Island in September, 1861. To Fort Hamilton, N. Y. Reached regiment 5 Feb. 1863.

Pevear, Samuel L., Co. D: Was absent sick, and was ordered to special duty on Hospital Steamer *J. K. Barnes*, which afterward went to Fort Fisher. He remained on this steamer till mustered out in July, 1865, at New York.

Perkins, David W., Co. D: Said to have always carried a diminutive U.S. flag in his knapsack, so that he could be the first to plant the colors on any captured work, should he have the opportunity. Killed at Drewry's Bluff, 13 May 1864. Capt. Maxwell says he had him buried where he fell.

Paine, De Witt C., Co. G: Apparently left behind when the regiment left Concord, and never rejoined. He reported at West Lebanon, N.H., 11 March 1865, under the President's Proclamation, and was mustered out 11 May 1865, at Concord, N.H., with loss of all pay and allowances.

Quinn, Edward, Co. C: Was small in stature, and called "Neddy." Was orderly to Lieut. Allen, and not armed. Got too near the James Island light, and was hit in thigh. While being carried off the field, another shot hit him in the neck and killed him.

Quigley, Peter, Co. H: Substitute recruit. His real name Stephen Shortell, though he was usually called "John." Was detached for duty as Bugler in Battery C, Third Rhode Island Artillery, in Virginia. Never returned. As nearly as can be ascertained he got into some kind of melee, and was sent to hospital, say in October, 1864. Presumably he got a furlough, was taken sick, and did not return. He lived in Boston after the war, and was accidentally killed 3 Sept. 1889, by falling from a ladder (he was a painter). (See Other Service.) A widow survives him.

Robinson, Charles, 1st, Co. E: Discharged for disability 11 Feb. 1862.

Robinson, Charles, 2d, Co. E: Original volunteer; served three years.

Robinson, Thos., Co. E: Volunteer recruit; mustered in 25 Nov. 1863; boatman; age 27; born in Ireland; mustered out 20 July 1865.

Robinson, Thos., Co. G: Volunteer recruit; mustered in 27 Nov. 1863; butcher; age 18; born in Ireland; deserted 14 April 1864.

Russell, George: (See Daniel B. McKinnon).

Reynolds, Edward, Co. A: Was killed by a stray shot from the rebels while the regiment was waiting (13 Oct. 1864). He was buried at once, by Edw. Sheehan of Co. C, and the grave rudely marked "Peter R." Body afterward removed to National Cemetery, by Lieut. Hynes (then Captain and A.Q.M.)

Smith, John, 1st, Co. C: Substitute recruit; mustered in 14 Oct. 1863; deserted 11 April 1864, Jacksonville, Fla.

Smith, John, Co. D: Volunteer recruit; mustered in 12 Nov. 1863; deserted 16 July 1864.

Smith, John, 3d, Co. F: Substitute recruit; mustered in 29 Sept. 1863; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps 12 April 1865.

Smith, John H., Co. E: Volunteer recruit; mustered in 14 Aug. 1862; died of wounds 3 July 1864.

Smith, John, 2d, Co. F: Substitute recruit; born in Hesse Cassel, Germany; age 26; enlisted and mustered in 29 Sept. 1863; captured, and died at Andersonville.

Smith, John A., Co. H: Original volunteer; killed in action 25 Aug. 1863.

Smith, William, 5th, Co. H: Substitute recruit; mustered in 9 Oct. 1863; born in Yarmouth, N. S.; age 25; discharged 8 June 1865 at Point Lookout, Md.

Smith, William, 4th, Co. H: Substitute recruit; mustered in 20 Aug. 1863; deserted Point Lookout, Md. (or Philadelphia Hospital).

Smith, William, Co. C: Volunteer recruit; mustered in 20 Nov. 1863; killed in action at Laurel Hill, Va., 7 Oct. 1864.

Smith, Jacob, Co. B: At Jacksonville, Fla., was supposably sick with small-pox; and when the regiment left there he was taken across the river and left with some negroes to care for him. He reached the regiment in Virginia (date uncertain).

Sherman, Charles, Co. H: Captured; exchanged; discharged. Carried on company rolls for nearly a year after discharge.

Thompson, George, Co. A: (See Daniel B. McKinnon).

Thomas, George S., Co. A: Deserted 9 Nov. 1864; enlisted 23 Dec. 1864, in Co. D, First Vermont Cavalry; was soon after transferred to Co. F, and served with that company till muster-out, 9 Aug. 1865. The War Department contends that from 9 Nov. 1864 he was in a continuous state of desertion.

Thomas, John, Co. G: Left sick at Jacksonville, Fla., in April, 1864. Reached regiment at Bermuda Hundred, Va., 14 May 1864.

Twombly, James L., Co. K: Was a Corporal at muster-out, but was by error borne on the rolls as a private.

Thomson, Thomas, Co. K: Substitute recruit; captured at or near Ream's Station, Va., 29 June 1864, while detached for duty in the Ambulance Corps (detached 10 May 1864). Enlisted in a rebel regiment—Tenth Tennessee. Recaptured 28 Dec. 1864, at Egypt Station, Miss. Enlisted 16 March 1865, and mustered in 5 April 1865, in Co. D, Fifth U.S.V.; to Corporal 25 May 1865; mustered out 11 Oct. 1866.

Trotter, Grant, Co. G: Wounded 16 June 1862; sent to hospital; whereabouts unknown at regiment; was sent North, to New York and to different hospitals, finally reaching Convalescents' Camp at Fort Hamilton, New York. Recovering, was placed on duty. Reached the regiment at Hilton Head, immediately prior to its being mounted (March, 1864). Meantime had been dropped as deserter; but on information reaching regiment from Fort Hamilton, he was taken up on rolls, and then reported as on detached service. No discredit attaches to him, as he served faithfully, participating in all the actions in Virginia till his muster-out.

Thompson, John, Co. H: Substitute recruit; mustered in 13 Dec. 1864; credited to Hinsdale; mustered out 20 July 1865.

Thompson, John, Co. H: Mustered in 13 Dec. 1864; credited to Swanze; deserted *en route* to regiment.

Vincent, Rupert, Co. H: Substitute recruit; mustered in 6 Oct. 1863. It appears well authenticated that he was a son of Livingstone, the great African explorer. Died of wounds in a rebel prison.

Wiggin, Daniel H., Co. B: He was sick, and was admitted to the Tenth Army Corps Hospital, at Point of Rocks, 20 Sept. 1864; was transferred to Base Hospital, at Jones Landing, 1 Oct. 1864, and discharged therefrom 10 Oct. 1864. From that point is a blank. Joined the regiment on its way to Concord, in July, 1865, and stated that he had been furloughed from the hospital, to go home; and he had been ill and unable to rejoin. Later, he got final payment, to include 1 Aug. 1865, upon an officer's certificate that he joined that day; and made a statement to the effect that he was furloughed from hospital, and had been unable to rejoin before. An application in 1877 for an amendment of his record was denied.

Witham, Joseph, Co. H: Was one of the three men who went over to the enemy, about 5 Aug. 1862 (Co. H was captured 21 Aug. 1862). He was with the other two when the captured men reached rebeldom; and all joined, remaining together till exchange. After the arrest of all three at Annapolis (see August, 1862: Wm. Todd's story), Witham remained at various strongholds, in durance vile, awaiting something to turn up. In the Fall of 1863, Sergt. James of Co. D and one man were sent from Morris Island to Virginia after Witham. They brought him in irons to Hilton Head, putting him in Provost, where he stayed for some time, and without trial. Finally was returned to the regiment and honorably discharged 23 Aug. 1864. He afterward served in another New Hampshire regiment, and is at this writing a pensioner.

Wilson, John, Co. G: Substitute recruit; mustered in 8 Oct. 1863; deserted January, 1865.

Wilson, John: Unassigned recruit; transferred to Fourth New Hampshire in May, 1865.

Wilson, John, Co. B: Substitute recruit; mustered in 6 Dec. 1864; mustered out 20 July 1865.

Wilson, John, Co. I: Substitute recruit; mustered in 15 Dec. 1864; mustered out 20 July 1865.

Wilson, John, 1st. Co. K: Volunteer recruit; mustered in 20 Nov. 1863.

Wilson, John, 2d. Co. K: Substitute recruit; mustered in 23 Dec. 1864; mustered out 25 July 1865.

Williams, Thos., Co. H: Volunteer recruit; mustered in 19 Aug. 1863; wounded 13 May 1864.

Williams, Thos., Co. I: Substitute recruit; mustered in 25 Nov. 1863; wounded 13 May 1864; mustered out 20 July 1865.

Woodbury, Roger W., Co. A: The only member of the Third New Hampshire separated from the regiment, on the voyage to Hilton Head, except those on the Steamer *Belvidere*. The only member of the Third New Hampshire from Hilton Head to Virginia, April, 1864, separated from regiment. This does not take into account any left behind sick or on detached service, who joined later.

Whelan, James, Co. C: Original volunteer; insane. Only case of kind in regiment. In October, 1862, he left his beat and ran off into the woods, and was captured by a Third Rhode Island man. He was sent to

the Insane Hospital at Washington, and on recovering sufficiently was discharged from the service (G.O. 98, W.D., A.-G.O. 13 Nov. 1861, authorized the treatment of insane soldiers at the hospital at Washington).

Walsh, Patrick, Co. H: Was one of those captured 21 Aug. 1862. After exchange, on the way to New York, to be returned to regiment, he was accidentally left in Philadelphia (January, 1863). He, at once reported to the Provost Marshal, who sent him to Fort McHenry, Baltimore. Was soon transferred to Camp Distribution, Alexandria, Va., and wrote from there 11 Feb. 1863, that he was the only man there from South Carolina. The squad he was with when accidentally left reached the regiment about 5 Feb. 1863.

Whitmore, Peter, Co. H: Got pass from hospital, but did not return. Apprehended near Portsmouth, N. H., about 20 Oct. 1864. Meantime had enlisted in the Navy at Boston (see rolls). Was tried by general court-martial.

ACCIDENTS.

Bolles, Henry R.: An original man of Co. I. His sudden taking off, by accident, by the hand of a comrade, 23 April 1862, has already been described. As a sequel to this, it may be appropriate to relate that a pocket Bible belonging to him fell into the hands of our Chaplain, and was in turn left by him, at his decease, in the hands of his widow. About the year 1888 this Bible was placed in the writer's hands, to find some one to whom it of right belonged. A search was made, the only clue being an appropriate verse on the fly-leaf, signed "Nellie." Only this, and nothing more. Presumably "Nellie" was his lady love; but no Nellie could be found to claim this treasure. She had, without doubt, passed over to the great majority. Finally it was turned over to a loving sister, as having the next best title to it.

Moulton, Orville R.: An original sergeant of Co. G. Shot himself, by accident, in May, 1862, on Edisto Island, S. C., with his own gun, the ball passing through his right hand. Discharged for disability.

Ryan, James: An original man of Co. E. While on the march through the woods, 10 May 1864, his musket was accidentally discharged by the hammer catching in a bush, and the result was a slight wound in the leg (official report). He was sent to the hospital.

Wing, John L.: An original man of Co. K. Same as James Ryan of Co. E, except slightly in the finger (not sent to hospital).

Wilson, John, 1st: A substitute recruit of Co. K. Same as James Ryan and John L. Wing, except was wounded in hand severely (not sent to hospital).

Brown, Charles: A volunteer recruit of Co. D. Drowned at sea 11 Jan. 1865, off Fort Fisher. The particulars have been recited as of that date.

Dearborn, Warren S.: An original man of Co. B. Wounded by discharge of his own musket, in right hand, slightly, 13 May 1864.

Kennedy, John, Co. A: Sunstruck 10 May 1864.

Fulton, Charles C.: A volunteer recruit of F. Near Sugar Loaf Hill, N.C., 19 Feb. 1865. The men from Virginia (left behind in January) had arrived, Fulton being one, on the 17th. They were unarmed; and it was in part for that reason they were left in Virginia. Fulton, though, was sick. These new arrivals were armed the next day, battle being imminent. On the 19th, a comrade (Charles Morgan) was showing Fulton how to load, etc., Fulton being seated upon his knapsack, watching with care the various movements required to load and fire. Suddenly the gun was discharged, and Fulton lay apparently dead. The gun being pointed downward had sent its deadly bullet diagonally through his body. He survived till the next day only. That he survived a single minute is something marvellous. This sad accident was on a par with the Edisto case, and like that, cast a gloom over the entire regiment.

Perkins, John W., of D: Was shot in the side, by an officer of a Connecticut regiment, 4 April 1865, at Wilmington, N. C. (not in the line of duty); wounded mortally; died a few days later.

Nixon, Robert: A volunteer recruit of I. Was shot, accidentally, at Bermuda Hundred, Va., 16 June 1864.

Nixon, Robert: Same as above. On Steamer *Lady Lang*, City Point to Baltimore, *via* Fort Monroe, after muster-out (20th). Left Fort Monroe about 4.30 P.M., 25 July 1865. Nixon was on guard, on deck, at night. On the morning of the 26th, his knapsack was in its place on deck; but Nixon was nowhere to be seen. There could be but one conclusion: *viz.*, that he had fallen overboard during the night, or perchance had walked overboard in a somnambulistic state. Either conclusion was devoid of comfort. This case is peculiarly sad, when one takes into account the fact that he had survived the war, had been mustered out, and was actually on his way to his home. As he had not been finally discharged, it would appear that he lost his life while in the service.

Trickey, Wm. H., Major: Was Officer of the Day at Wilmington, N. C., 4 April 1865. Went into a disreputable house to quell a disturbance; revolver accidentally discharged, resulting in a slight wound in the leg.

Crowley, John: A substitute recruit of C; killed on the morning of 16 Jan. 1865, being blown up in the magazine at Fort Fisher.

Mahoney, Daniel: An original man of C; re-enlisted. Same as John Crowley of C.

Hill, Horace J.: An original man of I. Accidentally shot off his thumb, 11 June 1862, on James Island. (Lost a finger from same hand prior to war.) Discharged for disability 26 Sept. 1862.

Dow, Alfred N.: An original man of D. Was accidentally ruptured, 1 Jan. 1862, while mounting guns on the fortifications at Hilton Head. Discharged for disability 22 June 1862.

Hanson, Thomas: An original man of A. At Bermuda Hundred, 21 Aug. 1864, broke his leg while "fooling" with one or more comrades.

Foster, Robert E.: An original man of D. Accidentally shot off his finger on night of 28 June 1862. Discharged for disability 28 Sept. 1862.

York, Albert: An original man of E. Injured right hand, 6 April 1865, at Wilmington, N. C.

Leavitt, Joseph W.: An original man of B. Sunstruck, 15 Aug. 1864, near Deep Bottom, Va.

Foster, Wm. H.: An original man of H. Lost two fingers at Hilton Head, S. C., 26 Dec. 1861 (accidentally shot himself in the hand). Was walking on camp guard beat, gun reversed, hand on muzzle. Tripped over guy rope of a tent. Discharged later.

Hall, Edwin F.: An original man of B. Sunstruck, 16 May 1864, at Drewry's Bluff, Va.

George, Alden G.: An original man of A. Bayonet wound in hand, slightly, 14 May 1864, at Drewry's Bluff, Va.

Ramsdell, Geo. E.: A volunteer recruit of K. Injured severely in arm by a torpedo, 30 Aug. 1863, at Morris Island. Discharged for disability.

Whitman, Wm. F.: A volunteer recruit of A. At Morris Island, 31 Aug. 1863, a detail from Co. A, under Lieut. Houghton, was at extreme front, on their hands and knees. Whitman and others ran on a torpedo. Whitman was instantly killed. When brought in (next morning), both hands were gone, and also both legs, the clothing torn to shreds, the body blackened and presenting a horrible sight. Some parts of the clothing established his identity.

Ross, Geo. H.: A volunteer recruit of 18 Sept. 1862, for Co. A. At Battery Mitchel, near Seabrook, he accidentally discharged his gun while proceeding down an embankment and through the bushes, with his company, to a place near by, for purpose of discharging their pieces. It was the company's first tour of duty (of a week) at the battery. The company arrived night of 4 Nov. 1861. Accident next morning, resulting in loss of index and next finger of right hand. Discharged for disability the following March.

Shaw, Geo. H.: An original man of Co. A. Shot in foot, severely, while cleaning his gun, 12 July 1863, at Morris Island. The muzzle was resting on his foot at time. He served three years.

Burns, John B.: An original man of Co. E. Sunstruck, 15 Aug. 1864, in open field, near Strawberry Plain, Va.

Allen, R. H., Lient., Co. C: Wounded in leg, by a revolver, at Pinckney Island, about 1 April 1863. (See his Personal Sketch.)

Martin, Samuel, Co. I: Substitute recruit. Eye shot out, 2 May 1865, at Wilmington, N. C., by negro. (See another account.)

Rewitzer, Enos, Co. I: An original man. In the latter part of February, 1862, while at work on fortifications at Hilton Head, fell down the slope, accompanied by his wheelbarrow. Permanent injury to right leg. Afterward in Fifteenth New Hampshire.

Flanders, Wm. W., Co. A: An original man. Sunstruck in Virginia in 1864.

Furnald, James G., Co. A: An original man. Bayonet wound in leg, at Morris Island, while pitching tents. Was also with Whitman of Co. A (which see) — torpedo.

Lynch, Wm., Co. A: Recruit. Injured in leg; date uncertain.

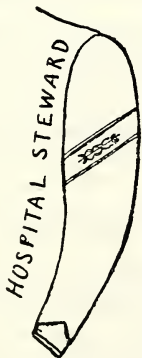
Johnson, Augustus, Co. F: An original man. Had his arm severely injured at Annapolis, Md., in October, 1861. Result of a personal quarrel between himself and Abram Curby. Discharged for disability 17 Oct. 1861. He was company cook at this time.

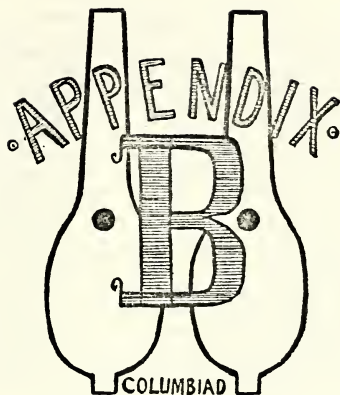
Kerby, Daniel, Co. C: Accidentally wounded in the hand while on picket at Pinckney Island, S. C., 3 March 1863.

Stockwell, Albert H., Co. F: Thrown from his horse, April, 1864, at Jacksonville, Fla., and shoulder dislocated (no hospital).

Tucker, Wm., Co. D: Dislocated his left shoulder, 1863, while carrying boards to fix up his tent, on Pinckney Island. To General Hospital.

Wyman, Chas. A., Co. F: Accidentally shot off his thumb, 18 July 1863.





TRIALS, DESERTIONS AND EXECUTIONS.

18 Nov. 1861: An inspector's report says, "There has been, to this date, only three men in all tried by general court-martial."

"13 March 1862: A court has been in session several days at Hilton Head. Col. Williams (First Massachusetts Cavalry). President; Capt. Pelouze, Judge Advocate. Several cases have been tried—one for sleeping on post [probably Tarbox of K]; no decision reached yet."

"26 March 1862: Court resumed, Hilton Head."

"22 July 1862: A court convened today at Capt. Pelouze's headquarters (old)."

"— June 1863 (St. Helena Island): A court in session here. Capt. Clark on it."

"4 June 1864: Several veterans (re-enlisted men) returned today under guard. Overstayed their veteran furloughs, and have already been dropped as deserters."

General Order 146, Department of the South, 12 Oct. 1864, directed that all prisoners then at Fort Clinch, Fla., be transferred to Fort Marion, at St. Augustine; and all thereafter, if sentenced for more than two months, to be sent to Fort Marion.

General Order 76, War Department, 26 Feb. 1864: See page 431.

General Order 196, War Department, 12 May 1864: See page 485.

General Order 296, War Department, 3 June 1864, republished General Orders 76 and 196, and explained by a note that it was not the intention to remit the penalty of imprisonment at Tortugas during the war, but to add thereto the discharge, with loss of all pay, etc. The order only applies to deserters.

General Order 16, War Department, 8 Feb. 1865: See page 641.

General Order 35, War Department, 11 March 1865: See page 648.

General Order 98, War Department, 27 May 1865: See page 659.

APPREHENSION FEE.

The original fee for the capture of a deserter was \$5. This was increased to \$10 by General Order 222, War Department, 16 July 1863, and to \$30 by General Order 325, War Department, 28 Sept. 1863, and there remained during the war.

COURTS-MARTIAL IN GENERAL.

These were generally composed of say eight to ten commissioned officers, one of whom is designated in the order convening the court as the president, and another as the judge advocate. The former is the presiding officer, and the latter the recording officer, also acting as counsel for both sides. In general make-up the court appears to be a sort of "trial by jury" affair; but the proceedings are considerably different from the tame civil affair. If an officer is to be tried, the court must be of his superiors in rank. After the trial of a prisoner, if found guilty, the first question is upon the sentence: and here comes the peculiarity of the military court as compared with the civil tribunal. The junior officer of the court proposes a sentence first (this is in executive session). He is assumed to be the youngest in years and *ergo* the most tender hearted, and therefore will propose a comparatively light sentence. This is voted upon; and if not accepted, then the next higher in rank tries his hand at it; and so on till a sentence is agreed upon. If the court has been convened by the commander of a department, then the proceedings (all in writing) are submitted and reviewed: and whether approved or not, a general order is issued, stating the fact of trial, findings, sentence, etc., followed (same order) by the approval or disapproval of this officer. Capital cases, in the early part of the war, all went to the President; but this was changed to department commanders or army corps commanders. An order convening a court generally ended with, "None others can assemble without manifest injury to the service."

DESERTIONS BY RE-ENLISTED MEN.

The following list is of those who, while in New Hampshire on the furlough granted to re-enlisted men, either actually deserted or simply failed to report at the proper time to Capt. Randlett, at Nashua, to return with the main body. Some really did desert, never rejoining; while others simply overstayed and rejoined afterward, as will be noted. Those who overstayed had a variety of reasons or excuses for so doing; but it is probable that they were having a good time, and didn't feel the necessity of haste or promptness:—

Co. A: Thomas Johnston.

Co. B: Edward W. Casley, Alonzo Clay.

Co. C: Peter Pelkey, James Quinlan, John Curran, Bryan Costello, Timothy Healey.

Co. D: Joseph F. Moore.

Co. E: Horace B. Kenniston.

Co. F: Charles Lay, James L. Chase, John E. Day.

Co. G: James H. McCrillis.

Co. H: James O'Neil, Wm. Robinson, Donald Smith, John Locklin, John Brady, Edward Bickford.

Co. K: Geo. A. Tarbox, Wm. W. Wentworth, James W. Willey, James F. Johnson, Hugh Macklin, Geo. N. Bolo.

The names given were all dropped as deserters; but in cases where one rejoined soon after, he was taken up on the rolls, in nearly all cases without trial. In one such case, the man was afterward commissioned.

DESERTIONS AT JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

While the regiment was at Jacksonville, and during the short time the four companies (A, D, H and K) were away at Palatka, there arose a mania for desertion, wholly confined to the substitute recruits. It became of daily (or nightly) occurrence and caused serious apprehension. Finally secret measures were taken, not only to prevent desertion, but to prevent it permanently, as we shall see further on.

These desertions were of the most flagrant character, almost wholly from the picket line. In most cases the deserter took with him his equipments, and (the regiment being mounted at the time) sometimes the horse. The measures adopted to bring this mania to a definite and tragic conclusion were these: After the line had been posted as picket on the night of 15 April 1864, and the probable would-be-deserters had been selected for that night—another line of pickets, composed of picked and reliable men, was secretly posted where the rebels would naturally be located. This outer line was in charge of Lieuts. Wadlia and Button. The time arrived; eight of the would-be deserters started for rebeldom, and were soon in the embrace of their fellow soldiers of the Third New Hampshire. Surprised, did you say? Well, it was a surprise party indeed! A more crestfallen, sheep-stealing look never bedecked the countenance of the meanest of God's creatures than was visible that night even by the glimmer of a camp-fire. At early morning of the 16th the camp was a lively one, and grew more lively every moment, as the news of the capture went around.

Maj. Plimpton at once ordered a drum-head court-martial, to sit immediately and try the eight deserters. The court was composed of Capt. Ela and Lieuts. Trickey, Wadlia and Dodge, the former being president and the latter judge advocate. Only one, Henry Miller, substitute recruit of Co. F, was found guilty; and he was sentenced to be, and was, shot immediately.

Did desertions cease? They did for the time being. The example made of Miller was temporarily effectual at least.

A letter written by J. G. Graham at this time says: "Have just come in from the execution of . . . Henry Miller of Co. F. We have lost 13 men by desertion since we came here (Jacksonville), all substitutes. Private Smith deserted April 7; three more deserted on the 12th; on the 13th three more; on the 14th four more; on the 15th (yesterday) two more; and six others were captured trying to desert. Miller paid the penalty of death at two o'clock this p.m. The other five are awaiting their sentences. They were tried by drum-head court-martial . . . Miller was a German, from New York, and took it very coolly. Our regiment and the Fortieth Massachusetts were the only troops present . . . There is one of my company (B) awaiting sentence, by name of William Amie, from New York City. We have lost one before from our company—John Clark. They take horses and equipments with them . . . We detailed twenty-four men, and quietly formed . . . under cover of darkness between the . . . lines . . . and about three o'clock relieved the picket line, when seven of them made a break for the rebel picket line . . ."

Lieut. Dodge says of the four men selected from his company (F) for the inner line: three were brought in by Corp. Ash of Co. I, one of whom was Miller. Of the subsequent history of the others: one was missing and one killed in action at Drewry's Bluff, 13 May 1864; and the fourth deserted to another regiment, 19 Aug. 1864.

The names of those who deserted at Jacksonville may be found in the general list.

DESERTIONS AT NEW YORK.

While the regiment was on duty (?) in New York Harbor, during the election of November, 1864, the temptation to desert was strong, and several yielded to it. Probably some only intended to go to the city, have a good time for a day or two, and return; but having entered upon the afore-said good time, it proved too much for them. Coming to their senses when too late to rejoin at New York Harbor (the regiment having returned to Virginia), they made a bad matter worse by completing the act of desertion, which they originally did not intend to do. This much, not in vindication, but in extenuation, and for purposes of information to the reader.

COURT-MARTIAL CASES.

Bailey, Frank: An original man of Co. A. He was so unwise as to throw dirt upon some colored men 9 Feb. 1863, at Hilton Head, S. C. For this he was sentenced to be publically reprimanded on dress parade by his colonel. Sentenced by G.O. 24, H.Q., H.L. (Terry), 14 March 1863.

Constantine, Geo. W.: An original man of Co. A. Fell asleep on his post on the night of 12 April 1862, on Edisto Island, S.C. He was placed under guard and remained in confinement a long time (probably till October following). He was tried by general court-martial, acquitted and restored to duty.

Harrington, John, Co. A: He was a substitute recruit of 1863. Deserted from the picket line 3 Sept. 1864, in front of Petersburg. He was paroled and apprehended 15 March 1865, at Wilmington, N.C. On his return to the regiment he was ordered for trial by S.O. 34, H.Q. District of Wilmington, N.C., dated 12 April 1865. Col. Bedel, Major Trickey and Lieut. Atherton of our regiment were on the court, Col. Bedel being its president. He was found guilty and sentenced to three years hard labor and to lose all pay and allowances due or to become due until expiration of term of sentence. The sentence to be executed under direction of the Commanding Officer of the District of Columbia. The final muster-out roll—20 July 1865—reported him absent in arrest, at Wilmington.

Brelsford, Samuel D.: An original man of Co. A. Fell asleep on post at Regimental Commissary's, 5 Dec. 1861. Sentenced to be reprimanded by his colonel on dress parade, and to forfeit half of his monthly pay for six months. Col. Fellows was president of court, which was convened by Gen. Sherman's G.O. 6, 24 Jan. 1862.

Thing, Frederick F., Co. B: A volunteer recruit of 1862. Absented himself from his company at Morris Island, on the night of 6 Sept. 1863. He was tried by general court-martial and sentenced to hard labor for balance of his term of enlistment, and to forfeit \$8.00 per month during that time. G.O. 55 of 17 Oct. 1863, H.Q. U.S.F., Morris Island, promulgated the sentence; and G.O. 103 of 19 Nov. 1863, from H.Q. Department of the South, designated Fort Clinch at Fernandina, Fla., as the place of confinement. As he was not released for discharge till 11 Oct. 1865, as of 17 Sept. 1865, at New York, it would appear that his sentence was fully carried out. Final record: "Bounty suspended at muster-out till he furnishes proper evidence that he was not found guilty of desertion."

Thing, John H., Co. B: Intoxicated and left his beat at Botany Bay Island, S.C., 3 May 1863. Tried within a few days thereafter at Seabrook Island; guilty; Capt. Ayer was his counsel. Sentenced to confinement with provost guard at Hilton Head for three months and loss of one-half of his monthly pay for same period. Lieut. Fogg was Officer of the Guard 3 May 1863; and he preferred the charges, after consultation with and under orders of Lieut.-Col. Bedel—the latter commanding the regiment, and Col. Jackson in command of the post. Thing rejoined regiment 11 Aug. 1863.

Codorath, Eugene: An original corporal of Co. C. He very indiscreetly declined to obey the orders of Lieut. Jas. Wilson of the Topographical Engineers, while on fatigue duty at Fort Wells, Hilton Head, S. C., 30 Dec. 1861. He was sentenced to be reduced to the ranks, and abstain from eating and drinking for fourteen days, with the proviso that should he desire common, ordinary bread, or such water as could be produced (by others) by digging, he could have all he desired. This was a tender-hearted court, surely. Our own Col. Fellows was its president. (G.O. 6, Gen. Sherman, 24 Jan. 1862.)

Doane, John, Co. C: A substitute recruit of 1864. Deserted 27 March 1865, at Wilmington, N. C. Was apprehended, tried and sentenced to be dishonorably discharged with loss of all pay, and then serve three years at hard labor at Clinton Prison, N. Y.

Kearin, John: An original private of Co. C. Was disobedient to orders and disrespectful to his superior officers, and actually struck his captain (Donohoe), and sanded his orderly sergeant (J. J. Donohoe). All this little piece of acting was at Hilton Head, S. C., 18 Feb. 1862. Sentenced to hard labor, under guard, for two months; the first two weeks of each month to partake of bread and water only, and be confined in solitary; to forfeit all pay and allowances that became due him; to have a 12-lb. ball attached to his left leg by a 4-ft. chain; at expiration of the two months, to have his head shaved and be drummed out of the service. (G.O. 5, Northern District, D.S., Hilton Head, 28 April 1862: Gen. Benham.)

Foley, David: An original private of Co. C. Was drunk on his post, 5 Feb. 1862, at Hilton Head. In consequence, was disrespectful to his superior officers, and threatened them with violence. Was also saucy to Capt. Ayer, who was Officer of the Guard. His sentence was precisely like that of John Kearnin.

Mullen, Francis, Co. C: A substitute recruit of 1864. Deserted at Wilmington, N. C., 27 March 1865. Apprehended; tried by general court-martial, and sentenced to be dishonorably discharged (15 April 1865), with loss of all pay, and then he confined at hard labor in the State Prison, Clinton, N. Y., for two years.

Welch, James: An original private of Co. C. Was foolish enough to refuse to go on guard when ordered to do so by Lieut. Allen of his company, 10 Jan. 1862. Tried, and sentenced to be reprimanded by his captain, on company parade, and live on a bread and water diet for fourteen days, and to forfeit \$8 per month for three months. Col. Fellows was the president of the court. (G.O. 6, Gen. Sherman, 24 Jan. 1862.)

Welch, James, Co. C: An original private. Deserted while on furlough from Camp Parole. Apprehended; trial at Alexandria, Va., 27 Feb. 1865. Sentenced (7 March) to be returned to his company and regiment under guard, for duty; to lose all pay and allowances then due him, and to forfeit \$10 per month for twenty months, and make good the time lost by desertion. Returned to duty 5 April 1865. Lieut. Atherton was a member of the court.

Chipperon, Lawrence: A substitute recruit of 1864. Said to have deserted *en route* to regiment; apprehended. S.O. 182, par. 6, from Headquarters Department of the East, New York, 7 Aug. 1865: "Private Lawrence Chipperon, Co. C, Third New Hampshire Vols., is relieved from the charge of desertion and restored to duty without trial, his absence having been satisfactorily accounted for. By command of Gen Hooker, D. T. Van Buren, A. A.-G." Chipperon was mustered out 18 Aug. 1865.

Clifford, Charles, Co. D: An original private. Found drunk and asleep on Post No. 10, regimental guard, at Hilton Head, S. C., at 4.30 A.M., 27 Dec. 1862. Sentenced to be imprisoned at the provost guard-house eight months and forfeit \$10 per month same period. (G.O. 11, 27 Jan. 1863: Gen. Terry.)

Buss, Joseph: An original private of Co. E. Charged with lying down and sleeping on his post, as regimental guard, on morning of 2 Nov. 1862, at Hilton Head, S. C. Lieut.-Col. Bedel was president of the court. Acquitted. (G.O. 53, D.S., 20 Nov. 1862.)

Prew, Charles: An original private of Co. E. Found sleeping on his post, 21 May 1862, at Edisto Island. Sentenced to forty-five days' confinement with the provost guard at Hilton Head, from 1 August. (G.O. 54, Hilton Head, 31 Aug. 1862: Col. Guss.)

Prew, Charles: An original private of Co. E. Misappropriated several Irish tubers from one of his dear Uncle Sam's storehouses. This was while he was on post guard at Hilton Head, S. C., 27 Nov. 1862. Sentenced to two months' confinement in provost guard-house, first week solitary, and to forfeit \$5 per month for two months. Col. Jackson was president of the court. (G.O. 9, 29 Dec. 1862: Gen. Terry.)

White, Chas. S.: An original private of Co. E. Deserted 9 June 1864, on march to Petersburg, Va. (the regiment was there for the day only). Was apprehended 17 Aug. 1864, at Washington, D. C. Tried at Alexandria, Va., at the headquarters of the Military Governor. G.O. 70, 1 Sept. 1864, promulgated the sentence—to be returned to his company and regiment for duty, with loss of all pay and allowances then due and forfeit \$10 per month of his monthly pay for eighteen months, and make good the time lost by desertion. [NOTE.—The printed order promulgating the sentence (only a fragment falling into my hands) said, "deserted about 16 June 1864, at Bermuda Hundred, Va." From the fragment I obtained a clue to the remainder of the proceedings.—D.E.]

Goodhue, David, Co. F: A volunteer recruit of 1863. Wounded 16 May 1864; sent to general hospital; and was probably irregularly absent therefrom. The charge of desertion was not sustained; but he was found

guilty of "absence without leave." The court (general court-martial) sat at Concord, N. H.; so it is probable that he had been attached to the hospital, either at Manchester or Concord. His sentence was: hard labor for one month, and loss of pay for same period. Gen. Dix, commanding Department of the East, by his G.O. 49, 10 June 1865, ordered Goodhue to be mustered out, while under sentence, under G.O. 77, W.D. He directed that the forfeited pay and the apprehension fee (\$30) be deducted at the muster-out, which occurred 26 June 1865, at Fort Trumbull, Conn. The General also approved the proceedings of the court, but remitted the confinement; and in ordering the discharge stipulated that pay for the ten days' absence without leave should be deducted from the amount due him.

Green, Albert: An original private of Co. F. Deserted at Fort Richmond, New York Harbor, about 7 Nov. 1864. Was arrested at Windsor, Vt., 5 Dec. 1864, and arrived at the regiment under guard 18 Dec. 1864. He was tried by a general court-martial. Sentence: to forfeit all pay and allowances due or to become due, and to be shot to death with musketry, etc. This was approved by Gen. Hawley, 28 Jan. 1865. Gen. Ord commuted the sentence to one year's confinement at hard labor in the prison at Norfolk, Va., and to forfeit all pay and allowances for that time, except sufficient for clothing and enough to pay the just dues of the laundress (Gen. Ord was a protectionist). A memorandum on the papers in his case reads: "Escaped from guard 31 May 1865." The muster-out roll (final) says: "absent at Norfolk, under sentence." Discharged by S.O. 603, W.D.

Chamberlin, Albert G., Co. F: A volunteer recruit of 1862. Deserted at New York, in November, 1864. Apprehended, and was restored to duty, without trial, by order of Gen. Foster, without loss of pay. The apprehension fee of \$30 was paid by A.G.C.

Blood, Stillman: An original man of F; re-enlisted. When on duty at New York, in November, 1864, decided to take French leave, and did so. He returned, however, to the fold, under the President's proclamation, 11 March 1865, and was thereupon discharged with loss of pay and allowances. This at Galloupe's Island, Boston Harbor, Mass.

Caldwell, Nathan: An original man of Co. F; re-enlisted. Deserted at New York City, 7 Nov. 1864. Apprehended 5 Dec. 1864; tried by general court-martial. Sentenced to be shot to death with musketry, etc., but commuted to hard labor and finally discharged with loss of all pay and allowances to date, 8 Dec. 1865. The final muster-out roll says, "absent under sentence at Norfolk."

Kendall, John: A substitute recruit of Co. G. Deserted on the night of 28 Nov. 1863, at Morris Island, S. C. His case was a peculiar one. He had not been long with the regiment—in fact, his arrival and desertion were within the month. He set out to be cunning in his methods. Arriving at the creek which separated us from the enemy, he stripped and plunged in. His geographical knowledge was bad, and the location of our troops was unknown to him. When he reached a landing it was at Black Island, and a detachment of Uncle Sam's soldiers were there. He landed, and supposed himself among the rebels; but was astonished to find himself among Union troops. His nakedness was for the moment his salvation. He claimed at once to have come from the rebels as a deserter. This ruse "took": he was kindly provided for, and next morning sent to the provost guard at Morris Island, to be there kept till convenient to send him North or otherwise dispose of him. The provost guard was of the Third New Hampshire, and the Provost Marshal was Capt. Randlett. This put the man where he had got to "look sharp." He had been in confinement but a few days when some one of his own company chanced to get a good square look at his face. Presto! "You're Kendall!" said the Co. G man, "Oh, no! you're mistaken," said Kendall. But this recognizer at once repaired to his company, and brought several men to identify the prisoner. He surrendered, was tried by general court-martial, and was sentenced to be shot to death with musketry. Gen. Gillmore's G. O. 111, 14 Dec. 1863, promulgated and approved the sentence and directed that he be shot within forty-eight hours after the order had been received by Gen. Terry, who commanded the forces on Morris Island. This was done, about half-past four on the 17th.

The Provost Marshal (Capt. Randlett) headed the procession; Third New Hampshire Drum Corps next in line, playing with muffled drums; a platoon of armed men from the regiment; a hospital wagon, with the prisoner seated upon his coffin; another platoon of armed men of the regiment; followed by Chaplain Hill and attendants. This procession halted in front of our camp, and the troops (all available of those on the island) formed three sides of a hollow square. The firing party consisted of twelve men selected from the companies on provost guard. It is said that only *nine* of these guns were loaded with ball. Kendall all this time was full of bravado, and so remained to the last. He even went so far as to "square off" at the Chaplain while he was endeavoring to awaken in him a sense of the solemnity of the occasion. This was all in vain. He very readily submitted to the blindfolding, and then seated himself upon his coffin. The waving of a handkerchief, as a signal by the Provost Marshal, and Kendall was no more. Nearly all the above particulars were taken from the diary of G. W. S. (drummer), who added that at the final moment a large white sea gull circled over the spot. This was of course a mere coincidence. Another diary says the Chaplain offered prayer prior to the fatal shots; that after Capt. Randlett had adjusted the blindfold, Kendall called him back and shook hands with him. This other diary also says that one man fired before the signal was given; that nine shots took effect, seven of them through his breast; that the whole command was marched past his dead body. Another diary says all the troops were out — white and black, and civilians, four deep; two sections (platoons) of men under Lieut. Wadsworth; Alanson Blake of Co. H drove the ambulance. This last also adds that the Chaplains of Third and Fourth New Hampshire were on horseback, Maj. Plimpton and Dr. Buzzell bringing up the rear; three men did not fire. Still another diary says he made a few remarks, but did not confess his crime, saying he was an Englishman and like an Englishman would die.

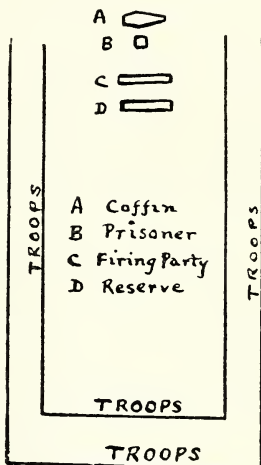
Knox, George P.: An original private of Co. G. Forged an order on a sutler (D. Cogswell), at Hilton Head, S. C., for ten dollars, and attached Capt. Emmons' name. This was 30 Dec. 1862; and he got the goods. He was sentenced to hard labor at the provost guard for the balance of his enlistment, and to forfeit all pay and allowances from 19 Feb. 1863. (G.O. 27, Hilton Head, 2 April 1863: Gen. Terry.)

Ferguson, John R.: An original private of Co. G. Was charged with throwing dirt on some colored people at Hilton Head, 9 Feb. 1863. Acquitted — same order as Knox.

Moody, Alfred C.: An original private of Co. G. Charged same as Ferguson. Acquitted — same order as Knox and Ferguson.

Vittum, David P. S.: An original private of Co. G. Was tried for setting fire to the woods, at Hilton Head, 5 March 1862, and acquitted. (G.O. 5, Northern District, 28 April 1862: Gen. Benham.)

Brown, James F.: A substitute recruit for Co. G. The main facts in connection with this case are that he was an original member of the Third New Hampshire under the name of "James Blanchard," and at Hilton Head so cleverly deceived the surgeons with a semblance of deafness that he obtained a discharge, in May, 1862. He returned to the regiment as a substitute recruit in the fall of 1863, at Morris Island, and deserted from



the regiment at Wilcox Landing, Va., 25 June 1864, while the regiment was covering the retreat of Sheridan. He had been sent out on a detail after water. In November, 1864, he was accidentally discovered, by a Third New Hampshire man, to be serving in the Forty-seventh New York, near by. On the 18th (Sunday), Maj. Trickey was informed of the fact; and almost simultaneously with this Brown was seen going toward the James River, probably to desert and escape the penalty he knew must follow his detection. Maj. Trickey at once started after him (mounted), overtook, arrested, and brought him to camp. He was soon tried, convicted and sentenced to be shot. The sentence was carried out on Monday, 26 Dec. 1864, at 10 A.M., at Bermuda Hundred, Va. The firing party was in charge of Lieut. Hitchcock. Singular to relate, the first fire did not kill the prisoner. A second was ordered, which resulted like the first; and a scene was about to be enacted not laid down in the bills and not provided for by the R. A. R. As the order of sentence was "to be shot to death," there was no alternative. Lieut. Hitchcock at once detailed the first man on the right of the platoon, and ordered him to advance and shoot the man. He did so, stepping very near. Military law knows no limitations if the circumstances are peculiar. In one sense this was cruel, bloody, murder. The name of the man who had the honor (!) of firing the fatal shot will serve no useful purpose if given, and is withheld.

Killian, Alonzo: An original private of Co. H. Same crime (!) as Chas. Prew of Co. E, and same sentence; but on recommendation of the Court, Gen. Terry remitted the sentence (G. O. 9, 29 Dec. 1862).

Brooks, John: An original private of Co. H. Had the misfortune to partake too freely of fire-water, or perhaps underestimated its strength. This while on fatigue duty at Hilton Head, S. C., 7 Dec. 1861. Sentenced to forfeit one month's pay and to hard labor for six days. Capt. Carlton of Co. I was president of the court, and Lieut. Ela of Co. E was the judge advocate. The sentence was approved by Col. Fellows, commanding Post.

Atwood, Daniel N.: An original private of Co. H. Deserted at Morris Island, about 28 July 1863. Sentenced to hard labor at provost guard for three months and to forfeit ten dollars per month for six months (G. O. 29, Morris Island, 13 Sept. 1863: Gen. Terry).

Whitmore, Peter: A substitute recruit for H. Deserted on a 24-hour pass from hospital (time and place uncertain). Apprehended near Portsmouth, N. H., about 20 Oct. 1864. Enlisted in Navy while absent, near Boston, about 1 Oct. 1864. Tried at Alexandria, Va. Sentence (4 March 1865): To be returned to regiment under guard and to lose all pay and allowances then due, and forfeit \$10 per month for balance of enlistment. Approved by Brig.-Gen. Slough, who ordered him to be released from confinement and sent to regiment under guard. Again deserted 4 July 1865, at Goldsboro', N. C.

Robinson, Wm. (Corporal): An original man of Co. H. Re-enlisted, deserting on his veteran furlough. His final record is, "was paid in hospital, at Fort Monroe, for six months." S.O. 216, par. 12, Headquarters Department of the East, New York, 15 Sept. 1865, reads as follows: "Corp. Wm. Robinson, Co. H. Third N. H. Vols., is relieved of the charge of desertion and restored to duty, without trial, his absence having been satisfactorily accounted for. He will be mustered out without loss of pay and allowances." This was by command of Gen. Hooker and signed by D. T. Van Buren, A. A.-G.

Bailey, George, Co. H: A substitute recruit of 1863. Deserted at Laurel Hill, Va., 27 Oct. 1864. Apprehended. Tried by general court-martial, and ordered to duty 14 March 1865.

Gardner, Levi: An original private of Co. H. Sentenced by general court-martial to the Dry Tortugas for twelve months from 31 Aug. 1862, and to forfeit \$4 per month for six months. Returned to duty 16 Oct. 1863. Was in provost guard at Hilton Head, 8 Nov. 1862. (Crime and date unknown.)

Drew, Chas. H.: An original private of Co. H. Deserted to the enemy from Pinckney Island, S. C., with two others, while his company was doing picket duty. This was on 6 Aug. 1862; and the company was captured the

morning of the 21st. While a deserter he enlisted in the Third Maryland Cavalry (Union), under the name of "Henry White," in violation of the 22d (now 50th) Article of War. On application, the Adjutant-General's Office refused to recognize the second enlistment or any claim arising under it; but considered Drew as in a continuous state of desertion, and also refused to remove the charge of desertion. The record says: "Apprehended 3 Nov. 1863. Ordered from Fort McHenry, Baltimore, 22 Feb. 1864, to New York City, to be forwarded to Department of the South for trial as deserter from Co. H, Third New Hampshire Volunteers." No record of any general court-martial in his case.

Witham, Joseph: An original private of Co. H. Deserted with Chas. H. Drew (which see). Returned, and was acquitted (presumably after trial). [He states (1891) that he never was tried, and actually got all his pay.—D.E.]

Lewis, Alonzo A.: An original private of Co. I. Charged with sleeping at his post (on picket) at Hilton Head, S. C., 4 Dec. 1861. Acquitted. Col. Fellows was president of court. (G.O. 6: Gen. Sherman.)

Taylor, Thomas: An unassigned recruit. Deserted at draft rendezvous, Concord, N. H. (no date). Was tried at Concord; sentenced to hard labor for one year, with ball and chain attached to his left leg, and to forfeit \$15 per month for same period. Gen. Dix, Department of the East, by his G.O. 49 of 10 June 1865, ordered him to be mustered out under the G.O. 77, W.D.; the loss of pay and the apprehension fee (\$30) to be deducted from the pay due him at muster-out.

Martin, Samuel: A substitute recruit of Co. I (December, 1864). He got into some difficulty at Wilmington, N. C., with a negro. As nearly as can be ascertained, Martin was in charge of a gang of street cleaners, all colored, one of whom had a wordy dispute with Martin and suddenly drew a revolver and shot him, the bullet taking out an eye. The story goes that the negro ran down on the wharf, closely followed by Martin. The negro took to the water, and Martin to a boat; and the latter approaching closely to the former, actually killed the negro, so the story goes, while in the water, using an oar. Result: arrest of Martin, and trial by civil process, at which tribunal a negro could not testify. Lieut.-Col. Randlett is said to have defended him. Acquitted. No record of any military trial stands against him.

Tarbox, Geo. A.: An original private of Co. K. On the night of 21 March 1862 he wrapped his martial cloak around him and laid himself down between the cotton rows and slumbered. This was at Hilton Head, S. C., when he had been regularly posted as a camp guard. He was tried by the same court which tried Kearin and Foley of Co. C. He was sentenced to be shot to death at such time and place as the Commanding General should direct. This sentence was approved by Gen. Benham; but before ordering the execution, he referred the matter to the General commanding the Department, as to what action he would take upon the recommendation of the court for the remission of the sentence. Tarbox was released in June, 1863, by Gen. Hunter, next prior to turning over his command to Gen. Gillmore. This was partly to clear his docket and partly in response to the fervent appeals of Col. Jackson. Re-enlisted, deserting on his veteran furlough.

Jackson, George: A substitute recruit of 1863, for Co. K. Deserted at New York Harbor, 8 Nov. 1864. Tried by general court-martial and sentenced (21 Jan. 1865) to forfeit \$10 per month for three months and make good the time lost by desertion. The Adjutant-General's report says he was restored to duty 28 Feb. 1865 and discharged at New York, 7 July 1865.

West, Charles: A substitute recruit of 1864, for K. Reported as deserted *en route* to regiment, though at or near Bermuda Hundred, Va., in January, 1865. He was arrested, tried at Alexandria, Va., was required to pay the apprehension fee of \$30, and was sentenced to be dishonorably discharged 25 March 1865. This was not known at the regiment; for the final roll, 20 July 1865, reports West as "absent in confinement at Washington, D. C."

Rose, John: A substitute recruit of Co. I (December, 1864). Dishonorably discharged 17 June 1865, at Wilmington, N. C., by sentence of general court-martial (what crime and when, etc., uncertain). Final muster-out roll of regiment says, "absent in arrest."

STATISTICAL.

The following tables, compiled from "Fox's Regimental Losses," show to what extent our regiment suffered, in common with others, by the casualties of war:—

	Killed.	Wd.	Miss.	Total.
<i>James Island, S. C., 16 June 1862.</i>				
Eighth Michigan, Stevens' Brigade	48	120	16	184
Seventy-ninth New York, Stevens' Brigade	9	67	34	110
Third New Hampshire (Not quoted—loss about 105)				

<i>Pocotaligo, S. C., 22 Oct. 1862.</i>				
Forty-seventh Pennsylvania, Brannan's Brigade	18	94	—	112
Seventy-sixth Pennsylvania, Brannan's Brigade	12	66	1	79
Third New Hampshire (Not quoted—loss very small)				

<i>Fort Wagner, S. C., 18 July 1863.</i>				
Forty-eighth New York, Seymour's Div.	54	112	76	242
Fifty-fourth Massachusetts (Colored), Seymour's Div.	34	146	92	272
Seventh New Hampshire, Seymour's Div.	41	119	56	216
One Hundredth New York, Seymour's Div.	49	97	29	175
Sixty-second Ohio, Seymour's Div.	26	87	38	151
Sixth Connecticut, Seymour's Div.	15	77	46	138
Third New Hampshire (Not quoted—loss about 150)				

<i>Drewry's Bluff, Va., 13-16 May 1864.</i>				
Third New Hampshire, Terry's Div.	39	182	16	237
Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania, Ames' Div.	20	138	163	321
Seventh Connecticut, Terry's Div.	30	104	69	203
Seventy-sixth Pennsylvania, Turner's Div.	10	88	9	107
Eighth Maine, Ames' Div.	3	63	32	98

<i>Deep Bottom, Va., 14-16 Aug. 1864.</i>				
Eleventh Maine, Terry's Div.	20	121	6	147
Twenty-fourth Massachusetts, Terry's Div.	19	99	12	130
Third New Hampshire, Terry's Div.	12	71	9	92

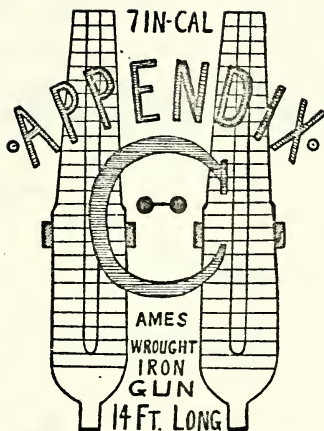
<i>Fort Fisher, N. C., 15 Jan. 1865.</i>				
Two Hundred and Third Pennsylvania, Ames' Div.,	46	145	—	141
One Hundred and Sixty-ninth New York, Ames' Div.,	31	54	3	88
One Hundred and Seventeenth New York, Ames' Div.,	27	82	1	110
One Hundred and Forty-second New York, Ames' Div.,	12	32	1	45
One Hundred and Twelfth New York, Ames' Div.,	11	35	—	46
One Hundred and Fifteenth New York, Ames' Div.,	11	32	1	44

UNION LOSSES.

Fort Wagner, S. C., 18 July 1863	246	880	389	1515
Siege of Wagner, S. C., 19 July to 7 Sept. 1863	71	278	9	358
Drewry's Bluff, Va., 12-16 May 1864	390	2380	1390	4160
Deep Bottom, Va., 14-16 Aug. 1864	327	1851	721	2899
Chaffin's Farm, Va., 28 Sept. 1864	383	2299	645	3327
Fort Fisher, 15 Jan. 1865	184	749	22	955
Ft. Wagner (Seventy-sixth Penn. only), 11 July 1863,	35	62	83	180
Tenth Army Corps, 13-16 May 1864	374	2475	807	3656
Tenth Army Corps, 14-16 Aug. 1864	213	1154	311	1678

The Antietam battle shows the largest number killed in one day during the war.

At the Deep Bottom fight, out of a total force of 198, the Third New Hampshire loss was 28 killed, wounded and missing, or 14 per cent (Fox, p. 30). For the whole war, there were killed or died of wounds 194, or 11½ per cent; died of disease, etc., 151 (Fox, p. 138).

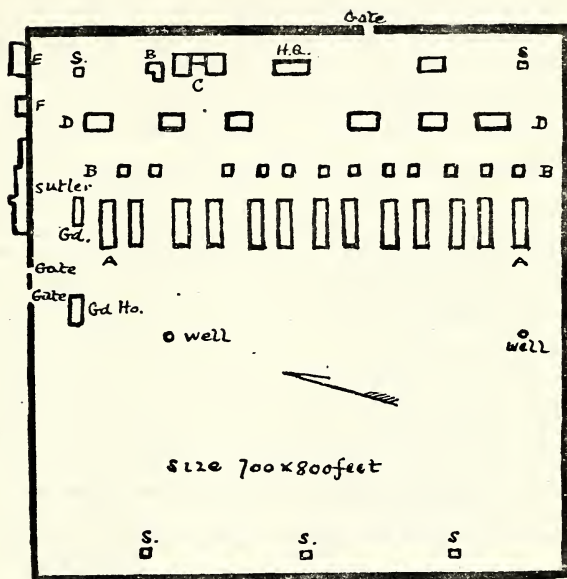


NEW HAMPSHIRE MATTERS.

DRAFT RENDEZVOUS, CONCORD.

It must be understood that all the New Hampshire regiments sent details to Concord, after conscripts, and that in the aggregate there was quite a colony of officers and men. These were augmented by the arrival of the entire Fifth New Hampshire regiment, early in August, 1863 (though not very large numerically). The several men of the detachments were organized into a company and called Garrison Co. D; and Capt. Clark, being the senior captain, was placed in command of it. Here was a peculiar condition. This company (!) was composed largely of non-commissioned officers (sergeants and corporals). These could not, of course, be placed on guard. It was an embarrassing situation all around; and Gen. Hincks, commanding the rendezvous, shared in the embarrassment. As the Third New Hampshire detail had reported without arms (considering none necessary), they had arms issued to them soon after arrival.

As soon as recruits (almost wholly substitutes) came in and could be prepared, they were sent in large squads to the various regiments in the field. The officers and men of the details (from various regiments) were sent in charge of them. To illustrate: A squad of 200, say for the Tenth New Hampshire, Col. Jackson, a captain or lieutenant, and perhaps two sergeants, two corporals and five privates, would be detailed to accompany them and deliver them to the Tenth New Hampshire, and then return to Concord. Col. Jackson being the ranking colonel, was for awhile sent in



- A. Row of Barracks - 22x72½
- B. Cook Houses - 12x12
- C. Hospitals
- D. Officers □ Pest Ho.
- E. Store House
- F. Bakery

DRAFT RENDEZVOUS.

CONCORD, N.H.

CAPACITY 1300 MEN AND OFFICERS.

BUILT 1863

charge of these squads to various regiments in the field. There were on duty one or two companies of the First Massachusetts Heavy Artillery, who performed the camp duty; also two companies of the Thirteenth Veteran Reserve Corps; and guards were furnished from them. Capt. Clark was relieved from the command of Garrison Co. D by Capt. J. A. Cummings, Sixth New Hampshire, when sent to his regiment. About the middle of November, 1863, Col. Jackson was placed in command of the camp itself, and so remained till his return to the regiment, in January, 1864. He was relieved by Col. A. F. Stevens, Thirteenth New Hampshire Volunteers.

The camp was at the southerly end of the city, entirely outside the business portion, and practically outside the residential portion. It embraced several acres, enclosed by a high and close board fence, bordering a pine wood on one side.

The Sutler not only sold peanuts and canned corn to the men, but catered to the officers as well, boarding (meals only) quite a large number of them within his precinct.

About the time Col. Jackson assumed command of the camp, the men arriving were required to deposit nearly all of their money for safe-keeping, until they should leave camp for the front. A safe was procured for the purpose. The men were permitted to call for portions of their funds as wanted. In addition to this was an express department, for packages sent and received. There was also another office, where a recruit of foreign birth could procure bills of exchange on the country of his nationality and send it with safety to a relative there.

All this (and more) made things lively, and required considerable discretion and diligence. It was no uncommon occurrence for three or four "John Smiths" to arrive in one day, with all that is thus implied. Great care had to be exercised to prevent "John Smith of Sandusky" from obtaining the money belonging to "John Smith of Ireland," or *vice versa*. Recruits were being received into camp, and large squads being frequently forwarded. There were many other matters tending to keep things lively. Men were constantly drawing or depositing money (bounty); prisoners relieved from guard-house claiming a watch or pistol; some pickpocket detected and arrested in camp; some plot to desert developed and to be circumvented; some vender of whiskey caught in the act, and to be summarily dealt with; somebody sending a package by express, or money by bill of exchange, and so on.

About the 1st of March, 1865, the spotted fever broke out in the rendezvous and created considerable excitement in camp and in the city. The Secretary of War was telegraphed to by Maj. Whittlesey, for orders to furlough the larger part of the men, at that time being composed largely of recruits for the Eighteenth New Hampshire, then forming; but the Secretary of War decided negatively. Maj. Whittlesey was directed to isolate the infected men either within or without the camp. This was not done. Many died; and the disease disappeared as suddenly as it appeared. The episode covered a month. About the time of Lincoln's assassination, the business of the rendezvous had nearly ceased, and a little later the order came to prepare the camp for the reception of the returning regiments. (For further particulars see D. Eldredge's Personal Sketch.)

REGIMENTAL REUNIONS.

The first attempt at organizing with view to reunions at intervals, was at Manchester, N. H., 29 April 1871. There were about twenty officers and men present. At this time Gen. Bedel was made President; Col. Jackson, 1st Vice-President; Gen. M. T. Donohoe, 2d Vice-President; Adjt.-Gen. John M. Haines, Secretary and Treasurer. An Executive Committee was also appointed, with Capt. John S. James as its Chairman. The organization adopted the name of "Third Regiment N. H. Vols. Veteran Association"; and it was fully understood, and always has been since, that the Band join in all the movements. The reunions now follow in course, and for convenience are numbered:—

1. 6 Sept. 1871: Hampton Beach, N. H.; about 75 present. Col. Fellows, President; Col. Jackson, 1st Vice-President; Gen. Bedel, 2d Vice-President; Gen. Haines, Secretary and Treasurer; Maj. W. H. Trickey, Chairman Executive Committee.

2. 6 Sept. 1872: Manchester, N. H.; about 70 present. Col. Jackson, President; Gen. Bedel, 1st Vice-President; Adj. Alfred Hill, 2d Vice-President; Gen. Haines, Secretary and Treasurer; Lieut. Walter Cody, Chairman Executive Committee.

3. 4 Sept. 1873: Manchester, N. H.; Capt. Maxwell, President; Adj. Hill, 1st Vice-President; Maj. Trickey, 2d Vice-President; Hospital Steward Albert D. Scovell, Secretary and Treasurer; Sergt. John N. Chase, Co. A, Chairman Executive Committee.

4. 3 Sept. 1874: Hampton Beach; Adj. Hill, President; Maj. Trickey, 1st Vice-President; Capt. (Brevet Major) J. Homer Edgerly, 2d Vice-President; A. D. Scovell, Secretary and Treasurer; J. H. Mallon, Co. D, Chairman Executive Committee.

5. ———, 1875: Manchester, N. H.; about 50 present. Adj. Hill President; other officers same as last year.

6. 14 Aug. 1878: At the Weirs, N. H.; Maj. Trickey, President; Hospital Steward Perry Kittredge, 1st Vice-President; Capt. A. S. Atherton, 2d Vice-President; Sergt. C. H. Allen, Co. K, Secretary; A. D. Scovell, Treasurer; Maj. Trickey, Chairman Executive Committee.

7. 25 Aug. 1879: At the Weirs, N. H.; Maj. Trickey, President; Maj. J. Homer Edgerly, 1st Vice-President; A. J. Fowler, Co. B, 2d Vice-President; C. H. Allen, Co. K, Secretary and Treasurer; Maj. Trickey, Chairman Executive Committee; Maj. Trickey appointed Historian.

8. 31 Aug. 1880: At the Weirs; about 80 present. Maj. Trickey, President; Lieut. H. A. Marsh, 1st Vice-President; Sergt. Oliver Watson, Co. K, 2d Vice-President; J. C. Linehan (Band), Secretary; C. H. Allen, Treasurer; C. P. Hill, Chairman Executive Committee. A Building Committee was appointed: C. H. Allen, C. P. Hill, C. D. McDonald; Maj. Trickey resigned as Historian; Adj. E. J. Copp appointed.

9. 31 Aug. 1881: At the Weirs; Maj. Trickey, President; Capt. A. J. Wadlia, 1st Vice-President; Capt. A. S. Atherton, 2d Vice-President; same Secretary and Treasurer as last year; C. H. Allen, Chairman Executive Committee. The Building Committee was reorganized: C. H. Allen, C. D. McDonald, E. D. Clark and J. W. Dearborn.

10. 13 Sept. 1882: At the Weirs; about 70 present; Maj. J. Homer Edgerly, President; Capt. M. P. Donley, 1st Vice-President; Capt. A. S. Atherton, 2d Vice-President; Secretary, Treasurer and Chairman Executive Committee same as last year. John C. Linehan (Band) appointed Historian; Adj. Copp, Capt. J. M. Parker and Capt. D. Eldredge were appointed a committee to assist the Historian (Copp having resigned). The old Band dispensed beautiful music.

11. 12 Sept. 1883: At the Weirs; Capt. A. S. Atherton, President; Capt. Donley, 1st Vice-President; Lieut. G. W. Ingalls, 2d Vice-President; Secretary, Treasurer and Chairman Executive Committee, same. Capt. Atherton, McDonald, Allen, Lieut. Akerman, Capt. Donley, Adj. Copp, and ——— Emery were appointed a Committee to assist the Historian (Linehan).

12. 27 Aug. 1884: At the Weirs; same officers as last year. A new Committee on Building was appointed: Trickey, Allen, Dearborn, Brown (Band), Linehan (Band), Batchelder.

13. 25-28 Aug. 1885: At the Weirs, in our new house (see cut); Adj. E. J. Copp, President; Capt. Donley, 1st Vice-President; Lieut. G. W. Ingalls, 2d Vice-President; D. Arthur Brown (Band), Secretary and Treasurer; C. H. Allen, Chairman Executive Committee. Great rejoicing.

14. 24-27 Aug. 1886: At the Weirs; 67 present. Capt. J. M. Parker, President; Capt. W. J. Butterfield, 1st Vice-President; Lieut. G. W. Ingalls, 2d Vice-President; D. Arthur Brown, Secretary and Treasurer; C. H. Allen, Chairman Executive Committee.

15. 24-27 Aug. 1887: At the Weirs; 92 present. Capt. Parker, President; Capt. R. H. Allen, 1st Vice-President; Capt. G. W. Emmons, 2d Vice-

President; D. Arthur Brown, Secretary and Treasurer; Geo. H. Mills, Co. D, Chairman Executive Committee. Capt. D. Eldredge appointed Historian, all others having declined.

16. 28-31 Aug. 1888: At the Weirs; 79 present. Capt. D. Eldredge, President; R. C. Duffie, 1st Vice-President; John C. Linehan, 2d Vice-President; D. Arthur Brown, Secretary and Treasurer; Charles H. Allen, Chairman Executive Committee.

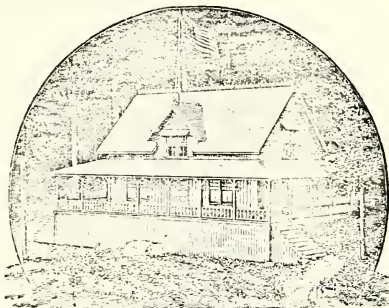
17. 27-30 Aug. 1889: At the Weirs; 109 present. Same officers as last year, except John M. Morse, 2d Vice-President.

18. 26-29 Aug. 1890: At the Weirs; 75 present. R. C. Duffie, President; Capt. M. P. Donley, 1st Vice-President; John N. Chase, 2d Vice-President; D. Arthur Brown, Secretary and Treasurer; Woodbury C. Blye, Chairman Executive Committee; D. Arthur Brown, Custodian of Building.

19. Aug. 25-28, 1891: At the Weirs; 84 present. Capt. M. P. Donley, President; W. C. Blye, 1st Vice-President; Cyrus Gorman, 2d Vice-President; D. Arthur Brown, Secretary and Treasurer; Chas. F. Chase, Chairman Executive Committee; D. Arthur Brown, Custodian.

20. Aug. 23-26, 1892: At the Weirs; *65 present. W. C. Blye, President; Geo. H. Briggs, 1st Vice-President; Cyrus Gorman, 2d Vice-President; D. Arthur Brown, Secretary and Treasurer; John N. Chase, Chairman Executive Committee; D. Arthur Brown, Custodian.

* This small number was owing to the close proximity of the National Encampment at Washington, D. C.



THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE BUILDING,
WEIRS, N. H.

REUNIONS — ALL REGIMENTS.

The following list shows all the reunions at the Weirs, of all the regiments (combined), and the names of the various camps. It is the design to have every regiment honored by using the name of some one or more of its heroes: —

Year.	Name of Camp.	
1875	John G. Foster	(Major-General, U.S.A.)
1878	Phin. P. Bixby	(Sixth New Hampshire).
1879	Natt Head	(Adjutant-General of New Hampshire).
1880	James K. Lane	(Eleventh New Hampshire).
1881	J. H. Platt	(Second New Hampshire).
1882	E. W. Farr	(Eleventh New Hampshire).
1883	Richard Ela	(Third New Hampshire).
1884	Wm. T. Ainsworth	(Cavalry).
1885	O. W. Lull	(Eighth New Hampshire).
1886	H. S. Putnam	(Seventh New Hampshire).
1887	T. B. Crowley	(Tenth New Hampshire).
1888	Geo. H. Chandler	(Ninth New Hampshire).
1889	E. E. Cross	(Fifth New Hampshire).
1890	Louis Bell	(Fourth New Hampshire).
1891	Henry W. Fuller	(Sixteenth New Hampshire).
1892	Aaron F. Stevens	(Thirteenth New Hampshire).

WHAT THE STATE HAS DONE.

The State of New Hampshire has done nobly in the matter of fulfilling its obligations to her soldiers who took part in the war. What is given here is by no means a complete list of her good acts.

CONCERNING SECESSIONVILLE.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE, 1862.

Resolution of thanks to the Third N. H. Regt. Vols. :

Resolved, etc., That the thanks of this Legislature are hereby tendered to the officers and soldiers of the Third Regiment, Lieut.-Col. John H. Jackson, commanding, for their bravery and soldierly bearing at the late severe encounter on James Island, near Charleston, S. C., where amid all the perils and uncertainties of the conflict they maintained the honor of the State and won for themselves enduring praise; and that while the State appreciates their bravery and devotion, it shares in the sorrows of the friends of those who have fallen for their State and country.

Resolved, That these resolutions, duly attested, be forwarded to the field and other officers of the regiment, and that they be read at the head of the command.

W. H. Y. HACKETT,
President of Senate.

ALLEN TENNY,
Secretary of State.

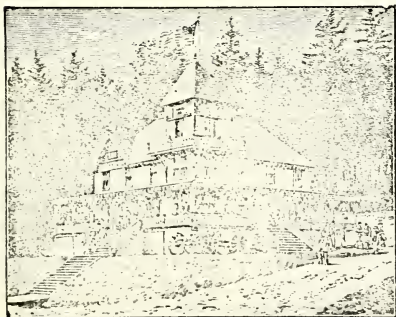
EDWARD A. ROLLINS,
Speaker of House.

NATHL. S. BERRY,
Governor.

[Approved July, 1862.]

ACTS AND RESOLVES.

An Act of the June session of 1863 authorized cities and towns to aid families and dependents of drafted men, or substitutes for drafted men; but not to apply to substitutes who, being residents of this State, shall be substitutes for drafted men of other States.



In June, 1863, a Resolution was passed, regarding towns or cities which had furnished more than their quota, calling the attention of the War Department to the fact, in order to offset in future drafts.

In June, 1863, a Resolution provided that if towns or cities refuse or neglect to pay families or dependents in accordance with the laws of the State, the State may pay it on application or proof.

HEADQUARTERS BUILDING, WEIRS, N. H.

An Act of November, 1863 (passed in accordance with the call for 300,000 men) authorized \$100 State bounty to each man who enlisted under the call, if he did so prior to 5 Jan. 1864. The Act recited that the Government bounty amounted to \$302 (for veterans \$402), and advised towns to give bounties.

An Act of 1885, amended in 1887, provides that "Whenever any person three years or more a resident of the State, not under guardianship or legal restraint, who served in the army or navy of the United States, in the War of the Rebellion, and received an honorable discharge, shall from any cause become poor or unable to provide maintenance for himself and dependent family: such person, his wife, widow, or minor children, or such of said children as are unable to maintain themselves, shall be supported at the public expense in the town or city of their abode, at their own home or such place other than a town or county almshouse, as the selectmen or overseers of the poor may think proper and right in such town or city."

TESTIMONIAL CERTIFICATES.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.
 ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, CONCORD, N. H., March 22, 1867.

To the Officers and Soldiers of New Hampshire :

By direction of the Governor and Honorable Council, I have caused to be prepared suitable testimonial certificates of service, beautifully and appropriately engraved, as tokens of respect to the officers and soldiers of New Hampshire who have served honorably during the rebellion. In the service of the United States, and appreciation of the services so nobly rendered by them in the hour of their country's greatest peril, which will, it is believed, be a source of just pride to the recipient. They will be ready for distribution by the 20th of April next, and will then be delivered on receipt of application, by mail or otherwise, free of expense. In case of deceased officers or soldiers, the certificates will be delivered to the nearest relative or heir, on proof that the applicant is as represented.

NATT HEAD,
Adjutant-General.

The above circular was issued, being the announcement that the State was to bestow a sort of "certificate of honor" upon each of its brave defenders—the only way the State could show its gratitude; and the present owners of these certificates prize them highly.

The Adjutant-General's annual report, showing the issue of the circular and of the certificate, says: "The flood of applications . . . is substantial proof of the avidity with which the measure was received by these brave men." The first few thousand were "franked" by the Hon. G. G. Fogg, after which they were "franked" by the Adjutant-General of the State, under an Act of Congress introduced by Gen. A. F. Stevens of Nashua.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE, JOINT RESOLUTION—CHAP. 120—AUGUST, 1885.

In relation to the duties of the Adjutant-General. §200, conditionally appropriated, for making Abstracts of Military Records:

Resolved, etc., That the Adjutant-General is hereby authorized to prepare abstracts from the records of his office for the use of any persons actually engaged in the preparation of histories of regiments or other military organizations, or the military history of towns of this State; and for such clerical assistance as may be necessary to enable him to perform said duties, he shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, upon due warrant of the Governor. Provided, that said abstracts shall not be required under this resolution unless the preparation of such histories shall have been authorized by vote of the town or city or veteran association to which it particularly relates; and further provided, that the expense for clerk hire shall in no case exceed \$200 in any one year. [App. Aug. 13, 1885.]

ALLOTMENTS.

This wise measure was originally introduced by the Hon. Henry Wilson, in Congress, 9 Dec. 1861. The principal features of the bill were that the President should appoint three Commissioners from each State, to visit the regiments in the field and serve without pay; that arrangements be made so that the relatives or friends of the soldiers could draw a certain part of their pay at home,—such part as the soldier should voluntarily allot, or assign,—thus making assurance doubly sure, and avoiding the expense and risk of sending money from the field. The bill was approved by the President 24 Dec. 1861. On 30 Jan. 1862, Hon. H. M. Rice of Minnesota introduced a bill authorizing allotments of pay of prisoners of war.

Gov. Berry appointed as Allotment Commissioners of New Hampshire, Cyrus K. Sanborn of Rochester, Moses T. Willard of Concord and Elisha P. Liscomb of Lebanon. These gentlemen visited the various regiments in the field. The allotment took effect in the Third New Hampshire when it was paid off at Hilton Head, 18 Oct. 1862, some of the boys receiving nothing.

THE WEIRS.

July, 1881	For barracks at the Weirs	\$3,000
" 1883	For painting and bedding	2,000
" 1885	For "Headquarters" Building	2,500
" 1887	For sewerage and water, Weirs	3,000

FOR GETTYSBURG.

July, 1885	For Monument, Second Regiment, Gettysburg .	\$500
"	" " Fifth " " .	500
"	" " Twelfth " " .	500
"	" " Battery " " .	500
"	" " Sharpshooters, " .	500
"	" land for above	1,000

SOLDIERS' RECORDS.

July, 1885	For correction of Soldiers' Records	\$2,400
" 1887	" " " " " "	3,000

TOURNIQUETS.

The Legislature of 1862 *Resolved, etc.*, That Gov. Berry be authorized to buy for New Hampshire regiments in the field not exceeding 250 to each regiment of "Lambert's Field Tourniquets." The Governor sent a circular letter, advising the officers as to the distribution . . . to the most reliable men . . . not to be considered as private property, etc. . . .

NEW HAMPSHIRE SOLDIERS' HOME.

An Act of 1889 authorized the establishment of a Soldiers' Home in New Hampshire, to be called "The New Hampshire Soldiers' Home." To be under a State Board, to consist of the Governor, the Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic in New Hampshire (both *ex officio*), and five citizens of the State, three of whom, at least, shall have served in the war and been honorably discharged. The five to be appointed by the Governor. The sum of \$30,000 was appropriated for the establishment of the Home, and \$10,000 a year, for two years, for its maintenance.

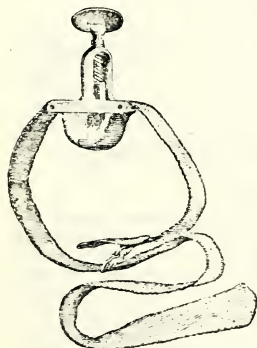
An Act of 1891 provided that any soldier or sailor who shall present his pension certificate to the selectmen or assessors of the town where he resides, for record, or shall present his (honorable) discharge for record, shall thereafter be exempt from poll-tax.

A Resolution of 1891 appropriated one hundred dollars [too small by far. — D. E.], to be expended by the Adjutant-General in photographs and other illustrations of the part taken by New Hampshire in the war.

A Resolution of 1891 permitted the city of Concord to erect, at its own expense,

at the central front entrance of the State House Park, a suitable memorial arch, in honor of the soldiers and sailors of the war, provided it cost \$20,000, and the Governor and Council approve, etc.

A "hurry up" act was passed by the Legislature of 1893, appropriating \$800 to complete the soldiers' records; but it was worded that the work must be completed within six months, or the \$800 would not be available.



TOURNIQUET.

REGIMENTAL HISTORIES.

An Act of 1887 provided for the purchase, by the State, of regimental histories (under certain conditions) for the towns and cities of the State (requiring about 250); an Act of 1889 provided for the purchase of about fifty more; an Act of 1891 provided for the purchase of about eighty more: or a grand total of 380.

STATE OFFICIALS.

GOVERNORS.

Ichabod Goodwin	June, 1854, to June, 1861.
Nathaniel S. Berry	June, 1861, to June, 1863.
Joseph A. Gilmore	June, 1863, to June, 1865.
Frederick Smyth	June, 1865, to June, 1867.
John B. Smith	(present incumbent).

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Thomas L. Tullock	June, 1858, to June, 1861.
Allen Tenny	June, 1861, to June, 1863.
Benjamin Gerrish, Jr.	June, 1865, to June, 1867.
* Ai B. Thompson	June, 1877, to September, 1890 (died).
Ezra S. Stearus	January, 1891 (present incumbent).

* A Regular Army officer and a son of Lieut. Thompson, Third New Hampshire.

STATE TREASURERS.

Peter Sanborn	June, 1857, to June, 1871.
* Solon A. Carter	1872, 1873, 1875 (present incumbent).

* Captain, Fourteenth New Hampshire.

ADJUTANT-GENERALS.

Joseph C. Abbott	July 11, 1855, to July 30, 1861.
Anthony Colby	July 30, 1861, to Aug. 20, 1863.
Daniel E. Colby	Aug. 21, 1863, to March 25, 1864.
Natt Head	March 25, 1864, to July 11, 1870.
* John M. Haines	July 11, 1870, to Aug. 10, 1874.
† Augustus D. Ayling	July 15, 1879 (present incumbent).

* Third New Hampshire Volunteers.

† Adjutant, Twenty-fourth Massachusetts.

GOVERNOR'S COUNCILORS.

Daniel Sawyer, 1860-1861; Moody Currier, 1860-1861; Richard P. J. Tenney, 1861-1862; Charles F. Brooks, 1861-1862; Oliver Wyatt, 1862; Oliver Pillsbury, 1862-1863; Ethan Colby, 1862; John W. Noyes, 1863-1864; John W. Sanborn, 1863; Charles H. Eastman, 1863-1864; Levi Parker, 1863; John M. Bracket, 1864-1865; Leonard Chase, 1864-1865; David Culver, 1864-1865.

Present incumbents: True L. Norris, Portsmouth (D.), 1st District; John C. Ray, Manchester (R.), 2d District; Edward O. Blunt, Nashua (R.), 3d District; Frank N. Parsons, Franklin (R.), 4th District; Herbert B. Moulton, Lisbon (D.), 5th District.

The State of New Hampshire was in the Department of the East from 1 Jan. 1861 to 1 Oct. 1861; then in the Department of New England till 20 Feb. 1862, then not in any Department till 3 Jan. 1863; and then in Department of the East till the close of the war.

BATTLES OF THE THIRD NEW HAMPSHIRE.

(IN CASE AT STATE HOUSE.)

PORT ROYAL HARBOR.

7 Nov. 1861.

ELBA ISLAND.

7 March 1862.

BLUFFTON.

16 March 1862.

JEHOSSEE.

10, 14, 17 April 1862.

JAMES ISLAND.

8 June 1862.

SECESSIONVILLE.

16 June 1862.

PINCKNEY ISLAND.

21 Aug. 1862.

POCOTALIGO.

22 Oct. 1862.

MAY RIVER.

7 Jan. 1863.

STONO INLET.

7 April 1863.

MORRIS ISLAND.

10 July 1863.

FORT WAGNER.

18 July 1863.

SIEGE OF WAGNER.

18 July-7 Sept. 1863.

SIEGE OF SUMTER.

7 Sept. 1863-1 March 1864.

PALATKA.

13 April 1864.

CHESTER STATION.

9 May 1864.

DREWRY'S BLUFF.

13-16 May 1864.

BERMUDA HUNDRED.

18 May 1864.

WEIR BOTTOM CHURCH.

2 June 1864.

PETERSBURG.

9 June 1864.

HATCHER'S RUN.

16 June 1864.

DEEP RUN.

16 Aug. 1864.

SIEGE OF PETERSBURG.

24 Aug.-29 Sept. 1864.

NEW MARKET HEIGHTS.

29 Sept. 1864.

NEAR RICHMOND.

29 Sept.-1 Oct. 1864.

NEW MARKET ROAD.

7 Oct. 1864.

DARBYTOWN ROAD.

13 Oct. 1864.

CHARLES CITY ROAD.

27 Oct. 1864.

FORT FISHER.

15 Jan. 1865.

SUGAR LOAF HILL.

11 Feb. 1865.

SMITH'S CREEK.

22 Feb. 1865.

REGIMENTAL SUMMARY.

(Furnished by Adj't-Gen. A. D. AYLING, July, 1893.)

ORIGINAL MEMBERS: Officers, 38; enlisted men, 976; band, 21: total,		1035
GAIN {	By transfer (original),	1: " 1
	" recruits: Officers, 5; enlisted men, 722;	" 2: " 729
	" " transferred: " " 4;	" " 4
Total to be accounted for		<u>1769</u>

DEATHS.

Killed or died of wounds:

Original members: Officers, 11; enlisted men, 120	total, 131
Recruits: " " 65	65
	<u>196</u>

Died of disease:

Original members: Officers, 2; enlisted men, 72	" 74
Recruits " 1; " " 34	" 35
	<u>109</u>

Died from accident:

Original members: Enlisted men, 1	" 1
Recruits " " 1	" 1
	<u>2</u>

<i>Executed for desertion:</i> All recruits: Enlisted men, 3	" 3
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Cause unknown:

Original members: Enlisted men, 16	" 16
Recruits: " " 14	" 14
	<u>30</u>

<i>Drowned, 1 recruit; Poisoned, 1 recruit</i>	" 2
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Total deaths, 342

MUSTERED OUT.

31 Aug. 62: Band (original), 18; recruits, 2	total, 20
To date 23 Aug. 64 (original): Officers, 0; enlisted men, 198	" 198
" " 23 " 64 (recruits): " " 1	" 1
" " 20 July 65 (original): " 18; " " 134	" 152
" " 20 " 65 (recruits): " 3; " " 227	" 230
Other dates (original): " 50; " " 312	" 362
" " Band (original): " " 3	" 3
" " " (recruits): " " 1	" 1
" " (recruits): Officers, 2; " " 142	" 144

Dishonorably discharged:

Original members: Officers, 2; enlisted men, 2	" 4
Recruits: " " 3	" 5

Lost by transfer:

Original, 29 men; recruits, 15; " " 44	" 44
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<i>Deserted:</i> Original, 46 men; recruits, 160; enlisted men, 206	" 206
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<i>Captured and no further record:</i> Recruits, 1	" 1
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<i>All others not finally accounted for:</i> Original men, 2; recruits, 54,	" 56
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Total 1769

<i>Died in Confederate Prisons:</i> Original, 15; recruits, 17	total, 32
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<i>Re-enlisted:</i> Original, 254; recruits, 13	" 267
(Of the 13 re-enlisted recruits, 4 had served as original members. Of the recruits, 255 were volunteers; 447, substitutes; 1, drafted: total, 733.)	

BIRTHPLACES.

Band: United States, 20; Ireland, 1; England, 1; Germany, 1; Canada, 1.
Regiment (original): United States, 821; Ireland, 105; Canada, 31; England, 27; Scotland, 14; the rest scattering.

Recruits: United States, 265; Ireland, 146; England, 84; Canada, 81; Germany, 47; New Brunswick, 21; Nova Scotia, 17; Scotland, 10; the rest scattering.

NOTE.—All who were mustered in after 26 Aug. 1861 are called recruits.

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[NOTE.—For obvious reasons, no attempt has been made to index every name appearing in the work.—D. E.]

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